STATE OF CALIFORNIA

# CALIFORNIA LAW REVISION COMMISSION

**Pre-Print RECOMMENDATION** 

## California Public Records Act Clean-Up: Conforming Revisions

**Note**: This is a pre-print report. The Law Revision Commission has approved the substance of this report, but minor editorial changes may be made prior to final publication.

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#### SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATION

At the request of the Legislature, the Law Revision Commission prepared a recommendation that proposes to recodify the California Public Records Act ("CPRA") in a more user-friendly manner without changing its substantive effect.

To facilitate logical reorganization of the CPRA, the proposed recodification would relocate the CPRA in a new division (Division 10) of Title 1 of the Government Code. That would entail renumbering the entire CPRA.

Hundreds of provisions throughout the codes cross-refer to the CPRA, in whole or in part. If the recodification is enacted, those provisions will need to be revised to conform to the new numbering scheme.

This recommendation proposes the necessary conforming revisions.

This recommendation was prepared pursuant to Resolution Chapter 158 of the Statutes of 2018.

#### CALIFORNIA PUBLIC RECORDS ACT CLEAN-UP: CONFORMING REVISIONS

In 2016, the Legislature directed the Law Revision Commission to conduct a strictly nonsubstantive clean-up of the California Public Records Act ("CPRA")<sup>1</sup> and related provisions.<sup>2</sup> The goal is to make the CPRA easier for the public to use and understand.<sup>3</sup>

As requested, the Commission prepared a proposed recodification of the CPRA.<sup>4</sup> To facilitate sound reorganization, the proposed recodification would relocate the CPRA to a new division (Division 10) of Title 1 of the Government Code. Every existing code section would be renumbered,<sup>5</sup> some of those sections (particularly the long ones) would be split into two or more new sections, and substantively similar provisions would be placed together in a logical order.

Literally hundreds of provisions throughout the codes cross-refer to the CPRA, in whole or in part. If the recodification is enacted, those provisions will need to be revised to conform to the new numbering scheme.

This recommendation proposes the necessary conforming revisions. In general, they are quite straightforward. A few key points are explained below.

#### 16 Nonsubstantive Reform

In directing the Commission to study the CPRA, the Legislature said that the Commission's recommended legislation should "[c]learly express legislative intent *without any change* in the substantive provisions" and "[*n*]either expand nor contract the scope of existing exemptions to the general rule that records are open to the public pursuant to the current provisions of the Public Records Act."<sup>6</sup> The Commission was very careful to adhere to that limitation in preparing its proposed recodification of the CPRA.<sup>7</sup>

The Commission took similar care in preparing the conforming revisions presented in this recommendation. In particular, the proposed legislation would

1. Gov't Code §§ 6250-6276.48.

<sup>2. 2016</sup> Cal. Stat. res. ch. 150 (ACR 148 (Chau)); see also 2018 Cal. Stat. res. ch. 158 (SCR 91 (Roth)) (reaffirming Commission's authority to study CPRA).

<sup>3.</sup> See, e.g., Assembly Committee on Judiciary Analysis of ACR 148 (April 19, 2016), p. 3; Senate Committee on Judiciary Analysis of ACR 138 (June 14, 2016), p. 4.

<sup>4.</sup> *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, 46 Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports 207 (Nov. 2019), (hereafter, "*CPRA Recodification*").

<sup>5.</sup> The CPRA would be recodified as Government Code Sections 7920.000-7930.215.

<sup>6. 2016</sup> Cal. Stat. res. ch. 150 (emphasis added).

<sup>7.</sup> For a description of specific measures the Commission took to prevent any substantive change, see *CPRA Recodification, supra* note 4, at 217-25.

1 only update the cross-references to the CPRA and make other minor technical 2 revisions, such as:

- <sup>3</sup> Correction of spelling<sup>8</sup> and typographical errors.<sup>9</sup>
- Correction of grammatical and punctuation errors, especially improper 5 usage of "which" instead of "that."<sup>10</sup>
- 6 Elimination of gendered pronouns.<sup>11</sup>
- Insertion of subdivision or paragraph labels (where this would not create any ambiguity or necessitate additional conforming revisions).<sup>12</sup>
- 9 Other revisions to conform to legislative drafting conventions.<sup>13</sup>
- Correction of erroneous cross-references. Each such correction is explained in the accompanying comment.<sup>14</sup>
- A few miscellaneous technical revisions.<sup>15</sup>

13 Consistent with the limited scope of its legislative mandate, the Commission did

not consider, and is not proposing, any other kinds of changes to the provisions
 affected by this recommendation.<sup>16</sup>

11. See, e.g., proposed amendment of Food & Agric. Code § 40629 *infra*; proposed amendments of Gov't Code §§ 1363, 8201.5 *infra*.

12. See, e.g., proposed amendment of Penal Code § 5058 *infra*; proposed amendment of Pub. Res. Code § 21160 *infra*; proposed amendment of Pub. Util. Code § 92946 *infra*. For an example of a situation where the Commission deliberately refrained from inserting labels, see proposed amendment of Penal Code § 13300 *infra* (especially Penal Code § 13300(c)(11), which consists of four unlabeled paragraphs, some of which refer to "this paragraph").

13. See, e.g., proposed amendment of Gov't Code § 12894.5 *infra* (deleting phrase "of the Government Code," which is not necessary when cross-referring to provision in same code); proposed amendment of Pub. Res. Code § 41821.6 *infra* (replacing word "such," which is disfavored in legislative drafting except in phrase "such as"); proposed amendment of Veh. Code § 12801.9 (replacing "Internet Web site" with "internet website," which is current preferred usage).

14. See proposed amendment of Fish & Game Code § 2584 & Comment *infra*; proposed amendments of Gov't Code §§ 8201.5, 11126, 12525, 15570.42, 15650, 15652, 60201, 66024 & Comments *infra*; proposed amendments of Health & Safety Code §§ 1439, 25152.5, 101848.2, 101848.9, 101850, 115000.1 & Comments *infra*; proposed amendment of Ins. Code § 12921.2 & Comment *infra*; proposed amendments of Penal Code §§ 7443, 13519.4 & Comments *infra*; proposed amendments of Rev. & Tax. Code §§ 408.3, 409 & Comments *infra*; proposed amendments of Welf. & Inst. Code §§ 13302, 14087.58, 14129.2, 15805, 16809.4 & Comments *infra*.

15. See proposed amendment of Food & Agric. § 14407 & Comment *infra*; proposed amendment of Gov't Code § 11126 & Comment *infra*; proposed amendment of Health & Safety Code § 131052 & Comment *infra*.

<sup>8.</sup> See proposed amendment of Educ. Code § 44438 *infra* ("subdivison" instead of "subdivision"); proposed amendment of Health & Safety Code § 25214.8.5 *infra* ("fourth" instead of "forth").

<sup>9.</sup> See proposed amendment of Gov't Code § 6204.1 *infra*; proposed amendment of Health & Safety Code § 110845 *infra*.

<sup>10.</sup> See, e.g., proposed amendment of Gov't Code § 62001 *infra*; proposed amendment of Health & Safety Code § 25186.5 *infra*; proposed amendment of Labor Code § 6396 *infra*; proposed amendment of Pub. Res. Code § 5096.513 *infra*.

Due to their bulk, the conforming revisions in this recommendation probably will be introduced as a separate bill, instead of being included in the same bill as the CPRA recodification itself. Regardless of whether they are in a separate bill, the Commission will make sure that they are statutorily defined to be part of the "CPRA Recodification Act of 2020."<sup>17</sup>

6 That is important, because the proposed recodification includes the following 7 provision:

8 7920.100. Nothing in the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020 is intended to 9 substantively change the law relating to inspection of public records. The act is 10 intended to be entirely nonsubstantive in effect. Every provision of this division 11 and every other provision of this act, *including*, *without limitation*, *every cross-*12 *reference in every provision of the act*, shall be interpreted consistent with the 13 nonsubstantive intent of the act.<sup>18</sup>

This provision underscores the nonsubstantive nature of the recodification as a whole and the updated cross-references in particular. It will help to ensure that the courts and others interpret the recodification accordingly.

#### 17 Contingent Operation

On the assumption that the conforming revisions will be introduced as a separate bill, the proposed legislation includes an uncodified provision that would make the conforming revisions operative only if the recodification bill is enacted and becomes operative.<sup>19</sup> The Commission will insert the appropriate bill number in that uncodified provision after the recodification bill is introduced.

#### 23 Subordination Clause

The proposed legislation also includes a subordination clause, in case one or 24 more of the code provisions with a conforming revision is also amended in a 25 substantive manner by another bill.<sup>20</sup> The subordination clause would ensure that 26 the substantive reform overrides the conforming revision, regardless of which bill 27 28 is chaptered first. Although the conforming revision would be nullified by the substantive reform, it could be reintroduced the following year and a stopgap 29 provision in the proposed recodification would make the outdated cross-reference 30 31 workable in the interim.<sup>21</sup>

31 WORKADIE III the Internit.<sup>21</sup>

17. "CPRA Recodification Act of 2020" is defined in proposed Government Code Section 7920.005. See *CPRA Recodification*, *supra* note 4, at 251.

- 18. CPRA Recodification, supra note 4, at 251 (emphasis added).
- 19. See proposed uncodified provision on contingent operation (at end of proposed legislation) infra.
- 20. See proposed uncodified subordination clause (at end of proposed legislation) infra.

21. See proposed 7920.105(b) in *CPRA Recodification*, *supra* note 4, at 252 ("A reference in a statute to a previously existing provision that is restated and continued in this division, or in any other provision

<sup>16.</sup> Accordingly, readers should not infer that the Commission has evaluated and approved language that would not be changed by this recommendation.

#### 1 Legislation Enacted in 2019

- 2 Some of the code provisions that cross-refer to the CPRA were amended in
- 3 2019.22 In preparing conforming revisions of those code provisions, the
- 4 Commission started from the newly-amended versions.

of the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020, shall, unless a contrary intent appears, be deemed a reference to the restatement and continuation.").

<sup>22.</sup> See Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 27, 30, 5070, 5070.5, 10166.07; Civ. Code §§ 1798.29, 1798.82; Educ. Code §§ 35147, 49060, 76060.5; Elec. Code § 2227; Fam. Code §§ 17212, 17514; Fish & Game Code § 9002.5; Food & Agric. Code § 29041; Gov't Code § 11126, 12172.5, 20057, 65913.4, 100508; Health & Safety Code § 1385.07, 1536, 128735; Ins. Code § 922.41, 1215.8, 10181.7, 12968; Labor Code §§ 138.7, 4610; Mil. & Vet. Code §§ 55, 56; Penal Code § 6126.3; Pub. Res. Code §§ 3160, 25402.10; Welf. & Inst. Code § 14301.1.

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#### 2 § 27 (amended). Information to be provided on internet

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SEC. . Section 27 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 3 27. (a) Each entity specified in subdivisions (c), (d), and (e) shall provide on the 4 internet information regarding the status of every license issued by that entity in 5 accordance with the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 6 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 7 Title 1 of the Government Code) and the Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 8 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil 9 Code). The public information to be provided on the internet shall include 10 information on suspensions and revocations of licenses issued by the entity and 11 other related enforcement action, including accusations filed pursuant to the 12 Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of 13 Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) taken by the entity relative 14 to persons, businesses, or facilities subject to licensure or regulation by the entity. 15 The information may not include personal information, including home telephone 16 number, date of birth, or social security number. Each entity shall disclose a 17 licensee's address of record. However, each entity shall allow a licensee to provide 18 a post office box number or other alternate address, instead of the licensee's home 19 address, as the address of record. This section shall not preclude an entity from also 20 requiring a licensee, who has provided a post office box number or other alternative 21 mailing address as the licensee's address of record, to provide a physical business 22 address or residence address only for the entity's internal administrative use and not 23 for disclosure as the licensee's address of record or disclosure on the internet. 24 (b) In providing information on the internet, each entity specified in subdivisions

(b) In providing information on the internet, each entity specified in subdivisions
(c) and (d) shall comply with the Department of Consumer Affairs' guidelines for
access to public records.

(c) Each of the following entities within the Department of Consumer Affairs
 shall comply with the requirements of this section:

(1) The Board for Professional Engineers, Land Surveyors, and Geologists shall
 disclose information on its registrants and licensees.

(2) The Bureau of Automotive Repair shall disclose information on its licensees,
 including auto repair dealers, smog stations, lamp and brake stations, smog check
 technicians, and smog inspection certification stations.

(3) The Bureau of Household Goods and Services shall disclose information on
its licensees and registrants, including major appliance repair dealers, combination
dealers (electronic and appliance), electronic repair dealers, service contract sellers,
service contract administrators, and household movers.

(4) The Cemetery and Funeral Bureau shall disclose information on its licensees, 1 including cemetery brokers, cemetery salespersons, cemetery managers, crematory 2 managers, cemetery authorities, crematories, cremated remains disposers, 3 embalmers, funeral establishments, and funeral directors. 4 (5) The Professional Fiduciaries Bureau shall disclose information on its 5 licensees. 6 (6) The Contractors' State License Board shall disclose information on its 7 licensees and registrants in accordance with Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 8 7000) of Division 3. In addition to information related to licenses as specified in 9 subdivision (a), the board shall also disclose information provided to the board by 10 the Labor Commissioner pursuant to Section 98.9 of the Labor Code. 11 (7) The Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education shall disclose information on 12 private postsecondary institutions under its jurisdiction, including disclosure of 13 notices to comply issued pursuant to Section 94935 of the Education Code. 14

(8) The California Board of Accountancy shall disclose information on its
 licensees and registrants.

(9) The California Architects Board shall disclose information on its licensees,including architects and landscape architects.

(10) The State Athletic Commission shall disclose information on its licenseesand registrants.

(11) The State Board of Barbering and Cosmetology shall disclose informationon its licensees.

23 (12) The Acupuncture Board shall disclose information on its licensees.

(13) The Board of Behavioral Sciences shall disclose information on its licenseesand registrants.

26 (14) The Dental Board of California shall disclose information on its licensees.

- (15) The State Board of Optometry shall disclose information on its licensees andregistrants.
- (16) The Board of Psychology shall disclose information on its licensees,
   including psychologists, psychological assistants, and registered psychologists.

(17) The Veterinary Medical Board shall disclose information on its licensees,
 registrants, and permitholders.

(d) The State Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall disclose information on its
 licensees.

35 (e) The Structural Pest Control Board shall disclose information on its licensees,

36 including applicators, field representatives, and operators in the areas of fumigation,

- general pest and wood destroying pests and organisms, and wood roof cleaning andtreatment.
- 39 (f) The Bureau of Cannabis Control shall disclose information on its licensees.

40 (g) "Internet" for the purposes of this section has the meaning set forth in 41 paragraph (6) of subdivision (f) of Section 17538. 1 **Comment.** Section 27 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 4 § 30 (amended). Licensee information

5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 30 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6 30. (a)(1) Notwithstanding any other law, any board, as defined in Section 22, the 7 State Bar of California, and the Department of Real Estate shall, at the time of 8 issuance of the license, require that the applicant provide its federal employer 9 identification number, if the applicant is a partnership, or the applicant's social 10 security number for all other applicants.

11 (2)(A) In accordance with Section 135.5, a board, as defined in Section 22, the 12 State Bar of California, and the Department of Real Estate shall require either the 13 individual taxpayer identification number or social security number if the applicant 14 is an individual for a license or certificate, as defined in subparagraph (2) of 15 subdivision (e), and for purposes of this subdivision.

(B) In implementing the requirements of subparagraph (A), a licensing board shall
 not require an individual to disclose either citizenship status or immigration status
 for purposes of licensure.

(C) A licensing board shall not deny licensure to an otherwise qualified and
 eligible individual based solely on the individual's citizenship status or immigration
 status.

(D) The Legislature finds and declares that the requirements of this subdivision
 are consistent with subsection (d) of Section 1621 of Title 8 of the United States
 Code.

(b) A licensee failing to provide the federal employer identification number, or
the individual taxpayer identification number or social security number shall be
reported by the licensing board to the Franchise Tax Board. If the licensee fails to
provide that information after notification pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision
(b) of Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, the licensee shall be subject
to the penalty provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 19528 of the
Revenue and Taxation Code.

(c) In addition to the penalty specified in subdivision (b), a licensing board shall
 not process an application for an initial license unless the applicant provides its
 federal employer identification number, or individual taxpayer identification
 number or social security number where requested on the application.

(d) A licensing board shall, upon request of the Franchise Tax Board or the
 Employment Development Department, furnish to the board or the department, as
 applicable, the following information with respect to every licensee:

39 (1) Name.

40 (2) Address or addresses of record.

- 1 (3) Federal employer identification number if the licensee is a partnership, or the
- 2 licensee's individual taxpayer identification number or social security number for
- 3 all other licensees.
- 4 (4) Type of license.
- 5 (5) Effective date of license or a renewal.
- 6 (6) Expiration date of license.
- 7 (7) Whether license is active or inactive, if known.
- 8 (8) Whether license is new or a renewal.
- 9 (e) For the purposes of this section:
- (1) "Licensee" means a person or entity, other than a corporation, authorized by a
   license, certificate, registration, or other means to engage in a business or profession
   regulated by this code or referred to in Section 1000 or 3600.
- (2) "License" includes a certificate, registration, or any other authorization needed
   to engage in a business or profession regulated by this code or referred to in Section
   1000 or 3600.
- (3) "Licensing board" means any board, as defined in Section 22, the State Bar of
   California, and the Department of Real Estate.
- (f) The reports required under this section shall be filed on magnetic media or in
  other machine-readable form, according to standards furnished by the Franchise Tax
  Board or the Employment Development Department, as applicable.
- (g) Licensing boards shall provide to the Franchise Tax Board or the Employment
   Development Department the information required by this section at a time that the
   board or the department, as applicable, may require.
- (h) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
  Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
  Code, a federal employer identification number, individual taxpayer identification
  number, or social security number furnished pursuant to this section shall not be
  deemed to be a public record and shall not be open to the public for inspection.
- (i) A deputy, agent, clerk, officer, or employee of a licensing board described in 29 subdivision (a), or any former officer or employee or other individual who, in the 30 course of their employment or duty, has or has had access to the information 31 required to be furnished under this section, shall not disclose or make known in any 32 manner that information, except as provided pursuant to this section, to the 33 Franchise Tax Board, the Employment Development Department, the Office of the 34 Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, a collections agency contracted 35 to collect funds owed to the State Bar by licensees pursuant to Sections 6086.10 and 36 6140.5, or as provided in subdivisions (j) and (k). 37
- (j) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to utilize the federal
  employer identification number, individual taxpayer identification number, or social
  security number for the purpose of establishing the identification of persons affected
  by state tax laws, for purposes of compliance with Section 17520 of the Family
  Code, for purposes of measuring employment outcomes of students who participate
  in career technical education programs offered by the California Community

1 Colleges, and for purposes of collecting funds owed to the State Bar by licensees 2 pursuant to Section 6086.10 and Section 6140.5 and, to that end, the information

2 pursuant to Section 6086.10 and Section 6140.5 and, to that end, the informatio

furnished pursuant to this section shall be used exclusively for those purposes.

4 (k) If the board utilizes a national examination to issue a license, and if a reciprocity agreement or comity exists between the State of California and the state requesting release of the individual taxpayer identification number or social security number, any deputy, agent, clerk, officer, or employee of any licensing board described in subdivision (a) may release an individual taxpayer identification number or social security number to an examination or licensing entity, only for the purpose of verification of licensure or examination status.

(1) For the purposes of enforcement of Section 17520 of the Family Code, and 11 notwithstanding any other law, a board, as defined in Section 22, the State Bar of 12 California, and the Department of Real Estate shall at the time of issuance of the 13 license require that each licensee provide the individual taxpayer identification 14 number or social security number of each individual listed on the license and any 15 person who qualifies for the license. For the purposes of this subdivision, "licensee" 16 means an entity that is issued a license by any board, as defined in Section 22, the 17 State Bar of California, the Department of Real Estate, and the Department of Motor 18 Vehicles. 19

20 (m) The department shall, upon request by the Office of the Chancellor of the 21 California Community Colleges, furnish to the chancellor's office, as applicable,

22 the following information with respect to every licensee:

23 (1) Name.

(2) Federal employer identification number if the licensee is a partnership, or the
 licensee's individual taxpayer identification number or social security number for
 all other licensees.

- 27 (3) Date of birth.
- 28 (4) Type of license.
- 29 (5) Effective date of license or a renewal.
- 30 (6) Expiration date of license.

(n) The department shall make available information pursuant to subdivision (m)
only to allow the chancellor's office to measure employment outcomes of students
who participate in career technical education programs offered by the California
Community Colleges and recommend how these programs may be improved.
Licensure information made available by the department pursuant to this section
shall not be used for any other purpose.

(*o*) The department may make available information pursuant to subdivision (m)
 only to the extent that making the information available complies with state and
 federal privacy laws.

40 (p) The department may, by agreement, condition or limit the availability of 41 licensure information pursuant to subdivision (m) in order to ensure the security of 42 the information and to protect the privacy rights of the individuals to whom the 43 information pertains. 1 (q) All of the following apply to the licensure information made available 2 pursuant to subdivision (m):

3 (1) It shall be limited to only the information necessary to accomplish the purpose
4 authorized in subdivision (n).

5 (2) It shall not be used in a manner that permits third parties to personally identify 6 the individual or individuals to whom the information pertains.

(3) Except as provided in subdivision (n), it shall not be shared with or transmitted
to any other party or entity without the consent of the individual or individuals to
whom the information pertains.

10 (4) It shall be protected by reasonable security procedures and practices 11 appropriate to the nature of the information to protect that information from 12 unauthorized access, destruction, use, modification, or disclosure.

(5) It shall be immediately and securely destroyed when no longer needed for thepurpose authorized in subdivision (n).

(r) The department or the chancellor's office may share licensure information with
 a third party who contracts to perform the function described in subdivision (n), if
 the third party is required by contract to follow the requirements of this section.

**Comment.** Section 30 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

20 Reports (2019).

#### 21 § 211 (amended). Report of third-party consultant hired to assess department's operations

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 211 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 22 211. If the department hires a third-party consultant to assess the department's 23 operations, the department shall, promptly upon receipt of the consultant's final 24 report on that assessment, submit that report to the appropriate policy committees 25 of the Legislature after omitting any information that is not subject to disclosure 26 under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 commencing with 27 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 28 Title 1 of the Government Code. 29

30 **Comment.** Section 211 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# § 655 (amended). Optometrist with ownership or other interest in registered dispensing optician or optical company

SEC. Section 655 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 655. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

38 (1) "Health plan" means a health care service plan licensed pursuant to the Knox-

Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with
Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code).

41 (2) "Optical company" means a person or entity that is engaged in the 42 manufacture, sale, or distribution to physicians and surgeons, optometrists, health plans, or dispensing opticians of lenses, frames, optical supplies, or optometric
 appliances or devices or kindred products.

3 (3) "Optometrist" means a person licensed pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing
4 with Section 3000) or an optometric corporation, as described in Section 3160.

5 (4) "Registered dispensing optician" means a person licensed pursuant to Chapter
6 5.5 (commencing with Section 2550).

(5) "Therapeutic ophthalmic product" means lenses or other products that provide
 direct treatment of eye disease or visual rehabilitation for diseased eyes.

(b) No optometrist may have any membership, proprietary interest, coownership,
or any profit-sharing arrangement, either by stock ownership, interlocking directors,
trusteeship, mortgage, or trust deed, with any registered dispensing optician or any
optical company, except as otherwise permitted under this section.

(c)(1) A registered dispensing optician or an optical company may operate, own, 13 or have an ownership interest in a health plan so long as the health plan does not 14 directly employ optometrists to provide optometric services directly to enrollees of 15 the health plan, and may directly or indirectly provide products and services to the 16 health plan or its contracted providers or enrollees or to other optometrists. For 17 purposes of this section, an optometrist may be employed by a health plan as a 18 clinical director for the health plan pursuant to Section 1367.01 of the Health and 19 Safety Code or to perform services related to utilization management or quality 20 assurance or other similar related services that do not require the optometrist to 21 directly provide health care services to enrollees. In addition, an optometrist serving 22 as a clinical director may not employ optometrists to provide health care services to 23 enrollees of the health plan for which the optometrist is serving as clinical director. 24 For the purposes of this section, the health plan's utilization management and 25 quality assurance programs that are consistent with the Knox-Keene Health Care 26 Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 27 2 of the Health and Safety Code) do not constitute providing health care services to 28 29 enrollees.

(2) The registered dispensing optician or optical company shall not interfere with
 the professional judgment of the optometrist.

(3) The Department of Managed Health Care shall forward to the State Board of 32 Optometry any complaints received from consumers that allege that an optometrist 33 violated the Optometry Practice Act (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3000)). 34 The Department of Managed Health Care and the State Board of Optometry shall 35 enter into an Inter-Agency Agreement regarding the sharing of information related 36 to the services provided by an optometrist that may be in violation of the Optometry 37 Practice Act that the Department of Managed Health Care encounters in the course 38 of the administration of the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 39 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and 40 Safety Code). 41

(d) An optometrist, a registered dispensing optician, an optical company, or a
 health plan may execute a lease or other written agreement giving rise to a direct or

1 indirect landlord-tenant relationship with an optometrist, if all of the following

conditions are contained in a written agreement establishing the landlord-tenantrelationship:

4 (1)(A) The practice shall be owned by the optometrist and in every phase be under 5 the optometrist's exclusive control, including the selection and supervision of 6 optometric staff, the scheduling of patients, the amount of time the optometrist 7 spends with patients, fees charged for optometric products and services, the 8 examination procedures and treatment provided to patients and the optometrist's 9 contracting with managed care organizations.

(B) Subparagraph (A) shall not preclude a lease from including commercially 10 reasonable terms that: (i) require the provision of optometric services at the leased 11 space during certain days and hours, (ii) restrict the leased space from being used 12 for the sale or offer for sale of spectacles, frames, lenses, contact lenses, or other 13 ophthalmic products, except that the optometrist shall be permitted to sell 14 therapeutic ophthalmic products if the registered dispensing optician, health plan, 15 or optical company located on or adjacent to the optometrist's leased space does not 16 offer any substantially similar therapeutic ophthalmic products for sale, (iii) require 17 the optometrist to contract with a health plan network, health plan, or health insurer, 18 or (iv) permit the landlord to directly or indirectly provide furnishings and 19 equipment in the leased space. 20

(2) The optometrist's records shall be the sole property of the optometrist. Only
the optometrist and those persons with written authorization from the optometrist
shall have access to the patient records and the examination room, except as
otherwise provided by law.

(3) The optometrist's leased space shall be definite and distinct from space
occupied by other occupants of the premises, have a sign designating that the leased
space is occupied by an independent optometrist or optometrists and be accessible
to the optometrist after hours or in the case of an emergency, subject to the facility's
general accessibility. This paragraph shall not require a separate entrance to the
optometrist's leased space.

(4) All signs and displays shall be separate and distinct from that of the other occupants and shall have the optometrist's name and the word "optometrist" prominently displayed in connection therewith. This paragraph shall not prohibit the optometrist from advertising the optometrist's practice location with reference to other occupants or prohibit the optometrist or registered dispensing optician from advertising their participation in any health plan's network or the health plan's products in which the optometrist or registered dispensing optician participates.

(5) There shall be no signs displayed on any part of the premises or in any
 advertising indicating that the optometrist is employed or controlled by the
 registered dispensing optician, health plan or optical company.

(6) Except for a statement that an independent doctor of optometry is located in
 the leased space, in-store pricing signs and as otherwise permitted by this

subdivision, the registered dispensing optician or optical company shall not link its
 advertising with the optometrist's name, practice, or fees.

(7) Notwithstanding paragraphs (4) and (6), this subdivision shall not preclude a
health plan from advertising its health plan products and associated premium costs
and any copayments, coinsurance, deductibles, or other forms of cost sharing, or the
names and locations of the health plan's providers, including any optometrists or
registered dispensing opticians that provide professional services, in compliance
with the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2
(commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code).

10 (8) A health plan that advertises its products and services in accordance with 11 paragraph (7) shall not advertise the optometrist's fees for products and services that 12 are not included in the health plan's contract with the optometrist.

(9) The optometrist shall not be precluded from collecting fees for services that
are not included in a health plan's products and services, subject to any patient
disclosure requirements contained in the health plan's provider agreement with the
optometrist or that are not otherwise prohibited by the Knox-Keene Health Care
Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division
2 of the Health and Safety Code).

(10) The term of the lease shall be no less than one year and shall not require the
 optometrist to contract exclusively with a health plan. The optometrist may
 terminate the lease according to the terms of the lease. The landlord may terminate
 the lease for the following reasons:

(A) The optometrist's failure to maintain a license to practice optometry or the
 imposition of restrictions, suspension or revocation of the optometrist's license or
 if the optometrist or the optometrist's employee is or becomes ineligible to
 participate in state or federal government-funded programs.

(B) Termination of any underlying lease where the optometrist has subleased
space, or the optometrist's failure to comply with the underlying lease provisions
that are made applicable to the optometrist.

(C) If the health plan is the landlord, the termination of the provider agreement
between the health plan and the optometrist, in accordance with the Knox-Keene
Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340)
of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code)

33 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code).

34 (D) Other reasons pursuant to the terms of the lease or permitted under the Civil35 Code.

(11) The landlord shall act in good faith in terminating the lease and in no case
 shall the landlord terminate the lease for reasons that constitute interference with
 the practice of optometry.

(12) Lease or rent terms and payments shall not be based on number of eye exams
 performed, prescriptions written, patient referrals or the sale or promotion of the
 products of a registered dispensing optician or an optical company.

(13) The landlord shall not terminate the lease solely because of a report,complaint, or allegation filed by the optometrist against the landlord, a registered

dispensing optician or a health plan, to the State Board of Optometry or the 1 Department of Managed Health Care or any law enforcement or regulatory agency. 2 (14) The landlord shall provide the optometrist with written notice of the 3 scheduled expiration date of a lease at least 60 days prior to the scheduled expiration 4 date. This notice obligation shall not affect the ability of either party to terminate 5 the lease pursuant to this section. The landlord may not interfere with an outgoing 6 optometrist's efforts to inform the optometrist's patients, in accordance with 7 customary practice and professional obligations, of the relocation of the 8 optometrist's practice. 9

(15) The State Board of Optometry may inspect, upon request, an individual lease 10 agreement pursuant to its investigational authority, and if such a request is made, 11 the landlord or tenant, as applicable, shall promptly comply with the request. Failure 12 or refusal to comply with the request for lease agreements within 30 days of 13 receiving the request constitutes unprofessional conduct and is grounds for 14 disciplinary action by the appropriate regulatory agency. This section shall not 15 affect the Department of Managed Health Care's authority to inspect all books and 16 records of a health plan pursuant to Section 1381 of the Health and Safety Code. 17

Any financial information contained in the lease submitted to a regulatory entity, pursuant to this paragraph, shall be considered confidential trade secret information that is exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(16) This subdivision shall not be applicable to the relationship between any
 optometrist employee and the employer medical group, or the relationship between
 a medical group exclusively contracted with a health plan regulated by the
 Department of Managed Health Care and that health plan.

(e) No registered dispensing optician may have any membership, proprietary
interest, coownership, or profit-sharing arrangement either by stock ownership,
interlocking directors, trusteeship, mortgage, or trust deed, with an optometrist,
except as permitted under this section.

(f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a person licensed under Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000) or its professional corporation from contracting with or employing optometrists, ophthalmologists, or optometric assistants and entering into a contract or landlord tenant relationship with a health plan, an optical company, or a registered dispensing optician, in accordance with Sections 650 and 654 of this code.

(g) Any violation of this section constitutes a misdemeanor as to such person
licensed under Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3000) of this division and as
to any and all persons, whether or not so licensed under this division, who participate
with such licensed person in a violation of any provision of this section.

(h)(1) Notwithstanding any other law and in addition to any action available to
the State Board of Optometry, the State Board of Optometry may issue a citation
containing an order of abatement, an order to pay an administrative fine, or both, to

an optical company, an optometrist, or a registered dispensing optician for a

2 violation of this section. The administrative fine shall not exceed fifty thousand

dollars (\$50,000) per investigation. In assessing the amount of the fine, the board

4 shall give due consideration to all of the following:

- 5 (A) The gravity of the violation.
- 6 (B) The good faith of the cited person or entity.

7 (C) The history of previous violations of the same or similar nature.

8 (D) Evidence that the violation was or was not willful.

9 (E) The extent to which the cited person or entity has cooperated with the board's 10 investigation.

11 (F) The extent to which the cited person or entity has mitigated or attempted to 12 mitigate any damage or injury caused by the violation.

13 (G) Any other factors as justice may require.

14 (2) A citation or fine assessment issued pursuant to a citation shall inform the cited 15 person or entity that if a hearing is desired to contest the finding of a violation, that 16 hearing shall be requested by written notice to the board within 30 days of the date 17 of issuance of the citation or assessment. If a hearing is not requested pursuant to 18 this section, payment of any fine shall not constitute an admission of the violation 19 charged. Hearings shall be held pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 20 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

(3) The board shall adopt regulations to implement a system for the issuance of
 citations, administrative fines, and orders of abatement authorized by this section.
 The regulations shall include provisions for both of the following:

24 (A) The issuance of a citation without an administrative fine.

(B) The opportunity for a cited person or entity to have an informal conference with the executive officer of the board in addition to the hearing described in paragraph (2).

(4) The failure of a licensee to pay a fine within 30 days of the date of assessment,
unless the citation is being appealed, may result in disciplinary action being taken
by the board. Where a citation is not contested and a fine is not paid, the full amount
of the assessed fine shall be added to the fee for renewal of the license. A license
shall not be renewed without payment of the renewal fee and fine.

(5) Notwithstanding any other law, if a fine is paid to satisfy an assessment based
 on the finding of a violation, payment of the fine shall be represented as satisfactory
 resolution of the matter for purposes of public disclosure.

(i) Administrative fines collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the
 Dispensing Opticians Fund. It is the intent of the Legislature that moneys collected
 as fines and deposited in the fund be used by the board primarily for enforcement

39 purposes.

40 **Comment.** Section 655 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### § 4083 (amended). Order of correction 1

SEC. . Section 4083 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 2 4083. (a) An inspector may issue an order of correction to a licensee directing the 3 licensee to comply with this chapter or regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter. 4 (b) The order of correction shall be in writing and shall describe in detail the 5 nature and facts of the violation, including a reference to the statute or regulations 6 violated. 7 (c) The order of correction shall inform the licensee that within 30 days of service 8 of the order of correction, the licensee may do either of the following: 9 (1) Submit a written request for an office conference with the board's executive 10 officer to contest the order of correction. 11 (A) Upon a timely request, the executive officer, or his or her designee of the 12 executive officer, shall hold an office conference with the licensee or the licensee's 13 legal counsel or authorized representative. Unless so authorized by the executive 14 officer, or his or her designee of the executive officer, no individual other than the 15 licensee's legal counsel or authorized representative may accompany the licensee to 16 the office conference. 17 (B) Prior to or at the office conference, the licensee may submit to the executive 18 officer declarations and documents pertinent to the subject matter of the order of 19 correction. 20 (C) The office conference is intended to be an informal proceeding and shall not 21 be subject to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 22 (commencing with Section 11340), Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 11370), 23 Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 11400), and Chapter 5 (commencing with 24 Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code). 25 (D) The executive officer, or his or her designee of the executive officer, may 26 affirm, modify, or withdraw the order of correction. Within 14 calendar days from 27 the date of the office conference, the executive officer, or his or her designee of the 28

executive officer, shall personally serve or send by certified mail to the licensee's 29 address of record with the board a written decision. This decision shall be deemed 30 the final administrative decision concerning the order of correction. 31

(E) Judicial review of the decision may be had by filing a petition for a writ of 32 mandate in accordance with the provisions of Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil 33 Procedure within 30 days of the date the decision was personally served or sent by 34 certified mail. The judicial review shall extend to the question of whether or not 35 there was a prejudicial abuse of discretion in the issuance of the order of correction. 36 (2) Comply with the order of correction and submit a written corrective action 37

plan to the inspector documenting compliance. If an office conference is not 38 requested pursuant to this section, compliance with the order of correction shall not 39 constitute an admission of the violation noted in the order of correction. 40

(d) The order of correction shall be served upon the licensee personally or by 41 certified mail at the licensee's address of record with the board. If the licensee is 42

served by certified mail, service shall be effective upon deposit in the United Statesmail.

3 (e) The licensee shall maintain and have readily available on the pharmacy 4 premises a copy of the order of correction and corrective action plan for at least 5 three years from the date of issuance of the order of correction.

6 (f) Nothing in this section shall in any way limit the board's authority or ability to 7 do any of the following:

8 (1) Issue a citation pursuant to Section 125.9, 148, or 4067 or pursuant to Section

9 1775, 1775.15, 1777, or 1778 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations.

- 10 (2) Issue a letter of admonishment pursuant to Section 4315.
- (3) Institute disciplinary proceedings pursuant to Article 19 (commencing withSection 4300).

13 (g) Unless a writ of mandate is filed, a citation issued, a letter of admonishment

14 issued, or a disciplinary proceeding instituted, an order of correction shall not be

15 considered a public record and shall not be disclosed pursuant to a request under the

16 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

17 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the

- 18 Government Code).
- Comment. Section 4083 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 21 Reports (2019).

22 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 23 § 4372 (amended). Board records and records of pharmacists recovery program

SEC. . Section 4372 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 24 4372. All board records and records of the pharmacists recovery program 25 pertaining to the treatment of a pharmacist or intern pharmacist in the program shall 26 be kept confidential and are not subject to discovery, subpoena, or disclosure 27 pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 28 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. However, 29 board records and records of the pharmacists recovery program may be disclosed 30 and testimony provided in connection with participation in the pharmacists recovery 31 program, but only to the extent those records or testimony are relevant to the conduct 32 for which the pharmacist or intern pharmacist was terminated from the pharmacists 33 recovery program. 34

Comment. Section 4372 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 38 § 4857 (amended). Information relating to veterinary services

39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 4857 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

- 40 4857. (a) A veterinarian licensed under the provisions of this chapter shall not
- 41 disclose any information concerning an animal receiving veterinary services, the

client responsible for the animal receiving veterinary services, or the veterinary care
 provided to an animal, except under any one of the following circumstances:

3 (1) Upon written or witnessed oral authorization by knowing and informed 4 consent of the client responsible for the animal receiving services or an authorized 5 agent of the client.

6 (2) Upon authorization received by electronic transmission when originated by 7 the client responsible for the animal receiving services or an authorized agent of the 8 client.

9 (3) In response to a valid court order or subpoena.

(4) As may be required to ensure compliance with any federal, state, county, or
 city law or regulation, including, but not limited to, the California Public Records
 Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10

13 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(5) Nothing in this section is intended to prevent the sharing of veterinary medical
 information between veterinarians or facilities for the purpose of diagnosis or
 treatment of the animal who is the subject of the medical records.

17 (6) As otherwise provided in this section.

(b) This section shall not apply to the extent that the client responsible for an animal or an authorized agent of the client responsible for the animal has filed or caused to be filed a civil or criminal complaint that places the veterinarian's care and treatment of the animal or the nature and extent of the injuries to the animal at issue, or when the veterinarian is acting to comply with federal, state, county, or city laws or regulations.

(c) A veterinarian shall be subject to the criminal penalties set forth in Section
4831 or any other provision of this code for a violation of this section. In addition,
any veterinarian who negligently releases confidential information shall be liable in
a civil action for any damages caused by the release of that information.

(d) Nothing in this section is intended to prevent the sharing of veterinary medical
 information between veterinarians and peace officers, humane society officers, or
 animal control officers who are acting to protect the welfare of animals.

31 **Comment.** Section 4857 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 32 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 34 § 5070 (amended). Permit to practice public accountancy

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5070 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 35 5070. (a) Permits to engage in the practice of public accountancy in this state shall 36 be issued by the board only to holders of the certificate of certified public accountant 37 issued under this chapter and to those partnerships, corporations, and other persons 38 who, upon application approved by the board, are registered with the board under 39 this chapter. Notwithstanding any other law, the board may register an entity 40 organized and authorized to practice public accountancy under the laws of another 41 state for the purpose of allowing that entity to satisfy the registration requirement 42

set forth in Section 5096.12, if (1) the certified public accountants providing services in California qualify for the practice privilege, and (2) the entity satisfies all other requirements to register in this state, other than its form of legal organization.

(b) All applicants for registration shall furnish satisfactory evidence that the
applicant is entitled to registration and shall pay the fee as provided in Article 8
(commencing with Section 5130). Every partnership, corporation, and other person
to whom a permit is issued shall, in addition to any other fee that may be payable,
pay the initial permit fee provided in Article 8 (commencing with Section 5130).

(c) Each applicant who has a valid email address shall report to the board that 10 email address at the time of application or registration. In the interest of protecting 11 an applicant's privacy, the email address shall not be considered a public record and 12 shall not be disclosed pursuant to Section 27 or pursuant to a request under the 13 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 14 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 15 Government Code), unless required pursuant to a court order by a court of 16 competent jurisdiction. 17

(d) Each partnership, corporation, and other person issued a permit by the board
 to practice as a certified public accountant or as a public accountant shall be
 furnished with a suitable certificate evidencing that registration.

Comment. Section 5070 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 5070.5 (amended). Renewal of permit issued to certified public accountant or public accountant

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5070.5 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 27 read:

5070.5. (a)(1) A permit issued under this chapter to a certified public accountant or a public accountant expires at 12 midnight on the last day of the month of the legal birthday of the licensee during the second year of a two-year term if not renewed.

(2) To renew an unexpired permit, a permitholder shall, before the time at which
 the permit would otherwise expire, apply for renewal on a form prescribed by the
 board, pay the renewal fee prescribed by this chapter, and give evidence satisfactory
 to the board that the permitholder has complied with the continuing education
 provisions of this chapter.

(3) Each applicant for renewal who has a valid email address shall report that
email address to the board on the renewal form described in paragraph (1). In the
interest of protecting an applicant's privacy, the electronic mail address shall not be
considered a public record and shall not be disclosed pursuant to Section 27 or
pursuant to a request under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

<u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code), unless required pursuant to a
 court order by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(b) A permit to practice as an accountancy partnership or an accountancy 3 corporation expires at 12 midnight on the last day of the month in which the permit 4 was initially issued during the second year of a two-year term if not renewed. To 5 renew an unexpired permit, the permitholder shall, before the time at which the 6 permit would otherwise expire, apply for renewal on a form prescribed by the board, 7 pay the renewal fee prescribed by this chapter, and provide evidence satisfactory to 8 the board that the accountancy partnership or accountancy corporation is in 9 compliance with this chapter. 10

(c) On or before July 1, 2020, each permitholder who has a valid email address
 shall provide that email address to the board.

(d) A permitholder shall notify the board within 30 days of any change to their
 email address on file with the board. The board may periodically, as it determines
 necessary, require permitholders to confirm that their email address on file with the
 board is current.

Comment. Section 5070.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

19 Reports (2019).

#### 20 § 5079 (amended). Nonlicensee owners of public accountancy firm

SEC. Section 5079 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 5079. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, any firm lawfully engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state may have owners who are not licensed as certified public accountants or public accountants if the following conditions are met:

(1) Nonlicensee owners shall be natural persons or entities, such as partnerships,
 professional corporations, or others, provided that each ultimate beneficial owner of
 an equity interest in that entity shall be a natural person materially participating in
 the business conducted by the firm or an entity controlled by the firm.

(2) Nonlicensee owners shall materially participate in the business of the firm, or
 an entity controlled by the firm, and their ownership interest shall revert to the firm
 upon the cessation of any material participation.

(3) Licensees shall in the aggregate, directly or beneficially, comprise a majority
 of owners, except that firms with two owners may have one owner who is a
 nonlicensee.

(4) Licensees shall in the aggregate, directly or beneficially, hold more than halfof the equity capital and possess majority voting rights.

(5) Nonlicensee owners shall not hold themselves out as certified public
 accountants or public accountants and each licensed firm shall disclose actual or
 potential involvement of nonlicensee owners in the services provided.

1 (6) There shall be a certified public accountant or public accountant who has 2 ultimate responsibility for each financial statement attest and compilation service 3 engagement.

- 4 (7) Except as permitted by the board in the exercise of its discretion, a person may
- not become a nonlicensee owner or remain a nonlicensee owner if the person has
  done either of the following:

(A) Been convicted of any crime, an element of which is dishonesty or fraud,
under the laws of any state, of the United States, or of any other jurisdiction.

9 (B) Had a professional license or the right to practice revoked or suspended for 10 reasons other than nonpayment of dues or fees, or has voluntarily surrendered a 11 license or right to practice with disciplinary charges or a disciplinary investigation 12 pending, and not reinstated by a licensing or regulatory agency of any state, or of 13 the United States, including, but not limited to, the Securities and Exchange 14 Commission or Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, or of any other 15 jurisdiction.

(b)(1) A nonlicensee owner of a licensed firm shall report to the board in writing
of the occurrence of any of the events set forth in paragraph (7) of subdivision (a)
within 30 days of the date the nonlicensee owner has knowledge of the event. A
conviction includes the initial plea, verdict, or finding of guilt, pleas of no contest,
or pronouncement of sentence by a trial court even though that conviction may not
be final or sentence actually imposed until appeals are exhausted.

(2) A California nonlicensee owner of a licensed firm shall report to the board in
writing the occurrence of any of the following events occurring on or after January
1, 2006, within 30 days of the date the California nonlicensee owner has knowledge
of the events:

(A) Any notice of the opening or initiation of a formal investigation of the
 nonlicensee owner by the Securities and Exchange Commission or its designee, or
 any notice from the Securities and Exchange Commission to a nonlicensee owner
 requesting a Wells submission.

(B) Any notice of the opening or initiation of an investigation of the nonlicensee
 owner by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board or its designee.

32 (C) Any notice of the opening or initiation of an investigation of the nonlicensee 33 owner by another professional licensing agency.

(3) The report required by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be signed by the nonlicensee owner and set forth the facts that constitute the reportable event. If the reportable event involves the action of an administrative agency or court, the report shall identify the name of the agency or court, the title of the matter, and the date of occurrence of the event.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reports received by the board
pursuant to paragraph (2) shall not be disclosed to the public pursuant to the
California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of
Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the
Government Code) other than (A) in the course of any disciplinary proceeding by

1 the board after the filing of a formal accusation, (B) in the course of any legal action

2 to which the board is a party, (C) in response to an official inquiry from a state or

federal agency, (D) in response to a subpoena or summons enforceable by order of

4 a court, or (E) when otherwise specifically required by law.

5 (5) Nothing in this subdivision shall impose a duty upon any licensee or 6 nonlicensee owner to report to the board the occurrence of any events set forth in 7 paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) or paragraph (2) of this subdivision either by or 8 against any other nonlicensee owner.

9 (c) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

10 (1) "Licensee" means a certified public accountant or public accountant in this 11 state or a certified public accountant in good standing in another state.

12 (2) "Material participation" means an activity that is regular, continuous, and 13 substantial.

(d) All firms with nonlicensee owners shall certify at the time of registration andrenewal that the firm is in compliance with this section.

(e) The board shall adopt regulations to implement, interpret, or make specific thissection.

18 **Comment.** Section 5079 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

21 § 6001 (amended). State Bar of California

22 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6001 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6001. The State Bar of California is a public corporation. It is hereinafter
 designated as the State Bar.

The State Bar has perpetual succession and a seal and it may sue and be sued. It may, for the purpose of carrying into effect and promoting its objectives:

- 27 (a) Make contracts.
- (b) Borrow money, contract debts, issue bonds, notes and debentures and secure
   the payment or performance of its obligations.
- 30 (c) Own, hold, use, manage and deal in and with real and personal property.
- (d) Construct, alter, maintain and repair buildings and other improvements to real
   property.

(e) Purchase, lease, obtain options upon, acquire by gift, bequest, devise or
 otherwise, any real or personal property or any interest therein.

(f) Sell, lease, exchange, convey, transfer, assign, encumber, pledge, dispose of
 any of its real or personal property or any interest therein, including without
 limitation all or any portion of its income or revenues from license fees paid or
 payable by licensees.

(g) Do all other acts incidental to the foregoing or necessary or expedient for the
 administration of its affairs and the attainment of its purposes.

41 Pursuant to those powers enumerated in subdivisions (a) to (g), inclusive, it is 42 recognized that the State Bar has authority to raise revenue in addition to that 1 provided for in Section 6140 and other statutory provisions. The State Bar is

empowered to raise that additional revenue by any lawful means. However, as of
March 31, 2018, the State Bar shall not create any foundations or nonprofit

4 corporations.

The State Bar shall conspicuously publicize to its licensees in the annual fees 5 statement and other appropriate communications, including its Internet Web site 6 internet website and electronic communications, that its licensees have the right to 7 limit the sale or disclosure of licensee information not reasonably related to 8 regulatory purposes. In those communications the State Bar shall note the location 9 of the State Bar's privacy policy, and shall also note the simple procedure by which 10 a licensee may exercise his or her the licensee's right to prohibit or restrict, at the 11 licensee's option, the sale or disclosure of licensee information not reasonably 12 related to regulatory purposes. On or before May 1, 2005, the State Bar shall report 13 to the Assembly and Senate Committees on Judiciary regarding the procedures that 14 it has in place to ensure that licensees can appropriately limit the use of their licensee 15 information not reasonably related to regulatory purposes, and the number of 16 licensees choosing to utilize these procedures. 17

No law of this state restricting, or prescribing a mode of procedure for the exercise 18 of powers of state public bodies or state agencies, or classes thereof, including, but 19 not by way of limitation, the provisions contained in Division 3 (commencing with 20 Section 11000), Division 4 (commencing with Section 16100), and Part 1 21 (commencing with Section 18000) and Part 2 (commencing with Section 18500) of 22 Division 5, of Title 2 of the Government Code, shall be applicable to the State Bar, 23 unless the Legislature expressly so declares. Notwithstanding the foregoing or any 24 other law, pursuant to Sections 6026.7 and 6026.11, the State Bar is subject to the 25 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 26 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 27 Government Code) and, commencing April 1, 2016, the Bagley-Keene Open 28 Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of 29 Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code). 30

Comment. Section 6001 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

34 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make another technical change.

#### 35 § 6026.11 (amended). Application of CPRA to State Bar and its records and writings

36 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6026.11 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 37 read:

- 38 6026.11. The State Bar is subject to the California Public Records Act (Chapter
- 39 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
- 40 <u>Section 7920.000</u>) of Title 1 of the Government Code) and all public records and
- 41 writings of the State Bar are subject to the California Public Records Act.

1 **Comment.** Section 6026.11 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

4 § 6056 (amended). California Lawyers Association

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6056 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 5 6056. (a) The State Bar, acting pursuant to Section 6001, shall assist the Sections 6 of the State Bar to incorporate as a private, nonprofit corporation organized under 7 Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code and shall transfer the functions and 8 activities of the 16 State Bar Sections and the California Young Lawyers 9 Association to the new private, nonprofit corporation, to be called the California 10 11 Lawyers Association. The California Lawyers Association shall be a voluntary association, shall not be a part of the State Bar, and shall not be funded in any way 12 through mandatory fees collected by the State Bar. The California Lawyers 13 Association shall have independent contracting authority and full control of its 14 resources. The California Lawyers Association shall not be considered a state, local, 15 or other public body for any purpose, including, but not limited to, the Bagley-16 Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 17 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) and the California 18 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 19 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 20 Code). 21

(b) The California Lawyers Association shall be governed in accordance with the 22 bylaws of the California Lawyers Association, which shall ensure that all of the 23 State Bar Sections and the California Young Lawyers Association are adequately 24 represented and are able to make decisions in a fair and representative manner that 25 complies with all provisions of state and federal law governing private nonprofit 26 corporations organized under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code. The 27 bylaws of the California Lawyers Association shall ensure that the governing board 28 of the California Lawyers Association includes one representative of each of the 16 29 sections of the State Bar Sections and one representative from the California Young 30 Lawyers Association. The bylaws shall ensure that each of these 17 governing board 31 members have equal voting power on the governing board. The bylaws shall ensure 32 that the governing board may terminate individual sections or add individual 33 sections by a two-thirds vote of the governing board. 34

(c) The California Lawyers Association shall establish the criteria for membership
 in the California Young Lawyers Association. The California Lawyers Association
 may change the name of the California Young Lawyers Association to another name
 consistent with the criteria for membership and its mission.

(d) The State Bar may assist the California Lawyers Association in gaining
appointment to the American Bar Association (ABA) House of Delegates,
consistent with the California Lawyers Association's mission and subject to the
consent of the ABA.

(e) The State Bar shall support the California Lawyers Association's efforts to 1 partner with the Continuing Education of the Bar (CEB), subject to agreement by 2 the University of California. 3 (f) The State Bar of California shall ensure that State Bar staff who support the 4 sections, as of September 15, 2017, are reassigned to other comparable positions 5 within the State Bar. 6 (g) The Sections of the State Bar or the California Lawyers Association and the 7 State Bar shall enter into a memorandum of understanding regarding the terms of 8 separation of the Sections of the State Bar from the State Bar and mandatory duties 9 of the California Lawyers Association, including a requirement to provide all of the 10 following: 11 (1) Low- and no-cost mandatory continuing legal education (MCLE). 12 (2) Expertise and information to the State Bar, as requested. 13 (3) Educational programs and materials to the licensees of the State Bar and the 14 public. 15 (h) The State Bar of California shall assist the California Lawyers Association in 16 meeting the association's requirement to provide low- and no-cost MCLE by the 17 inclusion on the State Bar's Internet Web site internet website of easily accessible 18 links to the low- and no-cost MCLE provided by the California Lawyers 19 Association. 20 21 Comment. Section 6056 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 22 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 23 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to make a technical change. 24 § 6060.2 (amended). Confidentiality of State Bar investigation or proceeding concerning 25 moral character of applicant 26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6060.2 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 27 read: 28 6060.2. (a) All investigations or proceedings conducted by the State Bar 29 concerning the moral character of an applicant shall be confidential and shall not be 30 disclosed pursuant to any state law, including, but not limited to, the California 31 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 32 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 33 Code) unless the applicant, in writing, waives the confidentiality. 34 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the records of the proceeding may be 35 disclosed in response to either of the following: 36 (1) A lawfully issued subpoena. 37 (2) A written request from a government agency responsible for either the 38 enforcement of civil or criminal laws or the professional licensing of individuals 39 that is conducting an investigation about the applicant. 40 Comment. Section 6060.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 41 42 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 43 Reports \_\_ (2019).

1 § 6060.25 (amended). Identifying information of State Bar applicant

2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6060.25 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 3 read:

6060.25. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, any identifying information 4 submitted by an applicant to the State Bar for admission and a license to practice 5 law and all State Bar admission records, including, but not limited to, bar 6 examination scores, law school grade point average (GPA), undergraduate GPA, 7 Law School Admission Test scores, race or ethnicity, and any information contained 8 within the State Bar Admissions database or any file or other data created by the 9 State Bar with information submitted by the applicant that may identify an 10 individual applicant, other than information described in subdivision (b), shall be 11 confidential and shall not be disclosed pursuant to any state law, including, but not 12 limited to, the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 13 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 14

15 Title 1 of the Government Code).

(b) Subject to existing state and federal laws protecting education records,
 subdivision (a) does not prohibit the disclosure of any of the following:

(1) The names of applicants who have passed any examination administered,
 given, or prescribed by the Committee of Bar Examiners.

20 (2) Information that is provided at the request of an applicant to another 21 jurisdiction where the applicant is seeking admission to the practice of law.

(3) Information provided to a law school that is necessary for the purpose of the 22 law school's compliance with accreditation or regulatory requirements. Beginning 23 with the release of results from the July 2018 bar examination, the information 24 provided to a law school shall also include the bar examination results of the law 25 school's graduates allocated to the law school and the scores of any graduate 26 allocated to the law school who did not pass the bar examination and who consents 27 to the release of his or her the graduate's scores to the law school. Consent of a law 28 school graduate to the release of his or her the graduate's scores may be obtained 29 by a check-off on the graduate's application to take the bar examination. For 30 purposes of this paragraph, "scores" means the same scores reported to a graduate 31 who did not successfully pass the bar examination. 32

(4) Information provided to the National Conference of Bar Examiners or a
 successor nonprofit organization in connection to the State Bar's administration of
 any examination.

36 (5) This subdivision shall apply retroactively to January 1, 2016.

(c) Disclosure of any of the information in paragraphs (2) to (4), inclusive, of
subdivision (b) shall not constitute a waiver under Section 6254.5 7921.505 of the
Government Code of the exemption from disclosure provided for in subdivision (a)
of this section.

(d)(1) Notwithstanding any other law except existing state and federal laws
 protecting education records, any information received from an educational or
 testing entity that is collected by the State Bar for the purpose of conducting a Law

School Bar Exam Performance Study as the State Bar has been directed to do by the 1 California Supreme Court by letter dated February 28, 2017, other than aggregate, 2 summary, or statistical data that does not identify any person and does not provide 3 substantial risk of identification of any person, shall be confidential and shall not be 4 disclosed pursuant to any state law, including, but not limited to, the California 5 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 6 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 7 Code). 8 (2) Nothing in this subdivision is intended to impact any litigation pending on the 9 effective date of the measure that added this subdivision. 10 Comment. Section 6060.25 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 11 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 12 Reports (2019). 13 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns. 14 § 6086.1 (amended). Confidentiality and public disclosure 15 SEC. . Section 6086.1 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 16 17 read: 6086.1. (a)(1) Subject to subdivision (b), and except as otherwise provided by 18 law, hearings and records of original disciplinary proceedings in the State Bar Court 19 shall be public, following a notice to show cause. 20 (2) Subject to subdivision (b), and except as otherwise provided by law, hearings 21 and records of the following matters shall be public: 22 (A) Filings for involuntary inactive enrollment or restriction under subdivision 23 (a), (c), (d), or (e) of Section 6007. 24 (B) Petitions for reinstatement under Section 6078. 25 (C) Proceedings for suspension or disbarment under Section 6101 or 6102. 26 (D) Payment information from the Client Security Fund pursuant to Section 27 6140.5. 28 (E) Actions to cease a law practice or assume a law practice under Section 6180 29 30 or 6190. (b) All disciplinary investigations are confidential until the time that formal 31 charges are filed and all investigations of matters identified in paragraph (2) of 32 subdivision (a) are confidential until the formal proceeding identified in paragraph 33 (2) of subdivision (a) is instituted. These investigations shall not be disclosed 34 pursuant to any state law, including, but not limited to, the California Public Records 35 Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 36 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). This 37 confidentiality requirement may be waived under any of the following exceptions: 38 (1) The licensee whose conduct is being investigated may waive confidentiality. 39 (2) The Chief Trial Counsel or Chair of the State Bar may waive confidentiality, 40 but only when warranted for protection of the public. Under those circumstances, 41 after private notice to the licensee, the Chief Trial Counsel or Chair of the State Bar 42

may issue, if appropriate, one or more public announcements or make information 1 public confirming the fact of an investigation or proceeding, clarifying the 2 procedural aspects and current status, and defending the right of the licensee to a 3 fair hearing. If the Chief Trial Counsel or Chair of the State Bar for any reason 4 declines to exercise the authority provided by this paragraph, or disqualifies himself 5 or herself self-disqualifies from acting under this paragraph, he or she the Chief 6 Trial Counsel or Chair of the State Bar shall designate someone to act in his or her 7 that person's behalf. Conduct of a licensee that is being inquired into by the State 8 Bar but that is not the subject of a formal investigation shall not be disclosed to the 9 public. 10 (3) The Chief Trial Counsel or his or her Chief Trial Counsel's designee may 11

waive confidentiality pursuant to Section 6044.5.
(c) Notwithstanding the confidentiality of investigations, the State Bar shall
disclose to any member of the public so inquiring, any information reasonably
available to it pursuant to subdivision (*o*) of Section 6068, and to Sections 6086.7,
6086.8, and 6101, concerning a licensee of the State Bar which that is otherwise a
matter of public record, including civil or criminal filings and dispositions.

18 **Comment.** Section 6086.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 19 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 20 Reports (2019).
- 21 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a grammatical correction.

#### 22 § 6086.5 (amended). State Bar Court

23 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6086.5 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 24 read:

6086.5. (a) The board of trustees shall establish a State Bar Court, to act in its 25 place and stead in the determination of disciplinary and reinstatement proceedings 26 and proceedings pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 6007 to the extent 27 provided by rules adopted by the board of trustees pursuant to this chapter. In these 28 proceedings the State Bar Court may exercise the powers and authority vested in the 29 board of trustees by this chapter, including those powers and that authority vested 30 in committees of, or established by, the board, except as limited by rules of the board 31 of trustees within the scope of this chapter. 32

(b) Access to records of the State Bar Court shall be governed by court rules and
 laws applicable to records of the judiciary and not the California Public Records Act

35 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 36 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

- 37 (c) For the purposes of Sections 6007, 6043, 6049, 6049.2, 6050, 6051, 6052,
- 38 6077 (excluding the first sentence), 6078, 6080, 6081, and 6082, "board" includes
- 39 the State Bar Court.
- 40  $(\underline{d})(\underline{1})$  Nothing in this section shall authorize the State Bar Court to adopt rules of
- 41 professional conduct or rules of procedure.

(2) The Executive Committee of the State Bar Court may adopt rules of practice for the conduct of all proceedings within its jurisdiction. These rules may not conflict with the rules of procedure adopted by the board, unless approved by the Supreme Court.

5 **Comment.** Section 6086.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 6 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 7 Reports (2019).
- 8 The section is also amended to insert subdivision and paragraph labels.

#### 9 § 6090.6 (amended). State Bar access to nonpublic court records in disciplinary proceeding

10 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6090.6 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 11 read:

- 6090.6. In a disciplinary proceeding, the State Bar shall have access, on an ex 12 parte basis, to all nonpublic court records relevant to the competence or performance 13 of its licensees, provided that these records shall remain confidential and shall not 14 be disclosed pursuant to any state law, including, but not limited to, the California 15 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 16 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 17 Code). This access, for investigation and enforcement purposes, shall not be limited 18 by any court order sealing those records, except a court order authorized by Section 19 851.6, 851.7, 851.8, or 851.85 of the Penal Code. The State Bar may disclose 20 publicly the nature and content of those records, including sealed records other than 21 those specified immediately above in this section, after notice of intention to 22 disclose all or a part of the records has been given to the parties in the underlying 23 action. A party to the underlying action who would be adversely affected by the 24 disclosure may serve notice on the State Bar within 10 days of receipt of the notice 25 of intention to disclose the records that it opposes the disclosure and will seek a 26 hearing in the court of competent jurisdiction on an expedited basis. 27
- Comment. Section 6090.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 29 Public Records Ac30 Reports (2019).

### 31 § 6168 (amended). State Bar investigation of law corporation

32 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6168 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

6168. (a) The State Bar may conduct an investigation of the conduct of the
 business of a law corporation.

(b) Upon such that investigation, the Board of Trustees, or a committee authorized 35 by it, shall have power to issue subpoenas, administer oaths, examine witnesses, and 36 compel the production of records, in the same manner as upon an investigation or 37 formal hearing in a disciplinary matter under the State Bar Act. Such The 38 investigation shall be private and confidential and shall not be disclosed pursuant to 39 any state law, including, but not limited to, the California Public Records Act 40 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 41 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), except 42

to the extent that disclosure of facts and information may be required if a cease and
desist order is thereafter issued and subsequent proceedings are had.

3 **Comment.** Section 6168 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

6 The section is also amended to insert subdivision labels and make other technical changes.

7 § 6200 (amended). Arbitration or mediation of dispute over costs or fees

8 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6200 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

9 6200. (a) The board of trustees shall, by rule, establish, maintain, and administer 10 a system and procedure for the arbitration, and may establish, maintain, and 11 administer a system and procedure for mediation of disputes concerning fees, costs, 12 or both, charged for professional services by licensees of the State Bar or by 13 members of the bar of other jurisdictions. The rules may include provision for a 14 filing fee in the amount as the board may, from time to time, determine.

15 (b) This article shall not apply to any of the following:

(1) Disputes where a licensee of the State Bar of California is also admitted to practice in another jurisdiction or where an attorney is only admitted to practice in another jurisdiction, and he or she the attorney maintains no office in the State of California, and no material portion of the services were rendered in the State of

20 California.

(2) Claims for affirmative relief against the attorney for damages or otherwise
 based upon alleged malpractice or professional misconduct, except as provided in
 subdivision (a) of Section 6203.

(3) Disputes where the fee or cost to be paid by the client or on his or her the
 <u>client's</u> behalf has been determined pursuant to statute or court order.

(c) Unless the client has agreed in writing to arbitration under this article of all
disputes concerning fees, costs, or both, arbitration under this article shall be
voluntary for a client and shall be mandatory for an attorney if commenced by a
client. Mediation under this article shall be voluntary for an attorney and a client.

30 (d) The board of trustees shall adopt rules to allow arbitration and mediation of 31 attorney fee and cost disputes under this article to proceed under arbitration and 32 mediation systems sponsored by local bar associations in this state. Rules of 33 procedure promulgated by local bar associations are subject to review by the board 34 or a committee designated by the board to ensure that they provide for a fair, 35 impartial, and speedy hearing and award.

(e) In adopting or reviewing rules of arbitration under this section, the board shall
provide that the panel shall include one attorney member whose area of practice is
either, at the option of the client, civil law, if the attorney's representation involved
civil law, or criminal law, if the attorney's representation involved criminal law, as
follows:

1 (1) If the panel is composed of three members the panel shall include one attorney 2 member whose area of practice is either, at the option of the client, civil or criminal

- 3 law, and shall include one lay member.
- 4 (2) If the panel is composed of one member, that member shall be an attorney 5 whose area of practice is either, at the option of the client, civil or criminal law.
- 6 (f) In any arbitration or mediation conducted pursuant to this article by the State 7 Bar or by a local bar association, pursuant to rules of procedure approved by the 8 board of trustees, an arbitrator or mediator, as well as the arbitrating association and 9 its directors, officers, and employees, shall have the same immunity which that 10 attaches in judicial proceedings.
- 11 (g) In the conduct of arbitrations under this article the arbitrator or arbitrators may 12 do all of the following:
- 13 (1) Take and hear evidence pertaining to the proceeding.
- 14 (2) Administer oaths and affirmations.
- (3) Issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of books,papers, and documents pertaining to the proceeding.
- (h) Participation in mediation is a voluntary consensual process, based on direct 17 negotiations between the attorney and his or her client, and is an extension of the 18 negotiated settlement process. All discussions and offers of settlement are 19 confidential and shall not be disclosed pursuant to any state law, including, but not 20 limited to, the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 21 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 22 Title 1 of the Government Code), and may not be disclosed in any subsequent 23 arbitration or other proceedings. 24
- Comment. Section 6200 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 28 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a grammatical correction.

### 29 § 6232 (amended). Participation in Attorney Diversion and Assistance Program

30 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6232 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 31 6232. (a) The committee shall establish practices and procedures for the 32 acceptance, denial, completion, or termination of attorneys in the Attorney 33 Diversion and Assistance Program, and may recommend rehabilitative criteria for 34 adoption by the board for acceptance, denial, completion of, or termination from, 35 the program.

- (b) An attorney currently under investigation by the State Bar may enter theprogram in the following ways:
- 38 (1) By referral of the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel.
- 39 (2) By referral of the State Bar Court following the initiation of a disciplinary40 proceeding.
- 41 (3) Voluntarily, and in accordance with terms and conditions agreed upon by the
- 42 attorney participant with the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel or upon approval by

the State Bar Court, as long as the investigation is based primarily on the self-1 administration of drugs or alcohol or the illegal possession, prescription, or 2 nonviolent procurement of drugs for self-administration, or on mental illness, and 3 does not involve actual harm to the public or his or her the attorney's clients. An 4 attorney seeking entry under this paragraph may be required to execute an 5 agreement that violations of this chapter, or other statutes that would otherwise be 6 the basis for discipline, may nevertheless be prosecuted if the attorney is terminated 7 from the program for failure to comply with program requirements. 8

9 (c) Neither acceptance into nor participation in the Attorney Diversion and 10 Assistance Program shall relieve the attorney of any lawful duties and obligations 11 otherwise required by any agreements or stipulations with the Office of the Chief 12 Trial Counsel, court orders, or applicable statutes relating to attorney discipline.

(d) An attorney who is not the subject of a current investigation may voluntarily
enter, whether by self-referral or referral by a third party, the diversion and
assistance program on a confidential basis and such that information shall not be
disclosed pursuant to any state law, including, but not limited to, the California
Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
Code). Confidentiality pursuant to this subdivision shall be absolute unless waived

20 by the attorney.

(e) By rules subject to the approval of the board and consistent with the
 requirements of this article, applicants who are in law school or have applied for
 admission to the State Bar may enter the program.

24 **Comment.** Section 6232 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

27 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a technical change.

# 8 6234 (amended). Information provided to or obtained by Attorney Diversion and Assistance Program

30 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6234 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

31 6234. Any information provided to or obtained by the Attorney Diversion and

32 Assistance Program, or any subcommittee or agent thereof, shall be as follows:

33 (a) Confidential and shall not be disclosed pursuant to any state law, including,

but not limited to, the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)

- of Title 1 of the Government Code). This confidentiality shall be absolute unless waived by the attorney.
- 38 (b) Exempt from the provisions of Section 6086.1.
- (c) Not discoverable or admissible in any civil proceeding without the written
   consent of the attorney to whom the information pertains.
- (d) Not discoverable or admissible in any disciplinary proceeding without the
   written consent of the attorney to whom the information pertains.

(e) Except with respect to the provisions of subdivision (d) of Section 6232, the 1 limitations on the disclosure and admissibility of information in this section shall 2 not apply to information relating to an attorney's noncooperation with, or 3 unsuccessful completion of, the Attorney Diversion and Assistance Program, or any 4 subcommittee or agent thereof, or to information otherwise obtained by the Office 5 of the Chief Trial Counsel, by independent means, or from any other lawful source. 6 Comment. Section 6234 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 7 8 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 9 Reports (2019).

10 § 7071.18 (amended). Licensee's duty to report to registrar

11 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7071.18 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 12 read:

7071.18. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a licensee shall report to the registrar
in writing the occurrence of any of the following within 90 days after the licensee
obtains knowledge of the event:

16 (1) The conviction of the licensee for any felony.

(2) The conviction of the licensee for any other crime that is substantially relatedto the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed contractor.

(b)(1) The board shall consult with licensees, consumers, and other interested 19 stakeholders in order to prepare a study of judgments, arbitration awards, and 20 settlements that were the result of claims for construction defects for rental 21 residential units and, by January 1, 2018, shall report to the Legislature the results 22 of this study to determine if the board's ability to protect the public as described in 23 Section 7000.6 would be enhanced by regulations requiring licensees to report 24 judgments, arbitration awards, or settlement payments of those claims. Participation 25 by licensees and consumers shall be voluntary. The study shall include, but not be 26 limited to, criteria used by insurers or others to differentiate between settlements 27 that are for nuisance value and those that are not, whether settlement information or 28 other information can help identify licensees who may be subject to an enforcement 29 action, if there is a way to separate subcontractors from general contractors when 30 identifying licensees who may be subject to an enforcement action, whether 31 reporting should be limited to settlements resulting from construction defects that 32 resulted in death or injury, the practice of other boards within the department, and 33 any other criteria considered reasonable by the board. The board shall submit the 34 report to the Legislature in accordance with Section 9795 of the Government Code. 35 (2) Records or documents obtained by the board during the course of 36 implementing this subdivision that are exempt from public disclosure under the 37 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 38 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 39 Government Code) shall remain exempt from disclosure pursuant to that act. 40 Comment. Section 7071.18 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 41 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 42

43 Reports (2019).

#### 1 § 7125 (amended). Certificates, reporting, and related matters

SEC. . Section 7125 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 2 7125. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), the board shall require as a 3 condition precedent to the issuance, reinstatement, reactivation, renewal, or 4 continued maintenance of a license, that the applicant or licensee have on file at all 5 times a current and valid Certificate of Workers' Compensation Insurance or 6 Certification of Self-Insurance in the applicant's or licensee's business name. A 7 Certificate of Workers' Compensation Insurance shall be issued and filed, 8 electronically or otherwise, by an insurer duly licensed to write workers' 9 compensation insurance in this state. A Certification of Self-Insurance shall be 10 issued and filed by the Director of Industrial Relations. If reciprocity conditions 11 exist, as provided in Section 3600.5 of the Labor Code, the registrar shall require 12 the information deemed necessary to ensure compliance with this section. 13

(b) This section does not apply to an applicant or licensee who meets both of thefollowing conditions:

(1) Has no employees provided that he or she the applicant or licensee files a
statement with the board on a form prescribed by the registrar prior to the issuance,
reinstatement, reactivation, or continued maintenance of a license, certifying that he
or she the applicant or licensee does not employ any person in any manner so as to
become subject to the workers' compensation laws of California or is not otherwise
required to provide for workers' compensation insurance coverage under California
law.
(2) Does not hold a C-39 license, as defined in Section 832 39 of Title 16 of the

(2) Does not hold a C-39 license, as defined in Section 832.39 of Title 16 of the
California Code of Regulations.

(c) No Certificate of Workers' Compensation Insurance, Certification of Self Insurance, or exemption certificate is required of a holder of a license that has been
 inactivated on the official records of the board during the period the license is
 inactive.

(d)(1) The insurer, including the State Compensation Insurance Fund, shall report
to the registrar the following information for any policy required under this section:
name, license number, policy number, dates that coverage is scheduled to
commence and lapse, and cancellation date if applicable.

(2) A workers' compensation insurer shall also report to the registrar a licensee
 whose workers' compensation insurance policy is canceled by the insurer if all of
 the following conditions are met:

36 (A) The insurer has completed a premium audit or investigation.

(B) A material misrepresentation has been made by the insured that results infinancial harm to the insurer.

39 (C) No reimbursement has been paid by the insured to the insurer.

(3) Willful or deliberate disregard and violation of workers' compensation
 insurance laws constitutes a cause for disciplinary action by the registrar against the

42 licensee.

(e)(1) For any license that, on January 1, 2013, is active and includes a C-39 1 classification in addition to any other classification, the registrar shall, in lieu of the 2 automatic license suspension otherwise required under this article, remove the C-39 3 classification from the license unless a valid Certificate of Workers' Compensation 4 Insurance or Certification of Self-Insurance is received by the registrar. 5 (2) For any licensee whose license, after January 1, 2013, is active and has had 6 the C-39 classification removed as provided in paragraph (1), and who is found by 7 the registrar to have employees and to lack a valid Certificate of Workers' 8 Compensation Insurance or Certification of Self-Insurance, that license shall be 9 automatically suspended as required under this article. 10 (f) The information reported pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) shall be 11 confidential, and shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public 12 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 13

14 <u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code).

15 Comment. Section 7125 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 16 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

17 Reports (2019).

18 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 19 § 9882.6 (amended). Enforcement program to investigate violations

20 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 9882.6 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 21 read:

9882.6. (a) There is in the department an enforcement program that shall
investigate violations of this chapter and the Motor Vehicle Inspection and
Maintenance Program (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 44000) of Part 5 of
Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code) and any regulations adopted thereunder.

(b)(1) When purchasing undercover vehicles to be used for evidentiary purposes as part of the investigation, the department may purchase motor vehicles of various makes, models, and condition. These acquisitions shall be exempt from the following requirements:

(A) Chapter 5.5 (commencing with Section 8350) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the
 Government Code.

(B) Section 12990 of the Government Code and any applicable regulations
 promulgated thereunder.

34 (C) Subdivision (a) of Section 13332.09 of the Government Code.

(D) Section 14841 of the Government Code and subdivision (d) of Section 999.5
 of the Military and Veterans Code.

37 (E) Sections 2010, 10286.1, 10295.1, 10295.3, 10295.35, 10296, and 12205 and

Article 13 (commencing with Section 10475) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 2
 of the Public Contract Code.

40 (F) Section 42480 of the Public Resources Code.

41 (2) After purchase, the department may prepare the vehicle for use in an 42 investigation by disabling, modifying, or otherwise changing the vehicle's emission

control system components or any other part or parts of the vehicle. To complete 1 the investigation, the department may purchase or attempt to purchase repairs, 2 services, or parts from those entities licensed or registered by the department. The 3 funds for the preparation and purchases shall be not subject to the monetary limit 4 specified in Section 16404 of the Government Code, but the department shall 5 comply with all other provisions of that section. The department shall implement 6 the safeguards necessary to ensure the proper use and disbursement of funds utilized 7 pursuant to this section. These expenses may be paid out of the Consumer Affairs 8 Fund established pursuant to Section 204. 9

(3) Vehicles acquired pursuant to this subdivision shall be exempt from
 requirements established pursuant to Chapter 8.3 (commencing with Section 25722)
 of Division 15 of the Public Resources Code.

(4) The department shall maintain an inventory of these vehicles and provide
 semiannual fleet reports to the Department of General Services including, but not
 limited to, the vehicle's identification number, equipment number, and acquisition
 and disposal information.

- (5) Records associated with these vehicles shall be exempt from disclosure
   pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
   Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of
- 20 Title 1 of the Government Code).

Comment. Section 9882.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

24 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

#### 25 § 10083.2 (amended). Information for Real Estate Commissioner to provide on internet

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10083.2 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 27 read:

10083.2. (a)(1) The commissioner shall provide on the Internet internet 28 information regarding the status of every license issued by the department in 29 accordance with the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 30 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 31 Title 1 of the Government Code) and the Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 32 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil 33 Code). 34 (2) The public information to be provided on the Internet internet shall include 35 information on suspensions and revocations of licenses issued by the department 36

and accusations filed pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) relative to persons or businesses subject to licensure or regulation by the department.

(3) The public information shall not include personal information, including home
 telephone number, date of birth, or social security number. The commissioner shall

disclose a licensee's address of record. However, the commissioner shall allow a 1 licensee to provide a post office box number or other alternate address, instead of 2 his or her the licensee's home address, as the address of record. This section shall 3 not preclude the commissioner from also requiring a licensee who has provided a 4 post office box number or other alternative mailing address as his or her the 5 licensee's address of record to provide a physical business address or residence 6 address only for the department's internal administrative use and not for disclosure 7 as the licensee's address of record or disclosure on the Internet internet. 8

9 (4) The public information shall also include whether a licensee is an associate 10 licensee within the meaning of subdivision (b) of Section 2079.13 of the Civil Code 11 and, if the associate licensee is a broker, identify each responsible broker with whom 12 the licensee is contractually associated as described in Section 10032 of this code 13 or Section 2079.13 of the Civil Code.

(b) For purposes of this section, <u>"Internet"</u> <u>"internet"</u> has the meaning set forth in
 paragraph (6) of subdivision (f) of Section 17538.

(c) Upon petition by a licensee accompanied by a fee sufficient to defray costs 16 associated with consideration of a petition, as described in Section 10223, the 17 commissioner may remove from the posting of discipline described in subdivision 18 (a) an item that has been posted on the bureau's Internet Web site internet website 19 for no less than 10 years and for which the licensee provides evidence of 20 rehabilitation indicating that the notice is no longer required in order to prevent a 21 credible risk to members of the public utilizing licensed activity of the licensee. In 22 evaluating a petition, the commissioner shall take into consideration other violations 23 that present a credible risk to the members of the public since the posting of 24 discipline requested for removal. 25

(d) The bureau may develop, through regulations, the amount of the fee and the
minimum information to be included in a licensee's petition, including, but not
limited to, a written justification and evidence of rehabilitation pursuant to Section
482.

(e) "Posted" for purposes of this section is defined as the date of disciplinary
 action taken by the bureau.

(f) The petition process described in subdivisions (c) and (d) shall commenceJanuary 1, 2018.

(g) The bureau shall maintain a list of all licensees whose disciplinary records are altered as a result of a petition approved under subdivision (c). The bureau shall make the list accessible to other licensing bodies. The bureau shall update and provide the list to other licensing bodies as often as it modifies the records displayed on its Internet Web site internet website in response to petitions approved under subdivision (c).

40 (h) This section shall become operative January 1, 2018.

41 **Comment.** Section 10083.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

42 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 43 Reports \_\_ (2019).

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1 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes.

#### 2 § 10141.6 (amended). Report of real estate broker regarding escrows

3 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10141.6 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 4 read:

10141.6. (a) A real estate broker who engages in escrow activities for five or more 5 transactions in a calendar year pursuant to the exemption from the Escrow Law 6 contained in Section 17006 of the Financial Code, or whose escrow activities 7 pursuant to that exemption equal or exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in a 8 calendar year, shall file with the department a report, within 60 days following the 9 completion of the calendar year, documenting the number of escrows conducted and 10 the dollar volume escrowed during the calendar year in which the threshold was 11 met. This report shall be made on a form acceptable to the commissioner. 12

(b) A real estate broker subject to this section and Section 10232.2 may file
 consolidated reports that include all of the information required under this section
 and Section 10232.2. Those consolidated reports shall clearly indicate that they are
 intended to satisfy the requirements of both sections.

17 (c) A real estate broker who fails to submit the report required pursuant to 18 subdivision (a) shall be assessed a penalty of fifty dollars (\$50) per day for each day 19 the report has not been received by the department, up to and including the 30th day 20 after the first day of the assessment penalty. On and after the 31st day, the penalty 21 shall be one hundred dollars (\$100) per day, not to exceed a total penalty of ten 22 thousand dollars (\$10,000), regardless of the number of days, until the department 23 receives the report.

(d) The commissioner may suspend or revoke the license of a real estate broker
who fails to pay a penalty imposed pursuant to this section. In addition, the
commissioner may bring an action in an appropriate court of this state to collect
payment of that penalty.

(e) All penalties paid or collected under this section shall be deposited into the
Recovery Account of the Real Estate Fund and shall, upon appropriation by the
Legislature, be available for expenditure for the purposes specified in Chapter 6.5
(commencing with Section 10470).

(f) The reports described in this section are exempted from any requirement of
 public disclosure by paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 6254 subdivision
 (b) of Section 7929.000 of the Government Code.

- 35 (g) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2012.
- 36 **Comment.** Section 10141.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 37 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 38 Reports (2019).

### 39 § 10166.07 (amended). Business activities report of real estate broker

- 40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10166.07 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to
- 41 read:

10166.07. (a) A real estate broker who acts pursuant to Section 10131.1 or 1 subdivision (d) or (e) of Section 10131, and who makes, arranges, or services one 2 or more loans in a calendar year that are secured by real property containing one to 3 four residential units, shall annually file a business activities report, within 90 days 4 after the end of the broker's fiscal year or within any additional time as the 5 commissioner may allow for filing for good cause. The report shall contain within 6 its scope all of the following information for the fiscal year, relative to the business 7 activities of the broker and those of any other brokers and real estate salespersons 8 acting under that broker's supervision: 9

(1) Name and license number of the supervising broker and names and license
 numbers of the real estate brokers and salespersons under that broker's supervision.
 The report shall include brokers and salespersons who were under the supervising
 broker's supervision for all or part of the year.

(2) A list of the real estate-related activities in which the supervising broker and
 the brokers and salespersons under the supervising broker's supervision engaged
 during the prior year. This listing shall identify all of the following:

17 (A) Activities relating to mortgages, including arranging, making, or servicing.

(B) Other activities performed under the real estate broker's or salesperson'slicense.

(C) Activities performed under related licenses, including, but not limited to, a
license to engage as a finance lender or a finance broker under the California
Financing Law (Division 9 (commencing with Section 22000) of the Financial
Code), or a license to engage as a residential mortgage lender or residential
mortgage loan servicer under the California Residential Mortgage Lending Act
(Division 20 (commencing with Section 50000) of the Financial Code).

(3) A list of the forms of media used by the broker and those under the broker's
supervision to advertise to the public, including print, radio, television, the internet,
or other means.

29 (4) For fixed rate loans made, brokered, or serviced, all of the following:

30 (A) The total number, aggregate principal amount, lowest interest rate, highest 31 interest rate, and a list of the institutional lenders of record. If the loan was funded 32 by any lender other than an institutional lender, the broker shall categorize the loan 33 as privately funded.

(B) The total number and aggregate principal amount of covered loans, as definedin Section 4970 of the Financial Code.

- 36 (C) The total number and aggregate principal amount of loans for which Bureau
   37 of Real Estate form RE Form 885 or an equivalent is required.
- 38 (5) For adjustable rate loans made, brokered, or serviced, all of the following:
- 39 (A) The total number, aggregate principal amount, lowest beginning interest rate,
- 40 highest beginning interest rate, highest margin, and a list of the institutional lenders
- 41 of record. If the loan was funded by any lender other than an institutional lender, the
- 42 broker shall categorize the loan as privately funded.

(B) The total number and aggregate principal amount of covered loans, as defined
 in Section 4970 of the Financial Code.

3 (C) The total number and aggregate principal amount of loans for which Bureau
4 of Real Estate form RE Form 885 or an equivalent is required.

(6) For all loans made, brokered, or serviced, the total number and aggregate
principal amount of loans funded by institutional lenders, and the total number and
aggregate principal amount of loans funded by private lenders.

8 (7) For all loans made, brokered, or serviced, the total number and aggregate 9 principal amount of loans that included a prepayment penalty, the minimum 10 prepayment penalty length, the maximum prepayment penalty length, and the 11 number of loans with prepayment penalties whose length exceeded the length of 12 time before the borrower's loan payment amount could increase.

(8) For all loans brokered, the total compensation received by the broker,
 including yield spread premiums, commissions, and rebates, but excluding
 compensation used to pay fees for third-party services on behalf of the borrower.

(9) For all mortgage loans made or brokered, the total number of loans for which
 a mortgage loan disclosure statement was provided in a language other than English,
 and the number of forms provided per language other than English.

(10) For all mortgage loans serviced, the total amount of funds advanced to beapplied toward a payment to protect the security of the note being serviced.

(11) For purposes of this section, an institutional lender has the meaning specified
 in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 10232.

(b) A broker subject to this section and Section 10232.2 may file consolidated
reports that include all of the information required under this section and Section
10232.2. Those consolidated reports shall clearly indicate that they are intended to
satisfy the requirements of both sections.

(c) If a broker subject to this section fails to timely file the report required under 27 this section, the commissioner may cause an examination and report to be made and 28 may charge the broker one and one-half times the cost of making the examination 29 and report. In determining the hourly cost incurred by the commissioner for 30 conducting an examination and preparing the report, the commissioner may use the 31 estimated average hourly cost for all department audit staff performing audits of real 32 estate brokers. If a broker fails to pay the commissioner's cost within 60 days of the 33 mailing of a notice of billing, the commissioner may suspend the broker's license 34 or deny renewal of that license. The suspension or denial shall remain in effect until 35 the billed amount is paid or the broker's right to renew a license has expired. The 36 commissioner may maintain an action for the recovery of the billed amount in any 37 court of competent jurisdiction. 38

(d) The report described in this section is exempted from any requirement of
public disclosure by paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 6254 subdivision
(b) of Section 7929.000 of the Government Code.

42 (e) The commissioner may waive the requirement to submit certain information
 43 described in paragraphs (1) to (10), inclusive, of subdivision (a) if the commissioner

1 determines that this information is duplicative of information required by the

Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, pursuant to Section
 10166.08.

4 Comment. Section 10166.07 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports (2019).

7 § 10166.11 (amended). Records of real estate broker or salesperson acting under real estate

8 broker

9 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10166.11 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 10 read:

10166.11. (a) A real estate broker who acts pursuant to Section 10131.1 or 11 subdivision (d) or (e) of Section 10131 and who makes, arranges, or services loans 12 secured by real property containing one to four residential units, shall keep 13 documents and records that will properly enable the commissioner to determine 14 whether the residential mortgage brokerage, servicing, and lending functions 15 performed by the broker comply with this division and with all applicable rules and 16 orders made by the commissioner. These documents shall include, at a minimum, 17 the documents described in Section 10148. Upon request of the commissioner, a 18 real estate broker shall file an authorization for disclosure to the commissioner of 19 financial records of his or her the broker's licensed business pursuant to Section 20 7473 of the Government Code. 21

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of Section 10148, the business documents 22 and records of real estate brokers described in subdivision (a) and real estate 23 salespersons acting under those brokers are subject to inspection and examination 24 or audit by the commissioner, at his or her the commissioner's discretion, after 25 reasonable notice. That real estate broker or salesperson shall, upon request by the 26 commissioner and within the time period specified in that request, allow the 27 commissioner, or his or her the commissioner's authorized representative, to inspect 28 and copy any business documents and records. The commissioner may suspend or 29 revoke the license of the broker or salesperson if he or she that person fails to 30 produce documents or records within the time period specified in the request. 31

(c) Inspection and examination or audit reports prepared by the commissioner's
 duly designated representatives pursuant to this section are not public records.
 Those reports may be disclosed to the officers or directors of a licensee that is the
 subject of the report for the purpose of corrective action. That disclosure shall not
 operate as a waiver of the exemption specified in subdivision (d) of Section 6254
 Section 7929.000 of the Government Code.

38 Comment. Section 10166.11 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

41 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

1 § 10232.2 (amended). Reports to be filed by real estate broker

2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10232.2 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 3 read:

10232.2. A real estate broker who meets the criteria of subdivision (a) of Section
10232 shall annually file the reports referred to in subdivisions (a) and (c) with the
Bureau of Real Estate within 90 days after the end of the broker's fiscal year or
within any additional time as the Real Estate Commissioner may allow for filing for
good cause:

9 (a) The report of a review by a licensed California independent public accountant 10 of trust fund financial statements, conducted in accordance with generally accepted 11 accounting practices, which shall include within its scope the following information 12 for the fiscal year relative to the business activities of the broker described in 13 subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 10131:

(1) The receipt and disposition of all funds of others to be applied to the makingof loans and the purchasing of promissory notes or real property sales contracts.

16 (2) The receipt and disposition of all funds of others in connection with the 17 servicing by the broker of the accounts of owners of promissory notes and real 18 property sales contracts including installment payments and loan or contract payoffs 19 by obligors.

(3) A statement as of the end of the fiscal year year, which shall include an
itemized trust fund accounting of the broker and confirmation that the trust funds
are on deposit in an account or accounts maintained by the broker in a financial
institution.

(b) A broker who meets the criteria of Section 10232, but who, in carrying on the 24 activities described in subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 10131, has not during a 25 fiscal year, accepted for the benefit of a person to whom the broker is a trustee, any 26 payment or remittance in a form convertible to cash by the broker, need not comply 27 with the provisions of subdivision (a). In lieu thereof, the broker shall submit to the 28 commissioner within 30 days after the end of the broker's fiscal year or, within any 29 additional time as the commissioner may allow for a filing for good cause, a 30 notarized statement under penalty of perjury on a form provided by the bureau 31 attesting to the fact that the broker did not receive any trust funds in cash or 32 convertible to cash during the fiscal year. 33

(c) A report of all of the following aspects of the business conducted by the broker
while engaging in activities described in subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 10131
and in Section 10131.1:

(1) Number and aggregate dollar amount of loan, trust deed sales, and realproperty sales contract transactions negotiated.

39 (2) Number and aggregate dollar amount of promissory notes and contracts40 serviced by the broker or an affiliate of the broker.

(3) Number and aggregate dollar amount of late payment charges, prepayment
 penalties, and other fees or charges collected and retained by the broker under
 servicing agreements with beneficiaries and obligees.

1 (4) Default and foreclosure experience in connection with promissory notes and 2 contracts subject to servicing agreements between the broker and beneficiaries or 3 obligees.

4 (5) Commissions received by the broker for services performed as agent in 5 negotiating loans and sales of promissory notes and real property sales contracts.

- 6 (6) Aggregate costs and expenses as referred to in Section 10241 paid by 7 borrowers to the broker.
- (d) The commissioner shall adopt regulations prescribing the form and content of
   the report referred to in subdivision (c) with appropriate categories to afford a better
   understanding of the business conducted by the broker.

(e) If the broker fails to file either of the reports required under subdivisions (a) 11 and (c) within the time permitted herein, the commissioner may cause an 12 examination and report to be made and may charge the broker one and one-half 13 times the cost of making the examination and report. In determining the hourly cost 14 incurred by the commissioner for conducting an examination and preparing the 15 report, the commissioner may use the estimated average hourly cost for all 16 department audit staff performing audits of real estate brokers. If a broker fails to 17 pay the above amount within 60 days of the mailing of a notice of billing, the 18 commissioner may suspend the broker's license or deny renewal of the broker's 19 license. The suspension or denial shall remain in effect until the above amount is 20 paid or the broker's right to renew a license has expired. The commissioner may 21 maintain an action for the recovery of the above amount in any court of competent 22 jurisdiction. 23

(f) The reports referred to in subdivisions (a) and (c) are exempted from any
requirement of public disclosure by paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 6254
<u>subdivision (b) of Section 7929.000</u> of the Government Code. The commissioner
shall annually make and file as a public record, a composite of the annual reports
and any comments thereon which that are deemed to be in the public interest.

- Comment. Section 10232.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports (2019).
- 32 The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections.

# \$ 11317.2 (amended). Information for Bureau of Real Estate Appraisers to provide on Internet

- 11317.2. (a)(1) In addition to publishing the summary required by Section 11317,
- the bureau shall provide on the Internet information regarding the status of

<sup>39</sup> every license and registration issued by the bureau in accordance with the California

- 40 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
- 41 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
- 42 Code) and the Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11317.2 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code). The public 1 information to be provided on the Internet internet shall include information on 2 suspensions and revocations of licenses and registrations issued by the bureau and 3 accusations filed pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 4 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the 5 Government Code) relative to persons or businesses subject to licensure, 6 registration, or regulation by the bureau. The information shall not include personal 7 information, including home telephone number, date of birth, or social security 8 number. The bureau shall disclose a licensee's or registrant's address of record. 9 However, the bureau shall allow a licensee or registrant to provide a post office box 10 number or other alternate address, instead of his or her the licensee's home address, 11 as the address of record. This section shall not preclude the bureau from also 12 requiring a licensee or registrant who has provided a post office box number or other 13 alternative mailing address as his or her the licensee's address of record to provide 14 a physical business address or residence address only for the bureau's internal 15 administrative use and not for disclosure as the licensee's or registrant's address of 16 record or disclosure on the Internet internet. 17 (2) In addition to the information required by subdivision (a), the bureau shall 18 provide, on the Internet internet, the continuing education course information 19 provided by a licensee when an individual applies for licensure renewal. 20 (b) The bureau shall not provide on the Internet internet identifying information 21 with respect to private reprovals or letters of warning, which shall remain 22 confidential. 23 (c) For purposes of this section, "Internet" "internet" has the meaning set forth in 24 paragraph (6) of subdivision (f) of Section 17538. 25 Comment. Section 11317.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 26 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 27 Reports (2019). 28 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes. 29 § 17594 (amended). Information relating to California phone number on "do not call" list 30 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 17594 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 31 32 read: 17594. Any information regarding any California telephone number which that 33 appears on the "do not call" list in the possession of the Attorney General, whether 34 obtained from the Federal Trade Commission or submitted to the Attorney General 35 by a subscriber for inclusion in the "do not call" list, shall not be disclosed pursuant 36 to a request made under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 37 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 38 Code and shall also be privileged under Section 1040 of the Evidence Code. 39 Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this section prevents the Attorney 40 General from providing a certificate stating whether a specific telephone number 41

was on the "do not call" list that was effective on the specified date or range of dates in response to: (a) An inquiry from any law enforcement agency that is investigating, prosecuting, or responding to an allegation of a violation of this article. (b) An inquiry from an individual who is investigating or litigating an alleged violation of this article and who seeks the certificate regarding his or her the individual's telephone number or to an inquiry from the person who is responding to the allegation. Comment. Section 17594 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a grammatical correction. § 19819 (amended). Conduct of business of California Gambling Control Commission SEC. . Section 19819 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read: 19819. (a) The commission shall establish and maintain a general office for the transaction of its business in Sacramento. The commission may hold meetings at any place within the state when the interests of the public may be better served. (b) A public record of every vote shall be maintained at the commission's principal office. (c) A majority of the membership of the commission is a quorum of the commission. The concurring vote of three members of the commission shall be required for any official action of the commission or for the exercise of any of the commission's duties, powers, or functions. (d) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code applies to meetings of the commission. Notwithstanding Section 11125.1 of the Government Code, documents, which are filed with the commission by the department for the purpose of evaluating the qualifications of an applicant, are exempt from disclosure under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code.

33 **Comment.** Section 19819 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 34 35

Reports (2019).

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#### § 19821 (amended). Recordkeeping, confidentiality, and disclosure 36

SEC. . Section 19821 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 37 read: 38

19821. (a) The commission shall cause to be made and kept a record of all 39 proceedings at regular and special meetings of the commission. These records shall 40

be open to public inspection. 41

(b) The department shall maintain a file of all applications for licenses under this
 chapter. The commission shall maintain a record of all actions taken with respect to
 those applications. The file and record shall be open to public inspection.

4 (c) The department and commission may maintain any other files and records as
5 they deem appropriate. Except as provided in this chapter, the records of the
6 department and commission are exempt from disclosure under Chapter 3.5
7 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
8 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code.

9 (d) Except as necessary for the administration of this chapter, no commissioner 10 and no official, employee, or agent of the commission or the department, having 11 obtained access to confidential records or information in the performance of duties 12 pursuant to this chapter, shall knowingly disclose or furnish the records or 13 information, or any part thereof, to any person who is not authorized by law to 14 receive it. A violation of this subdivision is a misdemeanor.

(e) Notwithstanding subdivision (k) of Section 1798.24 of the Civil Code, a court shall not compel disclosure of personal information in the possession of the department or the commission to any person in any civil proceeding wherein the department or the commission is not a party, except for good cause and upon a showing that the information cannot otherwise be obtained. This section shall not authorize the disclosure of personal information that is otherwise exempt from disclosure.

Comment. Section 19821 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 25 § 22954 (amended). Names and addresses of recipients of tobacco products

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 22954 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 27 read:

22954. (a) Any cigarette or tobacco products distributor or wholesaler as defined 28 in Sections 30011 and 30016 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and licensed under 29 Article 1 (commencing with Section 30140) of Chapter 3 of Part 13 of Division 2 30 of the Revenue and Taxation Code or Article 3 (commencing with Section 30155) 31 of Chapter 3 of Part 13 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and any 32 cigarette vending machine operator granted a seller's permit under the Sales and 33 Use Tax Law (Part 1 (commencing with Section 6001) of Division 2 of the Revenue 34 and Taxation Code), shall annually provide to the State Department of Health 35 Services, the names and addresses of those persons to whom they provide tobacco 36 products, including, but not limited to, dealers as defined in Section 30012 of the 37 Revenue and Taxation Code, for the purpose of identifying retailers of tobacco to 38 ensure compliance with this division. 39

40 (b) Cigarette vending machine operators granted a seller's permit under the Sales

41 and Use Tax Law (Part 1 (commencing with Section 6001) of Division 2 of the

42 Revenue and Taxation Code), shall annually provide to the department their name

and the address of each location where cigarette vending machines are placed, in
order to ensure compliance with this division.

3 (c) The data provided, pursuant to this section, shall be deemed confidential

4 official information by the department and shall be exempt from disclosure under

5 the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

6 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the
7 Government Code).

- 8 Comment. Section 22954 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   9 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   10 Reports (2019).
- 11 The section is also amended to insert subdivision labels.

## \$ 22979.24 (amended). Monthly report of tobacco manufacturer or importer to State Board of Equalization

14 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 22979.24 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 15 read:

16 22979.24. (a) Every manufacturer or importer holding a license pursuant to 17 Section 22979.21 shall file a monthly report to the board, in a manner specified by 18 the board, which may include, but is not limited to, electronic media. The monthly 19 report shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

- 20 (1) A list of all distributors licensed pursuant to Section 22975 to which the 21 manufacturer or importer shipped its tobacco products or caused its tobacco 22 products to be shipped.
- 23 (2) The total wholesale cost of the products.

(b) The board may suspend the license or revoke the license, pursuant to the provisions applicable to the revocation of a license set forth in Section 30148 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, of any importer or any manufacturer that has failed to comply with the requirements of this section.

(c) All information and records provided to the board pursuant to subdivision (a)
are confidential in nature and shall not be disclosed by the board. Information
required under subdivision (a) are not public records under the California Public
Records Act, as described in Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of
Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the
Government Code and shall not be open to public inspection.

(d) The amendments made to this section by the act adding this subdivision shallbecome operative May 1, 2007.

36 Comment. Section 22979.24 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 39 § 25205 (amended). Label requirement

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25205 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to

41 read:

25205. (a) Any container of beer or alcoholic beverage, other than sake, that is 1 approved for labeling as a malt beverage under the Federal Alcohol Administration 2 Act (27 U.S.C. Sec. 201 et seq.), that derives 0.5 percent or more of its alcoholic 3 content by volume from flavors or other ingredients containing distilled alcohol and 4 that is sold by a manufacturer or importer to a wholesaler or retailer within this state 5 on or after July 1, 2009, shall bear a distinctive, conspicuous, and prominently 6 displayed label, or firmly affixed sticker, containing the following information: 7 (1) The percentage alcohol content of the beverage by volume. 8 (2) The phrase "CONTAINS ALCOHOL" in bold capitalized letters at least three 9

millimeters in height and that is distinguishable from the background and placed
conspicuously in either horizontal or vertical lettering on the front of the brand label.
A firmly affixed sticker need not be placed on the brand label provided it is placed
on the front of the container.

(b) The department may require licensees to submit information as it determines 14 to be necessary, and may adopt regulations as may be required, to implement and 15 enforce this section. The regulations shall be for the limited purpose of ensuring 16 compliance with this section and shall not place additional requirements on the label 17 or sticker required by this section. Any information required to be provided by any 18 licensee to the department pursuant to this section shall be considered confidential 19 and corporate proprietary information. This information shall not be subject to 20 disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 21 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 22 Title 1 of the Government Code). 23

- (c) It is the exclusive purpose of this section to identify and specially label products described in subdivision (a) and not to classify these specially labeled products. Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit the classification of any product in a manner that is inconsistent with the definitions of beer, wine, and distilled spirits set forth in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 23000) of this division.
- Comment. Section 25205 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 26067 (amended). Track and trace program for movement of cannabis and cannabis products

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 26067 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

<sup>37</sup> 26067. (a) The department, in consultation with the bureau, shall establish a track

and trace program for reporting the movement of cannabis and cannabis products

throughout the distribution chain that utilizes a unique identifier pursuant to Section

40 26069, secure packaging, and is capable of providing information that captures, at

- 41 a minimum, all of the following:
- 42 (1) The licensee receiving the product.

- 1 (2) The transaction date.
- 2 (3) The cultivator from which the product originates, including the associated
  3 unique identifier pursuant to Section 26069.
- 4 (b)(1) The department, in consultation with the California Department of Tax and
- 5 Fee Administration, shall create an electronic database containing the electronic
- 6 shipping manifests to facilitate the administration of the track and trace program,
- 7 which shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
- 8 (A) The variety and quantity or weight of products shipped.
- 9 (B) The estimated times of departure and arrival.
- 10 (C) The variety and quantity or weight of products received.
- 11 (D) The actual time of departure and arrival.
- 12 (E) A categorization of the product.
- (F) The license number and the unique identifier pursuant to Section 26069 issued
  by the licensing authority for all licensees involved in the shipping process,
  including, but not limited to, cultivators, manufacturers, distributors, and
  dispensaries.
- (2)(A) The database shall be designed to flag irregularities for all licensing
  authorities in this division to investigate. All licensing authorities pursuant to this
  division may access the database and share information related to licensees under
  this chapter, including social security and individual taxpayer identifications
  notwithstanding Section 30.
- (B) The department shall immediately inform the bureau upon the finding of an
   irregularity or suspicious finding related to a licensee, applicant, or commercial
   cannabis activity for investigatory purposes.
- (3) Licensing authorities and state and local agencies may, at any time, inspect
   shipments and request documentation for current inventory.
- (4) The bureau shall have 24-hour access to the electronic database administered
  by the department. The California Department of Tax and Fee Administration shall
  have read access to the electronic database for the purpose of taxation and regulation
  of cannabis and cannabis products.
- (5) The department shall be authorized to enter into memoranda of understandings
   with licensing authorities for data sharing purposes, as deemed necessary by the
   department.
- (6) Information received and contained in records kept by the department or
  licensing authorities for the purposes of administering this chapter are confidential
  and shall not be disclosed pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter
  3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
  Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), except as necessary for
  authorized employees of the State of California or any city, county, or city and
  county to perform official duties pursuant to this division or a local ordinance.
- 41 (7) Upon the request of a state or local law enforcement agency, licensing 42 authorities shall allow access to or provide information contained within the

1 database to assist law enforcement in their duties and responsibilities pursuant to 2 this division.

3 **Comment.** Section 26067 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

4 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

5 Reports (2019).

§ 26162 (amended). Information identifying names of patients, their medical conditions, or
 names of their primary caregivers

8 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 26162 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to 9 read:

10 26162. (a) Information identifying the names of patients, their medical conditions,

11 or the names of their primary caregivers received and contained in records kept by

the office or licensing authorities for the purposes of administering this chapter are confidential and shall not be disclosed pursuant to the California Public Records Act

14 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10

15 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), except

as necessary for authorized employees of the State of California or any city, county,
 or city and county to perform official duties pursuant to this chapter, or a local
 ordinance.

(b) Information identifying the names of patients, their medical conditions, or the
names of their primary caregivers received and contained in records kept by the
bureau for the purposes of administering this chapter shall be maintained in
accordance with Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 123100) of Part 1 of Division
106 of the Health and Safety Code, Part 2.6 (commencing with Section 56) of
Division 1 of the Civil Code, and other state and federal laws relating to confidential
patient information.

26 (c) Nothing in this section precludes the following:

(1) Employees of the bureau or any licensing authorities notifying state or local
agencies about information submitted to the agency that the employee suspects is
falsified or fraudulent.

30 (2) Notifications from the bureau or any licensing authorities to state or local
 31 agencies about apparent violations of this chapter or applicable local ordinance.

(3) Verification of requests by state or local agencies to confirm licenses and
 certificates issued by the regulatory authorities or other state agency.

(4) Provision of information requested pursuant to a court order or subpoena
 issued by a court or an administrative agency or local governing body authorized by
 law to issue subpoenas.

(d) Information shall not be disclosed by any state or local agency beyond what is
 necessary to achieve the goals of a specific investigation, notification, or the
 parameters of a specific court order or subpoena.

40 **Comment.** Section 26162 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

41 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 42 Reports (2019)

42 Reports (2019).

CIVIL CODE 1 § 1670.9 (amended). Housing or detention of noncitizens in locked detention facility for 2 3 purposes of civil immigration custody SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1670.9 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 4 1670.9. (a) A city, county, city and county, or local law enforcement agency that 5 does not, as of January 1, 2018, have a contract with the federal government or any 6 federal agency or a private corporation to house or detain noncitizens for purposes 7 of civil immigration custody, shall not, on and after January 1, 2018, enter into a 8 contract with the federal government or any federal agency or a private corporation, 9 to house or detain in a locked detention facility noncitizens for purposes of civil 10 immigration custody. 11 (b) A city, county, city and county, or local law enforcement agency that, as of 12 January 1, 2018, has an existing contract with the federal government or any federal 13 agency or a private corporation to detain noncitizens for purposes of civil 14 immigration custody, shall not, on and after January 1, 2018, renew or modify that 15 contract in a manner that would expand the maximum number of contract beds that 16 may be utilized to house or detain in a locked detention facility noncitizens for 17 purposes of civil immigration custody. 18 (c) Any facility that detains a noncitizen pursuant to a contract with a city, county, 19 city and county, or a local law enforcement agency is subject to the California Public 20 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 21 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 22 (d) A city, county, city and county, or public agency shall not, on and after January 23 1, 2018, approve or sign a deed, instrument, or other document related to a 24 conveyance of land or issue a permit for the building or reuse of existing buildings 25 by any private corporation, contractor, or vendor to house or detain noncitizens for 26 purposes of civil immigration proceedings unless the city, county, city and county, 27 or public agency has done both of the following: 28 (1) Provided notice to the public of the proposed conveyance or permitting action 29 at least 180 days before execution of the conveyance or permit. 30 (2) Solicited and heard public comments on the proposed conveyance or permit 31 action in at least two separate meetings open to the public. 32 Comment. Section 1670.9 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 33 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 34 35 Reports (2019). § 1798.3 (amended). Definitions 36 SEC. \_\_. Section 1798.3 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 37 1798.3. As used in this chapter: 38 39 (a) The term "personal information" means any information that is maintained by an agency that identifies or describes an individual, including, but not limited to, his 40

41 or her the individual's name, social security number, physical description, home

address, home telephone number, education, financial matters, and medical or 1 employment history. It includes statements made by, or attributed to, the individual. 2 (b) The term "agency" means every state office, officer, department, division, 3 bureau, board, commission, or other state agency, except that the term agency shall 4 not include: 5 (1) The California Legislature. 6 (2) Any agency established under Article VI of the California Constitution. 7 (3) The State Compensation Insurance Fund, except as to any records which that 8 contain personal information about the employees of the State Compensation 9 Insurance Fund. 10 (4) A local agency, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 6252 Section 7920.510 11 of the Government Code. 12 (c) The term "disclose" means to disclose, release, transfer, disseminate, or 13 otherwise communicate all or any part of any record orally, in writing, or by 14 electronic or any other means to any person or entity. 15 (d) The term "individual" means a natural person. 16 (e) The term "maintain" includes maintain, acquire, use, or disclose. 17 (f) The term "person" means any natural person, corporation, partnership, limited 18 liability company, firm, or association. 19 (g) The term "record" means any file or grouping of information about an 20 individual that is maintained by an agency by reference to an identifying particular 21 such as the individual's name, photograph, finger or voice print, or a number or 22 symbol assigned to the individual. 23 (h) The term "system of records" means one or more records, which pertain to 24 one or more individuals, which is maintained by any agency, from which 25 information is retrieved by the name of an individual or by some identifying 26 number, symbol or other identifying particular assigned to the individual. 27 (i) The term "governmental entity," except as used in Section 1798.26, means any 28 branch of the federal government or of the local government. 29 (j) The term "commercial purpose" means any purpose which that has financial 30 gain as a major objective. It does not include the gathering or dissemination of 31 newsworthy facts by a publisher or broadcaster. 32 (k) The term "regulatory agency" means the Department of Business Oversight, 33 the Department of Insurance, the Bureau of Real Estate, and agencies of the United 34 States or of any other state responsible for regulating financial institutions. 35 Comment. Section 1798.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 36 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 37 Reports (2019). 38 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make grammatical corrections. 39 40 § 1798.24 (amended). Disclosure of personal information by agency

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1798.24 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1 1798.24. An agency shall not disclose any personal information in a manner that 2 would link the information disclosed to the individual to whom it pertains unless the

3 information is disclosed, as follows:

4 (a) To the individual to whom the information pertains.

5 (b) With the prior written voluntary consent of the individual to whom the 6 information pertains, but only if that consent has been obtained not more than 30 7 days before the disclosure, or in the time limit agreed to by the individual in the 8 written consent.

9 (c) To the duly appointed guardian or conservator of the individual or a person 10 representing the individual if it can be proven with reasonable certainty through the 11 possession of agency forms, documents, or correspondence that this person is the 12 authorized representative of the individual to whom the information pertains.

(d) To those officers, employees, attorneys, agents, or volunteers of the agency
 that has custody of the information if the disclosure is relevant and necessary in the
 ordinary course of the performance of their official duties and is related to the
 purpose for which the information was acquired.

(e) To a person, or to another agency if the transfer is necessary for the transferee 17 agency to perform its constitutional or statutory duties, and the use is compatible 18 with a purpose for which the information was collected and the use or transfer is in 19 accordance with Section 1798.25. With respect to information transferred from a 20 law enforcement or regulatory agency, or information transferred to another law 21 enforcement or regulatory agency, a use is compatible if the use of the information 22 requested is needed in an investigation of unlawful activity under the jurisdiction of 23 the requesting agency or for licensing, certification, or regulatory purposes by that 24 agency. 25

26 (f) To a governmental entity if required by state or federal law.

(g) Pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of
 Title 1 of the Government Code).

(h) To a person who has provided the agency with advance, adequate written
 assurance that the information will be used solely for statistical research or reporting
 purposes, but only if the information to be disclosed is in a form that will not identify
 any individual.

(i) Pursuant to a determination by the agency that maintains information that compelling circumstances exist that affect the health or safety of an individual, if upon the disclosure notification is transmitted to the individual to whom the information pertains at his or her the individual's last known address. Disclosure shall not be made if it is in conflict with other state or federal laws.

(j) To the State Archives as a record that has sufficient historical or other value to
warrant its continued preservation by the California state government, or for
evaluation by the Director of General Services or his or her the director's designee
to determine whether the record has further administrative, legal, or fiscal value.

1 (k) To any person pursuant to a subpoena, court order, or other compulsory legal 2 process if, before the disclosure, the agency reasonably attempts to notify the 3 individual to whom the record pertains, and if the notification is not prohibited by 4 law.

5 (*l*) To any person pursuant to a search warrant.

6 (m) Pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 1800) of Chapter 1 of 7 Division 2 of the Vehicle Code.

(n) For the sole purpose of verifying and paying government health care service
claims made pursuant to Division 9 (commencing with Section 10000) of the
Welfare and Institutions Code.

(*o*) To a law enforcement or regulatory agency when required for an investigation
 of unlawful activity or for licensing, certification, or regulatory purposes, unless the
 disclosure is otherwise prohibited by law.

(p) To another person or governmental organization to the extent necessary to obtain information from the person or governmental organization for an investigation by the agency of a failure to comply with a specific state law that the agency is responsible for enforcing.

(q) To an adopted person and is limited to general background information
 pertaining to the adopted person's biological parents, if the information does not
 include or reveal the identity of the biological parents.

(r) To a child or a grandchild of an adopted person and disclosure is limited to 21 medically necessary information pertaining to the adopted person's biological 22 parents. However, the information, or the process for obtaining the information, 23 shall not include or reveal the identity of the biological parents. The State 24 Department of Social Services shall adopt regulations governing the release of 25 information pursuant to this subdivision. The regulations shall require licensed 26 adoption agencies to provide the same services provided by the department as 27 established by this subdivision. 28

(s) To a committee of the Legislature or to a Member of the Legislature, or his or
her a member's staff if authorized in writing by the member, if the member has
permission to obtain the information from the individual to whom it pertains or if
the member provides reasonable assurance that he or she the member is acting on
behalf of the individual.

(t)(1) To the University of California, a nonprofit educational institution, or, in the case of education-related data, another nonprofit entity, conducting scientific research, if the request for information is approved by the Committee for the Protection of Human Subjects (CPHS) for the California Health and Human Services Agency (CHHSA) or an institutional review board, as authorized in paragraphs (4) and (5). The approval shall include a review and determination that all the following criteria have been satisfied:

(A) The researcher has provided a plan sufficient to protect personal information
 from improper use and disclosures, including sufficient administrative, physical,

and technical safeguards to protect personal information from reasonable
 anticipated threats to the security or confidentiality of the information.

3 (B) The researcher has provided a sufficient plan to destroy or return all personal 4 information as soon as it is no longer needed for the research project, unless the 5 researcher has demonstrated an ongoing need for the personal information for the 6 research project and has provided a long-term plan sufficient to protect the 7 confidentiality of that information.

8 (C) The researcher has provided sufficient written assurances that the personal 9 information will not be reused or disclosed to any other person or entity, or used in 10 any manner, not approved in the research protocol, except as required by law or for 11 authorized oversight of the research project.

(2) The CPHS or institutional review board shall, at a minimum, accomplish all
 of the following as part of its review and approval of the research project for the
 purpose of protecting personal information held in agency databases:

(A) Determine whether the requested personal information is needed to conductthe research.

(B) Permit access to personal information only if it is needed for the researchproject.

19 (C) Permit access only to the minimum necessary personal information needed 20 for the research project.

(D) Require the assignment of unique subject codes that are not derived from
 personal information in lieu of social security numbers if the research can still be
 conducted without social security numbers.

(E) If feasible, and if cost, time, and technical expertise permit, require the agency to conduct a portion of the data processing for the researcher to minimize the release of personal information.

(3) Reasonable costs to the agency associated with the agency's process of
protecting personal information under the conditions of CPHS approval may be
billed to the researcher, including, but not limited to, the agency's costs for
conducting a portion of the data processing for the researcher, removing personal
information, encrypting or otherwise securing personal information, or assigning
subject codes.

(4) The CPHS may enter into written agreements to enable other institutional
 review boards to provide the data security approvals required by this subdivision, if
 the data security requirements set forth in this subdivision are satisfied.

(5) Pursuant to paragraph (4), the CPHS shall enter into a written agreement with
the institutional review board established pursuant to former Section 49079.6 of the
Education Code. The agreement shall authorize, commencing July 1, 2010, or the
date upon which the written agreement is executed, whichever is later, that board to
provide the data security approvals required by this subdivision, if the data security
requirements set forth in this subdivision and the act specified in subdivision (a) of
Section 49079.5 of the Education Code are satisfied.

(u) To an insurer if authorized by Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 10900) of
 Division 4 of the Vehicle Code.

3 (v) Pursuant to Section 450, 452, 8009, or 18396 of the Financial Code.

(w) For the sole purpose of participation in interstate data sharing of prescription
drug monitoring program information pursuant to the California Uniform
Controlled Substances Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the
Health and Safety Code), if disclosure is limited to prescription drug monitoring
program information.

9 This article does not require the disclosure of personal information to the 10 individual to whom the information pertains if that information may otherwise be 11 withheld as set forth in Section 1798.40.

12 **Comment.** Section 1798.24 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 13 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

14 Reports (2019).

15 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 16 § 1798.29 (amended). Notice of data breach

17 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1798.29 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1798.29. (a) Any agency that owns or licenses computerized data that includes 18 personal information shall disclose any breach of the security of the system 19 following discovery or notification of the breach in the security of the data to any 20 resident of California (1) whose unencrypted personal information was, or is 21 reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person, or, (2) whose 22 encrypted personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, 23 acquired by an unauthorized person and the encryption key or security credential 24 was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person and 25 the agency that owns or licenses the encrypted information has a reasonable belief 26 that the encryption key or security credential could render that personal information 27 readable or usable. The disclosure shall be made in the most expedient time possible 28 and without unreasonable delay, consistent with the legitimate needs of law 29 enforcement, as provided in subdivision (c), or any measures necessary to determine 30 the scope of the breach and restore the reasonable integrity of the data system. 31

32 (b) Any agency that maintains computerized data that includes personal 33 information that the agency does not own shall notify the owner or licensee of the 34 information of any breach of the security of the data immediately following 35 discovery, if the personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, 36 acquired by an unauthorized person.

(c) The notification required by this section may be delayed if a law enforcement
agency determines that the notification will impede a criminal investigation. The
notification required by this section shall be made after the law enforcement agency
determines that it will not compromise the investigation.

(d) Any agency that is required to issue a security breach notification pursuant tothis section shall meet all of the following requirements:

(1) The security breach notification shall be written in plain language, shall be
titled "Notice of Data Breach," and shall present the information described in
paragraph (2) under the following headings: "What Happened," "What Information
Was Involved," "What We Are Doing," "What You Can Do," and "For More
Information." Additional information may be provided as a supplement to the
notice.

7 (A) The format of the notice shall be designed to call attention to the nature and8 significance of the information it contains.

9 (B) The title and headings in the notice shall be clearly and conspicuously 10 displayed.

11 (C) The text of the notice and any other notice provided pursuant to this section 12 shall be no smaller than 10-point type.

13 (D) For a written notice described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (i), use of the

14 model security breach notification form prescribed below or use of the headings

15 described in this paragraph with the information described in paragraph (2), written

16 in plain language, shall be deemed to be in compliance with this subdivision.

17

[NAME OF INSTITUTION / LOGO] Date: [insert date]		Date: [insert date]
	NOTICE OF DATA BREACH	
What Happened?		
What Information Was Involved?		

What We Are Doing.	
What You Can Do.	
	Int Information. mportant information]
For More Information.	Call [telephone number] or go to [internet website]

1

(E) For an electronic notice described in paragraph (2) of subdivision (i), use of the headings described in this paragraph with the information described in paragraph (2), written in plain language, shall be deemed to be in compliance with this subdivision.

6 (2) The security breach notification described in paragraph (1) shall include, at a 7 minimum, the following information: 1 (A) The name and contact information of the reporting agency subject to this 2 section.

(B) A list of the types of personal information that were or are reasonably believed
to have been the subject of a breach.

6 (C) If the information is possible to determine at the time the notice is provided, 6 then any of the following: (i) the date of the breach, (ii) the estimated date of the 7 breach, or (iii) the date range within which the breach occurred. The notification 8 shall also include the date of the notice.

9 (D) Whether the notification was delayed as a result of a law enforcement 10 investigation, if that information is possible to determine at the time the notice is 11 provided.

12 (E) A general description of the breach incident, if that information is possible to 13 determine at the time the notice is provided.

(F) The toll-free telephone numbers and addresses of the major credit reporting
 agencies, if the breach exposed a social security number or a driver's license or
 California identification card number.

(3) At the discretion of the agency, the security breach notification may alsoinclude any of the following:

(A) Information about what the agency has done to protect individuals whoseinformation has been breached.

(B) Advice on steps that people whose information has been breached may take
 to protect themselves.

(e) Any agency that is required to issue a security breach notification pursuant to 23 this section to more than 500 California residents as a result of a single breach of 24 the security system shall electronically submit a single sample copy of that security 25 breach notification, excluding any personally identifiable information, to the 26 Attorney General. A single sample copy of a security breach notification shall not 27 be deemed to be within subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with 28 Section 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government 29 Code. 30

(f) For purposes of this section, "breach of the security of the system" means unauthorized acquisition of computerized data that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of personal information maintained by the agency. Good faith acquisition of personal information by an employee or agent of the agency for the purposes of the agency is not a breach of the security of the system, provided that the personal information is not used or subject to further unauthorized disclosure.

(g) For purposes of this section, "personal information" means either of thefollowing:

40 (1) An individual's first name or first initial and last name in combination with 41 any one or more of the following data elements, when either the name or the data 42 elements are not encrypted:

43 (A) Social security number.

1 (B) Driver's license number, California identification card number, tax 2 identification number, passport number, military identification number, or other 3 unique identification number issued on a government document commonly used to 4 verify the identity of a specific individual.

5 (C) Account number or credit or debit card number, in combination with any 6 required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to an 7 individual's financial account.

8 (D) Medical information.

9 (E) Health insurance information.

10 (F) Unique biometric data generated from measurements or technical analysis of 11 human body characteristics, such as a fingerprint, retina, or iris image, used to 12 authenticate a specific individual. Unique biometric data does not include a physical 13 or digital photograph, unless used or stored for facial recognition purposes.

(G) Information or data collected through the use or operation of an automated
 license plate recognition system, as defined in Section 1798.90.5.

16 (2) A username or email address, in combination with a password or security 17 question and answer that would permit access to an online account.

(h)(1) For purposes of this section, "personal information" does not include
 publicly available information that is lawfully made available to the general public
 from federal, state, or local government records.

(2) For purposes of this section, "medical information" means any information
 regarding an individual's medical history, mental or physical condition, or medical
 treatment or diagnosis by a health care professional.

(3) For purposes of this section, "health insurance information" means an
individual's health insurance policy number or subscriber identification number,
any unique identifier used by a health insurer to identify the individual, or any
information in an individual's application and claims history, including any appeals
records.

(4) For purposes of this section, "encrypted" means rendered unusable,
unreadable, or indecipherable to an unauthorized person through a security
technology or methodology generally accepted in the field of information security.

(i) For purposes of this section, "notice" may be provided by one of the followingmethods:

34 (1) Written notice.

(2) Electronic notice, if the notice provided is consistent with the provisions
 regarding electronic records and signatures set forth in Section 7001 of Title 15 of
 the United States Code.

(3) Substitute notice, if the agency demonstrates that the cost of providing notice
would exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), or that the affected
class of subject persons to be notified exceeds 500,000, or the agency does not have
sufficient contact information. Substitute notice shall consist of all of the following:
(A) Email notice when the agency has an email address for the subject persons.

(B) Conspicuous posting, for a minimum of 30 days, of the notice on the agency's 1 internet website page, if the agency maintains one. For purposes of this 2 subparagraph, conspicuous posting on the agency's internet website means 3 providing a link to the notice on the home page or first significant page after entering 4 the internet website that is in larger type than the surrounding text, or in contrasting 5 type, font, or color to the surrounding text of the same size, or set off from the 6 surrounding text of the same size by symbols or other marks that call attention to 7 the link. 8

9 (C) Notification to major statewide media and the Office of Information Security 10 within the Department of Technology.

(4) In the case of a breach of the security of the system involving personal 11 information defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (g) for an online account, and 12 no other personal information defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (g), the 13 agency may comply with this section by providing the security breach notification 14 in electronic or other form that directs the person whose personal information has 15 been breached to promptly change the person's password and security question or 16 answer, as applicable, or to take other steps appropriate to protect the online account 17 with the agency and all other online accounts for which the person uses the same 18 username or email address and password or security question or answer. 19

(5) In the case of a breach of the security of the system involving personal 20 information defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (g) for login credentials of an 21 email account furnished by the agency, the agency shall not comply with this section 22 by providing the security breach notification to that email address, but may, instead, 23 comply with this section by providing notice by another method described in this 24 subdivision or by clear and conspicuous notice delivered to the resident online when 25 the resident is connected to the online account from an Internet Protocol address or 26 online location from which the agency knows the resident customarily accesses the 27 account. 28

(j) Notwithstanding subdivision (i), an agency that maintains its own notification
procedures as part of an information security policy for the treatment of personal
information and is otherwise consistent with the timing requirements of this part
shall be deemed to be in compliance with the notification requirements of this
section if it notifies subject persons in accordance with its policies in the event of a
breach of security of the system.

(k) Notwithstanding the exception specified in paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of
Section 1798.3, for purposes of this section, "agency" includes a local agency, as
defined in subdivision (a) of Section 6252 Section 7920.510 of the Government
Code.

*(l)* For purposes of this section, "encryption key" and "security credential" mean
the confidential key or process designed to render the data usable, readable, and
decipherable.

- 1 **Comment.** Section 1798.29 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 4 § 1798.70 (amended). Effect on other state law
- 5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1798.70 of the Civil Code is amended to read:
- 6 1798.70. This chapter shall be construed to supersede any other provision of state
- 7 law, including Section 6253.5 Article 2 (commencing with Section 7924.100) of
- 8 Chapter 2 of Part 5 of Title 1 of Division 10 of the Government Code, or any
- 9 exemption in Section 6254 or 6255 7922.000 of the Government Code or in any
- 10 provision listed in Section 7920.505 of the Government Code, which authorizes any
- agency to withhold from an individual any record containing personal information
- 12 which that is otherwise accessible under the provisions of this chapter.
- 13 **Comment.** Section 1798.70 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 16 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.
- 17 § **1798.75 (amended). Effect of chapter**
- 18 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1798.75 of the Civil Code is amended to read:
- 19 1798.75. This chapter shall not be deemed to supersede Chapter 3.5 (commencing
- 20 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)
- of Title 1 of the Government Code, except as to the provisions of Sections 1798.60,
  1798.69, and 1798.70.
- 23 **Comment.** Section 1798.75 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 24 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 25 Reports (2019).

### 26 § 1798.82 (amended). Notice of data breach

27 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1798.82 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1798.82. (a) A person or business that conducts business in California, and that 28 owns or licenses computerized data that includes personal information, shall 29 disclose a breach of the security of the system following discovery or notification 30 of the breach in the security of the data to a resident of California (1) whose 31 32 unencrypted personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person, or, (2) whose encrypted personal information 33 was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person and 34 the encryption key or security credential was, or is reasonably believed to have been, 35 acquired by an unauthorized person and the person or business that owns or licenses 36 the encrypted information has a reasonable belief that the encryption key or security 37 credential could render that personal information readable or usable. The disclosure 38 shall be made in the most expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay, 39 consistent with the legitimate needs of law enforcement, as provided in subdivision 40

(c), or any measures necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore the
 reasonable integrity of the data system.

(b) A person or business that maintains computerized data that includes personal
information that the person or business does not own shall notify the owner or
licensee of the information of the breach of the security of the data immediately
following discovery, if the personal information was, or is reasonably believed to
have been, acquired by an unauthorized person.

8 (c) The notification required by this section may be delayed if a law enforcement 9 agency determines that the notification will impede a criminal investigation. The 10 notification required by this section shall be made promptly after the law 11 enforcement agency determines that it will not compromise the investigation.

(d) A person or business that is required to issue a security breach notification
 pursuant to this section shall meet all of the following requirements:

(1) The security breach notification shall be written in plain language, shall be
titled "Notice of Data Breach," and shall present the information described in
paragraph (2) under the following headings: "What Happened," "What Information
Was Involved," "What We Are Doing," "What You Can Do," and "For More
Information." Additional information may be provided as a supplement to the
notice.

(A) The format of the notice shall be designed to call attention to the nature andsignificance of the information it contains.

(B) The title and headings in the notice shall be clearly and conspicuously displayed.

(C) The text of the notice and any other notice provided pursuant to this sectionshall be no smaller than 10-point type.

(D) For a written notice described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (j), use of the model security breach notification form prescribed below or use of the headings described in this paragraph with the information described in paragraph (2), written in plain language, shall be deemed to be in compliance with this subdivision.

30

[NAME OF	TINSTITUTION / LOGO]	Date: [insert date]
NOTICE O	F DATA BREACH	
What Happened?		

What Information Was Involved?	
What We Are Doing.	
What You Can Do.	
	rtant Information. r important information]

For Mo	re
Information	n. Call [telephone number] or go to [internet website]

1

(E) For an electronic notice described in paragraph (2) of subdivision (j), use of the headings described in this paragraph with the information described in paragraph (2), written in plain language, shall be deemed to be in compliance with this subdivision.

6 (2) The security breach notification described in paragraph (1) shall include, at a 7 minimum, the following information:

8 (A) The name and contact information of the reporting person or business subject9 to this section.

(B) A list of the types of personal information that were or are reasonably believedto have been the subject of a breach.

12 (C) If the information is possible to determine at the time the notice is provided, 13 then any of the following: (i) the date of the breach, (ii) the estimated date of the 14 breach, or (iii) the date range within which the breach occurred. The notification 15 shall also include the date of the notice.

16 (D) Whether notification was delayed as a result of a law enforcement 17 investigation, if that information is possible to determine at the time the notice is 18 provided.

19 (E) A general description of the breach incident, if that information is possible to 20 determine at the time the notice is provided.

(F) The toll-free telephone numbers and addresses of the major credit reporting
 agencies if the breach exposed a social security number or a driver's license or
 California identification card number.

(G) If the person or business providing the notification was the source of the breach, an offer to provide appropriate identity theft prevention and mitigation services, if any, shall be provided at no cost to the affected person for not less than 12 months along with all information necessary to take advantage of the offer to any person whose information was or may have been breached if the breach exposed or may have exposed personal information defined in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (h).

(3) At the discretion of the person or business, the security breach notificationmay also include any of the following:

33 (A) Information about what the person or business has done to protect individuals

34 whose information has been breached.

1 (B) Advice on steps that people whose information has been breached may take 2 to protect themselves.

3 (C) In breaches involving biometric data, instructions on how to notify other 4 entities that used the same type of biometric data as an authenticator to no longer 5 rely on data for authentication purposes.

6 (e) A covered entity under the federal Health Insurance Portability and 7 Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1320d et seq.) will be deemed to have 8 complied with the notice requirements in subdivision (d) if it has complied 9 completely with Section 13402(f) of the federal Health Information Technology for 10 Economic and Clinical Health Act (Public Law 111-5). However, nothing in this 11 subdivision shall be construed to exempt a covered entity from any other provision 12 of this section.

(f) A person or business that is required to issue a security breach notification 13 pursuant to this section to more than 500 California residents as a result of a single 14 breach of the security system shall electronically submit a single sample copy of 15 that security breach notification, excluding any personally identifiable information, 16 to the Attorney General. A single sample copy of a security breach notification shall 17 not be deemed to be within subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing 18 with Section 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the 19 Government Code. 20

(g) For purposes of this section, "breach of the security of the system" means unauthorized acquisition of computerized data that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of personal information maintained by the person or business. Good faith acquisition of personal information by an employee or agent of the person or business for the purposes of the person or business is not a breach of the security of the system, provided that the personal information is not used or subject to further unauthorized disclosure.

(h) For purposes of this section, "personal information" means either of thefollowing:

30 (1) An individual's first name or first initial and last name in combination with 31 any one or more of the following data elements, when either the name or the data 32 elements are not encrypted:

33 (A) Social security number.

34 (B) Driver's license number, California identification card number, tax 35 identification number, passport number, military identification number, or other 36 unique identification number issued on a government document commonly used to 37 verify the identity of a specific individual.

38 (C) Account number or credit or debit card number, in combination with any 39 required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to an 40 individual's financial account.

41 (D) Medical information.

42 (E) Health insurance information.

(F) Unique biometric data generated from measurements or technical analysis of human body characteristics, such as a fingerprint, retina, or iris image, used to authenticate a specific individual. Unique biometric data does not include a physical or digital photograph, unless used or stored for facial recognition purposes.

5 (G) Information or data collected through the use or operation of an automated 6 license plate recognition system, as defined in Section 1798.90.5.

7 (2) A username or email address, in combination with a password or security
 8 question and answer that would permit access to an online account.

9 (i)(1) For purposes of this section, "personal information" does not include 10 publicly available information that is lawfully made available to the general public 11 from federal, state, or local government records.

(2) For purposes of this section, "medical information" means any information
 regarding an individual's medical history, mental or physical condition, or medical
 treatment or diagnosis by a health care professional.

(3) For purposes of this section, "health insurance information" means an
individual's health insurance policy number or subscriber identification number,
any unique identifier used by a health insurer to identify the individual, or any
information in an individual's application and claims history, including any appeals
records.

(4) For purposes of this section, "encrypted" means rendered unusable,
unreadable, or indecipherable to an unauthorized person through a security
technology or methodology generally accepted in the field of information security.
(j) For purposes of this section, "notice" may be provided by one of the following
methods:

25 (1) Written notice.

(2) Electronic notice, if the notice provided is consistent with the provisions
 regarding electronic records and signatures set forth in Section 7001 of Title 15 of
 the United States Code.

(3) Substitute notice, if the person or business demonstrates that the cost of
providing notice would exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), or
that the affected class of subject persons to be notified exceeds 500,000, or the
person or business does not have sufficient contact information. Substitute notice
shall consist of all of the following:

(A) Email notice when the person or business has an email address for the subjectpersons.

(B) Conspicuous posting, for a minimum of 30 days, of the notice on the internet 36 website page of the person or business, if the person or business maintains one. For 37 purposes of this subparagraph, conspicuous posting on the person's or business's 38 internet website means providing a link to the notice on the home page or first 39 significant page after entering the internet website that is in larger type than the 40 surrounding text, or in contrasting type, font, or color to the surrounding text of the 41 same size, or set off from the surrounding text of the same size by symbols or other 42 marks that call attention to the link. 43

1 (C) Notification to major statewide media.

(4) In the case of a breach of the security of the system involving personal 2 information defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) for an online account, and 3 no other personal information defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (h), the person 4 or business may comply with this section by providing the security breach 5 notification in electronic or other form that directs the person whose personal 6 information has been breached promptly to change the person's password and 7 security question or answer, as applicable, or to take other steps appropriate to 8 protect the online account with the person or business and all other online accounts 9 for which the person whose personal information has been breached uses the same 10 username or email address and password or security question or answer. 11

(5) In the case of a breach of the security of the system involving personal 12 information defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) for login credentials of an 13 email account furnished by the person or business, the person or business shall not 14 comply with this section by providing the security breach notification to that email 15 address, but may, instead, comply with this section by providing notice by another 16 method described in this subdivision or by clear and conspicuous notice delivered 17 to the resident online when the resident is connected to the online account from an 18 Internet Protocol address or online location from which the person or business 19 knows the resident customarily accesses the account. 20

(k) For purposes of this section, "encryption key" and "security credential" mean
the confidential key or process designed to render data usable, readable, and
decipherable.

(*l*) Notwithstanding subdivision (j), a person or business that maintains its own notification procedures as part of an information security policy for the treatment of personal information and is otherwise consistent with the timing requirements of this part, shall be deemed to be in compliance with the notification requirements of this section if the person or business notifies subject persons in accordance with its policies in the event of a breach of security of the system.

Comment. Section 1798.82 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

### 33 § 1798.85 (amended). Social security numbers

34 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1798.85 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1798.85. (a) Except as provided in this section, a person or entity may not do any
 of the following:

(1) Publicly post or publicly display in any manner an individual's social security
 number. "Publicly post" or "publicly display" means to intentionally communicate
 or otherwise make available to the general public.

40 (2) Print an individual's social security number on any card required for the

41 individual to access products or services provided by the person or entity.

1 (3) Require an individual to transmit his or her the individual's social security 2 number over the Internet internet, unless the connection is secure or the social 3 security number is encrypted.

4 (4) Require an individual to use his or her the individual's social security number
5 to access an Internet Web site internet website, unless a password or unique personal
6 identification number or other authentication device is also required to access the
7 Internet Web site internet website.

(5) Print an individual's social security number on any materials that are mailed 8 to the individual, unless state or federal law requires the social security number to 9 be on the document to be mailed. Notwithstanding this paragraph, social security 10 numbers may be included in applications and forms sent by mail, including 11 documents sent as part of an application or enrollment process, or to establish, 12 amend or terminate an account, contract or policy, or to confirm the accuracy of the 13 social security number. A social security number that is permitted to be mailed 14 under this section may not be printed, in whole or in part, on a postcard or other 15 mailer not requiring an envelope, or visible on the envelope or without the envelope 16 having been opened. 17

(6) Sell, advertise for sale, or offer to sell an individual's social security number.For purposes of this paragraph, the following apply:

(A) "Sell" shall not include the release of an individual's social security number
 if the release of the social security number is incidental to a larger transaction and
 is necessary to identify the individual in order to accomplish a legitimate business
 purpose. Release of an individual's social security number for marketing purposes
 is not permitted.

(B) "Sell" shall not include the release of an individual's social security number
 for a purpose specifically authorized or specifically allowed by federal or state law.

(b) This section does not prevent the collection, use, or release of a social security
 number as required by state or federal law or the use of a social security number for
 internal verification or administrative purposes.

- (c) This section does not prevent an adult state correctional facility, an adult city
  jail, or an adult county jail from releasing an inmate's social security number, with
  the inmate's consent and upon request by the county veterans service officer or the
  United States Department of Veterans Affairs, for the purposes of determining the
  inmate's status as a military veteran and his or her the inmate's eligibility for federal,
  state, or local veterans' benefits or services.
  (d) This section does not apply to documents that are recorded or required to be
- (d) This section does not apply to documents that are recorded or required to be
  open to the public pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250),
  Chapter 14 (commencing with Section 7150) or Chapter 14.5 (commencing with
  Section 7220) of Division 7 of Title 1 of, Division 10 (commencing with Section
  <u>7920.000</u>) of Title 1 of, Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of
  Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of, or Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950)
  of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of, the Government Code. This section does not
  apply to records that are required by statute, case law, or California Rule of Court,

to be made available to the public by entities provided for in Article VI of theCalifornia Constitution.

(e)(1) In the case of a health care service plan, a provider of health care, an insurer
 or a pharmacy benefits manager, a contractor as defined in Section 56.05, or the
 provision by any person or entity of administrative or other services relative to
 health care or insurance products or services, including third-party administration
 or administrative services only, this section shall become operative in the following
 manner:

9 (A) On or before January 1, 2003, the entities listed in paragraph (1) shall comply
10 with paragraphs (1), (3), (4), and (5) of subdivision (a) as these requirements pertain
11 to individual policyholders or individual contractholders.

(B) On or before January 1, 2004, the entities listed in paragraph (1) shall comply
with paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, of subdivision (a) as these requirements pertain
to new individual policyholders or new individual contractholders and new groups,
including new groups administered or issued on or after January 1, 2004.

(C) On or before July 1, 2004, the entities listed in paragraph (1) shall comply 16 with paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, of subdivision (a) for all individual 17 policyholders and individual contractholders, for all groups, and for all enrollees of 18 the Healthy Families and Medi-Cal programs, except that for individual 19 policyholders, individual contractholders and groups in existence prior to January 20 1, 2004, the entities listed in paragraph (1) shall comply upon the renewal date of 21 the policy, contract, or group on or after July 1, 2004, but no later than July 1, 2005. 22 (2) A health care service plan, a provider of health care, an insurer or a pharmacy 23 benefits manager, a contractor, or another person or entity as described in paragraph 24 (1) shall make reasonable efforts to cooperate, through systems testing and other 25 means, to ensure that the requirements of this article are implemented on or before 26 the dates specified in this section. 27

(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the Director of the Department of Managed 28 Health Care, pursuant to the authority granted under Section 1346 of the Health and 29 Safety Code, or the Insurance Commissioner, pursuant to the authority granted 30 under Section 12921 of the Insurance Code, and upon a determination of good 31 cause, may grant extensions not to exceed six months for compliance by health care 32 service plans and insurers with the requirements of this section when requested by 33 the health care service plan or insurer. Any extension granted shall apply to the 34 health care service plan or insurer's affected providers, pharmacy benefits manager, 35 and contractors. 36

(f) If a federal law takes effect requiring the United States Department of Health
and Human Services to establish a national unique patient health identifier program,
a provider of health care, a health care service plan, a licensed health care
professional, or a contractor, as those terms are defined in Section 56.05, that
complies with the federal law shall be deemed in compliance with this section.

42 (g) A person or entity may not encode or embed a social security number in or on
 43 a card or document, including, but not limited to, using a barcode, chip, magnetic

strip, or other technology, in place of removing the social security number, as 1 required by this section. 2 (h) This section shall become operative, with respect to the University of 3 California, in the following manner: 4 (1) On or before January 1, 2004, the University of California shall comply with 5 paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (a). 6 (2) On or before January 1, 2005, the University of California shall comply with 7 paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (a). 8 (i) This section shall become operative with respect to the Franchise Tax Board 9 on January 1, 2007. 10 (j) This section shall become operative with respect to the California community 11 college districts on January 1, 2007. 12 (k) This section shall become operative with respect to the California State 13 University system on July 1, 2005. 14 (1) This section shall become operative, with respect to the California Student Aid 15 Commission and its auxiliary organization, in the following manner: 16 (1) On or before January 1, 2004, the commission and its auxiliary organization 17 shall comply with paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (a). 18 (2) On or before January 1, 2005, the commission and its auxiliary organization 19 shall comply with paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (a). 20 Comment. Section 1798.85 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 21 22 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 23 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes. 24 § 1899.5 (amended). Notice of intent to preserve interest in property on loan to museum 25 SEC. . Section 1899.5 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 26 1899.5. (a) A notice of intent to preserve an interest in property on loan to a 27 museum filed pursuant to this chapter shall be in writing, shall contain a description 28 of the property adequate to enable the museum to identify the property, shall be 29 accompanied by documentation sufficient to establish the claimant as owner of the 30 property, and shall be signed under penalty of perjury by the claimant or by a person 31 authorized to act on behalf of the claimant. 32 33 (b) The museum need not retain a notice which that does not meet the requirements set forth in subdivision (a). If, however, the museum does not intend 34 to retain a notice for this reason, the museum shall promptly notify the claimant at 35 the address given on the notice that it believes the notice is ineffective to preserve 36 an interest, and the reasons therefor. The fact that the museum retains a notice shall 37 not be construed to mean that the museum accepts the sufficiency or accuracy of the 38 notice or that the notice is effective to preserve an interest in property on loan to the 39 museum. 40

(c) A notice of intent to preserve an interest in property on loan to a museum,
which is in substantially the following form, and contains the information and
attachments described, satisfies the requirements of subdivision (a):

4 5

## NOTICE OF INTENT TO PRESERVE AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY ON LOAN TO A MUSEUM

6 TO THE LENDER: Section 1899.4 of the California Civil Code requires that you 7 notify the museum promptly in writing of any change of address or ownership of 8 the property. If the museum is unable to contact you regarding your loan, you may 9 lose rights in the loaned property. If you choose to file this form with the museum 10 to preserve your interest in the property, the museum is required to maintain it, or a 11 copy of it, for 25 years. For full details, see Section 1899, et seq. of the California 12 Civil Code.

- TO THE MUSEUM: You are hereby notified that the undersigned claims an interest
   in the property described herein.
- 15 Claimant

Name:	Na
Address:	Ad
Telephone:	Tel
Social Security Number (optional):	Soc
Museum Name:	Mu
Date Property Loaned:	Dat
Interest in Property:	Inte
If you are not the original lender, describe the origin of your interest in the property and attach a copy of any document creating your interest:	•

Description of Property:

Unless an accurate, legible copy of the original loan receipt is attached, give a detailed description of the claimed property, including its nature and general characteristics and the museum registration number assigned to the property, if known, and attach any documentary evidence you have establishing the loan:

Registration #
Description:
(Attach additional sheets if necessary.)
I understand that I must promptly notify the museum in writing of any change of address or change in ownership of the loaned property.
I declare under penalty of perjury that to the best of my knowledge the information contained in this notice is true.
Signed: Date:
(claimant)
OR
I declare under penalty of perjury that I am authorized to act on behalf of the claimant and am informed and believe that the information contained in the notice is true.
Signed: Date:
(claimant's representative)
RECEIPT FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO PRESERVE AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY (For use by the museum.)
Notice received by:
Date of receipt:
Copy of receipt returned to claimant:
Ву
Date:

<sup>(</sup>d) Notices of intent to preserve an interest in property on loan to a museum filed 1 pursuant to this chapter are exempt from the disclosure requirements of the 2 California Public Records Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section 6250 3

<sup>7920.000)</sup> of the Government Code). 4

1 **Comment.** Section 1899.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections.

#### 5 § 1947.8 (amended). Permissible rent levels

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1947.8 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1947.8. (a) If an ordinance or charter controls or establishes a system of controls on the price at which residential rental units may be offered for rent or lease and requires the registration of rents, the ordinance or charter, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, shall provide for the establishment and certification of permissible rent levels for the registered rental units, and any changes thereafter to those rent levels, by the local agency as provided in this section.

13 (b) If the ordinance, charter, or regulation is in effect on January 1, 1987, the ordinance, charter, or regulation shall provide for the establishment and certification 14 of permissible rent levels on or before January 1, 1988, including completion of all 15 appeals and administrative proceedings connected therewith. After July 1, 1990, no 16 local agency may maintain any action to recover excess rent against any property 17 owner who has registered the unit with the local agency within the time limits set 18 forth in this section if the initial certification of permissible rent levels affecting that 19 particular property has not been completed, unless the delay is willfully and 20 intentionally caused by the property owner or is a result of court proceedings or 21 further administrative proceedings ordered by a court. If the ordinance, charter, or 22 regulation is adopted on or after January 1, 1987, the ordinance, charter, or 23 24 regulation shall provide for the establishment and certification of permissible rent levels within one year after it is adopted, including completion of all appeals and 25 administrative proceedings connected therewith. Upon the request of the landlord 26 or the tenant, the local agency shall provide the landlord and the tenant with a 27 certificate or other documentation reflecting the permissible rent levels of the rental 28 29 unit. A landlord may request a certificate of permissible rent levels for rental units which that have a base rent established, but which are vacant and not exempt from 30 31 registration under this section. The landlord or the tenant may appeal the determination of the permissible rent levels reflected in the certificate. The 32 permissible rent levels reflected in the certificate or other documentation shall, in 33 the absence of intentional misrepresentation or fraud, be binding and conclusive 34 35 upon the local agency unless the determination of the permissible rent levels is being appealed. 36

(c) After the establishment and certification of permissible rent levels under subdivision (b), the local agency shall, upon the request of the landlord or the tenant, provide the landlord and the tenant with a certificate of the permissible rent levels of the rental unit. The certificate shall be issued within five business days from the date of request by the landlord or the tenant. The permissible rent levels reflected in the certificate shall, in the absence of intentional misrepresentation or fraud, be binding and conclusive upon the local agency unless the determination of the

permissible rent levels is being appealed. The landlord or the tenant may appeal the 1 determination of the permissible rent levels reflected in the certificate. Any appeal 2 of a determination of permissible rent levels as reflected in the certificate, other than 3 an appeal made pursuant to subdivision (b), shall be filed with the local agency 4 within 15 days from issuance of the certificate. The local agency shall notify, in 5 writing, the landlord and the tenant of its decision within 60 days following the 6 filing of the appeal. 7 (d) The local agency may charge the person to whom a certificate is issued a fee 8 in the amount necessary to cover the reasonable costs incurred by the local agency 9 in issuing the certificate. 10 (e) The absence of a certification of permissible rent levels shall not impair, 11 restrict, abridge, or otherwise interfere with either of the following: 12 (1) A judicial or administrative hearing. 13 (2) Any matter in connection with a conveyance of an interest in property. 14 (f) The record of permissible rent levels is a public record for purposes of the 15 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 16 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 17 Government Code). 18 (g) Any notice specifying the rents applicable to residential rental units which that 19 is given by an owner to a public entity or tenant in order to comply with Chapter 20 12.75 (commencing with Section 7060) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government 21 Code shall not be considered a registration of rents for purposes of this section. 22 (h) "Local agency," as used in this section, means the public entity responsible 23 for the implementation of the ordinance, charter, or regulation. 24 (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed: 25 (1) To grant to any public entity any power which that it does not possess 26 independent of this section to control or establish a system of control on the price at 27 which accommodations may be offered for rent or lease, or to diminish any such 28 power which that power of this type that the public entity may possess, except as 29 specifically provided in this section. 30 (2) On and after January 1, 2016, to apply to tenancies commencing on or after 31 January 1, 1999, for which the owner of residential property may establish the initial 32 rent under Chapter 2.7 (commencing with Section 1954.50). However, for a tenancy 33 that commenced on or after January 1, 1999, if a property owner has provided the 34 local agency with the tenancy's initial rent in compliance with that agency's 35 registration requirements in a writing signed under penalty of perjury, there shall be 36 a rebuttable presumption that the statement of the initial rent is correct. 37 Comment. Section 1947.8 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 38

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

40 Reports (2019).

41 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

- 1 § 3426.7 (amended). Trade secrets and effect of title
- 2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3426.7 of the Civil Code is amended to read:
- 3 3426.7. (a) Except as otherwise expressly provided, this title does not supersede

any statute relating to misappropriation of a trade secret, or any statute otherwiseregulating trade secrets.

6 (b) This title does not affect (1) contractual remedies, whether or not based upon 7 misappropriation of a trade secret, (2) other civil remedies that are not based upon 8 misappropriation of a trade secret, or (3) criminal remedies, whether or not based 9 upon misappropriation of a trade secret.

10 (c) This title does not affect the disclosure of a record by a state or local agency 11 under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 12 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 13 Title 1 of the Government Code). Any determination as to whether the disclosure of 14 a record under the California Public Records Act constitutes a misappropriation of 15 a trade secret and the rights and remedies with respect thereto shall be made pursuant 16 to the law in effect before the operative date of this title.

17 **Comment.** Section 3426.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 18 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

19 Reports (2019).

### 20 § 5405 (amended). CID information to be submitted to Secretary of State

21 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5405 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

5405. (a) To assist with the identification of common interest developments, each association, whether incorporated or unincorporated, shall submit to the Secretary of State, on a form and for a fee not to exceed thirty dollars (\$30) that the Secretary of State shall prescribe, the following information concerning the association and the development that it manages:

(1) A statement that the association is formed to manage a common interest
 development under the Davis-Stirling Common Interest Development Act.

29 (2) The name of the association.

30 (3) The street address of the business or corporate office of the association, if any.

(4) The street address of the association's onsite office, if different from the street
 address of the business or corporate office, or if there is no onsite office, the street
 address of the responsible officer or managing agent of the association.

(5) The name, address, and either the daytime telephone number or email address
of the president of the association, other than the address, telephone number, or
email address of the association's onsite office or managing agent.

(6) The name, street address, and daytime telephone number of the association'smanaging agent, if any.

(7) The county, and, if in an incorporated area, the city in which the development
is physically located. If the boundaries of the development are physically located in
more than one county, each of the counties in which it is located.

1 (8) If the development is in an unincorporated area, the city closest in proximity 2 to the development.

3 (9) The front street and nearest cross street of the physical location of the 4 development.

5 (10) The type of common interest development managed by the association.

6 (11) The number of separate interests in the development.

7 (b) The association shall submit the information required by this section as 8 follows:

9 (1) By incorporated associations, within 90 days after the filing of its original 10 articles of incorporation, and thereafter at the time the association files its statement 11 of principal business activity with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 8210 12 of the Corporations Code.

(2) By unincorporated associations, in July 2003, and in that same month
biennially thereafter. Upon changing its status to that of a corporation, the
association shall comply with the filing deadlines in paragraph (1).

16 (c) The association shall notify the Secretary of State of any change in the street 17 address of the association's onsite office or of the responsible officer or managing 18 agent of the association in the form and for a fee prescribed by the Secretary of 19 State, within 60 days of the change.

(d) The penalty for an incorporated association's noncompliance with the initial
or biennial filing requirements of this section shall be suspension of the
association's rights, privileges, and powers as a corporation and monetary penalties,
to the same extent and in the same manner as suspension and monetary penalties
imposed pursuant to Section 8810 of the Corporations Code.

(e) The statement required by this section may be filed, notwithstanding 25 suspension of the corporate powers, rights, and privileges under this section or under 26 provisions of the Revenue and Taxation Code. Upon the filing of a statement under 27 this section by a corporation that has suffered suspension under this section, the 28 Secretary of State shall certify that fact to the Franchise Tax Board and the 29 corporation may thereupon be relieved from suspension, unless the corporation is 30 held in suspension by the Franchise Tax Board by reason of Section 23301, 23301.5, 31 or 23775 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. 32

(f) The Secretary of State shall make the information submitted pursuant to 33 paragraph (5) of subdivision (a) available only for governmental purposes and only 34 to Members of the Legislature and the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing 35 Agency, upon written request. All other information submitted pursuant to this 36 section shall be subject to public inspection pursuant to the California Public 37 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 38 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). The 39 information submitted pursuant to this section shall be made available for 40 governmental or public inspection. 41

42 (g) Whenever any form is filed pursuant to this section, it supersedes any43 previously filed form.

1 (h) The Secretary of State may destroy or otherwise dispose of any form filed 2 pursuant to this section after it has been superseded by the filing of a new form.

3 **Comment.** Section 5405 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- 4 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 5 Reports (2019).

# § 6760 (amended). Commercial or industrial CID information to be submitted to Secretary of State

8 SEC. <u>Section 6760 of the Civil Code is amended to read:</u>

9 6760. (a) To assist with the identification of commercial or industrial common 10 interest developments, each association, whether incorporated or unincorporated, 11 shall submit to the Secretary of State, on a form and for a fee, to cover the reasonable 12 cost to the Secretary of State of processing the form, not to exceed thirty dollars 13 (\$30), that the Secretary of State shall prescribe, the following information 14 concerning the association and the development that it manages:

(1) A statement that the association is formed to manage a common interest
 development under the Commercial and Industrial Common Interest Development
 Act.

18 (2) The name of the association.

19 (3) The street address of the business or corporate office of the association, if any.

(4) The street address of the association's onsite office, if different from the street
 address of the business or corporate office, or if there is no onsite office, the street
 address of the responsible officer or managing agent of the association.

(5) The name, address, and either the daytime telephone number or email address
of the association's onsite office or managing agent.

(6) The name, street address, and daytime telephone number of the association's
 managing agent, if any.

(7) The county, and, if in an incorporated area, the city in which the development
is physically located. If the boundaries of the development are physically located in
more than one county, each of the counties in which it is located.

(8) If the development is in an unincorporated area, the city closest in proximity
 to the development.

(9) The front street and nearest cross street of the physical location of thedevelopment.

34 (10) The type of common interest development managed by the association.

35 (11) The number of separate interests in the development.

36 (b) The association shall submit the information required by this section as37 follows:

(1) By incorporated associations, within 90 days after the filing of its original
 articles of incorporation, and thereafter at the time the association files its statement
 of principal business activity with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 8210

41 of the Corporations Code.

1 (2) By unincorporated associations, in July of 2003, and in that same month 2 biennially thereafter. Upon changing its status to that of a corporation, the 3 association shall comply with the filing deadlines in paragraph (1).

4 (c) The association shall notify the Secretary of State of any change in the street
5 address of the association's onsite office or of the responsible officer or managing
6 agent of the association in the form and for a fee, to cover the reasonable cost to the
7 Secretary of State of processing the form, prescribed by the Secretary of State,
8 within 60 days of the change.

9 (d) The penalty for an incorporated association's noncompliance with the initial 10 or biennial filing requirements of this section shall be suspension of the 11 association's rights, privileges, and powers as a corporation and monetary penalties, 12 to the same extent and in the same manner as suspension and monetary penalties 13 imposed pursuant to Section 8810 of the Corporations Code.

(e) The statement required by this section may be filed, notwithstanding 14 suspension of the corporate powers, rights, and privileges under this section or under 15 provisions of the Revenue and Taxation Code. Upon the filing of a statement under 16 this section by a corporation that has suffered suspension under this section, the 17 Secretary of State shall certify that fact to the Franchise Tax Board and the 18 corporation may thereupon be relieved from suspension, unless the corporation is 19 held in suspension by the Franchise Tax Board by reason of Section 23301, 23301.5, 20 or 23775 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. 21

(f) The Secretary of State shall make the information submitted pursuant to 22 paragraph (5) of subdivision (a) available only for governmental purposes and only 23 to Members of the Legislature and the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing 24 Agency, upon written request. All other information submitted pursuant to this 25 section shall be subject to public inspection pursuant to the California Public 26 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 27 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). The 28 information submitted pursuant to this section shall be made available for 29 governmental or public inspection. 30

(g) Whenever any form is filed pursuant to this section, it supersedes anypreviously filed form.

(h) The Secretary of State may destroy or otherwise dispose of any form filed
 pursuant to this section after it has been superseded by the filing of a new form.

Comment. Section 6760 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

37 Reports (2019).

38

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

# \$ 130 (amended). Autopsy report and evidence associated with examination of deceased minor victim

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 130 of the Code of Civil Procedure is amended to read:

130. (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, when a child who is under 18 1 years of age is killed as a result of a criminal act and a person has been convicted 2 and sentenced for the commission of that criminal act, or a person has been found 3 to have committed that offense by the juvenile court and adjudged a ward of the 4 juvenile court, upon the request of a qualifying family member of the deceased 5 child, the autopsy report and evidence associated with the examination of the victim 6 in the possession of a public agency, as defined in Section 6252 7920.525 of the 7 Government Code, shall be sealed and not disclosed, except that an autopsy report 8 and evidence associated with the examination of the victim which that has been 9 sealed pursuant to this section may be disclosed, as follows: 10

(1) To law enforcement, prosecutorial agencies and experts hired by those
agencies, public social service agencies, child death review teams, or the hospital
that treated the child immediately prior to death, to be used solely for investigative,
prosecutorial, or review purposes, and may not be disseminated further.

(2) To the defendant and the defense team in the course of criminal proceedings 15 or related habeas proceedings, to be used solely for investigative, criminal defense, 16 and review purposes, including review for the purpose of initiating any criminal 17 proceeding or related habeas proceeding, and may not be disseminated further. The 18 "defense team" includes, but is not limited to, all of the following: attorneys, 19 investigators, experts, paralegals, support staff, interns, students, and state and 20 privately funded legal assistance projects hired or consulted for the purposes of 21 investigation, defense, appeal, or writ of habeas corpus on behalf of the person 22 accused of killing the deceased child victim. 23

(3) To civil litigants in a cause of action related to the victim's death with a court
order upon a showing of good cause and proper notice under Section 129, to be used
solely to pursue the cause of action, and may not be disseminated further.

(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the use of autopsy reports and evidencein relation to court proceedings.

(c) Nothing in this section shall abrogate the rights of victims, their authorized 29 representatives, or insurance carriers to request the release of information pursuant 30 to subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7923.600) 31 of Chapter 1 of Part 4 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. However, 32 if a seal has been requested, an insurance carrier receiving items pursuant to a 33 request under that subdivision article is prohibited from disclosing the requested 34 items except as necessary in the normal course of business. An insurance carrier 35 shall not, under any circumstances, disclose to the general public items received 36 pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 37 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 4 of Division 10 of the Government Code. 38 (d) This section may not be invoked by a qualifying family member who has been 39 charged with or convicted of any act in furtherance of the victim's death. Upon the 40 filing of those charges against a qualifying family member, any seal maintained at 41

42 the request of that qualifying family member under this section shall be removed.

(e) A coroner or medical examiner shall not be liable for damages in a civil action
 for any reasonable act or omission taken in good faith in compliance with this
 section.

(f) If sealing of the autopsy report has been requested by a qualifying family 4 member and another qualifying family member opposes sealing, the opposing party 5 may request a hearing in the superior court in the county with jurisdiction over the 6 crime leading to the child's death for a determination of whether the sealing should 7 be maintained. The opposing party shall notify all other qualifying family members, 8 the medical examiner's office that conducted the autopsy, and the district attorney's 9 office with jurisdiction over the crime at least 10 court days in advance of the 10 hearing. At the hearing, the court shall consider the interests of all qualifying family 11 members, the protection of the memory of the deceased child, any evidence that the 12 qualifying family member requesting the seal was involved in the crime that resulted 13 in the death of the child, the public interest in scrutiny of the autopsy report or the 14 performance of the medical examiner, any impact that unsealing would have on 15 pending investigations or pending litigation, and any other relevant factors. Official 16 information in the possession of a public agency necessary to the determination of 17 the hearing shall be received in camera upon a proper showing. In its discretion, the 18 court may, to the extent allowable by law and with good cause shown, restrict the 19 dissemination of an autopsy report or evidence associated with the examination of 20 a victim. This section shall not apply if a public agency has independently 21 determined that the autopsy report may not be disclosed pursuant to subdivision (f) 22 of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 23 4 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code because it is an investigative 24 file. In that instance, nothing in this section shall preclude the application of Sections 25 6258 and 6259 Part 4 (commencing with Section 7923.000) of Division 10 of Title 26 1 of the Government Code. 27

(g) If a seal has been maintained pursuant to this section, a qualifying family member, or a biological or adoptive aunt, uncle, sibling, first cousin, child, or grandparent of the deceased child may request that the seal be removed. The request to remove the seal shall be adjudicated pursuant to subdivision (f), with the party requesting the removal of the seal being the opposing party.

(h) Nothing in this section shall limit the public access to information contained
 in the death certificate including: name, age, gender, race, date, time and location of
 death, the name of a physician reporting a death in a hospital, the name of the
 certifying pathologist, date of certification, burial information, and cause of death.

(i) When a medical examiner declines a request to provide a copy of an autopsy
report that has been sealed pursuant to this section, the examiner shall cite this
section as the reason for declining to provide a copy of the report.

40 (j) For purposes of this section:

(1) A "child who is under 18 years of age" does not include any child who comes
 within either of the following descriptions:

2 within either of the following descriptions:

(A) He or she <u>The child</u> was a dependent child of the juvenile court pursuant to
Section 300 of the Welfare and Institutions Code at the time of his or her the child's
death, or, pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 10850.4 of the Welfare and
Institutions Code, abuse or neglect is determined to have led to his or her the child's
death.

(B) He or she <u>The child</u> was residing in a state or county juvenile facility, or a
private facility under contract with the state or county for the placement of juveniles,
as a ward of the juvenile court pursuant to Section 602 of the Welfare and
Institutions Code at the time of his or her the child's death.

10 (2) "Evidence associated with the examination of a victim" means any object, 11 writing, diagram, recording, computer file, photograph, video, DVD, CD, film, 12 digital device, or other item that was collected during, or serves to document, the 13 autopsy of a deceased child.

(3) "Qualifying family member" means the biological or adoptive parent, spouse,or legal guardian.

(k) Nothing in this section shall limit the discovery provisions set forth in Chapter
 10 (commencing with Section 1054) of Title 6 of the Penal Code.

(*l*) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of the court to seal records or restrict the dissemination of an autopsy report or evidence associated with the examination of a victim under case law, other statutory law, or the rules of court.

22 (m) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section 23 or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or 24 applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Comment. Section 130 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

28 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a grammatical correction.

### 29 § 425.16 (amended). Special motion to strike

30 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 425.16 of the Code of Civil Procedure is amended to read:

425.16. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that there has been a disturbing increase in lawsuits brought primarily to chill the valid exercise of the constitutional rights of freedom of speech and petition for the redress of grievances. The Legislature finds and declares that it is in the public interest to encourage continued participation in matters of public significance, and that this participation should not be chilled through abuse of the judicial process. To this end, this section shall be construed broadly.

(b)(1) A cause of action against a person arising from any act of that person in
 furtherance of the person's right of petition or free speech under the United States

40 Constitution or the California Constitution in connection with a public issue shall

41 be subject to a special motion to strike, unless the court determines that the plaintiff

42 has established that there is a probability that the plaintiff will prevail on the claim.

1 (2) In making its determination, the court shall consider the pleadings, and 2 supporting and opposing affidavits stating the facts upon which the liability or 3 defense is based.

(3) If the court determines that the plaintiff has established a probability that he
or she the plaintiff will prevail on the claim, neither that determination nor the fact
of that determination shall be admissible in evidence at any later stage of the case,
or in any subsequent action, and no burden of proof or degree of proof otherwise
applicable shall be affected by that determination in any later stage of the case or in
any subsequent proceeding.

(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), in any action subject to subdivision
(b), a prevailing defendant on a special motion to strike shall be entitled to recover
his or her that defendant's attorney's fees and costs. If the court finds that a special
motion to strike is frivolous or is solely intended to cause unnecessary delay, the
court shall award costs and reasonable attorney's fees to a plaintiff prevailing on the
motion, pursuant to Section 128.5.

(2) A defendant who prevails on a special motion to strike in an action subject to 16 paragraph (1) shall not be entitled to attorney's fees and costs if that cause of action 17 is brought pursuant to Section 6259, 11130, 11130.3, 54960, or 54960.1 of the 18 Government Code, or pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 7923.100) 19 of Part 4 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. Nothing in this 20 paragraph shall be construed to prevent a prevailing defendant from recovering 21 attorney's fees and costs pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 6259 or Section 22 <u>7923.115</u>, 11130.5, or 54960.5, of the Government Code. 23

(d) This section shall not apply to any enforcement action brought in the name of
the people of the State of California by the Attorney General, district attorney, or
city attorney, acting as a public prosecutor.

(e) As used in this section, "act in furtherance of a person's right of petition or 27 free speech under the United States or California Constitution in connection with a 28 public issue" includes: (1) any written or oral statement or writing made before a 29 legislative, executive, or judicial proceeding, or any other official proceeding 30 authorized by law, (2) any written or oral statement or writing made in connection 31 with an issue under consideration or review by a legislative, executive, or judicial 32 body, or any other official proceeding authorized by law, (3) any written or oral 33 statement or writing made in a place open to the public or a public forum in 34 connection with an issue of public interest, or (4) any other conduct in furtherance 35 of the exercise of the constitutional right of petition or the constitutional right of 36 free speech in connection with a public issue or an issue of public interest. 37

(f) The special motion may be filed within 60 days of the service of the complaint
or, in the court's discretion, at any later time upon terms it deems proper. The motion
shall be scheduled by the clerk of the court for a hearing not more than 30 days after
the service of the motion unless the docket conditions of the court require a later
hearing.

(g) All discovery proceedings in the action shall be stayed upon the filing of a
notice of motion made pursuant to this section. The stay of discovery shall remain
in effect until notice of entry of the order ruling on the motion. The court, on noticed
motion and for good cause shown, may order that specified discovery be conducted
notwithstanding this subdivision.

6 (h) For purposes of this section, "complaint" includes "cross-complaint" and 7 "petition," "plaintiff" includes "cross-complainant" and "petitioner," and 8 "defendant" includes "cross-defendant" and "respondent."

9 (i) An order granting or denying a special motion to strike shall be appealable 10 under Section 904.1.

(j)(1) Any party who files a special motion to strike pursuant to this section, and any party who files an opposition to a special motion to strike, shall, promptly upon so filing, transmit to the Judicial Council, by e-mail or facsimile, a copy of the endorsed, filed caption page of the motion or opposition, a copy of any related notice of appeal or petition for a writ, and a conformed copy of any order issued pursuant to this section, including any order granting or denying a special motion to strike, discovery, or fees.

18 (2) The Judicial Council shall maintain a public record of information transmitted 19 pursuant to this subdivision for at least three years, and may store the information 20 on microfilm or other appropriate electronic media.

Comment. Section 425.16 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

24 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

# § 1985.4 (amended). Procedure for subpoena duces tecum for records maintained by state or local agency that contain "personal information" exempt from public disclosure

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1985.4 of the Code of Civil Procedure is amended to read:

1985.4. The procedures set forth in Section 1985.3 are applicable to a subpoena 28 duces tecum for records containing "personal information," as defined in Section 29 1798.3 of the Civil Code which that are otherwise exempt from public disclosure 30 under Section 6254 a provision listed in Section 7920.505 of the Government Code 31 which that are maintained by a state or local agency as defined in Section 6252 32 7920.510 or 7920.540 of the Government Code. For the purposes of this section, 33 "witness" means a state or local agency as defined in Section 6252 7920.510 or 34 7920.540 of the Government Code and "consumer" means any employee of any 35 state or local agency as defined in Section 6252 7920.510 or 7920.540 of the 36 Government Code, or any other natural person. Nothing in this section shall pertain 37 to personnel records as defined in Section 832.8 of the Penal Code. 38

<sup>39</sup> **Comment.** Section 1985.4 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

<sup>40</sup> Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
41 Reports \_\_ (2019).

<sup>42</sup> The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections.

### CORPORATIONS CODE

#### 2 § 25247 (amended). Disclosure of information

1

SEC. . Section 25247 of the Corporations Code is amended to read: 3 25247. (a) Upon written or oral request, the commissioner shall make available to 4 any person the information specified in Section 6254.12 7929.005 of the 5 Government Code and made available through the Public Disclosure Program of the 6 Financial Industry Regulatory Authority with respect to any broker-dealer or agent 7 licensed or regulated under this part. The commissioner shall also make available 8 the current license status and the year of issuance of the license of a broker-dealer. 9 Any information disclosed pursuant to this subdivision shall constitute a public 10 record. Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may disclose either orally 11 or in writing that information pursuant to this subdivision. There shall be no liability 12 on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, the state, the 13 Department of Business Oversight, the Commissioner of Business Oversight, or any 14 officer, agent, or employee of the state or the Department of Business Oversight for 15 the release of any false or unauthorized information, unless the release of that 16 information was done with knowledge and malice. 17

(b) Any broker-dealer or agent licensed or regulated under this part shall, upon request, deliver a written notice to any client when a new account is opened stating that information about the license status or disciplinary record of a broker-dealer or an agent may be obtained from the Division of Corporations, or from any other source that provides substantially similar information.

(c) The notice provided under subdivision (b) shall contain the office location or
 telephone number where the information may be obtained.

(d) A broker-dealer or agent is exempt from providing the notice required under
subdivision (b) if a person who does not have a financial relationship with the
broker-dealer or agent, requests only general operational information such as the
nature of the broker-dealer's or agent's business, office location, hours of operation,
basic services, and fees, but does not solicit advice regarding investments or other
services offered.

(e) Upon written or oral request, the commissioner shall make available to any 31 person the disciplinary records maintained on the Investment Adviser Registration 32 Depository and made available through the Investment Advisor Public Disclosure 33 Internet Web site internet website as to any investment adviser, investment adviser 34 representative, or associated person of an investment adviser licensed or regulated 35 under this part. The commissioner shall also make available the current license 36 status and the year of issuance of the license of an investment adviser. Any 37 information disclosed pursuant to this subdivision shall constitute a public record. 38 Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may disclose that information 39 either orally or in writing pursuant to this subdivision. There shall be no liability on 40 the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, the state, the 41 Department of Business Oversight, the Commissioner of Business Oversight, or any 42

1 officer, agent, or employee of the state or the Department of Business Oversight for

the release of any false or unauthorized information, unless the release of that
information was done with knowledge and malice.

(f) Section 461 of the Business and Professions Code shall not apply to the
Division of Corporations when using a national, uniform application adopted or
approved for use by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the North American
Securities Administrators Association, or the Financial Industry Regulatory
Authority that is required for participation in the Central Registration Depository or
the Investment Adviser Registration Depository.

10 (g) This section shall not require the disclosure of criminal history record 11 information maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation pursuant to Section 12 534 of Title 28 of the United States Code, and the rules thereunder, or information 13 not otherwise subject to disclosure under the Information Practices Act of 1977

13 not otherwise subject to disclosure under the Information Practices Act of 1977.

14 **Comment.** Section 25247 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 15 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

16 Reports (2019).

17 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

### 18 § 28106 (amended). Effect of permitting inspection or copying of record

19 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 28106 of the Corporations Code is amended to read:

20 28106. If the commissioner permits any licensee, any affiliate of the licensee, or

any governmental agency to inspect or make copies of any record relating to the 21 licensee or to any director, officer, employee, or affiliate of the licensee, or if the 22 commissioner provides the record, or a copy thereof, to any of those persons, 23 Sections 6254 and 6255 Section 7922.000 of the Government Code, subdivision (a) 24 of Section 7922.540 of the Government Code, and each provision listed in Section 25 7920.505 of the Government Code shall continue to apply to the record to the extent 26 that these sections provisions applied to the record prior to that action by the 27 commissioner. 28

29 **Comment.** Section 28106 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

31 Reports (2019).

32

## EDUCATION CODE

# 33 § 5091 (amended). Vacancy in governing board

34 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5091 of the Education Code is amended to read:

<sup>35</sup> 5091. (a)(1) If a vacancy occurs, or if a resignation has been filed with the county

36 superintendent of schools containing a deferred effective date, the school district or

37 community college district governing board shall, within 60 days of the vacancy or

the filing of the deferred resignation, either order an election or make a provisional

39 appointment to fill the vacancy. A governing board member may not defer the

- 40 effective date of his or her the member's resignation for more than 60 days after he
- 41 or she the member files the resignation with the county superintendent of schools.

(2) In the event that a governing board fails to make a provisional appointment or
 order an election within the prescribed 60-day period as required by this section, the
 county superintendent of schools shall order an election to fill the vacancy.

(b) When an election is ordered, it shall be held on the next established election
date provided pursuant to Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1000) of Division 1
of the Elections Code not less than 130 days after the order of the election.

(c)(1) If a provisional appointment is made within the 60-day period, the 7 registered voters of the district may, within 30 days from the date of the 8 appointment, petition for the conduct of a special election to fill the vacancy. A 9 petition shall be deemed to bear a sufficient number of signatures if signed by at 10 least the number of registered voters of the district equal to  $1^{1/2}$  percent of the 11 number of registered voters of the district at the time of the last regular election for 12 governing board members, or 25 registered voters, whichever is greater. However, 13 in districts with less than 2,000 registered voters, a petition shall be deemed to bear 14 a sufficient number of signatures if signed by at least 5 percent of the number of 15 registered voters of the district at the time of the last regular election for governing 16 board members. 17

(2) The petition shall be submitted to the county superintendent of schools having 18 jurisdiction who shall have 30 days to verify the signatures. If the petition is 19 determined to be legally sufficient by the county superintendent of schools, the 20 provisional appointment is terminated, and the county superintendent of schools 21 shall order a special election to be conducted no later than the 130th day after the 22 determination. However, if an established election date, as defined in Section 1000 23 of the Elections Code, occurs between the 130th day and the 150th day following 24 the order of the election, the county superintendent of schools may order the special 25 election to be conducted on the established election date. 26

27 (3) For purposes of this section, "registered voters" means the following:

(A) If the district uses the at-large method of election, as defined in subdivision
(a) of Section 14026 of the Elections Code, registered voters of the entire school
district or community college district.

(B) If the district uses district-based elections, as defined in subdivision (b) of
 Section 14026 of the Elections Code, registered voters of the election district.

(d) A provisional appointment made pursuant to subdivision (a) confers all
 powers and duties of a governing board member upon the appointee immediately
 following his or her that appointment.

(e) A person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold office only until the next
regularly scheduled election for district governing board members that is scheduled
130 or more days after the effective date of the vacancy, whereupon an election shall
be held to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term. A person elected
at an election to fill the vacancy shall hold office for the remainder of the term in
which the vacancy occurs or will occur.

42 (f)(1) If a petition calling for a special election is circulated, the petition shall meet43 all of the following requirements:

(A) The petition shall contain the estimate of the elections official of the cost of 1 conducting the special election. 2 (B) The name and residence address of at least one, but not more than five, of the 3 proponents of the petition shall appear on the petition, each of which proponents 4 shall be a registered voter of the school district or community college district, as 5 applicable. 6 (C) None of the text or other language of the petition shall appear in less than six-7 point type. 8 (D) The petition shall be prepared and circulated in conformity with Sections 100 9 and 104 of the Elections Code. 10 (2) If any of the requirements of this subdivision are not met as to any petition 11 calling for a special election, the county superintendent of schools shall not verify 12 the signatures, nor shall any further action be taken with respect to the petition. 13 (3) No person shall permit the list of names on petitions prescribed by this section 14 to be used for any purpose other than qualification of the petition for the purpose of 15 holding an election pursuant to this section. 16 (4) The petition filed with the county superintendent of schools shall be subject to 17 the restrictions in Section 6253.5 Article 2 (commencing with Section 7924.100) of 18 Chapter 2 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 19 (g) Elections held pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (c) shall be conducted in as 20 nearly the same manner as practicable as other governing board member elections. 21 Comment. Section 5091 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 22 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 23 24 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns. 25 § 17250.25 (amended). Procurement process for design-build projects 26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 17250.25 of the Education Code is amended to read: 27 17250.25. The procurement process for design-build projects shall progress as 28 follows: 29 (a)(1) The school district shall prepare a set of documents setting forth the scope 30 and estimated price of the project. The documents may include, but are not limited 31 to, the size, type, and desired design character of the project, performance 32 specifications covering the quality of materials, equipment, workmanship, 33 preliminary plans or building layouts, or any other information deemed necessary 34 to describe adequately the school district's needs. The performance specifications 35 and any plans shall be prepared by a design professional who is duly licensed and 36 registered in California. 37 (2) The documents shall not include a design-build-operate contract for a project. 38 The documents, however, may include operations during a training or transition 39 period, but shall not include long-term operations for a project. 40 (b) The school district shall prepare and issue a request for qualifications in order 41 to prequalify, or develop a short-list of, the design-build entities whose proposals 42

shall be evaluated for final selection. The request for qualifications shall include,but is not limited to, all of the following elements:

(1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the
expected cost range, the methodology that will be used by the school district to
evaluate proposals, the procedure for final selection of the design-build entity, and
any other information deemed necessary by the school district to inform interested
parties of the contracting opportunity.

8 (2) Significant factors that the school district reasonably expects to consider in 9 evaluating qualifications, including technical design and construction expertise, 10 acceptable safety record, and all other nonprice-related factors.

(3) A standard template request for statements of qualifications prepared by the school district. In preparing the standard template, the school district may consult with the construction industry, the building trades and surety industry, and other school districts interested in using the authorization provided by this chapter. The template shall require the following information:

(A) If the design-build entity is a privately held corporation, limited liability
 company, partnership, or joint venture, a listing of all of the shareholders, partners,
 or members known at the time of statement of qualification submission who will
 perform work on the project.

(B) Evidence that the members of the design-build team have completed, or demonstrated the experience, competency, capability, and capacity to complete, projects of similar size, scope, or complexity, and that the proposed key personnel have sufficient experience and training to competently manage and complete the design and construction of the project, and a financial statement that ensures that the design-build entity has the capacity to complete the project.

(C) The licenses, registration, and credentials required to design and construct the
 project, including, but not limited to, information on the revocation or suspension
 of any license, credential, or registration.

(D) Evidence that establishes that the design-build entity has the capacity to
 obtain all required payment and performance bonding, liability insurance, and errors
 and omissions insurance.

32 (E) Information concerning workers' compensation experience history and a 33 worker safety program.

(F) If the proposed design-build entity is a corporation, limited liability company,
 partnership, joint venture, or other legal entity, a copy of the organizational
 documents or agreement committing to form the organization.

(G) An acceptable safety record. A proposer's safety record shall be deemed acceptable if its experience modification rate for the most recent three-year period is an average of 1.00 or less, and its average total recordable injury or illness rate and average lost work rate for the most recent three-year period does not exceed the applicable statistical standards for its business category, or if the proposer is a party to an alternative dispute resolution system, as provided for in Section 3201.5 of the Labor Code. 1 (4)(A) The information required under this subdivision shall be certified under 2 penalty of perjury by the design-build entity and its general partners or joint venture 3 members.

(B) Information required under this subdivision that is not otherwise a public
record under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of

7 Title 1 of the Government Code) shall not be open to public inspection.

(c)(1) A design-build entity shall not be prequalified or shortlisted unless the
entity provides an enforceable commitment to the school district that the entity and
its subcontractors at every tier will use a skilled and trained workforce to perform
all work on the project or contract that falls within an apprenticeable occupation in
the building and construction trades, in accordance with Chapter 2.9 (commencing
with Section 2600) of Part 1 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code.

(2) This subdivision shall not apply if any of the following requirements are met:
(A) The school district has entered into a project labor agreement that will bind
all contractors and subcontractors performing work on the project or contract to use
a skilled and trained workforce, and the entity agrees to be bound by that project
labor agreement.

(B) The project or contract is being performed under the extension or renewal of
 a project labor agreement that was entered into by the school district prior to January
 1, 2017.

(C) The entity has entered into a project labor agreement that will bind the entity
 and all its subcontractors at every tier performing the project or contract to use a
 skilled and trained workforce.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, "project labor agreement" has the same
meaning as in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 2500 of the Public
Contract Code.

(d) Based on the documents prepared as described in subdivision (a), the school
district shall prepare a request for proposals that invites prequalified or short-listed
entities to submit competitive sealed proposals in the manner prescribed by the
school district. The request for proposals shall include, but need not be limited to,
the following elements:

(1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the
estimated cost of the project, the methodology that will be used by the school district
to evaluate proposals, whether the contract will be awarded on the basis of low bid
or best value, and any other information deemed necessary by the school district to
inform interested parties of the contracting opportunity.

(2) Significant factors that the school district reasonably expects to consider in
 evaluating proposals, including, but not limited to, cost or price and all nonprice related factors.

(3) The relative importance or the weight assigned to each of the factors identifiedin the request for proposals.

(4) Where a best value selection method is used, the school district may reserve the right to request proposal revisions and hold discussions and negotiations with responsive proposers, in which case the school district shall so specify in the request for proposals and shall publish separately or incorporate into the request for proposals applicable procedures to be observed by the school district to ensure that any discussions or negotiations are conducted in good faith.

7 (e) For those projects utilizing low bid as the final selection method, the 8 competitive bidding process shall result in lump-sum bids by the prequalified or 9 short-listed design-build entities, and awards shall be made to the design-build 10 entity that is the lowest responsible bidder.

(f) For those projects utilizing best value as a selection method, the design-build
 competition shall progress as follows:

(1) Competitive proposals shall be evaluated by using only the criteria and
 selection procedures specifically identified in the request for proposals. The
 following minimum factors, however, shall be weighted as deemed appropriate by
 the school district:

- 17 (A) Price, unless a stipulated sum is specified.
- 18 (B) Technical design and construction expertise.
- 19 (C) Life-cycle costs over 15 or more years.

(2) Pursuant to subdivision (d), the school district may hold discussions or
 negotiations with responsive proposers using the process articulated in the school
 district's request for proposals.

(3) When the evaluation is complete, the responsive proposers shall be ranked
 based on a determination of value provided, provided that no more than three
 proposers are required to be ranked.

(4) The award of the contract shall be made to the responsible design-build entity
whose proposal is determined by the school district to have offered the best value
to the public.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon issuance of a contract
award, the school district shall publicly announce its award, identifying the designbuild entity to which the award is made, along with a statement regarding the basis

32 of the award.

(6) The statement regarding the school district's contract award, described in
 paragraph (5), and the contract file shall provide sufficient information to satisfy an
 external audit.

36 **Comment.** Section 17250.25 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 37 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

38 Comm'n Reports (2019).

### 39 § 17611 (amended). Records of pesticide use at schoolsite

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 17611 of the Education Code is amended to read:

41 17611. (a) Each schoolsite shall maintain records of all pesticide use at the

42 schoolsite for a period of four years, and shall make this information available to

1 the public, upon request, pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5

2 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

3 <u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code). A schoolsite may meet the

requirements of this section by retaining a copy of the warning sign posted for each
 application required pursuant to Section 17612, and recording on that copy the

5 application required pursuant to Section 17612, and recording on the 6 amount of the pesticide used.

(b)(1) If a schoolsite chooses to use a pesticide not included within Section 7 17610.5, at the end of each calendar year, or more often at the discretion of a school 8 designee, the school designee shall submit to the Director of Pesticide Regulation a 9 copy of the records of all pesticide use at the schoolsite for the calendar year. The 10 records submitted to the Director of Pesticide Regulation shall be submitted using a 11 form prepared by the Department of Pesticide Regulation similar to that prepared 12 pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 13186 of the Food and Agricultural Code, 13 and shall include all of the following: 14

15 (A) The name of a school designee for the schoolsite.

(B) The name and address of the schoolsite, or the department code or licensed
 child day care facility number indicating if the site is an elementary or secondary
 school facility, or a child day care facility.

(C) The product name, manufacturer's name, the United States Environmental
 Protection Agency's product registration number, and the amount used, including
 the unit of measurement.

22 (D) The date, time, and location of application.

(2) The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall not include pesticide use
 reported pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 13186 of the Food and Agricultural
 Code.

Comment. Section 17611 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

### 29 § 24214.5 (amended). Postretirement matters

30 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 24214.5 of the Education Code is amended to read:

24214.5. (a)(1) Notwithstanding subdivision (f) of Section 24214, the postretirement compensation limitation that shall apply to the compensation paid in cash to the retired member for performance of retired member activities, excluding reimbursements paid by an employer for expenses incurred by the member in which payment of the expenses by the member is substantiated, shall be zero dollars (\$0) during the first 180 calendar days after the most recent retirement of a member retired for service under this part.

(2) For written agreements pertaining to the performance of retired member
activities entered into, extended, renewed, or amended on or after January 1, 2014,
the limitation in paragraph (1) shall also apply to payments made for the
performance of retired member activities, including, but not limited to, those for
participation in a deferred compensation plan; to purchase an annuity contract, tax-

deferred retirement plan, or insurance program; and for contributions to a plan that meets the requirements of Section 125, 401(a), 401(k), 403(b), 457(b), or 457(f) of

3 Title 26 of the United States Code when the cost is covered by an employer.

(b) If the retired member has attained normal retirement age at the time the 4 compensation is earned, subdivision (a) shall not apply and Section 24214 shall 5 apply if the appointment has been approved by the governing body of the employer 6 in a public meeting, as reflected in a resolution adopted by the governing body of 7 the employer prior to the performance of retired member activities, expressing its 8 intent to seek an exemption from the limitation specified in subdivision (a). 9 Approval of the appointment may not be placed on a consent calendar. 10 Notwithstanding any other provision of Article 3.5 (commencing with Section 11 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of 12 the Government Code or any state or federal law incorporated by subdivision (k) of 13 Section 6254 Section 7927.705 of the Government Code, the resolution shall be 14 subject to disclosure by the entity adopting the resolution and the system. The 15 resolution shall include the following specific information and findings: 16

17 (1) The nature of the employment.

(2) A finding that the appointment is necessary to fill a critically needed position
 before 180 calendar days have passed.

(3) A finding that the member is not ineligible for application of this subdivision
 pursuant to subdivision (d).

(4) A finding that the termination of employment of the retired member with theemployer is not the basis for the need to acquire the services of the member.

(c) Subdivision (b) shall not apply to a retired member whose termination of
 employment with the employer is the basis for the need to acquire the services of
 the member.

(d) Subdivision (b) shall not apply if the retired member received additional 27 service credit pursuant to Section 22714 or 22715 or received from any public 28 employer any financial inducement to retire. For purposes of this section, "financial 29 inducement to retire" includes, but is not limited to, any form of compensation or 30 other payment that is paid directly or indirectly by a public employer to the member, 31 even if not in cash, either before or after retirement, if the participant retires for 32 service on or before a specific date or specific range of dates established by a public 33 employer on or before the date the inducement is offered. The system shall liberally 34 interpret this subdivision to further the Legislature's intent to make subdivision (b) 35 inapplicable to members if the member received a financial incentive from any 36 public employer to retire or otherwise terminate employment with a public 37 employer. 38

(e) The Superintendent, the county superintendent of schools, or the chief
executive officer of a community college shall submit all documentation required
by the system to substantiate the eligibility of the retired member for application of
subdivision (b), including, but not limited to, the resolution adopted pursuant to that
subdivision.

1 (f) The documentation required by this section shall be received by the system 2 prior to the retired member's performance of retired member activities.

(g) Within 30 calendar days after the receipt of all documentation required by the
system pursuant to this section, the system shall inform the entity seeking
application of the exemption specified in subdivision (b), and the retired member
whether the compensation paid to the member will be subject to the limitation
specified in subdivision (a).

(h) If a member retired for service under this part earns compensation for 8 performing retired member activities in excess of the limitation specified in 9 subdivision (a), the member's retirement allowance shall be reduced by the amount 10 of the excess compensation. The amount of the reduction in an individual month 11 shall be no more than the monthly allowance payable in that month, and the total 12 amount of the reduction shall not exceed the amount of the allowance payable 13 during the first 180 calendar days, after a member retired for service under this part. 14 (i) The amendments to this section enacted during the first year of the 2013–14 15 Regular Session shall apply to compensation paid on or after January 1, 2014. 16

Comment. Section 24214.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

19 Reports (2019).

#### 20 § 26812 (amended). Retired participant activities

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 26812 of the Education Code is amended to read:

22 26812. (a) A participant retired for service under this part may perform retired 23 participant activities, but the participant shall not make contributions to the plan or 24 accrue service credit under the Defined Benefit Program based on compensation 25 earned from that service. The employer shall maintain accurate records of the 26 earnings of the retired participant and report those earnings monthly to the system 27 and retired participant.

(b) If a participant is retired for service under this part, the annualized rate of pay
for retired participant activities performed by that participant shall not be less than
the minimum, nor exceed the maximum, paid by the employer to other employees
performing comparable duties.

(c) A participant retired for service under this part shall not be required to reinstate
 for performing retired participant activities.

(d)(1) If all of the following apply to a participant retired for service under this
part, the participant's annuity shall be reduced by the amount of the compensation:
(A) The participant is receiving an annuity under the Cash Balance Benefit

Program.
(B) The participant is below normal retirement age or retired on or after January
1, 2014.

40 (C) The participant earns compensation paid in cash for performing retired 41 participant activities, excluding reimbursements paid by an employer for expenses incurred by the participant in which payment of the expenses by the participant issubstantiated.

(2) The reduction in paragraph (1) shall only be made for compensation paid in 3 cash during the first 180 calendar days after a participant retired for service under 4 this part. The amount of the reduction in an individual month shall be no more than 5 the monthly annuity payable in that month, and the total amount of the reduction 6 shall not exceed the amount of the annuity payable during the first 180 calendar 7 days after a participant retired for service under this part. For written agreements 8 pertaining to the performance of retired participant activities entered into, extended, 9 renewed, or amended on or after January 1, 2014, the reduction in paragraph (1) 10 shall also be made for payments made for the performance of retired participant 11 activities, including, but not limited to, those for participation in a deferred 12 compensation plan; to purchase an annuity contract, tax-deferred retirement plan, or 13 insurance program; and for contributions to a plan that meets the requirements of 14 Section 125, 401(a), 401(k), 403(b), 457(b), or 457(f) of Title 26 of the United States 15 Code when the cost is covered by an employer. 16

(3) Subject to the limitation described in paragraph (4), if all of the following
apply to a participant retired for service under this part, the participant's application
for the retirement benefit shall automatically be canceled:

20 (A) The participant is anticipated to receive the retirement benefit in the form of 21 a lump-sum payment.

(B) The participant earns compensation for performing creditable service within
 180 calendar days following the date of termination of employment.

(4) Paragraph (3) does not apply if the participant has reached that age at which
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 requires a distribution of benefits. A participant
who has reached that age shall receive a distribution commencing on the earlier of
the date that the participant has met the conditions of subdivision (b) of Section
26806 or the conditions of subdivision (c) of Section 26004.

(e) If the participant has attained normal retirement age at the time the 29 compensation is earned, subdivision (d) shall not apply if the appointment has been 30 approved by the governing body of the employer in a public meeting, as reflected 31 in a resolution adopted by the governing body of the employer prior to the 32 performance of retired participant activities, expressing its intent to seek an 33 exemption from the limitation specified in subdivision (d). Approval of the 34 appointment shall not be placed on a consent calendar. Notwithstanding any other 35 provision of Article 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 36 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code or any 37 state or federal law incorporated by subdivision (k) of Section 6254 Section 38 7927.705 of the Government Code, the resolution shall be subject to disclosure by 39 the entity adopting the resolution and the system. The resolution shall include the 40 following specific information and findings: 41

42 (1) The nature of the employment.

1 (2) A finding that the appointment is necessary to fill a critically needed position 2 before 180 calendar days have passed.

3 (3) A finding that the participant is not ineligible for application of this
4 subdivision pursuant to subdivision (g).

5 (4) A finding that the termination of employment of the retired participant with 6 the employer is not the basis for the need to acquire the services of the participant.

(f) Subdivision (e) shall not apply to a retired participant whose termination of
employment with the employer is the basis for the need to acquire the services of
the participant.

(g) Subdivision (e) shall not apply if the participant received additional service 10 credit pursuant to Section 22714 or 22715 or received from any public employer 11 any financial inducement to retire. For purposes of this section, "financial 12 inducement to retire" includes, but is not limited to, any form of compensation or 13 other payment that is paid directly or indirectly by a public employer to the 14 participant, even if not in cash, either before or after retirement, if the participant 15 retires for service on or before a specific date or specific range of dates established 16 by a public employer on or before the date the inducement is offered. The system 17 shall liberally interpret this subdivision to further the Legislature's intent to make 18 subdivision (e) inapplicable to participants if the participant received a financial 19 incentive from any public employer to retire or otherwise terminate employment 20 with a public employer. 21

(h) The superintendent, the county superintendent of schools, or the chief
executive officer of a community college shall submit all documentation required
by the system to substantiate the eligibility of the retired participant for application
of subdivision (e), including, but not limited to, the resolution adopted pursuant to
that subdivision.

(i) The documentation required by this section shall be received by the systemprior to the retired participant's performance of retired participant activities.

(j) Within 30 calendar days of the receipt of all documentation required by the
system pursuant to this section, the system shall inform the entity seeking
application of the exemption specified in subdivision (e) and the retired participant
whether the compensation paid to the participant will be subject to the limitation
specified in subdivision (d).

Comment. Section 26812 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 33133 (amended). Information to strengthen and promote opportunity for quality involvement by parents and guardians in schoolsite councils

- 39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 33133 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 40 33133. (a) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall develop information,
- 41 and submit this information to the State Board of Education for its approval. This
- 42 information shall be for distribution to school districts and, to the extent feasible,

for posting on the State Department of Education Internet internet website, to 1 strengthen and promote the opportunity for quality involvement by parents and 2 guardians in schoolsite councils whose composition meets the requirements of 3 Section 52012. In developing the information, the Superintendent of Public 4 Instruction may use documents currently available from nonprofit organizations, 5 such as Ed Source and the California Parent Teacher Association, or state and local 6 government agencies. 7 (b) The information shall be provided to each school district and county office of 8

9 education and may be made available for parents and guardians who are members
10 of schoolsite councils whose composition meets the requirements of Section 52012
11 and shall cover at least the following topics:

12 (1) Operation of schoolsite advisory bodies, including bylaws, group 13 responsibilities, and roles.

14 (2) Public meeting notice requirements.

(3) Information about the total budget of a school district and how funds are
 distributed to schoolsite advisory bodies, including, but not limited to, the amount
 of funds distributed to schoolsites.

(4) Information about the school district and state standards of expected pupilachievement in core academic subjects for each grade level.

(5) Instruction on how to interpret data from the pupil performance measuresselected by the school district.

(6) A definition of "significant gains made by pupils" toward meeting thestandards of expected pupil achievement.

(7) Research-based information about curriculum and teaching strategies that willimprove pupil performance.

- (8) The right to information under the Public Records Act set forth in Chapter 3.5
   (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code.
- (9) Information regarding the educational and training needs for pupils, as
  identified and expressed by local employers, former pupils of the school district,
  and postsecondary education institutions.

(c) In addition to the composition set forth in Section 52012, a schoolsite council
 at the middle school level may, but is not required to, include pupil representation.

34 **Comment.** Section 33133 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

37 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

## 38 § 33353 (amended). California Interscholastic Federation

39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 33353 of the Education Code is amended to read:

40 33353. (a) The California Interscholastic Federation is a voluntary organization

- 41 that consists of school and school-related personnel with responsibility for
- 42 administering interscholastic athletic activities in secondary schools. It is the intent

of the Legislature that the California Interscholastic Federation, in consultation with
 the department, implement the following policies:

(1) Give the governing boards of school districts specific authority to select their
 athletic league representatives.

5 (2) Require that all league, section, and state meetings affiliated with the 6 California Interscholastic Federation be subject to the notice and hearing 7 requirements of the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 8 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).

9 (3) Establish a neutral final appeals body to hear complaints related to 10 interscholastic athletic policies.

(4) Provide information to parents and pupils regarding the state and federal
 complaint procedures for discrimination complaints arising out of interscholastic
 athletic activities.

(5) Comply with the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)
of Title 1 of the Government Code), and in doing so, as a third-party recipient of
pupil and school personnel information, be afforded the same public records
disclosure exemptions as are afforded to school districts, in order to protect the
confidentiality of pupil and school personnel records and information.

(b)(1) The California Interscholastic Federation shall report to the appropriate
policy committees of the Legislature and the Governor on its evaluation and
accountability activities undertaken pursuant to this section on or before January 1,
2023, and on or before January 1 every seven years thereafter. This report shall
include, but not be limited to, the goals and objectives of the California
Interscholastic Federation with regard to, and the status of, all of the following:

(A) The governing structure of the California Interscholastic Federation, and the
 effectiveness of that governance structure in providing leadership for interscholastic
 athletics in secondary schools.

(B) Methods to facilitate communication with agencies, organizations, and public
 entities whose functions and interests interface with the California Interscholastic
 Federation.

(C) The quality of coaching and officiating, including, but not limited to,
 professional development for coaches and athletic administrators, and parent
 education programs.

(D) Gender equity in interscholastic athletics, including, but not limited to, the
number of male and female pupils participating in interscholastic athletics in
secondary schools, and action taken by the California Interscholastic Federation in
order to ensure compliance with Title IX of the federal Education Amendments of
1972 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.).

40 (E) Health and safety of pupils, coaches, officials, and spectators.

41 (F) The economic viability of interscholastic athletics in secondary schools, 42 including, but not limited to, the promotion and marketing of interscholastic 43 athletics. 1 (G) New and continuing programs available to pupil athletes.

2 (H) Awareness and understanding of emerging issues related to interscholastic 3 athletics in secondary schools.

4 (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the California Interscholastic Federation 5 accomplish all of the following:

6 (A) During years in which the California Interscholastic Federation is not required 7 to report to the Legislature and the Governor pursuant to paragraph (1), it shall hold 8 a public comment period relating to that report at three regularly scheduled 9 federation council meetings per year.

(B) Annually allow public comment on the policies and practices of the California
 Interscholastic Federation at a regularly scheduled federation council meeting.

12 (C) Require sections of the California Interscholastic Federation to allow public 13 comment on the policies and practices of the California Interscholastic Federation 14 and its sections, and the report required pursuant to paragraph (1), at each regularly 15 scheduled section meeting.

16 (D) Engage in a comprehensive outreach effort to promote the public hearings 17 described in subparagraphs (A) and (C).

(3) Upon receiving a report from the California Interscholastic Federation
pursuant to paragraph (1), the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature shall
hold a joint hearing at which the California Interscholastic Federation shall testify
and members of the public shall be encouraged to testify on information in the
report, including, but not limited to, the information required in paragraph (1).

Comment. Section 33353 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019)

25 Reports (2019).

26 § 35147 (amended). Meeting of council or committee

27 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 35147 of the Education Code is amended to read:

28 35147. (a) Except as specified in this section, any meeting of the councils or 29 committees specified in subdivision (b) is exempt from the provisions of this article,

the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120)

of Chapter 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), and the Ralph M.

Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Division 2 of Title 5 of

33 the Government Code).

(b) The councils and schoolsite advisory committees established pursuant to
Sections 52063, 52069, 52176, and 52852, subdivision (b) of Section 54425,
Sections 54444.2, 62002.5, and 65000, and committees formed pursuant to Section
11503 are subject to this section.

(c)(1) Any meeting held by a council or committee specified in subdivision (b)
shall be open to the public, and any member of the public shall be able to address
the council or committee during the meeting on any item within the subject matter
jurisdiction of the council or committee. Notice of the meeting shall be posted at the
schoolsite, or other appropriate place accessible to the public, at least 72 hours

before the time set for the meeting. The notice shall specify the date, time, and location of the meeting and contain an agenda describing each item of business to be discussed or acted upon. The council or committee may not take any action on any item of business unless that item appeared on the posted agenda or unless the council or committee members present, by unanimous vote, find that there is a need to take immediate action and that the need for action came to the attention of the council or committee subsequent to the posting of the agenda.

8 (2) Questions or brief statements made at a meeting by members of the council, 9 committee, or public that do not have a significant effect on pupils or employees in 10 the school or school district, or that can be resolved solely by the provision of 11 information, need not be described on an agenda as items of business. If a council 12 or committee violates the procedural meeting requirements of this section, upon 13 demand of any person, the council or committee shall reconsider the item at its next 14 meeting, after allowing for public input on the item.

(d) Any materials provided to a schoolsite council shall be made available to any
 member of the public who requests the materials pursuant to the California Public
 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division

18 <u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code).

19 **Comment.** Section 35147 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 22 § 44438 (amended). Private admonition

23 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 44438 of the Education Code is amended to read:

44438. (a) "Private admonition," as used in this article and in Article 3 (commencing with Section 44240) of Chapter 2, is a warning, in writing, to the applicant or credential holder that states in ordinary and concise language the act or omission of the applicant or credential holder and further states that repetition of <del>such that</del> act or omission may result in denial, suspension, or revocation of the credential.

30 (b) The private admonition shall be included in the applicant's or credential31 holder's file, maintained by the commission.

(c) The applicant's or credential holder's employer at the time of admonition shall
 receive a copy of the admonition and shall not make such that copy accessible or
 disclose the contents thereof, unless the applicant or credential holder consents, in
 writing, thereto.

(d) For purposes of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
 Code, the private admonition is deemed a personnel record within the meaning of
 subdivision (c) of Section 6254 Section 7927.700 of the Government Code.

40 (e) The commission and the applicant's or credential holder's employer shall 41 expunge all records pertaining to the private admonition maintained in his or her the

42 <u>applicant's or credential holder's files pursuant to subdivisions subdivisions</u> (b) and

(c) at the expiration of three years, so long as there is no recurrence of such an the
offense.

3 **Comment.** Section 44438 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

4 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 5 Reports (2019)

5 Reports (2019).

6 The section is also amended to correct a spelling error and make other technical changes.

### 7 § 49006 (amended). Use of behavioral restraints and seclusion for pupils

8 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 49006 of the Education Code is amended to read:

9 49006. (a) A local educational agency that meets the definition of a "local educational agency" specified in Section 300.28 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations shall collect and, no later than three months after the end of a school year, report to the department annually on the use of behavioral restraints and seclusion for pupils enrolled in or served by the local educational agency for all or part of the prior school year.

15 (b) The report required pursuant to subdivision (a) shall include all of the 16 following information, disaggregated by race or ethnicity, and gender:

(1) The number of pupils subjected to mechanical restraint, with separate counts
for pupils with a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of
1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794), pupils with an individualized education program, and
pupils who do not have a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation
Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794) or an individualized education program.

(2) The number of pupils subjected to physical restraint, with separate counts for
pupils with a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973
(29 U.S.C. Sec. 794), pupils with an individualized education program, and pupils
who do not have a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of
1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794) or an individualized education program.

(3) The number of pupils subjected to seclusion, with separate counts for pupils
with a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29
U.S.C. Sec. 794), pupils with an individualized education program, and pupils who
do not have a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973
(29 U.S.C. Sec. 794) or an individualized education program.

(4) The number of times mechanical restraint was used on pupils, with separate
counts for the number of times mechanical restraint was used on pupils with a plan
pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec.
794), pupils with an individualized education program, and pupils who do not have
a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C.
Sec. 794) or an individualized education program.

(5) The number of times physical restraint was used on pupils, with separate
counts for the number of times physical restraint was used on pupils with a plan
pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec.
794), pupils with an individualized education program, and pupils who do not have

a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C.
 Sec. 794) or an individualized education program.
 (6) The number of times seclusion was used on pupils, with separate counts for
 the number of times seclusion was used on pupils with a plan pursuant to Section

5 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794), pupils with an

6 individualized education program, and pupils who do not have a plan pursuant to

Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794) or an
 individualized education program.

9 (c) Notwithstanding any other law, the data collected and reported pursuant to this
 10 section shall be available as a public record pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing
 11 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)

- 12 of Title 1 of the Government Code.
- 13 (d) No later than three months after the report is due to the department pursuant
- 14 to subdivision (a), the department shall post the data from the report annually on its
- 15 Internet Web site internet website.

Comment. Section 49006 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

18 Reports (2019).

19 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

## 20 § 49060 (amended). Confidentiality of pupil records

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 49060 of the Education Code is amended to read:

49060. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to resolve potential conflicts between California law and the provisions of Public Law 93-380 regarding parental access to, and the confidentiality of, pupil records in order to ensure the continuance of federal education funds to public educational institutions within the state, and to revise generally and update the law relating to such those records.

(b) This chapter applies to public agencies that provide educationally related services to pupils with disabilities pursuant to Chapter 26.5 (commencing with Section 7570) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code and to public agencies that educate pupils with disabilities in state hospitals or developmental centers and in youth and adult facilities.

(c) This chapter has no effect regarding public community colleges, other public
 or private institutions of higher education, other governmental or private agencies
 which that receive federal education funds unless described herein, or, except for
 Sections 49068 and 40969.7 and subdivision (b)(5) paragraph (5) of subdivision (b)
 of Section 49076, private schools.

(d) The provisions of this chapter prevail over the provisions of Section 12400 of
this code and Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division
10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code to the

- 40 extent that they may pertain to access to pupil records.
- 41 **Comment.** Section 49060 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 42 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 43 Reports (2019).

1 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction and other technical changes.

#### 2 § 49562 (amended). Participation in school meal program

3 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 49562 of the Education Code is amended to read:

49562. (a) The department, in consultation with the State Department of Health 4 Care Services, shall develop and implement a process to use the participation data 5 from the Medi-Cal program administered pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with 6 Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, to verify 7 income as established in the federal Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act 8 of 2004 (Public Law 108-265) and, to the extent permitted under federal law, 9 directly certify children whose families meet the applicable income criteria into the 10 school meal program. 11

(b) The department shall share the participation data described in subdivision (a)
with local educational agencies. A local educational agency that participates in a
federal school meal program shall use the participation data described in subdivision
(a), commencing with the participation data of pupils in the 2017–18 school year,
to directly certify pupils eligible for free and reduced-price school meals, to the
extent permitted under federal law.

(c) In the operation of this process, the department shall limit the information 18 needed from the State Department of Health Care Services to identify families 19 whose income falls below the eligibility cutoff for free or reduced-price meals, and 20 utilize the least amount of information needed to facilitate a match of local school 21 records. The State Department of Health Care Services shall conduct the data match 22 of local school records and return a list to the department, including only the data 23 fields submitted by the department and an indicator of program eligibility, as 24 required by federal law. 25

(d) The department and the State Department of Health Care Services shall design 26 this process to maintain pupil privacy and the privacy of Medi-Cal recipients by 27 establishing privacy and confidentiality procedures consistent with all applicable 28 state and federal laws. Local educational agencies shall maintain pupil privacy and 29 the privacy of Medi-Cal recipients through privacy and confidentiality procedures 30 consistent with applicable state and federal laws. The department and local 31 educational agencies shall utilize appropriate technical and security safeguards to 32 ensure any Medi-Cal participation data is protected, consistent with applicable state 33 and federal laws. To the extent permitted by state and federal law, the department 34 and the State Department of Health Care Services may review the data only for the 35 purposes of improving the effectiveness of the data matches made pursuant to this 36 section and Section 49561. 37

(e)(1) The participation data described in subdivision (a) is exempt from the
disclosure requirements of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). The participation data
described in subdivision (a) shall be used only for the purposes of direct certification

pursuant to this section, shall not be open to the public for inspection, and shall not be disclosed to any other party without the written consent of the parent or legal guardian of the pupil, except for the purpose of directly certifying pupils for free and reduced-price meals pursuant to this section or as otherwise required or authorized by law or state or federal court order.

6 (2) This subdivision does not prohibit the disclosure of aggregate data that does
7 not reveal personally identifying information about a pupil or his or her <u>a pupil's</u>
8 family.

(f) The department specifically shall ensure that the process, and use and sharing 9 of participation data from the Medi-Cal program, conforms to the federal Health 10 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191), the 11 federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act 12 (Public Law 111-5) and its implementing regulations, and the Information Practices 13 Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of 14 Division 3 of the Civil Code), by using strategies employed by other states' 15 Medicaid verification projects or by developing a new strategy that ensures 16 conformity. If applicable, Medi-Cal participation data shall also be subject to 17 Section 49602 and its implementing regulations. 18

(g) The department shall seek all necessary approvals to establish this process and
 shall apply for available federal funds to support the work of this process.

(h) This section shall become operative upon the receipt of federal funds to assist
 the state in implementing the provisions of this section.

Comment. Section 49562 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

25 Reports (2019).

26 The statute is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 27 § 54004.1 (amended). Allocation of funds

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 54004.1 of the Education Code is amended to read:

54004.1. For fiscal year 1979–80 and each year thereafter, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall apportion funds available for programs in accord with procedures specified in this chapter and rules and regulations established by the State Board of Education. Funds shall be allocated to each district within its entitlement based upon the following:

(a) A district allocation plan developed pursuant to Sections 54004.3, 54004.5,
and 54004.7, which shall be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction
and approved by the State Board of Education.

(b) A school plan, including any modification for each school receiving funds
allocated pursuant to Sections 54004.5 and 54004.7, which has been approved by
the governing board of the school district and is retained at the school site and at the
school district office. This plan shall be available to the Superintendent of Public
Instruction upon demand and shall be made available to the public on a reasonable
basis pursuant to the provisions of the California Public Records Act, Chapter 3.5

(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 1 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. The plan shall include, but 2 not be limited to: 3 (1) An explicit statement of what the school seeks to accomplish. 4 (2) A description of the program and activities designed to achieve these purposes. 5 (3) A planned program of annual evaluation, including a statement of criteria to 6 be used to measure the effectiveness of the program. 7 (c) Schools which that provide programs pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 8 52165 shall include such those programs in the school plan. 9 **Comment.** Section 54004.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 10 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 11 12 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to make technical changes. 13 § 67380 (amended). Recordkeeping of noncriminal acts of hate violence and on-campus 14 crimes involving violence, hate violence, theft, destruction of property, illegal drugs, or 15 alcohol intoxication 16 SEC. . Section 67380 of the Education Code is amended to read: 17 67380. (a) Except as provided in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (6), the governing 18 board of each community college district, the Trustees of the California State 19 University, the Board of Directors of the Hastings College of the Law, the Regents 20 of the University of California, and the governing board of any postsecondary 21 educational institution receiving public funds for student financial assistance shall 22 do all of the following: 23 24 (1) Require the appropriate officials at each campus within their respective jurisdictions to compile records of both of the following: 25 (A) All occurrences reported to campus police, campus security personnel, or 26 campus safety authorities of, and arrests for, crimes that are committed on campus 27 and that involve violence, hate violence, theft, destruction of property, illegal drugs, 28 or alcohol intoxication. 29 (B) All occurrences of noncriminal acts of hate violence reported to, and for 30 which a written report is prepared by, designated campus authorities. 31 (2) Require any written record of a noncriminal act of hate violence to include, 32 but not be limited to, the following: 33 (A) A description of the act of hate violence. 34 (B) Victim characteristics. 35 (C) Offender characteristics, if known. 36 (3)(A) Make the information concerning the crimes compiled pursuant to 37 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) available within two business days following the 38 request of any student or employee of, or applicant for admission to, any campus 39 within their respective jurisdictions, or to the media, unless the information is the 40 type of information exempt from disclosure pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 41 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of 42 Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code, in which case the information is not 43

required to be disclosed. Notwithstanding subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 1 (commencing with Section 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 2 1 of the Government Code, the name or any other personally identifying information 3 of a victim of any crime defined by Section 243.4, 261, 262, 264, 264.1, 273a, 273d, 4 273.5, 286, 287, 288, 289, 422.6, 422.7, or 422.75 of, or former Section 288a of, the 5 Penal Code shall not be disclosed without the permission of the victim, or the 6 victim's parent or guardian if the victim is a minor. 7 (B) For purposes of this paragraph and subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), the 8 campus police, campus security personnel, and campus safety authorities described 9 in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) shall be included within the meaning of "state 10 or local police agency" and "state and local law enforcement agency," as those terms 11 are used in subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 12 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 13 (4) Require the appropriate officials at each campus within their respective 14 jurisdictions to prepare, prominently post, and copy for distribution on request, a 15 campus safety plan that sets forth all of the following: the availability and location 16 of security personnel, methods for summoning assistance of security personnel, any 17 special safeguards that have been established for particular facilities or activities, 18 any actions taken in the preceding 18 months to increase safety, and any changes in 19 safety precautions expected to be made during the next 24 months. For purposes of 20 this section, posting and distribution may be accomplished by including relevant 21

safety information in a student handbook or brochure that is made generally
 available to students.

(5) Require the appropriate officials at each campus within their respective 24 jurisdictions to report information compiled pursuant to paragraph (1) relating to 25 hate violence to the governing board, trustees, board of directors, or regents, as the 26 case may be. The governing board, trustees, board of directors, or regents, as the 27 case may be, shall, upon collection of that information from all of the campuses 28 within their jurisdiction, make a report containing a compilation of that information 29 available to the general public on the Internet Web site internet website of each 30 respective institution. It is the intent of the Legislature that the governing board of 31 each community college district, the Trustees of the California State University, the 32 Board of Directors of the Hastings College of the Law, the Regents of the University 33 of California, and the governing board of any postsecondary educational institution 34 receiving public funds for student financial assistance establish guidelines for 35 identifying and reporting occurrences of hate violence. It is the intent of the 36 Legislature that the guidelines established by these institutions of higher education 37 be as consistent with each other as possible. These guidelines shall be developed in 38 consultation with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing and the 39 California Association of Human Relations Organizations. 40

41 (6)(A) Notwithstanding subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing

42 with Section 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the

43 Government Code, require any report made by a victim or an employee pursuant to

Section 67383 of a Part 1 violent crime, sexual assault, or hate crime, as described 1 in Section 422.55 of the Penal Code, received by a campus security authority and 2 made by the victim for purposes of notifying the institution or law enforcement, to 3 be immediately, or as soon as practicably possible, disclosed to the local law 4 enforcement agency with which the institution has a written agreement pursuant to 5 Section 67381 without identifying the victim, unless the victim consents to being 6 identified after the victim has been informed of his or her the victim's right to have 7 his or her the victim's personally identifying information withheld. If the victim 8 does not consent to being identified, the alleged assailant shall not be identified in 9 the information disclosed to the local law enforcement agency, unless the institution 10 determines both of the following, in which case the institution shall disclose the 11 identity of the alleged assailant to the local law enforcement agency and shall 12 immediately inform the victim of that disclosure: 13

(i) The alleged assailant represents a serious or ongoing threat to the safety ofstudents, employees, or the institution.

(ii) The immediate assistance of the local law enforcement agency is necessary tocontact or detain the assailant.

(B) The requirements of this paragraph shall not constitute a waiver of, orexception to, any law providing for the confidentiality of information.

(C) This paragraph applies only as a condition for participation in the Cal Grant
 Program established pursuant to Chapter 1.7 (commencing with Section 69430) of
 Part 42.

(b) Any person who is refused information required to be made available pursuant
to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) may maintain a civil action
for damages against any institution that refuses to provide the information, and the
court shall award that person an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
if the court finds that the institution refused to provide the information.

28 (c) For purposes of this section:

(1) "Hate violence" means any act of physical intimidation or physical
harassment, physical force or physical violence, or the threat of physical force or
physical violence, that is directed against any person or group of persons, or the
property of any person or group of persons because of the ethnicity, race, national
origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression,
disability, or political or religious beliefs of that person or group.

(2) "Part 1 violent crime" means willful homicide, forcible rape, robbery, or
 aggravated assault, as defined in the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook of the
 Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(3) "Sexual assault" includes, but is not limited to, rape, forced sodomy, forced
 oral copulation, rape by a foreign object, sexual battery, or the threat of any of these.

40 (d) This section does not apply to the governing board of a private postsecondary

41 educational institution receiving funds for student financial assistance with a full-

42 time enrollment of less than 1,000 students.

(e) This section shall apply to a campus of one of the public postsecondary 1 educational systems identified in subdivision (a) only if that campus has a full-time 2 equivalent enrollment of more than 1,000 students. 3 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, this section shall not apply 4 to the California Community Colleges unless and until the Legislature makes funds 5 available to the California Community Colleges for the purposes of this section. 6 Comment. Section 67380 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 7 8 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 9 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make another technical change. 10 § 67383 (amended). Forwarding report of violent crime, sexual assault, or hate crime to law 11 enforcement agency 12 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 67383 of the Education Code is amended to read: 13 67383. (a) As a condition for participation in the Cal Grant Program established 14 pursuant to Chapter 1.7 (commencing with Section 96430) of Part 42, the governing 15 board of each community college district, the Trustees of the California State 16 University, the Regents of the University of California, and the governing board of 17 each private and independent postsecondary institution shall, on or before July 1, 18 2015, adopt and implement written policies and procedures to ensure that any report 19 of a Part 1 violent crime, sexual assault, or hate crime, committed on or off campus, 20 received by a campus security authority, as defined pursuant to Section 668.46 of 21 Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as that section existed on May 15, 2014, 22 and made by the victim for purposes of notifying the institution or law enforcement, 23 is immediately, or as soon as practicably possible, forwarded to the appropriate law 24 enforcement agency. 25 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with 26 Section 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government 27 Code, the report shall be forwarded to the appropriate law enforcement agency 28 without identifying the victim, unless the victim consents to being identified after 29 the victim has been informed of his or her the victim's right to have his or her the 30 victim's personally identifying information withheld. 31 (c) For purposes of this section, the appropriate law enforcement agency shall be 32 a campus law enforcement agency if one has been established on the campus where 33 the report was made. If no campus law enforcement agency has been established, 34 the report shall be immediately, or as soon as practicably possible, forwarded to a 35 local law enforcement agency. 36 (d) For purposes of this section: 37 (1) "Hate crime" means any offense as described in Section 422.55 of the Penal 38 Code. 39 (2) "Local law enforcement agency" means a city or county law enforcement 40

agency with operational responsibilities for police services in the community inwhich a campus is located.

(3) "On or off campus" means the campus and any noncampus building or
property as defined in Section 668.46 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations,
as that section existed on May 15, 2014.

4 (4) "Part 1 violent crime" means willful homicide, forcible rape, robbery, or 5 aggravated assault, as defined in the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook of the

6 Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(5) "Sexual assault" includes, but is not limited to, rape, forced sodomy, forced
 oral copulation, rape by a foreign object, sexual battery, or the threat of any of these.

9 (e) The requirements of this section shall not constitute a waiver of, or exception 10 to, any law providing for the confidentiality of information.

11 **Comment.** Section 67383 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 12 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

13 Reports (2019).

14 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

15 § 72695 (amended). Auxiliary organization not required to disclose exempt information

16 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 72695 of the Education Code is amended to read:

17 72695. Nothing in this article shall require an auxiliary organization to disclose

18 information that is exempt from disclosure pursuant to the exemptions set forth

<sup>19</sup> under Sections 6254 to 6255, inclusive, an exemption set forth in Section 7922.000

- 20 of the Government Code or in any provision listed in Section 7920.505 of the
- 21 Government Code.

22 **Comment.** Section 72695 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

22 Comment. Section 72695 is amended to reflect honsubstantive recodification of the California
 23 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 24 Reports \_\_ (2019).

## 25 § 72696 (amended). Confidential records of auxiliary organization

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 72696 of the Education Code is amended to read:

72696. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the following records maintained by
an auxiliary organization shall not be subject to disclosure:

(1) Information that would disclose the identity of a donor, prospective donor, orvolunteer.

(2) Personal financial information, estate planning information, and gift planning
 information of a donor, prospective donor, or volunteer.

(3) Personal information related to a donor's private trusts or a donor's private
 annuities administered by an auxiliary organization.

(4) Information related to fundraising plans, fundraising research, and solicitation
strategies to the extent that these activities are not already protected under Section
99040, Title 5 (commencing with Section 3426) of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Civil
Code, Section 1060 of the Evidence Code, or subdivision (k) of Section 6254
Section 7927.705 of the Government Code.

(5) The identity of students and alumni to the extent that this information is
 already protected under state and federal statutes applicable to the California
 Community Colleges. This paragraph shall not apply to a part-time or full-time

- 1 employee of the auxiliary organization, or to a student who participates in a
- 2 legislative body of a student body organization that operates on a campus of a
- 3 California Community College.
- 4 (b) Subdivision (a) shall not be construed to exempt from disclosure records that 5 contain information regarding any of the following:
- 6 (1) The amount and date of a donation.
- 7 (2) Any donor-designated use or purpose of a donation.
- 8 (3) Any other donor-imposed restrictions on the use of a donation.
- 9 (4)(A) The identity of a donor who, in any fiscal year, makes a gift or gifts, in a 10 quid pro quo arrangement, where either the value of the benefit received is in excess 11 of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or the benefit would be impermissible 12 under state or federal law. In these circumstances, records pertaining to the gift or 13 gifts maintained by an auxiliary organization that would otherwise be exempt from 14 disclosure under subdivision (a) shall be disclosed.
- (B) Annually, on January 1, the monetary threshold set forth in subparagraph (A)
  shall be adjusted upward or downward to reflect the percentage change in the
  Consumer Price Index, as calculated by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics,
  rounded off to the nearest one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (5) Self-dealing transactions, including, but not limited to, loans of money or property, or material financial interests of or between auxiliary officers or directors and an auxiliary organization, as set forth in Sections 5233 and 5236 of the Corporations Code. In these circumstances, records pertaining to the self-dealing transactions maintained by an auxiliary organization that would otherwise be exempt from disclosure under subdivision (a) shall be disclosed.
- (6) Any instance in which a volunteer or donor of a gift is awarded, within five
  years of the date of the service or gift, a contract from the university or auxiliary
  organization that was not subject to competitive bidding. In these circumstances,
  records pertaining to the service or gift maintained by an auxiliary organization that
  would otherwise be exempt from disclosure under paragraph (1) of subdivision (a)
  shall be disclosed.
- Comment. Section 72696 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 33 Reports (2019).

## 34 § 72701 (amended). Article inapplicable to records subject to CPRA request

- 35 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 72701 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 72701. This article shall not apply to any records subject to a request made
   pursuant to the California Public Records Act, as set forth in Chapter 3.5
   (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
- 39 <u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code.
- 40 **Comment.** Section 72701 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 41 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 42 Reports (2019).

#### § 76060.5 (amended). Student representation fee 1

SEC. . Section 76060.5 of the Education Code is amended to read: 2

76060.5. (a) If a student body association has been established at a community 3 college as authorized by Section 76060, a student representation fee of two dollars 4 (\$2) shall be collected by the officials of the community college, together with all 5 other fees, at the time of registration or before registration and shall be deposited in 6 a separate fiduciary fund established per the California Community Colleges Budget 7 and Accounting Manual for student representation fees. The money collected 8 pursuant to this section shall be expended to provide support for governmental 9 affairs representatives of local or statewide student body organizations who may be 10 stating their positions and viewpoints before city, county, and district governments, 11 and before offices and agencies of state government. 12 (b)(1) One dollar (\$1) of every two-dollar (\$2) fee collected shall be expended to

13 establish and support the operations of a statewide community college student 14 organization, recognized by the Board of Governors of the California Community 15 Colleges, with effective student representation and participation in state-level 16 community college shared governance and with governmental affairs 17 representatives to advocate before the Legislature and other state and local 18 governmental entities. 19

(2) The underlying goals of a statewide community college student organization 20 shall include, but are not limited to, all of the following: 21

(A) Establishing a sustainable foundation for statewide community college 22 student representation and advocacy. 23

(B) Promoting institutional and organizational memory. 24

(C) Ensuring and maintaining responsible community college student 25 organizational oversight and decisionmaking. 26

(D) Strengthening regional approaches for community college 27 student representation and coordination. 28

(E) Promoting and enhancing student opportunities for engagement in community 29 college student issues and affairs. 30

(F) Providing for open and public transparency and accountability. 31

(G) Supporting student participation and engagement in statewide higher 32 education policy and advocacy activities. 33

(c) Fees collected pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be annually distributed to the 34 Board of Governors before February 1. The Board of Governors shall have custody 35 of the moneys and shall, each year by April 15, distribute the moneys to the 36 recognized statewide community college student organization if the recognized 37 statewide community college student organization satisfies all of the following: 38

(1) Is established as a legal entity registered with the Secretary of State. 39

(2) Demonstrates compliance with all applicable state and federal laws and 40 reporting requirements. 41

(3) Exercises prudent fiscal management by establishing generally accepted 42 accounting controls and procedures. 43

1 (4)(A) Commencing after the first year it receives funding pursuant to this 2 subdivision, completes an annual independent financial audit, the results of which 3 shall be annually provided to the Board of Governors for review.

(B)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii) and after the first year funding is received,
it shall be a condition for funding pursuant to this subdivision that the results of the
annual audit identify no significant audit findings.

(ii) In no event shall funds be withheld from the statewide community college
student organization unless the statewide community college student organization
fails to address and correct any identified exceptions, concerns, errors, or
deficiencies contained in the annual audit after being given a reasonable opportunity
to do so.

12 (5) Meets the obligations and addresses the goals described in subdivision (b).

13 (d) Meetings of the recognized statewide community college student organization

shall be open to the public and shall comply with the requirements of the California
 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
 <u>Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government

17 Code) and the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) 18 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code)

of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).

(e)(1) The chief fiscal officer of the community college shall have custody of the
money collected pursuant to this section, except as provided in subdivision (c), and
the money shall be disbursed for the purposes described in subdivision (a) upon the
order of the governing body of the student body association.

(2) The community college district shall annually prepare a summary of all
revenue collected from the student representation fee and the expenditures of the
proceeds of the student representation fee. The summary shall include the amount
distributed to the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges each
year. The summary shall be presented at the community college district board
meeting each year and posted to the community college district internet website.

(3) The community college district may retain a portion of the fees collected and
deposited pursuant to this section that is equal to the actual cost of administering
these fees up to, but not more than, 7 percent.

(f) A student may refuse to pay the student representation fee established under this section. The community college shall provide the student a means to refuse to pay the student representation fee on the same form that is used for collection of fees, which, as determined by the community college, shall be as nearly as practical in the same form as a model form prescribed by regulations of the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges.

(g) Any costs incurred by the Office of the Chancellor of the California
 Community Colleges to implement subdivisions (b) and (c) shall be reimbursed by
 the statewide community college student organization.

(h) If no statewide community college student organization that qualifies for
funding in accordance with this section is recognized by the Board of Governors,
the funds collected pursuant to this section shall be held by the Office of the

1 Chancellor of the California Community Colleges until a qualifying statewide

2 community college student organization is recognized, or shall be returned to the

3 source of funds.

4 **Comment.** Section 76060.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

5 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 6 Reports (2019).

# 8 87102 (amended). Equal employment opportunity plan and affirmation of compliance of participating community college district

9 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 87102 of the Education Code is amended to read:

87102. (a) As a condition for the receipt of funds pursuant to Section 87107, the 10 governing board of community college district that opts to participate under the 11 article shall periodically submit to the board of governors an affirmation of 12 compliance with this article. Each participating district's equal employment 13 opportunity program shall ensure participation in, and commitment to, the program 14 by district personnel. Each participating district's equal employment opportunity 15 plan shall include steps that the district will take in eliminating improper 16 discrimination or preferences in its hiring and employment practices. Each plan 17 shall address how the district will make progress in achieving the ratio of full-time 18 to part-time faculty hiring, as indicated in Section 87482.6, while still ensuring equal 19 employment opportunity. 20

(b) Each participating district's equal employment opportunity plan is a public
record within the meaning of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

Comment. Section 87102 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

## 28 § 89307 (amended). Closed session of legislative body

29 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 89307 of the Education Code is amended to read:

89307. (a) Any legislative body may hold a closed session under any of the
 following circumstances:

(1) A closed session with its negotiator prior to the purchase, sale, exchange, or
lease of real property by or for the student body organization to grant authority to
its negotiator regarding the price and terms of payment for the purchase, sale,
exchange, or lease. Prior to the closed session, the legislative body shall hold an
open and public session in which it identifies its negotiators, the real property or
real properties that the negotiations may concern, and the person or persons with
whom its negotiators may negotiate.

- 39 (2) For purposes of this subdivision:
- 40 (A) A negotiator may be a member of the legislative body.
- 41 (B) "Lease" includes renewal or renegotiation of a lease.

(b)(1) Based on advice of its legal counsel, holding a closed session to confer
with, or receive advice from, its legal counsel regarding a liability claim or pending
litigation when discussion in open session concerning the matter would prejudice
the position of the student body organization in the litigation.
(2) For purposes of this subdivision, all applications of the lawyer-client privilege

6 other than those provided in this section are hereby abrogated. This section is the
 7 exclusive expression of the lawyer-client privilege for purposes of conducting
 8 closed-session meetings pursuant to this article.

9 (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "litigation" means any adjudicatory 10 proceeding, including, but not limited to, eminent domain, court proceeding, or a 11 proceeding of an administrative body exercising its adjudicatory authority, hearing 12 officer, or arbitrator.

(4) For purposes of this subdivision, litigation shall be considered pending whenany of the following circumstances exist:

(A) Litigation, to which the student body organization is a party, has been initiatedformally.

(B) A point has been reached where, in the opinion of the legislative body on the
 advice of its legal counsel, based on existing facts and circumstances, there is a
 significant exposure to litigation against the student body organization.

20 (C) Based on existing facts and circumstances, the legislative body is meeting 21 only to decide whether a closed session is authorized pursuant to subparagraph (B).

(D) Based on existing facts and circumstances, the legislative body has decided
 to initiate, or is deciding whether to initiate, litigation.

(5) For purposes of subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) of paragraph (4), "existing facts and circumstances" shall consist only of one of the following:

(A) Facts and circumstances that might result in litigation against the student body
 organization, but which the organization believes are not yet known to a potential
 plaintiff or plaintiffs, which facts and circumstances need not be disclosed.

(B) Facts and circumstances, including, but not necessarily limited to, an accident,
disaster, incident, or transactional occurrence, that might result in litigation against
the student body organization and that are known to a potential plaintiff or plaintiffs,
which facts or circumstances shall be publicly stated on the agenda or announced.

(C) The receipt of a claim pursuant to the Government Claims Act (Division 3.6
 (commencing with Section 810) of Title 1 of the Government Code) or some other
 written communication from a potential plaintiff threatening litigation.

(D) A statement made by a person in an open and public meeting threatening
 litigation on a specific matter within the responsibility of the legislative body.

(E) A statement threatening litigation made by a person outside an open and public meeting on a specific matter within the responsibility of the legislative body, so long as the official or employee of the student body organization receiving knowledge of the threat makes a contemporaneous or other record of the statement prior to the meeting. The records so created need not identify the alleged victim of unlawful or tortious sexual conduct or anyone making the threat on their behalf, or 1 identify a public employee who is the alleged perpetrator of any unlawful or tortious

conduct upon which a threat of litigation is based, unless the identity of the person
has been publicly disclosed.

4 (6) Nothing in this section shall require disclosure of written communications that

5 are privileged and not subject to disclosure pursuant to the California Public

6 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division

7 <u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(7) Prior to holding a closed session pursuant to this section, the legislative body 8 shall state on the agenda or publicly announce and identify the provision of this 9 section that authorizes the closed session. If the session is closed pursuant to 10 paragraph (1), the legislative body shall state the title of or otherwise specifically 11 identify the litigation to be discussed, unless the legislative body states that to do so 12 would jeopardize the ability of the student body organization to effectuate service 13 of process upon one or more unserved parties, or that to do so would jeopardize its 14 ability to conclude existing settlement negotiations to its advantage. 15

16 (8) For purposes of this subdivision, a student body organization shall be 17 considered to be a "party" or to have a "significant exposure to litigation" if an 18 officer or employee of the student body organization is a party or has significant 19 exposure to litigation concerning prior or prospective activities or alleged activities 20 during the course and scope of that office or employment, including litigation in 21 which it is an issue whether an activity is outside the course and scope of the office 22 or employment.

(c)(1) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent a legislative 23 body from holding closed sessions with the Attorney General, district attorney, 24 sheriff, or chief of police, or their respective deputies, on matters posing a threat to 25 the security of public buildings or a threat to the public's right of access to public 26 services or public facilities, or from holding closed sessions during a regular or 27 special meeting to consider the appointment, employment, evaluation of 28 performance, discipline, or dismissal of an employee of the student body 29 organization or to hear complaints or charges brought against the employee by 30 another person or employee unless the employee requests a public session. 31

(2) As a condition to holding a closed session on specific complaints or charges 32 brought against an employee by another person or employee, the employee shall be 33 given written notice of his or her the employee's right to have the complaints or 34 charges heard in an open session rather than a closed session, which notice shall be 35 delivered to the employee personally or by mail at least 24 hours before the time for 36 holding the session. If notice is not given, any disciplinary or other action taken by 37 the legislative body against the employee based on the specific complaints or 38 charges in the closed session shall be null and void. 39

40 (3) A legislative body also may exclude from the public or closed meeting, during
41 the examination of a witness, any or all other witnesses in the matter being
42 investigated by the legislative body.

(4) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "employee" shall include an
officer or an independent contractor who functions as an officer or an employee of
the student body organization, but shall not include any elected official, member of
a legislative body, or other independent contractor. Closed sessions held pursuant
to this section shall not include discussion or action on proposed compensation
except for a reduction of compensation that results from the imposition of discipline.
(d)(1) A legislative body shall publicly report any action taken in closed session

8 and the vote or abstention of every member present thereon, as follows:

9 (A) Approval of an agreement concluding real property negotiations pursuant to 10 subdivision (a) shall be reported after the agreement is final, as follows:

(i) If its own approval renders the agreement final, the legislative body board or
 subboard shall report that approval and the substance of the agreement in open
 session at the public meeting during which the closed session is held.

(ii) If final approval rests with the other party to the negotiations, the legislative
body shall disclose the fact of that approval and the substance of the agreement upon
inquiry by any person, as soon as the other party or its agent has informed the
legislative body of its approval.

(B) Approval given to its legal counsel to defend, or seek or refrain from seeking 18 appellate review or relief, or to enter as an amicus curiae in any form of litigation, 19 as the result of a consultation under subdivision (b) shall be reported in open session 20 at the public meeting during which the closed session is held. The report shall 21 identify, if known, the adverse party or parties and the substance of the litigation. In 22 the case of approval given to initiate or intervene in an action, the announcement 23 need not identify the action, the defendants, or other particulars, but shall specify 24 that the direction to initiate or intervene in an action has been given and that the 25 action, the defendants, and the other particulars shall, once formally commenced, 26 be disclosed to any person upon inquiry, unless to do so would jeopardize the ability 27 of the student body organization to effectuate service of process on one or more 28 unserved parties, or that to do so would jeopardize its ability to conclude existing 29 settlement negotiations to its advantage. 30

(C) Approval given to its legal counsel of a settlement of pending litigation, as
 defined in subdivision (b), at any stage prior to or during a judicial or quasi-judicial
 proceeding shall be reported after the settlement is final, as follows:

(i) If a legislative body accepts a settlement offer signed by the opposing party,
the legislative body shall report its acceptance and identify the substance of the
agreement in open session at the public meeting during which the closed session is
held.

(ii) If final approval rests with some other party to the litigation or with the court,
then, as soon as the settlement becomes final, and upon inquiry by any person, the
legislative body shall disclose the fact of that approval and identify the substance of
the agreement.

42 (D) Action taken to appoint, employ, dismiss, accept the resignation of, or 43 otherwise affect the employment status of an employee of the employee 1 organization in closed session pursuant to subdivision (c) shall be reported at the 2 public meeting during which the closed session is held. Any report required by this

subparagraph shall identify the title of the employee's position. Notwithstanding the

4 general requirement of this subparagraph, the report of a dismissal or of the 5 nonrenewal of an employment contract shall be deferred until the first public 6 meeting following the exhaustion of administrative remedies, if any.

7 (E) Approval of an agreement concluding labor negotiations with represented 8 employees pursuant to subdivision (e) shall be reported after the agreement is final 9 and has been accepted or ratified by the other party. The report shall identify the 10 item approved and the other party or parties to the negotiation.

(2) Reports that are required to be made pursuant to this subdivision may be made 11 orally or in writing. A legislative body shall provide to any person who has 12 submitted a written request to the legislative body within 24 hours of the posting of 13 the agenda, or to any person who has made a standing request for all documentation 14 as part of a request for notice of meetings pursuant to Section 89306.5, if the 15 requester is present at the time the closed session ends, copies of any contracts, 16 settlement agreements, or other documents that were finally approved or adopted in 17 the closed session. If the action taken results in one or more substantive amendments 18 to the related documents requiring retyping, the documents need not be released 19 until the retyping is completed during normal business hours, provided that the 20 presiding officer of the legislative body, or his or her the presiding officer's 21 designee, orally summarizes the substance of the amendments for the benefit of the 22 document requester or any other person present and requesting the information. 23

(3) The documentation referred to in paragraph (2) shall be available to any person
on the next business day following the meeting in which the action referred to is
taken or, in the case of substantial amendments, when any necessary retyping is
complete.

(4) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require that a legislative body
 approve actions not otherwise subject to the approval of that legislative body.

(5) No action for injury to a reputational, liberty, or other personal interest may
be commenced by or on behalf of any employee or former employee with respect
to whom a disclosure is made by a legislative body in an effort to comply with this
subdivision.

(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a legislative body may hold
closed sessions with the designated representative of the student body organization
regarding the salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of fringe
benefits of its represented and unrepresented employees, and, for represented
employees, any other matter within the statutorily provided scope of representation.
However, prior to the closed session, the legislative body shall hold an open and
public session in which it identifies its designated representatives.

(2)(A) Closed sessions of a legislative body, as permitted in this subdivision, shall
 be for the purpose of reviewing its position and instructing the designated
 representative of the student body organization.

(B) Closed sessions, as permitted in this subdivision, may take place prior to and
 during consultations and discussions with representatives of employee
 organizations and unrepresented employees.

4 (C) Closed sessions with the designated representative of the student body 5 organization regarding the salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the 6 form of fringe benefits may include discussion of the available funds and funding 7 priorities of the student body organization, but only insofar as these discussions 8 relate to providing instructions to the designated representative of the student body 9 organization.

10 (D) Closed sessions held pursuant to this subdivision shall not include final action 11 on the proposed compensation of one or more unrepresented employees.

12 (E) For the purposes enumerated in this subdivision, a legislative body may also 13 meet with a state conciliator who has intervened in the proceedings.

(3) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "employee" includes an officer
or an independent contractor who functions as an officer or an employee of the
student body organization, but shall not include any elected official, member of a
legislative body, or other independent contractors.

- (f)(1) Prior to holding any closed session, the legislative body shall disclose, in an open meeting, the item or items to be discussed in the closed session. The disclosure may take the form of a reference to the item or items as they are listed by number or letter on the agenda. In the closed session, the legislative body may consider only those matters covered in its statement. Nothing in this subdivision shall require or authorize a disclosure of information prohibited by state or federal law.
- (2) After any closed session, the legislative body shall reconvene into open
   session prior to adjournment, and shall make any disclosures required by
   subdivision (d) of action taken in the closed session.

(3) The disclosure required to be made in open session pursuant to this subdivision
may be made at the location announced in the agenda for the closed session, as long
as the public is allowed to be present at that location for the purpose of hearing the
announcements.

**Comment.** Section 89307 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Paperts (2010)

33 Reports (2019).

The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 35 § 89573 (amended). Investigation of reported improper governmental activities

36 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 89573 of the Education Code is amended to read:

37 89573. (a) Upon receiving a protected disclosure in writing, the administrator

38 designated in accordance with established procedures of the California State

39 University shall acknowledge receipt of the written disclosure to the complainant.

40 The administrator may conduct or cause to be conducted an investigative audit of

41 the matter, and determine what action, if any, is necessary.

(b) The administrator shall issue a formal response to the complainant that 1 contains a summary of the allegations, a summary of the investigation, whether the 2 allegations were substantiated, and what actions, if any, were taken in response to 3 the complaint. This response shall be issued in a timely fashion and in a manner that 4 is consistent with the privacy interests of each person who is involved in the 5 situation addressed by the response. This response shall be subject to disclosure in 6 accordance with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 8 Code. 9

(c) The identity of the person providing the protected disclosure shall not be 10 disclosed without the written permission of that person unless the disclosure is to a 11 law enforcement agency that is conducting a criminal investigation or to the State 12 Auditor. 13

Comment. Section 89573 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 14

15 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). 16

#### § 89574 (amended). Confidentiality of investigative audit 17

SEC. . Section 89574 of the Education Code is amended to read: 18

89574. (a) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 19

Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 20

Government Code, every investigative audit undertaken under this article shall be 21

kept confidential, except that the California State University may issue any report 22

of an investigation that has substantiated an allegation made by the complainant, 23

keeping confidential the identity of the individual or individuals involved, or release 24 any findings resulting from an investigation conducted pursuant to Section 89045 25

that the trustees deem necessary to serve the interests of the state. 26

(b) This article shall not be construed to limit any authority conferred by law upon 27 the Attorney General or any other department or agency of government to 28 investigate any matter. 29

30 Comment. Section 89574 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 31 32 Reports (2019).

#### § 89915.5 (amended). Effect of article 33

34 SEC. . Section 89915.5 of the Education Code is amended to read:

89915.5. Nothing in this article shall require an auxiliary organization to disclose 35

information that is exempt from disclosure pursuant to the exemptions set forth 36

under Sections 6254 to 6255, inclusive, an exemption set forth in Section 7922.000 37

of the Government Code or in any provision listed in Section 7920.505 of the 38

- Government Code. 39
- **Comment.** Section 89915.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 40
- Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 41
- 42 Reports (2019).

§ 89916 (amended). Confidential records of auxiliary organization 1 SEC. . Section 89916 of the Education Code is amended to read: 2 89916. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the following records maintained by 3 an auxiliary organization shall not be subject to disclosure: 4 (1) Information that would disclose the identity of a donor, prospective donor, or 5 volunteer. 6 (2) Personal financial information, estate planning information, and gift planning 7 information of a donor, prospective donor, or volunteer. 8 (3) Personal information related to a donor's private trusts or a donor's private 9 annuities administered by an auxiliary organization. 10 (4) Information related to fundraising plans, fundraising research, and solicitation 11 strategies to the extent that these activities are not already protected under Section 12 99040, Title 5 (commencing with Section 3426) of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Civil 13 Code, Section 1060 of the Evidence Code, or subdivision (k) of Section 6254 14 Section 7927.705 of the Government Code. 15 (5) The identity of students and alumni to the extent that this information is 16 already protected under state and federal statutes applicable to the California State 17 University. This paragraph shall not apply to a part-time or full-time employee of 18 the auxiliary organization, or to a student who participates in a legislative body of a 19 student body organization as defined in Section 89305.1. 20 (b) Subdivision (a) shall not be construed to exempt from disclosure records that 21 contain information regarding any of the following: 22 (1) The amount and date of a donation. 23 (2) Any donor-designated use or purpose of a donation. 24 (3) Any other donor-imposed restrictions on the use of a donation. 25 (4)(A) The identity of a donor who, in any fiscal year, makes a gift or gifts, in a 26 quid pro quo arrangement, where either the value of the benefit received is in excess 27 of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or the benefit would be impermissible 28 under state or federal law. In these circumstances, records pertaining to the gift or 29 gifts maintained by an auxiliary organization that would otherwise be exempt from 30 disclosure under subdivision (a) shall be disclosed. 31 (B) Annually, on January 1, the monetary threshold set forth in subparagraph (A) 32 shall be adjusted upward or downward to reflect the percentage change in the 33 Consumer Price Index, as calculated by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, 34 rounded off to the nearest one thousand dollars (\$1,000). 35 (5) Self-dealing transactions, including, but not limited to, loans of money or 36 property, or material financial interests of or between auxiliary officers or directors 37 and an auxiliary organization, as set forth in Sections 5233 and 5236 of the 38 Corporations Code. In these circumstances, records pertaining to the self-dealing 39 transactions maintained by an auxiliary organization that would otherwise be 40 exempt from disclosure under subdivision (a) shall be disclosed. 41 (6) Any instance in which a volunteer or donor of a gift is awarded, within five 42 years of the date of the service or gift, a contract from the university or auxiliary 43

1 organization that was not subject to competitive bidding. In these circumstances,

2 records pertaining to the service or gift maintained by an auxiliary organization that

- 3 would otherwise be exempt from disclosure under paragraph (1) of subdivision (a)
- 4 shall be disclosed.
- 5 **Comment.** Section 89916 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 8 § 89919 (amended). Article inapplicable to records subject to CPRA request

9 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 89919 of the Education Code is amended to read:

10 89919. This article shall not apply to any records subject to a request made

11 pursuant to the California Public Records Act, as set forth in Chapter 3.5

12 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

13 <u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code.

14 **Comment.** Section 89919 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- 15 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 16 Reports (2019).

#### 17 § 92955 (amended). UC campus foundation not required to disclose exempt information

18 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 92955 of the Education Code is amended to read:

19 92955. Nothing in this chapter shall require a UC campus foundation to disclose

20 information that is exempt from disclosure pursuant to the specific exemptions set

21 forth under Sections 6254 to 6255, inclusive, an exemption set forth in Section

22 <u>7922.000 of the Government Code or in any provision listed in Section 7920.505</u> of

the Government Code.

24 **Comment.** Section 92955 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 27 § 92956 (amended). Confidential records of UC campus foundation

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 92956 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 92956. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the following records maintained by a
- 30 UC campus foundation shall not be subject to disclosure:
- (1) Information that would disclose the identity of a donor, prospective donor, orvolunteer.
- (2) Personal financial information, estate planning information, and gift planning
   information of a donor, prospective donor, or volunteer.
- (3) Personal information related to any of a donor's private trusts or a donor's
   private annuities administered by a UC campus foundation.
- 37 (4) Information related to fundraising plans, fundraising research, and solicitation
- 38 strategies to the extent that these activities are not already protected under Section
- 39 99040, Title 5 (commencing with Section 3426) of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Civil
- 40 Code, Section 1060 of the Evidence Code, or subdivision (k) of Section 6254
- 41 <u>Section 7927.705</u> of the Government Code.

(5) The identity of students and alumni to the extent that this information is already protected under state and federal statutes applicable to the University of California. This paragraph shall not apply to a part-time or full-time employee of the UC campus foundation, or to a student who participates in a legislative body of s a student body organization on a University of California campus.

- (b) Subdivision (a) shall not be construed to exempt from disclosure records that
  contain information regarding any of the following:
- 8 (1) The amount and date of a donation.
- 9 (2) Any donor-designated use or purpose of a donation.
- 10 (3) Any other donor-imposed restrictions on the use of a donation.

(4)(A) The identity of a donor who, in any fiscal year, makes a gift or gifts, in a
quid pro quo arrangement, where either the value of the benefit received is in excess
of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or the benefit would be impermissible
under state or federal law. In these circumstances, records pertaining to the gift or
gifts maintained by a UC campus foundation that would otherwise be exempt from
disclosure under subdivision (a) shall be disclosed.

(B) Annually, on January 1, the monetary threshold set forth in subparagraph (A)
shall be adjusted upward or downward to reflect the percentage change in the
Consumer Price Index, as calculated by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics,
rounded off to the nearest one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

(5) Self-dealing transactions, including, but not limited to, loans of money or
property, or material financial interests of or between foundation officers or
directors and a UC campus foundation, as set forth in Sections 5233 and 5236 of the
Corporations Code. In these circumstances, records pertaining to the self-dealing
transactions maintained by a UC campus foundation that would otherwise be
exempt from disclosure under subdivision (a) shall be disclosed.

(6) Any instance in which a volunteer or donor of a gift is awarded, within five
years of the date of the service or gift, a contract from the university or UC campus
foundation that was not subject to competitive bidding. In these circumstances,
records pertaining to the service or gift maintained by the UC campus foundation
that would otherwise be exempt from disclosure under paragraph (1) of subdivision
(a) shall be disclosed.

Comment. Section 92956 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

## 36 § 92961 (amended). Chapter inapplicable to records subject to CPRA request

37 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 92961 of the Education Code is amended to read:

38 92961. This chapter shall not apply to records subject to any request made

39 pursuant to the California Public Records Act, as set forth in Chapter 3.5

40 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

41 <u>Section 7920.000</u>) of Title 1 of the Government Code.

1 **Comment.** Section 92961 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

- 4 § 99162 (amended). Disclosure of information or report
- 5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 99162 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 6 99162. Any information or report required to be submitted to the appropriate state
- 7 agency or made publicly available on the test sponsor's Internet Web site internet
- 8 <u>website</u> pursuant to this chapter shall be public record subject to disclosure under
- 9 the provisions of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
- 10 <u>Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1 of the Government 11 Code.
- Nothing in this section shall be construed to diminish or authorize the infringement of any rights protected by law relating to copyright, to the protection of trade secrets, or other proprietary rights.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 99162 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 18 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

19

#### ELECTIONS CODE

# 20 § 2166.7 (amended). Confidentiality of public safety officer's residence address, telephone 21 number, and email address

22 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2166.7 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

23 2166.7. (a) If authorized by his or her the county board of supervisors, a county
24 elections official shall, upon application of a public safety officer, make confidential
25 that officer's residence address, telephone number, and email address appearing on
26 the affidavit of registration, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this
27 section.

(b) The application by the public safety officer shall contain a statement, signed under penalty of perjury, that the person is a public safety officer as defined in subdivision (f) and that a life-threatening circumstance exists to the officer or a member of the officer's family. The application shall be a public record.

(c) The confidentiality granted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall terminate no more
 than two years after commencement, as determined by the county elections official.
 The officer may submit a new application for confidentiality pursuant to subdivision

- (a), and the new request may be granted for an additional period of not more thantwo years.
- 37 (d) Any person granted confidential voter status under subdivision (a) shall:
- (1) Provide a valid mailing address and be considered a vote by mail voter for all
   subsequent elections or until the county elections official is notified otherwise by
- 40 the Secretary of State or in writing by the voter. A voter requesting termination of

vote by mail status thereby consents to placement of his or her the voter's residence
 address, telephone number, and email address in the roster of voters.

3 (2) The elections official, in producing any list, roster, or index, shall exclude 4 voters with a confidential voter status.

(3) Within 60 days of moving to a new county, if available in the new county,
apply for confidential voter status pursuant to subdivision (a). The elections official
of the new county, upon notice of the confidential voter moving into the county,
shall do all of the following:

9 (A) Contact the confidential voter and provide information regarding the 10 application for confidential voter status in the new county.

(B) Honor the confidential voter status from the former county for 60-days from
 the date of notice.

(C) Pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), exclude the confidential voter in
 any list, roster, or index during the 60-day period.

15 (D) Remove the confidential voter status if the new voter has not obtained or 16 cannot obtain confidential voter status pursuant to this section in the new county 17 during the 60-day period.

18 (e) No action in negligence may be maintained against any government entity or 19 officer or employee thereof as a result of the disclosure of the information that is the 20 subject of this section unless by a showing of gross negligence or willfulness.

21 (f) "A public safety officer" has the same meaning as defined in subdivision (a),

22 (d), (e), (f), or (j) of Section <u>6254.24</u> <u>7920.535</u> of the Government Code.

23 **Comment.** Section 2166.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

- 26 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.
- 27 § 2194 (amended). Affidavit of voter registration
- 28 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2194 of the Elections Code is amended to read:
- 29 2194. (a) Except as provided in Section 2194.1, the affidavit of voter registration
- 30 information identified in Section <del>6254.4</del> <u>7924.000</u> of the Government Code:

(1) Shall be confidential and shall not appear on any computer terminal, list,
 affidavit, duplicate affidavit, or other medium routinely available to the public at

- 33 the county elections official's office.
- (2) Shall not be used for any personal, private, or commercial purpose, including,but not limited to:
- 36 (A) The harassment of any voter or voter's household.
- (B) The advertising, solicitation, sale, or marketing of products or services to any
   voter or voter's household.
- (C) Reproduction in print, broadcast visual or audio, or display on the internet orany computer terminal unless pursuant to paragraph (3).
- (3) Shall be provided with respect to any voter, subject to the provisions of
   Sections 2166, 2166.5, 2166.7, and 2188, to any candidate for federal, state, or local

1 office, to any committee for or against any initiative or referendum measure for 2 which legal publication is made, and to any person for election, scholarly,

journalistic, or political purposes, or for governmental purposes, as determined by

4 the Secretary of State.

5 (4) May be used by the Secretary of State for the purpose of educating voters 6 pursuant to Section 12173 of the Government Code.

(b)(1) Notwithstanding any other law, the California driver's license number, the
California identification card number, the social security number, and any other
unique identifier used by the State of California for purposes of voter identification
shown on the affidavit of voter registration of a registered voter, or added to voter
registration records to comply with the requirements of the federal Help America
Vote Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 20901 et seq.), are confidential and shall not be
disclosed to any person.

14 (2) Notwithstanding any other law, the signature of the voter shown on the 15 affidavit of voter registration or an image thereof is confidential and shall not be 16 disclosed to any person, except as provided in subdivision (c).

(c)(1) The home address or signature of any voter shall be released whenever the person's vote is challenged pursuant to Sections 15105 to 15108, inclusive, or Article 3 (commencing with Section 14240) of Chapter 3 of Division 14. The address or signature shall be released only to the challenger, to elections officials, and to other persons as necessary to make, defend against, or adjudicate the challenge.

(2) An elections official shall permit a person to view the signature of a voter for
 the purpose of determining whether the signature matches a signature on an affidavit
 of registration or an image thereof or a petition, but shall not permit a signature to
 be copied.

(d) A governmental entity, or officer or employee thereof, shall not be held civilly
liable as a result of disclosure of the information referred to in this section, unless
by a showing of gross negligence or willfulness.

(e) For the purposes of this section, "voter's household" is defined as the voter's
place of residence or mailing address or any persons who reside at the place of
residence or use the mailing address as supplied on the affidavit of registration
pursuant to paragraphs (3) and (4) of subdivision (a) of Section 2150.

(f) Notwithstanding any other law, information regarding voters who did not sign 34 a vote by mail ballot identification envelope or whose signature on the vote by mail 35 ballot identification envelope did not match the voter's signature on file shall be 36 treated as confidential voter registration information pursuant to this section and 37 Section 6254.4 7924.000 of the Government Code. This information shall not be 38 disclosed to any person except as provided in this section. Any disclosure of this 39 information shall be accompanied by a notice to the recipient regarding Sections 40 18109 and 18540. Voter information provided pursuant to this subdivision shall be 41 updated daily, include the name of the voter, and be provided in a searchable 42 electronic format. 43

Comment. Section 2194 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 1

2 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019).

3

#### § 2194.1 (amended). Affidavit of registration at least 100 years old 4

SEC. . Section 2194.1 of the Elections Code is amended to read: 5

2194.1. Anv of registration information identified affidavit in 6 Section 6254.4 7924.000 of the Government Code in existence 100 years after the 7 creation of the record shall be available to the public. If records are contained in the 8 great registers of voters and the bound register contains information covering more 9

than one year, the records shall not be available to the public until the entire contents 10

11 of the register have been recorded for at least 100 years.

Comment. Section 2194.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 12

Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 13 14 Reports (2019).

#### § 2227 (amended). Checking voter addresses 15

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2227 of the Elections Code is amended to read: 16

2227. (a) In lieu of mailing a residency confirmation postcard, as prescribed in 17 subdivision (a) of Section 2220, the county elections official may contract with a 18 consumer credit reporting agency or its licensees to obtain use of change-of-address 19 data in accordance with this section. 20

(b) If the county elections official contracts with a consumer credit reporting 21 agency or its licensees pursuant to subdivision (a), all of the following shall occur: 22 (1) For each registered voter in the county, the county elections official shall 23 initiate a search for change-of-address data with the consumer credit reporting 24 agency or its licensees by providing the name and residence address of each 25 registered voter in the county to the consumer credit reporting agency or its 26 licensees. 27

(2) The consumer credit reporting agency or its licensees shall search their 28 databases for each name and address provided by the county elections official and 29 shall report to the county elections official any information indicating that the 30 registered voter changed the voter's residence address. 31

(c)(1) Notwithstanding Section 2194 of this code or Section 6254.4 7924.000 of 32 the Government Code, and except as provided in paragraph (2), a county elections 33 official may disclose a registered voter's name and residence address to a consumer 34 credit reporting agency or its licensees pursuant to, and in accordance with, this 35 section. 36

(2) A county elections official shall not disclose to a consumer credit reporting 37 agency or its licensees the name and residence address of a registered voter if that 38 information is deemed confidential pursuant to Section 2166, 2166.5, or 2166.7 of 39 this code, or Chapter 3.1 (commencing with Section 6205) of Division 7 of Title 1 40 of the Government Code. 41

(d) A consumer credit reporting agency or its licensees shall use the information
provided by a county elections official only pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision
(b), and shall not retain any information received from the county elections official
pursuant to this section.

(e) Based on change-of-address data received from a consumer credit reporting
agency or its licensees, the county elections official shall send a forwardable notice,
including a postage-paid and preaddressed return form, which may be in the form
of a postcard, to the registered voter to enable the voter to verify or correct address
information. The forwardable notice shall be in substantially the following form:

10

"We have received notification that you have moved to a new residence address in \_\_\_\_ County. You will remain registered to vote at your old address unless you notify our office that the address to which this card was mailed is a change of your permanent residence. Please notify our office in writing by returning the attached postage-paid postcard. If this is not a permanent residence, and you do not wish to change your address for voting purposes, please disregard this notice."

17

18 (f) The county elections official shall take all of the following actions as 19 appropriate:

(1) If a voter responds to the forwardable notice sent pursuant to subdivision (e)
or otherwise verifies in a signed writing that the voter has moved to a new residence
address in California, the county elections official shall verify the signature on the
response by comparing it to the signature on file for the voter and, if appropriate,
immediately update the voter's registration record with the new residence address.

(2) If a voter does not respond to the forwardable notice sent pursuant to
subdivision (e) and does not otherwise verify in a signed writing that the voter has
moved to a new residence address, the elections official shall not update the status
of the voter's registration to inactive or cancel the voter registration.

(g) For purposes of this section, "consumer credit reporting agency" has the same
 meaning as set forth in subdivision (d) of Section 1785.3 of the Civil Code.

31 **Comment.** Section 2227 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

## 34 § 2267 (amended). Confidentiality of voter registration or preregistration information

35 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2267 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

2267. This chapter does not affect the confidentiality of a person's voter registration or preregistration information, which remains confidential pursuant to Section 2194 of this code and Section 6254.4 7924.000 of the Government Code and for all of the following persons:

40 (a) A victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking pursuant to Section41 2166.5.

(b) A reproductive health care service provider, employee, volunteer, or patient 1 pursuant to Section 2166.5. 2 (c) A public safety officer pursuant to Section 2166.7. 3 (d) A person with a life-threatening circumstance upon court order pursuant to 4 Section 2166. 5 **Comment.** Section 2267 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 6 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 7 8 Reports (2019). 9 § 9002 (amended). Circulating title and summary for proposed initiative measure SEC. . Section 9002 of the Elections Code is amended to read: 10 9002. (a) Upon receipt of a request from the proponents of a proposed initiative 11 measure for a circulating title and summary, the Attorney General shall initiate a 12 public review process for a period of 30 days by doing all of the following: 13 (1) Posting the text of the proposed initiative measure on the Attorney General's 14 Internet Web site internet website. 15 (2) Inviting, and providing for the submission of, written public comments on the 16 proposed initiative measure on the Attorney General's Internet Web site internet 17 website. The site shall accept written public comments for the duration of the public 18 review period. The written public comments shall be public records, available for 19 inspection upon request pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) 20 of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 21 Government Code, but shall not be displayed to the public on the Attorney General's 22 Internet Web site internet website during the public review period. The Attorney 23 General shall transmit any written public comments received during the public 24 review period to the proponents of the proposed initiative measure. 25 (b) During the public review period, the proponents of the proposed initiative 26 measure may submit amendments to the measure that are reasonably germane to the 27 theme, purpose, or subject of the initiative measure as originally proposed. 28 However, amendments shall not be submitted if the initiative measure as originally 29 proposed would not effect a substantive change in law. 30 (1) An amendment shall be submitted with a signed request by all the proponents 31 to prepare a circulating title and summary using the amended language. 32 (2) An amendment shall be submitted to the Attorney General's Initiative 33 Coordinator located in the Attorney General's Sacramento Office via United States 34 Postal Service, alternative mail service, or personal delivery. Only printed 35 documents shall be accepted; facsimile or email delivery shall not be accepted. 36 (3) The submission of an amendment shall not extend the period to prepare the 37 estimate required by Section 9005. 38 (4) An amendment shall not be accepted more than five days after the public 39 review period is concluded. However, a proponent shall not be prohibited from 40 proposing a new initiative measure and requesting that a circulating title and 41

summary be prepared for that measure pursuant to Section 9001.

- 1 **Comment.** Section 9002 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 2 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

#### 5 § 11301 (amended). Examination of petition signatures

- 6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11301 of the Elections Code is amended to read:
- 7 11301. If a petition is found insufficient by the elections official or, in the case of
- 8 the recall of a state officer, the Secretary of State, the petition signatures may be

9 examined in accordance with Section 6253.5 Article 2 (commencing with Section

10 7924.100) of Chapter 2 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

- 11 **Comment.** Section 11301 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 12 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 13 Reports (2019).

### 14 § 13300.7 (amended). Option to opt out of receiving election materials by mail

15 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 13300.7 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

13300.7. Notwithstanding any other law, county and city elections officials may establish procedures designed to permit a voter to opt out of receiving his or her the county voter information guide, state voter information guide, notice of polling place, and associated materials by mail, and instead obtain them electronically via email or by accessing them on the county's or city's Internet Web site internet

21 <u>website</u>, if all of the following conditions are met:

(a) The procedures establish a method of providing notice of and an opportunity
by which a voter can notify elections officials of his or her the voter's desire to
obtain ballot materials electronically in lieu of receiving them by mail.

(b) The voter email address or any other information provided by the voter under
this section remains confidential pursuant to Section 6254.4 7924.000 of the
Government Code and Section 2194 of this code.

(c) The procedures provide notice and opportunity for a voter who has opted out
 of receiving a county voter information guide and other materials by mail to opt
 back into receiving them by mail.

(d) The procedures establish a process by which a voter can apply electronically
to become a vote by mail voter.

(e) A voter may only opt out of, or opt back into, receiving his or her the county
voter information guide and other ballot materials by mail if the elections official
receives the request and can process it before the statutory deadline for the mailing
of those materials for the next election, pursuant to Section 13303. If a voter misses
this deadline, the request shall take effect the following election.

(f) The procedures shall include a verification process to confirm the voter's
identity, either in writing with a signature card that can be matched to the one on
file with the elections official, or if the request is submitted electronically, it shall
contain the voter's California driver's license number, California identification
number, or a partial social security number.

(g) Information made available over the Internet internet pursuant to this section 1 shall meet or exceed the most current, ratified standards under Section 508 of the 2 federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794d), as amended, and the Web 3 Content Accessibility Guidelines 2.0 adopted by the World Wide Web Consortium 4 for accessibility. Election officials may also implement recommendations of the 5 Voting Accessibility Advisory Committee made pursuant to paragraph (4) of 6 subdivision (b) of Section 2053, and of any local Voting Accessibility Advisory 7 Committee created pursuant to the guidelines promulgated by the Secretary of State 8 related to the accessibility of polling places by the physically handicapped. 9 **Comment.** Section 13300.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 10 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 11

- 12 Reports (2019).
- 13 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes.

#### 14 § 13311 (amended). Confidentiality of candidate statements

15 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 13311 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

16 13311. Notwithstanding the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5

17 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

18 <u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code), the statements filed pursuant

19 to Section 13307 shall remain confidential until the expiration of the filing deadline.

20 **Comment.** Section 13311 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

21 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

22 Reports (2019).

#### 23 § 17200 (amended). Preservation and destruction of petition

24 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 17200 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

17200. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), elections officials required by law to receive or file in their offices any initiative or referendum petition shall preserve the petition until eight months after the certification of the results of the election for which the petition qualified or, if the measure, for any reason, is not submitted to the voters, eight months after the final examination of the petition by the elections official.

(b) Thereafter, the petition shall be destroyed as soon as practicable unless any of
 the following conditions is satisfied:

33 (1) The petition is in evidence in some action or proceeding then pending.

(2) The elections official has received a written request from the Attorney 34 General, the Secretary of State, the Fair Political Practices Commission, a district 35 attorney, a grand jury, or the governing body of a county, city and county, or district, 36 including a school district, that the petition be preserved for use in a pending or 37 ongoing investigation into election irregularities, the subject of which relates to the 38 petition's qualification or disqualification for placement on the ballot, or in a 39 pending or ongoing investigation into a violation of the Political Reform Act of 40 1974 (Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000) of the Government Code). 41

(3) The proponents of the petition have commenced an examination pursuant to 1 Section 6253.5 Article 2 (commencing with Section 7924.100) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code, in which case the petition shall 3 be preserved until one year from the date that the proponents last examined the 4 petition. 5 (c) If a petition subject to paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) is circulated in multiple 6 counties, a county that performs an examination pursuant to this section shall inform 7 the other counties in which the petition is circulated of the examination to facilitate 8 compliance with that paragraph. If the petition is circulated statewide, the Secretary 9 of State shall ensure compliance. 10 (d) Public access to any such the petition shall be restricted in accordance with 11 Section 6253.5 Article 2 (commencing with Section 7924.100) of Chapter 2 of Part 12 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 13 (e) This section applies to the following petitions: 14 (1) Statewide initiative and referendum petitions. 15 (2) County initiative and referendum petitions. 16 (3) Municipal initiative and referendum petitions. 17 (4) Municipal city charter amendment petitions. 18 (5) District initiative and referendum petitions. 19

- 20 **Comment.** Section 17200 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 23 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

#### 24 § 17400 (amended). Preservation and destruction of recall petition

- 25 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 17400 of the Elections Code is amended to read:
- <sup>26</sup> 17400. (a) The elections official or, in the case of the recall of a state officer, the
- Secretary of State, shall preserve in his or her that person's office all recall petitions
  filed for eight months after the results of the election for which the petition qualified
  or, if no election is held, eight months after the elections official's final examination
- 30 of the petition.

(b) Thereafter, the petition shall be destroyed as soon as practicable, unless it is 31 in evidence in some action or proceeding then pending or unless the elections 32 official has received a written request from the Attorney General, the Secretary of 33 State, the Fair Political Practices Commission, a district attorney, a grand jury, or 34 the governing body of a county, city and county, city, or district, including a school 35 district, that the petition be preserved for use in a pending or ongoing investigation 36 into election irregularities, or in a pending or ongoing investigation into a violation 37 of the Political Reform Act of 1974 (Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000) of 38 the Government Code). 39 (c) Public access to any such the petition shall be restricted in accordance with 40

- 40 (c) Fublic access to any such <u>the</u> petition shall be restricted in accordance with 41 Section 6253.5 Article 2 (commencing with Section 7924.100) of Chapter 2 of Part
- 41 Section 0255.5 <u>Article 2 (commencing with Section 7524.100) of Chap</u> 42 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

- 1 **Comment.** Section 17400 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 2 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a technical change.

#### 5 § 18109 (amended). Misdemeanors

- 6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 18109 of the Elections Code is amended to read:
- 7 18109. (a) It is a misdemeanor for a person in possession of information identified

8 in Section 2138.5, or obtained pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section

- 9 2183) of Chapter 2 of Division 2 of this code or Section 6254.4 7924.000 of the
  10 Government Code, knowingly to use or permit the use of all or any part of that
- 11 information for any purpose other than as permitted by law.
- 12 (b) It is a misdemeanor for a person knowingly to acquire possession or use of 13 voter registration information from the Secretary of State or a county elections 14 official without first complying with Section 2188
- 14 official without first complying with Section 2188.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 18109 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).

### 18 § 18650 (amended). Using signature list for improper purpose

- 19 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 18650 of the Elections Code is amended to read:
- 20 18650. No one shall knowingly or willfully permit the list of signatures on an
- 21 initiative, referendum, or recall petition to be used for any purpose other than
- 22 qualification of the initiative or referendum measure or recall question for the ballot,
- except as provided in Section 6253.5 Article 2 (commencing with Section 7924.100)
- 24 of Chapter 2 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. Violation
- 25 of this section is a misdemeanor.
- Comment. Section 18650 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 28 Reports (2019).

# 29 § 23003 (amended). Hybrid redistricting commissions and independent redistricting 30 commissions

31 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 23003 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

23003. (a) This section applies to hybrid redistricting commissions and
 independent redistricting commissions.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the local jurisdiction may prescribe the manner in which members are appointed to the commission, provided that the jurisdiction uses an application process open to all eligible residents and provided that the commissioners are not directly appointed by the legislative body or an elected official of the local jurisdiction.

(c) A person shall not be appointed to serve on the commission if the person or
 any family member of the person has been elected or appointed to, or been a

candidate for, an elective office of the local jurisdiction in the eight years preceding
 the person's application.

3 (d) A person shall not be appointed to serve on the commission if either of the 4 following applies:

5 (1) The person or his or her the person's spouse has done any of the following in 6 the eight years preceding the person's application:

(A) Served as an officer of, employee of, or paid consultant to, a campaign
 committee or a candidate for elective office of the local jurisdiction.

9 (B) Served as an officer of, employee of, or paid consultant to, a political party or 10 as an elected or appointed member of a political party central committee.

11 (C) Served as a staff member or a consultant to, or who has contracted with, a 12 currently serving elected officer of the local jurisdiction.

13 (D) Been registered to lobby the local jurisdiction.

(E) Contributed five hundred dollars (\$500) or more in a year to any candidate for an elective office of the local jurisdiction. The local jurisdiction may adjust this amount by the cumulative change in the California Consumer Price Index, or its successor, in every year ending in zero.

(2) A family member of the person, other than his or her the person's spouse, has
 done any of the following in the four years preceding the person's application:

20 (A) Served as an officer of, employee of, or paid consultant to, a campaign 21 committee or a candidate for elective office of the local jurisdiction.

(B) Served as an officer of, employee of, or paid consultant to, a political party or
 as an elected or appointed member of a political party central committee.

(C) Served as a staff member of or consultant to, or has contracted with, a
 currently serving elected officer of the local jurisdiction.

26 (D) Been registered to lobby the local jurisdiction.

(E) Contributed five hundred dollars (\$500) or more in a year to any candidate for an elective office of the local jurisdiction. The local jurisdiction may adjust this amount by the cumulative change in the California Consumer Price Index, or its successor, in every year ending in zero.

31 (e) A member of the commission shall not do any of the following:

(1) While serving on the commission, endorse, work for, volunteer for, or make a
 campaign contribution to, a candidate for an elective office of the local jurisdiction.

34 (2) Be a candidate for an elective office of the local jurisdiction if any of the35 following is true:

36 (A) Less than five years has elapsed since the date of the member's appointment37 to the commission.

(B) The election for that office will be conducted using district boundaries that
were adopted by the commission on which the member served, and those district
boundaries have not been subsequently readopted by a commission after the end of
the member's term on the commission.

42 (C) The election for that office will be conducted using district boundaries that 43 were adopted by a legislative body pursuant to a recommendation by the commission on which the member served, and those district boundaries have not
been subsequently readopted by a legislative body pursuant to a recommendation
by a commission after the end of the member's term on the commission.

4 (3) For four years commencing with the date of his or her the person's appointment to the commission:

6 (A) Accept employment as a staff member of, or consultant to, an elected official
 7 or candidate for elective office of the local jurisdiction.

8 (B) Receive a noncompetitively bid contract with the local jurisdiction.

9 (C) Register as a lobbyist for the local jurisdiction.

10 (4) For two years commencing with the date of his or her the person's 11 appointment to the commission, accept an appointment to an office of the local 12 jurisdiction.

(f) The commission shall not be comprised entirely of members who areregistered to vote with the same political party preference.

(g) Each member of the commission shall be a designated employee in the conflict
of interest code for the commission pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section
87300) of Chapter 7 of Title 9 of the Government Code.

(h) The commission is subject to the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9
(commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the
Government Code) and the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(i) The commission shall be subject to the same redistricting deadlines,
 requirements, and restrictions that would otherwise apply to a legislative body. A
 local jurisdiction may also impose additional requirements and restrictions on the
 commission, on members of the commission, or on applicants to the commission in
 excess of those prescribed by this section.

(j) The commission shall publish a map of the proposed new district boundaries and make that map available to the public for at least seven days before that map may be adopted. The commission shall hold at least three public hearings preceding the hearing at which the new boundaries are adopted.

(k) The commission shall not draw districts for the purpose of favoring ordiscriminating against a political party or an incumbent or political candidate.

(*l*) District boundaries adopted by an independent redistricting commission or adopted by a legislative body from recommendations provided by a hybrid redistricting commission, shall not be altered by the legislative body or the commission until after the next federal decennial census occurs, unless those boundaries have been invalidated by a final judgment or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

40 (m) For the purposes of subdivisions (c) and (d), "local jurisdiction" does not 41 include a local jurisdiction that contracts with a county independent redistricting 42 commission pursuant to Section 23004. 1 **Comment.** Section 23003 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

3 Reports (2019).

5

4 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### **EVIDENCE CODE**

§ 1157.7 (amended). Application to committee established by local governmental agency to
 monitor, evaluate, and report on necessity, quality, and level of specialty health services
 SEC. Section 1157.7 of the Evidence Code is amended to read:

9 1157.7. The prohibition relating to discovery or testimony provided in Section

10 1157 shall be applicable to proceedings and records of any committee established

by a local governmental agency to monitor, evaluate, and report on the necessity, quality, and level of specialty health services, including, but not limited to, trauma

care services, provided by a general acute care hospital which that has been designated or recognized by that governmental agency as qualified to render

15 specialty health care services. The provisions of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with

16 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of

17 Title 1 of the Government Code and Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950)

of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code shall not be applicable to the committee records and proceedings.

Comment. Section 1157.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

23 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

24

#### FAMILY CODE

25 § 17212 (amended). Confidentiality of support enforcement and child abduction records

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 17212 of the Family Code is amended to read:

27 17212. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to protect individual rights of privacy,

and to facilitate and enhance the effectiveness of the child and spousal support enforcement program, by ensuring the confidentiality of support enforcement and

30 child abduction records, and to thereby encourage the full and frank disclosure of

31 information relevant to all of the following:

(1) The establishment or maintenance of parent and child relationships andsupport obligations.

- 34 (2) The enforcement of the child support liability of absent parents.
- (3) The enforcement of spousal support liability of the spouse or former spouse to
   the extent required by the state plan under Section 17604 and Part 6 (commencing)

with Section 5700.101) of Division 9.

38 (4) The location of absent parents.

39 (5) The location of parents and children abducted, concealed, or detained by them.

(b)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (c), all files, applications, papers, 1 documents, and records established or maintained by a public entity pursuant to the 2 administration and implementation of the child and spousal support enforcement 3 program established pursuant to Part D (commencing with Section 651) of 4 Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code and this division, 5 shall be confidential, and shall not be open to examination or released for disclosure 6 for any purpose not directly connected with the administration of the child and 7 spousal support enforcement program. A public entity shall not disclose any file, 8 application, paper, document, or record, or the information contained therein, except 9 as expressly authorized by this section. 10

(2) Information shall not be released or the whereabouts of one party or the child 11 disclosed to another party, or to the attorney of any other party, if a protective order 12 has been issued by a court or administrative agency with respect to the party, a good 13 cause claim under Section 11477.04 of the Welfare and Institutions Code has been 14 approved or is pending, or the public agency responsible for establishing paternity 15 or enforcing support has reason to believe that the release of the information may 16 result in physical or emotional harm to the party or the child. When a local child 17 support agency is prohibited from releasing information pursuant to this 18 subdivision, the information shall be omitted from any pleading or document to be 19 submitted to the court and this subdivision shall be cited in the pleading or other 20 document as the authority for the omission. The information shall be released only 21 upon an order of the court pursuant to paragraph (6) of subdivision (c). 22

(3) Notwithstanding any other law, a proof of service filed by the local child 23 support agency shall not disclose the address where service of process was 24 accomplished. Instead, the local child support agency shall keep the address in its 25 own records. The proof of service shall specify that the address is on record at the 26 local child support agency and that the address may be released only upon an order 27 from the court pursuant to paragraph (6) of subdivision (c). The local child support 28 agency shall, upon request by a party served, release to that person the address where 29 service was effected. 30

31 (c) Disclosure of the information described in subdivision (b) is authorized as32 follows:

(1) All files, applications, papers, documents, and records as described in 33 subdivision (b) shall be available and may be used by a public entity for all 34 administrative, civil, or criminal investigations, actions, proceedings, or 35 prosecutions conducted in connection with the administration of the child and 36 spousal support enforcement program approved under Part D (commencing with 37 Section 651) of Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code 38 and to the county welfare department responsible for administering a program 39 operated under a state plan pursuant to Part A, Subpart 1 or 2 of Part B, or Part E of 40 Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code. 41

42 (2) A document requested by a person who wrote, prepared, or furnished the43 document may be examined by or disclosed to that person or a designee.

1 (3) The payment history of an obligor pursuant to a support order may be 2 examined by or released to the court, the obligor, or the person on whose behalf 3 enforcement actions are being taken or that person's designee.

4 (4) An income and expense declaration of either parent may be released to the 5 other parent for the purpose of establishing or modifying a support order.

(5) Public records subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act
(Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code) may be
released.

(6) After a noticed motion and a finding by the court, in a case in which 10 establishment or enforcement actions are being taken, that release or disclosure to 11 the obligor or obligee is required by due process of law, the court may order a public 12 entity that possesses an application, paper, document, or record as described in 13 subdivision (b) to make that item available to the obligor or obligee for examination 14 or copying, or to disclose to the obligor or obligee the contents of that item. Article 15 9 (commencing with Section 1040) of Chapter 4 of Division 8 of the Evidence Code 16 shall not be applicable to proceedings under this part. At any hearing of a motion 17 filed pursuant to this section, the court shall inquire of the local child support agency 18 and the parties appearing at the hearing if there is reason to believe that release of 19 the requested information may result in physical or emotional harm to a party. If the 20 court determines that harm may occur, the court shall issue any protective orders or 21 injunctive orders restricting the use and disclosure of the information as are 22 necessary to protect the individuals. 23

(7) To the extent not prohibited by federal law or regulation, information indicating the existence or imminent threat of a crime against a child, or location of a concealed, detained, or abducted child, or the location of the concealing, detaining, or abducting person, may be disclosed to a district attorney, an appropriate law enforcement agency, or to a state or county child protective agency, or may be used in any judicial proceedings to prosecute that crime or to protect the child.

(8) The social security number, most recent address, and the place of employment
of the absent parent may be released to an authorized person as defined in Section
653(c) of Title 42 of the United States Code, only if the authorized person has filed
a request for the information, and only if the information has been provided to the
California Parent Locator Service by the federal Parent Locator Service pursuant to
Section 653 of Title 42 of the United States Code.

(9) A parent's or relative's name, social security number, most recent address,
telephone number, place of employment, or other contact information may be
released to a county child welfare agency or county probation department pursuant
to subdivision (c) of Section 17506.

(d)(1) "Administration and implementation of the child and spousal support
enforcement program," as used in this division, means the carrying out of the state
and local plans for establishing, modifying, and enforcing child support obligations,
enforcing spousal support orders, and determining paternity pursuant to Part D

(commencing with Section 651) of Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the
 United States Code and this article.

3 (2) For purposes of this division, "obligor" means a person owing a duty of 4 support.

5 (3) As used in this division, "putative parent" shall refer to any person reasonably 6 believed to be the parent of a child for whom the local child support agency is 7 attempting to establish paternity or establish, modify, or enforce support pursuant 8 to Section 17400.

9 (e) A person who willfully, knowingly, and intentionally violates this section is 10 guilty of a misdemeanor.

(f) This section does not compel the disclosure of information relating to a deserting parent who is a recipient of aid under a public assistance program for which federal aid is paid to this state, if that information is required to be kept confidential by the federal law or regulations relating to the program.

Comment. Section 17212 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 18 § 17514 (amended). Child abduction records

19 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 17514 of the Family Code is amended to read:

20 17514. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to protect individual rights of privacy,

and to facilitate and enhance the effectiveness of the child abduction and recovery
 programs, by ensuring the confidentiality of child abduction records, and to thereby
 encourage the full and frank disclosure of information relevant to all of the
 following:

(1) The establishment or maintenance of parent and child relationships andsupport obligations.

27 (2) The enforcement of the child support liability of absent parents.

(3) The enforcement of spousal support liability of the spouse or former spouse to
the extent required by the state plan under Section 17400, and Chapter 6
(commencing with Section 4800) of Part 5 of Division 9.

31 (4) The location of absent parents.

32 (5) The location of parents and children abducted, concealed, or detained by them.

(b)(1) Except as provided in this subdivision, all files, applications, papers, documents, and records, established or maintained by a public entity for the purpose of locating an abducted child, locating a person who has abducted a child, or prosecution of a person who has abducted a child shall be confidential, and shall not be open to examination or released for disclosure for any purpose not directly connected with locating or recovering the abducted child or abducting person or prosecution of the abducting person.

40 (2) Except as provided in subdivision (c), a public entity shall not disclose any 41 file, application, paper document, or record described in this section, or the 42 information contained therein. 1 (c)(1) All files, applications, papers, documents, and records as described in 2 subdivision (b) shall be available and may be used by a public entity for all 3 administrative, civil, or criminal investigations, actions, proceedings, or prosecution 4 conducted in connection with the child abduction or prosecution of the abducting 5 person.

6 (2) A document requested by a person who wrote, prepared, or furnished the 7 document may be examined by or disclosed to that person or a designee.

(3) Public records subject to disclosure under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of
Title 1 of the Government Code may be released.

(4) After a noticed motion and a finding by the court, in a case in which child 11 recovery or abduction prosecution actions are being taken, that release or disclosure 12 is required by due process of law, the court may order a public entity that possesses 13 an application, paper, document, or record described in this subdivision to make that 14 item available to the defendant or other party for examination or copying, or to 15 disclose to an appropriate person the contents of that item. Article 9 (commencing 16 with Section 1040) of Chapter 4 of Division 8 of the Evidence Code shall not be 17 applicable to proceedings under this part. 18

19 (5) To the extent not prohibited by federal law or regulation, information 20 indicating the existence or imminent threat of a crime against a minor child, or 21 location of a concealed or abducted child, or the location of the concealing or 22 abducting person, may be disclosed to any appropriate law enforcement agency, or 23 to any state or county child protective agency, or may be used in any judicial 24 proceedings to prosecute that crime or to protect the child.

(6) Information may be released to any state or local agency for the purposes
connected with establishing, modifying, and enforcing child support obligations,
enforcing spousal support orders, and determining paternity as required by Part D
(commencing with Section 651) of Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the
United States Code and this article.

Comment. Section 17514 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

### FINANCIAL CODE

33

#### 34 § 12104 (amended). Criteria for exemption of nonprofit community service organization

35 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12104 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

12104. A nonprofit community service organization that meets all of the
 following criteria shall be exempt from any requirements imposed on proraters
 pursuant to this division:

39 (a) The nonprofit community service organization incorporates in this state or any

- 40 other state as a nonprofit corporation and operates pursuant to either the Nonprofit
- 41 Public Benefit Corporation Law, Part 2 (commencing with Section 5110) of

1 Division 2 of Title 1 of the Corporations Code or the Nonprofit Mutual Benefit

2 Corporation Law, Part 3 (commencing with Section 7110) of Division 2 of Title 1

3 of the Corporations Code.

4 (b) The nonprofit community service organization limits its membership to 5 retailers, lenders in the consumer credit field, educators, attorneys, social service 6 organizations, employer and employee organizations, and related groups that serve 7 educational, benevolent, fraternal, religious, charitable, social, or reformatory 8 purposes.

9 (c) The nonprofit community service organization has as its principal functions 10 the following:

11 (1) Consumer credit education.

12 (2) Counseling on consumer credit problems and family budgets.

(3) Arranging or administering debt management plans. "Debt management plan"
 means a method of paying debtor's obligations in installments on a monthly basis.

15 (4) Arranging or administering debt settlement plans. "Debt settlement plans" 16 means a method of paying debtor's obligations in a negotiated amount to each 17 creditor on a one-time basis.

(d) The nonprofit community service organization receives from a debtor no more 18 than the following maximum amounts to offset the organization's actual and 19 necessary expenses for the services described in subdivision (c): a one-time sum not 20 to exceed fifty dollars (\$50) for education and counseling combined in connection 21 with debt management or debt settlement services; and for debt management plans, 22 a sum not to exceed 8 percent of the money disbursed monthly, or thirty-five dollars 23 (\$35) per month, whichever is less, and for debt settlement plans a sum not to exceed 24 15 percent of the amount of the debt forgiven for negotiated debt settlement plans. 25 Nonprofit community service organizations shall not require any upfront payments 26 or deposits on debt settlement plans and may only require payment of fees once the 27 debt has been successfully settled. For purposes of this subdivision, a household 28 shall be considered one debtor. The fees allowed pursuant to this subdivision shall 29 be the only fees that may be charged by a nonprofit community service organization 30 for any services related to a debt management plan or a debt settlement plan. 31

32 (e) The nonprofit community service organization maintains and keeps current 33 and accurate books, records, and accounts relating to its business in accordance with 34 generally accepted accounting principles, and stores them in a readily accessible 35 place for a period of no less than five years from the end of the fiscal year in which 36 any transactions occurred.

(f) The nonprofit community service organization deposits any money received from a debtor for the services described in subdivision (c) in a noninterest-bearing trust account in a federally insured state or federal bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which account is maintained specifically for purposes of administering a debt management plan or debt settlement plan. The nonprofit community service organization shall provide the commissioner the following prior to engaging in business in this state and claiming this exemption:

(1) A written notice with the name, address, and telephone number of the bank, 1 savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union where the trust account 2 is maintained, and the name of the account and the account number. The account 3 information required in this paragraph shall be kept confidential pursuant to the laws 4 governing disclosure of public records, including the California Public Records Act, 5 Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 6 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, and the 7 rules adopted thereunder. 8

(2) An irrevocable written consent providing that upon the commissioner taking 9 possession of the property and business of the nonprofit community service 10 organization, all books, records, property, and business, including trust accounts and 11 any other accounts holding debtors' funds, shall be immediately turned over to the 12 commissioner or receiver appointed pursuant to this division. The consent shall be 13 signed by the nonprofit community service organization and the bank, savings bank, 14 savings and loan association, or credit union where the trust account is maintained. 15 The consent shall be binding upon the nonprofit community service organization 16 and the bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, and any 17 objection to it must be raised pursuant to the laws of the State of California and only 18 in the forum in which the proceeding to take possession or appointment of the 19 receiver has been filed. The nonprofit community service organization and the bank, 20 savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union shall further consent to 21 the jurisdiction of the commissioner for the purpose of any investigation or 22 proceeding under Sections 12105 and 12106 or any other provision of this division. 23 The consent required by this paragraph shall include the name, title, and signature 24 of an official of the bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union 25 holding the authority to consent on behalf of that institution, and the name, title, and 26 signature of the chief executive officer or president of the nonprofit community 27 service organization. 28

(g) The nonprofit community service organization maintains at all times a surety 29 bond in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), issued by an insurer 30 licensed in this state. The bond shall be conditioned upon the obligor faithfully 31 conforming to and abiding by the provisions of Section 12104 of the Financial Code, 32 honestly and faithfully applying all funds received, honestly and faithfully 33 performing all obligations and undertakings required under this section, and paying 34 to the state and to any person all money that becomes due and owing to the state or 35 to any person owed by the obligor of the bond. 36

- (h) The nonprofit community service organization reports all of the following to
  the debtor at least once every three months, or upon the debtor's request, for any
  debt management plan or debt settlement plan:
- 40 (1) Total amount received from the debtor.
- 41 (2) Total amount paid to each creditor.

42 (3) Total amount any creditor has agreed to accept as payment in full on any debt43 owed by the debtor.

1 (4) Any amount paid to the organization by the debtor.

- 2 (5) Any amount held in reserve.
- 3 (i) The nonprofit community service organization submits to the commissioner,

4 at the organization's expense, an audit report containing audited financial statements
5 covering the calendar year or, if the organization has an established fiscal year, then

6 for that fiscal year, within 120 days after the close of the calendar or fiscal year.

(j) The nonprofit community service organization submits with the annual
financial statements required under subdivision (i) a declaration that conforms to
Section 2015.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure, is executed by an official authorized
by the board of the organization, and that states that the organization complies with
this section. The annual financial statements shall also include a separate written
statement that identifies the name, address, contact person, and telephone number
of the organization.

(k) The nonprofit community service organization maintains accreditation by an
 independent accrediting organization, including either the Council on Accreditation
 or the International Standards Organization, with sector certification.

(*l*) The nonprofit community service organization does not engage in any act or
 practice in violation of Section 17200 or 17500 of the Business and Professions
 Code.

20 (m) The nonprofit community service organization inserts the following 21 statement, in not less than 10-point type, in its debt management plan and debt 22 settlement plan agreements: "Complaints related to this agreement may be directed 23 to the California Department of Business Oversight. This nonprofit community 24 service organization has adopted best practices for debt management plans and debt 25 settlement plans, and a copy will be provided upon request."

(n) The nonprofit community service organization adopts and implements on a
 continuous basis policies or procedures of best practices that are designed to prevent
 improper debt management or debt settlement practices and prevent theft and
 misappropriation of funds. Failure to do the following shall constitute improper debt
 management or debt settlement practices, as applicable:

(1) Obtain counselor certification conducted by a nationally recognized third party certification program that certifies that all of the agency's counselors receive
 proper training and are qualified to provide financial assistance prior to performing
 counseling services in this state.

(2) Disburse funds no later than 15 days after receipt of valid funds, or by a
 scheduled disbursement date, whichever is the greater amount of time.

37 (3) Transmit funds utilizing electronic payment processing when available.

(4) Implement an inception date policy, which shall include an agreement that a
consumer's first disbursement pursuant to a debt management plan shall be received
within 90 days of agreeing to the debt management plan service. The debt
management plan shall include all items described in subdivision (h) and shall be
provided to the consumer at the inception date of the plan. A description of best

practices of the agency and of the consumer complaint resources shall be issued no

later than the first payment date. 2 (5) Respond to and research any complaint initiated by a consumer within five 3 business days of receipt of the complaint. 4 (6) Prohibit a policy requiring debt management plan consumers from being 5 required to utilize additional ancillary services. 6 (7) Provide consumer access to debt management plan services regardless of the 7 consumer's ability to pay fees related to the debt management plan, lack of creditor 8 participation, or the amount of the consumer's outstanding debt. 9 (8) Implement policies that specifically prohibit credit counselors from receiving 10 financial incentives or additional compensation based on the outcome of the 11 counseling process. 12 (9) Prohibit the practice of paying referral fees to consumers or other third parties 13 who refer new clients to the agency. 14 (10) Disclose in all written contracts with consumers the portion of funding for 15 the agency that is provided by creditors. 16 (11) Disclose in all written contracts for debt management plans or debt 17 settlement plans that these plans are not suitable for all consumers and that 18 consumers may request information on other options, including, but not limited to, 19 bankruptcy. 20 (12) Fully disclose all services to be provided by the agency and any initial and 21 ongoing fees to be charged by the agency for services, including, but not limited to, 22 contributions to the agency. 23 (13) Prohibit the agency or any affiliate of the agency from purchasing debt from 24 a consumer. 25 (14) Prohibit the agency from offering loans to consumers involving the charging 26 of interest. 27 (15) Prominently disclose in written contracts with consumers of any financial 28 arrangement between the agency and any lender or any provider of financial 29 services if the agency receives any form of compensation for referring consumers 30

31 to that lender or provider of financial services.

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32 (16) Provide professional liability insurance coverage.

(17) Provide the debtor a written individualized evaluation of his or her the
 <u>debtor's</u> financial status and an initial debt management plan for the debtor's debts
 with specific recommendations regarding actions the debtor should take.

(18) Provide the debtor enrolling in a debt management plan a written reliable
estimate of the length of time it will take to complete the plan and identifies the total
debt owed to each creditor included in the plan, the proposed payment to each
creditor, and any fees that would be charged for administering the plan. The estimate
shall be provided prior to receipt of the debtor's first deposit.

(*o*) The nonprofit community service organization provides a copy of the best
 practices described in subdivision (n) to its debtor, upon request.

1 (p) The nonprofit community service organization resolves in a prompt and 2 reasonable manner complaints from debtors relating to the organization's debt 3 management plans or debt settlement plans.

4 (q) The nonprofit community service organization provides written notice to the 5 commissioner within 30 days of dissolution or termination of engaging in the 6 activities of a prorater, as defined in Section 12002.1.

(r) This section shall become inoperative upon the enactment of a statute requiring
the licensure and regulation of nonprofit community service organizations
providing consumer credit counseling.

10 **Comment.** Section 12104 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

13 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 14 § 14257 (amended). Disclosure of investigation and examination reports

15 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14257 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

14257. Investigation and examination reports prepared by the commissioner's 16 duly designated representatives shall not be public records. The reports may be 17 disclosed to the officers, directors, members of the supervisory committee, members 18 of the credit committee, and key management personnel of the credit union that is 19 the subject of a report for the purpose of corrective action by those persons. The 20 examination report may also be disclosed to internal and external auditors and 21 attorneys that are retained by the subject credit union, but only to the extent 22 necessary for the auditors and attorneys to perform work related to issues addressed 23 in the examination report. The disclosure shall not operate as a waiver of the 24 exemption specified in subdivision (d) of Section 6254 Section 7929.000 of the 25 26 Government Code.

Comment. Section 14257 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

## \$ 18394 (amended). Disclosure of investigation and examination reports to officers and directors of company for purposes of corrective action

32 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 18394 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

18394. Investigation and examination reports prepared by the commissioner's

duly designated representatives shall not be public records. Those reports may be

disclosed to the officers and directors of a company which that is the subject of a

<sup>36</sup> report for the purpose of corrective action by those officers or directors. <del>Any such</del>

37 <u>That type of disclosure shall not operate as a waiver of the exemption specified in</u>

38 subdivision (d) of Section 6254 Section 7929.000 of the Government Code.

39 **Comment.** Section 18394 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

40 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 41 Reports \_\_ (2019).

42 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

§ 22067 (amended). Report on exemptions 1 SEC. . Section 22067 of the Financial Code is amended to read: 2 22067. (a) On or before July 1 of each year, the commissioner shall post a report 3 on the department's Internet Web site internet website summarizing the information 4 described in subdivision (b). The information disclosed to the commissioner for the 5 commissioner's use in preparing the report described in this section is exempted 6 from any requirement of public disclosure by paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of 7 Section 6254 subdivision (b) of Section 7929.000 of the Government Code. 8 (b) The report required by this section shall specify the time period to which the 9 report corresponds, and shall include, but not be limited to, the following for that 10 time period: 11 (1) The number of organizations that applied for exemptions pursuant to 12 subdivision (c) of Section 22066, and the number of organizations that entered into 13 partnerships with exempt organizations in accordance with subdivision (d) of 14 Section 22066. 15 (2) The number of organizations granted exemptions and the types of exemptions 16 granted. 17 (3) The reason or reasons for denying applications for exemptions, if applicable. 18 This information shall be provided in a manner that does not identify the entity or 19 entities denied. 20 (4) The number of borrowers who applied for loans through exempt or partnering 21 organizations, the number of borrowers granted loans facilitated by exempt or 22 partnering organizations, the total amount loaned, and the distribution of loan 23 lengths upon origination. 24 (5) The number of borrowers who obtained more than one loan through an exempt 25 or partnering organization and the distribution of the number of loans per borrower. 26 (6) Of the number of borrowers who obtained more than one loan facilitated by 27 an exempt or a partnering organization, the percentage of those borrowers whose 28 credit scores increased between successive loans, based on information from at least 29 one major credit bureau, and the average size of the increase. 30 (7) The income distribution of borrowers upon loan origination, including the 31 number of borrowers who obtained at least one loan and who resided in a low-to-32 moderate-income census tract at the time of their loan application. 33 (8) The number of borrowers who obtained loans facilitated by an exempt or a 34 partnering organization for the following purposes, based on borrower responses at 35 the time of their loan applications indicating the primary purpose for which the loan 36 was obtained: 37 (A) Medical. 38 (B) Other emergency. 39 (C) Vehicle repair. 40 (D) Vehicle purchase. 41 (E) To pay bills. 42 (F) To consolidate debt. 43

- 1 (G) To build or repair credit history.
- 2 (H) To finance a purchase of goods or services other than a vehicle.
- 3 (I) For other than personal, family, or household purposes.
- 4 (J) Other.

(9) The number of borrowers who self-report that they had a bank account at the
time of their loan application, the number of borrowers who self-report that they had
a bank account and used check-cashing services, and the number of borrowers who
self-report that they did not have a bank account at the time of their loan application.
(10) The performance of loans under Section 22066, as reflected by all of the

10 following:

(A) The number and percentage of borrowers who experienced at least one late
 payment lasting between 7 and 29 days and who subsequently brought his or her the
 loan current, and the distribution of principal loan amounts corresponding to those
 late payments.

(B) The number and percentage of borrowers who experienced at least one late
 payment lasting between 30 and 59 days and who subsequently brought his or her
 the loan current, and the distribution of principal loan amounts corresponding to
 those late payments.

19 (C) The number and percentage of borrowers who experienced at least one late 20 payment lasting 60 days or more and who subsequently brought his or her the loan 21 current, and the distribution of principal loan amounts corresponding to those late 22 payments.

(D) The number and percentage of borrowers who experienced at least one late
 payment of greater than seven days and who did not subsequently bring his or her
 the loan current.

(E) Among loans that were ever late for seven days or more, the average number of times borrowers experienced a late payment of seven days or more.

(11) The number and types of violations of Section 22066 by exempt
 organizations, which were documented by the commissioner.

(12) The number and types of violations of Section 22066 by partnering
 organizations, which were documented by the commissioner.

(13) The number of times the commissioner suspended or revoked an exemption
 granted to an exempt organization pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (c) of
 Section 22066 and the number of times a partnering organization was sanctioned by
 the commissioner pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivision (d) of Section 22066.

(14) The number of complaints received by the commissioner about an exempt
 organization or a partnering organization, and the nature of those complaints.

- 38 (15) Recommendations, if any, for improving the program.
- Comment. Section 22067 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

41 Reports (2019).

42 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make another technical change.

- 1 § 22375 (amended). Licensee that utilizes service of finder
- 2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 22375 of the Financial Code is amended to read:
- 3 22375. A licensee that utilizes the service of a finder shall do all of the following:
- 4 (a) Notify the commissioner within 15 days of entering into a contract with a
- 5 finder, on a form acceptable to the commissioner, regarding all of the following:
- 6 (1) The name, business address, and licensing details of the finder and all 7 locations at which the finder will perform services under this article.
- 8 (2) The name and contact information for an employee of the finder who is 9 knowledgeable about, and has the authority to execute, the contract governing the 10 business relationship between the finder and the licensee.
- (3) The name and contact information for one or more employees of the finder
   who are responsible for that finder's finding activities on behalf of the licensee.
- 13 (4) A list of the activities the finder shall perform on behalf of the licensee.
- 14 (5) Any other information requested by the commissioner.
- (b) Pay an annual finder registration fee to the commissioner in an amount to be
   established by the commissioner by regulation for each finder utilized by the
   licensee.
- (c) Submit an annual report to the commissioner including, for each finder, the 18 information listed in paragraph (12) and subparagraph (A) of paragraph (13) of 19 subdivision (d) of Section 22380, and any other information pertaining to each 20 finder and the licensee's relationship and business arrangements with each finder as 21 the commissioner may by regulation require. The information disclosed to the 22 commissioner for the report described in this subdivision is exempted from any 23 requirement of public disclosure by paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 6254 24 subdivision (b) of Section 7929.000 of the Government Code. 25
- Comment. Section 22375 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 29 § 22380 (amended). Utilization summaries

- 30 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 22380 of the Financial Code is amended to read:
- 22380. (a) On or before July 1, 2015, and annually on or before July 1, 2017, to
- July 1, 2021, inclusive, the commissioner shall post a report on his or her Internet
- 33 Web site the commissioner's internet website summarizing utilization of the Pilot
- 34 Program for Increased Access to Responsible Small Dollar Loans. The report
- required to be submitted on or before July 1, 2015, shall additionally include the
- <sup>36</sup> information required by former Section 22361, summarizing utilization of the Pilot
- 37 Program for Affordable Credit-Building Opportunities, which was created by
- Chapter 640 of the Statutes of 2010.
- 39 (b) The information disclosed to the commissioner for the commissioner's use in
- 40 preparing the reports described in this section is exempted from any requirement of
- 41 public disclosure by paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 6254 subdivision
- 42 (b) of Section 7929.000 of the Government Code.

(c) If there is more than one licensee approved to participate in the program under
this article, the reports required pursuant to subdivision (a) shall state information
in aggregate so as not to identify data by specific licensee. The information stated
in these reports pursuant to paragraphs (4) and (6) of subdivision (d) shall also be
set forth for each specific finder whose services were used by a licensee in
connection with the loans or loan applications, along with the specific finder's
identity.

8 (d) Each report required pursuant to this section shall specify the time period to
9 which the report corresponds, and shall include, but not be limited to, the following
10 for that time period:

11 (1) The number of entities that applied to participate in the program.

12 (2) The number of entities accepted to participate in the program.

13 (3) The reason or reasons for rejecting applications for participation, if applicable.

14 This information shall be provided in a manner that does not identify the entity or 15 entities rejected.

(4) The number of program loan applications received by lenders participating in
 the program, the number of loans made pursuant to the program, the total amount
 loaned, the distribution of loan lengths upon origination, and the distribution of
 interest rates and principal amounts upon origination among those loans.

(5) The number of borrowers who obtained more than one program loan and thedistribution of the number of loans per borrower.

(6) Of the number of borrowers who obtained more than one program loan, the
 percentage of those borrowers whose credit scores increased between successive
 loans, based on information from at least one major credit bureau, and the average
 size of the increase.

(7) The income distribution of borrowers upon loan origination, including the
 number of borrowers who obtained at least one program loan and who resided in a
 low-to-moderate-income census tract at the time of their loan application.

(8) The number of borrowers who obtained loans for the following purposes,
based on borrower responses at the time of their loan applications indicating the
primary purpose for which the loan was obtained:

32 (A) Medical.

33 (B) Other emergency.

- 34 (C) Vehicle repair.
- 35 (D) Vehicle purchase.
- 36 (E) To pay bills.
- 37 (F) To consolidate debt.
- 38 (G) To build or repair credit history.
- 39 (H) To finance a purchase of goods or services other than a vehicle.
- 40 (I) For other than personal, family, or household purposes.
- 41 (J) Other.

42 (9) The number of borrowers who self-report that they had a bank account at the

43 time of their loan application, the number of borrowers who self-report that they had

- 1 a bank account and used check-cashing services, and the number of borrowers who
- 2 self-report that they did not have a bank account at the time of their loan application.
- 3 (10) With respect to refinance loans, each report shall specifically include the 4 following information:
- 5 (A) The number and percentage of borrowers who applied for a refinance loan.
- 6 (B) Of those borrowers who applied for a refinance loan, the number and 7 percentage of borrowers who obtained a refinance loan.
- 8 (C) Of those borrowers who obtained a refinance loan:
- 9 (i) The percentage of borrowers who refinanced once.
- 10 (ii) The percentage of borrowers who refinanced twice.
- 11 (iii) The percentage of borrowers who refinanced more than twice.
- 12 (D) Of those borrowers who obtained a refinance loan, the average percentage of 12 principal paid down before obtaining a refinance loan
- 13 principal paid down before obtaining a refinance loan.
- 14 (E) Of those borrowers who obtained a refinance loan, the average amount of 15 additional principal extended.
- 16 (F) Of those borrowers who obtained a refinance loan, the average number of late 17 payments made on the loan that was refinanced.
- (11) The number and type of finders used by licensees and the relative
   performance of loans consummated by finders compared to the performance of
   loans consummated without a finder.
- (12) The number and percentage of borrowers who obtained one or more program
  loans on which late fees were assessed, the total amount of late fees assessed, and
  the average late fee assessed by dollar amount and as a percentage of the principal
  amount loaned.

(13)(A) The performance of loans under this article, as reflected by all of thefollowing:

- (i) The number and percentage of program borrowers who experienced at least
  one delinquency lasting between 7 and 29 days, and the distribution of principal
  loan amounts corresponding to those delinquencies.
- (ii) The number and percentage of program borrowers who experienced at least
   one delinquency lasting between 30 and 59 days, and the distribution of principal
   loan amounts corresponding to those delinquencies.
- (iii) The number and percentage of program borrowers who experienced at least
   one delinquency lasting 60 days or more, and the distribution of principal loan
   amounts corresponding to those delinquencies.
- (iv) The number and percentage of program borrowers who experienced at least
   one delinquency of greater than 7 days and who did not subsequently bring their
   loan current.
- (v) Among loans that were ever delinquent for 7 days or more, the average number
   of times borrowers experienced a delinquency of 7 days or more.
- 41 (B) To the extent data are readily available to the commissioner, the commissioner
- 42 shall include in each report comparable delinquency data for unsecured loans made
- 43 by persons licensed under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 22365) of Division

9 in principal amounts between two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) and four 1 thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars (\$4,999), and in principal amounts 2 between five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine 3 dollars (\$9,999), and for unsecured extensions of credit made by state-chartered 4 banks and credit unions under the commissioner's jurisdiction, in principal amounts 5 between two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) and four thousand nine hundred 6 ninety-nine dollars (\$4,999), and in principal amounts between five thousand dollars 7 (\$5,000) and nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars (\$9,999). 8 (14) The number and types of violations of this article by finders, which were 9 documented by the commissioner. 10 (15) The number and types of violations of this article by licensees, which were 11 documented by the commissioner. 12 (16) The number of times that the commissioner disgualified a finder from 13 performing services, barred a finder from performing services at one or more 14 specific locations of the finder, terminated a written agreement between a finder and 15

a licensee, or imposed an administrative penalty.

(17) The number of complaints received by the commissioner about a licensee ora finder, and the nature of those complaints.

19 (18) Recommendations for improving the program.

- (19) Recommendations regarding whether the program should be continued after
   January 1, 2023.
- 22 **Comment.** Section 22380 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).

25 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make another technical change.

#### 26 § 23049 (amended). Certification of record to prosecuting official

27 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 23049 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

28 23049. After an examination, investigation, or hearing under this division, if the 29 commissioner deems it of public interest or advantage, the commissioner may 30 certify a record to the proper prosecuting official of the city, county, or city and

31 county in which the act complained of, examined, or investigated occurred. The data

32 and records shall be kept confidential pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with

33 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of

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34 Title 1 of the Government Code and any regulations adopted thereunder.
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Comment. Section 23049 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019)

37 Reports (2019).

### 38 § 31111 (amended). Effect of permitting inspection or copying

39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 31111 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

40 31111. Notwithstanding the fact that the commissioner permits any licensee, any

- 41 affiliate of such <u>a</u> licensee, or any governmental agency to inspect or make copies
- 42 of any record relating to such <u>a</u> licensee or to any director, officer, employee, or

affiliate of such a licensee, or that the commissioner provides any such record of 1 this type, or a copy thereof, to any such person described above, any provision of 2 Section 6254 or 6255 7922.000 of the Government Code and any provision listed 3 in Section 7920.505 of the Government Code which that would, but for such that 4 fact, apply to such that record, shall continue to apply to such the record. 5 Comment. Section 31111 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 6 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 7 8 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to make technical changes. 9 10 § 50314 (amended). Records of residential mortgage lender or residential mortgage loan 11 servicer SEC. \_. Section 50314 of the Financial Code is amended to read: 12 50314. (a) Every person subject to this division shall keep documents and records 13 that will properly enable the commissioner to determine whether the residential 14 mortgage lending or residential mortgage loan servicing functions performed by that 15 person comply with the provisions of this division and with all rules and orders 16 made by the commissioner under this division. Upon request of the commissioner, 17 residential mortgage lenders and residential mortgage loan servicers shall file an 18 authorization for disclosure to the commissioner of financial records of the licensed 19 business pursuant to Section 7473 of the Government Code. 20 (b)(1) The business documents and records of every residential mortgage lender 21 or residential mortgage loan servicer, whether required to be licensed under this 22 division or not, are subject to inspection and examination by the commissioner at 23 any time without prior notice. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to 24 persons specified in subdivision (g) of Section 50003. 25 (2) Any person subject to this division shall, upon request and within the time 26 specified in the request, allow inspection and copying of any documents and records 27 by the commissioner or his or her the commissioner's authorized representative. 28 (c)(1) The cost of every inspection and examination of a licensee or other person 29 subject to this division shall be paid to the commissioner by the licensee or person 30 examined, and the commissioner may maintain an action for the recovery of these 31 costs in any court of competent jurisdiction. In determining the cost of any 32 inspection or examination, the commissioner may use the estimated average hourly 33 cost, including overhead, for all persons performing inspections or examinations of 34 licensees or other persons subject to this division for the fiscal year. 35 (2) For the purpose of this subdivision only, no person other than a licensee shall 36

be deemed to be a person subject to this division by an administrative hearing in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, or by a judicial hearing in any court of 4 competent jurisdiction.

(d) Investigation and examination reports prepared by the commissioner's duly 1 designated representatives are not public reports. Those reports may be disclosed to 2 the officers or directors of a licensee that is the subject of the report for the purpose 3 of corrective action by the officers or directors. Such a That type of disclosure shall 4 not operate as a waiver of the exemption specified in subdivision (d) of Section 6254 5 Section 7929.000 of the Government Code. 6 Comment. Section 50314 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 7 8 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 9 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to insert paragraph labels, eliminate gendered pronouns, and make 10

11 another technical change.

12

#### FISH AND GAME CODE

13 § 2584 (amended). Remedy for actionable violation

14 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2584 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:

15 2584. (a) Upon an actionable violation, the department shall consult, as to the 16 appropriate civil or criminal remedy, with the district attorney in the jurisdiction 17 where the violation was alleged to have occurred. Before proceeding with a civil

18 action, the department shall seek the concurrence of the Attorney General.

(b) The director shall appoint a qualified referee or hearing board, composed ofone or any combination of the following persons:

21 (1) A qualified hearing officer, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 2580.

(2) A retired judge of the Superior Court who is knowledgeable in fish andwildlife law.

(3) A qualified neutral referee, appointed upon petition to the Superior Court inwhich the violation was alleged to have occurred.

(c) The director, after investigation of the facts and circumstances, may issue a complaint to any person on whom a civil penalty may be imposed pursuant to Section 2582 or 2583. The complaint shall allege the acts or failures to act that constitute a basis for a civil penalty and the amount of the proposed civil penalty. The complaint shall be served by personal service or certified mail and shall inform the person so served that a hearing shall be conducted within 60 days after the person

has been served, unless the person waives the right to a hearing. If the person waives the right to a hearing, the department shall issue an order setting liability in the amount proposed in the complaint. If the person has waived the right to a hearing or if the department and the person have entered into a settlement agreement, the order

36 shall be final.

(d) Any hearing required under this section shall be conducted by a referee or
hearing board according to the procedures specified in Sections 11507 to 11517,
inclusive, of the Government Code, except as otherwise provided in this section. In
making a determination, the hearing officer may consider the records of the
department in the matter, the complaint, and any new facts brought to his or her the
officer's attention by that person. The hearing officer shall be the sole trier of fact

1 as to the existence of a basis for liability under Section 2582 or 2583. The hearing

2 officer shall make the determination of the facts of the case and shall prepare and

3 submit the proposed decision, including recommended penalty assessment, to the

director for his or her the director's review and assistance in the penalty assessment
 process.

(e) The director may assess the civil penalty, and may reduce the amount, or not 6 impose any assessment, of civil penalties based upon the nature, circumstances, 7 extent, and gravity of the prohibited acts alleged, and the degree of culpability of 8 the violator; or the director may enter into a settlement agreement with the person 9 in the best interests of the state or confirm the amount of civil penalties contained 10 in the complaint. If the director reduces the amount of the civil penalty, does not 11 impose the civil penalty, or enters into a settlement agreement, the director shall 12 seek the recommendation of the hearing officer and enter into the records of the case 13 the reasons for that action, including the hearing officer's recommendation. The 14 decision of the director assessing the civil penalty is final. The proposed decision is 15 a public record and shall be served upon the person. The director may approve the 16 proposed decision in its entirety, or the director may reduce the proposed penalty 17 and adopt the balance of the proposed decision. 18

(f) Upon the final assessment of the civil penalty, the department shall issue an 19 order setting the amount of the civil penalty to be imposed. An order setting civil 20 liability under this section becomes effective and final upon the issuance thereof, 21 and payment shall be made within 30 days of issuance. Copies of the order shall be 22 served by personal service or by certified mail upon the person served with the 23 complaint and upon other persons who appeared before the director and requested 24 a copy. Copies of the order shall be provided to any person within 10 days of receipt 25 of a written request from that person. 26

(g) Within 30 days after service of a copy of an order setting the amount of the
civil penalty, any person so served may file with the superior court a petition for a
writ of mandate for review of the order. In all proceedings pursuant to this
subdivision, the court shall exercise its independent judgment on the evidence in the
whole record. The filing of a petition for a writ of mandate shall not stay any other
civil or criminal action.

(h) The records of the case, after all appeals are final, are public records, as
 defined in subdivision (d) of Section 6252 Section 7920.530 of the Government
 Code.

Comment. Section 2584 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

The amendment also eliminates gendered pronouns and corrects a cross-reference to subdivision (d) of former Government Code Section 6252, which became obsolete when subdivision (d) was relabeled as subdivision (e). *Compare* 1988 Cal. Stat. ch. 1059, § 4 (original version of Section 2584, which cross-refers to "public records, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 6252 of the Government Code") *with* 1981 Cal. Stat. ch. 968, § 1 (version of former Gov't Code § 6252 in place when Section 2584 was added to the codes); see also 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 2 (relabeling 1 definition of "public records" as subdivision (e)); 2015 Cal. Stat. ch. 537, § 20 (version of former

2 Gov't Code § 6252 repealed by CPRA Recodification Act of 2020); Section 7920.530 (continuing

3 former Gov't Code § 6252(e)'s definition of "public records").

4 § 9002.5 (amended). Retrieval of lost or abandoned commercial Dungeness crab traps

5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 9002.5 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:

6 9002.5. (a) Notwithstanding Section 9002, the department, in consultation with 7 the Dungeness crab task force, shall establish a retrieval program to provide for the 8 retrieval of lost or abandoned commercial Dungeness crab traps by June 30, 2019.

9 (b) The retrieval program developed pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be 10 consistent with all of the following:

(1)(A) The department shall establish a retrieval permit that grants a person who
 obtains a retrieval permit the authority to retrieve Dungeness crab traps located in
 ocean waters belonging to another person without written permission from that
 person during both of the following periods of time:

(i) The closed season of the Dungeness crab commercial fishery, as described inSection 8276.

(ii) A period of time other than the time period described in clause (i) in which
the director restricts the take of Dungeness crab pursuant to Section 8276.1 or
regulations adopted pursuant to that section, if the director authorizes retrieval
permitholders to retrieve traps during that time period.

(B) The department may establish any qualifications it deems necessary for a
 person to obtain a retrieval permit.

(C) The department shall require a permit fee in an amount necessary to fully
 recover, but not exceed, all reasonable administrative and implementation costs to
 the department of the retrieval program.

(2) Notwithstanding Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 2080) of Title 6 of Part
 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code or any other law, any Dungeness crab trap retrieved
 under the authority of a retrieval permit shall become the property of the retrieval
 permitholder.

(3) The department shall require a retrieval permitholder to notify the former trap 30 owner of the retrieval of a Dungeness crab trap and to offer to sell the trap to the 31 former owner for a reasonable recovery fee, as determined by the retrieval 32 permitholder, based on the cost of trap retrieval and storage of the trap. The 33 department shall impose per-trap fees on any former trap owner who refuses to pay 34 the recovery fee to the retrieval permitholder. The department shall set the rate of 35 these per-trap fees at a level sufficient to recover any costs to the department from 36 handling noncompliance with the gear retrieval program and to reimburse the 37 retrieval permitholder for the reasonable cost of trap retrieval, storage, and disposal 38 of crab traps belonging to a former owner who refuses to pay the recovery fees for 39 those traps and, upon appropriation by the Legislature, shall use the proceeds of the 40 per-trap fees for these purposes. The department shall annually adjust the per-trap 41 fees pursuant to Section 713. 42

(4) Notwithstanding Section 8022, the department may release contact 1 information to a retrieval permitholder for purposes of the retrieval program under 2 terms and conditions as the department deems necessary to preserve the 3 confidentiality of the information released. Any release of information pursuant to 4 this section does not constitute a waiver of any applicable exemptions from 5 disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 6 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of 7 Title 1 of the Government Code). 8

9 (5) The department may deny an application for renewal or transfer of a 10 Dungeness crab vessel permit until the applicant pays any fees imposed pursuant to 11 paragraph (3).

12 (6) The department shall submit the proposed retrieval program developed 13 pursuant to this section to the Dungeness crab task force for review, and shall not 14 implement the retrieval program until the task force has had 60 days or more to 15 review the proposed retrieval program and recommend any proposed changes. The 16 director may implement the retrieval program earlier than 60 days after it is 17 submitted to the Dungeness crab task force for review, if recommended by the task 18 force.

(c) This section shall become inoperative on April 1, 2029, and, as of January 1,
 2030, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that becomes operative on or before
 January 1, 2030, deletes or extends the dates on which it becomes inoperative and
 is repealed.

- Comment. Section 9002.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 25 Reports (2019).

Note. Fish and Game Code Section 9002.5 was amended by Senate Bill 262 (McGuire), 2019 Cal.
Stat. ch. 472, § 30. The newly-amended version was used in preparing the conforming revision
proposed above.
Fish and Game Code Section 9002.5 was also amended by Assembly Bill 991 (Gallagher), 2019
Cal. Stat. ch. 497, § 120. That bill included a subordination clause, so the amendment was chaptered

- out. See Gov't Code § 9605. However, the revisions made by that bill were also included in SB
   262 (and are thus incorporated in the conforming revision proposed above).
- 33

#### FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL CODE

#### 34 § 4061 (amended). Written report of district agricultural association

- 35 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 4061 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:
- 36 4061. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a district agricultural association shall
- not be required to prepare or submit any written report to the Governor, the
   Legislature, or a state agency except as follows:
- 39 (1) The report is required by a court or under federal law.
- 40 (2) The report is required in the Budget Act.
- 41 (3) The report is required by the secretary.

(4) The Legislature expressly requires a district agricultural association to prepare 1 and submit a report. 2 (5) The annual reporting of real property information required pursuant to Section 3 11011.15 of the Government Code. 4 (b) This section shall not be construed and is not intended to extend or limit the 5

provisions of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 6 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 7 Title 1 of the Government Code). 8

9 Comment. Section 4061 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 10 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

Reports (2019). 11

#### 12 § 9269 (amended). Confidentiality of records relating to commercial blood banks for 13 animals and biologics

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 9269 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 14

9269. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), all records held by the department 15 relating to this chapter, including, but not limited to, records relating to applications, 16

fees, or inspections required by this chapter, shall be confidential and not subject to 17

disclosure under the California Public Records Act contained in Chapter 3.5 18

(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 19

Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. 20

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), records held by the department relating to 21 this chapter shall be accessible to law enforcement officers with jurisdiction over 22 any matter covered by this chapter. 23

24 Comment. Section 9269 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 25 26 Reports (2019).

#### § 13134 (amended). Assessment of dietary risks from foods treated with pesticides 27

SEC. . Section 13134 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 28 13134. (a) The department, in cooperation with the State Department of Health 29 Services, shall conduct an assessment of dietary risks associated with the 30 consumption of produce and processed foods treated with pesticides. This 31 assessment shall integrate adequate data on acute effects and the mandatory health 32 effects studies specified in subdivision (c) of Section 13123, appropriate dietary 33 consumption estimates, and relevant residue data based on the department's and the 34 State Department of Health Services' monitoring data and appropriate field 35 experimental and food technology information to quantify consumer risk. 36 Differences in age, sex, ethnic, and regional consumption patterns shall be 37 considered. The department shall submit each risk assessment to the State 38 Department of Health Services, with necessary supporting documentation, for peer 39 review, which shall consider the adequacy of public health protection. The State 40 Department of Health Services may provide comments to the department. The 41 department shall formally respond to all of the comments made by the State 42

Department of Health Services. The department shall modify the risk assessment to incorporate the comments as deemed appropriate by the director. All correspondence between the department and the State Department of Health Services in this matter shall be made available to any person, upon request, pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(b) The department shall consider those pesticides designated for priority food
monitoring pursuant to Section 12535 and the results of the department's or the State
Department of Health Services' monitoring in establishing priorities for the dietary
risk assessments.

(c)(1) If the department lacks adequate data on the acute effects of pesticide active ingredients or mandatory health effects studies specified in subdivision (c) of Section 13123 necessary to accurately estimate dietary risk, the department shall require the appropriate data to be submitted by the registrant of products whose labels include food uses. This subdivision shall not be construed to affect the timeframes established pursuant to Section 13127.

18 (2) No applicant for registration, or current registrant, of a pesticide who proposes 19 to purchase or purchases a registered pesticide from another producer in order to 20 formulate the purchased pesticide into an end use product shall be required to submit 21 or cite data pursuant to this section or offer to pay reasonable compensation for the 22 use of <del>any such</del> that type of data if the producer is engaged in fulfilling the data 23 requirements of this section.

(d)(1) If a registrant fails to submit the data requested by the director pursuant to 24 this section within the time specified by the director, the director shall issue a notice 25 of intent to suspend the registration of that pesticide. The director may include in 26 the notice of intent to suspend any provisions that are deemed appropriate 27 concerning the continued sale and use of existing stocks of that pesticide. Any 28 proposed suspension shall become final and effective 30 days from the receipt by 29 the registrant of the notice of intent to suspend, unless during that time a request for 30 hearing is made by a person adversely affected by the notice or the registrant has 31 satisfied the director that the registrant has complied fully with the requirements that 32 served as a basis for the notice of intent to suspend. If a hearing is requested, a 33 hearing shall be conducted pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) 34 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. The only matter for 35 resolution at the hearing shall be whether the registrant has failed to take the action 36 that served as the basis for the notice of intent to suspend the registration of the 37 pesticide for which additional data is required and whether the director's 38 determination with respect to the disposition of existing stocks is consistent with 39 this subdivision. 40

(2) A hearing shall be held and a determination made within 75 days after receipt
 of a request for a hearing. The decision rendered after completion of the hearing
 shall be final. Any registration suspended shall be reinstated by the director if the

director determines that the registrant has complied fully with the requirements that
 served as a basis for the suspension of the registration.

3 (e) If the department finds that any pesticide use represents a dietary risk that is

deleterious to the health of humans, the department shall prohibit or take action to
 modify that use or modify the tolerance pursuant to Section 12561, or both, as

6 necessary to protect the public.

Comment. Section 13134 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

10 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

#### 11 § 14022 (amended). Evaluation of health effects of pesticide

SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. Section 14022 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 13 14022. (a) In consultation with the Office of Environmental Health Hazard 14 Assessment and the State Air Resources Board, the director shall evaluate the health 15 effects of pesticides that may be or are emitted into the ambient air of California and 16 that may be determined to be a toxic air contaminant that poses a present or potential 17 hazard to human health. Upon request of the State Air Resources Board, the director 18 shall include a pesticide for evaluation.

(b) The director shall complete the evaluation of a pesticide within 90 days after receiving the scientific data specified in subdivision (c) from the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment and the State Air Resources Board. The director may extend the 90-day deadline for a period not to exceed 30 days if the director transmits to the Assembly Committee on Rules and the Senate Committee on Rules, for transmittal to the appropriate standing, select, or joint committee of the Legislature, a statement of reasons for extension of the deadline.

(c) In conducting this evaluation, the director shall consider all available scientific 26 data, including, but not limited to, relevant data provided by the Office of 27 Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, the Occupational Safety and Health 28 Division of the Department of Industrial Relations, international and federal health 29 agencies, private industry, academic researchers, and public health and 30 environmental organizations. At the request of the director, the State Air Resources 31 Board shall document the level of airborne emissions and the Office of 32 33 Environmental Health Hazard Assessment shall provide an assessment of related health effects of pesticides that may be determined to pose a present or potential 34 hazard and each agency shall provide technical assistance to the department as it 35 conducts its evaluation. 36

(d) The director may request, and any person shall provide, information on any
substance that is or may be under evaluation and that is manufactured, distributed,
or used by the person to whom the request is made, in order to carry out his or her
the director's responsibilities pursuant to this chapter. Any person providing
information pursuant to this subdivision shall identify, at the request of the director,
that portion of the information submitted to the department that is a trade secret and,

1 upon the request of the director, shall provide documentation to support the claim

2 of the trade secret. Information supplied that is a trade secret, as specified in <del>Section</del>

3 6254.7 7924.510 of the Government Code, and that is so marked at the time of

4 submission shall not be released to the public by the director, except in accordance

with Section 1060 of the Evidence Code and Section 21160 of the Public Resources
Code.

(e) The director shall give priority to the evaluation and regulation of substances
based on factors related to the risk of harm to public health, amount or potential
amount of emissions, manner of usage of the pesticide in California, persistence in
the atmosphere, and ambient concentrations in the community.

11 **Comment.** Section 14022 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 12 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 13 Paparta (2010)

13 Reports \_\_(2019).

14 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 15 § 14407 (amended). Information on antimicrobial drugs and medicated feed

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14407 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 16 14407. Notwithstanding the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 17 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 18 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), any information provided 19 pursuant to this chapter and Section 14902.5, if that section is added by Senate Bill 20 770 of the 2015–16 Regular Session of the Legislature, shall be held confidential, 21 and shall not be disclosed to any person or governmental agency, other than the 22 department or the Veterinary Medical Board, for the purposes of enforcing the 23 Veterinary Medicine Practice Act (Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 4800) of 24 Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code), unless the data is aggregated to 25 prevent the identification of an individual farm or business. Information may be 26 shared with federal agencies so long as it is protected by the federal Confidential 27 Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-347). 28 Comment. Section 14407 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 29 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 30

- 31 Reports (2019).
- The section is also amended to delete surplusage. See 2015 Cal. Stat. ch. 806, § 2 (adding Section 14902.5 to the codes).

### 34 § 15205 (amended). Structural pest control records and inspections

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 15205 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 35 15205. (a) Each registered structural pest control company shall make all existing 36 records pertaining to pesticide and device use available to the director, the Structural 37 Pest Control Board, or commissioner upon demand at the headquarters of the 38 business during normal business hours. A registered structural pest control company 39 or licensee may not prohibit onsite inspection for compliance with the Business and 40 Professions Code and this division regarding pesticides and structural pest control 41 devices and regulations adopted pursuant thereto. Except as provided in Section 42

8505.5 of the Business and Professions Code, nothing in this section shall be 1 construed as requiring a registered structural pest control company or licensee to 2 provide advance notice of the date, time, location of the application, type of device 3 or pesticide application, or any other related information unless the information is 4 contained in existing records available to the registered company or licensee, in 5 which case the director, the Structural Pest Control Board, or commissioner may 6 require that this information be produced at the company's place of business. 7 (b) Information and documents gathered by the director, the Structural Pest 8

Control Board, or the commissioner pursuant to this section that are protected from
 disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)
 Title 1 of the Government Code) shall remain confidential while in the director's,
 the board's, or the commissioner's possession.

(c)(1) "Device," for purposes of this section, means any method, instrument, or
 contrivance intended to be used to prevent, eliminate, destroy, repel, attract, or
 mitigate any wood destroying pest, but does not include firearms, pesticides as
 defined in Section 12753, or equipment used for the application of pesticides when
 sold separately from a pesticide.

(2) "Wood destroying pest," for purposes of this section, includes, but is not
limited to, insects such as wood borers and termites. "Wood destroying pest" does
not include wood-decaying fungi, general household pests such as cockroaches, or
vertebrate pests such as rats and mice.

Comment. Section 15205 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 26 § 29041 (amended). Confidentiality of information relating to apiaries

SEC. . Section 29041 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 27 29041. Notwithstanding the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 28 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 29 Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code), any information provided in 30 accordance with this article, Section 29070, or Section 29070.5 shall be held 31 confidential, and shall not be disclosed to any person or governmental agency, other 32 than the department or a county department of agriculture. The information shall 33 also be considered privileged under the provisions of Sections 1040 and 1060 of the 34 Evidence Code, with the exception of the location of apiaries for disclosure to 35 pesticide applicators pursuant to Section 29101. 36

- 37 Comment. Section 29041 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   38 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 39 Reports (2019).

### 40 § 46013.2 (amended). Fees and procedures

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 46013.2 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:

46013.2. (a) To the extent feasible, the secretary, in consultation with the director,
shall coordinate the registration and annual fee collection procedures of this section
with similar licensing or registration procedures applicable to registrants.
(b) The secretary shall deny a registration submission that is incomplete or not in
compliance with this act.

6 (c) A registrant shall, within a reasonable time, notify the secretary of any change 7 in the information reported on the registration form and shall pay any additional fee 8 owed if that change results in a higher fee owed than that previously paid.

9 (d)(1) At the request of any person, the secretary or county agricultural 10 commissioner shall provide the following:

11 (A) The name and address of the registrant.

12 (B) The nature of the registrant's business.

(C) The names of all certification organizations or governmental entities, if any,
 providing certification pursuant to the NOP and this act.

(2) The secretary or county agricultural commissioner may charge a reasonable
 fee for the cost of reproducing this information. Except as provided in this
 subdivision, a registration form is exempt from Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of
 Title 1 of the Government Code.

20 (e) The secretary, in consultation with the California Organic Products Advisory 21 Committee, may suspend the registration program set forth in this section if the 22 secretary determines that income derived from registration fees is insufficient to 23 support a registration enforcement program.

(f) A registration is considered legal and valid until revoked, suspended, or untilthe expiration of the registration.

(g) The registration revocation process shall be in conjunction with other provisions of this act. The secretary or county agricultural commissioner's office may initiate the revocation process for failure to comply with the NOP or this act. Any person against whom the action is being taken shall have the opportunity to appeal the action and be afforded the opportunity to be heard in an administrative appeal. This appeal shall be administered by either the state or county agricultural commissioner's office.

(h) If the registration fee is not paid within 60 days from the expiration date, the
account shall be considered closed and the registration voided. A notification shall
be sent to the registrant and the certifier, if applicable, notifying them the registrant
is no longer able to market products as organic until the account is paid in full.

(i) Any producer, handler, processor, or certification agency subject to this
chapter that does not pay the fee within 10 days of the date on which the fee is due
and payable shall pay a penalty of 10 percent of the total amount determined to be
due plus interest at the rate of 1.5 percent per month on the unpaid balance.

41 **Comment.** Section 46013.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

42 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 43 Reports \_\_ (2019).

## \$ 46014.1 (amended). Registration and other procedures relating to products certified as organic

SEC. Section 46014.1 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 46014.1. (a) Any certification agency that certifies product in this state sold as 5 organic shall register with the secretary and shall thereafter annually renew the 6 registration, unless the organization is no longer engaged in the activities requiring 7 the registration. Registration shall be on a form provided by the secretary, shall 8 include a copy of accreditation by the USDA or proof of application if applicable.

9 (b) Each certification agency shall pay to the secretary an annual registration fee 10 of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each client they have certified in this state up to a 11 maximum of five hundred dollars (\$500). Any registration submitted by a 12 certification agency shall be made available to the public for inspection and copying. 13 The secretary may audit the agency's certification procedures and records at any 14 time, but any records of the certification agency not otherwise required to be 15 disclosed shall be kept confidential by the secretary.

(c) An accredited certifying agency may submit an annual registration fee and
 application on behalf of their client provided that all of the information required
 under Section 46013.1 is included when remitting applicable fees to the secretary.

(d) The secretary and the county agricultural commissioners under the supervision 19 of the secretary shall, if requested by a sufficient number of persons to cover the 20 costs of the program in a county as determined by the secretary, establish a 21 certification program. This program shall meet all of the requirements of this act. In 22 addition, this program shall meet all of the requirements of the federal certification 23 program, including federal accreditation. The secretary shall establish a fee schedule 24 for participants in this program that covers all of the secretary's reasonable costs of 25 the program. A county agricultural commissioner that conducts a voluntary 26 certification program pursuant to this section shall establish a fee schedule for 27 participants in this program that covers all of the county's reasonable costs of the 28 program. The secretary shall not expend funds obtained from registration fees 29 collected under this chapter for the purposes of adopting or administering this 30 program. The certification fee authorized by this subdivision is due and payable on 31 January 1 or may be prorated before the 10th day of the month following the month 32 in which the decision to grant the certification is issued. Any person who does not 33 pay the amount that is due within the required period shall pay the enforcement 34 authority providing the certificate a penalty of 10 percent of the total amount 35 determined to be due, plus interest at the rate of 1.5 percent interest per month on 36 the unpaid balance. 37

(e) Notwithstanding any other law, any certification agency that certifies product
in this state sold as organic shall immediately make the following records available
for inspection by, and shall upon request within three business days of the request,
or within a reasonable time exceeding three business days as determined by the
secretary, provide a copy to, the secretary or county agricultural commissioner:
(1) Records obtained from applicants for certification and certified operations.

1 (2) Records created by the certifying agent regarding applicants for certification 2 and certified operations.

3 (3) Any record required to be kept under the National Organic Program (Section
4 6517 of the federal Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. Sec. 6501 et

seq.) and 7 C.F.R. 205 et seq.), Article 7 (commencing with Section 110810) of
Chapter 5 of Part 5 of Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code, and this act

7 applicable to any person selling products as organic.

(f) Records acquired pursuant to this section shall not be public records as that
term is defined in Section 6252 7920.530 of the Government Code and shall not be
subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10

11 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code.

12 **Comment.** Section 46014.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

13 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

14 Reports (2019).

15 § 46029 (amended). Records relating to products sold as organic

16 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 46029 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:

46029. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any producer, handler, 17 processor, or retailer of product sold as organic shall immediately make available 18 for inspection by, and shall upon request, within 72 hours of the request, provide a 19 copy to, the secretary, the Attorney General, any prosecuting attorney, any 20 governmental agency responsible for enforcing laws related to the production or 21 handling of products sold as organic, of any record required to be kept under this 22 section for purposes of carrying out this act. Records acquired pursuant to this act 23 shall not be public records as that term is defined in Section 6252 7920.530 of the 24 Government Code and shall not be subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 25 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of 26 the Government Code. 27

(b) Upon written request of any person that establishes cause for the request, the 28 secretary shall obtain and provide to the requesting party within 10 working days of 29 the request a copy of any of the following records required to be kept under this act 30 that pertain to a specific product sold or offered for sale, and that identify substances 31 applied, administered, or added to that product, except that financial information 32 about an operation or transaction, information regarding the quantity of a substance 33 administered or applied, the date of each administration or application, information 34 regarding the identity of suppliers or customers, and the quantity or price of supplies 35 purchased or products sold shall be removed before disclosure and shall not be 36 released to any person other than persons and agencies authorized to acquire records 37 under subdivision (a): 38

39 (1) Records of a producer, as described in Section 46028.

40 (2) Records of a handler, as described in Section 46028, records of previous 41 handlers, if any, and producers as described in Section 46028 without identifying the previous handlers or producers, and, if applicable, records obtained as required
in this act.

3 (3)(A) Records of a retailer, as described in Section 46028, records of previous

handlers, if any, and producers as described in Section 46028 without identifying
the previous processors, handlers, or producers, and, if applicable, records obtained
as required in subdivision (d). This subdivision shall be the exclusive means of
public access to records required to be kept by producers, processors, handlers, and
retailers under this act.

9 (B) A person required to provide records pursuant to a request under this 10 subdivision, may petition the secretary to deny the request based on a finding that 11 the request is of a frivolous or harassing nature. The secretary may, upon the 12 issuance of this finding, waive the information production requirements of this 13 subdivision for the specific request for information that was the subject of the 14 petition.

(c) Information specified in subdivision (b) that is required to be released upon
request shall not be considered a "trade secret" under Section 110165, Section 1060
of the Evidence Code, or the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (Title 5 (commencing with
Section 3426) of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Civil Code).

(d) The secretary may charge the person requesting records a reasonable fee to
 reimburse himself or herself the secretary or the source of the records for the cost
 of reproducing the records requested.

(e) The secretary shall not be required to obtain records not in his or her the secretary's possession in response to a subpoena. Prior to releasing records required to be kept pursuant to this act in response to a subpoena, the secretary shall delete any information regarding the identity of suppliers or customers and the quantity or price of supplies purchased or products sold.

Comment. Section 46029 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

30 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 31 § 55075 (amended). Records relating to rice certification

SEC. . Section 55075 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 32 55075. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any producer or handler 33 of rice sold as a certified rice and any organization certifying rice for the commission 34 shall immediately make available for inspection by, and shall within 72 hours of a 35 request provide to, the commission a copy of any record required to be kept under 36 this chapter. Records acquired pursuant to this section and any information marked 37 trade secret or confidential acquired by the commission in carrying out its duties 38 under this chapter shall not be public records as that term is defined in Section  $\frac{6252}{100}$ 39 7920.530 of the Government Code and shall not be subject to Chapter 3.5 40 (commencing with Section 6250) Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 41 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 42

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(b) The commission shall not be required to obtain records not in its possession in response to a subpoena. Prior to releasing records required to be kept pursuant to this chapter in response to a subpoena, the commission shall delete any financial information about any operation or transaction, information regarding the identity of suppliers or customers, the quantity or price of supplies purchased or products sold and any information marked trade secret or confidential.

(c) Except for those records subject to public inspection pursuant to Sections
55071 and 55074, this section shall be the exclusive means of public access to
records required to be kept or obtained by the commission pursuant to this chapter.

10 **Comment.** Section 55075 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_(2019).
- 13 § 58577 (amended). Confidentiality and closed meetings

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 58577 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 14 58577. (a)(1) The director, the Director of General Services, and the advisory 15 committee shall take necessary precautions to assure the confidentiality of the 16 information which that is contained in proposals for project agreements, market 17 development plans, progress reports, documents in support of claims for funding 18 under a project agreement, and other pertinent information submitted by individual 19 marketing organizations. 20 (2) This information is exempt from the California Public Records Act (Chapter 21 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 22 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 23 (b) Notwithstanding Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of 24 Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, the advisory committee may 25 hold a closed meeting if an applicant requests that the submitted information not be 26 discussed in an open meeting and the committee determines that it is in the best 27 interest of the program to conduct a closed meeting for that purpose. 28 Comment. Section 58577 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 29 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 30 Reports (2019). 31 The section is also amended to insert paragraph labels and make a grammatical correction. 32 § 71089 (amended). Confidentiality and disclosure of records of California Rice 33 34 Commission SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 71089 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 35 71089. (a) The commission and the secretary shall keep confidential and shall not 36 disclose, except when required by court order after a hearing in a judicial 37 proceeding, all lists in their possession of persons subject to this chapter. However, 38 the commission shall establish procedures to provide access to communication with 39 other producers and handlers regarding noncommercial matters affecting the 40

- 41 commission and persons subject to its jurisdiction. The access shall not include the
- 42 actual release of the list of the names and addresses of producers and handlers in the

possession of the commission or the secretary. In addition, notwithstanding any 1 other provision of law, all proprietary or trade secret information developed or 2 gathered pursuant to this chapter, including, but not limited to, names and addresses 3 of handlers, producers, processors, wholesalers, retailers, brokers and shippers, 4 individual quantities produced, handled, shipped, bought or sold, prices paid, and 5 the products of research obtained by the commission, or by the department on behalf 6 of the commission, from any source is confidential and shall not be considered a 7 public record as that term is defined in Section 6252 7920.530 of the Government 8 Code. 9

10 (b) Upon receipt of a request for information from a person establishing cause for 11 the request, the department shall direct the commission to provide the requesting 12 person any record in the commission's possession, except that any proprietary 13 information shall be removed before disclosure.

14 **Comment.** Section 71089 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

15 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

16 Reports (2019).

# \$ 77965 (amended). Prevention of unfair trade practices detrimental to California's cut flower industry

19 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 77965 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 20 77965. (a) To prevent unfair trade practices which that are detrimental to 21 California's cut flower industry, including, but not limited to, deception and 22 misinformation, the commission shall annually specify the types and varieties of cut 23 flowers for which it shall collect from producers who participate, and disseminate 24 to these producers, market price information based on sales which that have 25 occurred.

(b) The identity of each producer reporting the information and the information
 reported pursuant to this section and Section 6254 the provisions listed in Section
 <u>7920.505</u> of the Government Code shall be kept confidential and not made public
 under any circumstances. Information that gives industry totals, averages, and other
 similar data may be disclosed by the commission.

(c) The procedure for the collection and dissemination of the information
 specified in this section shall be adopted by the commission and approved by the
 secretary.

Comment. Section 77965 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections.

# 38 § 78925 (amended). Proprietary and trade secret information obtained from producers and 39 vintners

- 40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 78925 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 41 78925. (a) All proprietary and trade secret information obtained by the
- 42 commission from producers and vintners shall be confidential and shall not be

disclosed except when required by a court order after a hearing in a judicial proceeding involving this chapter. The Legislature finds and declares that this provision is required to ensure that producer and vintner proprietary and trade secret

4 information shall not be disclosed.

(b) In addition, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, all proprietary or trade secret information developed or gathered pursuant to this chapter by the commission, or by the department on behalf of the commission, from any source is confidential, shall not be considered a public record as that term is defined in Section <del>6252</del> <u>7920.530</u> of the Government Code, and shall not be disclosed by the commission or the secretary except when required by a court order after a hearing in a judicial proceeding involving this chapter.

12 (c) Information on volume shipments, crop value, and any other related 13 information that is required for reports to governmental agencies, financial reports 14 to the commission, or aggregate sales and inventory information, and other 15 information that give only totals, but excludes individual information, may be 16 disclosed by the commission.

(d) The commission shall determine whether information is proprietary or trade
secret and not subject to disclosure. If the commission denies a request for
disclosure of this information, the commission shall provide written justification for
its decision to the person requesting the information who may appeal the decision
of the commission to the secretary.

Comment. Section 78925 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 25 § 79505 (amended). Confidentiality and disclosure of information

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 79505 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read: 79505. (a) All information obtained by the commission or the secretary from producers and other persons required to keep and submit records pursuant to this article shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed except when required by a court order after a hearing in a judicial proceeding involving this chapter.

(b) In addition, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, all proprietary or 31 trade secret information developed or gathered pursuant to this chapter, including, 32 but not limited to, the names and addresses of persons subject to this chapter, 33 individual quantities produced or sold, prices paid, and the products of research 34 obtained by the commission, or by the department on behalf of the commission, 35 from any source is confidential, shall not be considered a public record as that term 36 is defined in Section 6252 7920.530 of the Government Code, and shall not be 37 disclosed by the commission or the secretary except when required by a court order 38 after a hearing in a judicial proceeding involving this chapter. 39

40 (c) Information on volume shipments, crop value, and any other related
41 information that is required for reports to governmental agencies, financial reports
42 to the commission, or aggregate sales and inventory information, and any other

information that gives only totals, but excludes individual information, may be 1 disclosed by the commission in its sole discretion. 2

Comment. Section 79505 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 3

Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 4 Reports (2019). 5

6

### **GOVERNMENT CODE**

7 § 925.6 (amended). Controller's warrant for claim

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 925.6 of the Government Code is amended to read: 8

925.6. (a) The Controller shall not draw his or her the Controller's warrant for any 9

claim until it has been audited by him or her the Controller in conformity with law 10

and the general rules and regulations adopted by the department, governing the 11 presentation and audit of claims. Whenever the Controller is directed by law to draw 12 his or her the Controller's warrant for any purpose, the direction is subject to this 13

section. 14

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (a), the Assembly Committee 15 on Rules, the Senate Committee on Rules, and the Joint Rules Committee, in 16 cooperation with the Controller, shall adopt rules and regulations to govern the 17 presentation of claims of the committees to the Controller. The Controller, in 18 cooperation with the committees, shall adopt rules and regulations governing the 19 audit and recordkeeping of claims of the committees. All rules and regulations shall 20 be adopted by January 31, 1990, shall be published in the Assembly and Senate 21 Journals, and shall be made available to the public. 22

(c) Rules and regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (b) shall not be subject 23 to the review by or approval of the Office of Administrative Law. 24

(d) Records of claims kept by the Controller pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be 25 open to public inspection as permitted by the California Public Records Act 26 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 Division 10 27 (commencing with Section 7920.000)). 28

29 Comment. Section 925.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 30 Reports (2019). 31

The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns. 32

#### § 1363 (amended). Oaths of office 33

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1363 of the Government Code is amended to read: 34

1363. (a) Unless otherwise provided, every oath of office certified by the officer 35 before whom it was taken shall be filed within the time required as follows: 36

- (1) The oath of all officers whose authority is not limited to any particular county, 37
- in the office of the Secretary of State. 38
- (2) The oath of all officers elected or appointed for any county, and, except as 39 provided in paragraph (4), of all officers whose duties are local, or whose residence
- 40

in any particular county is prescribed by law, in the office of the county clerk oftheir respective counties.

(3) Each judge of a superior court, the county clerk, the clerk of the court, the
executive officer or court administrator of the superior court, and the recorder shall
file a copy of his or her that person's official oath, signed with his or her that
person's own proper signature, in the office of the Secretary of State as soon as he
or she that person has taken and subscribed his or her the oath.

8 (4) The oath of all officers for any independent special district, as defined in
9 Section 56044, in the office of the clerk or secretary of that district.

(b)(1) In its discretion, the board of supervisors of a county may require every 10 elected or appointed officer or department head of that county who legally changes 11 his or her name, delegated authority, or department, within 10 days from the date of 12 the change, to file a new oath of office in the same manner as the original filing. The 13 county may maintain a record of each person so required to file a new oath of office 14 indicating whether or not the person has complied. Any record maintained pursuant 15 to this paragraph is a public record subject to disclosure under the California Public 16 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7) (Division 17 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)). 18

(2) Notwithstanding any other law, including, but not limited to, Sections 1368
and 1369, failure of an elected or appointed officer or department head of a county
to file a new oath of office required by the board of supervisors pursuant to this
subdivision shall not be punishable as a crime.

(c) Every oath of office filed pursuant to this section with the Secretary of State
shall include the expiration date of the officer's term of office, if any. In the case of
an oath of office for an appointed officer, if there is no expiration date set forth in
the oath, or the officer leaves office before the expiration date, the appointing
authority shall report in writing to the Secretary of State the officer's date of
departure from office.

(d) The powers of an appointed officer of a county are no longer granted upon the
officer's departure from office. In its discretion, the board of supervisors of a county
may require the appointing authority to rescind these powers in writing by filing a
revocation in the same manner as the oath of office was filed.

Comment. Section 1363 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

36 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

### 37 § **3105** (amended). Oath or affirmation of disaster service worker

38 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3105 of the Government Code is amended to read:

39 3105. (a) The oath or affirmation of any disaster service worker of the state shall

40 be filed as prescribed by State Personnel Board rule within 30 days of the date on

41 which it is taken and subscribed.

(b) The oath or affirmation of any disaster service worker of any county shall be
filed in the office of the county clerk of the county or in the official department
personnel file of the county employee who is designated as a disaster service
worker.

5 (c) The oath or affirmation of any disaster service worker of any city shall be filed 6 in the office of the city clerk of the city.

(d) The oath or affirmation of any disaster service worker of any other public
agency, including any district, shall be filed with any officer or employee of the
agency that may be designated by the agency.

(e)(1) In its discretion, the board of supervisors of a county may require every 10 disaster service worker of that county who legally changes his or her name, within 11 10 days from the date of the change, to file a new oath or affirmation in the same 12 manner as the original filing. The county may maintain a record of each person so 13 required to file a new oath of office indicating whether or not the person has 14 complied. Any record maintained pursuant to this paragraph is a public record 15 subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 16 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 17 Section 7920.000)). 18

(2) Notwithstanding any other law, including, but not limited to, Sections 3108
and 3109, failure of a disaster service worker to file a new oath of office required
by the board of supervisors pursuant to this subdivision shall not be punishable as a
crime.

(f) The oath or affirmation of any disaster service worker may be destroyed
 without duplication five years after the termination of the disaster service worker's
 service or, in the case of a public employee, five years after the termination of the
 employee's employment.

Comment. Section 3105 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

30 § 3558 (amended). Information that public employer must provide to exclusive

#### 31 representative

32 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3558 of the Government Code is amended to read:

3558. Subject to the exceptions provided here, the public employer shall provide 33 the exclusive representative with the name, job title, department, work location, 34 work, home, and personal cellular telephone numbers, personal email addresses on 35 file with the employer, and home address of any newly hired employee within 30 36 days of the date of hire or by the first pay period of the month following hire, and 37 the public employer shall also provide the exclusive representative with a list of that 38 information for all employees in the bargaining unit at least every 120 days unless 39 more frequent or more detailed lists are required by an agreement with the exclusive 40 representative. The information identified in this section shall be provided to the 41 exclusive representative regardless of whether the newly hired public employee was 42

1 previously employed by the public employer. The information under this section

2 shall be provided in a manner consistent with Section 6254.3 7928.300 and in a

3 manner consistent with Section 6207 for a participant in the address confidentiality

4 program established pursuant to Chapter 3.1 (commencing with Section 6205) of

5 Division 7. The provision of information under this section shall be consistent with

6 the employee privacy requirements described in County of Los Angeles v. Los

Angeles County Employee Relations Com. (2013) 56 Cal.4th 905. This section does
 not preclude a public employer and exclusive representative from agreeing to a

9 different interval within which the public employer provides the exclusive

representative with the name, job title, department, work location, work, home, and

11 personal cellular telephone numbers, personal email addresses, and home address

12 of any newly hired employee or member of the bargaining unit.

13 **Comment.** Section 3558 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- 14 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 15 Reports (2019).

### 16 § 5872 (amended). Audit of conduit financing provider's accounts and records

17 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5872 of the Government Code is amended to read:

18 5872. (a) When an audit of a conduit financing provider's accounts and records is

required by law, in addition to any other requirements, the audit shall include all ofthe following:

(1) A disclosure of fees imposed on borrowers by, or on behalf of, the conduit
 financing provider.

(2) A disclosure of expenditures related to those fees made by or on behalf of the
 conduit financing provider.

25 (3) The dollar amount and nature of these fees and expenses.

26 (4) A disclosure of the amount of bonds authorized but unsold at the end of the27 time period covered by the audit.

(5) A disclosure of the amount of debt the conduit financing provider has issued
during the period covered by the audit and the amount of debt still outstanding at
the end of the time period covered by the audit.

(b) An audit of a conduit financing provider's accounts and records shall be made
publicly available pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Article 1
(commencing with Section 6250) of Chapter 3.5 of Division 7 (Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000)).

(c) Notwithstanding any other reporting periods permitted pursuant to subdivision
 (f) of Section 6505, Section 26909, or any other provision of law, a conduit
 financing provider shall annually conduct an audit of its accounts and records and
 report the results of that audit to the Controller. The minimum requirements of the
 annual audit and report shall be prescribed by the Controller and conform to
 generally accepted auditing standards.

41 **Comment.** Section 5872 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

42 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 43 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 1 § 5976 (amended). Long Beach Civic Center

- 2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5976 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 3 5976. (a) The city may contract and procure the project pursuant to this chapter.

4 (b) The city shall evaluate the project proposals it solicits and receives and choose

the private entity or entities whose proposal is, or proposals are, judged as providing 5 the best value in meeting the best interests of the city. The city may enter into a 6 public-private partnership through a concession agreement, design-build agreement, 7 design-build-finance agreement, project agreement, lease-leaseback, or other 8 appropriate agreements combining one or more major elements of the foregoing 9 agreements, with one or more private entities for delivery of the project. The city 10 shall retain the right to terminate the project prior to project award should the city 11 determine that the project is not in the best interests of the city or should the 12

negotiations with the private entity or entities otherwise fail.
(c) The contract award for the project shall be made to the private entity or entities

whose proposal or proposals are determined by the city, in writing, to be the most advantageous by providing the best value in meeting the best interests of the city.

(d) The negotiation process shall specifically prohibit practices that may result in
unlawful activity, including, but not limited to, rebates, kickbacks, or other unlawful
consideration, and shall specifically prohibit city employees from participating in
the selection process when those employees have a relationship with a person or
business entity seeking a contract under this chapter that would subject those
employees to the prohibition of Section 87100.

(e) All documents related to the project shall be subject to disclosure under the
 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of
 Division 7) (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)), except those
 exempted from disclosure under that act.

Comment. Section 5976 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

29 Reports (2019).

# 30 § 6204 (amended). Notice and demand for return of record belonging to state or local 31 agency

32 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6204 of the Government Code is amended to read:

6204. (a) For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

34 (1) "Archivist" means the Chief of Archives, as specified in Section 12227.

35 (2) "Record" has the same meaning as "public records" is defined in subdivision

36 (c) of Section 6252 Section 7920.530, and includes, but is not limited to, any writing

37 containing information relating to the conduct of the public's business prepared,

38 owned, used, or retained by a state or local agency regardless of physical form or

- 39 characteristics.
- 40 (3) "Secretary" means the Secretary of State.
- 41 (b) Whenever the secretary, in consultation with the archivist, has reasonable
- 42 grounds to believe that a record belonging to the state or a local agency is in the

1 possession of a person, organization, or institution not authorized by law to possess

2 that record, the secretary may issue a written notice demanding that person,

organization, or institution to do either of the following within 20 calendar days of
 receiving the notice:

5 (1) Return the record to the appropriate state or local agency.

6 (2) Respond in writing and declare why the record does not belong to the state or 7 a local agency.

8 (c) The notice and demand issued pursuant to subdivision (b) shall identify the 9 record claimed to belong to the state or local agency with reasonable specificity, and 10 shall state that the secretary is authorized to take legal action to recover the record 11 if the person, organization, or institution fails to respond in writing within the 12 required time or does not adequately demonstrate that the record does not belong to 13 the state or a local agency.

(d) The secretary shall send the notice and demand specified in subdivision (b) bycertified or registered mail, return receipt requested.

(e) When a record is returned pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), upon the request of the person, organization, or institution that returned the record, the secretary or a local agency that receives the record shall issue to that person, organization, or institution a copy or digital image of the record, which shall be certified as a true copy of the record that was returned to the state or local agency, and dated on the same day the record was returned.

Comment. Section 6204 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019)

24 Reports (2019).

# \$ 6204.1 (amended). Noncompliance with Secretary of State's written notice and demand for record

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6204.1 of the Government Code is amended to read:

6204.1. (a) If a person, organization, or institution that receives a written notice and demand from the secretary pursuant to Section 6204 does not deliver the described record, does not respond to the notice and demand within the required time, or does not adequately demonstrate that the record does not belong to the state or a local agency, the secretary may ask the Attorney General to petition the superior court in the county in which the records are located for an order requiring the return of the record.

(b) After a hearing, and upon a finding that the specified record is in the
possession of a person, organization, or institution not authorized by law to possess
the record, the court shall order the record to be delivered to the archivist or other
government official designated by the court.

39 (c) The court may issue any order necessary to protect the record from destruction, 40 alteration, transfer, conveyance, or alienation by the person, organization, or 41 institution in possession of the record, and may order the record to be surrendered 42 into the custody of the archivist pending the court's decision on the petition.The

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1 <u>petition. The</u> court may order the record to be available for public access under a

2 request made pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5

3 (commencing with Section 6250) Division 10 (commencing with Section

- 4 <u>7920.000</u>)).
- 5 **Comment.** Section 6204.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 8 The section is also amended to correct a typographical error.

#### 9 § 6204.2 (amended). Unauthorized possession of local agency record

10 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6204.2 of the Government Code is amended to read:

11 6204.2. (a) If a local agency has reasonable grounds to believe that a record 12 belonging to that local agency is in the possession of a person, organization, or 13 institution not authorized by law to possess the record, it may request the secretary 14 to act on its behalf pursuant to the procedures specified in Sections 6204 and 6204.1, 15 or undertake on its own behalf the same procedure available to the secretary under 16 those sections, subject to subdivisions (b), (c), and (d).

(b) If a person, organization, or institution that receives a written notice and demand from a local agency issued pursuant to this section does not deliver the described record, does not respond to the notice and demand within the required time, or does not adequately demonstrate that the record does not belong to the local agency, the local agency may request the county district attorney or, where applicable, the city attorney, to petition the superior court in the county in which the record is located for an order requiring the return of the record.

(c) After a hearing, and upon a finding that a specified record is in the possession
of a person, organization, or institution not authorized by law to possess the record,
the court shall order the record to be delivered to the local agency or a government
official designated by the court.

(d) The court may issue any order necessary to protect the record from 28 destruction, alteration, transfer, conveyance, or alienation by the person, 29 organization, or institution in possession of the record, and may order the record to 30 be surrendered into the custody of the local agency pending the court's decision on 31 the petition. The court may order the record to be available for public access under 32 33 a request made pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) Division 10 (commencing with Section 34 7920.000)). 35

- 36 Comment. Section 6204.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   37 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 38 Reports (2019).

### 39 § 6204.3 (amended). Exempt organization or institution

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6204.3 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- 41 6204.3. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an organization
- 42 or institution having physical custody of a record shall be exempt from Sections

1 6204 to 6204.2, inclusive, if the organization or institution meets both of the 2 following requirements:

3 (1) It follows professional practices recommended by the Society of American

4 Archivists, as used by the archivist, for the management, care, and preservation of 5 historical records.

(2) It requires that all records it receives or maintains are subject to inspection to 6 the same extent that the records would be subject to inspection and not exempt from 7 disclosure pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) Division 10 8 (commencing with Section 7920.000)) if received or maintained by a public agency. 9 (b) If an organization or institution refuses public inspection of a record in its 10 custody in violation of the requirements described in paragraph (2) of subdivision 11 (a), the archivist or local agency, or a designated representative, shall contact the 12 organization or institution to inform it of those requirements and, if appropriate, 13 facilitate inspection of the record. If an organization or institution continues to deny 14

public inspection consistent with paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), the secretary, on

behalf of the archivist or the local agency may pursue recovery of the records under this chapter

17 this chapter.

Comment. Section 6204.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

20 Reports (2019).

# 8 6527 (amended). Participation of nonprofit corporation in pooling of self-insurance claims or losses

23 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6527 of the Government Code is amended to read:

6527. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where two or more health 24 care districts have joined together to pool their self-insurance claims or losses, a 25 nonprofit corporation that provides health care services that may be carried out by 26 a health care district may participate in the pool, provided that its participation in an 27 existing joint powers agreement, as authorized by this section, shall be permitted 28 only after the public agency members, or public agency representatives on the 29 governing body of the joint powers entity make a finding, at a public meeting, that 30 the agreement provides both of the following: 31

(1) The primary activities conducted under the joint powers agreement will be
 substantially related to and in furtherance of the governmental purposes of the
 public agency.

(2) The public agency participants will maintain control over the activities
 conducted under the joint powers agreement through public agency control over
 governance, management, or ownership of the joint powers authority.

(b) Any public agency or private entity entering into a joint powers agreement
under this section shall establish or maintain a reserve fund to be used to pay losses
incurred under the agreement. The reserve fund shall contain sufficient moneys to
maintain the fund on an actuarially sound basis.

1 (c) In any risk pooling arrangement created under this section, the aggregate 2 payments made under each program shall not exceed the amount available in the 3 pool established for that program.

4 (d) A public meeting shall be held prior to the dissolution or termination of any
5 enterprise operating under this section to consider the disposition, division, or
6 distribution of any property acquired as a result of exercise of the joint exercise of
7 powers.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to do any of the following:

9 (1) Relieve a public benefit corporation that is a health facility from charitable 10 trust obligations.

(2) Exempt such a public benefit corporation that is a health facility from existing
 law governing joint ventures, or the sale, transfer, lease, exchange, option,
 conveyance, or other disposition of assets.

(3) Grant any power to any private, nonprofit hospital that participates in anagreement authorized under this section to levy any tax or assessment.

(4) Permit any entity, other than a private, nonprofit hospital corporation or a
 public agency, to participate as a party to an agreement authorized under this
 section.

19 (5) Permit an agency or entity created pursuant to a joint powers agreement 20 entered into pursuant to this section to act in a manner inconsistent with the laws 21 that apply to public agencies, including, but not limited to, the California Public 22 Public agencies including and a section of the constraint of t

Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250)), (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)), the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5), and the Political Reform Act of 1974 (Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000)).

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Self-Insurers' Security Fund established pursuant to Article 2.5 (commencing with Section 3740) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Labor Code shall owe no duties or obligations to any entity that participates as a party to an agreement authorized pursuant to this section, or to its employees, and shall not be required, under any circumstances, to assume the worker's compensation liabilities of this entity if it becomes insolvent or otherwise unable to pay those liabilities.

(g) For purposes of this section, "self-insurance claims or losses" includes, but is
 not limited to, claims or losses incurred pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with
 Section 3700) of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Labor Code.

Comment. Section 6527 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

38 Reports (2019).

8

39 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

#### 40 § 7283.1 (amended). ICE and individual in local law enforcement custody

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7283.1 of the Government Code is amended to read:

7283.1. (a) In advance of any interview between ICE and an individual in local 1 law enforcement custody regarding civil immigration violations, the local law 2 enforcement entity shall provide the individual with a written consent form that 3 explains the purpose of the interview, that the interview is voluntary, and that he or 4 she the individual may decline to be interviewed or may choose to be interviewed 5 only with his or her the individual's attorney present. The written consent form shall 6 be available in English, Spanish, Chinese, Tagalog, Vietnamese, and Korean. The 7 written consent form shall also be available in any additional languages that meet 8 the county threshold as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 128552 of the Health 9 and Safety Code if certified translations in those languages are made available to 10 the local law enforcement agency at no cost. 11

(b) Upon receiving any ICE hold, notification, or transfer request, the local law 12 enforcement agency shall provide a copy of the request to the individual and inform 13 him or her the individual whether the law enforcement agency intends to comply 14 with the request. If a local law enforcement agency provides ICE with notification 15 that an individual is being, or will be, released on a certain date, the local law 16 enforcement agency shall promptly provide the same notification in writing to the 17 individual and to his or her the individual's attorney or to one additional person who 18 the individual shall be permitted to designate. 19

(c) All records relating to ICE access provided by local law enforcement agencies, 20 including all communication with ICE, shall be public records for purposes of the 21 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250)) 22 (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)), including the exemptions 23 provided by that act and, as permitted under that act, personal identifying 24 information may be redacted prior to public disclosure. Records relating to ICE 25 access include, but are not limited to, data maintained by the local law enforcement 26 agency regarding the number and demographic characteristics of individuals to 27 whom the agency has provided ICE access, the date ICE access was provided, and 28 whether the ICE access was provided through a hold, transfer, or notification request 29 or through other means. 30

(d) Beginning January 1, 2018, the local governing body of any county, city, or 31 city and county in which a local law enforcement agency has provided ICE access 32 to an individual during the last year shall hold at least one community forum during 33 the following year, that is open to the public, in an accessible location, and with at 34 least 30 days' notice to provide information to the public about ICE's access to 35 individuals and to receive and consider public comment. As part of this forum, the 36 local law enforcement agency may provide the governing body with data it 37 maintains regarding the number and demographic characteristics of individuals to 38 whom the agency has provided ICE access, the date ICE access was provided, and 39 whether the ICE access was provided through a hold, transfer, or notification request 40 or through other means. Data may be provided in the form of statistics or, if statistics 41 are not maintained, individual records, provided that personally identifiable 42 information shall be redacted. 43

1 **Comment.** Section 7283.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

3 Reports (2019).

4 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

5 § 7284.6 (amended). Prohibited activities for California law enforcement agency

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7284.6 of the Government Code is amended to read:

7 7284.6. (a) California law enforcement agencies shall not:

8 (1) Use agency or department moneys or personnel to investigate, interrogate,

9 detain, detect, or arrest persons for immigration enforcement purposes, including10 any of the following:

11 (A) Inquiring into an individual's immigration status.

12 (B) Detaining an individual on the basis of a hold request.

13 (C) Providing information regarding a person's release date or responding to 14 requests for notification by providing release dates or other information unless that 15 information is available to the public, or is in response to a notification request from 16 immigration authorities in accordance with Section 7282.5. Responses are never 17 required, but are permitted under this subdivision, provided that they do not violate 18 any local law or policy.

19 (D) Providing personal information, as defined in Section 1798.3 of the Civil 20 Code, about an individual, including, but not limited to, the individual's home 21 address or work address unless that information is available to the public.

(E) Making or intentionally participating in arrests based on civil immigration warrants.

(F) Assisting immigration authorities in the activities described in Section
 1357(a)(3) of Title 8 of the United States Code.

(G) Performing the functions of an immigration officer, whether pursuant to
 Section 1357(g) of Title 8 of the United States Code or any other law, regulation, or
 policy, whether formal or informal.

(2) Place peace officers under the supervision of federal agencies or employ peace
 officers deputized as special federal officers or special federal deputies for purposes
 of immigration enforcement. All peace officers remain subject to California law

32 governing conduct of peace officers and the policies of the employing agency.

(3) Use immigration authorities as interpreters for law enforcement matters
 relating to individuals in agency or department custody.

(4) Transfer an individual to immigration authorities unless authorized by a
 judicial warrant or judicial probable cause determination, or in accordance with
 Section 7282.5.

(5) Provide office space exclusively dedicated for immigration authorities for use
 within a city or county law enforcement facility.

(6) Contract with the federal government for use of California law enforcement
agency facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil
immigration custody, except pursuant to Chapter 17.8 (commencing with Section
7310).

(b) Notwithstanding the limitations in subdivision (a), this section does not
prevent any California law enforcement agency from doing any of the following
that does not violate any policy of the law enforcement agency or any local law or
policy of the jurisdiction in which the agency is operating:

5 (1) Investigating, enforcing, or detaining upon reasonable suspicion of, or 6 arresting for a violation of, Section 1326(a) of Title 8 of the United States Code that 7 may be subject to the enhancement specified in Section 1326(b)(2) of Title 8 of the 8 United States Code and that is detected during an unrelated law enforcement 9 activity. Transfers to immigration authorities are permitted under this subsection 10 only in accordance with paragraph (4) of subdivision (a).

(2) Responding to a request from immigration authorities for information about a
specific person's criminal history, including previous criminal arrests, convictions,
or similar criminal history information accessed through the California Law
Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS), where otherwise permitted by
state law.

(3) Conducting enforcement or investigative duties associated with a joint law
 enforcement task force, including the sharing of confidential information with other
 law enforcement agencies for purposes of task force investigations, so long as the
 following conditions are met:

20 (A) The primary purpose of the joint law enforcement task force is not 21 immigration enforcement, as defined in subdivision (f) of Section 7284.4.

(B) The enforcement or investigative duties are primarily related to a violation ofstate or federal law unrelated to immigration enforcement.

(C) Participation in the task force by a California law enforcement agency does
 not violate any local law or policy to which it is otherwise subject.

(4) Making inquiries into information necessary to certify an individual who has
been identified as a potential crime or trafficking victim for a T or U Visa pursuant
to Section 1101(a)(15)(T) or 1101(a)(15)(U) of Title 8 of the United States Code or
to comply with Section 922(d)(5) of Title 18 of the United States Code.

(5) Giving immigration authorities access to interview an individual in agency or
 department custody. All interview access shall comply with requirements of the
 TRUTH Act (Chapter 17.2 (commencing with Section 7283)).

(c)(1) If a California law enforcement agency chooses to participate in a joint law
 enforcement task force, for which a California law enforcement agency has agreed
 to dedicate personnel or resources on an ongoing basis, it shall submit a report
 annually to the Department of Justice, as specified by the Attorney General. The
 law enforcement agency shall report the following information, if known, for each
 task force of which it is a member:

- 39 (A) The purpose of the task force.
- 40 (B) The federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies involved.
- 41 (C) The total number of arrests made during the reporting period.
- 42 (D) The number of people arrested for immigration enforcement purposes.

(2) All law enforcement agencies shall report annually to the Department of
Justice, in a manner specified by the Attorney General, the number of transfers
pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (a), and the offense that allowed for the
transfer pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (a).

(3) All records described in this subdivision shall be public records for purposes 5 of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6 6250)), (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)), including the 7 exemptions provided by that act and, as permitted under that act, personal 8 identifying information may be redacted prior to public disclosure. To the extent 9 that disclosure of a particular item of information would endanger the safety of a 10 person involved in an investigation, or would endanger the successful completion 11 of the investigation or a related investigation, that information shall not be disclosed. 12 (4) If more than one California law enforcement agency is participating in a joint 13 task force that meets the reporting requirement pursuant to this section, the joint task 14 force shall designate a local or state agency responsible for completing the reporting 15 requirement. 16

(d) The Attorney General, by March 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, shall report 17 on the total number of arrests made by joint law enforcement task forces, and the 18 total number of arrests made for the purpose of immigration enforcement by all task 19 force participants, including federal law enforcement agencies. To the extent that 20 disclosure of a particular item of information would endanger the safety of a person 21 involved in an investigation, or would endanger the successful completion of the 22 investigation or a related investigation, that information shall not be included in the 23 Attorney General's report. The Attorney General shall post the reports required by 24 this subdivision on the Attorney General's Internet Web site internet website. 25

(e) This section does not prohibit or restrict any government entity or official from
sending to, or receiving from, federal immigration authorities, information
regarding the citizenship or immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of an individual,
or from requesting from federal immigration authorities immigration status
information, lawful or unlawful, of any individual, or maintaining or exchanging
that information with any other federal, state, or local government entity, pursuant
to Sections 1373 and 1644 of Title 8 of the United States Code.

(f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a California law enforcement agency
 from asserting its own jurisdiction over criminal law enforcement matters.

Comment. Section 7284.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

38 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

# 39 § 7514.7 (amended). Annual disclosures of alternative investment vehicle of public 40 investment fund

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7514.7 of the Government Code is amended to read:

7514.7. (a) Every public investment fund shall require each alternative investment 1 vehicle in which it invests to make the following disclosures at least annually: 2 (1) The fees and expenses that the public investment fund pays directly to the 3 alternative investment vehicle, the fund manager, or related parties. 4 (2) The public investment fund's pro rata share of fees and expenses not included 5 in paragraph (1) that are paid from the alternative investment vehicle to the fund 6 manager or related parties. The public investment fund may independently calculate 7 this information based on information contractually required to be provided by the 8 alternative investment vehicle to the public investment fund. If the public 9 investment fund independently calculates this information, then the alternative 10 investment vehicle shall not be required to provide the information identified in this 11 paragraph. 12

(3) The public investment fund's pro rata share of carried interest distributed tothe fund manager or related parties.

(4) The public investment fund's pro rata share of aggregate fees and expenses
 paid by all of the portfolio companies held within the alternative investment vehicle
 to the fund manager or related parties.

(5) Any additional information described in subdivision (b) of Section 6254.26
 <u>subdivision (c) of Section 7928.710</u>.

(b) Every public investment fund shall disclose the information provided pursuant 20 to subdivision (a) at least once annually in a report presented at a meeting open to 21 the public. The public investment fund's report required pursuant to this subdivision 22 shall also include the gross and net rate of return of each alternative investment 23 vehicle, since inception, in which the public investment fund participates. The 24 public investment fund may report the gross and net rate of return and information 25 required by subdivision (a) based on its own calculations or based on calculations 26 provided by the alternative investment vehicle. 27

28 (c) For purposes of this section:

(1) "Alternative investment" means an investment in a private equity fund,
 venture fund, hedge fund, or absolute return fund.

(2) "Alternative investment vehicle" means the limited partnership, limited
 liability company, or similar legal structure through which a public investment fund
 invests in an alternative investment.

(3) "Fund manager" means the general partner, managing manager, adviser, or
 other person or entity with primary investment decisionmaking authority over an
 alternative investment vehicle and related parties of the fund manager.

(4) "Carried interest" means any share of profits from an alternative investment
vehicle that is distributed to a fund manager, general partner, or related parties,
including allocations of alternative investment vehicle profits received by a fund
manager in consideration of having waived fees that it might otherwise have been
entitled to receive.

42 (5) "Portfolio companies" means individual portfolio investments made by the 43 alternative investment vehicle. 1 (6) "Gross rate of return" means the internal rate of return for the alternative 2 investment vehicle prior to the reduction of fees and expenses described in 3 subdivision (a).

4 (7) "Public investment fund" means any fund of any public pension or retirement
5 system, including that of the University of California.

6 (8) "Operational person" means any operational partner, senior adviser, or other 7 consultant or employee whose primary activity for a relevant entity is to provide 8 operational or back office support to any portfolio company of any alternative 9 investment vehicle, account, or fund managed by a related person.

10 (9) "Related person" means any current or former employee, manager, or partner 11 of any related entity that is involved in the investment activities or accounting and 12 valuation functions of the relevant entity or any of their respective family members.

13 (10) "Related party" means:

14 (A) Any related person.

15 (B) Any operational person.

16 (C) Any entity more than 10 percent of the ownership of which is held directly or 17 indirectly, whether through other entities or trusts, by a related person or operational 18 person regardless if the related person or operational person participates in the 19 carried interest received by the general partner or the special limited partner.

20 (D) Any consulting, legal, or other service provider regularly engaged by portfolio 21 companies of an alternative investment vehicle, account, or fund managed by a 22 related person and that also provides advice or services to any related person or 23 relevant entity.

(11) "Relevant entity" means the general partner, any separate carry vehicle, the
investor adviser, any of the investment adviser's parent or subsidiary entities, or any
similar entity related to any other alternative investment vehicle, account, or fund
advised or managed by any current or former related person.

(d)(1) This section applies to all new contracts the public investment fund enters
 into on or after January 1, 2017, and to all existing contracts pursuant to which the
 public investment fund makes a new capital commitment on or after January 1,
 2017.

(2) With respect to existing contracts not covered by paragraph (1), the public
 investment fund shall undertake reasonable efforts to obtain the information
 described in subdivision (a) and comply with the reporting requirements contained
 in subdivision (b) with respect to any information obtained after January 1, 2017.

Comment. Section 7514.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

#### 39 § 8201.5 (amended). Application for appointment and commission as notary public

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8201.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

41 8201.5. The Secretary of State shall require an applicant for appointment and 42 commission as a notary public to complete an application form and submit a

photograph of their person as prescribed by the Secretary of State. Information on 1 this form filed by an applicant with the Secretary of State, except for his or her the 2 applicant's name and address, is confidential and no individual record shall be 3 divulged by an official or employee having access to it to any person other than the 4 applicant, his or her the applicant's authorized representative, or an employee or 5 officer of the federal government, the state government, or a local agency, as defined 6 in subdivision (b) of Section 6252 Section 7920.510 of the Government Code, 7 acting in his or her official capacity. That information shall be used by the Secretary 8 of State for the sole purpose of carrying out the duties of this chapter. 9 **Comment.** Section 8201.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 10

Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

The amendment also eliminates gendered pronouns and corrects a cross-reference to subdivision 13 (b) of former Section 6252, which became obsolete when subdivision (b) was relabeled as 14 subdivision (a). Compare 1969 Cal. Stat. ch. 1313, § 1 (original version of Section 8201.5, which 15 cross-refers to "a local agency, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 6252") with 1968 Cal. Stat. 16 17 ch. 1473, § 39 (version of former Section 6252 in place when Section 8201.5 was added to the 18 codes); see also 2004 Cal. Stat. ch. 937, § 1 (relabeling definition of "local agency" as subdivision 19 (a)); 2015 Cal. Stat. ch. 537, § 20 (version of former Section 6252 repealed by CPRA Recodification Act of 2020); Section 7920.510 (continuing former Section 6252(a)'s definition of 20 21 "local agency").

#### 22 § 8545 (amended). Records used to support completed audit of California State Auditor

23 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8545 of the Government Code is amended to read:

8545. The California State Auditor shall not destroy any papers or memoranda 24 used to support a completed audit sooner than three years after the audit report is 25 released to the public. All books, papers, records, and correspondence of the office 26 pertaining to its work are public records subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 27 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 28 Title 1 and shall be filed at any of the regularly maintained offices of the California 29 State Auditor, except that none of the following items or papers of which these items 30 are a part shall be released to the public by the California State Auditor, his or her 31 employees of the California State Auditor, or members of the commission: 32

(a) Personal papers and correspondence of any person providing assistance to the
 California State Auditor when that person has requested in writing that his or her
 the person's papers and correspondence be kept private and confidential. Those
 papers and correspondence shall become public records if the written request is
 withdrawn or upon the order of the California State Auditor.

(b) Papers, correspondence, memoranda, or any substantive informationpertaining to any audit not completed.

(c) Papers, correspondence, or memoranda pertaining to any audit that has been
 completed, which papers, correspondence, or memoranda are not used in support of
 any report resulting from the audit.

1 (d) Any survey of public employees that the California State Auditor determines

should be kept confidential because the employees have expressed fear of retaliationby their employer if they respond to the survey.

4 (e) In accordance with Section 8545.1 and subdivision (b) of Section 8545.2, any

5 paper, correspondence, record, document, or information the disclosure of which is

6 restricted from release to the public by a statutory or constitutional provision, a rule

that is consistent with such a provision of that type, or a rule adopted pursuant to subdivision (i) of Section 18 of Article VI of the California Constitution.

Comment. Section 8545 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

11 Reports (2019).

12 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make another technical change.

### 13 § 8585 (amended). Office of Emergency Services

14 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8585 of the Government Code is amended to read:

15 8585. (a)(1) There is in state government, within the office of the Governor, the

16 Office of Emergency Services. The Office of Emergency Services shall be under 17 the supervision of the Director of Emergency Services, who shall have all rights and

the supervision of the Director of Emergency Services, who shall have all rights and powers of a head of an office as provided by this code, and shall be referred to as

- 19 the Director of Emergency Services.
- 20 (2) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, whenever the term "California
- Emergency Management Agency" appears in any statute, regulation, or contract, or in any other code, it shall be construed to refer to the Office of Emergency Services,

and whenever the term "Secretary of Emergency Management" or the "Secretary of the Emergency Management" or the "Secretary of

the Emergency Management Agency" appears in statute, regulation, or contract, or in any other code, it shall be construed to refer to the Director of Emergency Services.

- (3) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, whenever the term "Director of
  Homeland Security" or "Office of Homeland Security" appears in any statute,
  regulation, or contract, or in any other code, it shall be construed to refer to the
  Office of Emergency Services, and whenever the term "Director of Homeland
  Security" or "Director of the Office of Homeland Security" appears in any statute,
  regulation, or contract, or in any other code, it shall be construed to refer to the
- 33 Director of Emergency Services.
- 34 (b)(1) The Office of Emergency Services and the Director of Emergency Services

35 shall succeed to and are vested with all the duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities,

and jurisdiction vested in the California Emergency Management Agency and the
 Secretary of Emergency Management, respectively.

38 (2) The Office of Emergency Services and the Director of Emergency Services

39 shall succeed to and are vested with all the duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities,

and jurisdiction vested in the Office of Homeland Security and the Director of
 Homeland Security, respectively.

(c) The Office of Emergency Services shall be considered a law enforcement
organization as required for receipt of criminal intelligence information pursuant to
subdivision (f) of Section 6254 <u>Article 1 (commencing with Section 7923.600) of</u>
<u>Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1</u> by persons employed within the office
whose duties and responsibilities require the authority to access criminal
intelligence information.

(d) Persons employed by the Office of Emergency Services whose duties and
responsibilities require the authority to access criminal intelligence information
shall be furnished state summary criminal history information as described in
Section 11105 of the Penal Code, if needed in the course of their duties.

(e) The Office of Emergency Services shall be responsible for the state's emergency and disaster response services for natural, technological, or manmade disasters and emergencies, including responsibility for activities necessary to prevent, respond to, recover from, and mitigate the effects of emergencies and disasters to people and property.

(f) Notwithstanding any other law, nothing in this section shall authorize an employee of the Office of Emergency Services to access criminal intelligence information under subdivision (c) or (d) for the purpose of determining eligibility for, or providing access to, disaster-related assistance and services.

Comment. Section 8585 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# 8 8587.11 (amended). California Earthquake Early Warning Program and California Earthquake Early Warning Advisory Board

25 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8587.11 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- 26 8587.11. (a) There is in state government, within the office, both of the following:
- 27 (1) The California Earthquake Early Warning Program.
- 28 (2) The California Earthquake Early Warning Advisory Board.
- (b) The following definitions apply to this section and Section 8587.12:
- 30 (1) "Board" means the California Earthquake Early Warning Advisory Board.
- 31 (2) "Program" means the California Earthquake Early Warning Program.
- 32 (3) "System" means the statewide earthquake early warning system.
- (c)(1) The board shall be composed of the following eight members:
- 34 (A) Seven voting members, as follows:
- 35 (i) The Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency, or his or her designee.
- (ii) The Secretary of California Health and Human Services, or his or her
   designee.
- 38 (iii) The Secretary of Transportation, or his or her designee.
- (iv) The Secretary of Business, Consumer Services, and Housing, or his or her
   designee.
- 41 (v) One member who is appointed by, and serves at the pleasure of, the Speaker
- 42 of the Assembly and represents the interests of private businesses.

(vi) One member who is appointed by, and serves at the pleasure of, the Governor
 and represents the utilities industry.

(vii) One member who is appointed by, and serves at the pleasure of, the Senate
 Committee on Rules and represents county government.

5 (B) The Chancellor of the California State University, or his or her designee, shall 6 serve as a nonvoting member of the board.

7 (2) The President of the University of California, or his or her designee, may serve
 8 as a nonvoting member of the board.

9 (3) The members of the board shall serve without compensation, but shall be 10 reimbursed for actual and reasonable travel and meal expenses to attend board 11 meetings.

- (d)(1) The board shall convene periodically and advise the director on all aspects
   of the program, including, but not limited to, the following functional areas of the
   program:
- 15 (A) System operations.
- 16 (B) Research and development.
- 17 (C) Finance and investment.

18 (D) Training and education.

(2) The board shall utilize committees, groups, and organizations, including, but
not limited to, the California Institute of Technology, the California Geological
Survey, the University of California, the United States Geological Survey, and
entities participating in the critical infrastructure sectors to fulfill the objectives of
the program by supporting the functional areas of the system.

(3) The board shall inform the public regarding, and provide the public with the
 opportunity to engage the board on, the development and implementation of the
 system.

(4) The board shall consult with program participants, state agencies,
departments, boards and commissions, private businesses, postsecondary
educational institutions, and subject matter experts, as necessary, to advise the board
on the development, implementation, and maintenance of the system.

(e)(1) Except as otherwise provided by law, the California Integrated Seismic
 Network shall be responsible for the generation of an earthquake early warning alert
 and related system operations.

(2) The board shall, in conjunction with the director, determine the appropriatemethods to provide the public with an earthquake early warning alert.

36 (f)(1) The board shall comply with the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article

37 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3) and the

38 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

39 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1).

40 (2) Notwithstanding any law, including, but not limited to, the California Public

41 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division

42 <u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1), any information in a public

43 record that is a trade secret, as that term is defined in Section 3426.1 of the Civil

Code, of a private entity cooperating with the board or participating in the system 1 or with the program is confidential and shall not be disclosed. 2 Comment. Section 8587.11 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 3 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 4 Reports (2019). 5 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns. 6 7 § 8589.5 (amended). Emergency action plan SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8589.5 of the Government Code is amended to read: 8 8589.5. (a) For the purposes of this section, "emergency action plan" means a 9 written document that outlines actions to be undertaken during an emergency in 10 order to minimize or eliminate the potential loss of life and property damage. 11 (b) An emergency action plan shall do all of the following: 12 (1) Be based upon an inundation map approved by the Department of Water 13 Resources pursuant to Section 6161 of the Water Code. 14 (2) Be developed by the dam's owner in consultation with any local public safety 15 agency that may be impacted by an incident involving the dam, to the extent a local 16 public safety agency wishes to consult. 17 (3) Adhere to Federal Emergency Management Agency guidelines, and include, 18 at a minimum, all of the following: 19 (A) Notification flowcharts and contact information. 20 (B) The response process. 21 (C) The roles and responsibilities of the dam owner and impacted jurisdictions 22 following an incident involving the dam. 23 (D) Preparedness activities and exercise schedules. 24 (E) Inundation maps approved by the Department of Water Resources pursuant to 25 Section 6161 of the Water Code. 26 (F) Any additional information that may impact life or property. 27 (c) At least once annually, an owner of a dam shall conduct an emergency action 28 plan notification exercise with local public safety agencies, to the extent that a local 29 public safety agency wishes to participate. This annual exercise is to ensure that 30 emergency communications plans and processes are current and implemented 31 effectively. 32 (d)(1) The appropriate public safety agencies of any city, county, or city and 33 county, the territory of which includes any of those areas identified in an inundation 34 map and the emergency action plan, may adopt emergency procedures for the 35 evacuation and control of the potentially affected areas. The Office of Emergency 36 Services may provide guidance to these agencies on incorporating the emergency 37 action plan into the local all-hazard emergency response plans and local hazard 38 mitigation plans. 39 (2) Local public safety agencies may adopt emergency procedures that 40 incorporate the information contained in an emergency action plan in a manner that 41 conforms to local needs, and that includes all of the following elements: 42

1 (A) Methods and procedures for alerting and warning the public.

- 2 (B) Delineation of the area to be evacuated.
- 3 (C) Routes to be used.
- 4 (D) Traffic control measures.
- 5 (E) Shelters to be activated for the care of the evacuees.
- 6 (F) Methods for the movement of people without their own transportation.
- (G) Identification of particular areas or facilities in the flood zones that will not
   require evacuation because of their location on high ground or similar
   circumstances.
- 10 (H) Identification and development of procedures for the evacuation and care of 11 people with access and functional needs and for the evacuation of specific facilities,
- such as schools, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, and other facilities as deemednecessary.
- 14 (I) Procedures for the perimeter and interior security of the evacuated area.
- 15 (J) Procedures for the lifting of the evacuation and reentry of the area.
- 16 (K) Details as to which organizations are responsible for the functions described 17 in this paragraph and the material and personnel resources required.
- (3) Each agency that prepares emergency procedures may review and update these
   procedures in accordance with its established schedules.
- (e) Nothing in Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
   Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 shall be construed to
   require disclosure of an emergency action plan.
- (f) The Office of Emergency Services may promulgate emergency regulations, as
  necessary, for the purpose of this section in accordance with the rulemaking
  provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
  Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3). The adoption of these regulations shall be
  deemed to be an emergency and necessary for the immediate preservation of the
  public peace, health and safety, or general welfare.
- Comment. Section 8589.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).

### 32 § 8592.45 (amended). Confidential cybersecurity records

33 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8592.45 of the Government Code is amended to read:

<sup>34</sup> 8592.45. The information required by subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 8592.35,

the report required by subdivision (a) of Section 8592.40, the plan authorized by

- 36 subdivision (b) of Section 8592.40, and any public records relating to any
- 37 communication made pursuant to, or in furtherance of the purposes of, subdivision 38. (a) of Section 8502.40 are confidential and shall not be disclosed pursuant to any
- (c) of Section 8592.40 are confidential and shall not be disclosed pursuant to any
   state law, including, but not limited to, the California Public Records Act (Chapter
- state law, including, but not limited to, the California Public Records Act (Chapter
   3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
- 40 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division
  41 Section 7920.000) of Title 1).

1 **Comment.** Section 8592.45 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

4 § 11015.5 (amended). Notice to user

5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11015.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

11015.5. (a) On or after July 1, 2001, unless otherwise authorized by the 6 Department of Information Technology pursuant to Executive Order D-3-99, every 7 state agency, including the California State University, that utilizes any method, 8 device, identifier, or other data base application on the Internet internet to 9 electronically collect personal information, as defined in subdivision (d), regarding 10 any user shall prominently display the following at least one anticipated initial point 11 of communication with a potential user, to be determined by each agency, and in 12 instances when the specified information would be collected: 13

(1) Notice to the user of the usage or existence of the information gatheringmethod, device, identifier, or other data base application.

(2) Notice to the user of the type of personal information that is being collectedand the purpose for which the collected information will be used.

(3) Notice to the user of the length of time that the information gathering device,
 identifier, or other data base application will exist in the user's hard drive, if

20 applicable.

(4) Notice to the user that he or she the user has the option of having his or her the
 user's personal information discarded without reuse or distribution, provided that
 the appropriate agency official or employee is contacted after notice is given to the
 user.

(5) Notice to the user that any information acquired by the state agency, including
the California State University, is subject to the limitations set forth in the
Information Practices Act of 1977 (Title 1.8 (commencing with Section 1798) of
Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code).

(6) Notice to the user that state agencies shall not distribute or sell any
electronically collected personal information, as defined in subdivision (d), about
users to any third party without the permission of the user.

(7) Notice to the user that electronically collected personal information, as defined
 in subdivision (d), is exempt from requests made pursuant to the California Public
 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division
 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1).

(8) The title, business address, telephone number, and electronic mail address, if
applicable, of the agency official who is responsible for records requests, as
specified by subdivision (b) of Section 1798.17 of the Civil Code, or the agency
employee designated pursuant to Section 1798.22 of that code, as determined by the
agency, who is responsible for ensuring that the agency complies with requests
made pursuant to this section.

(b) A state agency shall not distribute or sell any electronically collected personal 1 information about users to any third party without prior written permission from the 2 user, except as required to investigate possible violations of Section 502 of the Penal 3 Code or as authorized under the Information Practices Act of 1977 (Title 1.8 4 (commencing with Section 1798) of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code). Nothing 5 in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit a state agency from distributing 6 electronically collected personal information to another state agency or to a public 7 law enforcement organization in any case where the security of a network operated 8 by a state agency and exposed directly to the Internet internet has been, or is 9 suspected of having been, breached. 10

11 (c) A state agency shall discard without reuse or distribution any electronically 12 collected personal information, as defined in subdivision (d), upon request by the 13 user.

14 (d) For purposes of this section:

(1) "Electronically collected personal information" means any information that is 15 maintained by an agency that identifies or describes an individual user, including, 16 but not limited to, his or her the user's name, social security number, physical 17 description, home address, home telephone number, education, financial matters, 18 medical or employment history, password, electronic mail address, and information 19 that reveals any network location or identity, but excludes any information manually 20 submitted to a state agency by a user, whether electronically or in written form, and 21 information on or relating to individuals who are users serving in a business 22 capacity, including, but not limited to, business owners, officers, or principals of 23 that business. 24

(2) "User" means an individual who communicates with a state agency or with an
 agency employee or official electronically.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit an agency to act in a
manner inconsistent with the standards and limitations adopted pursuant to the
California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of
Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1) or the
Information Practices Act of 1977 (Title 1.8 (commencing with Section 1798) of
Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code).

Comment. Section 11015.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

36 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes.

# \$ 11018.5 (amended). License information to be provided on internet by Bureau of Real Estate

39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11018.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

40 11018.5. (a) The Bureau of Real Estate, on or after July 1, 2001, unless otherwise

- 41 authorized by the Department of Information Technology pursuant to Executive
- 42 Order D-3-99, shall provide on the Internet information regarding the status

1 of every license issued by that entity in accordance with the California Public

2 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division

3 <u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code this

<u>code</u>) and the Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with
Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code), including
information relative to suspensions and revocations of licenses issued by that state
agency and other related enforcement action taken against persons, businesses, or

8 facilities subject to licensure or regulation by a state agency.

(b) The Bureau of Real Estate shall disclose information on its licensees, 9 including real estate brokers and agents, on the Internet internet that is in compliance 10 with the bureau's public record access guidelines. In instances where licensees use 11 their home address as a mailing address, the bureau shall allow licensees to provide 12 a post office box number or other alternate address where correspondence may be 13 received. Notwithstanding the foregoing, real estate brokers shall provide the bureau 14 with the actual address of their place or places of business as required by Section 15 10162 of the Business and Professions Code. 16

(c) "Internet" for the purposes of this section has the meaning set forth in
 paragraph (6) of subdivision (e) of Section 17538 of the Business and Professions
 Code.

20 **Comment.** Section 11018.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 21 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 22 Paraete (2010)

22 Reports \_\_\_(2019).

23 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

### 24 § 11104.5 (amended). Use of electronic mail upon recipient's request

25 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11104.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

11104.5. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any requirement that a state agency send material, information, notices, correspondence, or other communication through the United States mail shall be deemed to include the authority for the state agency to send that material, information, notice, correspondence, or other communication by electronic mail upon the request of the recipient, unless impracticable to do so, or unless contrary to state or federal law.

(b) Any state agency may require that direct costs incurred by the agency involving the electronic transmission of information be paid by the requester pursuant to this section and the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1).

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit an agency to act in a
manner inconsistent with the standards adopted pursuant to the California Public
Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division
10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1) and the Information Practices
Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of
Division 2 of the Civil Code)

42 Division 3 of the Civil Code).

1 **Comment.** Section 11104.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

3 Reports (2019).

4 § 11124.1 (amended). Right to record open and public meeting of state body

5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11124.1 of the Government Code is amended to read:

6 11124.1. (a) Any person attending an open and public meeting of the state body 7 shall have the right to record the proceedings with an audio or video recorder or a 8 still or motion picture camera in the absence of a reasonable finding by the state 9 body that the recording cannot continue without noise, illumination, or obstruction 10 of view that constitutes, or would constitute, a persistent disruption of the 11 proceedings.

(b) Any audio or video recording of an open and public meeting made for whatever purpose by or at the direction of the state body shall be subject to inspection pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1), but may be erased or destroyed 30 days after the recording. Any inspection of an audio or video recording shall be provided without charge on equipment made available by the state body.

(c) No state body shall prohibit or otherwise restrict the broadcast of its open and
 public meetings in the absence of a reasonable finding that the broadcast cannot be
 accomplished without noise, illumination, or obstruction of view that would
 constitute a persistent disruption of the proceedings.

Comment. Section 11124.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 11125.1 (amended). Agendas and other writings distributed to members of state body in connection with subject of public meeting

28 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11125.1 of the Government Code is amended to read:

11125.1. (a) Notwithstanding Section 6255 7922.000 or any other provisions of 29 law, agendas of public meetings and other writings, when distributed to all, or a 30 majority of all, of the members of a state body by any person in connection with a 31 matter subject to discussion or consideration at a public meeting of the body, are 32 disclosable public records under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 33 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 34 Section 7920.000) of Title 1), and shall be made available upon request without 35 delay. However, this section shall not include any writing exempt from public 36 disclosure under Section 6253.5, 6254, or 6254.7 7924.100, 7924.105, 7924.110, 37 7924.510, or 7924.700 of this code, any provision listed in Section 7920.505 of this 38 code, or Section 489.1 or 583 of the Public Utilities Code. 39

(b) Writings that are public records under subdivision (a) and that are distributed
to members of the state body prior to or during a meeting, pertaining to any item to
be considered during the meeting, shall be made available for public inspection at

- 1 the meeting if prepared by the state body or a member of the state body, or after the
- 2 meeting if prepared by some other person. These writings shall be made available
- 3 in appropriate alternative formats, as required by Section 202 of the Americans with
- 4 Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12132), and the federal rules and 5 regulations adopted in implementation thereof, upon request by a person with a 6 disability.
- (c) In the case of the Franchise Tax Board, prior to that state body taking final
  action on any item, writings pertaining to that item that are public records under
  subdivision (a) that are prepared and distributed by the Franchise Tax Board staff
  or individual members to members of the state body prior to or during a meeting
  shall be:
- 12 (1) Made available for public inspection at that meeting.
- (2) Distributed to all persons who request notice in writing pursuant to subdivision(a) of Section 11125.
- 15 (3) Made available on the Internet internet.
- (d) Prior to the State Board of Equalization taking final action on any item that
   does not involve a named tax or fee payer, writings pertaining to that item that are
   public records under subdivision (a) that are prepared and distributed by board staff
   or individual members to members of the state body prior to or during a meeting
- 20 shall be:
- 21 (1) Made available for public inspection at that meeting.
- (2) Distributed to all persons who request or have requested copies of thesewritings.
- 24 (3) Made available on the Internet internet.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a state body from charging 25 a fee or deposit for a copy of a public record pursuant to Section 6253 7922.530, 26 except that no surcharge shall be imposed on persons with disabilities in violation 27 of Section 202 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 28 12132), and the federal rules and regulations adopted in implementation thereof. 29 The writings described in subdivision (b) are subject to the requirements of the 30 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 31 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1), and shall 32 not be construed to limit or delay the public's right to inspect any record required to 33 be disclosed by that act, or to limit the public's right to inspect any record covered 34 by that act. This section shall not be construed to be applicable to any writings solely 35 because they are properly discussed in a closed session of a state body. Nothing in 36 this article shall be construed to require a state body to place any paid advertisement 37 or any other paid notice in any publication. 38
- (f) "Writing" for purposes of this section means "writing" as defined under
  Section 6252 7920.545.
- 41 **Comment.** Section 11125.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 42 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 43 Reports (2019).

1 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

#### 2 § 11126 (amended). Closed session of state body

3 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11126 of the Government Code is amended to read:

4 11126. (a)(1) Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent a state body from holding closed sessions during a regular or special meeting to consider the appointment, employment, evaluation of performance, or dismissal of a public employee or to hear complaints or charges brought against that employee by another person or employee unless the employee requests a public hearing.

9 (2) As a condition to holding a closed session on the complaints or charges to 10 consider disciplinary action or to consider dismissal, the employee shall be given 11 written notice of their right to have a public hearing, rather than a closed session, 12 and that notice shall be delivered to the employee personally or by mail at least 24 13 hours before the time for holding a regular or special meeting. If notice is not given, 14 any disciplinary or other action taken against any employee at the closed session 15 shall be null and void.

(3) The state body also may exclude from any public or closed session, during the
 examination of a witness, any or all other witnesses in the matter being investigated
 by the state body.

(4) Following the public hearing or closed session, the body may deliberate on thedecision to be reached in a closed session.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "employee" does not include any person who is elected to, or appointed to a public office by, any state body. However, officers of the California State University who receive compensation for their services, other than per diem and ordinary and necessary expenses, shall, when engaged in that capacity, be considered employees. Furthermore, for purposes of this section, the term employee includes a person exempt from civil service pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 4 of Article VII of the California Constitution.

28 (c) Nothing in this article shall be construed to do any of the following:

(1) Prevent state bodies that administer the licensing of persons engaging in
 businesses or professions from holding closed sessions to prepare, approve, grade,
 or administer examinations.

(2) Prevent an advisory body of a state body that administers the licensing of 32 persons engaged in businesses or professions from conducting a closed session to 33 discuss matters that the advisory body has found would constitute an unwarranted 34 invasion of the privacy of an individual licensee or applicant if discussed in an open 35 meeting, provided the advisory body does not include a quorum of the members of 36 the state body it advises. Those matters may include review of an applicant's 37 qualifications for licensure and an inquiry specifically related to the state body's 38 enforcement program concerning an individual licensee or applicant where the 39 inquiry occurs prior to the filing of a civil, criminal, or administrative disciplinary 40 action against the licensee or applicant by the state body. 41

(3) Prohibit a state body from holding a closed session to deliberate on a decision
 to be reached in a proceeding required to be conducted pursuant to Chapter 5
 (commencing with Section 11500) or similar provisions of law.

4 (4) Grant a right to enter any correctional institution or the grounds of a 5 correctional institution where that right is not otherwise granted by law, nor shall 6 anything in this article be construed to prevent a state body from holding a closed 7 session when considering and acting upon the determination of a term, parole, or 8 release of any individual or other disposition of an individual case, or if public 9 disclosure of the subjects under discussion or consideration is expressly prohibited 10 by statute.

(5) Prevent any closed session to consider the conferring of honorary degrees, or
 gifts, donations, and bequests that the donor or proposed donor has requested in
 writing to be kept confidential.

(6) Prevent the Alcoholic Beverage Control Appeals Board or the Cannabis
 Control Appeals Panel from holding a closed session for the purpose of holding a
 deliberative conference as provided in Section 11125.

(7)(A) Prevent a state body from holding closed sessions with its negotiator prior
 to the purchase, sale, exchange, or lease of real property by or for the state body to
 give instructions to its negotiator regarding the price and terms of payment for the
 purchase, sale, exchange, or lease.

(B) However, prior to the closed session, the state body shall hold an open and public session in which it identifies the real property or real properties that the negotiations may concern and the person or persons with whom its negotiator may negotiate.

(C) For purposes of this paragraph, the negotiator may be a member of the statebody.

(D) For purposes of this paragraph, "lease" includes renewal or renegotiation of alease.

(E) Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude a state body from holding a closed
 session for discussions regarding eminent domain proceedings pursuant to
 subdivision (e).

(8) Prevent the California Postsecondary Education Commission from holding
 closed sessions to consider matters pertaining to the appointment or termination of
 the Director of the California Postsecondary Education Commission.

(9) Prevent the Council for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education from
 holding closed sessions to consider matters pertaining to the appointment or
 termination of the Executive Director of the Council for Private Postsecondary and
 Vocational Education.

(10) Prevent the Franchise Tax Board from holding closed sessions for the
purpose of discussion of confidential tax returns or information the public disclosure
of which is prohibited by law, or from considering matters pertaining to the
appointment or removal of the Executive Officer of the Franchise Tax Board.

(11) Require the Franchise Tax Board to notice or disclose any confidential tax
information considered in closed sessions, or documents executed in connection
therewith, the public disclosure of which is prohibited pursuant to Article 2
(commencing with Section 19542) of Chapter 7 of Part 10.2 of Division 2 of the
Revenue and Taxation Code.

(12) Prevent the Corrections Standards Authority from holding closed sessions
when considering reports of crime conditions under Section 6027 of the Penal Code.
(13) Prevent the State Air Resources Board from holding closed sessions when
considering the proprietary specifications and performance data of manufacturers.

(14) Prevent the State Board of Education or the Superintendent of Public Instruction, or any committee advising the board or the Superintendent, from holding closed sessions on those portions of its review of assessment instruments pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 60600) of Part 33 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Education Code during which actual test content is reviewed and discussed. The purpose of this provision is to maintain the confidentiality of the assessments under review.

(15) Prevent the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery or its auxiliary
 committees from holding closed sessions for the purpose of discussing confidential
 tax returns, discussing trade secrets or confidential or proprietary information in its
 possession, or discussing other data, the public disclosure of which is prohibited by
 law.

(16) Prevent a state body that invests retirement, pension, or endowment funds 22 from holding closed sessions when considering investment decisions. For purposes 23 of consideration of shareholder voting on corporate stocks held by the state body, 24 closed sessions for the purposes of voting may be held only with respect to election 25 of corporate directors, election of independent auditors, and other financial issues 26 that could have a material effect on the net income of the corporation. For the 27 purpose of real property investment decisions that may be considered in a closed 28 session pursuant to this paragraph, a state body shall also be exempt from the 29 provisions of paragraph (7) relating to the identification of real properties prior to 30 the closed session. 31

(17) Prevent a state body, or boards, commissions, administrative officers, or 32 other representatives that may properly be designated by law or by a state body, 33 from holding closed sessions with its representatives in discharging its 34 responsibilities under Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 3500), Chapter 10.3 35 (commencing with Section 3512), Chapter 10.5 (commencing with Section 3525), 36 or Chapter 10.7 (commencing with Section 3540) of Division 4 of Title 1 as the 37 sessions relate to salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of 38 fringe benefits. For the purposes enumerated in the preceding sentence, a state body 39 may also meet with a state conciliator who has intervened in the proceedings. 40

(18)(A) Prevent a state body from holding closed sessions to consider matters
 posing a threat or potential threat of criminal or terrorist activity against the
 personnel, property, buildings, facilities, or equipment, including electronic data,

owned, leased, or controlled by the state body, where disclosure of these considerations could compromise or impede the safety or security of the personnel, property, buildings, facilities, or equipment, including electronic data, owned, leased, or controlled by the state body.

(B) Notwithstanding any other law, a state body, at any regular or special meeting,
may meet in a closed session pursuant to subparagraph (A) upon a two-thirds vote
of the members present at the meeting.

8 (C) After meeting in closed session pursuant to subparagraph (A), the state body 9 shall reconvene in open session prior to adjournment and report that a closed session 10 was held pursuant to subparagraph (A), the general nature of the matters considered, 11 and whether any action was taken in closed session.

(D) After meeting in closed session pursuant to subparagraph (A), the state body shall submit to the Legislative Analyst written notification stating that it held this closed session, the general reason or reasons for the closed session, the general nature of the matters considered, and whether any action was taken in closed session. The Legislative Analyst shall retain for no less than four years any written notification received from a state body pursuant to this subparagraph.

(19) Prevent the California Sex Offender Management Board from holding a
 closed session for the purpose of discussing matters pertaining to the application of
 a sex offender treatment provider for certification pursuant to Sections 290.09 and
 9003 of the Penal Code. Those matters may include review of an applicant's
 qualifications for certification.

(d)(1) Notwithstanding any other law, any meeting of the Public Utilities
 Commission at which the rates of entities under the commission's jurisdiction are
 changed shall be open and public.

(2) Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent the Public Utilities
 Commission from holding closed sessions to deliberate on the institution of
 proceedings, or disciplinary actions against any person or entity under the
 jurisdiction of the commission.

(e)(1) Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent a state body, based on
 the advice of its legal counsel, from holding a closed session to confer with, or
 receive advice from, its legal counsel regarding pending litigation when discussion
 in open session concerning those matters would prejudice the position of the state
 body in the litigation.

(2) For purposes of this article, all expressions of the lawyer-client privilege other
 than those provided in this subdivision are hereby abrogated. This subdivision is the
 exclusive expression of the lawyer-client privilege for purposes of conducting
 closed session meetings pursuant to this article. For purposes of this subdivision,
 litigation shall be considered pending when any of the following circumstances
 exist:

(A) An adjudicatory proceeding before a court, an administrative body exercising
its adjudicatory authority, a hearing officer, or an arbitrator, to which the state body
is a party, has been initiated formally.

(B)(i) A point has been reached where, in the opinion of the state body on the advice of its legal counsel, based on existing facts and circumstances, there is a

advice of its legal counsel, based on existing facts and circumstances, there is a
significant exposure to litigation against the state body.

4 (ii) Based on existing facts and circumstances, the state body is meeting only to 5 decide whether a closed session is authorized pursuant to clause (i).

6 (C) (i) Based on existing facts and circumstances, the state body has decided to 7 initiate or is deciding whether to initiate litigation.

(ii) (3) The legal counsel of the state body shall prepare and submit to it a
 memorandum stating the specific reasons and legal authority for the closed session.
 If the closed session is pursuant to paragraph (1) subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2),

10 If the closed session is pursuant to paragraph (1) subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), 11 the memorandum shall include the title of the litigation. If the closed session is 12 pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) (B) or (C) of paragraph (2), the memorandum 13 shall include the existing facts and circumstances on which it is based. The legal 14 counsel shall submit the memorandum to the state body prior to the closed session, 15 if feasible, and in any case no later than one week after the closed session. The

16 memorandum shall be exempt from disclosure pursuant to Section  $\frac{6254.25}{7927.205}$ .

(iii) (4) For purposes of this subdivision, "litigation" includes any adjudicatory
 proceeding, including eminent domain, before a court, administrative body
 exercising its adjudicatory authority, hearing officer, or arbitrator.

(iv) (5) Disclosure of a memorandum required under this subdivision shall not be
 deemed as a waiver of the lawyer-client privilege, as provided for under Article 3
 (commencing with Section 950) of Chapter 4 of Division 8 of the Evidence Code.

(f) In addition to subdivisions (a), (b), and (c), nothing in this article shall be construed to do any of the following:

(1) Prevent a state body operating under a joint powers agreement for insurance
 pooling from holding a closed session to discuss a claim for the payment of tort
 liability or public liability losses incurred by the state body or any member agency
 under the joint powers agreement.

(2) Prevent the examining committee established by the State Board of Forestry
 and Fire Protection, pursuant to Section 763 of the Public Resources Code, from
 conducting a closed session to consider disciplinary action against an individual
 professional forester prior to the filing of an accusation against the forester pursuant
 to Section 11503.

(3) Prevent the enforcement advisory committee established by the California 35 Board of Accountancy pursuant to Section 5020 of the Business and Professions 36 Code from conducting a closed session to consider disciplinary action against an 37 individual accountant prior to the filing of an accusation against the accountant 38 pursuant to Section 11503. Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent the 39 qualifications examining committee established by the California Board of 40 Accountancy pursuant to Section 5023 of the Business and Professions Code from 41 conducting a closed hearing to interview an individual applicant or accountant 42 regarding the applicant's qualifications. 43

Executive Secretary of the State Board of Equalization. disclosure of which is prohibited by law. of which is prohibited by law pursuant to Sections 15619 and 15641 of this code 45982, 46751, 50159, 55381, and 60609 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. closed sessions when considering the evaluation of possible predictions. (g) This article does not prevent either of the following: 26 (1) The Teachers' Retirement Board or the Board of Administration of the Public 27 Employees' Retirement System from holding closed sessions when considering 28 matters pertaining to the recruitment, appointment, employment, or removal of the 29 chief executive officer or when considering matters pertaining to the recruitment or 30 removal of the Chief Investment Officer of the State Teachers' Retirement System 31 or the Public Employees' Retirement System. 32 (2) The Commission on Teacher Credentialing from holding closed sessions when 33 considering matters relating to the recruitment, appointment, or removal of its 34 executive director. 35 (h) This article does not prevent the Board of Administration of the Public 36 Employees' Retirement System from holding closed sessions when considering 37 matters relating to the development of rates and competitive strategy for plans 38 offered pursuant to Chapter 15 (commencing with Section 21660) of Part 3 of 39 Division 5 of Title 2. 40 (i) This article does not prevent the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board from 41 holding closed sessions when considering matters related to the development of 42 rates and contracting strategy for entities contracting or seeking to contract with the 43

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(A) When considering matters pertaining to the appointment or removal of the 13 14

- (B) For the purpose of hearing confidential taxpayer appeals or data, the public 15 16
- (8) Require the State Board of Equalization to disclose any action taken in closed 17 session or documents executed in connection with that action, the public disclosure 18 19
- and Sections 833, 7056, 8255, 9255, 11655, 30455, 32455, 38705, 38706, 43651, 20

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(9) Prevent the California Earthquake Prediction Evaluation Council, or other 22 body appointed to advise the Director of Emergency Services or the Governor 23 concerning matters relating to volcanic or earthquake predictions, from holding 24 25

in closed session by the state body whose authority it exercises.

in a closed session by the state body it advises.

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or (b) of Section 11121.

of the following:

(4) Prevent a state body, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 11121, from

(5) Prevent a state body, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 11121, from

conducting a closed session to consider any matter that properly could be considered

in a closed session by the body defined as a state body pursuant to subdivision (a)

(6) Prevent a state body, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 11121, from

(7) Prevent the State Board of Equalization from holding closed sessions for either

conducting a closed session to consider any matter that properly could be considered

conducting a closed session to consider any matter that properly could be considered

board, entities with which the board is considering a contract, or entities with which

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the board is considering or enters into any other arrangement under which the board 2 provides, receives, or arranges services or reimbursement, pursuant to Part 6.2 3 (commencing with Section 12693), former Part 6.3 (commencing with Section 4 12695), former Part 6.4 (commencing with Section 12699.50), former Part 6.5 5 (commencing with Section 12700), Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5), 6 or Part 6.7 (commencing with Section 12739.70) of Division 2 of the Insurance 7 Code. 8 (j) Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent the board of the State 9 Compensation Insurance Fund from holding closed sessions in the following: 10 (1) When considering matters related to claims pursuant to Chapter 1 11 (commencing with Section 3200) of Division 4 of the Labor Code, to the extent that 12 confidential medical information or other individually identifiable information 13 would be disclosed. 14 (2) To the extent that matters related to audits and investigations that have not 15 been completed would be disclosed. 16 (3) To the extent that an internal audit containing proprietary information would 17 be disclosed. 18 (4) To the extent that the session would address the development of rates, 19 contracting strategy, underwriting, or competitive strategy, pursuant to the powers 20 granted to the board in Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 11770) of Part 3 of 21 Division 2 of the Insurance Code, when discussion in open session concerning those 22 matters would prejudice the position of the State Compensation Insurance Fund. 23 (k) The State Compensation Insurance Fund shall comply with the procedures 24 specified in Section 11125.4 of the Government Code with respect to any closed 25 session or meeting authorized by subdivision (j), and in addition shall provide an 26 opportunity for a member of the public to be heard on the issue of the 27 appropriateness of closing the meeting or session. 28 Comment. Subdivision (e) of Section 11126 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification 29 of the California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. 30 31 Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). Subdivision (e) is also amended to make nonsubstantive, technical changes to fix drafting errors 32 33 in 1996 Cal. Stat. ch. 1041, § 2.5. Subdivision (i) is amended to update the cross-references to "Part 6.3 (commencing with Section 34 35 12695)," "Part 6.4 (commencing with Section 12699.50)," and "Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700)" of the Insurance Code, which have been repealed. See 2014 Cal. Stat. ch. 31, §§ 36, 37, 36 38 (former Ins. Code §§ 12699.15, 12699.64, 12701), sunset provisions that operated on Jan. 1, 37 38 2016. 39 § 11126.1 (amended). Minute book relating to closed sessions of state body SEC. . Section 11126.1 of the Government Code is amended to read: 40 11126.1. The state body shall designate a clerk or other officer or employee of the 41 state body, who shall then attend each closed session of the state body and keep and 42 enter in a minute book a record of topics discussed and decisions made at the 43 meeting. The minute book made pursuant to this section is not a public record 44

1 subject to inspection pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5

2 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

- 3 <u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1), and shall be kept confidential. The minute book shall
- 4 be available to members of the state body or, if a violation of this chapter is alleged
- 5 to have occurred at a closed session, to a court of general jurisdiction. Such The

6 minute book may, but need not, consist of a recording of the closed session.

7 **Comment.** Section 11126.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

8 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

9 Reports (2019).

10 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

## 11 § 11146.2 (amended). Attendance record for orientation course

12 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11146.2 of the Government Code is amended to read:

13 11146.2. Each state agency shall maintain records indicating the specific 14 attendees, each attendee's job title, and dates of their attendance for each orientation 15 course offered pursuant to Section 11146.1 for a period of not less than five years 16 after each course is given. These records shall be public records subject to inspection 17 and copying consistent with Section 81008 and otherwise subject to the California 18 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 19 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7020 000) of Title 1)

19 <u>Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1).

- Comment. Section 11146.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 22 Reports (2019).

## 23 § 11549.3 (amended). Information security program

24 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11549.3 of the Government Code is amended to read:

11549.3. (a) The chief shall establish an information security program. The
 program responsibilities include, but are not limited to, all of the following:

(1) The creation, updating, and publishing of information security and privacy
 policies, standards, and procedures for state agencies in the State Administrative
 Manual.

(2) The creation, issuance, and maintenance of policies, standards, and procedures
 directing state agencies to effectively manage security and risk for both of the
 following:

(A) Information technology, which includes, but is not limited to, all electronic
 technology systems and services, automated information handling, system design
 and analysis, conversion of data, computer programming, information storage and
 retrieval, telecommunications, requisite system controls, simulation, electronic
 commerce, and all related interactions between people and machines.

(B) Information that is identified as mission critical, confidential, sensitive, orpersonal, as defined and published by the office.

(3) The creation, issuance, and maintenance of policies, standards, and procedures
 directing state agencies for the collection, tracking, and reporting of information
 regarding security and privacy incidents.

(4) The creation, issuance, and maintenance of policies, standards, and procedures
 directing state agencies in the development, maintenance, testing, and filing of each
 state agency's disaster recovery plan.

4 (5) Coordination of the activities of state agency information security officers, for

5 purposes of integrating statewide security initiatives and ensuring compliance with 6 information security and privacy policies and standards.

- (6) Promotion and enhancement of the state agencies' risk management and
   privacy programs through education, awareness, collaboration, and consultation.
- 9 (7) Representing the state before the federal government, other state agencies, 10 local government entities, and private industry on issues that have statewide impact 11 on information security and privacy.
- (b) All state entities defined in Section 11546.1 shall implement the policies and
   procedures issued by the office, including, but not limited to, performing both of the
   following duties:
- (1) Comply with the information security and privacy policies, standards, and
   procedures issued pursuant to this chapter by the office.
- (2) Comply with filing requirements and incident notification by providing timelyinformation and reports as required by the office.
- (c)(1) The office may conduct, or require to be conducted, an independent security
   assessment of every state agency, department, or office. The cost of the independent
   security assessment shall be funded by the state agency, department, or office being
   assessed.
- 23 (2) In addition to the independent security assessments authorized by paragraph
- (1), the office, in consultation with the Office of Emergency Services, shall performall the following duties:
- (A) Annually require no fewer than thirty-five (35) state entities to perform an
   independent security assessment, the cost of which shall be funded by the state
   agency, department, or office being assessed.
- (B) Determine criteria and rank state entities based on an information security risk
   index that may include, but not be limited to, analysis of the relative amount of the
- 31 following factors within state agencies:
- 32 (i) Personally identifiable information protected by law.
- 33 (ii) Health information protected by law.
- 34 (iii) Confidential financial data.
- 35 (iv) Self-certification of compliance and indicators of unreported noncompliance
- <sup>36</sup> with security provisions in the following areas:
- 37 (I) Information asset management.
- 38 (II) Risk management.
- 39 (III) Information security program management.
- 40 (IV) Information security incident management.
- 41 (V) Technology recovery planning.
- 42 (C) Determine the basic standards of services to be performed as part of 43 independent security assessments required by this subdivision.

(3) The Military Department may perform an independent security assessment of 1 any state agency, department, or office, the cost of which shall be funded by the 2 state agency, department, or office being assessed. 3

(d) State agencies and entities required to conduct or receive an independent 4 security assessment pursuant to subdivision (c) shall transmit the complete results 5 of that assessment and recommendations for mitigating system vulnerabilities, if 6 any, to the office and the Office of Emergency Services. 7

(e) The office shall report to the Department of Technology and the Office of 8 Emergency Services any state entity found to be noncompliant with information 9 security program requirements. 10

(f)(1) Notwithstanding any other law, during the process of conducting an 11 independent security assessment pursuant to subdivision (c), information and 12 records concerning the independent security assessment are confidential and shall 13 not be disclosed, except that the information and records may be transmitted to state 14 employees and state contractors who have been approved as necessary to receive 15 the information and records to perform that independent security assessment, 16 subsequent remediation activity, or monitoring of remediation activity. 17

(2) The results of a completed independent security assessment performed 18 pursuant to subdivision (c), and any related information shall be subject to all 19 disclosure and confidentiality provisions pursuant to any state law, including, but 20 not limited to, the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 21 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 22

Title 1), including, but not limited to, Section 6254.19 7929.210. 23

(g) The office may conduct or require to be conducted an audit of information 24 security to ensure program compliance, the cost of which shall be funded by the 25 state agency, department, or office being audited. 26

(h) The office shall notify the Office of Emergency Services, Department of the 27 California Highway Patrol, and the Department of Justice regarding any criminal or 28 alleged criminal cyber activity affecting any state entity or critical infrastructure of 29 state government. 30

Comment. Section 11549.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 31

32 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 33 Reports (2019).

### § 12019.45 (amended). Grant application form 34

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12019.45 of the Government Code is amended to read: 35

12019.45. (a) The advisor and panel, with administrative support from the 36

commission and in consultation with federally recognized tribes in California, shall 37

develop a concise application form for one or more eligible tribes to apply for a 38

39 grant.

- (b) The application developed pursuant to subdivision (a) shall include, but not be 40
- limited to, all of the following: 41

1 (1) An identification of every eligible tribe applying for the grant and the name, 2 signature, and contact information of every individual who is authorized by each

<sup>3</sup> eligible tribe's governing body to apply for the grant.

4 (2) A description of the purpose or project for which the grant is intended to be 5 used.

6 (3) An assessment of the nature and extent of the potential benefits from the 7 described purpose or project to each applying eligible tribe.

8 (4) The safeguards in place to ensure that the grant would be applied only to the 9 described purpose or project.

10 (5) The amount and source of other moneys or in-kind services or goods, if any, 11 that are available to be additionally applied to the described purpose or project and 12 when those moneys or in-kind services or goods are intended to be applied.

(6) A list of every grant awarded or other distribution from the fund previously
 awarded or distributed to each eligible tribe applying for the grant and the results
 achieved as a result of those prior awards or distributions.

16 (7) A strategy for how the benefits from the described purpose or project will be 17 sustainably maintained.

(8) A signed acceptance of the terms described in Section 12019.75 from an
 authorized representative of every eligible tribe applying in the application.

(9) Identification of the information provided in the application that each eligible
tribe proposes is confidential and not subject to public disclosure pursuant to
subdivision (a) of Section 12019.55, and a statement, in bold, that the panel may
consider, but is not required to comply with, an eligible tribe's identification of
information as confidential when responding to a request for public records pursuant
to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250)
of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1).

(10) Any other information the advisor and panel deem valuable to evaluating themerits of awarding a grant.

Comment. Section 12019.45 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

## \$ 12019.55 (amended). Information directly or indirectly describing internal affairs of eligible tribe

34 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12019.55 of the Government Code is amended to read:

35 12019.55. (a) All information relating to the administration of this article that 36 describes, directly or indirectly, the internal affairs of an eligible tribe, including,

but not limited to, the finances and competitive business plans of an eligible tribe,

is confidential and shall not be disclosed pursuant to any state law, including, but

39 not limited to, the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with

40 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of

41 Title 1).

(b) The panel shall comply with the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9
(commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1), and shall do so in a
manner that prevents the disclosure of information described in subdivision (a),
including, but not limited to, holding, when necessary in a closed session, as
authorized by Section 11126.4.5.
Comment. Section 12019.55 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

- 7 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
- 8 Comm'n Reports (2019).

## 9 § 12172.5 (amended). Role of Secretary of State

10 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12172.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

11 12172.5. (a) The Secretary of State is the chief elections officer of the state, and 12 shall administer the provisions of the Elections Code. The Secretary of State shall 13 see that elections are efficiently conducted and that state election laws are enforced. 14 The Secretary of State may require elections officers to make reports concerning 15 elections in their jurisdictions, which may include information about the identity of, 16 and contact information for, the elections official who is responsible for conducting 17 elections in the jurisdiction.

- (b) If, at any time, the Secretary of State concludes that state election laws are not
  being enforced, the Secretary of State shall call the violation to the attention of the
  district attorney of the county or to the Attorney General. In these instances, the
  Secretary of State may assist the county elections officer in discharging the officer's
  duties.
- (c) In order to determine whether an elections law violation has occurred, the 23 Secretary of State may examine voted, unvoted, spoiled and canceled ballots, vote-24 counting computer programs, vote by mail ballot envelopes and applications, and 25 supplies referred to in Section 14432 of the Elections Code. The Secretary of State 26 may also examine any other records of elections officials as the Secretary of State 27 finds necessary in making a determination under this subdivision, subject to the 28 restrictions set forth in Section 6253.5 Article 2 (commencing with Section 29 7924.100) of Chapter 2 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1. 30

(d) The Secretary of State may adopt regulations to assure the uniform application
 and administration of state election laws.

Comment. Section 12172.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

35 Reports (2019).

## 36 § 12237 (amended). Archived items that are 75 years old or older

37 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12237 of the Government Code is amended to read:

38 12237. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with

39 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of

40 Title 1, any provision of law that exempts from public disclosure any item in the

- 41 custody of the State Archives shall not apply to that item 75 years after the item was
- 42 created, irrespective of the origin of the item, the manner in which it was deposited

1 with the State Archives, or any other condition or circumstance at the time the item

2 was deposited.

3 (b) Subdivision (a) shall apply to any item currently in the custody of the State

Archives and any item deposited in the State Archives after the effective date of thissection.

6 (c) The State Archives shall notify any party who deposits any item in the State 7 Archives after the effective date of this section of the provisions of subdivision (a).

8 (d) The Secretary of State's Internet Web site internet website shall include a 9 public notice stating that on or after January 1, 2005, all items 75 years old or older 10 that are on deposit in the State Archives shall be accessible to the public.

11 **Comment.** Section 12237 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

14 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

## 15 § 12271 (amended). Definitions

16 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12271 of the Government Code is amended to read:

17 12271. For the purposes of this article, the following terms shall have the 18 following meanings:

(a) "Acquire" includes acquisition by gift, purchase, lease, eminent domain, orotherwise.

(b) "Archival value" means the ongoing usefulness or significance of a record
based on the administrative, legal, fiscal, evidential, or historical information it
contains, justifying its permanent preservation.

(c) "Public record plant" means the plant, or any part thereof, or any record therein, of any person engaged in the business of searching or publishing public records or insuring or guaranteeing titles to real property, including copies of public records or abstracts and memoranda taken from public records that are owned by or in possession of that person or that are used by that person in his or her the person's business.

(d) "Public use form" means a form used by the state to obtain or to solicit facts,
 opinions, or other information from the public or a private citizen, partnership,
 corporation, organization, business trust, or nongovernmental entity or legal
 representative thereof.

(e) "Record" has the same meaning as "public records" as defined in subdivision 34 (e) of Section 6252 Section 7920.530, and includes, but is not limited to, any writing 35 containing information relating to the conduct of the public's business prepared, 36 owned, used, or retained by a state or local agency regardless of physical form or 37 characteristics. Library and museum materials made or acquired and preserved 38 solely for reference or exhibition purposes and stocks of publications and of 39 processed documents are not included within the definition of the term "record" as 40 used in this article. 41

1 **Comment.** Section 12271 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## 5 § 12419.10 (amended). Offsets

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12419.10 of the Government Code is amended to read:

12419.10. (a)(1) The Controller shall, to the extent feasible, offset any amount 7 overdue and unpaid for a fine, penalty, assessment, bail, vehicle parking penalty, or 8 court-ordered reimbursement for court-related services, from a person or entity, 9 against any amount owing the person or entity by a state agency on a claim for a 10 refund from the Franchise Tax Board under the Personal Income Tax Law or the 11 Bank and Corporation Tax Law, from winnings in the California State Lottery, or a 12 13 cash payment of a claim for unclaimed property held by the state. Standards and procedures for submission of requests for offsets shall be as prescribed by the 14 Controller. Neither the Controller nor the Franchise Tax Board shall condition a 15 request for offset on the submission of a person's social security number. If 16 sufficient funds are not available to satisfy an offset request, the Controller, after 17 first applying the amounts available to any amount due a state agency, may allocate 18 the balance among any other requests for offset. 19

(2) Any request for an offset for a vehicle parking penalty shall be submitted
within three years of the date the penalty was incurred. This three year maximum
term for refund offsets for parking tickets applies to requests submitted to the
Controller on or after January 1, 2004.

(b) Once an offset request for a vehicle parking penalty is made, a local agency may not accrue additional interest charges, collection charges, penalties, or other charges on or after the date that the offset request is made. Payment of an offset request for a vehicle parking penalty shall be made on the condition that it constitutes full and final payment of that offset.

(c) The Controller shall deduct and retain from any amount offset in favor of a
 city, county, city and county, court, or special district an amount sufficient to
 reimburse the Controller, the Franchise Tax Board, the California State Lottery, and
 the Department of Motor Vehicles for their administrative costs of processing the
 offset payment.

(d) If necessary to confirm the identity of a person before making an offset, the
Franchise Tax Board may, upon paying any necessary fees, obtain a social security
number from the Department of Motor Vehicles, as authorized by subdivision (f) of
Section 1653.5 of the Vehicle Code.

(e) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1, or any other law, the
social security number of a person obtained pursuant to Section 4150, 4150.2, or
12800 of the Vehicle Code is not a public record and shall only be provided by the
Department of Motor Vehicles to an authorized agency for the sole purpose of
making an offset pursuant to this section for an unpaid vehicle parking penalty or

an unpaid fine, penalty, assessment, or bail of which the Department of Motor 1 Vehicles has been notified pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 40509 of the 2 Vehicle Code or Section 1803 of the Vehicle Code, responding to information 3 requests from the Franchise Tax Board for the purpose of tax administration, and 4 responding to requests for information from an agency, operating pursuant to and 5 carrying out the provisions of Part A (Block Grants to States for Temporary 6 Assistance for Needy Families), or Part D (Child Support and Establishment of 7 Paternity) of Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code. As 8 used in this section, "authorized agency" means the Controller, the Franchise Tax 9 Board, or the California State Lottery Commission. 10

11 **Comment.** Section 12419.10 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 12 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 13 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

## \$ 12525 (amended). Report to Attorney General on death of person in custody of law enforcement agency or state or local correctional facility

16 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12525 of the Government Code is amended to read:

12525. In any case in which a person dies while in the custody of any law 17 enforcement agency or while in custody in a local or state correctional facility in 18 this state, the law enforcement agency or the agency in charge of the correctional 19 facility shall report in writing to the Attorney General, within 10 days after the death, 20 all facts in the possession of the law enforcement agency or agency in charge of the 21 correctional facility concerning the death. These writings are public records within 22 the meaning of subdivision (d) of Section 6252 Section 7920.530 of the California 23 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 24 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1), are open to public 25 inspection pursuant to Sections 6253, 6256, 6257, and 6258 7922.500 to 7922.545, 26 inclusive, 7923.000, and 7923.005. Nothing in this section shall permit the 27 disclosure of confidential medical information that may have been submitted to the 28 Attorney General's office in conjunction with the report except as provided in Part 29 2.6 (commencing with Section 56) of Division 1 of the Civil Code. 30 Comment. Section 12525 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 31

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

34 The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to subdivision (d) of former Section 6252, which 35 became obsolete when subdivision (d) was relabeled as subdivision (e). Compare 1992 Cal. Stat. ch. 529, § 1 (amending Section 12525 to cross-refer to "public records within the meaning of 36 subdivision (d) of Section 6252") with 1991 Cal. Stat. ch. 181, § 1 (version of former Section 6252 37 in place when Section 12525 was amended to cross-refer to "public records within the meaning of 38 39 subdivision (d) of Section 6252"); see also 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 2 (relabeling definition of 40 "public records" as subdivision (e)); 2015 Cal. Stat. ch. 537, § 20 (version of former Section 6252 repealed by CPRA Recodification Act of 2020); Section 7920.530 (continuing former Section 41 6252(e)'s definition of "public records"). 42

In addition, the amendment corrects cross-references to former Sections 6256 and 6257. Those
 sections were repealed in 1998 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, §§ 7, 10). Most of their substance was
 continued in newly added Section 6253, which also continued the pertinent part of the previous

1 version of Section 6253. See 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 5; Gov. Reorg. Plan No. 1 of 1991, § 7.

2 Pursuant to the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020, Section 6253 has in turn been repealed and 3 recodified in Sections 7922 500 7922 545

3 recodified in Sections 7922.500-7922.545.

4 § 12525.5 (amended). Annual report on stops conducted by peace officers of state or local
 agency

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12525.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

12525.5. (a)(1) Each state and local agency that employs peace officers shall
annually report to the Attorney General data on all stops conducted by that agency's
peace officers for the preceding calendar year.

- (2) Each agency that employs 1,000 or more peace officers shall begin collecting 10 data on or before July 1, 2018, and shall issue its first round of reports on or before 11 April 1, 2019. Each agency that employs 667 or more but less than 1,000 peace 12 officers shall begin collecting data on or before January 1, 2019, and shall issue its 13 first round of reports on or before April 1, 2020. Each agency that employs 334 or 14 more but less than 667 peace officers shall begin collecting data on or before January 15 1, 2021, and shall issue its first round of reports on or before April 1, 2022. Each 16 agency that employs one or more but less than 334 peace officers shall begin 17 collecting data on or before January 1, 2022, and shall issue its first round of reports 18 on or before April 1, 2023. 19
- 20 (b) The reporting shall include, at a minimum, the following information for each 21 stop:
- 22 (1) The time, date, and location of the stop.
- 23 (2) The reason for the stop.

(3) The result of the stop, such as, no action, warning, citation, property seizure,or arrest.

26 (4) If a warning or citation was issued, the warning provided or violation cited.

27 (5) If an arrest was made, the offense charged.

(6) The perceived race or ethnicity, gender, and approximate age of the person
stopped, provided that the identification of these characteristics shall be based on
the observation and perception of the peace officer making the stop, and the
information shall not be requested from the person stopped. For motor vehicle stops,
this paragraph only applies to the driver, unless any actions specified under
paragraph (7) apply in relation to a passenger, in which case the characteristics
specified in this paragraph shall also be reported for him or her that passenger.

(7) Actions taken by the peace officer during the stop, including, but not limitedto, the following:

- (A) Whether the peace officer asked for consent to search the person, and, if so,
   whether consent was provided.
- (B) Whether the peace officer searched the person or any property, and, if so, the
  basis for the search and the type of contraband or evidence discovered, if any.
- 41 (C) Whether the peace officer seized any property and, if so, the type of property 42 that was seized and the basis for seizing the property.

(c) If more than one peace officer performs a stop, only one officer is required to
 collect and report to his or her the officer's agency the information specified under
 subdivision (b).

(d) State and local law enforcement agencies shall not report the name, address, 4 social security number, or other unique personal identifying information of persons 5 stopped, searched, or subjected to a property seizure, for purposes of this section. 6 Notwithstanding any other law, the data reported shall be available to the public, 7 except for the badge number or other unique identifying information of the peace 8 officer involved. Law enforcement agencies are solely responsible for ensuring that 9 personally identifiable information of the individual stopped or any other 10 information that is exempt from disclosure pursuant to this section is not transmitted 11 to the Attorney General in an open text field. 12

(e) Not later than January 1, 2018, the Attorney General, in consultation with 13 stakeholders, including the Racial and Identity Profiling Advisory Board (RIPA) 14 established pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (j) of Section 13519.4 of the 15 Penal Code, federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies and community, 16 professional, academic, research, and civil and human rights organizations, shall 17 issue regulations for the collection and reporting of data required under subdivision 18 (b). The regulations shall specify all data to be reported, and provide standards, 19 definitions, and technical specifications to ensure uniform reporting practices across 20 all reporting agencies. To the best extent possible, such the regulations should be 21 compatible with any similar federal data collection or reporting program. 22

(f) All data and reports made pursuant to this section are public records within the
meaning of subdivision (c) of Section 6252 Section 7920.530, and are open to public
inspection pursuant to Sections 6253 and 6258 7922.500 to 7922.545, inclusive,
7923.000, and 7923.005.

(g)(1) For purposes of this section, "peace officer," as defined in Chapter 4.5
(commencing with Section 830) of Title 3 of Part 2 of the Penal Code, is limited to
members of the California Highway Patrol, a city or county law enforcement
agency, and California state or university educational institutions. "Peace officer,"
as used in this section, does not include probation officers and officers in a custodial
setting.

(2) For purposes of this section, "stop" means any detention by a peace officer of
 a person, or any peace officer interaction with a person in which the peace officer
 conducts a search, including a consensual search, of the person's body or property
 in the person's possession or control.

37 Comment. Section 12525.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 38 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

39 Reports (2019).

40 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a technical change.

# § 12811.3 (amended). Transfer of peace officer employed under jurisdiction of Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

3 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12811.3 of the Government Code is amended to read:

12811.3. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the
provisions of subdivision (i), any employee of a department, board, or commission
under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, who is
designated as a peace officer described in Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section
830) of Title 3 of Part 2 of the Penal Code, may transfer from his or her the
employee's current position to another department, board, or commission under the
jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

(b) Any peace officer who desires to transfer to another department, board, or commission pursuant to subdivision (a), and who is prohibited from carrying a firearm pursuant to state or federal law shall not transfer to a department, board, or commission that requires the use of a firearm.

15 (c) Any peace officer who desires to transfer to another department, board, or 16 commission pursuant to subdivision (a) to a position requiring the ability to carry a 17 firearm, as determined by the department, board, or commission, and who has not 18 completed the required training pursuant to Section 832 of the Penal Code, shall 19 successfully complete the required training before appointment to his or her <u>a</u> new 20 peace officer position.

(d)(1) Any peace officer who desires to transfer shall not be required to undergo
a psychological screening pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 1031 of this code
or subdivision (a) of Section 13601 of the Penal Code, unless the Secretary of the
Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, or his or her the secretary's designee,
makes a determination that a peace officer is required to undergo all or a portion of
a psychological screening as described in subdivision (f) of Section 1031 of this
code or subdivision (a) of Section 13601 of the Penal Code.

(2) The Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall
promulgate emergency regulations in order to implement paragraph (1).
Notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 11346.1, no showing of an emergency
shall be necessary in order to adopt, amend, or repeal the emergency regulations
required by this paragraph.

(e) Any peace officer who has successfully completed a course of training 33 pursuant to Section 13602 of the Penal Code and who transfers to another 34 department, board, or commission pursuant to subdivision (a) shall not be required 35 to complete a new course of training pursuant to Section 13602 of the Penal Code. 36 However, each department, board, or commission may prescribe additional training 37 to be provided to an employee who transfers pursuant to subdivision (a) and shall 38 provide that training within the first six months of appointment to his or her a new 39 peace officer position. 40

(f) Any peace officer who desires to transfer to another department, board, or
 commission pursuant to subdivision (a) shall not be required to undergo a new
 background investigation pursuant to Section 1029.1.

(g) Nothing in this section shall affect an employee's seniority calculation as
 provided for under current law or any memorandum of understanding between the
 state and any applicable bargaining unit agreement in effect upon the effective date
 of this section.

(h) The provisions of the Unit 6 Memorandum of Understanding, which expires
July 2, 2006, as modified by the ratified addendum dated June 30, 2004, relating to
the release of copies of video recorded incidents, shall be subject to the California
Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
<u>Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1).

(i) This section shall become operative only when the Secretary of the Department 10 of Corrections and Rehabilitation certifies in writing that it is necessary to prevent 11 or minimize employment actions, including, but not limited to, layoffs, demotions, 12 reductions in time base, or involuntary transfers of employees. In addition, the 13 Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall have the sole 14 authority to designate any or all departments, boards, or commissions eligible to 15 have its peace officer employees transfer pursuant to subdivision (a) and any or all 16 departments, boards, or commissions that shall accept peace officer employees 17 under this section. 18

Comment. Section 12811.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019)

21 Reports (2019).

22 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## \$ 12894.5 (amended). Legislative findings and declarations relating to Western Climate Initiative, Inc.

25 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12894.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

<sup>26</sup> 12894.5. (a) The Legislature finds and declares both of the following:

(1) California's participation in the Western Climate Initiative, Incorporated, 27 requires that its sole purpose be to provide operational and technical support to 28 California in its implementation of Division 25.5 (commencing with Section 38500) 29 of the Health and Safety Code and to provide support to the greenhouse gas 30 emissions reduction programs of other jurisdictions. Given its limited scope of 31 activities, the Western Climate Initiative, Incorporated, does not have the authority 32 to create policy with respect to any existing or future program or regulation 33 undertaken pursuant to Division 25.5 (commencing with Section 38500) of the 34 Health and Safety Code. 35

(2) The state recognizes the ongoing efforts of the Western Climate Initiative,
Incorporated, have resulted in policies that are consistent with the Bagley-Keene
Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part
1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) and the California Public
Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division
10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) 1), as
well as bylaws that meet the requirements of this section.

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(b) The California membership of the Board of Directors of the Western Climate
Initiative, Incorporated, as established pursuant to Section 12894, shall participate
on the board so long as the Western Climate Initiative, Incorporated, maintains
policies and bylaws according to all of the following:

(1) An open meetings policy that is and remains consistent with the general
policies of the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with
Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1) and affords the public the greatest possible
access consistent with the other duties of the Western Climate Initiative,
Incorporated.

10 (2) A records availability policy that is and remains consistent with the general 11 policies of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 12 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 13 Title 1) and affords the public access to corporate records consistent with the 14 operating needs and other duties of the Western Climate Initiative, Incorporated, 15 and all applicable legal privileges.

(3) Bylaws that limit the activities of the Western Climate Initiative, Incorporated,
 to the technical and operational support of the greenhouse gas emissions reduction
 programs of California and other jurisdictions. These bylaws shall not allow the
 Western Climate Initiative, Incorporated, to have policymaking authority with
 respect to these programs.

(c) The State Air Resources Board shall provide notice to the Joint Legislative
Budget Committee for all procurements over one hundred fifty thousand dollars
(\$150,000) proposed by the Western Climate Initiative, Incorporated, that are
expected to result in a contract no later than 30 days prior to the execution of those
contracts.

(d) Commencing January 1, 2014, the State Air Resources Board shall include
 information on all proposed expenditures and allocations of moneys to the Western
 Climate Initiative, Incorporated, in the Governor's Budget.

Comment. Section 12894.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

32 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

## § 15570.42 (amended). Regulations establishing procedures and guidelines to access public records of Department of Tax and Fee Administration

36 15570.42. Pursuant to Section 6253 Article 1 (commencing with Section

37 <u>7922.630</u>) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 10 of Title 1, the department shall

38 adopt regulations to establish procedures and guidelines to access public records.

39 These regulations shall facilitate maximum public accessibility to the department's

40 public records. These regulations shall specifically identify and describe the types

41 of public records pertaining to the tax and the fee programs administered by the

42 department.

<sup>35</sup> SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 15570.42 of the Government Code is amended to read:

Comment. Section 15570.42 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 1

2 California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, Cal. L.

Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). 3

4 The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to "Section 6253." When Section 15570.42 was enacted in 2017, it was apparently modeled on Section 15652. It closely tracked the language of 5 that section, including the cross-reference to "Section 6253." Compare 2017 Cal. Stat. ch. 16, § 5 6 with 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 1049, § 2. However, Section 15652's cross-reference to "Section 6253" 7 was obsolete because former Section 6253 was amended and renumbered as Section 6253.4 in 1998 8 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 4; see also Section 15652 Comment). Pursuant to the CPRA 9 10 Recodification Act of 2020, Section 6253.4 has in turn been repealed and recodified as Article 1 of 11 Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 10 of Title 1 (Sections 7922.630-7922.640). That article is now the 12 proper cross-reference to include in Sections 15652 and 15570.42; it contains the CPRA material 13 on adoption of regulations.

### § 15650 (amended). "Public record" 14

SEC. . Section 15650 of the Government Code is amended to read: 15

15650. For purposes of this chapter, "public record" means any public record as 16 defined in subdivision (d) of Section 6252 Section 7920.530. 17

Comment. Section 15650 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 18

19 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 20 Reports (2019).

The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to subdivision (d) of former Section 6252, which 21 22 became obsolete when subdivision (d) was relabeled as subdivision (e). Compare 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 1049, § 2 (original version of Section 15650, which cross-refers to "any public record as defined 23 in subdivision (d) of Section 6252") with 1994 Cal. Stat. ch. 1010, § 136 (version of former Section 24 6252 in place when Section 15650 was enacted); see also 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 2 (relabeling 25 definition of "public records" as subdivision (e)); 2015 Cal. Stat. ch. 537, § 20 (version of former 26 27 Section 6252 repealed by CPRA Recodification Act of 2020); Section 7920.530 (continuing former

Section 6252(e)'s definition of "public records"). 28

#### § 15652 (amended). Regulations establishing procedures and guidelines to access public 29 30 records of State Board of Equalization

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 15652 of the Government Code is amended to read: 31

15652. Pursuant to Section 6253 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7922.630) 32

of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 10 of Title 1, the State Board of Equalization shall 33 adopt regulations to establish procedures and guidelines to access public records. 34

These regulations shall facilitate maximum public accessibility to the board's public

35

records. These regulations shall specifically identify and describe the types of public 36 records pertaining to the tax and the fee programs maintained by the board. 37

Comment. Section 15652 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 38 39 Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

- 40 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).
- The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to "Section 6253." When Section 15652 was 41

added to the codes by 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 1049, § 2, the CPRA material on adoption of regulations 42

43 was located in former Section 6253 (see Gov. Reorg. Plan No. 1 of 1991, § 70). Shortly afterwards,

former Section 6253 was amended and renumbered as Section 6253.4 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, 44

45 § 4, which became operative on Jan. 1, 1999). Pursuant to the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020,

Section 6253.4 has in turn been repealed and recodified as Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of 46

Division 10 of Title 1 (Sections 7922.630-7922.640). That article is now the proper cross-reference; 1

it contains the CPRA material on adoption of regulations. 2

### § 15705 (amended). Truncation of social security numbers on lien abstracts and other 3 4 disclosable records of Franchise Tax Board

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 15705 of the Government Code is amended to read: 5

15705. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless prohibited by federal 6

law, the Franchise Tax Board shall truncate social security numbers on lien abstracts 7

and any other records created by the board that are disclosable under Chapter 3.5 8 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 9

10 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 before disclosing the record to the public. For purposes

- of this section, "truncate" means to redact the first five digits of a social security 11
- number. 12

Comment. Section 15705 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 13

- Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 14 Reports (2019).
- 15

### § 20057 (amended). "Public agency" 16

SEC. . Section 20057 of the Government Code is amended to read: 17

20057. "Public agency" also includes the following: 18

(a) The Commandant, Veterans' Home of California, with respect to employees 19 of the Veterans' Home Exchange and other post fund activities whose compensation 20 is paid from the post fund of the Veterans' Home of California. 21

(b) Any auxiliary organization operating pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with 22 Section 89900) of Part 55 of Division 8 of Title 3 of the Education Code and in 23 conformity with regulations adopted by the Trustees of the California State 24 University and any auxiliary organization operating pursuant to Article 6 25 (commencing with Section 72670) of Chapter 6 of Part 45 of Division 7 of Title 3 26 of the Education Code and in conformity with regulations adopted by the Board of 27 Governors of the California Community Colleges. 28

(c) Any student body or nonprofit organization composed exclusively of students 29 of the California State University or community college or of members of the faculty 30 of the California State University or community college, or both, and established 31 for the purpose of providing essential activities related to, but not normally included 32

as a part of, the regular instructional program of the California State University or 33 community college. 34

(d) A state organization of governing boards of school districts, the primary 35 purpose of which is the advancing of public education through research and 36 investigation. 37

(e) Any nonprofit corporation whose membership is confined to public agencies 38 as defined in Section 20056. 39

(f) A section of the California Interscholastic Federation. 40

(g) Any credit union incorporated under Division 5 (commencing with Section 41 14000) of the Financial Code, or incorporated pursuant to federal law, with 95 42

percent of its membership limited to employees who are members of or retired 1 members of this system or the State Teachers' Retirement Plan, and their immediate 2 families, and employees of any credit union. For the purposes of this subdivision, 3 "immediate family" means those persons related by blood or marriage who reside 4 in the household of a member of the credit union who is a member of or retired 5 member of this system or the State Teachers' Retirement Plan. The credit union 6 shall pay any costs that are in addition to the normal charges required to enter into 7 a contract with the board. All the payments made by the credit union that are in 8 addition to the normal charges required shall be added to the total amount 9 appropriated by the Budget Act for the administrative expense of this system. For 10 purposes of this subdivision, a credit union is not deemed to be a public agency 11 unless it has entered into a contract with the board pursuant to Chapter 5 12 (commencing with Section 20460) prior to January 1, 1988. After January 1, 1988, 13 the board may not enter into a contract with any credit union as a public agency. 14

(h) Any county superintendent of schools that was a contracting agency on July
1, 1983, and any school district or community college district that was a contracting
agency with respect to local police officers, as defined in Section 20430, on July 1,
1983.

(i) Any school district or community college district that has established a police
department, pursuant to Section 38000 or 72330 of the Education Code, and has
entered into a contract with the board on or after January 1, 1990, for school safety
members, as defined in Section 20444.

(j) A nonprofit corporation formed for the primary purpose of assisting the
development and expansion of the educational, research, and scientific activities of
a district agricultural association formed pursuant to Part 3 (commencing with
Section 3801) of Division 3 of the Food and Agricultural Code, and the nonprofit
corporation described in the California State Exposition and Fair Law (former
Article 3 (commencing with Section 3551) of Chapter 3 of Part 2 of Division 3 of
the Food and Agricultural Code, as added by Chapter 15 of the Statutes of 1967).

(k)(1) A public or private nonprofit corporation that operates a regional center for
 the developmentally disabled in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with
 Section 4620) of Division 4.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(2) A public or private nonprofit corporation, exempt from taxation under Section 33 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, that operates a rehabilitation facility for the 34 developmentally disabled and provides services under a contract with either (A) a 35 regional center for the developmentally disabled, pursuant to paragraph (3) of 36 subdivision (a) of Section 4648 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or (B) the 37 Department of Rehabilitation, pursuant to Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 38 19350) of Part 2 of Division 10 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, upon obtaining 39 a written advisory opinion from the United States Department of Labor as described 40 in Section 20057.1. 41

42 (3) A public or private nonprofit corporation described in this subdivision shall
43 be deemed a "public agency" only for purposes of this part and only with respect to

the employees of the regional center or the rehabilitation facility described in this subdivision. Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the agency may elect

subdivision. Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the agency may elect
by appropriate provision or amendment of its contract not to provide credit for

4 service prior to the effective date of its contract.

(*l*) Independent data-processing centers formed pursuant to former Article 2
(commencing with Section 10550) of Chapter 6 of Part 7 of the Education Code, as
it read on December 31, 1990. An agency included pursuant to this subdivision shall
only provide benefits that are identical to those provided to a school member.

9 (m) Any local agency formation commission.

(n) A nonprofit corporation organized for the purpose of and engaged in
 conducting a citrus fruit fair as defined in Section 4603 of the Food and Agricultural
 Code.

(*o*)(1) A public or private nonprofit corporation that operates an independent
 living center providing services to severely handicapped people and established
 pursuant to federal Public Law 93-112, that receives the approval of the board, and
 that provides at least three of the following services:

(A) Assisting severely handicapped people to obtain personal attendants whoprovide in-home supportive services.

(B) Locating and distributing information about housing in the community usableby severely handicapped people.

(C) Providing information about financial resources available through federal, state, and local government, and private and public agencies to pay all or part of the cost of the in-home supportive services and other services needed by severely handicapped people.

25 (D) Counseling by people with similar disabilities to aid the adjustment of 26 severely handicapped people to handicaps.

(E) Operation of vans or buses equipped with wheelchair lifts to provide accessible transportation to otherwise unreachable locations in the community where services are available to severely handicapped people.

(2) A public or private nonprofit corporation described in this subdivision shall
be deemed a "public agency" only for purposes of this part and only with respect to
the employees of the independent living center.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this part, the public or private
 nonprofit corporation may elect by appropriate provision or amendment of its
 contract not to provide credit for service prior to the effective date of its contract.

36 (p) A hospital that is managed by a city legislative body in accordance with Article

8 (commencing with Section 37650) of Chapter 5 of Part 2 of Division 3 of Title 4.

(q) The Tahoe Transportation District that is established by Article IX of Section
 66801.

40 (r) The California Firefighter Joint Apprenticeship Program formed pursuant to

41 Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 3070) of Division 3 of the Labor Code.

(s) A public health department or district that is managed by the governing body 1 of a county of the 15th class, as defined by Sections 28020 and 28036, as amended 2 by Chapter 1204 of the Statutes of 1971. 3 (t) A nonprofit corporation or association conducting an agricultural fair pursuant 4 to Section 25905 may enter into a contract with the board for the participation of its 5 employees as members of this system, upon obtaining a written advisory opinion 6 from the United States Department of Labor as described in Section 20057.1. The 7 nonprofit corporation or association shall be deemed a "public agency" only for this 8 purpose. 9 (u) An auxiliary organization established pursuant to Article 2.5 (commencing 10 with Section 69522) of Chapter 2 of Part 42 of Division 5 of Title 3 of the Education 11 Code upon obtaining a written advisory opinion from the United States Department 12 of Labor as described in Section 20057.1. The auxiliary organization is a "public 13 agency" only for this purpose. 14 (v) The Western Association of Schools and Colleges upon obtaining a written 15 advisory opinion from the United States Department of Labor as described in 16 Section 20057.1. The association shall be deemed a "public agency" only for this 17 purpose. 18 (w) The State Assistance Fund for Enterprise, Business and Industrial 19 Development Corporation upon obtaining a written opinion from the United States 20 Department of Labor as described in Section 20057.1. 21 (x)(1) A private nonprofit area agency on aging as described in Section 9006 of 22 the Welfare and Institutions Code upon obtaining a written advisory opinion from 23 the United States Department of Labor as described in Section 20057.1. 24 (2) The area agency on aging shall be deemed a "public agency" only for purposes 25 of this part and only with respect to the employees of the agency. 26 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the area agency on aging 27 may elect by appropriate provision or amendment of its contract not to provide 28 credit for service prior to the effective date of its contract. 29 (y)(1) A nonprofit mutual water company operating pursuant to Chapter 1 30 (commencing with Section 14300) of Part 7 of Division 3 of Title 1 of the 31 Corporations Code, upon obtaining a written advisory opinion from the United 32 States Department of Labor as described in Section 20057.1, if both of the following 33 requirements are satisfied: 34 (A) More than 50 percent of the company's shares are owned by a municipality. 35 (B) The governing body of the company is a local public agency, as defined in 36 Section 6252 Section 7920.510 and subdivision (a) of Section 7920.525, and a 37 legislative body, as defined in Section 54952. 38 (2) A nonprofit mutual water company that meets the requirements specified in 39 paragraph (1) shall be deemed a "public agency" only for the purposes of this part 40 and only with respect to the employees of the agency. 41 (3) A nonprofit mutual water company that meets the requirements specified in 42 paragraph (1) shall be deemed a "public agency" for purposes of this part only if it 43

complies with the provisions of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

2 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 and Chapter

9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5.

4 **Comment.** Section 20057 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

5 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

6 Reports (2019).

## 7 § 22854.5 (amended). Required disclosures

8 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 22854.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

9 22854.5. (a) A health benefit plan or contractor, or an entity offering services 10 relating to the administration of health benefit plans to members and annuitants, 11 shall disclose to the board, staff, and any contractor or consultant of the system, the 12 cost, utilization, actual claim payments, and contract allowance amounts for health 13 care services rendered by participating hospitals to each member and annuitant.

(b) The information specified in subdivision (a) shall be deemed confidential 14 information and protected in accordance with the federal Health Insurance 15 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg), the final 16 regulations issued pursuant to the act by the United States Department of Health and 17 Human Services (45 C.F.R. Parts 160 and 164), and the Confidentiality of Medical 18 Information Act (Part 2.6 (commencing with Section 56) of Division 1 of the Civil 19 Code). Information provided to the board, staff, and any contractor or consultant of 20 the system shall not include individual member or annuitant identifying information. 21

(c) The information specified in subdivision (a) shall be deemed to be confidential
 trade secret information in accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 3426.1 of the
 Civil Code and Section 1060 of the Evidence Code.

(d) The board shall not disclose the information specified in subdivision (a) in
either individual or aggregated form to any other health care service plan or insurer
or any entity offering services relating to the administration of health benefit plans,
and shall not make this information available to the public, including, but not limited
to, any summaries, compilations, or rankings derived from this information. This
information shall be used only to make decisions that materially affect the members
and annuitants of the health benefits program established by the board.

(e) Any staff, contractor, or consultant to whom information is disclosed pursuant
 to subdivision (a) shall be subject to all the restrictions in this section regarding the
 confidentiality and nondisclosure of that information.

(f) The information specified in subdivision (a), in either individual or aggregated
form, shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act
(Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1) pursuant to subdivision (k) of
Section 6254 Section 7927.705.

(g) Upon request from a hospital, the board shall, on an annual basis, provide the
 hospital a reasonable opportunity to validate the data that has been provided to the

board by a health insurer, health care service plan, or entity pursuant to subdivision(a).

3 (h) For purposes of this section:

4 (1) "Actual claim payment" means the actual amount paid by the health care plan
or administrator to the participating hospital for a health care service rendered to a
member or annuitant, exclusive of member or annuitant cost sharing and any other
payment adjustments.

8 (2) "Contract allowance amounts" means the negotiated rate that the participating 9 hospital agrees to accept as payment for a health care service rendered to a member 10 or annuitant under the provider agreement between the health plan or administrator 11 and the participating hospital.

12 (3) "Cost" means the full amount billed by the participating hospital for a health 13 care service rendered to a member or annuitant.

14 **Comment.** Section 22854.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- 15 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 16 Reports (2019).

## 17 § 24102 (amended). Appointment of deputy and revocation of appointment

18 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 24102 of the Government Code is amended to read:

19 24102. (a) An appointee shall not act as deputy until:

20 (1) A written appointment by the deputy's principal is filed with the county clerk.

(2) A copy of the appointment is filed with the county auditor, if the auditor hasso requested.

23 (3) The deputy has taken the oath of office.

(b) In its discretion, the board of supervisors of a county may require every 24 appointed deputy of that county who legally changes his or her name, delegated 25 authority, or department, within 10 days from the date of the change, to file a new 26 appointment in the same manner as the original filing. The county may maintain a 27 record of each person so required to file a new oath of office indicating whether or 28 not the person has complied. Any record maintained pursuant to this subdivision is 29 a public record subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act 30 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 31 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1). 32

(c) A revocation of the appointment of any deputy shall be made and filed in thesame manner as the appointment.

(d) Five years after the date of revocation of appointment of a deputy, the written
 oath of office subscribed to by such that deputy may be destroyed and no
 reproduction thereof need be made or preserved.

Comment. Section 24102 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

41 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make another technical change.

### 1 § 25124 (amended). Publication of ordinance

2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25124 of the Government Code is amended to read:

25124. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (c), within 15 days after the passage 3 of an ordinance it shall be published once, with the names of the members voting 4 for and against the ordinance, in a newspaper published in the county if there is one, 5 and if there is no newspaper published in the county, the ordinance shall be posted 6 in a prominent location at the board of supervisors' chambers within the 15-day 7 period and remain posted thereafter for at least one week. The local agency, at its 8 option, may include in an ordinance reclassifying land either a brief description 9 accompanied by a map of the boundaries of the property, as recited in the notice of 10 hearing, or a complete metes and bounds description accompanied by a map 11 depicting the reclassified property and adjacent properties. Except for maps, any 12 exhibit attached to and incorporated by reference in an ordinance need not be 13 published in its entirety if the publication lists all those exhibits by title or 14 description and includes a notation that a complete copy of each exhibit is on file 15 with the clerk of the board of supervisors and is available for public inspection and 16 copying in that office in accordance with the California Public Records Act, Chapter 17 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 18 Section 7920.000) of Title 1. A certificate of the clerk of the board of supervisors 19 or order entered in the minutes of the board that the ordinance has been duly 20 published or posted is prima facie proof of the publication or posting. 21

(b) The publication or posting of ordinances, as required by subdivision (a), may
be satisfied by either of the following actions:

(1) The county board of supervisors may publish a summary of a proposed 24 ordinance or proposed amendment to an existing ordinance. The summary shall be 25 prepared by an official designated by the board of supervisors. A summary shall be 26 published and a certified copy of the full text of the proposed ordinance or proposed 27 amendment shall be made available to the public upon request by the clerk of the 28 legislative body at least five days prior to the board of supervisors meeting at which 29 the proposed ordinance or amendment or alteration thereto is to be adopted. The 30 clerk also shall either post a copy of the full text of the ordinance or amendment on 31 the county's Internet Web site internet website or post a certified copy of the full 32 text in the office of the clerk five days prior to the board of supervisors meeting at 33 which the proposed ordinance or amendment or alteration is to be adopted. Within 34 15 days after adoption of the ordinance or amendment, the board of supervisors shall 35 publish a summary of the ordinance or amendment with the names of those 36 supervisors voting for and against the matter and the clerk shall make available to 37 the public, upon request, a certified copy of the full text of the adopted ordinance or 38 amendment along with the names of those supervisors voting for and against the 39 ordinance or amendment. The clerk of the board of supervisors shall also either post 40 a copy of the full text of the ordinance or amendment and the names of those 41 supervisors voting for and against the ordinance or amendment on the county's 42 Internet Web site internet website or shall post in the office of the clerk of the board 43

of supervisors a certified copy of the full text of the ordinance or amendment along
with the vote information specified in this paragraph.

(2) If the county official designated by the board of supervisors determines that it 3 is not feasible to prepare a fair and adequate summary of the proposed or adopted 4 ordinance or amendment, and if the board of supervisors so orders, a display 5 advertisement of at least one-quarter of a page in a newspaper of general circulation 6 in the county shall be published at least five days prior to the board of supervisors 7 meeting at which the proposed ordinance or amendment or alteration thereto is to 8 be adopted. Within 15 days after adoption of the ordinance or amendment, a display 9 advertisement of at least one-quarter of a page shall be published. The advertisement 10 shall indicate the general nature of, and provide information about, the proposed or 11 adopted ordinance or amendment, including information sufficient to enable the 12 public to obtain copies of the complete text of such the ordinance or amendment, 13 and the names of those supervisors voting for and against the ordinance or 14 amendment. 15

(c) If the clerk of the board of supervisors fails to publish an ordinance within 15
 days after the date of adoption, the ordinance shall not take effect until 30 days after
 the date of publication.

Comment. Section 25124 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019)

21 Reports (2019).

22 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

23 § 26908.5 (amended). Auditor's records and public access

24 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 26908.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

25 26908.5. (a) As used in this section "auditor" includes an elected or appointed
26 officer or full-time employee of a county or a special district who is compensated,
27 but does not include an independent contractor.

(b) All books, papers, records, and correspondence of an auditor pertaining to his
or her the auditor's work are public records subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing
with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)
of Title 1 and shall be filed at any of the regularly maintained offices of the auditor.
However, none of the following items or papers of which these items are a part may

- be released to the public by the auditor or his or her the auditor's employees:
- (1) Personal papers and correspondence of any person providing assistance to the auditor when that person has requested in writing that his or her the person's papers and correspondence be kept private and confidential. Those papers and that correspondence shall become public records if the written request is withdrawn or upon the order of the auditor.

(2) Papers, correspondence, memoranda, or any substantive information
 pertaining to any audit not completed.

1 (3) Papers, correspondence, or memoranda pertaining to any audit that has been

completed, which papers, correspondence, or memoranda are not used in support of
 any report resulting from the audit.

4 **Comment.** Section 26908.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

7 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## 8 § 27394 (amended). Electronic recording delivery system

9 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 27394 of the Government Code is amended to read:

10 27394. (a) To be eligible to establish an electronic recording delivery system, a 11 county recorder shall contract with, and obtain a report from, a computer security 12 auditor selected from a list of computer security auditors approved by the Attorney 13 Ceneral

13 General.

(b) The Attorney General shall approve computer security auditors on the basis of
significant experience in the evaluation and analysis of Internet internet security
design, the conduct of security testing procedures, and specific experience
performing Internet internet penetration studies. The Attorney General shall
complete the approval of security auditors within 90 days of a request from a county
recorder. The list shall be a public record.

(c) An electronic recording delivery system shall be audited, at least once during
the first year of operation and periodically thereafter, as set forth in regulation and
in the system certification, by a computer security auditor. The computer security
auditor shall conduct security testing of the electronic recording delivery system.
The reports of the computer security auditor shall include, but not be limited to, all
of the following considerations:

(1) Safety and security of the system, including the vulnerability of the electronic
 recording delivery system to fraud or penetration.

(2) Results of testing of the system's protections against fraud or intrusion,
 including security testing and penetration studies.

30 (3) Recommendations for any additional precautions needed to ensure that the31 system is secure.

(d) Upon completion, the reports and any response to any recommendations shall
 be transmitted to the board of supervisors, the county recorder, the county district
 attorney, and the Attorney General. These reports shall be exempt from disclosure
 under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section
 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1).

(e) A computer security auditor shall have access to any aspect of an electronic
recording delivery system, in any form requested. Computer security auditor access
shall include, but not be limited to, permission for a thorough examination of source
code and the associated approved escrow facility, and necessary authorization and
assistance for a penetration study of that system.

(f) If the county recorder, a computer security auditor, a district attorney for a 1 county participating in the electronic recording delivery system, or the Attorney 2 General reasonably believes that an electronic recording delivery system is 3 vulnerable to fraud or intrusion, the county recorder, the board of supervisors, the 4 district attorney, and the Attorney General shall be immediately notified. The county 5 recorder shall immediately take the necessary steps to guard against any 6 compromise of the electronic recording delivery system, including, if necessary, the 7 suspension of an authorized submitter or of the electronic recording delivery system. 8 Comment. Section 27394 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 9 10 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

11 Reports (2019).

12 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

### 13 § 36525 (amended). City auditor's records and public access

14 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 36525 of the Government Code is amended to read:

36525. (a) As used in this section "city auditor" includes an elected or appointed
 officer or full-time employee of the city who is compensated, but does not include
 an independent contractor.

(b) All books, papers, records, and correspondence of the city auditor pertaining to his or her the auditor's work are public records subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 and shall be filed at any of the regularly maintained offices of the city auditor. However, none of the following items or papers of which these items are a part may be released to the public by the city auditor, or his or her the auditor's employees:

(1) Personal papers and correspondence of any person providing assistance to the
 city auditor when that person has requested in writing that his or her the person's
 papers and correspondence be kept private and confidential. Those papers and that
 correspondence shall become public records if the written request is withdrawn or
 upon the order of the city auditor.

30 (2) Papers, correspondence, memoranda, or any substantive information
 31 pertaining to any audit not completed.

(3) Papers, correspondence, or memoranda pertaining to any audit that has been
 completed, which papers, correspondence, or memoranda are not used in support of
 any report resulting from the audit.

Comment. Section 36525 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

38 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## 39 § 52054 (amended). Application of CPRA to Community Energy Authority

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 52054 of the Government Code is amended to read:

52054. The records of the authority shall be open to public inspection pursuant to 1 the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 2 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1). 3 Comment. Section 52054 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 4 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 5 Reports (2019). 6 § 53087.8 (amended). Internet website of independent special district 7 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 53087.8 of the Government Code is amended to read: 8 53087.8. (a)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (b), beginning on January 1, 9 2020, every independent special district, as defined in Section 56044, shall maintain 10 an Internet Web site internet website. 11 (2) The Internet Web site internet website required by paragraph (1) shall conform 12 to any other provisions of law applicable to the Internet Web site internet website 13 of the district, including, but not limited to, Sections 6270.5, 53893, 53908, and 14 54954.2 of this code, Article 3 (commencing with Section 7922.700) of Chapter 2 15 of Part 3 of Division 10 of Title 1 of this code, and Section 32139 of the Health and 16 Safety Code. 17 (3) The Internet Web site internet website required by paragraph (1) shall clearly 18 list contact information for the independent special district. 19 (b)(1) An independent special district shall be exempt from subdivision (a) if, 20 pursuant to a majority vote of its governing body at a regular meeting, the district 21 adopts a resolution declaring its determination that a hardship exists that prevents 22 the district from establishing or maintaining an Internet Web site internet website. 23 (2) A resolution adopted pursuant to this subdivision shall include detailed 24 findings, based upon evidence set forth in the minutes of the meeting, supporting 25 the board's determination that a hardship prevents the district from establishing or 26 maintaining an Internet Web site internet website. The findings may include, but 27 shall not be limited to, inadequate access to broadband communications network 28 facilities that enable high-speed Internet internet access, significantly limited 29 financial resources, or insufficient staff resources. 30 (3) A resolution adopted pursuant to this subdivision shall be valid for one year. 31 In order to continue to be exempt from subdivision (a), the governing body of an 32 independent special district shall adopt a resolution pursuant to this subdivision 33 annually so long as the hardship exists. 34 Comment. Section 53087.8 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 35 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 36 Reports (2019). 37 The section is also amended to make technical changes. 38 § 53170 (amended). Information or documents obtained by city, county, or other local 39

- 40 agency for purpose of issuing local identification card
- 41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 53170 of the Government Code is amended to read:

53170. (a) Information or documents obtained by a city, county, or other local 1 agency for the purpose of issuing a local identification card shall be used only for 2 the purposes of administering the identification card program or policy. This 3 information, including the name and address of any person who applies for or is 4 issued a local identification card, is exempt from disclosure under the California 5 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 6 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 7 Code), shall not be open to the public for inspection, and shall not be disclosed 8 except as required to administer the program, or as otherwise required by California 9 law, any local law governing the identification card program, or court order. This 10 section does not prohibit the disclosure of aggregate data if it is disclosed in a 11 manner that would prevent it from being used to determine the identities of the 12 persons upon whom the data is based. 13

(b) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that protecting the privacy of the
 residents of this state is an important matter of statewide concern. This section shall
 therefore apply equally to all cities and counties in this state, including charter cities
 and charter counties.

Comment. Section 53170 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019)

20 Reports (2019).

## 21 § 53232.3 (amended). Reimbursement of expenses

22 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 53232.3 of the Government Code is amended to read:

53232.3. (a) If a local agency reimburses members of a legislative body for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of official duties, then a local agency shall provide expense report forms to be filed by the members of the legislative body for reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred on behalf of the local agency in the performance of official duties. Reimbursable expenses shall include, but not be limited to, meals, lodging, and travel.

(b) Expense reports shall document that expenses meet the existing policy,
adopted pursuant to Section 53232.2, for expenditure of public resources.

(c) Members of a legislative body shall submit expense reports within a
 reasonable time after incurring the expense, as determined by the legislative body,
 and the reports shall be accompanied by the receipts documenting each expense.

(d) Members of a legislative body shall provide brief reports on meetings attended
 at the expense of the local agency at the next regular meeting of the legislative body.

(e) All documents related to reimbursable agency expenditures are public records
 subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
 Section 7920.000) of Title 1).

- 40 **Comment.** Section 53232.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 41 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 42 Reports (2019).

§ 53235.2 (amended). Record of ethical training of local agency officials 1 SEC. . Section 53235.2 of the Government Code is amended to read: 2 53235.2. (a) A local agency that requires its local agency officials to complete the 3 ethical training prescribed by this article shall maintain records indicating both of 4 the following: 5 (1) The dates that local officials satisfied the requirements of this article. 6 (2) The entity that provided the training. 7 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a local agency shall maintain 8 these records for at least five years after local officials receive the training. These 9 records are public records subject to disclosure under the California Public Records 10 Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 11 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1). 12 Comment. Section 53235.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 13 14 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). 15 § 53237.2 (amended). Records of sexual harassment prevention training and education 16 SEC. . Section 53237.2 of the Government Code is amended to read: 17 53237.2. (a) A local agency that requires its local agency officials or employees 18 to complete the sexual harassment prevention training and education prescribed by 19 this article shall maintain records indicating both of the following: 20 (1) The dates that local agency officials or employees satisfied the requirements 21 of this article. 22 (2) The entity that provided the training. 23 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, a local agency shall maintain these records for 24 at least five years after local agency officials or employees receive the training. 25 These records are public records subject to disclosure under the California Public 26 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 27 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1). 28 29 Comment. Section 53237.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 30 31 Reports (2019). 32 § 53359.7 (amended). Disclosure of information provided to California Debt and Investment **Advisory Commission** 33 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 53359.7 of the Government Code is amended to read: 34 53359.7. Current information on the items listed in Section 53359.5 is a matter of 35 public record, within the meaning of the California Public Records Act, Chapter 3.5 36 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 37 Section 7920.000) of Title 1, even if the information is physically held by an agent 38 or trustee of the public agency. Neither the legislative body, nor any of its officers, 39 agents, or trustees shall be liable in any way for making that financial information 40

41 available to anyone requesting it or for otherwise making it available to the public.

1 **Comment.** Section 53359.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

4 § 53398.51.1 (amended). Public financing authority

5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 53398.51.1 of the Government Code is amended to read:

53398.51.1. (a) The public financing authority shall have a membership consisting of one of the following, as appropriate:

8 (1) If a district has only one participating affected taxing entity, the public 9 financing authority's membership shall consist of three members of the legislative 10 body of the participating entity, and two members of the public chosen by the 11 legislative body. The appointment of the public members shall be subject to the 12 provisions of Section 54974.

(2) If a district has two or more participating affected taxing entities, the public
 financing authority's membership shall consist of a majority of members from the
 legislative bodies of the participating entities, and a minimum of two members of
 the public chosen by the legislative bodies of the participating entities. The
 appointment of the public members shall be subject to the provisions of Section
 54974.

(b) The legislative body shall ensure the public financing authority is establishedat the same time that it adopts a resolution of intention pursuant to Section 53398.59.

(c) Members of the public financing authority established pursuant to this chapter
 shall not receive compensation but may receive reimbursement for actual and
 necessary expenses incurred in the performance of official duties pursuant to Article
 2.3 (commencing with Section 53232) of Chapter 2.

(d) Members of the public financing authority are subject to Article 2.4
(commencing with Section 53234) of Chapter 2.

(e) The public financing authority created pursuant to this chapter shall be a local
public agency subject to the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with
Section 54950)), the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of
Title 1), and the Political Reform Act of 1974 (Title 9 (commencing with Section
81000)).

Comment. Section 53398.51.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

# 36 § 53753 (amended). Notice, protest, and hearing requirements for levy of new or increased 37 assessment

38 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 53753 of the Government Code is amended to read:

53753. (a) The notice, protest, and hearing requirements imposed by this section supersede any statutory provisions applicable to the levy of a new or increased assessment that is in existence on the effective date of this section, whether or not that provision is in conflict with this article. Any agency that complies with the

notice, protest, and hearing requirements of this section shall not be required to 1 comply with any other statutory notice, protest, and hearing requirements that would 2 otherwise be applicable to the levy of a new or increased assessment, with the 3 exception of Division 4.5 (commencing with Section 3100) of the Streets and 4 Highways Code. If the requirements of that division apply to the levy of a new or 5 increased assessment, the levying agency shall comply with the notice, protest, and 6 hearing requirements imposed by this section as well as with the requirements of 7 that division. 8

(b) Prior to levying a new or increased assessment, or an existing assessment that 9 is subject to the procedures and approval process set forth in Section 4 of Article 10 XIII D of the California Constitution, an agency shall give notice by mail to the 11 record owner of each identified parcel. Each notice shall include the total amount of 12 the proposed assessment chargeable to the entire district, the amount chargeable to 13 the record owner's parcel, the duration of the payments, the reason for the 14 assessment and the basis upon which the amount of the proposed assessment was 15 calculated, and the date, time, and location of a public hearing on the proposed 16 assessment. Each notice shall also include, in a conspicuous place thereon, a 17 summary of the procedures for the completion, return, and tabulation of the 18 assessment ballots required pursuant to subdivision (c), including a statement that 19 the assessment shall not be imposed if the ballots submitted in opposition to the 20 assessment exceed the ballots submitted in favor of the assessment, with ballots 21 weighted according to the proportional financial obligation of the affected property. 22 An agency shall give notice by mail at least 45 days prior to the date of the public 23 hearing upon the proposed assessment. On the face of the envelope mailed to the 24 record owner, in which the notice and ballot are enclosed, there shall appear in 25 substantially the following form in no smaller than 16-point bold type: "OFFICIAL 26 BALLOT ENCLOSED." An agency may additionally place the phrase "OFFICIAL 27 BALLOT ENCLOSED" on the face of the envelope mailed to the recorded owner, 28 in which the notice and ballot are enclosed, in a language or languages other than 29 English. 30

(c) Each notice given pursuant to subdivision (b) shall contain an assessment 31 ballot that includes the agency's address for receipt of the ballot and a place where 32 the person returning the assessment ballot may indicate his or her the person's name, 33 a reasonable identification of the parcel, and his or her the person's support or 34 opposition to the proposed assessment. Each assessment ballot shall be in a form 35 that conceals its contents once it is sealed by the person submitting the assessment 36 ballot. Each assessment ballot shall be signed and either mailed or otherwise 37 delivered to the address indicated on the assessment ballot. Regardless of the 38 method of delivery, all assessment ballots shall be received at the address indicated, 39 or the site of the public testimony, in order to be included in the tabulation of a 40 majority protest pursuant to subdivision (e). Assessment ballots shall remain sealed 41 until the tabulation of ballots pursuant to subdivision (e) commences, provided that 42 an assessment ballot may be submitted, or changed, or withdrawn by the person who 43

submitted the ballot prior to the conclusion of the public testimony on the proposed assessment at the hearing required pursuant to subdivision (d). An agency may provide an envelope for the return of the assessment ballot, provided that if the return envelope is opened by the agency prior to the tabulation of ballots pursuant to subdivision (e), the enclosed assessment ballot shall remain sealed as provided in this section.

(d) At the time, date, and place stated in the notice mailed pursuant to subdivision
(b), the agency shall conduct a public hearing upon the proposed assessment. At the
public hearing, the agency shall consider all objections or protests, if any, to the
proposed assessment. At the public hearing, any person shall be permitted to present
written or oral testimony. The public hearing may be continued from time to time.

(e)(1) At the conclusion of the public hearing conducted pursuant to subdivision 12 (d), an impartial person designated by the agency who does not have a vested 13 interest in the outcome of the proposed assessment shall tabulate the assessment 14 ballots submitted, and not withdrawn, in support of or opposition to the proposed 15 assessment. For the purposes of this section, an impartial person includes, but is not 16 limited to, the clerk of the agency. If the agency uses agency personnel for the ballot 17 tabulation, or if the agency contracts with a vendor for the ballot tabulation and the 18 vendor or its affiliates participated in the research, design, engineering, public 19 education, or promotion of the assessment, the ballots shall be unsealed and 20 tabulated in public view at the conclusion of the hearing so as to permit all interested 21 persons to meaningfully monitor the accuracy of the tabulation process. 22

(2) The governing body of the agency may, if necessary, continue the tabulation 23 at a different time or location accessible to the public, provided the governing body 24 announces the time and location at the hearing. The impartial person may use 25 technological methods of tabulating the assessment ballots, including, but not 26 limited to, punchcard or optically readable (bar-coded) assessment ballots. During 27 and after the tabulation, the assessment ballots and the information used to 28 determine the weight of each ballot shall be treated as disclosable public records, as 29 defined in Section 6252 7920.530, and equally available for inspection by the 30 proponents and the opponents of the proposed assessment. The ballots shall be 31 preserved for a minimum of two years, after which they may be destroyed as 32 provided in Sections 26202, 34090, and 60201. 33

(3) In the event that more than one of the record owners of an identified parcel submits an assessment ballot, the amount of the proposed assessment to be imposed upon the identified parcel shall be allocated to each ballot submitted in proportion to the respective record ownership interests or, if the ownership interests are not shown on the record, as established to the satisfaction of the agency by documentation provided by those record owners.

40 (4) A majority protest exists if the assessment ballots submitted, and not
41 withdrawn, in opposition to the proposed assessment exceed the assessment ballots
42 submitted, and not withdrawn, in its favor, weighting those assessment ballots by

the amount of the proposed assessment to be imposed upon the identified parcel forwhich each assessment ballot was submitted.

3 (5) If there is a majority protest against the imposition of a new assessment, or the 4 extension of an existing assessment, or an increase in an existing assessment, the

5 agency shall not impose, extend, or increase the assessment.

6 (6) The majority protest proceedings described in this subdivision shall not 7 constitute an election or voting for purposes of Article II of the California 8 Constitution or of the Elections Code.

Comment. Section 53753 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

11 Reports (2019).

12 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

13 § 53755.5 (amended). Procedures for election to impose or increase fee or charge

14 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 53755.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

15 53755.5. When an agency proposes to impose or increase any fee or charge 16 subject to Section 6 of Article XIII D of the California Constitution that is not 17 exempt from the requirements of subdivision (c) of Section 6 of Article XIII D of 18 the California Constitution, the following procedures, in addition to any other 19 procedures adopted by the agency pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 6 of Article 20 XIII D of the California Constitution, shall apply to the election:

(a) If the agency opts to submit the proposed fee or charge for approval by a twothirds vote of the registered voters residing in the affected area, the election shall be
conducted by the agency's elections official or his or her that official's designee. If
the election is conducted by the county elections official, the agency, if other than
the county, shall reimburse the county for the actual and reasonable costs incurred
by the county elections official in conducting the election.

(b) If the agency opts to submit the proposed fee or charge for approval by a
majority vote of the property owners who will be subject to the fee or charge, then
in addition to the procedures set forth in Section 6 of Article XIII D of the California
Constitution, the following procedures shall apply to the election:

(1) On the face of the envelope in which the notice of election and ballot are
mailed, there shall appear in substantially the following form in no smaller than 16point bold type: "OFFICIAL BALLOT ENCLOSED." Below that, an agency may
repeat the phrase "OFFICIAL BALLOT ENCLOSED" in a language or languages
other than English.

36 (2) The ballot shall include the agency's address for return of the ballot, the date 37 and location where the ballots will be tabulated, and a place where the person 38 returning it may indicate his or her the person's name, a reasonable identification of 39 the parcel, and his or her the person's support or opposition to the proposed fee. The 40 ballots shall be tabulated in a location accessible to the public. The ballot shall be 41 in a form that conceals its content once it is sealed by the person submitting it. The ballot shall remain sealed until the ballot tabulation pursuant to paragraph (3)commences.

(3) An impartial person designated by the agency who does not have a vested 3 interest in the outcome of the proposed fee shall tabulate the ballots submitted in 4 support of or opposition to the proposed fee. For the purposes of this section, an 5 impartial person includes, but is not limited to, the clerk of the agency. If the agency 6 uses agency personnel for the ballot tabulation, or if the agency contracts with a 7 vendor for the ballot tabulation and the vendor or its affiliates participated in the 8 research, design, engineering, public education, or promotion of the fee, the ballots 9 shall be unsealed and tabulated in public view to permit all interested persons to 10 meaningfully monitor the accuracy of the tabulation process. 11

(4) The ballot tabulation may be continued to a different time or different location 12 accessible to the public, provided that the time and location are announced at the 13 location at which the tabulation commenced and posted by the agency in a location 14 accessible to the public. The impartial person may use technological methods to 15 tabulate the ballots, including, but not limited to, punchcard or optically readable 16 (bar-coded) ballots. During and after the tabulation, the ballots and, if applicable, 17 the information used to determine the weight of each ballot, shall be treated as public 18 records, as defined in Section 6252 7920.530, subject to public disclosure and made 19 available for inspection by any interested person. The ballots shall be preserved for 20 a minimum of two years, after which they may be destroyed as provided in Sections 21 26202, 34090, and 60201. 22

(c) The proceedings described in subdivision (b) shall not constitute an election
 or voting for purposes of Article II of the California Constitution or of the Elections
 Code.

26 (d) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2014.

Comment. Section 53755.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

29 Reports (2019).

30 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## 31 § 53760.9 (amended). List of retired employees and beneficiaries

32 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 53760.9 of the Government Code is amended to read:

53760.9. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, including, but not limited to, the
 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

- 35 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1), except as
- <sup>36</sup> provided in subdivision (c), a local public entity shall provide the name and mailing
- 37 address of each retired employee, or his or her the beneficiary receiving the retired
- employee's retirement benefit, in list form, to any organization that is incorporated
- 39 as a California nonprofit mutual benefit corporation pursuant to Part 3 (commencing
- 40 with Section 7110) of Division 2 of Title 1 of the Corporations Code and qualified
- 41 pursuant to Section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), or 501(c)(5) of Title 26 of the Internal

Revenue Code for the purpose of representing retired employees of the local public
 entity, upon that organization's request, if any of the following occur:

3 (1) The local public entity began the process of participating in a neutral
4 evaluation process pursuant to Section 53760.3.

5 (2) The local public entity declared a fiscal emergency and adopted a resolution 6 by a majority vote of the governing board pursuant to Section 53760.5.

7 (3) The local public entity filed a petition pursuant to applicable federal
8 bankruptcy law on or before December 31, 2011.

(b)(1) An organization receiving a list with the name and mailing address of a 9 retired employee or his or her the beneficiary receiving the retired employee's 10 retirement benefit pursuant to subdivision (a) shall use that information only for the 11 purpose of representing the retired employee or his or her the retired employee's 12 beneficiary as a member of the organization as an interested party in a neutral 13 evaluation process pursuant to Section 53760.3, the declaration of a fiscal 14 emergency and adoption of a resolution pursuant to Section 53760.5, or a 15 bankruptcy proceeding. 16

(2) An organization that violates paragraph (1) by misusing the information in the
 list provided shall be subject to a civil penalty in the amount of twenty-five thousand
 dollars (\$25,000).

(c) Upon written request of any retired employee, or his or her the beneficiary
receiving the retired employee's retirement benefit, a local public entity shall not
disclose the name and home address of the retired employee, or his or her the
beneficiary receiving the retired employee's retirement benefit, and shall remove
the retired employee, or his or her the beneficiary receiving the retired employee's
retirement benefit, from any mailing list created by that local public entity for
compliance with subdivision (a).

(d) This section shall not affect or limit the disclosure or nondisclosure of public
 records pursuant to any other statute or decisional law.

Comment. Section 53760.9 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

32 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## 33 § 54953 (amended). Teleconference of legislative body of local agency

34 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 54953 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54953. (a) All meetings of the legislative body of a local agency shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting of the legislative

body of a local agency, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

38 (b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the legislative body of a local

39 agency may use teleconferencing for the benefit of the public and the legislative

- 40 body of a local agency in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by
- 41 law. The teleconferenced meeting or proceeding shall comply with all requirements

of this chapter and all otherwise applicable provisions of law relating to a specific
type of meeting or proceeding.

3 (2) Teleconferencing, as authorized by this section, may be used for all purposes 4 in connection with any meeting within the subject matter jurisdiction of the 5 legislative body. All votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting shall be by 6 rollcall.

(3) If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, it shall 7 post agendas at all teleconference locations and conduct teleconference meetings in 8 a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties or the 9 public appearing before the legislative body of a local agency. Each teleconference 10 location shall be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, 11 and each teleconference location shall be accessible to the public. During the 12 teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body shall 13 participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local 14 agency exercises jurisdiction, except as provided in subdivision (d). The agenda 15 shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative 16 body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3 at each teleconference location. 17

(4) For the purposes of this section, "teleconference" means a meeting of a
legislative body, the members of which are in different locations, connected by
electronic means, through either audio or video, or both. Nothing in this section
shall prohibit a local agency from providing the public with additional
teleconference locations.

(c)(1) No legislative body shall take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary
 or final.

25 (2) The legislative body of a local agency shall publicly report any action taken 26 and the vote or abstention on that action of each member present for the action.

(3) Prior to taking final action, the legislative body shall orally report a summary 27 of a recommendation for a final action on the salaries, salary schedules, or 28 compensation paid in the form of fringe benefits of a local agency executive, as 29 defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3511.1, during the open meeting in which the 30 final action is to be taken. This paragraph shall not affect the public's right under 31 the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 32 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1) to inspect 33 or copy records created or received in the process of developing the 34 recommendation. 35

(d)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions relating to a quorum in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), if a health authority conducts a teleconference meeting, members who are outside the jurisdiction of the authority may be counted toward the establishment of a quorum when participating in the teleconference if at least 50 percent of the number of members that would establish a quorum are present within the boundaries of the territory over which the authority exercises jurisdiction, and the health authority provides a teleconference number, and associated access codes, if any, that allows any person to call in to participate in the meeting and the numberand access codes are identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as discouraging health authority 3 members from regularly meeting at a common physical site within the jurisdiction 4 of the authority or from using teleconference locations within or near the jurisdiction 5 of the authority. A teleconference meeting for which a quorum is established 6 pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all other requirements of this section. 7 (3) For purposes of this subdivision, a health authority means any entity created 8 pursuant to Sections 14018.7, 14087.31, 14087.35, 14087.36, 14087.38, and 9 14087.9605 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, any joint powers authority created 10 pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5 of Division 7 11 for the purpose of contracting pursuant to Section 14087.3 of the Welfare and 12 Institutions Code, and any advisory committee to a county sponsored health plan 13 licensed pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of 14 the Health and Safety Code if the advisory committee has 12 or more members. 15

Comment. Section 54953 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 54953.5 (amended). Right to record open and public meeting of legislative body of local agency

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 54953.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54953.5. (a) Any person attending an open and public meeting of a legislative body of a local agency shall have the right to record the proceedings with an audio or video recorder or a still or motion picture camera in the absence of a reasonable finding by the legislative body of the local agency that the recording cannot continue without noise, illumination, or obstruction of view that constitutes, or would constitute, a persistent disruption of the proceedings.

(b) Any audio or video recording of an open and public meeting made for
whatever purpose by or at the direction of the local agency shall be subject to
inspection pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)
of Title 1), but, notwithstanding Section 34090, may be erased or destroyed 30 days
after the recording. Any inspection of an audio or video recording shall be provided
without charge on equipment made available by the local agency.

Comment. Section 54953.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 54956.9 (amended). Closed session of legislative body of local agency to discuss pending litigation with its legal counsel

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 54956.9 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- 41 54956.9. (a) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent a legislative
- 42 body of a local agency, based on advice of its legal counsel, from holding a closed

1 session to confer with, or receive advice from, its legal counsel regarding pending

litigation when discussion in open session concerning those matters would prejudice
the position of the local agency in the litigation.

(b) For purposes of this chapter, all expressions of the lawyer-client privilege
other than those provided in this section are hereby abrogated. This section is the
exclusive expression of the lawyer-client privilege for purposes of conducting
closed-session meetings pursuant to this chapter.

8 (c) For purposes of this section, "litigation" includes any adjudicatory proceeding,
9 including eminent domain, before a court, administrative body exercising its
10 adjudicatory authority, hearing officer, or arbitrator.

(d) For purposes of this section, litigation shall be considered pending when anyof the following circumstances exist:

13 (1) Litigation, to which the local agency is a party, has been initiated formally.

(2) A point has been reached where, in the opinion of the legislative body of the
 local agency on the advice of its legal counsel, based on existing facts and
 circumstances, there is a significant exposure to litigation against the local agency.

(3) Based on existing facts and circumstances, the legislative body of the local
 agency is meeting only to decide whether a closed session is authorized pursuant to
 paragraph (2).

(4) Based on existing facts and circumstances, the legislative body of the local
agency has decided to initiate or is deciding whether to initiate litigation.

(e) For purposes of paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (d), "existing facts and
 circumstances" shall consist only of one of the following:

(1) Facts and circumstances that might result in litigation against the local agency
but which the local agency believes are not yet known to a potential plaintiff or
plaintiffs, which facts and circumstances need not be disclosed.

(2) Facts and circumstances, including, but not limited to, an accident, disaster,
incident, or transactional occurrence that might result in litigation against the agency
and that are known to a potential plaintiff or plaintiffs, which facts or circumstances
shall be publicly stated on the agenda or announced.

(3) The receipt of a claim pursuant to the Government Claims Act (Division 3.6
(commencing with Section 810) of Title 1 of the Government Code) or some other
written communication from a potential plaintiff threatening litigation, which claim
or communication shall be available for public inspection pursuant to Section
54957.5.

36 (4) A statement made by a person in an open and public meeting threatening37 litigation on a specific matter within the responsibility of the legislative body.

(5) A statement threatening litigation made by a person outside an open and public
meeting on a specific matter within the responsibility of the legislative body so long
as the official or employee of the local agency receiving knowledge of the threat
makes a contemporaneous or other record of the statement prior to the meeting,
which record shall be available for public inspection pursuant to Section 54957.5.
The records so created need not identify the alleged victim of unlawful or tortious

sexual conduct or anyone making the threat on their behalf, or identify a public employee who is the alleged perpetrator of any unlawful or tortious conduct upon which a threat of litigation is based, unless the identity of the person has been publicly disclosed.

(f) Nothing in this section shall require disclosure of written communications that
are privileged and not subject to disclosure pursuant to the California Public
Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division
10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1).

(g) Prior to holding a closed session pursuant to this section, the legislative body 9 of the local agency shall state on the agenda or publicly announce the paragraph of 10 subdivision (d) that authorizes the closed session. If the session is closed pursuant 11 to paragraph (1) of subdivision (d), the body shall state the title of or otherwise 12 specifically identify the litigation to be discussed, unless the body states that to do 13 so would jeopardize the agency's ability to effectuate service of process upon one 14 or more unserved parties, or that to do so would jeopardize its ability to conclude 15 existing settlement negotiations to its advantage. 16

(h) A local agency shall be considered to be a "party" or to have a "significant exposure to litigation" if an officer or employee of the local agency is a party or has significant exposure to litigation concerning prior or prospective activities or alleged activities during the course and scope of that office or employment, including litigation in which it is an issue whether an activity is outside the course and scope of the office or employment.

Comment. Section 54956.9 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 54957.2 (amended). Minute book relating to closed sessions of legislative body of local agency

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 54957.2 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54957.2. (a) The legislative body of a local agency may, by ordinance or 29 resolution, designate a clerk or other officer or employee of the local agency who 30 shall then attend each closed session of the legislative body and keep and enter in a 31 minute book a record of topics discussed and decisions made at the meeting. The 32 minute book made pursuant to this section is not a public record subject to inspection 33 pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 34 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 35 Title 1), and shall be kept confidential. The minute book shall be available only to 36 members of the legislative body or, if a violation of this chapter is alleged to have 37 occurred at a closed session, to a court of general jurisdiction wherein the local 38 agency lies. Such The minute book may, but need not, consist of a recording of the 39 closed session. 40

(b) An elected legislative body of a local agency may require that each legislative
 body all or a majority of whose members are appointed by or under the authority of

- 3 the elected legislative body keep a minute book as prescribed under subdivision (a).
- 4 **Comment.** Section 54957.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).

7 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

# 8 § 54957.5 (amended). Agendas and other writings distributed to members of legislative 9 body of local agency in connection with subject of public meeting

10 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 54957.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54957.5. (a) Notwithstanding Section 6255 7922.000 or any other law, agendas 11 of public meetings and any other writings, when distributed to all, or a majority of 12 all, of the members of a legislative body of a local agency by any person in 13 connection with a matter subject to discussion or consideration at an open meeting 14 of the body, are disclosable public records under the California Public Records Act 15 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 16 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1), and shall be made available upon 17 request without delay. However, this section shall not include any writing exempt 18 from public disclosure under Section 6253.5, 6254, 6254.3, 6254.7, 6254.15, 19 6254.16, 6254.22, or 6254.26 7924.100, 7924.105, 7924.110, 7924.510, 7924.700, 20 7926.205, 7927.410, 7927.605, 7928.300, or 7928.710, or any provision listed in 21

22 <u>Section 7920.505</u>.

(b)(1) If a writing that is a public record under subdivision (a), and that relates to
an agenda item for an open session of a regular meeting of the legislative body of a
local agency, is distributed less than 72 hours prior to that meeting, the writing shall
be made available for public inspection pursuant to paragraph (2) at the time the
writing is distributed to all, or a majority of all, of the members of the body.

(2) A local agency shall make any writing described in paragraph (1) available for
public inspection at a public office or location that the agency shall designate for
this purpose. Each local agency shall list the address of this office or location on the
agendas for all meetings of the legislative body of that agency. The local agency
also may post the writing on the local agency's Internet Web site internet website
in a position and manner that makes it clear that the writing relates to an agenda
item for an upcoming meeting.

35 (3) This subdivision shall become operative on July 1, 2008.

(c) Writings that are public records under subdivision (a) and that are distributed
during a public meeting shall be made available for public inspection at the meeting
if prepared by the local agency or a member of its legislative body, or after the
meeting if prepared by some other person. These writings shall be made available
in appropriate alternative formats upon request by a person with a disability, as
required by Section 202 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.

Sec. 12132), and the federal rules and regulations adopted in implementation 1 thereof. 2 (d) This chapter shall not be construed to prevent the legislative body of a local 3 agency from charging a fee or deposit for a copy of a public record pursuant to 4 Section 6253 7922.530, except that a surcharge shall not be imposed on persons 5 with disabilities in violation of Section 202 of the Americans with Disabilities Act 6 of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12132), and the federal rules and regulations adopted in 7 implementation thereof. 8 (e) This section shall not be construed to limit or delay the public's right to inspect 9 or obtain a copy of any record required to be disclosed under the requirements of 10 the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 11 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1). This 12 chapter shall not be construed to require a legislative body of a local agency to place 13 any paid advertisement or any other paid notice in any publication. 14 Comment. Section 54957.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 15 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 16 17 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to make a technical change. 18 § 60201 (amended). Destruction or disposition of record by legislative body of district 19 SEC. . Section 60201 of the Government Code is amended to read: 20 60201. (a) For purposes of this section, "record" means any record consisting of 21 a "writing," as defined by subdivision (f) of Section 6252 Section 7920.545. 22 (b) The legislative body of a district may destroy or dispose of any record that is 23 not expressly required by law to be filed and preserved through either of the 24 following procedures: 25 (1) The legislative body may authorize the destruction or disposition of any 26 category of records if it does both of the following: 27 (A) Adopts a resolution finding that destruction or disposition of this category of 28 records will not adversely affect any interest of the district or of the public. 29 (B) Maintains a list, by category, of the types of records destroyed or disposed of 30 that reasonably identifies the information contained in the records in each category. 31 (2) The legislative body may, by resolution, adopt and comply with a record 32 retention schedule that complies with guidelines provided by the Secretary of State 33 pursuant to Section 12236, that classifies all of the district's records by category, 34 and that establishes a standard protocol for destruction or disposition of records. 35 (c) A district is not required to photograph, reproduce, microfilm, or make a copy 36 of any record that is destroyed or disposed of pursuant to this section. 37 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or other provision of law, 38 a district may not destroy or dispose of any record that is any of the following: 39 (1) Relates to formation, change of organization, or reorganization of the district. 40 (2) An ordinance adopted by the district. However, an ordinance that has been 41 repealed or is otherwise invalid or unenforceable may be destroyed or disposed of 42

1 pursuant to this section five years after it was repealed or became invalid or 2 unenforceable.

3 (3) Minutes of any meeting of the legislative body of the district.

4 (4) Relates to any pending claim or litigation or any settlement or other disposition 5 of litigation within the past two years.

6 (5) Is the subject of any pending request made pursuant to the California Public

7 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division

8 <u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1), whether or not the district

9 maintains that the record is exempt from disclosure, until the request has been

10 granted or two years have elapsed since the district provided written notice to the 11 requester that the request has been denied.

- 12 (6) Relates to any pending construction that the district has not accepted or as to 13 which a stop notice claim legally may be presented.
- 14 (7) Relates to any nondischarged debt of the district.

15 (8) Relates to the title to real property in which the district has an interest.

16 (9) Relates to any nondischarged contract to which the district is a party.

(10) Has not fulfilled the administrative, fiscal, or legal purpose for which it wascreated or received.

(11) Is an unaccepted bid or proposal, which is less than two years old, for theconstruction or installation of any building, structure, or other public work.

(12) Specifies the amount of compensation paid to district employees or officers
or to independent contractors providing personal or professional services to the
district, or relates to expense reimbursement to district officers or employees or to
the use of district paid credit cards or any travel compensation mechanism.
However, a record described in this paragraph may be destroyed or disposed of
pursuant to this section seven years after the date of payment.

Comment. Section 60201 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

30 The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to subdivision (f) of former Section 6252, which became obsolete when subdivision (f) was relabeled as subdivision (g). Compare 2004 Cal. Stat. 31 ch. 362, § 1 (amending Section 60201 to cross-refer to "a 'writing' as defined by subdivision (f) of 32 Section 6252") with 2002 Cal. Stat. ch. 1073, § 1.5 (version of former Section 6252 in place when 33 Section 60201 was amended to cross-refer to "a 'writing' as defined by subdivision (f) of Section 34 6252"); see also 2004 Cal. Stat. ch. 937, § 1 (relabeling definition of "writing" as subdivision (g)); 35 2015 Cal. Stat. ch. 537, § 20 (version of former Section 6252 repealed by CPRA Recodification 36 Act of 2020); Section 7920.545 (continuing former Section 6252(g)'s definition of "writing"). 37

#### 38 § 62001 (amended). Community revitalization and investment authority

39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 62001 of the Government Code is amended to read:

40 62001. (a) A community revitalization and investment authority is a public body,

41 corporate and politic, with jurisdiction to carry out a community revitalization plan

42 within a community revitalization and investment area. The authority shall be

43 deemed to be the "agency" described in subdivision (b) of Section 16 of Article XVI

44 of the California Constitution for purposes of receiving tax increment revenues. The

authority shall have only those powers and duties specifically set forth in Section
 62002.

3 (b)(1) An authority may be created in any one of the following ways:

4 (A) A city, county, or city and county may adopt a resolution creating an 5 authority. The composition of the governing board shall be comprised as set forth

6 in subdivision (c).

(B) A city, county, city and county, and special district, as special district is
defined in subdivision (m) of Section 95 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, or any
combination thereof, may create an authority by entering into a joint powers
agreement pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 6500) of Division 7 of
Title 1.

(2)(A) A school entity, as defined in subdivision (f) of Section 95 of the Revenue
and Taxation Code, may not participate in an authority created pursuant to this part.
(B) A successor agency, as defined in subdivision (j) of Section 34171 of the
Health and Safety Code, may not participate in an authority created pursuant to this
part, and an entity created pursuant to this part shall not receive any portion of the
property tax revenues or other moneys distributed pursuant to Section 34188 of the
Health and Safety Code.

(3) An authority formed by a city or county that created a redevelopment agency
that was dissolved pursuant to Part 1.85 (commencing with Section 34170) of
Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code shall not become effective until the
successor agency or designated local authority for the former redevelopment agency
has adopted findings of fact stating all of the following:

(A) The agency has received a finding of completion from the Department ofFinance pursuant to Section 34179.7 of the Health and Safety Code.

(B) Former redevelopment agency assets which that are the subject of litigation against the state, where the city or county or its successor agency or designated local authority are a named plaintiff, have not been or will not be used to benefit any efforts of an authority formed under this part unless the litigation has been resolved by entry of a final judgment by any court of competent jurisdiction and any appeals have been exhausted.

(C) The agency has complied with all orders of the Controller pursuant to Section
 34167.5 of the Health and Safety Code.

(c)(1) The governing board of an authority created pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) shall be appointed by the legislative body of the city, county, or city and county that created the authority and shall include three members of the legislative body of the city, county, or city and county that created the authority and county that created the authority and two public members. The appointment of the two public members shall be subject to Section 54974. The two public members shall live or work within the community revitalization and investment area.

(2) The governing body of the authority created pursuant to subparagraph (B) of
 paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) shall be comprised of a majority of members from
 the legislative bodies of the public agencies that created the authority and a

minimum of two public members who live or work within the community
revitalization and investment area. The majority of the board shall appoint the public
members to the governing body. The appointment of the public members shall be
subject to Section 54974.

(d) An authority may carry out a community revitalization plan within a
community revitalization and investment area. Not less than 80 percent of the land
calculated by census tracts, census block groups, as defined by the United States
Census Bureau, or any combination of both within the area shall be characterized
by both of the following conditions:

10 (1) An annual median household income that is less than, at the option of the 11 authority, 80 percent of the statewide, countywide, or citywide annual median 12 income.

13 (2) Three of the following four conditions:

(A) An unemployment rate that is at least 3 percentage points higher than the statewide average annual unemployment rate, as defined by the report on labor market information published by the Employment Development Department in March of the year in which the community revitalization plan is prepared. In determining the unemployment rate within the community revitalization and investment area, an authority may use unemployment data from the periodic American Community Survey published by the United States Census Bureau.

(B) Crime rates, as documented by records maintained by the law enforcement 21 agency that has jurisdiction in the proposed plan area for violent or property crime 22 offenses, that are at least 5 percent higher than the statewide average crime rate for 23 violent or property crime offenses, as defined by the most recent annual report of 24 the Criminal Justice Statistics Center within the Department of Justice, when data 25 is available on the Attorney General's Internet Web site internet website. The crime 26 rate shall be calculated by taking the local crime incidents for violent or property 27 crimes, or any offense within those categories, for the most recent calendar year for 28 which the Department of Justice maintains data, divided by the total population of 29 the proposed plan area, multiplied by 100,000. If the local crime rate for the 30 proposed plan area exceeds the statewide average rate for either violent or property 31 crime, or any offense within these categories, by more than 5 percent, then the 32 condition described in this subparagraph shall be met. 33

34 (C) Deteriorated or inadequate infrastructure, including streets, sidewalks, water
 35 supply, sewer treatment or processing, and parks.

36 (D) Deteriorated commercial or residential structures.

(e) As an alternative to subdivision (d), an authority may also carry out a
 community revitalization plan within a community revitalization and investment
 area if it meets either of the following conditions:

(1) The area is established within a former military base that is principally
characterized by deteriorated or inadequate infrastructure and structures.
Notwithstanding subdivision (c), the governing board of an authority established

within a former military base shall include a member of the military base closure
commission as a public member.

3 (2) The census tracts or census block groups, as defined by the United States 4 Census Bureau, within the area are situated within a disadvantaged community as

5 described in Section 39711 of the Health and Safety Code.

(f) An authority created pursuant to this part shall be a local public agency subject 6 to the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 7 of Division 2 of Title 5), the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 8 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 9 Section 7920.000) of Title 1), and the Political Reform Act of 1974 (Title 9 10 (commencing with Section 81000)). 11 (g)(1) At any time after the authority is authorized to transact business and 12 exercise its powers, the legislative body or bodies of the local government or 13 governments that created the authority may appropriate the amounts the legislative 14

body or bodies deem necessary for the administrative expenses and overhead of the
 authority.

(2) The money appropriated may be paid to the authority as a grant to defray the expenses and overhead, or as a loan to be repaid upon the terms and conditions as the legislative body may provide. If appropriated as a loan, the property owners and residents within the plan area shall be made third-party beneficiaries of the repayment of the loan. In addition to the common understanding and usual interpretation of the term, "administrative expense" includes, but is not limited to, expenses of planning and dissemination of information.

24 **Comment.** Section 62001 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

27 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

#### 28 § 62262 (amended). Application of Ralph M. Brown Act, CPRA, and Political Reform Act

29 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 62262 of the Government Code is amended to read:

30 62262. An authority created pursuant to this division shall be a local public agency

subject to the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950)

of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5), the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5

33 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

34 Section 7920.000) of Title 1), and the Political Reform Act of 1974 (Title 9

35 (commencing with Section 81000)).

36 **Comment.** Section 62262 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 63048.63 (amended). Legislative findings and declarations relating to financial and legal records of California Indian tribes and tribal business enterprises

- 41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 63048.63 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 42 63048.63. (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares:

(1) The financial and legal records of California Indian tribes and tribal business
 enterprises are records of a sovereign nation and are not subject to disclosure by
 private citizens or the state. This is explicitly recognized in amendments to tribal state gaming compacts ratified by the Legislature, which provide for the
 securitization of annual payments to be received from the tribes by the state or by
 an agency, trust, fund, or entity specified by the state.

(2) In order to review the records of any Indian tribe relative to this securitization,
 the compacts require the execution of nondisclosure agreements.

9 (3) State entities statutorily charged with participating in the bond sale cannot 10 perform those duties in the absence of that agreement, and the Legislature hereby 11 acknowledges and agrees that documents containing tribal information are not 12 public records, shall not be discussed in an open meeting, and that state officials 13 privy to that information may execute nondisclosure agreements.

(b) Nothing in Chapter 3.5 of Division 7 of Title 1 (commencing with Section 14 6250) Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 or any other 15 provision of law shall permit the disclosure of any records of an Indian tribe received 16 by the state, or by an agency, trust fund, or entity specified by the state, in connection 17 with the sale of any portions of the designated tribal-state gaming compact assets or 18 the issuance of bonds, or any summaries or analyses thereof. The transmission of 19 the records, or the information contained in those records in an alternative form, to 20 the state or the special purpose trust shall not constitute a waiver of exemption from 21 disclosure, and the records and information once transmitted to the state or special 22 purpose trust shall be subject to this same exemption from disclosure. 23

(c) The state and the special purpose trust are authorized to enter into
 nondisclosure agreements with Indian tribes agreeing not to disclose the materials
 described in subdivision (b).

(d) The nondisclosure agreements may include provisions limiting the
representatives of the state and the special purpose trust authorized to review or
receive records of the Indian tribe to those individuals directly working on the sale
of portions of the designated compact assets or the issuance of the bonds.

(e) Nothing in Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1
of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code shall be construed to prevent the
bank from conducting a closed session to consider any records or information of an
Indian tribe or any summaries or analyses thereof received by the state in connection
with the sale of any portion of the compact assets or the issuance of bonds.

Comment. Section 63048.63 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

# 39 § 65913.4 (amended). Streamlined, ministerial approval process for development 40 application

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 65913.4 of the Government Code is amended to read:

1 65913.4. (a) A development proponent may submit an application for a 2 development that is subject to the streamlined, ministerial approval process 3 provided by subdivision (b) and is not subject to a conditional use permit if the 4 development satisfies all of the following objective planning standards:

5 (1) The development is a multifamily housing development that contains two or 6 more residential units.

7 (2) The development is located on a site that satisfies all of the following:

8 (A) A site that is a legal parcel or parcels located in a city if, and only if, the city 9 boundaries include some portion of either an urbanized area or urban cluster, as 10 designated by the United States Census Bureau, or, for unincorporated areas, a legal 11 parcel or parcels wholly within the boundaries of an urbanized area or urban cluster, 12 as designated by the United States Census Bureau.

(B) A site in which at least 75 percent of the perimeter of the site adjoins parcels
that are developed with urban uses. For the purposes of this section, parcels that are
only separated by a street or highway shall be considered to be adjoined.

(C) A site that is zoned for residential use or residential mixed-use development, 16 or has a general plan designation that allows residential use or a mix of residential 17 and nonresidential uses, with at least two-thirds of the square footage of the 18 development designated for residential use. Additional density, floor area, and units, 19 and any other concession, incentive, or waiver of development standards granted 20 pursuant to the Density Bonus Law in Section 65915 shall be included in the square 21 footage calculation. The square footage of the development shall not include 22 underground space, such as basements or underground parking garages. 23

(3)(A) The development proponent has committed to record, prior to the issuance
of the first building permit, a land use restriction or covenant providing that any
lower or moderate income housing units required pursuant to subparagraph (B) of
paragraph (4) shall remain available at affordable housing costs or rent to persons
and families of lower or moderate income for no less than the following periods of
time:

30 (i) Fifty-five years for units that are rented.

31 (ii) Forty-five years for units that are owned.

(B) The city or county shall require the recording of covenants or restrictions
 implementing this paragraph for each parcel or unit of real property included in the
 development.

35 (4) The development satisfies subparagraphs (A) and (B) below:

(A) Is located in a locality that the department has determined is subject to this
subparagraph on the basis that the number of units that have been issued building
permits, as shown on the most recent production report received by the department,
is less than the locality's share of the regional housing needs, by income category,
for that reporting period. A locality shall remain eligible under this subparagraph
until the department's determination for the next reporting period.
(B) The development is subject to a requirement mandating a minimum

42 (B) The development is subject to a requirement mandating a minimum43 percentage of below market rate housing based on one of the following:

(i) The locality did not submit its latest production report to the department by the
time period required by Section 65400, or that production report reflects that there
were fewer units of above moderate-income housing issued building permits than
were required for the regional housing needs assessment cycle for that reporting
period. In addition, if the project contains more than 10 units of housing, the project
does either of the following:

(I) The project dedicates a minimum of 10 percent of the total number of units to
housing affordable to households making at or below 80 percent of the area median
income. However, if the locality has adopted a local ordinance that requires that
greater than 10 percent of the units be dedicated to housing affordable to households
making below 80 percent of the area median income, that local ordinance applies.

(II)(ia) If the project is located within the San Francisco Bay area, the project, in 12 lieu of complying with subclause (I), dedicates 20 percent of the total number of 13 units to housing affordable to households making below 120 percent of the area 14 median income with the average income of the units at or below 100 percent of the 15 area median income. However, a local ordinance adopted by the locality applies if 16 it requires greater than 20 percent of the units be dedicated to housing affordable to 17 households making at or below 120 percent of the area median income, or requires 18 that any of the units be dedicated at a level deeper than 120 percent. In order to 19 comply with this subclause, the rent or sale price charged for units that are dedicated 20 to housing affordable to households between 80 percent and 120 percent of the area 21 median income shall not exceed 30 percent of the gross income of the household. 22

(ib) For purposes of this subclause, "San Francisco Bay area" means the entire
area within the territorial boundaries of the Counties of Alameda, Contra Costa,
Marin, Napa, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Solano, and Sonoma, and the City and County
of San Francisco.

(ii) The locality's latest production report reflects that there were fewer units of 27 housing issued building permits affordable to either very low income or low-income 28 households by income category than were required for the regional housing needs 29 assessment cycle for that reporting period, and the project seeking approval 30 dedicates 50 percent of the total number of units to housing affordable to households 31 making at or below 80 percent of the area median income. However, if the locality 32 has adopted a local ordinance that requires that greater than 50 percent of the units 33 be dedicated to housing affordable to households making at or below 80 percent of 34 the area median income, that local ordinance applies. 35

(iii) The locality did not submit its latest production report to the department by
the time period required by Section 65400, or if the production report reflects that
there were fewer units of housing affordable to both income levels described in
clauses (i) and (ii) that were issued building permits than were required for the
regional housing needs assessment cycle for that reporting period, the project
seeking approval may choose between utilizing clause (i) or (ii).

42 (C)(i) A development proponent that uses a unit of affordable housing to satisfy 43 the requirements of subparagraph (B) may also satisfy any other local or state 1 requirement for affordable housing, including local ordinances or the Density Bonus

Law in Section 65915, provided that the development proponent complies with the applicable requirements in the state or local law.

(ii) A development proponent that uses a unit of affordable housing to satisfy any
other state or local affordability requirement may also satisfy the requirements of
subparagraph (B), provided that the development proponent complies with
applicable requirements of subparagraph (B).

8 (iii) A development proponent may satisfy the affordability requirements of 9 subparagraph (B) with a unit that is restricted to households with incomes lower 10 than the applicable income limits required in subparagraph (B).

(5) The development, excluding any additional density or any other concessions, 11 incentives, or waivers of development standards granted pursuant to the Density 12 Bonus Law in Section 65915, is consistent with objective zoning standards, 13 objective subdivision standards, and objective design review standards in effect at 14 the time that the development is submitted to the local government pursuant to this 15 section. For purposes of this paragraph, "objective zoning standards," "objective 16 subdivision standards," and "objective design review standards" mean standards 17 that involve no personal or subjective judgment by a public official and are 18 uniformly verifiable by reference to an external and uniform benchmark or criterion 19 available and knowable by both the development applicant or proponent and the 20 public official before submittal. These standards may be embodied in alternative 21 objective land use specifications adopted by a city or county, and may include, but 22 are not limited to, housing overlay zones, specific plans, inclusionary zoning 23 ordinances, and density bonus ordinances, subject to the following: 24

(A) A development shall be deemed consistent with the objective zoning
standards related to housing density, as applicable, if the density proposed is
compliant with the maximum density allowed within that land use designation,
notwithstanding any specified maximum unit allocation that may result in fewer
units of housing being permitted.

30 (B) In the event that objective zoning, general plan, subdivision, or design review 31 standards are mutually inconsistent, a development shall be deemed consistent with 32 the objective zoning and subdivision standards pursuant to this subdivision if the 33 development is consistent with the standards set forth in the general plan.

34 (C) The amendments to this subdivision made by the act adding this subparagraph 35 do not constitute a change in, but are declaratory of, existing law.

36 (6) The development is not located on a site that is any of the following:

(A) A coastal zone, as defined in Division 20 (commencing with Section 30000)
 of the Public Resources Code.

(B) Either prime farmland or farmland of statewide importance, as defined
 pursuant to United States Department of Agriculture land inventory and monitoring
 criteria, as modified for California, and designated on the maps prepared by the
 Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the Department of Conservation, or

land zoned or designated for agricultural protection or preservation by a local ballot
 measure that was approved by the voters of that jurisdiction.

3 (C) Wetlands, as defined in the United States Fish and Wildlife Service Manual,
4 Part 660 FW 2 (June 21, 1993).

(D) Within a very high fire hazard severity zone, as determined by the Department 5 of Forestry and Fire Protection pursuant to Section 51178, or within a high or very 6 high fire hazard severity zone as indicated on maps adopted by the Department of 7 Forestry and Fire Protection pursuant to Section 4202 of the Public Resources Code. 8 This subparagraph does not apply to sites excluded from the specified hazard zones 9 by a local agency, pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 51179, or sites that have 10 adopted fire hazard mitigation measures pursuant to existing building standards or 11 state fire mitigation measures applicable to the development. 12 (E) A hazardous waste site that is listed pursuant to Section 65962.5 or a 13

hazardous waste site designated by the Department of Toxic Substances Control
pursuant to Section 25356 of the Health and Safety Code, unless the State
Department of Public Health, State Water Resources Control Board, or Department
of Toxic Substances Control has cleared the site for residential use or residential
mixed uses.

(F) Within a delineated earthquake fault zone as determined by the State
Geologist in any official maps published by the State Geologist, unless the
development complies with applicable seismic protection building code standards
adopted by the California Building Standards Commission under the California
Building Standards Law (Part 2.5 (commencing with Section 18901) of Division 13
of the Health and Safety Code), and by any local building department under Chapter
12.2 (commencing with Section 8875) of Division 1 of Title 2.

(G) Within a special flood hazard area subject to inundation by the 1 percent 26 annual chance flood (100-year flood) as determined by the Federal Emergency 27 Management Agency in any official maps published by the Federal Emergency 28 Management Agency. If a development proponent is able to satisfy all applicable 29 federal qualifying criteria in order to provide that the site satisfies this subparagraph 30 and is otherwise eligible for streamlined approval under this section, a local 31 government shall not deny the application on the basis that the development 32 proponent did not comply with any additional permit requirement, standard, or 33 action adopted by that local government that is applicable to that site. A 34 development may be located on a site described in this subparagraph if either of the 35 following are met: 36

(i) The site has been subject to a Letter of Map Revision prepared by the Federal
 Emergency Management Agency and issued to the local jurisdiction.

(ii) The site meets Federal Emergency Management Agency requirements
necessary to meet minimum flood plain management criteria of the National Flood
Insurance Program pursuant to Part 59 (commencing with Section 59.1) and Part 60
(commencing with Section 60.1) of Subchapter B of Chapter I of Title 44 of the
Code of Federal Regulations.

(H) Within a regulatory floodway as determined by the Federal Emergency 1 Management Agency in any official maps published by the Federal Emergency 2 Management Agency, unless the development has received a no-rise certification in 3 accordance with Section 60.3(d)(3) of Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations. 4 If a development proponent is able to satisfy all applicable federal qualifying criteria 5 in order to provide that the site satisfies this subparagraph and is otherwise eligible 6 for streamlined approval under this section, a local government shall not deny the 7 application on the basis that the development proponent did not comply with any 8 additional permit requirement, standard, or action adopted by that local government 9 that is applicable to that site. 10

(I) Lands identified for conservation in an adopted natural community
conservation plan pursuant to the Natural Community Conservation Planning Act
(Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 2800) of Division 3 of the Fish and Game
Code), habitat conservation plan pursuant to the federal Endangered Species Act of
1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.), or other adopted natural resource protection
plan.

(J) Habitat for protected species identified as candidate, sensitive, or species of special status by state or federal agencies, fully protected species, or species protected by the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.), the California Endangered Species Act (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050) of Division 3 of the Fish and Game Code), or the Native Plant Protection Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 1900) of Division 2 of the Fish and Game Code).

- 24 (K) Lands under conservation easement.
- 25 (7) The development is not located on a site where any of the following apply:
- 26 (A) The development would require the demolition of the following types of27 housing:
- (i) Housing that is subject to a recorded covenant, ordinance, or law that restricts
   rents to levels affordable to persons and families of moderate, low, or very low
   income.

(ii) Housing that is subject to any form of rent or price control through a publicentity's valid exercise of its police power.

- 33 (iii) Housing that has been occupied by tenants within the past 10 years.
- (B) The site was previously used for housing that was occupied by tenants that
   was demolished within 10 years before the development proponent submits an
   application under this section.
- (C) The development would require the demolition of a historic structure that was
   placed on a national, state, or local historic register.
- (D) The property contains housing units that are occupied by tenants, and units at
   the property are, or were, subsequently offered for sale to the general public by the
   subdivider or subsequent owner of the property.
- 42 (8) The development proponent has done both of the following, as applicable:
- 43 (A) Certified to the locality that either of the following is true, as applicable:

(i) The entirety of the development is a public work for purposes of Chapter 1
 (commencing with Section 1720) of Part 7 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.

(ii) If the development is not in its entirety a public work, that all construction 3 workers employed in the execution of the development will be paid at least the 4 general prevailing rate of per diem wages for the type of work and geographic area, 5 as determined by the Director of Industrial Relations pursuant to Sections 1773 and 6 1773.9 of the Labor Code, except that apprentices registered in programs approved 7 by the Chief of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards may be paid at least the 8 applicable apprentice prevailing rate. If the development is subject to this 9 subparagraph, then for those portions of the development that are not a public work 10 all of the following shall apply: 11

(I) The development proponent shall ensure that the prevailing wage requirementis included in all contracts for the performance of the work.

(II) All contractors and subcontractors shall pay to all construction workers employed in the execution of the work at least the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, except that apprentices registered in programs approved by the Chief of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards may be paid at least the applicable apprentice prevailing rate.

(III) Except as provided in subclause (V), all contractors and subcontractors shall
 maintain and verify payroll records pursuant to Section 1776 of the Labor Code and
 make those records available for inspection and copying as provided therein.

(IV) Except as provided in subclause (V), the obligation of the contractors and 22 subcontractors to pay prevailing wages may be enforced by the Labor 23 Commissioner through the issuance of a civil wage and penalty assessment pursuant 24 to Section 1741 of the Labor Code, which may be reviewed pursuant to Section 25 1742 of the Labor Code, within 18 months after the completion of the development, 26 by an underpaid worker through an administrative complaint or civil action, or by a 27 joint labor-management committee through a civil action under Section 1771.2 of 28 the Labor Code. If a civil wage and penalty assessment is issued, the contractor, 29 subcontractor, and surety on a bond or bonds issued to secure the payment of wages 30 covered by the assessment shall be liable for liquidated damages pursuant to Section 31 1742.1 of the Labor Code. 32

(V) Subclauses (III) and (IV) shall not apply if all contractors and subcontractors performing work on the development are subject to a project labor agreement that requires the payment of prevailing wages to all construction workers employed in the execution of the development and provides for enforcement of that obligation through an arbitration procedure. For purposes of this clause, "project labor agreement" has the same meaning as set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 2500 of the Public Contract Code.

40 (VI) Notwithstanding subdivision (c) of Section 1773.1 of the Labor Code, the 41 requirement that employer payments not reduce the obligation to pay the hourly 42 straight time or overtime wages found to be prevailing shall not apply if otherwise 43 provided in a bona fide collective bargaining agreement covering the worker. The 1 requirement to pay at least the general prevailing rate of per diem wages does not

2 preclude use of an alternative workweek schedule adopted pursuant to Section 511

3 or 514 of the Labor Code.

4 (B)(i) For developments for which any of the following conditions apply, certified 5 that a skilled and trained workforce shall be used to complete the development if 6 the application is approved:

(I) On and after January 1, 2018, until December 31, 2021, the development
consists of 75 or more units with a residential component that is not 100 percent
subsidized affordable housing and will be located within a jurisdiction located in a
coastal or bay county with a population of 225,000 or more.

(II) On and after January 1, 2022, until December 31, 2025, the development
 consists of 50 or more units with a residential component that is not 100 percent
 subsidized affordable housing and will be located within a jurisdiction located in a
 coastal or bay county with a population of 225,000 or more.

(III) On and after January 1, 2018, until December 31, 2019, the development consists of 75 or more units with a residential component that is not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing and will be located within a jurisdiction with a population of fewer than 550 000 and that is not located in a coastal or hav county

population of fewer than 550,000 and that is not located in a coastal or bay county. (IV) On and after January 1, 2020, until December 31, 2021, the development consists of more than 50 units with a residential component that is not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing and will be located within a jurisdiction with a population of fewer than 550,000 and that is not located in a coastal or bay county. (V) On and after January 1, 2022, until December 31, 2025, the development consists of more than 25 units with a residential component that is not 100 percent

subsidized affordable housing and will be located within a jurisdiction with a
population of fewer than 550,000 and that is not located in a coastal or bay county.
(ii) For purposes of this section, "skilled and trained workforce" has the same

meaning as provided in Chapter 2.9 (commencing with Section 2600) of Part 1 of
 Division 2 of the Public Contract Code.

(iii) If the development proponent has certified that a skilled and trained
 workforce will be used to complete the development and the application is
 approved, the following shall apply:

(I) The applicant shall require in all contracts for the performance of work that
 every contractor and subcontractor at every tier will individually use a skilled and
 trained workforce to complete the development.

(II) Every contractor and subcontractor shall use a skilled and trained workforceto complete the development.

(III) Except as provided in subclause (IV), the applicant shall provide to the
locality, on a monthly basis while the development or contract is being performed,
a report demonstrating compliance with Chapter 2.9 (commencing with Section
2600) of Part 1 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code. A monthly report
provided to the locality pursuant to this subclause shall be a public record under the
California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

1 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1) and shall be

2 open to public inspection. An applicant that fails to provide a monthly report

demonstrating compliance with Chapter 2.9 (commencing with Section 2600) of

4 Part 1 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code shall be subject to a civil penalty
5 of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per month for each month for which the report has

of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per month for each month for which the report has
not been provided. Any contractor or subcontractor that fails to use a skilled and
trained workforce shall be subject to a civil penalty of two hundred dollars (\$200)
per day for each worker employed in contravention of the skilled and trained
workforce requirement. Penalties may be assessed by the Labor Commissioner
within 18 months of completion of the development using the same procedures for
issuance of civil wage and penalty assessments pursuant to Section 1741 of the
Labor Code, and may be reviewed pursuant to the same procedures in Section 1742

of the Labor Code. Penalties shall be paid to the State Public Works Enforcement
 Fund.

(IV) Subclause (III) shall not apply if all contractors and subcontractors performing work on the development are subject to a project labor agreement that requires compliance with the skilled and trained workforce requirement and provides for enforcement of that obligation through an arbitration procedure. For purposes of this subparagraph, "project labor agreement" has the same meaning as set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 2500 of the Public Contract Code.

(C) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B), a development that is subject to
 approval pursuant to this section is exempt from any requirement to pay prevailing
 wages or use a skilled and trained workforce if it meets both of the following:

25 (i) The project includes 10 or fewer units.

(ii) The project is not a public work for purposes of Chapter 1 (commencing with
Section 1720) of Part 7 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.

(9) The development did not or does not involve a subdivision of a parcel that is,
or, notwithstanding this section, would otherwise be, subject to the Subdivision Map
Act (Division 2 (commencing with Section 66410)) or any other applicable law
authorizing the subdivision of land, unless the development is consistent with all
objective subdivision standards in the local subdivision ordinance, and either of the
following apply:

(A) The development has received or will receive financing or funding by means
of a low-income housing tax credit and is subject to the requirement that prevailing
wages be paid pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (8).

(B) The development is subject to the requirement that prevailing wages be paid,and a skilled and trained workforce used, pursuant to paragraph (8).

(10) The development shall not be upon an existing parcel of land or site that is
governed under the Mobilehome Residency Law (Chapter 2.5 (commencing with
Section 798) of Title 2 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Civil Code), the Recreational
Vehicle Park Occupancy Law (Chapter 2.6 (commencing with Section 799.20) of
Title 2 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Civil Code), the Mobilehome Parks Act (Part

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1 2.1 (commencing with Section 18200) of Division 13 of the Health and Safety 2 Code), or the Special Occupancy Parks Act (Part 2.3 (commencing with Section

3 18860) of Division 13 of the Health and Safety Code).

(b)(1) If a local government determines that a development submitted pursuant to
this section is in conflict with any of the objective planning standards specified in
subdivision (a), it shall provide the development proponent written documentation
of which standard or standards the development conflicts with, and an explanation
for the reason or reasons the development conflicts with that standard or standards,
as follows:

(A) Within 60 days of submittal of the development to the local government
 pursuant to this section if the development contains 150 or fewer housing units.

(B) Within 90 days of submittal of the development to the local government
 pursuant to this section if the development contains more than 150 housing units.

(2) If the local government fails to provide the required documentation pursuant
 to paragraph (1), the development shall be deemed to satisfy the objective planning
 standards specified in subdivision (a).

(3) For purposes of this section, a development is consistent with the objective
planning standards specified in subdivision (a) if there is substantial evidence that
would allow a reasonable person to conclude that the development is consistent with
the objective planning standards.

(c)(1) Any design review or public oversight of the development may be 21 conducted by the local government's planning commission or any equivalent board 22 or commission responsible for review and approval of development projects, or the 23 city council or board of supervisors, as appropriate. That design review or public 24 oversight shall be objective and be strictly focused on assessing compliance with 25 criteria required for streamlined projects, as well as any reasonable objective design 26 standards published and adopted by ordinance or resolution by a local jurisdiction 27 before submission of a development application, and shall be broadly applicable to 28 development within the jurisdiction. That design review or public oversight shall be 29 completed as follows and shall not in any way inhibit, chill, or preclude the 30 ministerial approval provided by this section or its effect, as applicable: 31

(A) Within 90 days of submittal of the development to the local government
 pursuant to this section if the development contains 150 or fewer housing units.

(B) Within 180 days of submittal of the development to the local government
 pursuant to this section if the development contains more than 150 housing units.

(2) If the development is consistent with the requirements of subparagraph (A) or 36 (B) of paragraph (9) of subdivision (a) and is consistent with all objective 37 subdivision standards in the local subdivision ordinance, an application for a 38 subdivision pursuant to the Subdivision Map Act (Division 2 (commencing with 39 Section 66410)) shall be exempt from the requirements of the California 40 Environmental Quality Act (Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the 41 Public Resources Code) and shall be subject to the public oversight timelines set 42 forth in paragraph (1). 43

(d)(1) Notwithstanding any other law, a local government, whether or not it has
 adopted an ordinance governing automobile parking requirements in multifamily
 developments, shall not impose automobile parking standards for a streamlined
 development that was approved pursuant to this section in any of the following
 instances:

6 (A) The development is located within one-half mile of public transit.

7 (B) The development is located within an architecturally and historically
 8 significant historic district.

9 (C) When on-street parking permits are required but not offered to the occupants 10 of the development.

(D) When there is a car share vehicle located within one block of the development.
(2) If the development does not fall within any of the categories described in

(2) If the development does not fall within any of the categories described in
 paragraph (1), the local government shall not impose automobile parking
 requirements for streamlined developments approved pursuant to this section that
 exceed one parking space per unit.

(e)(1) If a local government approves a development pursuant to this section, then,
 notwithstanding any other law, that approval shall not expire if the project includes
 public investment in housing affordability, beyond tax credits, where 50 percent of
 the units are affordable to households making at or below 80 percent of the area
 median income.

(2)(A) If a local government approves a development pursuant to this section and 21 the project does not include 50 percent of the units affordable to households making 22 at or below 80 percent of the area median income, that approval shall remain valid 23 for three years from the date of the final action establishing that approval, or if 24 litigation is filed challenging that approval, from the date of the final judgment 25 upholding that approval. Approval shall remain valid for a project provided that 26 vertical construction of the development has begun and is in progress. For purposes 27 of this subdivision, "in progress" means one of the following: 28

(i) The construction has begun and has not ceased for more than 180 days.

(ii) If the development requires multiple building permits, an initial phase has
been completed, and the project proponent has applied for and is diligently pursuing
a building permit for a subsequent phase, provided that once it has been issued, the
building permit for the subsequent phase does not lapse.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a local government may grant a project a
one-time, one-year extension if the project proponent can provide documentation
that there has been significant progress toward getting the development construction
ready, such as filing a building permit application.

(3) If a local government approves a development pursuant to this section, that
approval shall remain valid for three years from the date of the final action
establishing that approval and shall remain valid thereafter for a project so long as
vertical construction of the development has begun and is in progress. Additionally,
the development proponent may request, and the local government shall have
discretion to grant, an additional one-year extension to the original three-year

1 period. The local government's action and discretion in determining whether to

2 grant the foregoing extension shall be limited to considerations and processes set

3 forth in this section.

(f)(1) A local government shall not adopt or impose any requirement, including,
but not limited to, increased fees or inclusionary housing requirements, that applies
to a project solely or partially on the basis that the project is eligible to receive
ministerial or streamlined approval pursuant to this section.

(2) A local government shall issue a subsequent permit required for a 8 development approved under this section if the application substantially complies 9 with the development as it was approved pursuant to subdivision (b). Upon receipt 10 of an application for a subsequent permit, the local government shall process the 11 permit without unreasonable delay and shall not impose any procedure or 12 requirement that is not imposed on projects that are not approved pursuant to this 13 section. Issuance of subsequent permits shall implement the approved development, 14 and review of the permit application shall not inhibit, chill, or preclude the 15 development. For purposes of this paragraph, a "subsequent permit" means a permit 16 required subsequent to receiving approval under subdivision (b), and includes, but 17 is not limited to, demolition, grading, and building permits and final maps, if 18 necessary. 19

(g)(1) This section shall not affect a development proponent's ability to use any
 alternative streamlined by right permit processing adopted by a local government,
 including the provisions of subdivision (i) of Section 65583.2.

(2) This section shall not prevent a development from also qualifying as a housing
 development project entitled to the protections of Section 65589.5. This paragraph
 does not constitute a change in, but is declaratory of, existing law.

(h) The California Environmental Quality Act (Division 13 (commencing with
Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code) does not apply to actions taken by a
state agency, local government, or the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit
District to:

(1) Lease, convey, or encumber land owned by the local government or the San 30 Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District or to facilitate the lease, conveyance, or 31 encumbrance of land owned by the local government, or for the lease of land owned 32 by the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District in association with an eligible 33 TOD project, as defined pursuant to Section 29010.1 of the Public Utilities Code, 34 nor to any decisions associated with that lease, or to provide financial assistance to 35 a development that receives streamlined approval pursuant to this section that is to 36 be used for housing for persons and families of very low, low, or moderate income, 37 as defined in Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code. 38 (2) Approve improvements located on land owned by the local government or the 39 San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District that are necessary to implement a 40

40 development that receives streamlined approval pursuant to this section that is to be

42 used for housing for persons and families of very low, low, or moderate income, as

43 defined in Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code.

(i) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings: 1 (1) "Affordable housing cost" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 2 50052.5 of the Health and Safety Code. 3 (2) "Affordable rent" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 50053 of the 4 Health and Safety Code. 5 (3) "Department" means the Department of Housing and Community 6 Development. 7 (4) "Development proponent" means the developer who submits an application 8 for streamlined approval pursuant to this section. 9 (5) "Completed entitlements" means a housing development that has received all 10 the required land use approvals or entitlements necessary for the issuance of a 11 building permit. 12 (6) "Locality" or "local government" means a city, including a charter city, a 13 county, including a charter county, or a city and county, including a charter city and 14 county. 15 (7) "Moderate income housing units" means housing units with an affordable 16 housing cost or affordable rent for persons and families of moderate income, as that 17 term is defined in Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code. 18 (8) "Production report" means the information reported pursuant to subparagraph 19 (H) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 65400. 20 (9) "State agency" includes every state office, officer, department, division, 21 bureau, board, and commission, but does not include the California State University 22 or the University of California. 23 (10) "Subsidized" means units that are price or rent restricted such that the units 24 are affordable to households meeting the definitions of very low and lower income, 25 as defined in Sections 50079.5 and 50105 of the Health and Safety Code. 26 (11) "Reporting period" means either of the following: 27 (A) The first half of the regional housing needs assessment cycle. 28 (B) The last half of the regional housing needs assessment cycle. 29 (12) "Urban uses" means any current or former residential, commercial, public 30 institutional, transit or transportation passenger facility, or retail use, or any 31 combination of those uses. 32 (j) The department may review, adopt, amend, and repeal guidelines to implement 33 uniform standards or criteria that supplement or clarify the terms, references, or 34 standards set forth in this section. Any guidelines or terms adopted pursuant to this 35 subdivision shall not be subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) 36 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. 37 (k) The determination of whether an application for a development is subject to 38 the streamlined ministerial approval process provided by subdivision (b) is not a 39 "project" as defined in Section 21065 of the Public Resources Code. 40 (*l*) It is the policy of the state that this section be interpreted and implemented in 41 a manner to afford the fullest possible weight to the interest of, and the approval and 42

43 provision of, increased housing supply.

(m) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that 1 date is repealed. 2

Comment. Section 65913.4 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 3

- Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 4
- Reports (2019). 5

8

§ 66024 (amended). Judicial action or proceeding contending that development fee is special 6 7 tax

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 66024 of the Government Code is amended to read:

66024. (a) In any judicial action or proceeding to validate, attack, review, set 9 aside, void, or annul any ordinance or resolution providing for the imposition of a 10 development fee by any city, county, or district in which there is at issue whether 11 the development fee is a special tax within the meaning of Section 50076, the city, 12 county, or district has the burden of producing evidence to establish that the 13 development fee does not exceed the cost of the service, facility, or regulatory 14 activity for which it is imposed. 15

(b) No party may initiate any action or proceeding pursuant to subdivision (a) 16 unless both of the following requirements are met: 17

(1) The development fee was directly imposed on the party as a condition of 18 project approval. 19

(2) At least 30 days prior to initiating the action or proceeding, the party requests 20 the city, county, or district to provide a copy of the documents which that establish 21 that the development fee does not exceed the cost of the service, facility, or 22 regulatory activity for which it is imposed. In accordance with Section 6257 23 subdivision (a) of Section 7922.530, the city, county, or district may charge a fee 24 for copying the documents requested pursuant to this paragraph. 25

(c) For purposes of this section, costs shall be determined in accordance with 26 fundamental fairness and consistency of method as to the allocation of costs, 27 expenses, revenues, and other items included in the calculation. 28

Comment. Section 66024 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 29 30 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 31 Reports (2019).

32 The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to "Section 6257." That cross-reference became obsolete when former Section 6257 (1981 Cal. Stat. ch. 968, § 3.5) was repealed by 1998 Cal. Stat. 33 ch. 620, § 10. At that time, the substance of former Section 6257 was relocated to newly-added 34 Section 6253 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 5). Pursuant to the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020, 35 36 Section 6253 has in turn been repealed and recodified; the fee-related material from former Section 37 6257 is now located in Section 7922.530(a).

- 38 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

#### § 66201 (amended). Housing sustainability district 39

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 66201 of the Government Code is amended to read: 40

41 66201. (a) A city, county, or city and county, upon receipt of preliminary approval

- by the department pursuant to Section 66202, may establish by ordinance a housing 42
- sustainability district in accordance with this chapter. The city, county, or city and 43

county shall adopt the ordinance in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 4
(commencing with Section 65800).

(b) An area proposed to be designated a housing sustainability district pursuant to
 this chapter shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

5 (1) The area is an eligible location, including any adjacent area served by existing 6 infrastructure and utilities.

(2) The area is zoned to permit residential use through the ministerial issuance of
a permit. Other uses may be permitted by conditional use or other discretionary
permit, provided that the use is consistent with residential use.

(3) Density ranges for multifamily housing for which the minimum densities shall
not be less than those deemed appropriate to accommodate housing for lower
income households as set forth in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) of subdivision
(c) of Section 65583.2, and a density range for single-family attached or detached
housing for which the minimum densities shall not be less than 10 units to the acre.
A density range shall provide the minimum dwelling units per acre and the
maximum dwelling units per acre.

(4) The development of housing is permitted, consistent with neighborhoodbuilding and use patterns and any applicable building codes.

(5) Limitations or moratoriums on residential use do not apply to any of the area,other than any limitation or moratorium imposed by court order.

(6) The area is not subject to any general age or other occupancy restrictions,
except that the city, county, or city and county may allow for the development of
specific projects exclusively for the elderly or the disabled or for assisted living.

(7) Housing units comply with all applicable federal, state, and local fair housinglaws.

(8) The area of the proposed housing sustainability district does not exceed 15
 percent of the total land area under the jurisdiction of the city, county, or city and
 county unless the department approves a larger area in furtherance of the purposes
 of this chapter.

(9) The total area of all housing sustainability districts within the city, county, or
 city and county does not exceed 30 percent of the total land area under the
 jurisdiction of the city, county, or city and county.

(10) The housing sustainability district ordinance provides for the manner of
 review by an approving authority, as designated by the ordinance, pursuant to
 Section 66205 and in accordance with the rules and regulations adopted by the
 department.

(11) Development projects in the area comply with the requirements of Section
 66208, regarding the replacement of affordable housing units affected by the
 development.

(c) The city, county, or city and county may apply uniform development policies
 or standards that will apply to all projects within the housing sustainability district,
 including parking ordinances, public access ordinances, grading ordinances, hillside
 development ordinances, flood plain ordinances, habitat or conservation ordinances,

1 view protection ordinances, and requirements for reducing greenhouse gas 2 emissions.

3 (d) The city, county, or city and county may provide for mixed-use development
4 within the housing sustainability district.

(e) An amendment or repeal of a housing sustainability district ordinance shall not 5 become effective unless the department provides written approval to the city, 6 county, or city and county. The city, county, or city and county may request approval 7 of a proposed amendment or repeal by submitting a written request to the 8 department. The department shall evaluate the proposed amendment or repeal for 9 the effect of that amendment or repeal on the city's, county's, or city and county's 10 housing element. If the department does not respond to a written request for 11 amendment or repeal of an ordinance within 60 days of receipt of that request, the 12 request shall be deemed approved. 13

14 (f) The housing sustainability district ordinance shall do all of the following:

(1) Provide for an approving authority to review permit applications for
 development within the housing sustainability district in accordance with Section
 66205.

(2)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), require that at least 20 percent of the 18 residential units constructed within the housing sustainability district be affordable 19 to very low, low-, and moderate-income households and subject to a recorded 20 affordability restriction for at least 55 years. A development that is affordable to 21 persons and families whose income exceeds the income limit for persons and 22 families of moderate income shall include no less than 10 percent of the units for 23 lower income households at affordable housing cost, as defined by Section 50052.5 24 of the Health and Safety Code, unless the city, county, or city and county has 25 adopted a local ordinance that requires that a greater percentage of the units be for 26 lower income households, in which case that ordinance shall apply. 27

(B) For a city, county, or city and county that includes its entire regional housing
needs allocation pursuant to Section 65584 within the housing sustainability district,
the percentages of the total units constructed or substantially rehabilitated within the
housing sustainability district shall match the percentages in each income category
of the city's, county's, or city and county's regional housing need allocation.

33 (C) This section does not expand or contract the authority of a local government 34 to adopt an ordinance, charter amendment, general plan amendment, specific plan, 35 resolution, or other land use policy or regulation requiring that any housing 36 development contain a fixed percentage of affordable housing units.

(3) Specify that a project is not deemed to be for residential use if it is infeasiblefor actual use as a single or multifamily residence.

(4) Require that an applicant for a permit for a project within the housingsustainability district do the following, as applicable:

41 (A) Certify to the approving authority that either of the following is true, as 42 applicable: (i) That the entirety of the project is a public work for purposes of Chapter 1
(commencing with Section 1720) of Part 7 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.

(ii) If the project is not in its entirety a public work, that all construction workers 3 employed in the execution of the project will be paid at least the general prevailing 4 rate of per diem wages for the type of work and geographic area, as determined by 5 the Director of Industrial Relations pursuant to Sections 1773 and 1773.9 of the 6 Labor Code, except that apprentices registered in programs approved by the Chief 7 of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards may be paid at least the applicable 8 apprentice prevailing rate. If the approving authority approves the application, then 9 for those portions of the project that are not a public work all of the following shall 10 apply: 11

(I) The applicant shall include the prevailing wage requirement in all contracts forthe performance of the work.

(II) All contractors and subcontractors shall pay to all construction workers
 employed in the execution of the work at least the general prevailing rate of per
 diem wages, except that apprentices registered in programs approved by the Chief
 of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards may be paid at least the applicable
 apprentice prevailing rate.

(III) Except as provided in subclause (V), all contractors and subcontractors shall
 maintain and verify payroll records pursuant to Section 1776 of the Labor Code and
 make those records available for inspection and copying as provided in therein.

(IV) Except as provided in subclause (V), the obligation of the contractors and 22 subcontractors to pay prevailing wages may be enforced by the Labor 23 Commissioner through the issuance of a civil wage and penalty assessment pursuant 24 to Section 1741 of the Labor Code, which may be reviewed pursuant to Section 25 1742 of the Labor Code, within 18 months after the completion of the project, by an 26 underpaid worker through an administrative complaint or civil action, or by a joint 27 labor-management committee through a civil action under Section 1771.2 of the 28 Labor Code. If a civil wage and penalty assessment is issued, the contractor, 29 subcontractor, and surety on a bond or bonds issued to secure the payment of wages 30 covered by the assessment shall be liable for liquidated damages pursuant to Section 31 1742.1 of the Labor Code. 32

(V) Subclauses (III) and (IV) do not apply if all contractors and subcontractors performing work on the project are subject to a project labor agreement that requires the payment of prevailing wages to all construction workers employed in the execution of the project and provides for enforcement of that obligation through an arbitration procedure. For purposes of this subclause, "project labor agreement" has the same meaning as set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 2500 of the Public Contract Code.

40 (VI) Notwithstanding subdivision (c) of Section 1773.1 of the Labor Code, the 41 requirement that employer payments not reduce the obligation to pay the hourly 42 straight time or overtime wages found to be prevailing shall not apply if otherwise 43 provided in a bona fide collective bargaining agreement covering the worker. The

requirement to pay at least the general prevailing rate of per diem wages does not 1 preclude use of an alternative workweek schedule adopted pursuant to Section 511 2 or 514 of the Labor Code. 3 (B)(i) For projects for which any of the following conditions apply, certify to the 4 approving authority that a skilled and trained workforce will be used to complete 5 the project if the approving authority approves the project application: 6 (I) On and after January 1, 2018, until December 31, 2021, the project consists of 7 75 or more units that are not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing and will be 8 located within a jurisdiction located in a coastal or bay county with a population of 9 225,000 or more. 10 (II) On and after January 1, 2022, until December 31, 2025, the project consists 11 of 50 or more units that are not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing and will 12 be located within a jurisdiction located in a coastal or bay county with a population 13 of 225,000 or more. 14 (III) On and after January 1, 2018, until December 31, 2019, the project consists 15 of 75 or more units that are not 100 percent subsidized affordable housing and will 16 be located within a jurisdiction with a population of fewer than 550,000 and that is 17 not located in a coastal or bay county. 18 (IV) On and after January 1, 2020, until December 31, 2021, the project consists 19 of more than 50 units and will be located within a jurisdiction with a population of 20 fewer than 550,000 and that is not located in a coastal or bay county. 21 (V) On and after January 1, 2022, until December 31, 2025, the project consists 22 of more than 25 units and will be located within a jurisdiction with a population of 23 fewer than 550,000 and that is not located in a coastal bay county. 24 (ii) For purposes of this section, "skilled and trained workforce" has the same 25 meaning as provided in Chapter 2.9 (commencing with Section 2600) of Part 1 of 26 Division 2 of the Public Contract Code. 27 (iii) If the applicant has certified that a skilled and trained workforce will be used 28 to complete the development and the application is approved, the following shall 29 apply: 30 (I) The applicant shall require in all contracts for the performance of work that 31 every contractor and subcontractor at every tier will individually use a skilled and 32 trained workforce to complete the project. 33 (II) Every contractor and subcontractor shall use a skilled and trained workforce 34 to complete the project. 35 (III) Except as provided in subclause (IV), the applicant shall provide to the 36 approving authority, on a monthly basis while the project or contract is being 37 performed, a report demonstrating compliance with Chapter 2.9 (commencing with 38 Section 2600) of Part 1 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code. A monthly report 39 provided to the approving authority pursuant to this subclause is a public record 40 under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 41 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1) 42 and shall be open to public inspection. An applicant that fails to provide a monthly 43

report demonstrating compliance with Chapter 2.9 (commencing with Section 2600) 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code is subject to a civil penalty of 2 ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per month for each month for which the report has 3 not been provided. Any contractor or subcontractor that fails to use a skilled and 4 trained workforce is subject to a civil penalty of two hundred dollars (\$200) per day 5 for each worker employed in contravention of the skilled and trained workforce 6 requirement. Penalties may be assessed by the Labor Commissioner within 18 7 months of completion of the project using the same procedures for issuance of civil 8 wage and penalty assessments pursuant to Section 1741 of the Labor Code, and may 9 be reviewed pursuant to the same procedures in Section 1742 of the Labor Code. 10 Penalties shall be paid to the State Public Works Enforcement Fund. 11

(IV) Subclause (III) does not apply if all contractors and subcontractors performing work on the project are subject to a project labor agreement that requires compliance with the skilled and trained workforce requirement and provides for enforcement of that obligation through an arbitration procedure. For purposes of this subparagraph, "project labor agreement" has the same meaning as set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 2500 of the Public Contract Code.

18 (C) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B), a project within a housing 19 sustainability district that is subject to approval by the approving authority is exempt 20 from any requirement to pay prevailing wages or use a skilled and trained workforce 21 if it meets both of the following:

22 (i) The project includes 10 or fewer units.

(ii) The project is not a public work for purposes of Chapter 1 (commencing with
Section 1720) of Part 7 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.

(5) Provide that a project is not eligible for approval from the approving authority
if it involved or involves a subdivision that is, or, notwithstanding this chapter,
would otherwise be, subject to the Subdivision Map Act (Division 2 (commencing
with Section 66410)) or any other applicable law authorizing the subdivision of
land, unless either of the following apply:

(A) The project has received or will receive financing or funding by means of a
low-income housing tax credit and is subject to the requirement that prevailing
wages be paid pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (4).

(B) The project is subject to the requirement that prevailing wages be paid, and a
 skilled and trained workforce used, pursuant to paragraph (4).

(6) Provide for relocation assistance for persons and families displaced from their
 residences due to development within the housing sustainability district.

(g) A housing sustainability district ordinance adopted pursuant to this section
shall remain in effect for no more than 10 years, except that the city, county, or city
and county may renew the housing sustainability district ordinance, for an additional
period not exceeding 10 years, before the date upon which it would otherwise be
repealed pursuant to this subdivision.

(h) This section shall not be construed to affect the authority of a city, county, or
 city and county to amend its zoning regulations pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing

with Section 65800), except to the extent that an amendment affects a housing 1 sustainability district. 2 (i) The city, county, or city and county shall comply with Chapter 4.3 3 (commencing with Section 21155.10) of Division 13 of the Public Resources Code. 4 Comment. Section 66201 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 5 6 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). 7 § 66704.3 (amended). Application of CPRA to San Francisco Bay Restoration Authority 8 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 66704.3 of the Government Code is amended to read: 9 66704.3. All records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the authority are public 10 records for purposes of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 11 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 12 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 13 14 Comment. Section 66704.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 15 16 Reports (2019). § 100508 (amended). Access to records of California Health Benefit Exchange 17 SEC. . Section 100508 of the Government Code is amended to read: 18 100508. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), records of the Exchange that reveal 19 either of the following shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public 20 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 21 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1): 22 (1) The deliberative processes, discussions, communications, or any other portion 23 of the negotiations with entities contracting or seeking to contract with the 24 Exchange, entities with which the Exchange is considering a contract, or entities 25 with which the Exchange is considering or enters into any other arrangement under 26 which the Exchange provides, receives, or arranges services or reimbursement. 27 (2) Records that reveal claims data, encounter data, cost detail, information about 28 payment methods, contracted rates paid by qualified health plans to providers, and 29 enrollee coinsurance or other cost sharing that can be used to determine contracted 30 rates paid by plans to providers. 31 (b) Subject to subdivision (a), the following records of the Exchange shall be 32 exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 33 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 34 Section 7920.000) of Title 1) as follows: 35 (1) Contracts with participating carriers entered into pursuant to this title on or 36 after October 1, 2013, shall be open to inspection one year after the effective dates 37 of the contracts. 38 (2) If contracts with participating carriers entered into pursuant to this title are 39 amended, the amendments shall be open to inspection one year after the effective 40 date of the amendments. 41

(c) Notwithstanding any other law, entire contracts with participating carriers or
 amendments to contracts with participating carriers shall be open to inspection by
 the Joint Legislative Audit Committee. The committee shall maintain the
 confidentiality of the contracts and amendments until the contracts or amendments
 to a contract are open to inspection pursuant to subdivision (b).

6 **Comment.** Section 100508 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

9

### HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

10 § 1255.7 (amended). Safe surrender site for newborn child

11 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1255.7 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

12 1255.7. (a)(1) For purposes of this section, "safe-surrender site" means either of 13 the following:

(A) A location designated by the board of supervisors of a county or by a local 14 fire agency, upon the approval of the appropriate local governing body of the 15 agency, to be responsible for accepting physical custody of a minor child who is 72 16 hours old or younger from a parent or individual who has lawful custody of the child 17 and who surrenders the child pursuant to Section 271.5 of the Penal Code. Before 18 designating a location as a safe-surrender site pursuant to this subdivision, the 19 designating entity shall consult with the governing body of a city, if the site is within 20 the city limits, and with representatives of a fire department and a child welfare 21 agency that may provide services to a child who is surrendered at the site, if that 22 location is selected. 23

(B) A location within a public or private hospital that is designated by that hospital
to be responsible for accepting physical custody of a minor child who is 72 hours
old or younger from a parent or individual who has lawful custody of the child and
who surrenders the child pursuant to Section 271.5 of the Penal Code.

(2) For purposes of this section, "parent" means a birth parent of a minor child
who is 72 hours old or younger.

(3) For purposes of this section, "personnel" means a person who is an officer or
 employee of a safe-surrender site or who has staff privileges at the site.

32 (4) A hospital and a safe-surrender site designated by the county board of 33 supervisors or by a local fire agency, upon the approval of the appropriate local 34 governing body of the agency, shall post a sign displaying a statewide logo that has 35 been adopted by the State Department of Social Services that notifies the public of 36 the location where a minor child 72 hours old or younger may be safely surrendered 37 pursuant to this section.

(b) Personnel on duty at a safe-surrender site shall accept physical custody of a
 minor child 72 hours old or younger pursuant to this section if a parent or other
 individual having lawful custody of the child voluntarily surrenders physical

1 custody of the child to personnel who are on duty at the safe-surrender site. Safe-

2 surrender site personnel shall ensure that a qualified person does all of the following:

3 (1) Places a coded, confidential ankle bracelet on the child.

4 (2) Provides, or makes a good faith effort to provide, to the parent or other 5 individual surrendering the child a copy of a unique, coded, confidential ankle 6 bracelet identification in order to facilitate reclaiming the child pursuant to 7 subdivision (f). However, possession of the ankle bracelet identification, in and of 8 itself, does not establish parentage or a right to custody of the child.

(3) Provides, or makes a good faith effort to provide, to the parent or other 9 individual surrendering the child a medical information questionnaire, which may 10 be declined, voluntarily filled out and returned at the time the child is surrendered, 11 or later filled out and mailed in the envelope provided for this purpose. This medical 12 information questionnaire shall not require identifying information about the child 13 or the parent or individual surrendering the child, other than the identification code 14 provided in the ankle bracelet placed on the child. Every questionnaire provided 15 pursuant to this section shall begin with the following notice in no less than 12-point 16 type: 17

NOTICE: THE BABY YOU HAVE BROUGHT IN TODAY MAY HAVE 18 SERIOUS MEDICAL NEEDS IN THE FUTURE THAT WE DON'T KNOW 19 ABOUT TODAY. SOME ILLNESSES, INCLUDING CANCER, ARE BEST 20 TREATED WHEN WE KNOW ABOUT FAMILY MEDICAL HISTORIES. IN 21 ADDITION, SOMETIMES RELATIVES ARE NEEDED FOR LIFE-SAVING 22 TREATMENTS. TO MAKE SURE THIS BABY WILL HAVE A HEALTHY 23 FUTURE, YOUR ASSISTANCE IN COMPLETING THIS QUESTIONNAIRE 24 FULLY IS ESSENTIAL. THANK YOU. 25

(c) Personnel of a safe-surrender site that has physical custody of a minor child
 pursuant to this section shall ensure that a medical screening examination and any
 necessary medical care is provided to the minor child. Notwithstanding any other
 provision of law, the consent of the parent or other relative shall not be required to
 provide that care to the minor child.

(d)(1) As soon as possible, but in no event later than 48 hours after the physical 31 custody of a child has been accepted pursuant to this section, personnel of the safe-32 surrender site that has physical custody of the child shall notify child protective 33 services or a county agency providing child welfare services pursuant to Section 34 16501 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, that the safe-surrender site has physical 35 custody of the child pursuant to this section. In addition, medical information 36 pertinent to the child's health, including, but not limited to, information obtained 37 pursuant to the medical information questionnaire described in paragraph (3) of 38 subdivision (b) that has been received by or is in the possession of the safe-surrender 39 site shall be provided to that child protective services or county agency. 40

(2) Any personal identifying information that pertains to a parent or individual
 who surrenders a child that is obtained pursuant to the medical information
 questionnaire is confidential and shall be exempt from disclosure by the child

protective services or county agency under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). Personal identifying information that pertains to a parent or individual who surrenders a child shall be redacted from any medical information provided to child protective services or the county agency providing child welfare services.

(e) Child protective services or the county agency providing child welfare services 7 pursuant to Section 16501 of the Welfare and Institutions Code shall assume 8 temporary custody of the child pursuant to Section 300 of the Welfare and 9 Institutions Code immediately upon receipt of notice under subdivision (d). Child 10 protective services or the county agency providing child welfare services pursuant 11 to Section 16501 of the Welfare and Institutions Code shall immediately investigate 12 the circumstances of the case and file a petition pursuant to Section 311 of the 13 Welfare and Institutions Code. Child protective services or the county agency 14 providing child welfare services pursuant to Section 16501 of the Welfare and 15 Institutions Code shall immediately notify the State Department of Social Services 16 of each child to whom this subdivision applies upon taking temporary custody of 17 the child pursuant to Section 300 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. As soon as 18 possible, but no later than 24 hours after temporary custody is assumed, child 19 protective services or the county agency providing child welfare services pursuant 20 to Section 16501 of the Welfare and Institutions Code shall report all known 21 identifying information concerning the child, except personal identifying 22 information pertaining to the parent or individual who surrendered the child, to the 23 California Missing Children Clearinghouse and to the National Crime Information 24 Center. 25

(f) If, prior to the filing of a petition under subdivision (e), a parent or individual 26 who has voluntarily surrendered a child pursuant to this section requests that the 27 safe-surrender site that has physical custody of the child pursuant to this section 28 return the child and the safe-surrender site still has custody of the child, personnel 29 of the safe-surrender site shall either return the child to the parent or individual or 30 contact a child protective agency if any personnel at the safe-surrender site knows 31 or reasonably suspects that the child has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. 32 The voluntary surrender of a child pursuant to this section is not in and of itself a 33 sufficient basis for reporting child abuse or neglect. The terms "child abuse," "child 34 protective agency," "mandated reporter," "neglect," and "reasonably suspects" shall 35 be given the same meanings as in Article 2.5 (commencing with Section 11164) of 36 Title 1 of Part 4 of the Penal Code. 37

(g) Subsequent to the filing of a petition under subdivision (e), if within 14 days of the voluntary surrender described in this section, the parent or individual who surrendered custody returns to claim physical custody of the child, the child welfare agency shall verify the identity of the parent or individual, conduct an assessment of his or her that person's circumstances and ability to parent, and request that the juvenile court dismiss the petition for dependency and order the release of the child, 1 if the child welfare agency determines that none of the conditions described in

2 subdivisions (a) to (d), inclusive, of Section 319 of the Welfare and Institutions

3 Code currently exist.

(h) A safe-surrender site, or the personnel of a safe-surrender site, shall not have 4 liability of any kind for a surrendered child prior to taking actual physical custody 5 of the child. A safe-surrender site, or personnel of the safe-surrender site, that 6 accepts custody of a surrendered child pursuant to this section shall not be subject 7 to civil, criminal, or administrative liability for accepting the child and caring for 8 the child in the good faith belief that action is required or authorized by this section, 9 including, but not limited to, instances where the child is older than 72 hours or the 10 parent or individual surrendering the child did not have lawful physical custody of 11 the child. A safe-surrender site, or the personnel of a safe-surrender site, shall not 12 be subject to civil, criminal, or administrative liability for a surrendered child prior 13 to the time that the site or its personnel know, or should know, that the child has 14 been surrendered. This subdivision does not confer immunity from liability for 15 personal injury or wrongful death, including, but not limited to, injury resulting from 16 medical malpractice. 17

(i)(1) In order to encourage assistance to persons who voluntarily surrender
 physical custody of a child pursuant to this section or Section 271.5 of the Penal
 Code, no person who, without compensation and in good faith, provides assistance
 for the purpose of effecting the safe surrender of a minor 72 hours old or younger
 shall be civilly liable for injury to or death of the minor child as a result of his or her
 the person's acts or omissions. This immunity does not apply to an act or omission
 constituting gross negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct.

(2) For purposes of this section, "assistance" means transporting the minor child
to the safe-surrender site as a person with lawful custody, or transporting or
accompanying the parent or person with lawful custody at the request of that parent
or person to effect the safe surrender, or performing any other act in good faith for
the purpose of effecting the safe surrender of the minor.

(j) For purposes of this section, "lawful custody" means physical custody of a
 minor 72 hours old or younger accepted by a person from a parent of the minor, who
 the person believes in good faith is the parent of the minor, with the specific intent
 and promise of effecting the safe surrender of the minor.

(k) Any identifying information that pertains to a parent or individual who surrenders a child pursuant to this section, that is obtained as a result of the questionnaire described in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) or in any other manner, is confidential, shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), and shall not be disclosed by any personnel of a safe-surrender site that accepts custody of a abild pursuant to this section

41 child pursuant to this section.

1 **Comment.** Section 1255.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

3 Reports (2019).

4 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 5 § 1280.20 (amended). Recommendation for further investigation or discipline of licensee

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1280.20 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

7 1280.20. Notwithstanding any other law, the director may send a recommendation

for further investigation of, or discipline for, a potential violation of the licensee's relevant licensing authority. The recommendation shall include all documentary evidence collected by the director in evaluating whether or not to make that recommendation. The recommendation and accompanying evidence shall be deemed in the nature of an investigative communication and be protected by Section 6254 the provisions listed in Section 7920.505 of the Government Code. The

licensing authority of the provider of health care shall review all evidence submitted
by the director and may take action for further investigation or discipline of the
licensee.

17 **Comment.** Section 1280.20 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

18 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

19 Reports (2019).

### 20 § 1368 (amended). Grievance system and mediation

21 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1368 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1368. (a) Every plan shall do all of the following:

(1) Establish and maintain a grievance system approved by the department under
 which enrollees may submit their grievances to the plan. Each system shall provide
 reasonable procedures in accordance with department regulations that shall ensure
 adequate consideration of enrollee grievances and rectification when appropriate.

(2) Inform its subscribers and enrollees upon enrollment in the plan and annually
 thereafter of the procedure for processing and resolving grievances. The information
 shall include the location and telephone number where grievances may be
 submitted.

(3) Provide forms for grievances to be given to subscribers and enrollees who
wish to register written grievances. The forms used by plans licensed pursuant to
Section 1353 shall be approved by the director in advance as to format.

(4)(A) Provide for a written acknowledgment within five calendar days of the
 receipt of a grievance, except as noted in subparagraph (B). The acknowledgment
 shall advise the complainant of the following:

37 (i) That the grievance has been received.

38 (ii) The date of receipt.

(iii) The name of the plan representative and the telephone number and address ofthe plan representative who may be contacted about the grievance.

41 (B)(i) Grievances received by telephone, by facsimile, by email, or online through

42 the plan's Internet Web site internet website pursuant to Section 1368.015, that are

- 1 not coverage disputes, disputed health care services involving medical necessity, or
- 2 experimental or investigational treatment and that are resolved by the next business
- 3 day following receipt are exempt from the requirements of subparagraph (A) and
- 4 paragraph (5). The plan shall maintain a log of all these grievances. The log shall be
- 5 periodically reviewed by the plan and shall include the following information for
- 6 each complaint:
- 7 (I) The date of the call.
- 8 (II) The name of the complainant.
- 9 (III) The complainant's member identification number.
- 10 (IV) The nature of the grievance.
- 11 (V) The nature of the resolution.
- 12 (VI) The name of the plan representative who took the call and resolved the 13 grievance.
- (ii) For health plan contracts in the individual, small group, or large group 14 markets, a health care service plan's response to grievances subject to Section 15 1367.24 shall also comply with subdivision (c) of Section 156.122 of Title 45 of the 16 Code of Federal Regulations. This paragraph shall not apply to Medi-Cal managed 17 care health care service plan contracts or any entity that enters into a contract with 18 the State Department of Health Care Services pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing 19 with Section 14000), Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200), or Chapter 8.75 20 (commencing with Section 14591) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and 21 Institutions Code. 22
- (5) Provide subscribers and enrollees with written responses to grievances, with a 23 clear and concise explanation of the reasons for the plan's response. For grievances 24 involving the delay, denial, or modification of health care services, the plan response 25 shall describe the criteria used and the clinical reasons for its decision, including all 26 criteria and clinical reasons related to medical necessity. If a plan, or one of its 27 contracting providers, issues a decision delaying, denying, or modifying health care 28 services based in whole or in part on a finding that the proposed health care services 29 are not a covered benefit under the contract that applies to the enrollee, the decision 30 shall clearly specify the provisions in the contract that exclude that coverage. 31
- (6) For grievances involving the cancellation, rescission, or nonrenewal of a 32 health care service plan contract, the health care service plan shall continue to 33 provide coverage to the enrollee or subscriber under the terms of the health care 34 service plan contract until a final determination of the enrollee's or subscriber's 35 request for review has been made by the health care service plan or the director 36 pursuant to Section 1365 and this section. This paragraph shall not apply if the 37 health care service plan cancels or fails to renew the enrollee's or subscriber's health 38 care service plan contract for nonpayment of premiums pursuant to paragraph (1) of 39 subdivision (a) of Section 1365. 40
- (7) Keep in its files all copies of grievances, and the responses thereto, for a periodof five years.

(b)(1)(A) After either completing the grievance process described in subdivision 1 (a), or participating in the process for at least 30 days, a subscriber or enrollee may 2 submit the grievance to the department for review. In any case determined by the 3 department to be a case involving an imminent and serious threat to the health of 4 the patient, including, but not limited to, severe pain, the potential loss of life, limb, 5 or major bodily function, cancellations, rescissions, or the nonrenewal of a health 6 care service plan contract, or in any other case where the department determines that 7 an earlier review is warranted, a subscriber or enrollee shall not be required to 8 complete the grievance process or to participate in the process for at least 30 days 9 before submitting a grievance to the department for review. 10

(B) A grievance may be submitted to the department for review and resolution
 prior to any arbitration.

13 (C) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B), the department may refer any 14 grievance that does not pertain to compliance with this chapter to the State 15 Department of Public Health, the California Department of Aging, the federal 16 Health Care Financing Administration, or any other appropriate governmental entity 17 for investigation and resolution.

(2) If the subscriber or enrollee is a minor, or is incompetent or incapacitated, the 18 parent, guardian, conservator, relative, or other designee of the subscriber or 19 enrollee, as appropriate, may submit the grievance to the department as the agent of 20 the subscriber or enrollee. Further, a provider may join with, or otherwise assist, a 21 subscriber or enrollee, or the agent, to submit the grievance to the department. In 22 addition, following submission of the grievance to the department, the subscriber or 23 enrollee, or the agent, may authorize the provider to assist, including advocating on 24 behalf of the subscriber or enrollee. For purposes of this section, a "relative" 25 includes the parent, stepparent, spouse, adult son or daughter, grandparent, brother, 26 sister, uncle, or aunt of the subscriber or enrollee. 27

(3) The department shall review the written documents submitted with the 28 subscriber's or the enrollee's request for review, or submitted by the agent on behalf 29 of the subscriber or enrollee. The department may ask for additional information, 30 and may hold an informal meeting with the involved parties, including providers 31 who have joined in submitting the grievance or who are otherwise assisting or 32 advocating on behalf of the subscriber or enrollee. If after reviewing the record, the 33 department concludes that the grievance, in whole or in part, is eligible for review 34 under the independent medical review system established pursuant to Article 5.55 35 (commencing with Section 1374.30), the department shall immediately notify the 36 subscriber or enrollee, or agent, of that option and shall, if requested orally or in 37 writing, assist the subscriber or enrollee in participating in the independent medical 38 review system. 39

(4) If after reviewing the record of a grievance, the department concludes that a
health care service eligible for coverage and payment under a health care service
plan contract has been delayed, denied, or modified by a plan, or by one of its
contracting providers, in whole or in part due to a determination that the service is

not medically necessary, and that determination was not communicated to the 1 enrollee in writing along with a notice of the enrollee's potential right to participate 2 in the independent medical review system, as required by this chapter, the director 3 shall, by order, assess administrative penalties. A proceeding for the issuance of an 4 order assessing administrative penalties shall be subject to appropriate notice of, and 5 the opportunity for, a hearing with regard to the person affected in accordance with 6 Section 1397. The administrative penalties shall not be deemed an exclusive remedy 7 available to the director. These penalties shall be paid to the Managed Care 8 Administrative Fines and Penalties Fund and shall be used for the purposes specified 9 in Section 1341.45. 10

(5) The department shall send a written notice of the final disposition of the 11 grievance, and the reasons therefor, to the subscriber or enrollee, the agent, to any 12 provider that has joined with or is otherwise assisting the subscriber or enrollee, and 13 to the plan, within 30 calendar days of receipt of the request for review unless the 14 director, in his or her the director's discretion, determines that additional time is 15 reasonably necessary to fully and fairly evaluate the relevant grievance. In any case 16 not eligible for the independent medical review system established pursuant to 17 Article 5.55 (commencing with Section 1374.30), the department's written notice 18 shall include, at a minimum, the following: 19

(A) A summary of its findings and the reasons why the department found the plan
to be, or not to be, in compliance with any applicable laws, regulations, or orders of
the director.

(B) A discussion of the department's contact with any medical provider, or any
 other independent expert relied on by the department, along with a summary of the
 views and qualifications of that provider or expert.

(C) If the enrollee's grievance is sustained in whole or in part, information aboutany corrective action taken.

(6) In any department review of a grievance involving a disputed health care 28 service, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 1374.30, that is not eligible for the 29 independent medical review system established pursuant to Article 5.55 30 (commencing with Section 1374.30), in which the department finds that the plan 31 has delayed, denied, or modified health care services that are medically necessary, 32 based on the specific medical circumstances of the enrollee, and those services are 33 a covered benefit under the terms and conditions of the health care service plan 34 contract, the department's written notice shall do either of the following: 35

36 (A) Order the plan to promptly offer and provide those health care services to the37 enrollee.

(B) Order the plan to promptly reimburse the enrollee for any reasonable costs
 associated with urgent care or emergency services, or other extraordinary and
 compelling health care services, when the department finds that the enrollee's
 decision to secure those services outside of the plan network was reasonable under
 the circumstances.

43 The department's order shall be binding on the plan.

(7) Distribution of the written notice shall not be deemed a waiver of any
 exemption or privilege under existing law, including, but not limited to, Section
 6254.5 7921.505 of the Government Code, for any information in connection with
 and including the written notice, nor shall any person employed or in any way
 retained by the department be required to testify as to that information or notice.

(8) The director shall establish and maintain a system of aging of grievances that
are pending and unresolved for 30 days or more that shall include a brief explanation
of the reasons each grievance is pending and unresolved for 30 days or more.

(9) A subscriber or enrollee, or the agent acting on behalf of a subscriber or 9 enrollee, may also request voluntary mediation with the plan prior to exercising the 10 right to submit a grievance to the department. The use of mediation services shall 11 not preclude the right to submit a grievance to the department upon completion of 12 mediation. In order to initiate mediation, the subscriber or enrollee, or the agent 13 acting on behalf of the subscriber or enrollee, and the plan shall voluntarily agree to 14 mediation. Expenses for mediation shall be borne equally by both sides. The 15 department shall have no administrative or enforcement responsibilities in 16 connection with the voluntary mediation process authorized by this paragraph. 17

(c) The plan's grievance system shall include a system of aging of grievances that 18 are pending and unresolved for 30 days or more. The plan shall provide a quarterly 19 report to the director of grievances pending and unresolved for 30 or more days with 20 separate categories of grievances for Medicare enrollees and Medi-Cal enrollees. 21 The plan shall include with the report a brief explanation of the reasons each 22 grievance is pending and unresolved for 30 days or more. The plan may include the 23 following statement in the quarterly report that is made available to the public by 24 the director: 25

26

"Under Medicare and Medi-Cal law, Medicare enrollees and Medi-Cal enrollees
each have separate avenues of appeal that are not available to other enrollees.
Therefore, grievances pending and unresolved may reflect enrollees pursuing their
Medicare or Medi-Cal appeal rights."

31

If requested by a plan, the director shall include this statement in a written report 32 made available to the public and prepared by the director that describes or compares 33 grievances that are pending and unresolved with the plan for 30 days or more. 34 Additionally, the director shall, if requested by a plan, append to that written report 35 a brief explanation, provided in writing by the plan, of the reasons why grievances 36 described in that written report are pending and unresolved for 30 days or more. The 37 director shall not be required to include a statement or append a brief explanation to 38 a written report that the director is required to prepare under this chapter, including 39 Sections 1380 and 1397.5. 40

(d) Subject to subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), the grievance
 or resolution procedures authorized by this section shall be in addition to any other
 procedures that may be available to any person, and failure to pursue, exhaust, or

engage in the procedures described in this section shall not preclude the use of anyother remedy provided by law.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow the submission to the department of any provider grievance under this section. However, as part of a provider's duty to advocate for medically appropriate health care for his or her the <u>provider's</u> patients pursuant to Sections 510 and 2056 of the Business and Professions Code, nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit a provider from contacting and informing the department about any concerns he or <del>she</del> the provider has regarding compliance with or enforcement of this chapter.

(f) To the extent required by Section 2719 of the federal Public Health Service
Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-19) and any subsequent rules or regulations, there shall
be an independent external review pursuant to the standards required by the United
States Secretary of Health and Human Services of a health care service plan's
cancellation, rescission, or nonrenewal of an enrollee's or subscriber's coverage.

15 **Comment.** Section 1368 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 16 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

17 Reports (2019).

18 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make another technical change.

## 19 § 1371.31 (amended). Reimbursement rates

20 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1371.31 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1371.31. (a)(1) For services rendered subject to Section 1371.9, effective July 1, 21 2017, unless otherwise agreed to by the noncontracting individual health 22 professional and the plan, the plan shall reimburse the greater of the average 23 contracted rate or 125 percent of the amount Medicare reimburses on a fee-for-24 service basis for the same or similar services in the general geographic region in 25 which the services were rendered. For the purposes of this section, "average 26 contracted rate" means the average of the contracted commercial rates paid by the 27 health plan or delegated entity for the same or similar services in the geographic 28 region. This subdivision does not apply to subdivision (c) of Section 1371.9 or 29 subdivision (b) of this section. 30

(2)(A) By July 1, 2017, each health care service plan and its delegated entities
 shall provide to the department all of the following:

(i) Data listing its average contracted rates for the plan for services most
 frequently subject to Section 1371.9 in each geographic region in which the services
 are rendered for the calendar year 2015.

(ii) Its methodology for determining the average contracted rate for the plan for
 services subject to Section 1371.9. The methodology to determine an average
 contracted rate shall ensure that the plan includes the highest and lowest contracted
 rates for the calendar year 2015.

40 (iii) The policies and procedures used to determine the average contracted rates41 under this subdivision.

(B) For each calendar year after the plan's initial submission of the average contracted rate as specified in subparagraph (A) and until the standardized methodology under paragraph (3) is specified, a health care service plan and the plan's delegated entities shall adjust the rate initially established pursuant to this subdivision by the Consumer Price Index for Medical Care Services, as published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics.

(3)(A) By January 1, 2019, the department shall specify a methodology that plans 7 and delegated entities shall use to determine the average contracted rates for services 8 most frequently subject to Section 1371.9. This methodology shall take into 9 account, at a minimum, information from the independent dispute resolution 10 process, the specialty of the individual health professional, and the geographic 11 region in which the services are rendered. The methodology to determine an average 12 contracted rate shall ensure that the plan includes the highest and lowest contracted 13 14 rates.

(B) Health care service plans and delegated entities shall provide to the
 department the policies and procedures used to determine the average contracted
 rates in compliance with subparagraph (A).

(C) If, based on the health care service plan's model, a health care service plan does not pay a statistically significant number or dollar amount of claims for services covered under Section 1371.9, the health care service plan shall demonstrate to the department that it has access to a statistically credible database reflecting rates paid to noncontracting individual health professionals for services provided in a geographic region and shall use that database to determine an average contracted rate required pursuant to paragraph (1).

(D) The department shall review the information filed pursuant to this subdivision
 as part of its examination of fiscal and administrative affairs pursuant to Section
 1382.

(E) The average contracted rate data submitted pursuant to this section shall be
confidential and not subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act
(Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(F) In developing the standardized methodology under this subdivision, the department shall consult with interested parties throughout the process of developing the standards, including the Department of Insurance, representatives of health plans, insurers, health care providers, hospitals, consumer advocates, and other stakeholders it deems appropriate. The department shall hold the first stakeholder meeting no later than July 1, 2017.

(4) A health care service plan shall include in its reports submitted to the department pursuant to Section 1367.035 and regulations adopted pursuant to that section, in a manner specified by the department, the number of payments made to noncontracting individual health professionals for services at a contracting health facility and subject to Section 1371.9, as well as other data sufficient to determine the proportion of noncontracting individual health professionals to contracting individual health professionals at contracting health facilities, as defined in
subdivision (f) of Section 1371.9. The department shall include a summary of this
information in its January 1, 2019, report required pursuant to subdivision (k) of
Section 1371.30 and its findings regarding the impact of the act that added this
section on health care service plan contracting and network adequacy.
(5) A health care service plan that provides services subject to Section 1371.9

(5) A health care service plan that provides services subject to Section 1371.9 6 shall meet the network adequacy requirements set forth in this chapter, including, 7 but not limited to, subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 1367 of this code and in 8 Exhibits (H) and (I) of subdivision (d) of Section 1300.51 of, and Sections 1300.67.2 9 and 1300.67.2.1 of, Title 28 of the California Code of Regulations, including, but 10 not limited to, inpatient hospital services and specialist physician services, and if 11 necessary, the department may adopt additional regulations related to those services. 12 This section shall not be construed to limit the director's authority under this 13 chapter. 14

(6) For purposes of this section for Medicare fee-for-service reimbursement,
 geographic regions shall be the geographic regions specified for physician
 reimbursement for Medicare fee-for-service by the United States Department of
 Health and Human Services.

(7) A health care service plan shall authorize and permit assignment of the
enrollee's right, if any, to any reimbursement for health care services covered under
the plan contract to a noncontracting individual health professional who furnishes
the health care services rendered subject to Section 1371.9. Lack of assignment
pursuant to this paragraph shall not be construed to limit the applicability of this
section, Section 1371.30, or Section 1371.9.

(8) A noncontracting individual health professional, health care service plan, or
 health care service plan's delegated entity who disputes the claim reimbursement
 under this section shall utilize the independent dispute resolution process described
 in Section 1371.30.

(b) If nonemergency services are provided by a noncontracting individual health 29 professional consistent with subdivision (c) of Section 1371.9 to an enrollee who 30 has voluntarily chosen to use his or her the enrollee's out-of-network benefit for 31 services covered by a plan that includes coverage for out-of-network benefits, unless 32 otherwise agreed to by the plan and the noncontracting individual health 33 professional, the amount paid by the health care service plan shall be the amount set 34 forth in the enrollee's evidence of coverage. This payment is not subject to the 35 independent dispute resolution process described in Section 1371.30. 36

(c) If a health care service plan delegates the responsibility for payment of claims
to a contracted entity, including, but not limited to, a medical group or independent
practice association, then the entity to which that responsibility is delegated shall
comply with the requirements of this section.

(d)(1) A payment made by the health care service plan to the noncontracting
health care professional for nonemergency services as required by Section 1371.9
and this section, in addition to the applicable cost sharing owed by the enrollee, shall

1 constitute payment in full for nonemergency services rendered unless either party

2 uses the independent dispute resolution process or other lawful means pursuant to

3 Section 1371.30.

4 (2) Notwithstanding any other law, the amounts paid by a plan for services under 5 this section shall not constitute the prevailing or customary charges, the usual fees 6 to the general public, or other charges for other payers for an individual health

7 professional.

8 (3) This subdivision shall not preclude the use of the independent dispute 9 resolution process pursuant to Section 1371.30.

(e) This section shall not apply to a Medi-Cal managed health care service plan or
any other entity that enters into a contract with the State Department of Health Care
Services pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000), Chapter 8
(commencing with Section 14200), and Chapter 8.75 (commencing with Section
14591) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(f) This section shall not apply to emergency services and care, as defined in

16 Section 1317.1.

(g) The definitions in subdivision (f) of Section 1371.9 shall apply for purposesof this section.

(h) This section shall not be construed to alter a health care service plan'sobligations pursuant to Sections 1371 and 1371.4.

Comment. Section 1371.31 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Paperta (2010)

23 Reports (2019).

24 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## 25 § 1380 (amended). Onsite medical survey of health delivery system

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1380 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1380. (a) The department shall conduct periodically an onsite medical survey of
the health delivery system of each plan. The survey shall include a review of the
procedures for obtaining health services, the procedures for regulating utilization,
peer review mechanisms, internal procedures for assuring quality of care, and the
overall performance of the plan in providing health care benefits and meeting the
health needs of the subscribers and enrollees.

(b) The survey shall be conducted by a panel of qualified health professionals 33 experienced in evaluating the delivery of prepaid health care. The department shall 34 be authorized to contract with professional organizations or outside personnel to 35 conduct medical surveys and these contracts shall be on a noncompetitive bid basis 36 and shall be exempt from Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of 37 Division 2 of the Public Contract Code. These organizations or personnel shall have 38 demonstrated the ability to objectively evaluate the delivery of health care by plans 39 or health maintenance organizations. 40

41 (c) Surveys performed pursuant to this section shall be conducted as often as
 42 deemed necessary by the director to assure the protection of subscribers and

enrollees, but not less frequently than once every three years. Nothing in this section
shall be construed to require the survey team to visit each clinic, hospital office, or
facility of the plan. To avoid duplication, the director shall employ, but is not bound

4 by, the following:

5 (1) For hospital-based health care service plans, to the extent necessary to satisfy 6 the requirements of this section, the findings of inspections conducted pursuant to 7 Section 1279.

(2) For health care service plans contracting with the State Department of Health
Services pursuant to the Waxman-Duffy Prepaid Health Plan Act, the findings of
reviews conducted pursuant to Section 14456 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
(3) To the extent feasible, reviews of providers conducted by professional

standards review organizations, and surveys and audits conducted by other governmental entities.

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the medical survey team 14 to review peer review proceedings and records conducted and compiled under 15 Section 1370 or medical records. However, the director shall be authorized to 16 require onsite review of these peer review proceedings and records or medical 17 records where necessary to determine that quality health care is being delivered to 18 subscribers and enrollees. Where medical record review is authorized, the survey 19 team shall insure that the confidentiality of physician-patient relationship is 20 safeguarded in accordance with existing law and neither the survey team nor the 21 director or the director's staff may be compelled to disclose this information except 22 in accordance with the physician-patient relationship. The director shall ensure that 23 the confidentiality of the peer review proceedings and records is maintained. The 24 disclosure of the peer review proceedings and records to the director or the medical 25 survey team shall not alter the status of the proceedings or records as privileged and 26 confidential communications pursuant to Sections 1370 and 1370.1. 27

(e) The procedures and standards utilized by the survey team shall be madeavailable to the plans prior to the conducting of medical surveys.

(f) During the survey the members of the survey team shall examine the complaint
 files kept by the plan pursuant to Section 1368. The survey report issued pursuant
 to subdivision (i) shall include a discussion of the plan's record for handling
 complaints.

(g) During the survey the members of the survey team shall offer such advice and
 assistance to the plan as deemed appropriate.

(h)(1) Survey results shall be publicly reported by the director as quickly as possible but no later than 180 days following the completion of the survey unless the director determines, in his or her the director's discretion, that additional time is reasonably necessary to fully and fairly report the survey results. The director shall provide the plan with an overview of survey findings and notify the plan of deficiencies found by the survey team at least 90 days prior to the release of the public report.

(2) Reports on all surveys, deficiencies, and correction plans shall be open to 1 public inspection except that no surveys, deficiencies, or correction plans shall be 2 made public unless the plan has had an opportunity to review the report and file a 3 response within 45 days of the date that the department provided the report to the 4 plan. After reviewing the plan's response, the director shall issue a final report that 5 excludes any survey information and legal findings and conclusions determined by 6 the director to be in error, describes compliance efforts, identifies deficiencies that 7 have been corrected by the plan by the time of the director's receipt of the plan's 8 45-day response, and describes remedial actions for deficiencies requiring longer 9 periods to the remedy required by the director or proposed by the plan. 10

11 (3) The final report shall not include a description of "acceptable" or of 12 "compliance" for any uncorrected deficiency.

(4) Upon making the final report available to the public, a single copy of a
summary of the final report's findings shall be made available free of charge by the
department to members of the public, upon request. Additional copies of the
summary may be provided at the department's cost. The summary shall include a
discussion of compliance efforts, corrected deficiencies, and proposed remedial
actions.

(5) If requested by the plan, the director shall append the plan's response to the 19 final report issued pursuant to paragraph (2), and shall append to the summary 20 issued pursuant to paragraph (4) a brief statement provided by the plan summarizing 21 its response to the report. The plan may modify its response or statement at any time 22 and provide modified copies to the department for public distribution no later than 23 10 days from the date of notification from the department that the final report will 24 be made available to the public. The plan may file an addendum to its response or 25 statement at any time after the final report has been made available to the public. 26 The addendum to the response or statement shall also be made available to the 27 public. 28

(6) Any information determined by the director to be confidential pursuant to
statutes relating to the disclosure of records, including the California Public Records
Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), shall not
be made public.

(i)(1) The director shall give the plan a reasonable time to correct deficiencies.
 Failure on the part of the plan to comply to the director's satisfaction shall constitute
 cause for disciplinary action against the plan.

(2) No later than 18 months following release of the final report required by
subdivision (h), the department shall conduct a follow-up review to determine and
report on the status of the plan's efforts to correct deficiencies. The department's
follow-up report shall identify any deficiencies reported pursuant to subdivision (h)
that have not been corrected to the satisfaction of the director.

42 (3) If requested by the plan, the director shall append the plan's response to the43 follow-up report issued pursuant to paragraph (2). The plan may modify its response

1 at any time and provide modified copies to the department for public distribution no

2 later than 10 days from the date of notification from the department that the follow-

3 up report will be made available to the public. The plan may file an addendum to its

response at any time after the follow-up report has been made available to the public.
The addendum to the response or statement shall also be made available to the

6 public.

(j) The director shall provide to the plan and to the executive officer of the Board 7 of Dental Examiners a copy of information relating to the quality of care of any 8 licensed dental provider contained in any report described in subdivisions (h) and 9 (i) that, in the judgment of the director, indicates clearly excessive treatment, 10 incompetent treatment, grossly negligent treatment, repeated negligent acts, or 11 unnecessary treatment. Any confidential information provided by the director shall 12 not be made public pursuant to this subdivision. Notwithstanding any other 13 provision of law, the disclosure of this information to the plan and to the executive 14 officer shall not operate as a waiver of confidentiality. There shall be no liability on 15 the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, the State of 16 California, the Department of Managed Health Care, the Director of the Department 17 of Managed Health Care, the Board of Dental Examiners, or any officer, agent, 18 employee, consultant, or contractor of the state or the department or the board for 19 the release of any false or unauthorized information pursuant to this section, unless 20 the release of that information is made with knowledge and malice. 21

(k) Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the director's authority
 pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 1386) or Article 8 (commencing
 with Section 1390) of this chapter.

Comment. Section 1380 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

28 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a technical change.

# \$ 1382 (amended). Examination of fiscal and administrative affairs of health care service plan

31 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1382 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

32 1382. (a) The director shall conduct an examination of the fiscal and 33 administrative affairs of any health care service plan, and each person with whom 34 the plan has made arrangements for administrative, management, or financial 35 services, as often as deemed necessary to protect the interest of subscribers or 36 enrollees, but not less frequently than once every five years.

(b) The expense of conducting any additional or nonroutine examinations pursuant to this section, and the expense of conducting any additional or nonroutine medical surveys pursuant to Section 1380 shall be charged against the plan being examined or surveyed. The amount shall include the actual salaries or compensation paid to the persons making the examination or survey, the expenses incurred in the course thereof, and overhead costs in connection therewith as fixed by the director. In determining the cost of examinations or surveys, the director may use the estimated average hourly cost for all persons performing examinations or surveys of plans for the fiscal year. The amount charged shall be remitted by the plan to the director. If recovery of these costs cannot be made from the plan, these costs may be added to, but subject to the limitation of, the assessment provided for in subdivision (b) of Section 1356.

(c) Reports of all examinations shall be open to public inspection, except that no 7 examination shall be made public, unless the plan has had an opportunity to review 8 the examination report and file a statement or response within 45 days of the date 9 that the department provided the report to the plan. After reviewing the plan's 10 response, the director shall issue a final report that excludes any survey information, 11 legal findings, or conclusions determined by the director to be in error, describes 12 compliance efforts, identifies deficiencies that have been corrected by the plan on 13 or before the time the director receives the plan's response, and describes remedial 14 actions for deficiencies requiring longer periods for the remedy required by the 15 director or proposed by the plan. 16

(d) If requested in writing by the plan, the director shall append the plan's
response to the final report issued pursuant to subdivision (c). The plan may modify
its response or statement at any time and provide modified copies to the department
for public distribution not later than 10 days from the date of notification from the
department that the final report will be made available to the public. The addendum
to the response or statement shall also be made available to the public.

(e) Notwithstanding subdivision (c), any health care service plan that contracts
with the State Department of Health Services to provide service to Medi-Cal
beneficiaries pursuant to Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200) of Part 3 of
Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code may make a written request to the
director to permit the State Department of Health Services to review its examination
report.

29 (f) Upon receipt of the written request described in subdivision (e), the director 30 may, consistent with Section  $\frac{6254.5}{7921.505}$  of the Government Code, permit the

31 State Department of Health Services to review the plan's examination report.

(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the director's authority
 pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 1386) or Article 8 (commencing
 with Section 1390).

Comment. Section 1382 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

37 Reports (2019).

#### 38 § 1385.07 (amended). Confidentiality and disclosure of records

- 39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1385.07 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 40 1385.07. (a) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of
- 41 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the

1 Government Code, all information submitted under this article shall be made 2 publicly available by the department except as provided in subdivision (b).

(b)(1) The contracted rates between a health care service plan and a provider shall 3 be deemed confidential information that shall not be made public by the department 4 and are exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 5 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 6 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). The contracted rates 7 between a health care service plan and a provider shall not be disclosed by a health 8 care service plan to a large group purchaser that receives information pursuant to 9 Section 1385.10. 10

(2) The contracted rates between a health care service plan, including those 11 submitted to the department pursuant to Section 1385.046, and a large group shall 12 be deemed confidential information that shall not be made public by the department 13 and are exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 14 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 15 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). Information provided to a 16 large group purchaser pursuant to Section 1385.10 shall be deemed confidential 17 information that shall not be made public by the department and shall be exempt 18 from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 19 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 20 of Title 1 of the Government Code). 21

(c) All information submitted to the department under this article shall be
 submitted electronically in order to facilitate review by the department and the
 public.

(d) In addition, the department and the health care service plan shall, at a 25 minimum, make the following information readily available to the public on their 26 internet websites in plain language and in a manner and format specified by the 27 department, except as provided in subdivision (b). For individual and small group 28 health care service plan contracts, the information shall be made public for 120 days 29 prior to the implementation of the rate increase. For large group health care service 30 plan contracts, the information shall be made public for 60 days prior to the 31 implementation of the rate increase. The information shall include: 32

(1) Justifications for any unreasonable rate increases, including all information
 and supporting documentation as to why the rate increase is justified.

(2) A plan's overall annual medical trend factor assumptions in each rate filing
 for all benefits.

(3) A health care service plan's actual costs, by aggregate benefit category to
include hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient, physician services, prescription drugs
and other ancillary services, laboratory, and radiology.

(4) The amount of the projected trend attributable to the use of services, price
inflation, or fees and risk for annual plan contract trends by aggregate benefit
category, such as hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient, physician services,
prescription drugs and other ancillary services, laboratory, and radiology.

Comment. Section 1385.07 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 1 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 2 Reports (2019). 3 Note. Health and Safety Code Section 1385.07 was amended by Assembly Bill 731 (Kalra), 2019 4 Cal. Stat. ch. 807, § 8. The newly-amended version was used in preparing the conforming revision 5 6 proposed above. Health and Safety Code Section 1385.07 was also amended by Senate Bill 343 (Pan), 2019 Cal. 7 8 Stat. ch. 247, § 3. That amendment was chaptered out (i.e., nullified) due to the later enactment of AB 731. See Gov't Code § 9605. However, the revisions made by SB 343 were also included in 9 AB 731 (and are thus incorporated in the conforming revision proposed above). 10 § 1397.5 (amended). Records of grievances 11 SEC. . Section 1397.5 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 12 1397.5. (a) The director shall make and file annually with the Department of 13 Managed Health Care as a public record, an aggregate summary of grievances 14 against plans filed with the director by enrollees or subscribers. This summary shall 15 include at least all of the following information: 16 (1) The total number of grievances filed. 17 (2) The types of grievances. 18 (b) The summary set forth in subdivision (a) shall include the following 19 disclaimer: 20 THIS INFORMATION IS PROVIDED FOR STATISTICAL PURPOSES ONLY. 21 THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MANAGED CARE HAS 22 INVESTIGATED NOR DETERMINED 23 NEITHER WHETHER THE GRIEVANCES COMPILED WITHIN THIS SUMMARY ARE REASONABLE 24 OR VALID. 25 (c) Nothing in this section shall require or authorize the disclosure of grievances 26 filed with or received by the director and made confidential pursuant to any other 27 provision of law including, but not limited to, the California Public Records Act 28 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 29 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) and the 30 Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of 31 Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code). Nothing in this section shall 32 affect any other provision of law including, but not limited to, the California Public 33 Records Act and the Information Practices Act of 1977. 34 35 Comment. Section 1397.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 36 Reports (2019). 37 38 § 1399.72 (amended). Conversion of health care service plan from non-profit to for-profit 39 status SEC. . Section 1399.72 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 40

- 41 1399.72. (a) Any health care service plan that intends to convert from nonprofit
- 42 to for-profit status, as defined in subdivision (b), shall, prior to the conversion,
- 43 secure approval from the director.

(b) For the purposes of this section, a "conversion" or "convert" by a nonprofit
health care service plan means the transformation of the plan from nonprofit to forprofit status, as determined by the director.

4 (c) Prior to approving a conversion, the director shall find that the conversion 5 proposal meets all of the following charitable trust requirements:

6 (1) The fair market value of the nonprofit plan is set aside for appropriate 7 charitable purposes. In determining fair market value, the director shall consider, 8 but not be bound by, any market-based information available concerning the plan.

(2) The set-aside shall be dedicated and transferred to one or more existing or new 9 tax-exempt charitable organizations operating pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) (26) 10 U.S.C.A. Sec. 501(c)(3)) of the federal Internal Revenue Code. The director shall 11 consider requiring that a portion of the set-aside include equity ownership in the 12 plan. Further, the director may authorize the use of a federal Internal Revenue Code 13 Section 501(c)(4) organization (26 U.S.C.A. Sec. 501(c)(4)) if, in the director's 14 view, it is necessary to ensure effective management and monetization of equity 15 ownership in the plan and if the plan agrees that the Section 501(c)(4) organization 16 will be limited exclusively to these functions, that funds generated by the 17 monetization shall be transferred to the Section 501(c)(3) organization except to the 18 extent necessary to fund the level of activity of the Section 501(c)(4) organization 19 as may be necessary to preserve the organization's tax status, that no funds or other 20 resources controlled by the Section 501(c)(4) organization shall be expended for 21 campaign contributions, lobbying, or other political activities, and that the Section 22 501(c)(4) organization shall comply with reporting requirements that are applicable 23 to Section 501(c)(3) organizations, and that the 501(c)(4) organization shall be 24 subject to any other requirements imposed upon 501(c)(3) organizations that the 25 director determines to be appropriate. 26

(3) Each 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) organization receiving a set-aside, its directors
and officers, and its assets including any plan stock, shall be independent of any
influence or control by the health care service plan and its directors, officers,
subsidiaries, or affiliates.

(4) The charitable mission and grant-making functions of the charitable
 organization receiving any set-aside shall be dedicated to serving the health care
 needs of the people of California.

(5) Every 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) organization that receives a set-aside under this
section shall have in place procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts of interest,
including those associated with grant-making activities that may benefit the plan,
including the directors, officers, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the plan.

(6) Every 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) organization that receives a set-aside under this
section shall demonstrate that its directors and officers have sufficient experience
and judgment to administer grant-making and other charitable activities to serve the
state's health care needs.

42 (7) Every 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) organization that receives a set-aside under this
 43 section shall provide the director and the Attorney General with an annual report

that includes a detailed description of its grant-making and other charitable activities 1 related to its use of the set-aside received from the health care service plan. The 2 annual report shall be made available by the director and the Attorney General for 3 public inspection, notwithstanding the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 4 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 5 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). Each organization shall 6 submit the annual report for its immediately preceding fiscal year within 120 days 7 after the close of that fiscal year. When requested by the director or the Attorney 8 General, the organization shall promptly supplement the report to include any 9 additional information that the director or the Attorney General deems necessary to 10 ascertain compliance with this article. 11

(8) The plan has satisfied the requirements of this chapter, and a disciplinary
 action pursuant to Section 1386 is not warranted against the plan.

(d) The plan shall not file any forms or documents required by the Secretary of
State in connection with any conversion or restructuring until the plan has received
an order of the director approving the conversion or restructuring, or unless
authorized to do so by the director.

Comment. Section 1399.72 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 21 § 1399.74 (amended). Restructuring or conversion of nonprofit health care service plan

22 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1399.74 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1399.74. (a) By July 1, 1996, the director shall adopt regulations, on an
emergency basis, that specify the application procedures and requirements for the
restructuring or conversion of nonprofit health care service plans. This subdivision
shall not be construed to limit or otherwise restrict the director's authority to adopt
regulations under Section 1344, including, but not limited to, any additional
regulations to implement this article.

(b) Upon receiving an application to restructure or convert, the director shall publish a notice in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the plan's service area describing the name of the applicant, the nature of the application, and the date of receipt of the application. The notice shall indicate that the director will be soliciting public comments and will hold a public hearing on the application. The director shall require the plan to publish a written notice concerning the application pursuant to conditions imposed by rule or order.

(c) Any applications, reports, plans, or other documents under this article shall be
 public records, subject to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) and regulations adopted by
 the director thereunder. The director shall provide the public with prompt and
 reasonable access to public records relating to the restructuring and conversion of
 health care service plans. Access to public records covered by this section shall be

made available no later than one month prior to any solicitation for public comments
or public hearing scheduled pursuant to this article.

(d) Prior to approving any conversion or restructuring, the director shall solicit
public comments in written form and shall hold at least one public hearing
concerning the plan's proposal to comply with the set- aside and other conditions
required under this article.

(e) The director may disapprove any application to restructure or convert if the
application does not meet the requirements of this chapter or of the Nonprofit
Corporation Law (Div. 2 (commencing with Sec. 5000), Title 1, Corp. C.), including
any requirements imposed by rule or order of the director.

Comment. Section 1399.74 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

\$ 1416.28 (amended). Required information and reporting relating to nursing home
 administrator license

16 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1416.28 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

17 1416.28. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the program shall at the time of 18 application, issuance, or renewal of a nursing home administrator license require 19 that the applicant or licensee provide his or her the federal employer identification 20 number or his or her social security number of the applicant or licensee.

(b) Any applicant or licensee failing to provide his or her <u>a</u> federal identification
number or social security number shall be reported by the program to the Franchise
Tax Board and, if failing to provide after notification pursuant to paragraph (1) of
subdivision (b) of Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall be subject
to the penalty provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 19528 of the
Revenue and Taxation Code.

(c) In addition to the penalty specified in subdivision (b), the program may not
 process any application, original license, or renewal of a license unless the applicant
 or licensee provides his or her <u>a</u> federal employer identification number or social
 security number where requested on the application.

(d) The program shall, upon request of the Franchise Tax Board, furnish to the
 Franchise Tax Board the following information with respect to every licensee:

- 33 (1) Name.
- 34 (2) Address or addresses of record.
- 35 (3) Federal employer identification number or social security number.
- 36 (4) Type of license.
- 37 (5) Effective date of license or renewal.
- 38 (6) Expiration date of license.
- 39 (7) Whether license is active or inactive, if known.
- 40 (8) Whether license is new or a renewal.

1 (e) The reports required under this section shall be filed on magnetic media or in

- other machine-readable form, according to standards furnished by the Franchise TaxBoard.
- 4 (f) The program shall provide to the Franchise Tax Board the information required
  5 by this section at a time that the Franchise Tax Board may require.
- (g) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
  Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
  Code, the social security number and federal employer identification number
  furnished pursuant to this section shall not be deemed to be a public record and shall
  not be open to the public for inspection.
- (h) Any deputy, agent, clerk, officer, or employee of the program described in this
  chapter, any former officer or employee, or other individual who in the course of
  his or her employment or duty has or has had access to the information required to
  be furnished under this chapter, may not disclose or make known in any manner that
  information, except as provided in this section to the Franchise Tax Board or as
  provided in subdivision (j).
- (i) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to utilize the social security account number or federal employer identification number for the purpose of establishing the identification of persons affected by state tax laws and for purposes of compliance with Section 17520 of the Family Code and, to that end, the information furnished pursuant to this section shall be used exclusively for those purposes.
- (j) If the program utilizes a national examination to issue a license, and if a
  reciprocity agreement or comity exists between California and the state requesting
  release of the social security number, any deputy, agent, clerk, officer, or employee
  of the program described in this chapter may release a social security number to an
  examination or licensing entity, only for the purpose of verification of licensure or
  examination status.
- Comment. Section 1416.28 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 32 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## \$ 1439 (amended). Access to writing received, owned, used, or retained by state department in connection with chapter

- 35 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1439 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- <sup>36</sup> 1439. Any writing received, owned, used, or retained by the state department in
- 37 connection with the provisions of this chapter is a public record within the meaning
- of subdivision (d) of Section 6252 Section 7920.530 of the Government Code, and,
- 39 as such a public record, is open to public inspection pursuant to the provision of
- 40 Sections 6253, 6256, 6257, and 6258 Sections 7922.500 to 7922.545, inclusive,
- 41 <u>7923.000, and 7923.005</u> of the Government Code. However, the names of any
- 42 persons contained in such those records, except the names of duly authorized

officers, employees, or agents of the state department conducting an investigation
 or inspection in response to a complaint filed pursuant to this chapter, shall not be
 open to public inspection and copies of such the records provided for public
 inspection shall have such those names deleted.

Comment. Section 1439 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

8 The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to subdivision (d) of former Government Code Section 6252, which became obsolete when subdivision (d) was relabeled as subdivision (e). 9 Compare 1973 Cal. Stat. ch. 1057, § 1 (original version of Section 1439, which cross-refers to "a 10 public record within the meaning of subdivision (d) of Section 6252 of the Government Code") 11 with 1970 Cal. Stat. ch. 575, § 2 (version of former Gov't Code § 6252 in place when Section 1439 12 was enacted); see also 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 2 (relabeling definition of "public records" as 13 14 subdivision (e)); 2015 Cal. Stat. ch. 537, § 20 (version of former Gov't Code § 6252 repealed by CPRA Recodification Act of 2020); Gov't Code § 7920.530 (continuing former Section 6252(e)'s 15 definition of "public records"). 16

In addition, the amendment corrects cross-references to former Government Code Sections 6256 and 6257, which became obsolete when those sections were repealed in 1998 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, §§ 7, 10). Most of their substance was continued in newly added Government Code Section 6253, which also continued the pertinent part of the previous version of Government Code Section 6253. See 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 5; Gov. Reorg. Plan No. 1 of 1991, § 7. Pursuant to the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020, Government Code Section 6253 has in turn been repealed and recodified in Government Code Sections 7922.500-7922.545.

24 The amendment also makes technical changes.

#### 25 § 1457 (amended). Patient records of county hospital

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1457 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1457. (a) The State Department of Health Services, with the advice of the State
Department of Social Services, shall prescribe the records to be kept by county
hospitals of persons received into or discharged from these institutions, including,
but not limited to, records for the admission and processing of county hospital
patients.

(b) The records shall be preserved and maintained pursuant to regulations adopted
by the department, or at the request of the county physician or other person in charge
of the county hospital, the board of supervisors of the county may authorize the
destruction of any record, paper or document prescribed by the department
following compliance with the conditions prescribed in Section 26205 of the
Government Code.

(c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, those records of a hospital, or 38 any other county medical facility, subject to this chapter that reveal the rates of 39 payment for health care services rendered by or purchased by the hospital or other 40 medical facility, or the deliberative processes, discussions, communications, or any 41 other portion or aspect of the negotiations leading to those payment rates, shall not 42 be considered public records subject to disclosure pursuant to the California Public 43 Records Act, Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 (Division 44 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, Code), 45

- 1 nor shall they be subject to public disclosure pursuant to any other law requiring the
- disclosure of records, for a period of three years following execution of a related
   contract establishing rates of payment.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), public disclosure or nondisclosure of records 4 relating to any matters or activities connected with selective provider contracts 5 entered into pursuant to Article 2.6 (commencing with Section 14081) of Chapter 7 6 of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code shall be determined 7 pursuant to Article 2.6 (commencing with Section 14081) of Chapter 7 of Part 3 of 8 Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code and subdivision (q) of Section 6254 9 Section 7926.220 of the Government Code, and other applicable provisions of 10 Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 11 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. 12

- 13 **Comment.** Section 1457 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 14 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 15 Reports (2019).

16 § 1536 (amended). List of licensed community care facilities

17 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1536 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

18 1536. (a)(1) At least annually, the department shall publish and make available to 19 interested persons a list or lists covering all licensed community care facilities and 20 the services for which each facility has been licensed or issued a special permit.

(2) For a group home, transitional housing placement provider, community
 treatment facility, youth homelessness prevention center, temporary shelter care
 facility, transitional shelter care facility, or short-term residential therapeutic
 program, the list shall include both of the following:

(A) The number of licensing complaints, types of complaints, and outcomes of
 complaints, including citations, fines, exclusion orders, license suspensions,
 revocations, and surrenders.

(B) The number, types, and outcomes of law enforcement contacts made by the
 facility staff or children, as reported pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 1538.7.

(3) This subdivision does not apply to foster family homes or the certified family
 homes or resource families of foster family agencies.

(b) Subject to subdivision (c), to protect the personal privacy of foster family 32 homes and the certified family homes and resource families of foster family 33 agencies, and to preserve the security and confidentiality of the placements in the 34 homes, the names, addresses, and other identifying information of facilities licensed 35 as foster family homes and certified family homes and resource families of foster 36 family agencies shall be considered personal information for purposes of the 37 Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of 38 Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code). This information shall not be 39 disclosed by any state or local agency pursuant to the California Public Records Act 40 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 41 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code), except as 42

necessary for administering the licensing program, facilitating the placement of
children in these facilities, and providing names and addresses, upon request, only
to bona fide professional foster parent organizations and to professional
organizations educating foster parents, including the Foster and Kinship Care
Education Program of the California Community Colleges.

6 (c)(1) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), the department, a county, or a foster 7 family agency may request information from, or divulge information to, the 8 department, a county, or a foster family agency, regarding a prospective certified 9 parent, foster parent, or relative caregiver for the purpose of, and as necessary to, 10 conduct a reference check to determine whether it is safe and appropriate to license, 11 certify, or approve an applicant to be a certified parent, foster parent, or relative

12 caregiver.

(2) This subdivision shall apply only to applications received on or before
December 31, 2016, in accordance with Section 1517 or 1517.1 of this code or
Section 16519.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(d) The department may issue a citation and, after the issuance of that citation,
may assess a civil penalty of fifty dollars (\$50) per day for each instance of a foster
family agency's failure to provide the department with a log of certified and
decertified homes or a log of resource families that were approved or had approval
rescinded during the month by the 10th day of the following month.

(e) The Legislature encourages the department, if funds are available for this
purpose, to develop a database that would include all of the following information:
(1) Monthly reports by a foster family agency regarding certified family homes
and resource families.

(2) A log of certified and decertified family homes, approved resource families,
 and resource families for which approval was rescinded, provided by a foster family
 agency to the department.

(3) Notification by a foster family agency to the department informing the
department of a foster family agency's determination to decertify a certified family
home or rescind the approval of a resource family due to any of the following actions
by the certified family parent or resource family:

32 (A) Violating licensing rules and regulations.

33 (B) Aiding, abetting, or permitting the violation of licensing rules and regulations.

(C) Conducting oneself in a way that is inimical to the health, morals, welfare, or
safety of a child placed in that certified family home, or for a resource family,
engaging in conduct that poses a risk or threat to the health and safety, protection,
or well-being of a child or nonminor dependent.

38 (D) Being convicted of a crime while a certified family parent or resource family.

39 (E) Knowingly allowing any child to have illegal drugs or alcohol.

40 (F) Committing an act of child abuse or neglect or an act of violence against41 another person.

42 (f) At least annually, the department shall post on its internet website a statewide 43 summary of the information gathered pursuant to Sections 1538.8 and 1538.9. The summary shall include only deidentified and aggregate information that does not
 violate the confidentiality of a child's identity and records.

3 **Comment.** Section 1536 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
Reports \_\_ (2019).

6 § 1776.6 (amended). Public information and confidential data

7 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1776.6 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

8 1776.6. (a) Pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5

9 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

<u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code) and the Information Practices
 Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of

Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code), the following documents are public information and

13 shall be provided by the department upon request: audited financial statements,

14 annual reports and accompanying documents, compliance or noncompliance with

- reserve requirements, whether an application for a permit to accept deposits and certificate of authority has been filed, whether a permit or certificate has been granted or denied, and the type of care offered by the provider.
- (b) The department shall regard resident data used in the calculation of reserves
   as confidential.

20 **Comment.** Section 1776.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

20 **Comment.** Section 1776.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 21 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

22 Reports (2019).

## 23 § 1798.200 (amended). Discipline of EMT-I, EMT-II, or EMT-P

24 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1798.200 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

25 1798.200. (a)(1)(A) Except as provided in paragraph (2), an employer of an EMT-

I or EMT-II may conduct investigations, as necessary, and take disciplinary action against an EMT-I or EMT-II who is employed by that employer for conduct in violation of subdivision (c). The employer shall notify the medical director of the local EMS agency that has jurisdiction in the county in which the alleged violation occurred within three days when an allegation has been validated as a potential violation of subdivision (c).

(B) Each employer of an EMT-I or EMT-II employee shall notify the medical 32 director of the local EMS agency that has jurisdiction in the county in which a 33 violation related to subdivision (c) occurred within three days after the EMT-I or 34 EMT-II is terminated or suspended for a disciplinary cause, the EMT-I or EMT-II 35 resigns following notification of an impending investigation based upon evidence 36 that would indicate the existence of a disciplinary cause, or the EMT-I or EMT-II is 37 removed from EMT-related duties for a disciplinary cause after the completion of 38 the employer's investigation. 39

40 (C) At the conclusion of an investigation, the employer of an EMT-I or EMT-II 41 may develop and implement, in accordance with the guidelines for disciplinary 42 orders, temporary suspensions, and conditions of probation adopted pursuant to Section 1797.184, a disciplinary plan for the EMT-I or EMT-II. Upon adoption of
the disciplinary plan, the employer shall submit that plan to the local EMS agency
within three working days. The employer's disciplinary plan may include a
recommendation that the medical director of the local EMS agency consider taking
action against the holder's certificate pursuant to paragraph (3).

(2) If an EMT-I or EMT-II is not employed by an ambulance service licensed by 6 the Department of the California Highway Patrol or a public safety agency or if that 7 ambulance service or public safety agency chooses not to conduct an investigation 8 pursuant to paragraph (1) for conduct in violation of subdivision (c), the medical 9 director of a local EMS agency shall conduct the investigations, and, upon a 10 determination of disciplinary cause, take disciplinary action as necessary against the 11 EMT-I or EMT-II. At the conclusion of these investigations, the medical director 12 shall develop and implement, in accordance with the recommended guidelines for 13 disciplinary orders, temporary orders, and conditions of probation adopted pursuant 14 to Section 1797.184, a disciplinary plan for the EMT-I or EMT-II. The medical 15 director's disciplinary plan may include action against the holder's certificate 16 pursuant to paragraph (3). 17

(3) The medical director of the local EMS agency may, upon a determination of
disciplinary cause and in accordance with regulations for disciplinary processes
adopted pursuant to Section 1797.184, deny, suspend, or revoke any EMT-I or
EMT-II certificate issued under this division, or may place any EMT-I or EMT-II
certificate holder on probation, upon the finding by that medical director of the
occurrence of any of the actions listed in subdivision (c) and the occurrence of one
of the following:

(A) The EMT-I or EMT-II employer, after conducting an investigation, failed to
 impose discipline for the conduct under investigation, or the medical director makes
 a determination that the discipline imposed was not according to the guidelines for
 disciplinary orders and conditions of probation and the conduct of the EMT-I or
 EMT-II certificate holder constitutes grounds for disciplinary action against the
 certificate.

(B) Either the employer of an EMT-I or EMT-II further determines, after an
investigation conducted under paragraph (1), or the medical director determines
after an investigation conducted under paragraph (2), that the conduct requires
disciplinary action against the certificate.

(4) The medical director of the local EMS agency, after consultation with the
employer of an EMT-I or EMT-II, may temporarily suspend, prior to a hearing, any
EMT-I or EMT-II certificate or both EMT-I and EMT-II certificates upon a
determination that both of the following conditions have been met:

- (A) The certificate holder has engaged in acts or omissions that constitute grounds
   for revocation of the EMT-I or EMT-II certificate.
- 41 (B) Permitting the certificate holder to continue to engage in the certified activity
- 42 without restriction would pose an imminent threat to the public health or safety.

(5) If the medical director of the local EMS agency temporarily suspends a 1 certificate, the local EMS agency shall notify the certificate holder that his or her 2 the holder's EMT-I or EMT-II certificate is suspended and shall identify the reasons 3 therefor. Within three working days of the initiation of the suspension by the local 4 EMS agency, the agency and employer shall jointly investigate the allegation in 5 order for the agency to make a determination of the continuation of the temporary 6 suspension. All investigatory information not otherwise protected by law held by 7 the agency and employer shall be shared between the parties via facsimile 8 transmission or overnight mail relative to the decision to temporarily suspend. The 9 local EMS agency shall decide, within 15 calendar days, whether to serve the 10 certificate holder with an accusation pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with 11 Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. If the 12 certificate holder files a notice of defense, the hearing shall be held within 30 days 13 of the local EMS agency's receipt of the notice of defense. The temporary 14 suspension order shall be deemed vacated if the local EMS agency fails to make a 15 final determination on the merits within 15 days after the administrative law judge 16 renders the proposed decision. 17

(6) The medical director of the local EMS agency shall refer, for investigation and
discipline, any complaint received on an EMT-I or EMT-II to the relevant employer
within three days of receipt of the complaint, pursuant to subparagraph (A) of
paragraph (1) of subdivision (a).

(b) The authority may deny, suspend, or revoke any EMT-P license issued under this division, or may place any EMT-P license issued under this division, or may place any EMT-P licenseholder on probation upon the finding by the director of the occurrence of any of the actions listed in subdivision (c). Proceedings against any EMT-P license or licenseholder shall be held in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

(c) Any of the following actions shall be considered evidence of a threat to the
 public health and safety and may result in the denial, suspension, or revocation of a
 certificate or license issued under this division, or in the placement on probation of
 a certificate holder or licenseholder under this division:

33 (1) Fraud in the procurement of any certificate or license under this division.

34 (2) Gross negligence.

35 (3) Repeated negligent acts.

36 (4) Incompetence.

(5) The commission of any fraudulent, dishonest, or corrupt act that is
 substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of prehospital
 personnel.

40 (6) Conviction of any crime which that is substantially related to the 41 qualifications, functions, and duties of prehospital personnel. The record of 42 conviction or a certified copy of the record shall be conclusive evidence of the 43 conviction. 1 (7) Violating or attempting to violate directly or indirectly, or assisting in or 2 abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this division or 3 the regulations adopted by the authority pertaining to prehospital personnel.

4 (8) Violating or attempting to violate any federal or state statute or regulation that 5 regulates narcotics, dangerous drugs, or controlled substances.

6 (9) Addiction to, the excessive use of, or the misuse of, alcoholic beverages, 7 narcotics, dangerous drugs, or controlled substances.

8 (10) Functioning outside the supervision of medical control in the field care 9 system operating at the local level, except as authorized by any other license or 10 certification.

(11) Demonstration of irrational behavior or occurrence of a physical disability to
 the extent that a reasonable and prudent person would have reasonable cause to
 believe that the ability to perform the duties normally expected may be impaired.

14 (12) Unprofessional conduct exhibited by any of the following:

(A) The mistreatment or physical abuse of any patient resulting from force in 15 excess of what a reasonable and prudent person trained and acting in a similar 16 capacity while engaged in the performance of his or her that person's duties would 17 use if confronted with a similar circumstance. Nothing in this section shall be 18 deemed to prohibit an EMT-I, EMT-II, or EMT-P from assisting a peace officer, or 19 a peace officer who is acting in the dual capacity of peace officer and EMT-I, EMT-20 II, or EMT-P, from using that force that is reasonably necessary to effect a lawful 21 arrest or detention. 22

(B) The failure to maintain confidentiality of patient medical information, except
as disclosure is otherwise permitted or required by law in Part 2.6 (commencing
with Section 56) of Division 1 of the Civil Code.

(C) The commission of any sexually related offense specified under Section 290
 of the Penal Code.

(d) The information shared among EMT-I, EMT-II, and EMT-P employers, 28 medical directors of local EMS agencies, the authority, and EMT-I and EMT-II 29 certifying entities shall be deemed to be an investigative communication that is 30 exempt from public disclosure as a public record pursuant to subdivision (f) of 31 Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 32 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. A formal disciplinary action 33 against an EMT-I, EMT-II, or EMT-P shall be considered a public record available 34 to the public, unless otherwise protected from disclosure pursuant to state or federal 35 law. 36

- (e) For purposes of this section, "disciplinary cause" means an act that is
  substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of an EMT-I, EMTII, or EMT-P and is evidence of a threat to the public health and safety described in
- 40 subdivision (c).
- 41 **Comment.** Section 1798.200 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
- 42 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
   43 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).
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1 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a grammatical correction.

### 2 § 1798.201 (amended). Investigation or discipline of EMT-P licenseholder

SEC. . Section 1798.201 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 3 1798.201. (a) When information comes to the attention of the medical director of 4 the local EMS agency that an EMT-P licenseholder has committed any act or 5 omission that appears to constitute grounds for disciplinary action under this 6 division, the medical director of the local EMS agency may evaluate the information 7 to determine if there is reason to believe that disciplinary action may be necessary. 8 (b) If the medical director sends a recommendation to the authority for further 9 investigation or discipline of the licenseholder, the recommendation shall include 10

all documentary evidence collected by the medical director in evaluating whether or not to make that recommendation. The recommendation and accompanying evidence shall be deemed in the nature of an investigative communication and be protected by Section 6254 the provisions listed in Section 7920.505 of the Government Code. In deciding what level of disciplinary action is appropriate in the

16 case, the authority shall consult with the medical director of the local EMS agency.

17 **Comment.** Section 1798.201 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 18 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 19 Comm'n Reports (2019)

19 Comm'n Reports (2019).

## 20 § 1799.112 (amended). Mandatory reporting by EMT-P employer

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1799.112 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

- 1799.112. (a) EMT-P employers shall report in writing to the local EMS agency
  medical director and the authority and provide all supporting documentation within
  30 days of whenever any of the following actions are taken:
- 25 (1) An EMT-P is terminated or suspended for disciplinary cause or reason.
- (2) An EMT-P resigns following notice of an impending investigation based upon
   evidence indicating disciplinary cause or reason.
- (3) An EMT-P is removed from paramedic duties for disciplinary cause or reason
   following the completion of an internal investigation.
- (b) The reporting requirements of subdivision (a) do not require or authorize the
   release of information or records of an EMT-P who is also a peace officer protected
   by Section 832.7 of the Penal Code.
- (c) For purposes of this section, "disciplinary cause or reason" means only an
   action that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a
   paramedic and is considered evidence of a threat to the public health and safety as
   identified in subdivision (c) of Section 1798.200.
- (d) Pursuant to subdivision (i) of Section 1798.24 of the Civil Code, upon
  notification to the paramedic, the authority may share the results of its investigation
  into a paramedic's misconduct with the paramedic's employer, prospective
  employer when requested in writing as part of a preemployment background check,
  and the local EMS agency.

(e) The information reported or disclosed in this section shall be deemed in the 1 nature of an investigative communication and is exempt from disclosure as a public 2 record by subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 3 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 4 (f) A paramedic applicant or licensee to whom the information pertains may view 5 the contents, as set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 1798.24 of the Civil Code, of 6 a closed investigation file upon request during the regular business hours of the 7 authority. 8 9 Comment. Section 1799.112 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 10 California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). 11 § 11605 (amended). Biennial survey of drug and alcohol use of pupils enrolled in grades 7, 9, 12 13 and 11 SEC. . Section 11605 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 14 11605. (a) Commencing with the 1991–92 fiscal year, the Attorney General, in 15 consultation with the Governor's Policy Council on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, shall 16 conduct a biennial survey of drug and alcohol use among pupils enrolled in grades 17 7, 9, and 11. The survey shall assess all of the following: 18 (1) The frequency and type of substance abuse. 19 (2) The age of first use and intoxication. 20 (3) Pertinent attitudes and experiences of pupils. 21 (4) The experience of pupils with school-based drug and alcohol prevention 22 23 programs. (5) As an optional component, the survey may examine the risk factors associated 24 with school dropouts. 25 (b) The biennial survey shall be based on a statewide sample of pupils enrolled in 26 grades 7, 9, and 11 and shall be consistent with the surveys conducted by the office 27 of the Attorney General in the 1985-86, 1987-88, and 1989-90 fiscal years. 28 (c) The Attorney General shall release the findings of the survey on or before May 29 of each even-numbered year and shall prepare and distribute a report on the survey 30 to the Legislature, the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, law 31 enforcement agencies, school districts, and interested members of the general 32 public. 33 (d) In conducting the survey, the Attorney General shall ensure that the 34 confidentiality of participating school districts and pupils shall be maintained. Pupil 35 questionnaires and answer sheets shall be exempt from the public disclosure 36 requirements prescribed by Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 37 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 38 Government Code. 39 (e) Persons reporting data pursuant to the requirements of this article shall not be 40

41 liable for damages in any action based upon the use or misuse of pupil surveys that

are mailed or otherwise transmitted to the Attorney General, or his or her the
 <u>Attorney General's</u> designee.

(f) The requirements prescribed by this article shall continue to be funded withthe existing resources of the Attorney General.

5 **Comment.** Section 11605 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
Reports \_\_ (2019).

8 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## 9 § 25152.5 (amended). Access to public records

10 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25152.5 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

11 25152.5. (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

12 (1) "Unusual circumstances" means only the following:

(A) The need to search for and collect the requested records from field facilities
 or other establishments that are separate from the office processing the request.

15 (B) The need to search for, collect, and appropriately examine a voluminous 16 amount of separate and distinct records <del>which</del> <u>that</u> are demanded in a single request.

17 (C) The need to consult with another agency having a substantial interest in the 18 determination of whether to respond to the request.

(2) "Public records" means any public record, as defined in Section 6252 19 7920.530 of the Government Code, of the department relating to this chapter, 20 Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280), or Chapter 6.8 (commencing with 21 Section 25300). "Public records" includes unprinted information relating to this 22 chapter, Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280), or Chapter 6.8 23 (commencing with Section 25300) which that is stored in data or word processing 24 equipment either owned by an employee and located on premises under control of 25 the department or owned by the department. 26

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department shall not limit the
hours during the normal working day or limit the number of working days during
which public records are open for inspection.

(c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department shall make 30 public records which that are not exempt from disclosure by law, including Chapter 31 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 32 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, promptly available to any 33 person, within the time limits specified in Section 6256 subdivision (a) of Section 34 7922.535 of the Government Code, upon payment of a fee established by the 35 department to cover the direct costs of duplication, as specified in subdivision (f). 36 In addition, a person requesting copies by mail may be required to pay the mailing 37 costs. 38

<u>(2)</u> If any portion of a record is exempt from disclosure, that part which the part
 that is not exempt shall be provided as prescribed in this section.

1 (d) Any person may request access to, or copies of, public records of the 2 department in person or by mail. A request shall reasonably describe an identifiable 3 record or information to be produced therefrom.

4 (e) If the department determines that an unusual circumstance exists, the 5 department shall comply with the notification procedures and the time limits 6 specified in Section 6256.1 subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 7922.535 of the 7 Government Code.

8 (f) The department shall, upon request, provide any person with the facts upon 9 which it bases its determination of the direct costs of copying for each page which 10 <u>that</u> is requested. The department shall not impose a minimum fee for a copy of a 11 public record which <u>that</u> is greater than its direct per page copying costs and the 12 department shall not impose limits on the types or amounts of public records which 13 <u>that</u> the department will provide to persons requesting these records, upon payment 14 of any fees covering the direct costs of duplication by the department.

15 (g) This section does not authorize the department, or any employee of the 16 department, to delay access for purposes of inspecting or obtaining copies of public 17 records, unless there are unusual circumstances.

(h) Any denial of a request for records shall set forth in writing the reasons for the

19 denial and the names and titles or positions of each person responsible for the denial.

20 This written response shall be provided to the requester within five working days of

## the denial.

Comment. Section 25152.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to "Section 6256 of the Government Code." That 25 26 cross-reference became obsolete when former Government Code Section 6256 (1981 Cal. Stat. ch. 968, § 3.1) was repealed by 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 7. At that time, the substance of former 27 Government Code Section 6256 was relocated with revisions to newly-added Government Code 28 29 Section 6253 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 5). Pursuant to the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020, Government Code Section 6253 has in turn been repealed and recodified; the notification 30 procedures and time limits from former Government Code Section 6256 are now located in 31 32 Government Code Section 7922.535(a).

Similarly, the amendment corrects a cross-reference to "Section 6256.1 of the Government 33 34 Code." That cross-reference became obsolete when former Government Code Section 6256.1 (1981 35 Cal. Stat. ch. 968, § 3.2) was repealed by 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 8. At that time, the substance of former Government Code Section 6256.1 was relocated to newly-added Government Code 36 37 Section 6253 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 5). Pursuant to the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020, Government Code Section 6253 has in turn been repealed and recodified; the material now 38 39 comparable to former Government Code Section 6256.1 is Government Code Section 7922.535(b)-40 (c).

41 The section is also amended to insert paragraph labels and make grammatical corrections.

#### 42 § 25186.5 (amended). Disclosure statement and other information gathering

43 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25186.5 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

44 25186.5. (a) In making a determination pursuant to Section 25186, the director

45 may contact the district attorney, local agencies, the Attorney General, the United

46 States Department of Justice, the Environmental Protection Agency, or other

agencies outside of the state which that have, or have had, regulatory or enforcement

2 jurisdiction over the applicant in connection with any hazardous waste or hazardous

3 materials activities.

4 (b) Every hazardous waste licenseholder or applicant, other than a federal, state,

5 or local agency, who is not otherwise required to file a disclosure statement on or

before January 1, 1989, shall file a disclosure statement with the department on orbefore January 1, 1989.

8 (c) If changes or additions of information regarding majority ownership, the 9 business name, or the information required by paragraphs (6) and (8) of subdivision 10 (a) of Section 25112.5 occur after the filing of the statement, the licenseholder or 11 applicant shall provide that information to the department, in writing, within 30 days 12 of the change or addition.

(d) Any person submitting a disclosure statement shall pay a fee set by the
department in an amount adequate to defray the costs of implementing this section,
per person, officer, director, or partner required to be listed in the disclosure
statement, in addition to any other fees required. The department shall deposit these
fees in the Hazardous Waste Control Account. The fees shall be made available,
upon appropriation by the Legislature, to cover the costs of conducting the necessary
background searches.

(e) Any person who knowingly makes any false statement or misrepresentation in
a disclosure statement filed pursuant to the requirements of this chapter is, upon
conviction, subject to the penalties specified in Sections 25189 and 25189.2 and
subdivision (a) of Section 25191.

(f) The disclosure statement submitted pursuant to subdivision (b) is exempt from
the requirements of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)
of Title 1 of the Government Code).

Comment. Section 25186.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

31 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

## 32 § 25200.3 (amended). Grant of conditional authorization

33 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25200.3 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 25200.3. (a) A generator who uses the following methods for treating RCRA or 34 non-RCRA hazardous waste in tanks or containers, which is generated onsite, and 35 which do not require a hazardous waste facilities permit under the federal act, shall, 36 for those activities, be deemed to be operating pursuant to a grant of conditional 37 authorization without obtaining a hazardous waste facilities permit or other grant of 38 authorization and a generator is deemed to be granted conditional authorization 39 pursuant to this section, upon compliance with the notification requirements 40 specified in subdivision (e), if the treatment complies with the applicable 41 requirements of this section: 42

(1) The treatment of aqueous wastes which that are hazardous solely due to the
presence of inorganic constituents, except asbestos, listed in subparagraph (B) of
paragraph (1) and subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section
66261.24 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, and which that contain
not more than 1400 ppm total of these constituents, using the following treatment
technologies:

7 (A) Phase separation, including precipitation, by filtration, centrifugation, or 8 gravity settling, including the use of demulsifiers and flocculants in those 9 processes.

- 10 (B) Ion exchange, including metallic replacement.
- 11 (C) Reverse osmosis.
- 12 (D) Adsorption.
- 13 (E) pH adjustment of aqueous waste with a pH of between 2.0 and 12.5.
- 14 (F) Electrowinning of solutions, if those solutions do not contain hydrochloric 15 acid.
- (G) Reduction of solutions which that are hazardous solely due to the presence of
  hexavalent chromium, to trivalent chromium with sodium bisulfite, sodium
  metabisulfite, sodium thiosulfite, ferrous chloride, ferrous sulfate, ferrous sulfide,
  or sulfur dioxide, provided that the solution contains less than 750 ppm of
  hexavalent chromium.
- (2) Treatment of aqueous wastes which that are hazardous solely due to the
  presence of organic constituents listed in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1), or
  subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), of subdivision (a) of Section 66261.24 of Title
  22 of the California Code of Regulations and which that contain not more than 750
  ppm total of those constituents, using either of the following treatment
  technologies:

(A) Phase separation by filtration, centrifugation, or gravity settling, but
 excluding supercritical fluid extraction.

29 (B) Adsorption.

(3) Treatment of wastes which that are sludges resulting from wastewater 30 treatment, solid metal objects, and metal workings which that contain or are 31 contaminated with, and are hazardous solely due to the presence of, constituents, 32 except asbestos, listed in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of, and subparagraph 33 (A) of paragraph (2) of, subdivision (a) of Section 66261.24 of Title 22 of the 34 California Code of Regulations, or treatment of wastes which that are dusts which 35 that contain, or are contaminated with, and are hazardous solely due to the presence 36 of, not more than 750 ppm total of those constituents, except asbestos, listed in 37 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of, and subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of, 38 subdivision (a) of Section 66261.24 of Title 22 of the California Code of 39 Regulations, using any of the following treatment technologies: 40

(A) Physical processes which that constitute treatment only because they change
the physical properties of the waste, such as filtration, centrifugation, gravity
settling, grinding, shredding, crushing, or compacting.

- 1 (B) Drying to remove water.
- 2 (C) Separation based on differences in physical properties, such as size, 3 magnetism, or density.
- 4 (4) Treatment of alum, gypsum, lime, sulfur, or phosphate sludges, using either
- 5 of the following treatment technologies:
- 6 (A) Drying to remove water.
- 7 (B) Phase separation by filtration, centrifugation, or gravity settling.

(5) Treatment of wastes listed in Section 66261.120 of Title 22 of the California 8 Code of Regulations, which meet the criteria and requirements for special waste 9 classification in Section 66261.122 of Title 22 of the California Code of 10 Regulations, using any of the following treatment technologies, if the waste is 11 hazardous solely due to the presence of constituents, except asbestos, listed in 12 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of, and subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of, 13 subdivision (a) of Section 66261.24 of Title 22 of the California Code of 14 Regulations and the waste contains not more than 750 ppm total of those 15 constituents: 16

17 (A) Drying to remove water.

18 (B) Phase separation by filtration, centrifugation, or gravity settling.

19 (C) Screening to separate components based on size.

20 (D) Separation based on differences in physical properties, such as size, 21 magnetism, or density.

(6) Treatment of wastes, except asbestos, which that have been classified by the
department as special wastes pursuant to Section 66261.24 of Title 22 of the
California Code of Regulations, using any of the following treatment technologies,
if the waste is hazardous solely due to the presence of constituents, except asbestos,
listed in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of, and subparagraph (A) of paragraph
(2) of, subdivision (a) of Section 66261.24 of Title 22 of the California Code of
Regulations and the waste contains not more than 750 ppm of those constituents:

- 29 (A) Drying to remove water.
- 30 (B) Phase separation by filtration, centrifugation, or gravity settling.

31 (C) Magnetic separation.

(7) Treatment of soils which that are hazardous solely due to the presence of
metals listed in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section
66261.24 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, using either of the
following treatment technologies:

- 36 (A) Screening to separate components based on size.
- 37 (B) Magnetic separation.

(8) Except as provided in Section 25201.5, treatment of oil mixed with water and
 oil/water separation sludges, using any of the following treatment technologies:

(A) Phase separation by filtration, centrifugation, or gravity settling, but excluding
 supercritical fluid extraction. This phase separation may include the use of
 demulsifiers and flocculants in those processes, even if the processes involve the
 application of heat, if the heat is applied in totally enclosed tanks and containers,

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and if it does not exceed 160 degrees Fahrenheit, or any lower temperature which

2 <u>that may be set by the department.</u>

(B) Separation based on differences in physical properties, such as size,
 magnetism, or density.

5 (C) Reverse osmosis.

(9) Neutralization of acidic or alkaline wastes that are hazardous only due to 6 corrosivity or toxicity that results only from the acidic or alkaline material, in 7 elementary neutralization units, as defined in Section 66260.10 of Title 22 of the 8 California Code of Regulations, if the wastes contain less than 10 percent acid or 9 base constituents by weight, and are treated in tanks or containers and piping, 10 constructed of materials compatible with the range of temperatures and pH levels, 11 and subject to appropriate pH and temperature controls. If the waste contains more 12 than 10 percent acid or base constituents by weight, the volume treated in a single 13 batch at any one time shall not exceed 500 gallons. 14

(10) Treatment of spent cleaners and conditioners which that are hazardous solely
 due to the presence of copper or copper compounds, subject to the following:

(A) The following requirements are met, in addition to all other requirements ofthis section:

19 (i) The waste stream does not contain more than 5000 ppm total copper.

(ii) The generator does not generate for treatment any more than 1000 gallons ofthe waste stream per month.

(iii) The treatment technologies employed are limited to those set forth inparagraph (1) for metallic wastes.

(iv) The generator keeps records documenting compliance with this subdivision,
 including records indicating the volume and concentration of wastes treated, and the
 management of related solutions which that are not cleaners or conditioners.

(B) Cleaners and conditioners, for purposes of this paragraph, are solutions
containing surfactants and detergents to remove dirt and foreign objects. Cleaners
and conditioners do not include microetch, etchant, plating, or metal stripping
solutions or solutions containing oxidizers, or any cleaner based on organic
solvents.

(C) A grant of conditional authorization under this paragraph shall expire on
 January 1, 1998, unless extended by the department pursuant to this section.

(D) The department shall evaluate the treatment activities described in this paragraph and shall designate, by regulation, not later than January 1, 1997, those activities eligible for conditional authorization and those activities subject to permitby-rule. In adopting regulations under this subparagraph, the department shall consider all of the following:

- 39 (i) The volume of waste being treated.
- 40 (ii) The concentration of the hazardous waste constituents.
- 41 (iii) The characteristics of the hazardous waste being treated.
- 42 (iv) The risks of the operation, and breakdown, of the treatment process.

(11) Any waste stream technology combination certified by the department, 1 pursuant to Section 25200.1.5, as suitable for authorization pursuant to this section, 2 that operates pursuant to the conditions imposed on that certification. 3 (b) Any treatment performed pursuant to this section shall comply with all of the 4 following, except as to generators, who are treating hazardous waste pursuant to 5 paragraph (11) of subdivision (a), who shall also comply with any additional 6 conditions of the specified certification if those conditions are different from those 7 set forth in this subdivision: 8 (1) The total volume of hazardous waste treated in the unit in any calendar month 9 shall not exceed 5,000 gallons or 45,000 pounds, whichever is less, unless the waste 10 is a dilute aqueous waste described in paragraph (1), (2), or (9) of subdivision (a) or 11 oily wastes as described in paragraph (8) of subdivision (a). The department may, 12 by regulation, impose volume limitations on wastes which that have no limitations 13 under this section, as may be necessary to protect human health and safety or the 14 environment. 15 (2) The treatment is conducted in tanks or containers. 16 (3) The treatment does not consist of the use of any of the following: 17 (A) Chemical additives, except for pH adjustment, chrome reduction, oil/water 18 separation, and precipitation with the use of flocculants, as allowed by this section. 19 (B) Radiation. 20 (C) Electrical current except in the use of electrowinning, as allowed by this 21 section. 22 (D) Pressure, except for reverse osmosis, filtration, and crushing, as allowed by 23 this section. 24 (E) Application of heat, except for drying to remove water or demulsification, as 25 allowed by this section. 26 (4) All treatment residuals and effluents are managed and disposed of in 27 accordance with applicable federal, state, and local requirements. 28 (5) The treatment process does not do either of the following: 29 (A) Result in the release of hazardous waste into the environment as a means of 30 treatment or disposal. 31 (B) Result in the emission of volatile hazardous waste constituents or toxic air 32 contaminants, unless the emission is in compliance with the rules and regulations of 33 the air pollution control district or air quality management district. 34 (6) The generator unit complies with any additional requirements set forth in 35 regulations adopted pursuant to this section. 36 (c) A generator operating pursuant to subdivision (a) shall comply with all of the 37 following requirements: 38 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (4), the generator shall comply with the 39 standards applicable to generators specified in Chapter 12 (commencing with 40 Section 66262.10) of Division 4.5 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations 41 and with the applicable requirements in Sections 66265.12, 66265.14, and 66265.17 42 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations. 43

1 (2) The generator shall comply with Section 25202.9 by making an annual waste 2 minimization certification.

(3) The generator shall comply with the environmental assessment procedures 3 required pursuant to subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive, of Section 25200.14. If that 4 assessment reveals that there is contamination resulting from the release of 5 hazardous waste or constituents from a solid waste management unit or a hazardous 6 waste management unit at the generator's facility, regardless of the time at which 7 the waste was released, the generator shall take every action necessary to 8 expeditiously remediate that contamination, if the contamination presents a 9 substantial hazard to human health and safety or the environment or if the generator 10 is required to take corrective action by the department. If a facility is remediating 11 the contamination pursuant to, and in compliance with the provisions of, an order 12 issued by a California regional water quality control board or other state or federal 13 environmental enforcement agency, that remediation shall be adequate for the 14 purposes of complying with this section, as the remediation pertains to the 15 jurisdiction of the ordering agency. This paragraph does not limit the authority of 16 the department or a unified program agency pursuant to Section 25187 as may be 17 necessary to protect human health and safety or the environment. 18

(4) The generator unit shall comply with container and tank standards applicable 19 to non-RCRA wastes, unless otherwise required by federal law, specified in 20 subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 66264.175 of Title 22 of the California Code of 21 Regulations, as the standards apply to container storage and transfer activities, and 22 to Article 9 (commencing with Section 66265.170) and Article 10 (commencing 23 with Section 66265.190) of Chapter 15 of Division 4.5 of Title 22 of the California 24 Code of Regulations, except for Section 66265.197 of Title 22 of the California 25 Code of Regulations. 26

(A) Unless otherwise required by federal law, ancillary equipment for a tank or
container treating hazardous wastes solely pursuant to this section, is not subject to
Section 66265.193 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, if the ancillary
equipment's integrity is attested to, pursuant to Section 66265.191 of Title 22 of the
California Code of Regulations, every two years from the date that retrofitting
requirements would otherwise apply.

(B)(i) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that in the case of underground,
 gravity-pressured sewer systems, integrity testing is often not feasible.

(ii) The best feasible leak detection measures which that are sufficient to ensure
 that underground gravity-pressured sewer systems, for which it is not feasible to
 conduct integrity testing, do not leak.

(iii) If it is not feasible for an operator's ancillary equipment, or a portion thereof,
to undergo integrity testing, the operator shall not be subject to Section 66265.193
of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, if the operator implements the
best feasible leak detection measures which that are determined to be sufficient by
the department in those regulations, and those leak detection measures do not reveal
any leaks emanating from the operator's ancillary equipment. Any ancillary

equipment found to leak shall be retrofitted by the operator to meet the secondary

- 2 containment standards of Section 66265.196 of Title 22 of the California Code of
- 3 Regulations.

4 (5) The generator shall prepare and maintain a written inspection schedule and a 5 log of inspections conducted.

6 (6) The generator shall prepare and maintain written operating instructions and a 7 record of the dates, concentrations, amounts, and types of waste treated. Records 8 maintained to comply with the state, federal, or local programs may be used to 9 satisfy this requirement, to the extent that those documents substantially comply 10 with the requirements of this section. The operating instructions shall include, but 11 not be limited to, directions regarding all of the following:

- 12 (A) How to operate the treatment unit and carry out waste treatment.
- 13 (B) How to recognize potential and actual process upsets and respond to them.
- 14 (C) When to implement the contingency plan.
- 15 (D) How to determine if the treatment has been efficacious.
- 16 (E) How to address the residuals of waste treatment.
- (7) The generator shall maintain adequate records to demonstrate to the
  department and the unified program agency that the requirements and conditions of
  this section are met, including compliance with all applicable pretreatment standards
  and with all applicable industrial waste discharge requirements issued by the agency
  operating the publicly owned treatment works into which the wastes are discharged.
  The records shall be maintained onsite for a period of five years.
- (8) The generator shall treat only hazardous waste which that is generated onsite.
  For purposes of this chapter, a residual material from the treatment of a hazardous
- 25 waste generated offsite is not a waste that has been generated onsite.
- (9) Except as provided in Section 25404.5, the generator shall submit a fee to the
  State Board of Equalization in the amount required by Section 25205.14, unless the
  generator is subject to a fee under a permit-by-rule. The generator shall submit that
  fee within 30 days of the date that the fee is assessed by the State Board of
  Equalization.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following activities are
 ineligible for conditional authorization:

- 33 (1) Treatment in any of the following units:
- 34 (A) Landfills.
- 35 (B) Surface impoundments.
- 36 (C) Injection wells.
- 37 (D) Waste piles.
- 38 (E) Land treatment units.
- 39 (2) Commingling of hazardous waste with any hazardous waste that exceeds the
- 40 concentration limits or pH limits specified in subdivision (a), or diluting hazardous

41 waste in order to meet the concentration limits or pH limits specified in subdivision

42 (a).

43 (3) Treatment using a treatment process not specified in subdivision (a).

1 (4) Pretreatment or posttreatment activities not specified in subdivision (a).

2 (5) Treatment of any waste which that is reactive or extremely hazardous.

3 (e)(1) Not less than 60 days prior to commencing the first treatment of hazardous

4 waste under this section, the generator shall submit a notification, in person or by 5 certified mail, with return receipt requested, to the department and to one of the

5 certified mail, with return receipt requested, to the department and to one of the 6 following:

7 (A) The CUPA, if the generator is under the jurisdiction of a CUPA.

(B) If the generator is not under the jurisdiction of a CUPA, the notification shall
be submitted to the officer or agency authorized, pursuant to subdivision (f) of
Section 25404.3, to implement and enforce the requirements of this chapter listed
in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404.

(2) Upon demonstration of good cause by the generator, the department may allow
 a shorter time period, than the 60 days required by paragraph (1), between
 notification and commencement of hazardous waste treatment pursuant to this
 section.

(3) Each notification submitted pursuant to this subdivision shall be completed,
dated, and signed according to the requirements of Section 66270.11 of Title 22 of
the California Code of Regulations, as those requirements that were in effect on
January 1, 1996, and apply to hazardous waste facilities permit applications, shall
be on a form prescribed by the department, and shall include, but not be limited to,
all of the following information:

(A) The name, identification number, site address, mailing address, and telephone
 number of the generator to whom the conditional authorization is granted.

(B) A description of the physical characteristics and chemical composition of thehazardous waste to which the conditional authorization applies.

(C) A description of the hazardous waste treatment activity to which the
 conditional authorization applies, including the basis for determining that a
 hazardous waste facilities permit is not required under the federal act.

(D) A description of the characteristics and management of any treatmentresiduals.

(E) Documentation of any convictions, judgments, settlements, or orders resulting 31 from an action by any local, state, or federal environmental or public health 32 enforcement agency concerning the operation of the facility within the last three 33 years, as the documents would be available under the California Public Records Act 34 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 35 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) or the 36 Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of 37 Title 1.8 of Part 4 of the Civil Code). For purposes of this paragraph, a notice of 38 violation for any local, state, or federal agency does not constitute an order and a 39 generator is not required to report the notice unless the violation is not corrected and 40

41 the notice becomes a final order.

(f) Any generator operating pursuant to a grant of conditional authorization shall
 comply with all regulations adopted by the department relating to generators of
 hazardous waste.

(g)(1) Upon terminating operation of any treatment process or unit conditionally
authorized pursuant to this section, the generator conducting treatment pursuant to
this section shall remove or decontaminate all waste residues, containment system
components, soils, and structures or equipment contaminated with hazardous waste
from the unit. The removal of the unit from service shall be conducted in a manner
that does both of the following:

10 (A) Minimizes the need for further maintenance.

(B) Eliminates the escape of hazardous waste, hazardous constituents, leachate,
 contaminated runoff, or waste decomposition products to the environment after the
 treatment process is no longer in operation.

14 (2) Any generator conducting treatment pursuant to this section who permanently 15 ceases operation of a treatment process or unit that is conditionally authorized 16 pursuant to this section shall, upon completion of all activities required under this 17 subdivision, provide written notification, in person or by certified mail, with return 18 receipt requested, to the department and to one of the following:

19 (A) The CUPA, if the generator is under the jurisdiction of a CUPA.

(B) If the generator is not under the jurisdiction of a CUPA, the notification shall
be submitted to the officer or agency authorized, pursuant to subdivision (f) of
Section 25404.3, to implement and enforce the requirements of this chapter listed
in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404.

(h) In adopting regulations pursuant to this section, the department may impose any further restrictions or limitations consistent with the conditionally authorized status conferred by this section which that are necessary to protect human health and safety and the environment.

(i) The department may revoke any conditional authorization granted pursuant to 28 this section. The department shall base a revocation on any one of the causes set 29 forth in subdivision (a) of Section 66270.43 of Title 22 of the California Code of 30 Regulations or in Section 25186, or upon a finding that operation of the facility in 31 question will endanger human health and safety, domestic livestock, wildlife, or the 32 environment. The department shall conduct the revocation of a conditional 33 authorization granted pursuant to this section in accordance with Chapter 21 34 (commencing with Section 66271.1) of Division 4.5 of Title 22 of the California 35 Code of Regulations and as specified in Section 25186.7. 36

(j) A generator who would otherwise be subject to this section may contract with
the operator of a transportable treatment unit who is operating pursuant to a permitby-rule, a standardized permit, or a full state hazardous waste facilities permit to
treat the generator's waste. If treatment of the generator's waste takes place under
such a that type of contract, the generator is not otherwise subject to the
requirements of this section, but shall comply with all other requirements of this
chapter that apply to generators. The operator of the transportable treatment unit that

1 performs onsite treatment pursuant to this subdivision shall comply with all 2 requirements applicable to transportable treatment units operating pursuant to a

requirements applicable to transportable treatment units operating purs
permit-by-rule, as set forth in the regulations adopted by the department.

(k)(1) Within 30 days of any change in operation which that necessitates modifying any of the information submitted in the notification required pursuant to subdivision (e), a generator shall submit an amended notification, in person or by certified mail, with return receipt requested, to the department and to one of the following:

9 (A) The CUPA, if the generator is under the jurisdiction of a CUPA.

(B) If the generator is not under the jurisdiction of a CUPA, the notification shall
be submitted to the officer or agency authorized, pursuant to subdivision (f) of
Section 25404.3, to implement and enforce the requirements of this chapter listed
in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404.

(2) Each amended notification shall be completed, dated, and signed in
 accordance with the requirements of Section 66270.11 of Title 22 of the California
 Code of Regulations, as those requirements apply to hazardous waste facilities
 permit applications.

(1) A person who has submitted a notification to the department pursuant to 18 subdivision (e) shall be deemed to be operating pursuant to this section, and, except 19 as provided in Section 25404.5, shall be subject to the fee set forth in subdivision 20 (a) of Section 25205.14 until that person submits a certification that the generator 21 has ceased all treatment activities of hazardous waste streams authorized pursuant 22 to this section in accordance with the requirements of subdivision (g). The 23 certification required by this subdivision shall be submitted, in person or by certified 24 mail, with return receipt requested, to the department and to one of the following: 25

26 (1) The CUPA, if the generator is under the jurisdiction of a CUPA.

(2) If the generator is not under the jurisdiction of a CUPA, the notification shall
be submitted to the officer or agency authorized, pursuant to subdivision (f) of
Section 25404.3, to implement and enforce the requirements of this chapter listed
in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404.

(m) The development and publication of the notification form specified in
 subdivision (e) is not subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of
 Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. The department shall hold
 at least one public workshop concerning the development of the notification form.

Comment. Section 25200.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

38 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

#### 39 § 25201.10 (amended). Application of CPRA to generator

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25201.10 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

41 25201.10. Any information which that a generator is required to provide to the

42 department or to a local agency pursuant to Section 25200.3, 25200.14 or 25201.5

1 or to regulations adopted by the department related to operation under a permit-by-

2 rule shall be available to the public pursuant to the California Public Records Act

3 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10

4 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

5 Comment. Section 25201.10 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_(2019).

8 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

## 9 § 25201.11 (amended). Copyright protection and other rights and privileges for works 10 produced by department

11 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25201.11 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

25201.11. (a) Copyright protection and all other rights and privileges provided pursuant to Title 17 of the United States Code are available to the department to the fullest extent authorized by law, and the department may sell, lease, or license for commercial or noncommercial use any work, including, but not limited to, video recordings, audio recordings, books, pamphlets, and computer software as that term is defined in Section 6254.9 7922.585 of the Government Code, that the department produces whether the department is entitled to that copyright protection or not.

(b) Any royalties, fees, or compensation of any type that is paid to the department
 to make use of a work entitled to copyright protection shall be deposited in the
 Hazardous Waste Control Account.

(c) Nothing in this section is intended to limit any powers granted to the
 department pursuant to Section 6254.9 7922.585 of the Government Code or any
 other provision of law.

Comment. Section 25201.11 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

## 28 § 25205.13 (amended). Notification procedures

29 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25205.13 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

25205.13. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, for the 1993 reporting period, the deadline for submitting permit-by-rule fixed treatment unit facility-specific notifications and unit-specific notifications is April 1, 1993, or 60 days prior to commencing the first treatment of that waste, whichever date is later.

(b) The development and publication of the notification form for a fixed or
transportable treatment unit operating pursuant to a permit-by-rule, as specified in
subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 67450.2 of Title 22 of the California Code of
Regulations, is not subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part
of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. The department shall hold at
least one public workshop concerning the development of the notification form.
(c) A facility or transportable treatment unit operating pursuant to a permit-by-

rule shall provide the following information with the notifications required pursuant

to subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 67450.2 of Title 22 of the California Code of
 Regulations:

(1) The basis for determining that a hazardous waste facility permit is not required
under the federal act.

(2) Documentation of any convictions, judgments, settlements, or orders resulting 5 from an action by any local, state, or federal environmental or public health 6 enforcement agency concerning the operation of the facility within the last three 7 years, as the documents would be available under the California Public Records Act 8 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 9 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code or the 10 Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of 11 Title 1.8 of Part 4 of the Civil Code. Code). 12 (3) A waste minimization certificate, as specified in Section 25202.9. 13

14 (d) The facility or transportable treatment unit operating pursuant to a permit-by-

15 rule shall treat only waste which that is generated onsite.

16 **Comment.** Section 25205.13 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 17 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

18 Comm'n Reports (2019).

19 The section is also amended to make grammatical and punctuation corrections.

### 20 § 25214 (amended). Records relating to hazardous waste removed from discarded appliance

21 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25214 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

25214. The department shall make information available upon request regarding 22 the implementation of this article, including, but not limited to, the list of persons 23 notified pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 25213, the list of persons identified 24 pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 25213, information on 25 inspection and enforcement, and other information pertaining to the record of 26 compliance with this article, subject to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 27 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 28 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 29

- 30 **Comment.** Section 25214 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 33 § 25214.8.5 (amended). Exemption for product containing mercury switch or mercury relay

34 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25214.8.5 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

25214.8.5. (a) A product containing a mercury switch or a mercury relay is exempt from subdivision (a) of Section 25214.8.4, if the manufacturer of the

product, or a trade group representing the manufacture, has obtained an exemption,

38 pursuant to the process described in subdivision (b), for the product. An exemption 39 granted under subdivision (b) may apply to all or only to limited uses of the product.

An exemption granted under subdivision (b) may apply to an of only to innited uses of the product.

40 An exemption granted under subdivision (b) also applies to the safe to the product 41 manufacturer of the mercury switch or relay to be contained in the product covered

42 by the exemption.

1 (b) The department shall grant, or renew, an exemption from subdivision (a) of

Section 25214.8.4 for a period of three years only if all of the following conditions
are met:

(1) The manufacturer of the product, or a trade group representing the 4 manufacturer, submits a request for an initial or renewed exemption to the 5 department that specifies the use or uses of the product for which an exemption is 6 requested along with supporting information that complies with the requirements 7 set forth in subdivision (c). A manufacturer or trade group may submit a request 8 only for a product and use for which there is no technical feasible alternative, 9 available at a reasonable cost, to the use of the mercury switch or mercury relay in 10 the product for purposes of that use. 11

(2) The supporting information submitted by the manufacturer or trade groupdemonstrates that the product is eligible for the exemption.

(3) The manufacturer or trade group requesting the exemption enters into a cost
 reimbursement agreement with the department, pursuant to subdivision (d), and
 complies with the terms of that agreement.

(c) The supporting information that a manufacturer or trade group submits to the
department, before the department may grant an exemption pursuant to subdivision
(b), shall include all of the following:

(1) The name of the manufacturer, or the trade group and the manufacturers
represented by the trade group, requesting the exemption and the name, position,
and contact information for the person who is the manufacturer's or trade group's
contact person on all matters concerning the exemption.

(2) An identification and description of the product, and the use or uses of theproduct, for which the exemption is requested.

(3) An identification and description of the mercury switch or mercury relay,
including identification of the manufacturer of the switch or relay, and an
explanation of the need for, and functioning of, the mercury switch or mercury relay
in the product.

30 (4) For each use for which an exemption is requested, information that fully and 31 clearly demonstrates that there is no technically feasible alternative, available at a 32 reasonable cost, to the use of the mercury switch or mercury relay in the product for 33 purposes of that use. This shall include, but is not limited to, a description of past, 34 current, and planned future efforts to seek or develop those alternatives, and a 35 description of all alternatives that have been considered and an explanation of the 36 technical or economic reasons as to why each alternative is not satisfactory.

(5) Information that fully and clearly demonstrates that the switch or relay or theproduct is constructed so as to prevent the release of mercury to the environment.

(6) A feasible, effective, detailed and complete plan for the proper collection,
transportation, and management of the product at the end of its useful life, including
removal and proper management of the mercury switch or mercury relay contained
in the product, and information fully and clearly demonstrating that the
manufacturer, individually, or in conjunction with an industry or trade group, is

committed to and capable of implementing the plan. The plan shall include an education and outreach component to ensure that users of the product are aware of available collection opportunities and legal requirements for management of the product once it becomes a waste. An exemption granted pursuant to subdivision (b) shall become null and void if the manufacturer, individually, or in conjunction with an industry or trade group, has not implemented the plan submitted in support of the exemption request within six months of the effective date of the exemption.

8 (7) A copy of all similar exemption requests, including supporting documentation, 9 submitted by the applicant to another state, and a copy of that state's response to the 10 exemption request.

(d) A manufacturer or trade group that requests an exemption, or an exemption
 renewal, pursuant to subdivision (b) shall enter into a written agreement with the
 department pursuant to the procedures set fourth forth in Article 9.2 (commencing
 with Section 25206.1), for reimbursement of all costs incurred by the department in
 processing and responding to the request.

(e) Trade secrets, as defined in Section 25173, that are identified at the time of 16 submission by a manufacturer or trade group, shall be treated as confidential as 17 required by department procedures established pursuant to Section 25173. Any 18 information that is not a trade secret, as defined in Section 25173, or that has not 19 been identified by the manufacturer as a trade secret, shall be made available to the 20 public upon request pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 21 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 22 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 23

(f)(1) The department shall grant or deny an exemption requested pursuant to
subdivision (b) no later than 180 calendar days after receiving the exemption request
and all information determined by the department to be necessary to determine if all
of the conditions specified in subdivision (b) are met.

(2) An exemption shall not be deemed to be granted if the department fails to grant
 or deny the exemption request within the time limit specified in paragraph (1)

30 (3) Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude the applicant and the department

from mutually agreeing to an extension of the time limit specified in paragraph (1).

Comment. Section 25214.8.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

34 Comm'n Reports (2019).

35 The section is also amended to correct a spelling error.

#### 36 § 25214.17 (amended). Access to information relating to package or packaging component

37 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25214.17 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

38 25214.17. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), the department, pursuant to

39 the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

- 40 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the
- 41 Government Code), shall provide the public with access to all information relating
- 42 to a package or packaging component that has been submitted to the department by

a manufacturer or supplier of a package or packaging component pursuant to thisarticle.

3 (b)(1) The department shall keep confidential any information identified by the

4 manufacturer or supplier, pursuant to paragraph (2), as a trade secret, as defined in

5 Section 25173, in accordance with departmental procedures that have been adopted

- 6 pursuant to Section 25173, if the department determines that this information meets
- 7 that definition of a trade secret.

8 (2) A manufacturer or supplier providing information to the department pursuant 9 to this article shall, at the time of submission, identify all information that the 10 manufacturer or supplier believes is a trade secret. The department shall make 11 available to the public any information that is not a trade secret.

12 **Comment.** Section 25214.17 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

13 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

14 Comm'n Reports (2019).

#### 15 § 25257 (amended). Trade secrets

16 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25257 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

25257. (a) A person providing information pursuant to this article may, at the time 17 of submission, identify a portion of the information submitted to the department as 18 a trade secret and, upon the written request of the department, shall provide support 19 for the claim that the information is a trade secret. Except as provided in subdivision 20 (d), a state agency shall not release to the public, subject information supplied 21 pursuant to this article that is a trade secret, and that is so identified at the time of 22 submission, in accordance with Section 6254.7 Sections 7924.510 and 7924.700 of 23 the Government Code and Section 1060 of the Evidence Code. 24

(b) This section does not prohibit the exchange of a properly designated trade secret between public agencies, if the trade secret is relevant and necessary to the exercise of the agency's jurisdiction and the public agency exchanging the trade secrets complies with this section. An employee of the department that has access to a properly designated trade secret shall maintain the confidentiality of that trade secret by complying with this section.

(c) Information not identified as a trade secret pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be
 available to the public unless exempted from disclosure by other provisions of law.

33 The fact that information is claimed to be a trade secret is public information.

34 (d)(1) Upon receipt of a request for the release of information that has been 35 claimed to be a trade secret, the department shall immediately notify the person who 36 submitted the information. Based on the request, the department shall determine 37 whether or not the information claimed to be a trade secret is to be released to the 38 public.

(2) The department shall make the determination specified in paragraph (1), no
later than 60 days after the date the department receives the request for disclosure,
but not before 30 days following the notification of the person who submitted the

42 information.

(3) If the department decides that the information requested pursuant to this 1 subdivision should be made public, the department shall provide the person who 2 submitted the information 30 days' notice prior to public disclosure of the 3 information, unless, prior to the expiration of the 30-day period, the person who 4 submitted the information obtains an action in an appropriate court for a declaratory 5 judgment that the information is subject to protection under this section or for a 6 preliminary injunction prohibiting disclosure of the information to the public and 7 promptly notifies the department of that action. 8

(e) This section does not authorize a person to refuse to disclose to the department 9 information required to be submitted to the department pursuant to this article. 10

(f) This section does not apply to hazardous trait submissions for chemicals and 11 chemical ingredients pursuant to this article. 12

Comment. Section 25257 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 13

Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 14 Reports (2019). 15

#### § 25358.7 (amended). Public participation in response actions 16

SEC. . Section 25358.7 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 17

25358.7. (a) The department or the regional board, as appropriate, shall take the 18 actions specified in this section to provide an opportunity for meaningful public 19 participation in response actions undertaken for sites listed pursuant to Section 20 25356. 21

(b) The department, or the regional board, as appropriate, shall inform the public, 22 and in particular, persons living in close proximity to a hazardous substance release 23 site listed pursuant to Section 25356, of the existence of the site and the 24 department's or regional board's intention to conduct a response action at the site, 25 and shall conduct a baseline community survey to determine the level of public 26 interest and desire for involvement in the department's or regional board's activities, 27 and to solicit concerns and information regarding the site from the affected 28 community. Based on the results of the baseline survey, the department or regional 29 board shall develop a public participation plan that shall establish appropriate 30 communication and outreach measures commensurate with the level of interest 31 expressed by survey respondents. The public participation plan shall be updated as 32 necessary to reflect any significant changes in the degree of public interest as the 33 site investigation and cleanup process moves toward completion. 34

(c) The department or regional board shall provide any person affected by a 35 response action undertaken for sites listed pursuant to Section 25356 with the 36 opportunity to participate in the department's or regional board's decisionmaking 37 process regarding that action by taking all of the following actions: 38

(1) Provide access to information which that the department or regional board is 39 required to release pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 40 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 41

<u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code), relating to the action, except
 for the following:

3 (A) Trade secrets, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 25358.2.

4 (B) Business financial data and information, as specified in subdivision (c) of 5 Section 25358.6.

6 (C) Information which that the department or regional board is prohibited from 7 releasing pursuant to any state or federal law.

8 (2) Provide factsheets, based on the expressed level of public interest, regarding 9 plans to conduct the major elements of the site investigation and response actions. 10 The factsheets shall present the relevant information in nontechnical language and 11 shall be detailed enough to provide interested persons with a good understanding of 12 the planned activities. The factsheets shall be made available in languages other than 13 English if appropriate.

14 (3) Provide notification, upon request, of any public meetings held by the 15 department or regional board concerning the action.

16 (4) Provide the opportunity to attend and to participate at those public meetings.

(5) Based on the results of the baseline community survey, provide opportunities 17 for public involvement at key stages of the response action process, including the 18 health risk assessment, the preliminary assessment, the site inspection, the remedial 19 investigation, and the feasibility study stages of the process. If the department or 20 regional board determines that public meetings or other opportunities for public 21 comment are not appropriate at any of the stages listed in this section, the 22 department or regional board shall provide notice of that decision to the affected 23 community. 24

(d) The department or regional board shall develop and make available to the public a schedule of activities for each site for which remedial action is expected to be taken by the department or regional board pursuant to this chapter and shall make available to the public any plan provided to the department or regional board by any responsible party, unless the department is prohibited from releasing the information pursuant to any state or federal law.

(e) In making decisions regarding the methods to be used for removal or remedial
 actions taken pursuant to this chapter, the department or regional board shall
 incorporate or respond in writing to the advice of persons affected by the actions.

(f) This section does not apply to emergency actions taken pursuant to Section25354.

Comment. Section 25358.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Departs (2010)

38 Reports (2019).

39 The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections.

#### 40 § 25501 (amended). Definitions

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25501 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1 25501. Unless the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions govern 2 the construction of this article:

(a) "Agricultural handler" means a business operating a farm that is subject to the
 exemption specified in Section 25507.1.

5 (b) "Area plan" means a plan established pursuant to Section 25503 by a unified 6 program agency for emergency response to a release or threatened release of a 7 hazardous material within a city or county.

8 (c) "Business" means all of the following:

9 (1) An employer, self-employed individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, 10 corporation, partnership, limited liability partnership or company, or other business 11 entity.

12 (2) A business organized for profit and a nonprofit business.

13 (3) The federal government, to the extent authorized by law.

(4) An agency, department, office, board, commission, or bureau of state
government, including, but not limited to, the campuses of the California
Community Colleges, the California State University, and the University of
California.

(5) An agency, department, office, board, commission, or bureau of a city, county,
 or district.

20 (6) A handler that operates or owns a unified program facility.

(d) "Business plan" means a separate plan for each unified program facility, site,
 or branch of a business that meets the requirements of Section 25505.

(e)(1) "Certified unified program agency" or "CUPA" means the agency certified
by the secretary to implement the unified program specified in Chapter 6.11
(commencing with Section 25404) within a jurisdiction.

(2) "Participating agency" or "PA" means an agency that has a written agreement
with the CUPA pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 25404.3, and is approved by
the secretary, to implement or enforce one or more of the unified program elements
specified in paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404, in
accordance with Sections 25404.1 and 25404.2.

(3) "Unified program agency" or "UPA" means the CUPA, or its participating 31 agencies to the extent each PA has been designated by the CUPA, pursuant to a 32 written agreement, to implement or enforce a particular unified program element 33 specified in paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404. For purposes 34 of this article and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531), the UPAs have the 35 responsibility and authority, to the extent provided by this article and Article 2 36 (commencing with Section 25531) and Sections 25404.1 and 25404.2, to implement 37 and enforce only those requirements of this article and Article 2 (commencing with 38 Section 25531) listed in paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404. 39 (4) The UPAs also have the responsibility and authority, to the extent provided by 40 this article and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) and Sections 25404.1 41 and 25404.2, to implement and enforce the regulations adopted to implement the 42

43 requirements of this article and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) listed

in paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404. After a CUPA has 1 been certified by the secretary, the unified program agencies shall be the only local 2 agencies authorized to enforce the requirements of this article and Article 2 3 (commencing with Section 25531) listed in paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision 4 (c) of Section 25404 within the jurisdiction of the CUPA. 5 (f) "City" includes any city and county. 6 (g) "Chemical name" means the scientific designation of a substance in 7 accordance with the nomenclature system developed by the International Union of 8 Pure and Applied Chemistry or the system developed by the Chemical Abstracts 9 Service. 10 (h) "Common name" means any designation or identification, such as a code 11 name, code number, trade name, or brand name, used to identify a substance by 12 other than its chemical name. 13 (i) "Compressed gas" means a material, or mixture of materials, that meets either 14 of the following: 15 (1) The definition of compressed gas or cryogenic fluid found in the California 16 Fire Code. 17 (2) Compressed gas that is regulated pursuant to Part 1 (commencing with Section 18 6300) of Division 5 of the Labor Code. 19 (j) "Consumer product" means a commodity used for personal, family, or 20 household purposes, or is present in the same form, concentration, and quantity as 21 a product prepackaged for distribution to and use by the general public. 22 (k) "Emergency response personnel" means a public employee, including, but not 23 limited to, a firefighter or emergency rescue personnel, as defined in Section 245.1 24 of the Penal Code, or personnel of a local emergency medical services (EMS) 25 agency, as designated pursuant to Section 1797.200, who is responsible for 26 response, mitigation, or recovery activities in a medical, fire, or hazardous material 27 incident, or natural disaster where public health, public safety, or the environment 28 may be impacted. 29 (*l*) "Handle" means all of the following: 30

(1)(A) To use, generate, process, produce, package, treat, store, emit, discharge,
 or dispose of a hazardous material in any fashion.

(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), "store" does not include the storage of
hazardous materials incidental to transportation, as defined in Title 49 of the Code
of Federal Regulations, with regard to the inventory requirements of Section 25506.
(2)(A) The use or potential use of a quantity of hazardous material by the

connection of a marine vessel, tank vehicle, tank car, or container to a system or
process for any purpose.

(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the use or potential use does not include
the immediate transfer to or from an approved atmospheric tank or approved
portable tank that is regulated as loading or unloading incidental to transportation
by Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

43 (m) "Handler" means a business that handles a hazardous material.

(n)(1) "Hazardous material" means a material listed in paragraph (2) that, because
of its quantity, concentration, or physical or chemical characteristics, poses a
significant present or potential hazard to human health and safety or to the
environment if released into the workplace or the environment, or a material
specified in an ordinance adopted pursuant to paragraph (3).

6 (2) Hazardous materials include all of the following:

(A) A substance or product for which the manufacturer or producer is required to
prepare a material safety data sheet pursuant to the Hazardous Substances
Information and Training Act (Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 6360) of Part
1 of Division 5 of the Labor Code) or pursuant to any applicable federal law or
regulation.

(B) A substance listed as a radioactive material in Appendix B of Part 30
(commencing with Section 30.1) of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as
maintained and updated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

15 (C) A substance listed pursuant to Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

16 (D) A substance listed in Section 339 of Title 8 of the California Code of 17 Regulations.

(E) A material listed as a hazardous waste, as defined by Sections 25115, 25117,
 and 25316.

(3) The governing body of a unified program agency may adopt an ordinance that 20 provides that, within the jurisdiction of the unified program agency, a material not 21 listed in paragraph (2) is a hazardous material for purposes of this article if a handler 22 has a reasonable basis for believing that the material would be injurious to the health 23 and safety of persons or harmful to the environment if released into the workplace 24 or the environment, and requests the governing body of the unified program agency 25 to adopt that ordinance, or if the governing body of the unified program agency has 26 a reasonable basis for believing that the material would be injurious to the health 27 and safety of persons or harmful to the environment if released into the workplace 28 or the environment. The handler or the unified program agency shall notify the 29 secretary no later than 30 days after the date an ordinance is adopted pursuant to this 30 paragraph. 31

32 (*o*) "Office" means the Office of Emergency Services.

(p) "Release" means any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying,
 discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, or disposing into the
 environment, unless permitted or authorized by a regulatory agency.

(q) "Retail establishment" means a business that sells consumer products
prepackaged for distribution to, and intended for use by, the general public. A retail
establishment may include storage areas or storerooms in establishments that are
separated from shelves for display areas but maintained within the physical confines
of the retail establishments. A retail establishment does not include a pest control
dealer, as defined in Section 11407 of the Food and Agricultural Code.

42 (r) "Secretary" means the Secretary for Environmental Protection.

(s) "Statewide information management system" means the statewide information
management system established pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 25404 that
provides for the combination of state and local information management systems
for the purposes of managing unified program data.

5 (t) "Threatened release" means a condition, circumstance, or incident making it 6 necessary to take immediate action to prevent, reduce, or mitigate a release with the 7 potential to cause damage or harm to persons, property, or the environment.

8 (u) "Trade secret" means trade secrets as defined in either subdivision (d) of 9 Section 6254.7 subdivision (f) of Section 7924.510 of the Government Code or 10 Section 1061 of the Evidence Code.

(v) "Unified program facility" means all contiguous land and structures, other
appurtenances, and improvements on the land that are subject to the requirements
of paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404. For purposes of this
article, "facility" has the same meaning as unified program facility.

15 Comment. Section 25501 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 16 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

17 Reports (2019).

#### 18 § 25512 (amended). Trade secret

19 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25512 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

20 25512. (a) As used in this section, "trade secret" means a trade secret as defined
21 in either subdivision (d) of Section 6254.7 subdivision (f) of Section 7924.510 of

the Government Code or Section 1061 of the Evidence Code.

(b)(1) If a business believes that the inventory required by this article involves the
release of a trade secret, the business shall nevertheless provide this information to
the unified program agency, and shall notify the unified program agency in writing
of that belief on the inventory form.

(2) Subject to subdivisions (d) and (e), the unified program agency shall protect
from disclosure any information designated as a trade secret by the business
pursuant to paragraph (1).

(c)(1) Upon the receipt of a request for the release of information to the public
 that includes information that the business has notified the unified program agency
 is a trade secret pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), the unified program
 agency shall notify the business in writing of the request by certified mail, return
 receipt requested.

35 (2) The unified program agency shall release the requested information to the 36 public 30 days or more after the date of mailing to the business the notice of the 37 request for information, unless, prior to the expiration of the 30-day period, the 38 business files an action in an appropriate court for a declaratory judgment that the 39 information is subject to protection under subdivision (b) or for an injunction 40 prohibiting disclosure of the information to the public, and promptly notifies the 41 unified program agency of that action. 1 (3) This subdivision does not permit a business to refuse to disclose the 2 information required pursuant to this section to the unified program agency.

3 (d) Except as provided in subdivision (c), any information that has been 4 designated as a trade secret by a business is confidential information for purposes 5 of this section and shall not be disclosed to anyone except the following:

6 (1) An officer or employee of the county, city, state, or the United States, in 7 connection with the official duties of that officer or employee under any law for the 8 protection of health, or contractors with the county, city, or state and their 9 employees if, in the opinion of the unified program agency, disclosure is necessary 10 and required for the satisfactory performance of a contract, for performance of work, 11 or to protect the health and safety of the employees of the contractor.

(2) A physician if the physician certifies in writing to the unified program agency
that the information is necessary to the medical treatment of the physician's patient.
(e) A physician who, by virtue of having obtained possession of, or access to,
confidential information, and who, knowing that disclosure of the information to the
general public is prohibited by this section, knowingly and willfully discloses the
information in any manner to a person not entitled to receive it, is guilty of a
misdemeanor.

(f) An officer or employee of the county or city, or former officer or employee 19 who, by virtue of that employment or official position, has possession of, or has 20 access to, confidential information, and who, knowing that disclosure of the 21 information to the general public is prohibited by this section, knowingly and 22 willfully discloses the information in any manner to a person not entitled to receive 23 it, is guilty of a misdemeanor. A contractor with the county or city and an employee 24 of the contractor, who has been furnished information as authorized by this section, 25 shall be considered an employee of the county or city for purposes of this section. 26

Comment. Section 25512 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 30 § 25538 (amended). Trade secret

31 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25538 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

25538. (a) If a stationary source believes that any information required to be 32 reported, submitted, or otherwise provided to the administering agency pursuant to 33 this article involves the release of a trade secret, the stationary source shall provide 34 the information to the administering agency and shall notify the administering 35 agency in writing of that belief. Upon receipt of a claim of trade secret related to an 36 RMP, the administering agency shall review the claim and shall segregate properly 37 substantiated trade secret information from information that shall be made available 38 to the public upon request in accordance with the California Public Records Act 39 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250), Division 7, Title 1, (Division 10) 40 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). As used 41 in this section, "trade secret" has the same meaning as in subdivision (d) of Section 42

6254.7 <u>subdivision (f) of Section 7924.510</u> of the Government Code and Section
 1060 of the Evidence Code.

3 (b) Except as otherwise specified in this section, the administering agency may 4 not disclose any properly substantiated trade secret that is so designated by the 5 owner or operator of a stationary source.

6 (c) The administering agency may disclose trade secrets received by the 7 administering agency pursuant to this article to authorized officers or employees of 8 other governmental agencies only in connection with the official duties of that 9 officer or employee pursuant to any law for the protection of health and safety.

(d) Any officer or employee or former officer or employee of the administering 10 agency or any other government agency who, because of that employment or official 11 position, has possession of or access to information designated as a trade secret 12 pursuant to this section shall not knowingly and willfully disclose the information 13 in any manner to any person not authorized to receive the information pursuant to 14 this section. Notwithstanding Section 25515, any person who violates this 15 subdivision, and who knows that disclosure of this information to the general public 16 is prohibited by the section, shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in 17 the county jail for not more than six months or by a fine of not more than one 18 thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both that fine and imprisonment. 19

(e) Any information prohibited from disclosure pursuant to any federal statute or
 regulation shall not be disclosed.

(f) This section does not authorize any stationary source to refuse to disclose tothe administering agency any information required pursuant to this article.

(g)(1) Upon receipt of a request for the release of information to the public that 24 includes information that the stationary source has notified the administering agency 25 is a trade secret pursuant to subdivision (a), the administering agency shall notify 26 the stationary source in writing of the request by certified mail, return receipt 27 requested. The owner or operator of the stationary source shall have 30 days from 28 receipt of the notification to provide the administering agency with any materials or 29 information intended to supplement the information submitted pursuant to 30 subdivision (a) and needed to substantiate the claim of trade secret. The 31 administering agency shall review the claim of trade secret and shall determine 32 whether the claim is properly substantiated. 33

(2) The administering agency shall inform the stationary source in writing, by 34 certified mail, return receipt requested, of any determination by the administering 35 agency that some, or all, of a claim of trade secret has not been substantiated. Not 36 earlier than 30 days after the receipt by a stationary source of notice of the 37 determination, the administering agency shall release the information to the public, 38 unless, prior to the expiration of the 30-day period, the stationary source files an 39 action in an appropriate court for a declaratory judgment that the information is 40 subject to protection under subdivision (b) or for an injunction prohibiting 41 disclosure of the information to the public, and promptly notifies the administering 42 agency of that action. 43

1 **Comment.** Section 25538 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 4 § 25968 (amended). Condom testing data

5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25968 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

6 25968. (a) The State Department of Health Services shall annually obtain from

the federal Food and Drug Administration any condom testing data, developedunder Compliance Policy Guide 7124.21, which is publicly available.

9 (b) The state department shall make this information available pursuant to the

10 provisions of the California Public Records Act, Chapter 3.5 (commencing with

11 Section 6250) of Title 1 of Division 7 (Division 10 (commencing with Section

12 <u>7920.000</u>) of Title 1 of the Government Code. Code).

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13 Comment. Section 25968 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
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Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 16 § 34191.55 (amended). Compliance of beneficiary district with Brown Act and CPRA

SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. Section 34191.55 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
34191.55. (a) A beneficiary district shall comply with the Ralph M. Brown Act
(Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of
the Government Code) and the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).
(b) When a beneficiary district ceases to exist pursuant to subdivision (b) of

Section 34191.35, a public record of the beneficiary district shall be the property of the city or county that rejected its distributions of property tax revenues pursuant to Section 34191.45.

Comment. Section 34191.55 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 30 § 39660 (amended). Evaluation of health effects of substance other than pesticide

31 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 39660 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

32 39660. (a) Upon the request of the state board, the office, in consultation with and 33 with the participation of the state board, shall evaluate the health effects of and 34 prepare recommendations regarding substances, other than pesticides in their 35 pesticidal use, which may be or are emitted into the ambient air of California and

that may be determined to be toxic air contaminants.

(b) In conducting this evaluation, the office shall consider all available scientific
data, including, but not limited to, relevant data provided by the state board, the
State Department of Health Services, the Occupational Safety and Health Division
of the Department of Industrial Relations, the Department of Pesticide Regulation,
international and federal health agencies, private industry, academic researchers,

and public health and environmental organizations. The evaluation shall be performed using current principles, practices, and methods used by public health professionals who are experienced practitioners in the fields of epidemiology, human health effects assessment, risk assessment, and toxicity.

5 (c)(1) The evaluation shall assess the availability and quality of data on health 6 effects, including potency, mode of action, and other relevant biological factors, of 7 the substance, and shall, to the extent that information is available, assess all of the 8 following:

9 (A) Exposure patterns among infants and children that are likely to result in 10 disproportionately high exposure to ambient air pollutants in comparison to the 11 general population.

12 (B) Special susceptibility of infants and children to ambient air pollutants in 13 comparison to the general population.

14 (C) The effects on infants and children of exposure to toxic air contaminants and 15 other substances that have a common mechanism of toxicity.

16 (D) The interaction of multiple air pollutants on infants and children, including 17 the interaction between criteria air pollutants and toxic air contaminants.

18 (2) The evaluation shall also contain an estimate of the levels of exposure that 19 may cause or contribute to adverse health effects. If it can be established that a 20 threshold of adverse health effects exists, the estimate shall include both of the 21 following factors:

22 (A) The exposure level below which no adverse health effects are anticipated.

(B) An ample margin of safety that accounts for the variable effects that heterogeneous human populations exposed to the substance under evaluation may experience, the uncertainties associated with the applicability of the data to human beings, and the completeness and quality of the information available on potential human exposure to the substance. In cases in which there is no threshold of significant adverse health effects, the office shall determine the range of risk to humans resulting from current or anticipated exposure to the substance.

(3) The scientific basis or scientific portion of the method used by the office to
assess the factors set forth in this subdivision shall be reviewed in a manner
consistent with this chapter by the Scientific Review Panel on Toxic Air
Contaminants established pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section 39670).
Any person may submit any information for consideration by the panel, which may
receive oral testimony.

(d) The office shall submit its written evaluation and recommendations to the state 36 board within 90 days after receiving the request of the state board pursuant to 37 subdivision (a). The office may, however, petition the state board for an extension 38 of the deadline, not to exceed 30 days, setting forth its statement of the reasons that 39 prevent the office from completing its evaluation and recommendations within 90 40 days. Upon receipt of a request for extension of, or noncompliance with, the 41 deadline contained in this section, the state board shall immediately transmit to the 42 Assembly Committee on Rules and the Senate Committee on Rules, for transmittal 43

1 to the appropriate standing, select, or joint committee of the Legislature, a statement

2 of reasons for extension of the deadline, along with copies of the office's statement

3 of reasons that prevent it from completing its evaluation and recommendations in a

4 timely manner.

(e)(1) The state board or a district may request, and any person shall provide,
information on any substance that is or may be under evaluation and that is
manufactured, distributed, emitted, or used by the person of whom the request is
made, in order to carry out its responsibilities pursuant to this chapter. To the extent
practical, the state board or a district may collect the information in aggregate form
or in any other manner designed to protect trade secrets.

(2) Any person providing information pursuant to this subdivision may, at the 11 time of submission, identify a portion of the information submitted to the state board 12 or a district as a trade secret and shall support the claim of a trade secret, upon the 13 written request of the state board or district board. Subject to Section 1060 of the 14 Evidence Code, information supplied that is a trade secret, as specified in Section 15 6254.7 7924.510 of the Government Code, and that is so marked at the time of 16 submission, shall not be released to any member of the public. This section does not 17 prohibit the exchange of properly designated trade secrets between public agencies 18 when those trade secrets are relevant and necessary to the exercise of their 19 jurisdiction if the public agencies exchanging those trade secrets preserve the 20 protections afforded that information by this paragraph. 21

(3) Any information not identified as a trade secret shall be available to the public 22 unless exempted from disclosure by other provisions of law. The fact that 23 information is claimed to be a trade secret is public information. Upon receipt of a 24 request for the release of information that has been claimed to be a trade secret, the 25 state board or district shall immediately notify the person who submitted the 26 information, and shall determine whether or not the information claimed to be a 27 trade secret is to be released to the public. The state board or district board, as the 28 case may be, shall make its determination within 60 days after receiving the request 29 for disclosure, but not before 30 days following the notification of the person who 30 submitted the information. If the state board or district decides to make the 31 information public, it shall provide the person who submitted the information 10 32 days' notice prior to public disclosure of the information. 33

(f) The office and the state board shall give priority to the evaluation and regulation of substances based on factors related to the risk of harm to public health, amount or potential amount of emissions, manner of, and exposure to, usage of the substance in California, persistence in the atmosphere, and ambient concentrations in the community. In determining the importance of these factors, the office and the state board shall consider all of the following information, to the extent that it is available:

(1) Research and monitoring data collected by the state board and the districts
 pursuant to Sections 39607, 39617.5, 39701, and 40715, and by the United States

Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (k) of
 Section 112 of the federal act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 7412(k)(2)).

3 (2) Emissions inventory data reported for substances subject to Part 6 4 (commencing with Section 44300) and the risk assessments prepared for those 5 substances.

6 (3) Toxic chemical release data reported to the state emergency response 7 commission pursuant to Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community 8 Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 11023) and Section 6607 of the 9 Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 13106).

(4) Information on estimated actual exposures to substances based on geographic
 and demographic data and on data derived from analytical methods that measure the
 dispersion and concentrations of substances in ambient air.

13 **Comment.** Section 39660 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

14 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

15 Reports (2019).

## \$ 40440.5 (amended). Notice of public hearing of south coast district board on rule or regulation relating to air quality objective

18 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 40440.5 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

40440.5. (a) Notice of the time and place of a public hearing of the south coast district board to adopt, amend, or repeal any rule or regulation relating to an air quality objective shall be given not less than 30 days prior thereto and, notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 40725, shall be published in each county in the south coast district in accordance with the requirements of Section 6061 of the Government Code. The period of notice shall commence on the first day of publication.

(b) In addition to the requirements of subdivision (b) of Section 40725, notice 26 shall be mailed to every person who filed a written request for notice of proposed 27 regulatory action with the south coast district, every person who requested notice 28 for, or registered at, the workshop, if any, held in connection with the development 29 of the proposed rule or regulation, and any person the south coast district believes 30 to be interested in the proposed rule or regulation. The inadvertent failure to mail 31 notice to any particular person as provided in this subdivision shall not invalidate 32 any action taken by the south coast district board. 33

(c) In addition to the summary description of the effect of the proposal, as required
 by subdivision (b) of Section 40725, the notice shall include the following:

(1) A description of the air quality objective that the proposed rule or regulation
 is intended to achieve and the reason or reasons for the proposed rule or regulation.
 (2) A list of supporting information, documents, and other materials relevant to
 the proposed rule or regulation, prepared by the south coast district or at its direction,
 any environmental assessment, and the name, address, and telephone number of the

41 district officer or employee from whom copies of the materials may be obtained.

(3) A statement that a staff report on the proposed rule or regulation has been 1 prepared, and the name, address, and telephone number of the district officer or 2 employee from whom a copy of the report may be obtained. Whenever the proposed 3 rule or regulation will significantly affect air quality or emissions limitations, the 4 staff report shall include the full text of the proposed rule or regulation, an analysis 5 of alternative control measures, a list of reference materials used in developing the 6 proposed rule or regulation, an environmental assessment, exhibits, and draft 7 findings for consideration by the south coast district board pursuant to Section 8 40727. Further, if an environmental assessment is prepared, the staff report shall 9 also include social, economic, and public health analyses. 10

(d) Regardless of whether a workshop was previously conducted on the subject of
 the proposed rule or regulation, the south coast district may conduct one or more
 supplemental workshops prior to the public hearing on the proposed rule or
 regulation.

(e) If the south coast district board makes changes in the text of the proposed rule
 or regulation that was the subject of notice given pursuant to this section, further
 consideration of the rule or regulation shall be governed by Section 40726.

18 (f) This section is not intended to change, and shall not be construed as changing,

19 any entitlement or protection conferred by the California Public Records Act

20 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10

21 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

- 22 **Comment.** Section 40440.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 25 § 40440.7 (amended). Public workshops to be conducted by south coast district

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 40440.7 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

40440.7. (a) Whenever the south coast district intends to propose the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule or regulation that will significantly affect air quality or emissions limitations, the south coast district shall conduct one or more public workshops.

(b) Notice of the time and place of the first workshop shall be given not less than 75 days prior to the meeting at which the south coast district board will consider the proposed rule or regulation by publication in each county in the south coast district pursuant to Section 6061 of the Government Code and by mail to every person who filed a written request for notice of proposed regulatory action with the south coast

- district and any person the south coast district believes to be interested in attending
   the workshop.
- 38 (c) The notice shall include at least the following:
- 39 (1) A description of the air quality objective to be discussed.
- 40 (2) A statement that the workshop is being held for the purposes of soliciting
- 41 information and suggestions from the public on achieving the air quality objective.

(3) A request for submittal of any documents, studies, and reports that may be 1 relevant to the subject of the workshop, and the name, address, and telephone 2 number of the district officer or employee to whom they should be sent. 3

(4) A list of supporting information and documents, including a preliminary staff 4 report, prepared by the south coast district or at its direction, and other materials 5 relevant to the subject of the workshop that are available, and the name, address, 6 and telephone number of the district officer or employee from whom copies of the 7 materials may be obtained. 8

(d) If the south coast district thereafter proposes the adoption, amendment, or 9 repeal of a rule or regulation that was the subject of a workshop, the south coast 10 district shall respond to all written comments submitted during the workshop in 11 preparing the environmental assessment on the proposed rule or regulation. 12

(e) The time and place for a workshop shall be selected on the basis of affording 13 an opportunity to participate to the greatest number of persons expected to be 14 interested in the workshop. 15

(f) The requirements of this section are not intended to restrict the south coast 16 district in conducting other public workshops and other meetings for the exchange 17 of information under circumstances not specifically addressed in this section. 18

(g) A workshop or other meeting shall not constitute consideration of a 19 "regulatory measure" within the meaning of Section 40923. 20

(h) This section is not intended to change, and shall not be construed as changing, 21

any entitlement or protection conferred by the California Public Records Act 22 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 23 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 24

Comment. Section 40440.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 25 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 26 Reports (2019). 27

§ 42303.2 (amended). Customer lists and purchase information 28

SEC. . Section 42303.2 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 29

42303.2. (a)(1) An air pollution control officer, at any time, may, for the purpose 30 of permitting or enforcement actions, require from the in-state or out-of-state 31 supplier, wholesaler, or distributor of volatile organic compounds or chemical 32 substances the use of which results in air contaminants subject to regulation or 33 enforcement by the district, customer lists and chemical types and quantities of those 34 compounds and substances as specified by the district pursuant to subdivision (b) 35 which that are purchased by, or on order for, a specified source operator within the 36 district. 37

(2) The supplier, wholesaler, or distributor shall disclose the information required 38 pursuant to this section to the district. 39

(b) Prior to implementing subdivision (a), an air pollution control officer shall 40

prepare a comprehensive list of volatile organic compounds or chemical substances 41

the use of which results in the emission of air contaminants which that are subject
to regulation or enforcement by the district.

(c)(1) Any officer or employee of the district or of a district contractor, or former 3 officer or employee, who, by virtue of that employment or official position has 4 possession of, or has access to, any confidential information that is a trade secret, 5 customer list, or supplier name acquired pursuant to this section, and who, knowing 6 that the disclosure of the information to the general public is prohibited by this 7 section, knowingly and willfully discloses the information in any manner to any 8 person not entitled to receive it, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a six 9 month county jail term and a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000). 10

(2) Any officer or employee of the district or of a district contractor, or former 11 officer or employee, who, by virtue of that employment or official position has 12 possession of, or has access to, any other confidential information acquired pursuant 13 to this section, and who, knowing that the disclosure of the information to the 14 general public is prohibited by this section, and who, knowing that the disclosure of 15 the information to the general public is prohibited by this section, knowingly and 16 willfully discloses the information in any manner to any person not entitled to 17 receive it, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a 10-day county jail term or a 18 fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500). 19

(d) The penalties provided in subdivision (c) shall be in addition to any existing
civil penalties and remedies available under the law.

(e) Except for the purposes of any enforcement or permit action, and except for
 information obtained from an independent source, all information received or
 compiled by an air pollution control officer from a supplier, wholesaler, or
 distributor pursuant to subdivision (a) is confidential for the purposes of Chapter 3.5
 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, and shall not be disclosed.

Comment. Section 42303.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

31 The section is also amended to insert paragraph labels and make grammatical corrections.

#### 32 § 44346 (amended). Trade secret in information for facility diagram

33 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 44346 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

34 44346. (a) If an operator believes that any information required in the facility

diagram specified pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 44342 involves the release

of a trade secret, the operator shall nevertheless make the disclosure to the district,
 and shall notify the district in writing of that belief in the report.

(b) Subject to this section, the district shall protect from disclosure any trade
secret designated as such a trade secret by the operator, if that trade secret is not a
public record.

(c) Upon receipt of a request for the release of information to the public which
 <u>that</u> includes information which <u>that</u> the operator has notified the district is a trade
 secret and which <u>that</u> is not a public record, the following procedure applies:

4 (1) The district shall notify the operator of the request in writing by certified mail, 5 return receipt requested.

6 (2) The district shall release the information to the public, but not earlier than 30 7 days after the date of mailing the notice of the request for information, unless, prior 8 to the expiration of the 30-day period, the operator obtains an action in an 9 appropriate court for a declaratory judgment that the information is subject to 10 protection under this section or for a preliminary injunction prohibiting disclosure 11 of the information to the public and promptly notifies the district of that action.

(d) This section does not permit an operator to refuse to disclose the information
 required pursuant to this part to the district.

(e) Any information determined by a court to be a trade secret, and not a public 14 record pursuant to this section, shall not be disclosed to anyone except an officer or 15 employee of the district, the state, or the United States, in connection with the 16 official duties of that officer or employee under any law for the protection of health, 17 or to contractors with the district or the state and its employees if, in the opinion of 18 the district or the state, disclosure is necessary and required for the satisfactory 19 performance of a contract, for performance of work, or to protect the health and 20 safety of the employees of the contractor. 21

(f) Any officer or employee of the district or former officer or employee who, by 22 virtue of that employment or official position, has possession of, or has access to, 23 any trade secret subject to this section, and who, knowing that disclosure of the 24 information to the general public is prohibited by this section, knowingly and 25 willfully discloses the information in any manner to any person not entitled to 26 receive it is guilty of a misdemeanor. Any contractor of the district and any 27 employee of the contractor, who has been furnished information as authorized by 28 this section, shall be considered an employee of the district for purposes of this 29 section. 30

(g) Information certified by appropriate officials of the United States as necessary
 to be kept secret for national defense purposes shall be accorded the full protections
 against disclosure as specified by those officials or in accordance with the laws of
 the United States

(h) As used in this section, "trade secret" and "public record" have the meanings
and protections given to them by Section 6254.7 Sections 7924.510 and 7924.700
of the Government Code and Section 1060 of the Evidence Code. All information
collected pursuant to this chapter, except for data used to calculate emissions data
required in the facility diagram, shall be considered "air pollution emission data,"
for the purposes of this section.

41 **Comment.** Section 44346 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 42 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

43 Reports (2019).

1 The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections and another technical change. 2 § 51615 (amended). Laws applicable to agency in administration of insurance fund SEC. . Section 51615 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 3 51615. (a) Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 4 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of, and Article 9 (commencing 5 with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of, Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) 6 of, Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 11370) of, and Chapter 5 (commencing 7 with Section 11500) of, Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of, the Government Code 8 shall apply to the agency with respect to the administration of the insurance fund. 9 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the provisions described in that subdivision 10 shall not apply to any of the following: 11 (1) The agency's activities and records relating to establishing rates and 12 premiums. 13 (2) Bids or contracts for insurance, coinsurance, and reinsurance. 14 (3) Other matters necessary to maintain the competitiveness of the agency in the 15 mortgage insurance industry, including, but not limited to, the development of 16 financial products. 17 18 **Comment.** Section 51615 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 19 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 20 Reports (2019). § 57020 (amended). Trade secret information provided to state agency by manufacturer 21 SEC. . Section 57020 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 22 57020. (a) Notwithstanding Section 6254.7 Sections 7924.510 and 7924.700 of 23 the Government Code, if a manufacturer believes that information provided to a 24 state agency pursuant to Section 57019 involves the release of a trade secret, the 25 manufacturer shall make the disclosure to the state agency and notify the state 26 agency in writing of that belief. In its written notice, the manufacturer shall identify 27 the portion of the information submitted to the state agency that it believes is a trade 28 secret and provide documentation supporting its conclusion. 29 (b) Subject to this section, the state agency shall protect from disclosure a trade 30 secret designated as such a trade secret by the manufacturer, if that trade secret is 31 32 not a public record. (c) Upon receipt of a request for the release of information to the public that 33 includes information that the manufacturer has notified the state agency is a trade 34 secret and that is not a public record, the following procedure applies: 35 (1) The state agency shall notify the manufacturer that disclosed the information 36 to the state agency of the request, in writing by certified mail, return receipt 37

requested.
(2) The state agency shall release the information to the public, but not earlier than
30 days after the date of mailing the notice of the request for information, unless,
prior to the expiration of the 30-day period, the manufacturer obtains an action in

1 an appropriate court for a declaratory judgment that the information is subject to

2 protection under this section or for a preliminary injunction prohibiting disclosure

- 3 of the information to the public and promptly notifies the state agency of that action.
- 4 In order to prevent the state agency from releasing the information to the public, the
- 5 manufacturer shall obtain a declaratory judgment or preliminary injunction within
- 6 30 days of filing an action for a declaratory judgment or preliminary injunction.
- 7 (d) This section does not authorize a manufacturer to refuse to disclose to the state
   8 agency information required by Section 57019.

(e) Any information that a court, pursuant to this section, determines is a trade 9 secret and not a public record, or pending final judgment pursuant to subdivision 10 (c), shall not be disclosed by the state agency to anyone, except to an officer or 11 employee of a city or county, the state, or the United States, or to a contractor with 12 a city or county, or the state, and its employees, if, in the opinion of the state agency, 13 disclosure is necessary and required for the satisfactory performance of a contract, 14 for the performance of work, or to protect the health and safety of the employees of 15 the contractor. 16

- 17 (f) The definitions in Section 57018 apply to this section.
- 18 **Comment.** Section 57020 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 21 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

### 22 § 101661 (amended). Powers and duties of Central Coast Hospital Authority

- 23 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 101661 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 101661. (a) The authority, in addition to any other powers granted to the authority
   pursuant to this chapter, shall have the following powers:
- 26 (1) To have the duties, privileges, immunities, rights, liabilities, and limitations of
- a local unit of government within the state.
- 28 (2) To have perpetual existence.
- 29 (3) To adopt, have, and use a seal, and to alter it at its pleasure.
- (4) To sue and be sued in the name of the authority in all actions and proceedings
   in all courts and tribunals of competent jurisdiction.
- (5) To purchase, lease, trade, exchange, or otherwise acquire, maintain, hold,
   improve, mortgage, lease, sell, and dispose of real and personal property of any kind
   necessary or convenient to perform its functions and fully exercise its powers.
- (6) To appoint and employ a chief executive officer and other officers and
  employees that may be necessary or appropriate, including legal counsel, to
  establish their compensation, provide for their health, retirement, and other
  employment benefits, and to define the power and duties of officers and employees.
  (7)(A) To incur indebtedness and to borrow money and issue bonds evidencing
  the same, including the authority to issue, from time to time, notes and revenue
- 41 bonds in principal amounts that the authority determines to be necessary to provide
- 42 sufficient funds for achieving any of its purposes, including, but not limited to,

1 assumption or refinancing of debt service for capital projects eligible for Medi-Cal

2 supplemental payments pursuant to Section 14085.5 of the Welfare and Institutions

3 Code, the payment of interest on notes and bonds of the authority, the establishment

4 of reserves to secure these notes and bonds, and all other expenditures of the 5 authority incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes and 6 powers.

(B) Any notes, bonds, or other securities issued, and the income from them,
including any profit from the sale thereof, shall at all times be free from taxation by
the state or any agency, political subdivision, or instrumentality of the state.

(C) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (A), for any indebtedness, 10 notes, bonds, or other securities that require voter approval pursuant to state law, 11 the prior approval of the board of supervisors shall be required. Notwithstanding the 12 required prior approval of the board of supervisors, any indebtedness incurred, or 13 notes, bonds, or other securities issued pursuant to this subparagraph shall be the 14 indebtedness, notes, bonds, or securities of the authority and not of the county, and 15 the credit of the county shall not be pledged or relied upon in any manner in order 16 to incur the indebtedness, or issue the notes, bonds, or other securities, unless the 17 board of supervisors explicitly authorizes the use of the county's credit. The 18 authority shall reimburse the county for all costs associated with the county's 19 consideration of the indebtedness, notes, bonds, or securities, and the authority shall 20 defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the county from any and all liability, costs, or 21 expenses arising from or related to the indebtedness, notes, bonds, or securities. 22

23 (8) To pursue its own credit rating.

(9) To enter into any contract or agreement consistent with this chapter or the laws
of this state, and to authorize the chief executive officer to enter into contracts,
execute all instruments, and do all things necessary or convenient in the exercise of
the powers granted in this chapter, and to secure the payment of bonds.

28 (10) To purchase supplies, equipment, materials, property, and services.

29 (11) To establish policies relating to its purposes.

30 (12) To acquire or contract to acquire, rights-of-way, easements, privileges, and 31 property, and to construct, equip, maintain, and operate any and all works or 32 improvements wherever located that are necessary, convenient, or proper to carry 33 out any of the provisions, objects, or purposes of this chapter, and to complete, 34 extend, add to, repair, or otherwise improve any works or improvements acquired 35 by it.

(13) To contract for and to accept gifts, grants, and loans of funds, property, or
 other aid in any form from the federal government, the state, a state agency, or other
 source, or combination thereof, and to comply, subject to this chapter, with the terms
 and conditions thereof.

(14) To invest surplus money in its own treasury, manage investments, and
 engage third-party investment managers, in accordance with state law.

1 (15) To arrange for guarantees or insurance of its bonds, notes, or other 2 obligations by the federal or state government or by a private insurer, and to pay the 3 premiums thereof.

(16) To engage in managed care contracting, joint ventures, affiliations with other
health care facilities, other health care providers and payers, management
agreements, or to participate in alliances, purchasing consortia, health insurance
pools, accountable care organizations, alternative delivery systems, or other
cooperative arrangements, with any public or private entity.

9 (17) To enter into joint powers agreements pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing
10 with Section 6500) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

(18) To establish nonprofit, for profit, or other entities necessary to carry out the
 duties of the authority.

(19) To elect to transfer funds to the state and incur certified public expenditures
 in support of the Medi-Cal program and other programs for which federal financial
 participation is available.

16 (20) To use a computerized management information system, including an 17 electronic health records system, in connection with the administration of its 18 facilities.

(21) To request that the board of supervisors levy a tax on behalf of the authority. 19 If the board of supervisors approves the proposal to levy the tax, the board shall call 20 the election to seek voter approval and place the appropriate measure on the ballot 21 for that election. The proceeds of these taxes shall be tax proceeds of the authority 22 and not of the county. The authority shall reimburse the county for all costs 23 associated with the county's consideration of these taxes, and shall defend, 24 indemnify, and hold harmless the county from any liability, costs, or expenses 25 arising from or related to the imposition of these taxes. 26

(22) To contract with the county for the provision of indigent care services on 27 behalf of the county. The contract shall specify that county policies consistent with 28 the county's obligations under Section 17000 of the Welfare and Institutions Code 29 shall be applicable. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the 30 authority shall not undertake any of the county's obligations under Section 17000 31 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, nor shall the authority have an entitlement to 32 receive any revenue for the discharge of the county's obligations, without a written 33 agreement with the county. 34

(23) To engage in other activities that may be in the best interests of the authority
 and the persons served by the authority, as determined by the board of trustees, in
 order to respond to changes in the health care industry.

38 (b) The authority shall conform to the following requirements:

(1) Be a government entity separate and apart for all purposes from the county
and any other public entity, and shall not be considered to be an agency, division,
or department of the county or any other public entity. The authority shall not be
governed by, or subject to, the policies or operational rules of the county or any
other public entity.

1 (2) Be subject to state and federal taxation laws that are applicable to public 2 entities generally, except that the authority may, to the extent permitted by federal 3 law, apply for an exemption from social security taxation if there is a mutual 4 agreement with the exclusive representatives of the affected employees.

(3) Comply with the Meyers-Milias-Brown Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with 5 Section 3500) of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code), the Public Records 6 Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 7 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code), and the 8 Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Division 2 9 of Title 5 of the Government Code). 10 (4) To the extent the authority is permitted by federal law to participate in the 11 Public Employees' Retirement System, assume the assets and liabilities for Public 12 Employees' Retirement System benefits, consistent with the requirements of 13

Section 20508 and other applicable provisions of Part 3 (commencing with Section 20000) of Division 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code and assume workers' compensation liabilities and other employee benefits and liabilities with respect to employees of the authority, unless otherwise agreed to by the authority, the county, and the governing board.

(5) Carry professional and general liability insurance or programs to the extentsufficient to cover its activities.

(6) Comply with the requirements of Sections 53260 and 53261 of theGovernment Code.

23 (7) Meet all local, state, and federal data reporting requirements.

24 (8) Be subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Employment Relations Board.

(c) Open sessions of the authority constitute official proceedings authorized by
 law within the meaning of Section 47 of the Civil Code. The privileges set forth in
 that section with respect to official proceedings apply to open sessions of the
 authority.

(d) The authority is a public agency for purposes of eligibility with respect to
grants and other funding and loan guarantee programs. Contributions to the
authority are tax deductible to the extent permitted by state and federal law.
Nonproprietary income of the authority is exempt from state income taxation.

(e) The authority is not a "person" subject to suit under the Cartwright Act
(Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 16700) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business
and Professions Code).

(f) The statutory authority of a board of supervisors to prescribe rules that
authorize a county hospital to integrate its services with those of other providers into
a system of community service that offers free choice of hospitals to those requiring
hospital care, as set forth in Section 14000.2 of the Welfare and Institutions Code,
apply to the authority and the board of trustees.

(g) Unless otherwise agreed to by the authority and the board of supervisors, or
the authority and a governing board, an obligation of the authority, statutory,
contractual or otherwise, is the obligation solely of the authority and not the

obligation of the county or any other entity, and any contract executed by and between the county and the authority, or any other entity and the authority, shall contain a provision that liabilities or obligations of the authority with respect to its activities pursuant to the contract shall be the liabilities or obligations of the authority and shall not be or become the liabilities or obligations of the county or the other entity, respectively.

(h) An obligation of the authority, statutory, contractual or otherwise, is the
 obligation solely of the authority and not the obligation of the state.

9 (i) In the event of a change of license ownership, the board of trustees shall 10 comply with the obligations of governing bodies of general acute care hospitals 11 generally as set forth in Section 70701 of Title 22 of the California Code of 12 Regulations, as currently written or subsequently amended, as well as the terms and 13 conditions of the license. The authority is the responsible party with respect to 14 compliance with these obligations, terms, and conditions.

(j)(1) Provisions of the Evidence Code, the Government Code, including the 15 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 16 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 17 Code), the Civil Code, the Business and Professions Code, and other applicable law 18 pertaining to the confidentiality of peer review activities of peer review bodies apply 19 to the peer review activities of the authority. Peer review proceedings constitute an 20 official proceeding authorized by law within the meaning of Section 47 of the Civil 21 Code and those privileges set forth in that section with respect to official 22 proceedings apply to peer review proceedings of the authority. If the authority is 23 required by law or contractual obligation to submit to the state or federal 24 government peer review information or information relevant to the credentialing of 25 a participating provider, that submission does not constitute a waiver of 26 confidentiality. The laws pertaining to the confidentiality of peer review activities 27 shall be together construed as extending, to the extent permitted by law, the 28 maximum degree of protection of confidentiality. 29

30 (2) Notwithstanding any other law, Section 1461 applies to hearings on reports of
 31 hospital medical audit or quality assurance committees.

(k)(1) A transfer by the county to the authority, or by the governing board to the 32 authority, of the maintenance, operation, and management or ownership of the 33 medical center or the other health care facility, respectively, whether or not the 34 transfer includes the surrendering by the county or the governing board of any 35 existing general acute care hospital license and corresponding application for a 36 change of ownership of the license, does not affect the eligibility of the county or 37 the governing board to undertake, and authorizes the authority, subject to applicable 38 requirements, to do, any of the following: 39

(A) With the written consent of the county, participate in and receive allocations
pursuant to the California Health Care for Indigents Program pursuant to Chapter 5
(commencing with Section 16940) of Part 4.7 of Division 9 of the Welfare and

Institutions Code, or similar programs, as may be identified or earmarked by the
county for indigent health care services of the type provided by the medical center.
(B) With the written consent of the county, participate in and receive allocations
of local revenue fund amounts provided pursuant to Chapter 6 (commencing with
Section 17600) of Part 5 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code as may
be identified or earmarked by the county for indigent health care services of the type
provided by the medical center.

8 (C) Participate in the financing of, and receive, Medicaid disproportionate share 9 hospital payments available to a county hospital or designated public hospital, or 10 any other successor or modified payment or funding that is intended to assist 11 hospitals that serve a disproportionate share of low-income patients with special 12 needs. The allocation of Medicaid disproportionate share hospital payments shall be 13 made in consultation with the State Department of Health Care Services and other 14 designated safety net hospitals.

(D) Participate in the financing of, and receive, Medi-Cal supplemental reimbursements, including, but not limited to, payments made pursuant to Sections 14105.96, 14105.965, 14166.4, and 14182.15 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, payments described in paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 14301.4 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and payments made available to a county provider or designated public hospital, or governmental entity with which it is affiliated, under any other successor or modified Medicaid payment system.

(E) Participate in the financing of, and receive, safety net care pool funding, 22 stabilization funding, delivery system reform incentive pool payments, and any 23 other funding available to a county provider or designated public hospital, or 24 governmental entities with which it is affiliated under the Medicaid demonstration 25 project authorized pursuant to Article 5.2 (commencing with Section 14166) and 26 Article 5.4 (commencing with Section 14180) of Chapter 7 of Part 3 of Division 9 27 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or under any other successor or modified 28 Medicaid demonstration project or Medicaid payment system. The allocation of 29 safety net care pool funds shall be made in consultation with the State Department 30 of Health Care Services and other designated safety net hospitals. 31

(F) Participate in the financing, administration, and provision of services under the Low Income Health Program authorized pursuant to Part 3.6 (commencing with Section 15909) of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or under any other successor or modified Medicaid demonstration project or Medicaid payment system if the authority enters into an agreement with the county concerning the provision of services by, and payment for these services to, the county.

(G) Participate in and receive direct grant and payment allocations pursuant to
Article 5.228 (commencing with Section 14169.1) of Chapter 7 of Part 3 of Division
9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or under any other successor or modified
direct grant and payment systems funded by hospital or other provider fee
assessments.

(H) Receive Medi-Cal capital supplements pursuant to Section 14085.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, supplemental payments shall be made to the medical center under Section 14085.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code for the debt service costs incurred by the county, and, if applicable, by the authority to the extent that debt service responsibility is refinanced, transferred to, or otherwise assumed by, directly or indirectly, the authority.

8 (I) Receive any other funds that would otherwise be available to a county provider 9 or designated public hospital, or governmental entity with which it is affiliated.

(2) A transfer described in paragraph (1) shall not otherwise disqualify the county
 or the governing board, or in the case of a change in license ownership, the authority,
 from participating in any of the following:

(A) Local, state, and federal funding sources either specific to county or district
 hospitals, county or district ambulatory care clinics, designated public hospitals, or
 government entities with which they are affiliated, for which there are special
 provisions specific to those hospitals, ambulatory care clinics, or government
 entities.

(B) Funding programs in which the county or the governing board, by themselves or on behalf of the medical center or the other health care facility, respectively, had participated prior to the creation of the authority, or would otherwise be qualified to participate in had the authority not been created, and the maintenance, operation, and management or ownership of the medical center and the other health care facility not been transferred by the county and the governing board to the authority pursuant to this chapter.

(*l*) The authority, the county, and the governing board, or any combination
thereof, may engage in marketing, advertising, and promotion of the medical and
health care services made available to the community by the authority.

(m) The board of trustees has authority over procurement and contracts for the 28 authority. The board of trustees shall adopt written rules, regulations, and 29 procedures with regard to these functions. Contracts by and between the authority 30 and any public agency, and contracts by and between the authority and providers of 31 health care, goods, or services, may be let on a nonbid basis and shall be exempt 32 from Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the 33 Public Contract Code. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the 34 authority shall not subcontract work performed by classifications represented by 35 employee organizations without mutual agreement between the authority and the 36 exclusive representatives, except that a subcontract entered into prior to the 37 formation of the authority may remain in effect until its termination or completion 38 and may be modified or renewed to a later termination or completion date upon 39 agreement between the authority and the exclusive representatives of the affected 40 classifications. 41

(n) The authority shall be responsible for human resource functions, including,
 but not limited to, position classification, compensation, recruitment, selection,

hiring, discipline, termination, grievance, equal opportunity, performance 1 management, probationary periods, training, promotion, and maintenance of 2 records. The board of trustees shall adopt written rules, regulations, and procedures 3 with regard to these functions. Until the time that the board of trustees adopts its 4 own rules, regulations, or procedures with regard to these functions, the existing 5 rules, regulations, and procedures set forth in any memorandum of understanding 6 described in paragraph (3) of subdivision (d) of Section 101658 apply. If the 7 memoranda do not provide for the exercise of these functions, the rules, regulations, 8 and procedures of the county apply. 9

(*o*) The authority may contract with the county or the governing board for servicesand personnel upon mutually agreeable terms.

(p) Notwithstanding Article 4.7 (commencing with Section 1125) of Chapter 1 of 12 Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code, related to incompatible activities, a 13 member of the authority's administrative staff shall not be considered to be engaged 14 in activities inconsistent and incompatible with his or her the staff member's duties 15 as a result of prior employment or affiliation with the county or the governing board. 16 (q) The board of trustees and the officers and employees of the authority are public 17 employees for purposes of Division 3.6 (commencing with Section 810) of Title 1 18 of the Government Code, relating to claims and actions against public entities and 19

public employees, and shall be protected by the immunities applicable to public entities and public employees governed by Part 2 (commencing with Section 814) of Division 3.6 of Title 1 of the Government Code, except as provided by other statutes or regulations that apply expressly to the authority.

(r) Except for Part 3 (commencing with Section 20000) of Division 5 of Title 2 of
the Government Code, this chapter shall prevail over any inconsistent statutes
governing employees of the authority, including, but not limited to, the MeyersMilias-Brown Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 3500) of Division 1 of
Title 1 of the Government Code).

Comment. Section 101661 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

32 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

# \$ 101848.2 (amended). Records of hospital authority that relate to trade secrets, payment rates, or contract negotiations with health care providers

35 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 101848.2 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

36 101848.2. The records of the hospital authority, whether paper records, records

37 maintained in the management information system, or records in any other form that

relate to trade secrets or to payment rates or the determination thereof, or <del>which</del> that

relate to contract negotiations with providers of health care, shall not be subject to

40 disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 5 (commencing

41 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)

42 of Title 1 of the Government Code). The transmission of the records, or the

information contained therein in an alternative form, to the board of supervisors shall not constitute a waiver of exemption from disclosure, and the records and information once transmitted shall be subject to this same exemption. The information, if compelled pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction or administrative body in a manner permitted by law, shall be limited to in camera review, which, at the discretion of the court, may include the parties to the proceeding, and shall not be made a part of the court file unless sealed.

8 Comment. Section 101848.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
9 California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L.
10 Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_(2019). By updating the reference to the CPRA, the amendment also

eliminates an erroneous reference to "Chapter 5" (as opposed to "Chapter 3.5").

12 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

#### 13 § 101848.9 (amended). Confidentiality of peer review activities of hospital authority

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 101848.9 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 14 101848.9. Provisions of the Evidence Code, the Government Code, including the 15 Public Records Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 16 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 17 Code), the Civil Code, the Business and Professions Code, and other applicable law 18 pertaining to the confidentiality of peer review activities of peer review bodies shall 19 apply to the peer review activities of the hospital authority. Peer review proceedings 20 shall constitute an official proceeding authorized by law within the meaning of 21 Section 47 of the Civil Code and those privileges set forth in that section with 22 respect to official proceedings shall apply to peer review proceedings of the hospital 23 24 authority. If the hospital authority is required by law or contractual obligation to submit to the state or federal government peer review information or information 25 relevant to the credentialing of a participating provider, that submission shall not 26 constitute a waiver of confidentiality. The laws pertaining to the confidentiality of 27 peer review activities shall be together construed as extending, to the extent 28 29 permitted by law, the maximum degree of protection of confidentiality.

Comment. Section 101848.9 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L.
 Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). By updating the reference to the CPRA, the amendment also
 eliminates an erroneous reference to "Chapter 5" (as opposed to "Chapter 3.5").

34 § 101850 (amended). Transfer of governance of Alameda Health System

35 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 101850 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

<sup>36</sup> 101850. The Legislature finds and declares the following:

(a)(1) Due to the challenges facing the Alameda Health System arising from
 changes in the public and private health industries, the Alameda County Board of

39 Supervisors has determined that a transfer of governance of the Alameda Health

40 System to an independent governing body, a hospital authority, is needed to improve

the efficiency, effectiveness, and economy of the community health services

42 provided at the medical center. The board of supervisors has further determined that

the creation of an independent hospital authority strictly and exclusively dedicated

- 2 to the management, administration, and control of the medical center, in a manner
- 3 consistent with the county's obligations under Section 17000 of the Welfare and
- Institutions Code, is the best way to fulfill its commitment to the medically indigent,
   special needs, and general populations of Alameda County. To accomplish this, it
- 5 special needs, and general populations of Alameda County. To accomplish this, it 6 is necessary that the board of supervisors be given authority to create a hospital
- authority. Because there is no general law under which this authority could be formed, the adoption of a special act and the formation of a special authority is
- 9 required.
- 10 (2) The following definitions apply for purposes of this section:
- 11 (A) "The county" means the County of Alameda.
- 12 (B) "Governing board" means the governing body of the hospital authority.
- 13 (C) "Hospital authority" means the separate public agency established by the

Board of Supervisors of Alameda County to manage, administer, and control theAlameda Health System.

- (D) "Medical center" means the Alameda Health System, which was formerlyknown as the Alameda County Medical Center.
- (b) The board of supervisors of the county may, by ordinance, establish a hospital 18 authority separate and apart from the county for the purpose of effecting a transfer 19 of the management, administration, and control of the medical center in accordance 20 with Section 14000.2 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. A hospital authority 21 established pursuant to this chapter shall be strictly and exclusively dedicated to the 22 management, administration, and control of the medical center within parameters 23 set forth in this chapter, and in the ordinance, bylaws, and contracts adopted by the 24 board of supervisors that shall not be in conflict with this chapter, Section 1442.5 of 25 this code, or Section 17000 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. 26
- (c) A hospital authority established pursuant to this chapter shall be governed by 27 a board that is appointed, both initially and continually, by the Board of Supervisors 28 of the County of Alameda. This hospital authority governing board shall reflect both 29 the expertise necessary to maximize the quality and scope of care at the medical 30 center in a fiscally responsible manner and the diverse interest that the medical 31 center serves. The enabling ordinance shall specify the membership of the hospital 32 authority governing board, the qualifications for individual members, the manner of 33 appointment, selection, or removal of governing board members, their terms of 34 office, and all other matters that the board of supervisors deems necessary or 35 convenient for the conduct of the hospital authority's activities. 36
- (d) The mission of the hospital authority shall be the management, administration,
  and other control, as determined by the board of supervisors, of the group of public
  hospitals, clinics, and programs that comprise the medical center, in a manner that
  ensures appropriate, quality, and cost-effective medical care as required of counties
  by Section 17000 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and, to the extent feasible,
  other populations, including special populations in the County of Alameda.

(e) The board of supervisors shall adopt bylaws for the medical center that set
forth those matters related to the operation of the medical center by the hospital
authority that the board of supervisors deems necessary and appropriate. The bylaws
shall become operative upon approval by a majority vote of the board of supervisors.
Changes or amendments to the bylaws shall be by majority vote of the board of
supervisors.

(f) The hospital authority created and appointed pursuant to this section is a duly
constituted governing body within the meaning of Section 1250 of this code and
Section 70035 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations as currently written
or subsequently amended.

(g) Unless otherwise provided by the board of supervisors by way of resolution, the hospital authority may, or the board of supervisors may on behalf of the hospital authority, apply as a public agency for one or more licenses for the provision of health care pursuant to statutes and regulations governing licensing as currently written or subsequently amended.

(h) In the event of a change of license ownership, the governing body of the hospital authority shall comply with the obligations of governing bodies of general acute care hospitals generally, as set forth in Section 70701 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, as currently written or subsequently amended, as well as the terms and conditions of the license. The hospital authority is the responsible party with respect to compliance with these obligations, terms, and conditions.

(i)(1) A transfer by the county to the hospital authority of the administration,
management, and control of the medical center, whether or not the transfer includes
the surrendering by the county of the existing general acute care hospital license and
corresponding application for a change of ownership of the license, does not affect
the eligibility of the county, or in the case of a change of license ownership, the
hospital authority, to do any of the following:

(A) Participate in, and receive allocations pursuant to, the California Healthcare
 for the Indigents Program (CHIP).

(B) Receive appropriations from the Medi-Cal Inpatient Payment Adjustment
 Fund without relieving the county of its obligation to make intergovernmental
 transfer payments related to the Medi-Cal Inpatient Payment Adjustment Fund
 pursuant to Section 14163 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(C) Receive Medi-Cal capital supplements pursuant to Section 14085.5 of the
 Welfare and Institutions Code.

(D) Receive any other funds that would otherwise be available to a countyhospital.

39 (2) A transfer described in paragraph (1) does not otherwise disqualify the county,

40 or in the case of a change in license ownership, the hospital authority, from
41 participating in any of the following:

1 (A) Other funding sources either specific to county hospitals or county 2 ambulatory care clinics or for which there are special provisions specific to county 3 hospitals or to county ambulatory care clinics.

(B) Funding programs in which the county, on behalf of the medical center and
the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency, had participated prior to the
creation of the hospital authority, or would otherwise be qualified to participate in
had the hospital authority not been created, and administration, management, and
control not been transferred by the county to the hospital authority, pursuant to this
chapter.

(i) A hospital authority created pursuant to this chapter shall be a legal entity 10 separate and apart from the county and shall file the statement required by Section 11 53051 of the Government Code. The hospital authority shall be a government entity 12 separate and apart from the county, and shall not be considered to be an agency, 13 division, or department of the county. The hospital authority shall not be governed 14 by, nor be subject to, the charter of the county and shall not be subject to policies or 15 operational rules of the county, including, but not limited to, those relating to 16 personnel and procurement. 17

18 (k)(1) A contract executed by and between the county and the hospital authority 19 shall provide that liabilities or obligations of the hospital authority with respect to 20 its activities pursuant to the contract shall be the liabilities or obligations of the 21 hospital authority, and shall not become the liabilities or obligations of the county.

(2) Liabilities or obligations of the hospital authority with respect to the
 liquidation or disposition of the hospital authority's assets upon termination of the
 hospital authority shall not become the liabilities or obligations of the county.

(3) An obligation of the hospital authority, statutory, contractual, or otherwise,
shall be the obligation solely of the hospital authority and shall not be the obligation
of the county or the state.

(*l*)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a transfer of the
 administration, management, or assets of the medical center, whether or not
 accompanied by a change in licensing, does not relieve the county of the ultimate
 responsibility for indigent care pursuant to Section 17000 of the Welfare and
 Institutions Code or any obligation pursuant to Section 1442.5 of this code.

(2) A contract executed by and between the county and the hospital authority shall
provide for the indemnification of the county by the hospital authority for liabilities
as specifically set forth in the contract, except that the contract shall include a
provision that the county shall remain liable for its own negligent acts.

(3) Indemnification by the hospital authority shall not be construed as divesting
the county from its ultimate responsibility for compliance with Section 17000 of the
Welfare and Institutions Code.

(m) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section relating to the obligations and
liabilities of the hospital authority, a transfer of control or ownership of the medical
center shall confer onto the hospital authority all the rights and duties set forth in
state law with respect to hospitals owned or operated by a county.

(n)(1) A transfer of the maintenance, operation, and management or ownership of

the medical center to the hospital authority shall comply with the provisions of
Section 14000.2 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

4 (2) A transfer of maintenance, operation, and management or ownership to the 5 hospital authority may be made with or without the payment of a purchase price by 6 the hospital authority and upon the terms and conditions on which the parties 7 mutually agree, which shall include those found necessary by the board of 8 supervisors to ensure that the transfer will constitute an ongoing material benefit to 9 the county and its residents.

(3) A transfer of the maintenance, operation, and management to the hospital
 authority shall not be construed as empowering the hospital authority to transfer any
 ownership interest of the county in the medical center except as otherwise approved
 by the board of supervisors.

(*o*) The board of supervisors shall retain control over the use of the medical center
 physical plant and facilities except as otherwise specifically provided for in lawful
 agreements entered into by the board of supervisors. A lease agreement or other
 agreement between the county and the hospital authority shall provide that county
 premises shall not be sublet without the approval of the board of supervisors.

(p) The statutory authority of a board of supervisors to prescribe rules that
authorize a county hospital to integrate its services with those of other hospitals into
a system of community service that offers free choice of hospitals to those requiring
hospital care, as set forth in Section 14000.2 of the Welfare and Institutions Code,
shall apply to the hospital authority upon a transfer of maintenance, operation, and
management or ownership of the medical center by the county to the hospital
authority.

(q) The hospital authority may acquire and possess real or personal property and 26 may dispose of real or personal property other than that owned by the county, as 27 may be necessary for the performance of its functions. The hospital authority may 28 sue or be sued, to employ personnel, and to contract for services required to meet 29 its obligations. Before January 1, 2024, the hospital authority shall not enter into a 30 contract with any other person or entity, including, but not limited to, a subsidiary 31 or other entity established by the authority, to replace services being provided by 32 physicians and surgeons who are employed by the hospital authority and in a 33 recognized collective bargaining unit, with services provided by that other person 34 or entity without clear and convincing evidence that the needed medical care can 35 only be delivered cost effectively by that other person or entity. Prior to entering 36 into a contract for any of those services, the authority shall negotiate with the 37 representative of the recognized collective bargaining unit of its physician and 38 surgeon employees over the decision to privatize and, if unable to resolve any 39 dispute through negotiations, shall submit the matter to final binding arbitration. 40

(r) An agreement between the county and the hospital authority shall provide that
 all existing services provided by the medical center shall continue to be provided to
 the county through the medical center subject to the policy of the county and

consistent with the county's obligations under Section 17000 of the Welfare and
 Institutions Code.

(s) A hospital authority to which the maintenance, operation, and management or
ownership of the medical center is transferred shall be a "district" within the
meaning set forth in the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (Chapter 3
(commencing with Section 31450) of Part 3 of Division 4 of Title 3 of the
Government Code). Employees of a hospital authority are eligible to participate in
the County Employees Retirement System to the extent permitted by law, except as
described in Section 101851.

10 (t) Members of the governing board of the hospital authority shall not be 11 vicariously liable for injuries caused by the act or omission of the hospital authority 12 to the extent that protection applies to members of governing boards of local public 13 entities generally under Section 820.9 of the Government Code.

14 (u) The hospital authority shall be a public agency subject to the Meyers-Milias-

Brown Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 3500) of Division 4 of Title 1 ofthe Government Code).

(v) Any transfer of functions from county employee classifications to a hospital
 authority established pursuant to this section shall result in the recognition by the
 hospital authority of the employee organization that represented the classifications
 performing those functions at the time of the transfer.

(w)(1) In exercising its powers to employ personnel, as set forth in subdivision
 (p), the hospital authority shall implement, and the board of supervisors shall adopt,
 a personnel transition plan. The personnel transition plan shall require all of the
 following:

(A) Ongoing communications to employees and recognized employee
 organizations regarding the impact of the transition on existing medical center
 employees and employee classifications.

28 (B) Meeting and conferring on all of the following issues:

(i) The timeframe for which the transfer of personnel shall occur. The timeframe
shall be subject to modification by the board of supervisors as appropriate, but in no
event shall it exceed one year from the effective date of transfer of governance from
the board of supervisors to the hospital authority.

(ii) A specified period of time during which employees of the county impacted by
 the transfer of governance may elect to be appointed to vacant positions with the
 Alameda County Health Care Services Agency for which they have tenure.

(iii) A specified period of time during which employees of the county impacted
 by the transfer of governance may elect to be considered for reinstatement into
 positions with the county for which they are qualified and eligible.

(iv) Compensation for vacation leave and compensatory leave accrued while
 employed with the county in a manner that grants affected employees the option of
 either transferring balances or receiving compensation to the degree permitted
 employees laid off from service with the county.

1 (v) A transfer of sick leave accrued while employed with the county to hospital 2 authority employment.

3 (vi) The recognition by the hospital authority of service with the county in 4 determining the rate at which vacation accrues.

5 (vii) The possible preservation of seniority, pensions, health benefits, and other 6 applicable accrued benefits of employees of the county impacted by the transfer of 7 governance.

8 (2) This subdivision shall not be construed as prohibiting the hospital authority 9 from determining the number of employees, the number of full-time equivalent 10 positions, the job descriptions, and the nature and extent of classified employment 11 positions.

(3) Employees of the hospital authority are public employees for purposes of
 Division 3.6 (commencing with Section 810) of Title 1 of the Government Code
 relating to claims and actions against public entities and public employees.

(x) The hospital authority created pursuant to this section shall be bound by the 15 terms of the memorandum of understanding executed by and between the county 16 and health care and management employee organizations that is in effect as of the 17 date this legislation becomes operative in the county. Upon the expiration of the 18 memorandum of understanding, the hospital authority has sole authority to negotiate 19 subsequent memorandums of understanding with appropriate employee 20 organizations. Subsequent memorandums of understanding shall be approved by the 21 hospital authority. 22

(y) The hospital authority created pursuant to this section may borrow from the
 county and the county may lend the hospital authority funds or issue revenue
 anticipation notes to obtain those funds necessary to operate the medical center and
 otherwise provide medical services.

(z) The hospital authority is subject to state and federal taxation laws that areapplicable to counties generally.

(aa) The hospital authority, the county, or both, may engage in marketing,
advertising, and promotion of the medical and health care services made available
to the community at the medical center.

(ab) The hospital authority is not a "person" subject to suit under the Cartwright
 Act (Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 16700) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the
 Business and Professions Code).

35 (ac) Notwithstanding Article 4.7 (commencing with Section 1125) of Chapter 1

of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code related to incompatible activities,

- a member of the hospital authority administrative staff shall not be considered to be
   engaged in activities inconsistent and incompatible with his or her the staff
   member's duties as a result of employment or affiliation with the county.
- (ad)(1) The hospital authority may use a computerized management information
   system in connection with the administration of the medical center.

(2) Information maintained in the management information system or in other
filing and records maintenance systems that is confidential and protected by law
shall not be disclosed except as provided by law.

(3) The records of the hospital authority, whether paper records, records 4 maintained in the management information system, or records in any other form, 5 that relate to trade secrets or to payment rates or the determination thereof, or that 6 relate to contract negotiations with providers of health care, shall not be subject to 7 disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 5 (commencing 8 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 9 of Title 1 of the Government Code). The transmission of the records, or the 10 information contained therein in an alternative form, to the board of supervisors 11 does not constitute a waiver of exemption from disclosure, and the records and 12 information, once transmitted, shall be subject to this same exemption. The 13 information, if compelled pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction 14 or administrative body in a manner permitted by law, shall be limited to in-camera 15 review, which, at the discretion of the court, may include the parties to the 16 proceeding, and shall not be made a part of the court file unless sealed. 17

(ae)(1) Notwithstanding any other law, the governing board may order that a
meeting held solely for the purpose of discussion or taking action on hospital
authority trade secrets, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3426.1 of the Civil
Code, shall be held in closed session. The requirements of making a public report
of actions taken in closed session and the vote or abstention of every member present
may be limited to a brief general description devoid of the information constituting
the trade secret.

(2) The governing board may delete the portion or portions containing trade
 secrets from any documents that were finally approved in the closed session that are
 provided to persons who have made the timely or standing request.

(3) This section shall not be construed as preventing the governing board frommeeting in closed session as otherwise provided by law.

(af) Open sessions of the hospital authority constitute official proceedings
 authorized by law within the meaning of Section 47 of the Civil Code. The
 privileges set forth in that section with respect to official proceedings apply to open
 sessions of the hospital authority.

(ag) The hospital authority is a public agency for purposes of eligibility with
respect to grants and other funding and loan guarantee programs. Contributions to
the hospital authority are tax deductible to the extent permitted by state and federal
law. Nonproprietary income of the hospital authority is exempt from state income
taxation.

(ah) Contracts by and between the hospital authority and the state and contracts
by and between the hospital authority and providers of health care, goods, or
services may be let on a nonbid basis and shall be exempt from Chapter 2
(commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract
Code.

(ai)(1) Provisions of the Evidence Code, the Government Code, including the 1 California Public Records Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 2 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 3 Government Code), the Civil Code, the Business and Professions Code, and other 4 applicable law pertaining to the confidentiality of peer review activities of peer 5 review bodies apply to the peer review activities of the hospital authority. Peer 6 review proceedings constitute an official proceeding authorized by law within the 7 meaning of Section 47 of the Civil Code and those privileges set forth in that section 8 with respect to official proceedings shall apply to peer review proceedings of the 9 hospital authority. If the hospital authority is required by law or contractual 10 obligation to submit to the state or federal government peer review information or 11 information relevant to the credentialing of a participating provider, that submission 12 does not constitute a waiver of confidentiality. The laws pertaining to the 13 confidentiality of peer review activities shall be together construed as extending, to 14 the extent permitted by law, the maximum degree of protection of confidentiality. 15

(2) Notwithstanding any other law, Section 1461 applies to hearings on the reports
 of hospital medical audit or quality assurance committees.

(aj) The hospital authority shall carry general liability insurance to the extentsufficient to cover its activities.

(ak) In the event the board of supervisors determines that the hospital authority
 should no longer function for the purposes set forth in this chapter, the board of
 supervisors may, by ordinance, terminate the activities of the hospital authority and
 expire the hospital authority as an entity.

(al) A hospital authority that is created pursuant to this section, but does not obtain
the administration, management, and control of the medical center or has those
duties and responsibilities revoked by the board of supervisors, shall not be
empowered with the powers enumerated in this section.

(am)(1) The county shall establish baseline data reporting requirements for the
medical center consistent with the Medically Indigent Care Reporting System
(MICRS) program established pursuant to Section 16910 of the Welfare and
Institutions Code and shall collect that data for at least one year prior to the final
transfer of the medical center to the hospital authority established pursuant to this
chapter. The baseline data shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:

- 34 (A) Inpatient days by facility by quarter.
- 35 (B) Outpatient visits by facility by quarter.
- 36 (C) Emergency room visits by facility by quarter.
- 37 (D) Number of unduplicated users receiving services within the medical center.
- 38 (2) Upon transfer of the medical center, the county shall establish baseline data
- <sup>39</sup> reporting requirements for each of the medical center inpatient facilities consistent

40 with data reporting requirements of the Office of Statewide Health Planning and

41 Development, including, but not limited to, monthly average daily census by facility

- 42 for all of the following:
- 43 (A) Acute care, excluding newborns.

1 (B) Newborns.

2 (C) Skilled nursing facility, in a distinct part.

(3) From the date of transfer of the medical center to the hospital authority, the 3 hospital authority shall provide the county with quarterly reports specified in 4 paragraphs (1) and (2) and any other data required by the county. The county, in 5 consultation with health care consumer groups, shall develop other data 6 requirements that shall include, at a minimum, reasonable measurements of the 7 changes in medical care for the indigent population of Alameda County that result 8 from the transfer of the administration, management, and control of the medical 9 center from the county to the hospital authority. 10

(an) A hospital authority established pursuant to this section shall comply with
 the requirements of Sections 53260 and 53261 of the Government Code.

Comment. Section 101850 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). By updating the reference to the CPRA, the amendment also

16 eliminates an erroneous reference to "Chapter 5" (as opposed to "Chapter 3.5").

17 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 18 § 101855 (amended). Powers and duties of Kern Hospital System Authority

19 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 101855 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

101855. (a) Subject to any terms, conditions, and limitations as may be imposed by the enabling ordinance, the authority, in addition to any other powers granted

22 pursuant to this chapter, shall have the following powers:

(1) To have the duties, privileges, immunities, rights, liabilities, and limitations of
 a local unit of government within the state.

(2) To have perpetual existence, subject to Article 5 (commencing with Section
 101856).

27 (3) To adopt, have, and use a seal, and to alter it at its pleasure.

(4) To sue and be sued in the name of the authority in all actions and proceedingsin all courts and tribunals of competent jurisdiction.

(5) To purchase, lease, trade, exchange, or otherwise acquire, maintain, hold,
 improve, mortgage, lease, sell, and dispose of real and personal property of any kind
 necessary or convenient to perform its functions and fully exercise its powers.

(6) To appoint and employ or otherwise engage a chief executive officer and other
 officers and employees that may be necessary or appropriate, including legal
 counsel, to establish their compensation, provide for their health, retirement, and
 other employment benefits, and to define the power and duties of officers and
 employees.

(7)(A) To incur indebtedness and to borrow money and issue bonds evidencing
the same, including the authority to issue, from time to time, notes and revenue
bonds in principal amounts that the authority determines to be necessary to provide
sufficient funds for achieving any of its purposes, including, but not limited to,
assumption or refinancing of debt service for capital projects eligible for Medi-Cal
supplemental payments pursuant to Section 14085.5 of the Welfare and Institutions

1 Code, or any successor or modified Medi-Cal debt service reimbursement program,

2 the payment of principal and interest on notes and bonds of the authority, the

3 establishment of reserves to secure those notes and bonds, and all other expenditures

of the authority incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes and
 powers.

(B) Any notes, bonds, or other securities issued, and the income from them,
including any profit from the sale thereof, shall at all times be free from taxation by
the state or any agency, political subdivision, or instrumentality of the state.

(C) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (A), for any indebtedness, 9 notes, bonds, or other securities that require voter approval pursuant to state law, 10 the prior approval of the board of supervisors shall be required. Notwithstanding the 11 required prior approval of the board of supervisors and except as otherwise provided 12 in this chapter, any indebtedness incurred, or notes, bonds, or other securities issued 13 pursuant to this subparagraph shall be the indebtedness, notes, bonds, or securities 14 of the authority and not of the county, and the credit of the county shall not be 15 pledged or relied upon in any manner in order to incur the indebtedness, or issue the 16 notes, bonds, or other securities, unless the board of supervisors explicitly 17 authorizes the use of the county's credit. The authority shall reimburse the county 18 for all costs associated with the county's consideration of the indebtedness, notes, 19 bonds, or securities, and the authority shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless 20 the county from any and all liability, costs, or expenses arising from or related to 21 the indebtedness, notes, bonds, or securities. 22

(D) Nothing in this section shall preclude the authority from repayment of its
 debts or other liabilities, using funds that are not otherwise encumbered.

25 (8) To pursue its own credit rating.

(9) To enter into one or more contracts or agreements consistent with this chapter
and other applicable laws of this state, including, but not limited to, contracting with
any public or private entity or person for management or other services and
personnel, and to authorize the chief executive officer to enter into contracts,
execute all instruments, and do all things necessary or convenient in the exercise of
the powers granted in this chapter.

32 (10) To purchase supplies, equipment, materials, property, and services.

33 (11) To establish policies relating to its purposes.

(12) To acquire or contract to acquire, rights-of-way, easements, privileges, and property, and to construct, equip, maintain, and operate any and all works or improvements wherever located that are necessary, convenient, or proper to carry out any of the provisions, objects, or purposes of this chapter, and to complete, extend, add to, repair, or otherwise improve any works or improvements acquired by it.

(13) To participate in, contract for, and to accept, gifts, grants, and loans of funds,
 property, or other aid or finance opportunity in any form from the federal
 government, the state, a state agency, or other source, or combination thereof, as

1 otherwise would be available to a public, government, or private entity, and to 2 comply, subject to this chapter, with the terms and conditions thereof.

(14) If not otherwise required pursuant to the enabling ordinance to deposit its
funds in the county treasury, the authority may establish its own treasury, invest
surplus money in its own treasury, manage investments, and engage third-party
investment managers, in accordance with state law.

(15) To arrange for guarantees or insurance of its bonds, notes, or other
obligations by the federal or state government or by a private insurer, and to pay the
premiums thereof.

(16) To engage in managed care contracting, joint ventures, affiliations with other
 health care facilities, other health care providers and payers, management
 agreements, or to participate in alliances, purchasing consortia, health insurance
 pools, accountable care organizations, alternative delivery systems, or other
 cooperative arrangements, with any public or private entity.

(17) To enter into joint powers agreements pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing
with Section 6500) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code.
Notwithstanding any other law, the authority may enter into a joint powers
agreement as described in Section 6523.5 of the Government Code as though that
section applied to hospitals and other health care facilities in the County of Kern.

(18) To establish nonprofit, for-profit, or other entities necessary to carry out the
 duties of the authority.

(19) To elect to transfer funds to the state and incur certified public expenditures
 in support of the Medi-Cal program and other programs for which federal financial
 participation is available.

(20) To use a computerized management information system, including an
 electronic health records system, in connection with its operations, including,
 without limitation the administration of its facilities.

(21) To request that the board of supervisors levy a tax on behalf of the authority. 28 If the board of supervisors approves the proposal to levy the tax, it shall call the 29 election to seek voter approval and place the appropriate measure on the ballot for 30 that election. The proceeds of these taxes shall be tax proceeds of the authority and 31 not of the county. The authority shall reimburse the county for all costs associated 32 with the county's consideration of those taxes, and shall defend, indemnify, and 33 hold harmless the county from any liability, costs, or expenses arising from or 34 related to the imposition of these taxes. 35

36 (22) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter relating to the obligations and 37 liabilities of the authority, or any other law, the authority shall have the same rights, 38 privileges, exemptions, preferences, and authority of a county with respect to 39 owning, operating, and providing coverage and services through hospitals, clinics 40 and other health facilities, health programs, care organizations, physicians and 41 physician practice plans, delivery systems, health care service plans, and other 42 provider types and coverage mechanisms.

(23) To engage in other activities that may be in the best interests of the authority 1 and the persons served by the authority, as determined by the board of governors, 2 in order to respond to changes in the health care industry. 3

4

(b) The authority shall conform to the following requirements: (1)(A) Be a government agency that is a local unit of government separate and 5 apart for all purposes from the county and any other public entity, and shall not be 6 considered to be an agency, division, or department of the county or any other public 7 entity. The authority shall not be governed by or subject to the civil service 8 requirements of the county. Notwithstanding any other law, except as otherwise 9 provided for in the enabling ordinance enacted pursuant to this chapter, and as set 10 forth in Section 101853.1 relating to the personnel transition plan, the authority shall 11 not be governed by, or subject to, other policies or operational rules applicable to 12 the county, the medical center prior to its transfer, or any other public entity, 13 including, but not limited to, those relating to personnel and procurement. 14

(B) The board of governors shall adopt written rules, regulations, and procedures 15 with regard to basic human resource functions not inconsistent with memoranda of 16 understanding covering employees represented by employee organizations or the 17 provisions of this chapter. Until the time that the board of governors adopts its own 18 rules, regulations, or procedures with regard to these functions, the existing rules, 19 regulations, and procedures set forth in any memoranda of understanding described 20 in Section 101853.1, and the rules and regulations adopted by the county and 21 described in paragraph (4), shall continue to apply. 22

(2) Be subject to state and federal taxation laws that are applicable to public 23 entities generally. 24

(3) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, comply with the 25 Meyers-Milias-Brown Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 3500) of 26 Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code), the Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 27 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 28 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), and the Ralph M. Brown 29 Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 30 of the Government Code). 31

(4) Be subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Employment Relations Board. Until 32 the authority adopts rules and regulations pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 33 3507 of the Government Code, the existing rules adopted by the county and 34 contained in the county's employer-employee relations resolution, as amended, 35 shall apply, modified to account for the creation of the authority, and provided 36 further that the resolution shall not contain any incorporation of the county's civil 37 service rules or county ordinances unless specifically addressed in this chapter. 38

(5) Carry professional and general liability insurance or programs to the extent 39 sufficient to cover its activities. 40

(6) Comply with the requirements of Sections 53260 and 53261 of the 41 Government Code. 42

(7) Maintain financial and accounting records. 43

1 (8) Meet all local, state, and federal data reporting requirements.

2 (c)(1) Subject to any restrictions applicable to public agencies, and subject to any

limitations or conditions set forth in the enabling ordinance adopted by the board of supervisors, the authority may borrow money from the county, repay debt it owes to the county, and use the borrowed funds to provide for its operating and capital needs. The county may lend the authority funds and may issue debt instruments, including, without limitation, revenue anticipation notes to obtain funds to provide, by loan or otherwise, amounts necessary for the authority to meet its operating and capital needs.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), nothing in this chapter shall be construed to
 limit the borrowing powers the county otherwise has under law for the purposes
 specified in paragraph (1) or any other purposes.

(d) Open sessions of the authority shall constitute official proceedings authorized
by law within the meaning of Section 47 of the Civil Code. The privileges set forth
in that section with respect to official proceedings shall apply to open sessions of
the authority.

(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other law, the board of governors or board of 17 supervisors, as applicable, may order that a meeting held solely for the purpose of 18 discussion or taking action on authority trade secrets, as defined in subdivision (d) 19 of Section 3426.1 of the Civil Code, or to consider and take action on matters 20 pertaining to contracts and contract negotiations concerning all matters related to 21 rates of payment for health care services arranged or provided by the authority, shall 22 be held in closed session. Trade secrets for purposes of this chapter shall also include 23 information for which the secrecy of the information is necessary for the authority 24 to initiate a new service, program, marketing strategy, business plan, or technology, 25 or to add a benefit or product, and premature disclosure of the trade secret would 26 create a substantial probability of depriving the authority of a substantial economic 27 benefit or opportunity. 28

(2) The requirements of making a public report of actions taken in closed session
 and the vote or abstention of every member present may be limited to a brief general
 description devoid of the information constituting the trade secret or concerning the
 matters related to rates of payment.

(3) Those records of the authority or board of supervisors, as applicable, that 33 reveal the authority's trade secrets are exempt from disclosure pursuant to the 34 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 35 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 36 Government Code), or any similar local law requiring the disclosure of public 37 records. This exemption shall apply for a period of two years after the service, 38 program, marketing strategy, business plan, technology, benefit, or product that is 39 the subject of the trade secret is formally adopted by the governing body of the 40 authority, provided that the service, program, marketing strategy, business plan, 41 technology, benefit, or product continues to be a trade secret. The board of 42 governors or board of supervisors, as applicable, may delete the portion or portions 43

1 containing trade secrets from any documents that were finally approved in the

closed session that are provided to persons who have made the timely or standingrequest.

4 (4) This chapter shall not prevent the board of governors or board of supervisors,
5 as applicable, from meeting in closed session as otherwise provided by law.

(f) Notwithstanding any other law, those records of the authority and of the county 6 that reveal the authority's rates of payment for health care services arranged or 7 provided by the authority or its deliberative processes, strategies, discussions, 8 communications, or any other portion of the negotiations with providers of health 9 care services or Medi-Cal, health care plans, or other payers for rates of payment, 10 shall not be required to be disclosed pursuant to the California Public Records Act 11 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 12 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), or any 13 similar local law requiring the disclosure of public records. However, three years 14 after a contract or amendment to a contract is fully executed, the portion of the 15 contract or amendment containing the rates of payment shall be open to inspection. 16 (g) The authority shall be a public agency that is a local unit of government for 17 purposes of eligibility with respect to grants and other funding and loan guarantee 18 programs. Contributions to the authority shall be tax deductible to the extent 19 permitted by state and federal law. Nonproprietary income of the authority shall be 20 exempt from state income taxation. 21

(h) Unless otherwise provided by the board of supervisors by way of resolution,
the authority is empowered, or the board of supervisors is empowered on behalf of
the authority, to apply as a public agency for one or more licenses for the provision
of health care or the operation of a health care service plan pursuant to statutes and
regulations governing licensing as currently written or subsequently amended.

(i) The statutory authority of a board of supervisors to prescribe rules that
authorize a county hospital to integrate its services with those of other providers into
a system of community service that offers free choice of hospitals to those requiring
hospital care, as set forth in Section 14000.2 of the Welfare and Institutions Code,
shall apply to the authority and the board of governors.

(i)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, provisions of the Evidence 32 Code, the Government Code, including the Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 33 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 34 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), the Civil Code, the Business 35 and Professions Code, and other applicable law pertaining to the confidentiality of 36 peer review activities of peer review bodies shall apply to the peer review activities 37 of the authority, or any peer review body, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision 38 (a) of Section 805 of the Business and Professions Code, formed pursuant to the 39 powers granted to the authority. The laws pertaining to the confidentiality of peer 40 review activities shall be together construed as extending, to the extent permitted by 41 law, the maximum degree of protection of confidentiality. 42

(2) Notwithstanding Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of 1 Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of, and Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) 2 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of, the Government Code, or any other provision 3 of law, any peer review body formed pursuant to the powers granted to the authority, 4 may, at its discretion and without notice to the public, meet in closed session, so 5 long as the purpose of the meeting is the peer review body's discharge of its 6 responsibility to evaluate and improve the quality of care rendered by health 7 facilities and health practitioners. The peer review body and its members shall 8 receive, to the fullest extent, all immunities, privileges, and protections available to 9 those peer review bodies, their individual members, and persons or entities assisting 10 in the peer review process, including those afforded by Section 1157 of the Evidence 11 Code and Section 1370. Peer review proceedings shall constitute an official 12 proceeding authorized by law within the meaning of Section 47 of the Civil Code 13 and those privileges set forth in that section with respect to official proceedings shall 14 apply to peer review proceedings of the authority. 15

(3) Notwithstanding the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 16 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 17 of Title 1 of the Government Code), or Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) 18 of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of, and Chapter 9 (commencing with 19 Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of, the Government Code, or any 20 other provision of state or local law requiring disclosure of public records, those 21 records of a peer review body formed pursuant to the powers granted to the 22 authority, shall not be required to be disclosed. The records and proceedings of the 23 peer review body and its individual members shall receive, to the fullest extent, all 24 immunities, privileges, and protections available to those records and proceedings, 25 including those afforded by Section 1157 of the Evidence Code and Section 1370 26 of the Health and Safety Code. 27

(4) If the authority is required by law or contractual obligation to submit to the
 state or federal government peer review information or information relevant to the
 credentialing of a participating provider, that submission shall not constitute a
 waiver of confidentiality.

(5) Notwithstanding any other law, Section 1461 shall apply to hearings on reports
 of hospital medical audit or quality assurance committees.

(k) Except as expressly provided by other provisions of this section, all 34 exemptions and exclusions from disclosure as public records pursuant to this chapter 35 and the California Public Records Act, including, but not limited to, those pertaining 36 to trade secrets and information withheld in the public interest, shall be fully 37 applicable to the authority, and for the board of supervisors, and all state and local 38 agencies with respect to all writings that the authority is required to prepare, 39 produce, or submit, and which shall not constitute a waiver of exemption from 40 disclosure. 41

(*l*) The authority and the county, or any combination thereof, may engage in
marketing, advertising, and promotion of the medical and health care services made
available to the community by the authority.

4 (m)(1) The board of supervisors may contract for services or purchase items on 5 behalf of the authority.

(2) Unless otherwise provided for, and subject to the limitations and conditions 6 set forth in the enabling ordinance, the board of governors shall have authority over 7 procurement and contracts for the authority and shall adopt written rules, 8 regulations, and procedures with regard to these functions. The authority's ability 9 to contract for personnel or other services and items it deems necessary, appropriate, 10 or convenient for the conduct of its activities consistent with its purposes shall only 11 be limited by the provisions in this chapter and obligations under the Meyers-Milias-12 Brown Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 3500) of Division 4 of Title 1 of 13 the Government Code). 14

(3) Contracts by and between the authority and a public agency, and contracts by
and between the authority and providers of health care, goods, or services, may be
let on a nonbid basis and shall be exempt from Chapter 2 (commencing with Section
10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code.

(n) The authority may contract with the county for services and personnel uponmutually agreeable terms.

(*o*) Notwithstanding Article 4.7 (commencing with Section 1125) of Chapter 1 of
Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code, related to incompatible activities,
Section 1099 of the Government Code, related to incompatible offices, or any other
law, a member of the authority's administrative staff shall not be considered to hold
an incompatible office or to be engaged in activities inconsistent and incompatible
with his or her the member's duties as a result of his or her the member's
employment or affiliation with the county or an agency of the county.

(p) The board of governors and the officers and employees of the authority are
public employees for purposes of Division 3.6 (commencing with Section 810) of
Title 1 of the Government Code, relating to claims and actions against public entities
and public employees, and shall be protected by the immunities applicable to public
entities and public employees governed by Part 2 (commencing with Section 814)
of Division 3.6 of Title 1 of the Government Code, except as provided by other
statutes or regulations that apply expressly to the authority.

Comment. Section 101855 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

38 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 39 § 102100 (amended). Records of birth, death, marriage, and related matters

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 102100 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

- 41 102100. Each live birth, fetal death, death, and marriage that occurs in the state
- 42 shall be registered as provided in this part on the prescribed certificate forms. In

addition, a report of every judgment of dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or 1 nullity decree shall be filed with the State Registrar, as provided in this part. All 2 confidential information included in birth, fetal death, death, and marriage 3 certificates and reports of dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or nullity that 4 are required to be filed by this part, shall be exempt from the California Public 5 Records Act contained in Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 6 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 7 Code. 8 9 Comment. Section 102100 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 10 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). 11 § 102230 (amended). Responsibilities relating to certificates 12 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 102230 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 13

14 102230. (a)(1) The State Registrar shall arrange and permanently preserve the 15 certificates in a systematic manner and shall prepare and maintain comprehensive 16 and continuous indices of all certificates registered.

(2) The birth, death, and marriage record indices prepared pursuant to paragraph
(1) and all comprehensive birth, death, and marriage record indices prepared or
maintained by local registrars and county recorders shall be kept confidential and
shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter
3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7020,000) of Title 1 of the Cauerment Cade)

22 <u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the State Registrar, at his or her the registrar's 23 discretion, may release comprehensive birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage 24 record indices to a government agency. The comprehensive birth record indices 25 released to the county recorder shall be subject to the same restrictions applicable 26 to the confidential portion of a certificate of live birth, as specified in Section 27 102430. Local registrars and county recorders, when requested, shall release their 28 comprehensive birth, death, and marriage record indices to the State Registrar. 29 Local registrars may release their comprehensive birth and death record indices to 30 the county recorder within its jurisdiction for purposes of the preparation or 31 maintenance of the indices of the county recorder. A government agency that 32 obtains indices pursuant to this paragraph shall not sell or release the index or a 33 portion of its contents to another person, except as necessary for official government 34 business, and shall not post the indices or any portion of the indices on the Internet 35 36 internet.

(b)(1) The State Registrar shall prepare and maintain separate noncomprehensive
 indices of all California birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage records for public
 release.

40 (2) For purposes of this section, noncomprehensive birth record indices for public 41 release shall be comprised of first, middle, and last name, sex, date of birth, and 42 place of birth. (3) For purposes of this section, noncomprehensive death record indices for public
release shall be comprised of first, middle, and last name, sex, date of birth, place
of birth, place of death, date of death, and father's last name.

4 (4) For purposes of this section, noncomprehensive nonconfidential marriage 5 record indices for public release shall be comprised of the name of each party to the 6 marriage and the date of marriage.

7 (5) Requesters of the birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage record indices 8 prepared pursuant to this subdivision shall provide proof of identity, complete a 9 form, and sign the form under penalty of perjury. The form shall include all of the 10 following:

11 (A) The proposed use of the birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage record 12 indices.

13 (B) A disclaimer crediting analyses, interpretations, or conclusions reached

14 regarding the birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage record indices to the author 15 and not to the State Department of Public Health.

16 (C) Assurance that technical descriptions of the birth, death, or nonconfidential 17 marriage record indices are consistent with those provided by the State Department 18 of Public Health.

(D) Assurance that the requester shall not sell, assign, or otherwise transfer thebirth, death, or nonconfidential marriage record indices.

(E) Assurance that the requester shall not use the birth or death record indices for fraudulent purposes.

(6) Birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage record indices obtained pursuant to
 this subdivision, and any portion thereof, shall not be used for fraudulent purposes.

(c)(1) The State Registrar shall prepare and maintain separate noncomprehensive
 indices of all California birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage records for
 purposes of law enforcement or preventing fraud.

(2) For purposes of this section, noncomprehensive birth record indices for the
purpose of preventing fraud shall be comprised of first, middle, and last name, sex,
date of birth, place of birth, and mother's maiden name.

(3) For purposes of this section, noncomprehensive death record indices for the
purpose of preventing fraud shall be comprised of first, middle, and last name, place
of death, mother's maiden name, sex, social security number, date of birth, place of
birth, date of death, and father's last name.

(4) For purposes of this section, noncomprehensive nonconfidential marriage
 record indices for the purpose of preventing fraud shall be comprised of the name
 of each party to the marriage and the date of marriage.

(5) The birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage record indices prepared pursuant to this subdivision shall be made available to financial institutions, as defined in Section 6827(4)(A) and (B) of Title 15 of the United States Code, its representatives or contractors, consumer credit reporting agencies, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 1785.3 of the Civil Code, its representatives or contractors, those entities providing information services for purposes of law 1 enforcement or preventing fraud, officers of the court for the sole purpose of

verifying a death, and to persons or entities acting on behalf of law enforcementagencies or the court, or pursuant to a court order.

4 (6) The birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage record indices prepared 5 pursuant to this subdivision may be released to a government agency.

6 (7) Requesters of the birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage record indices 7 prepared pursuant to this subdivision shall provide proof of identity, complete a 8 form, and sign the form under penalty of perjury. The form shall include all of the 9 following:

10 (A) An agreement not to release or allow public access to the birth, death, or 11 nonconfidential marriage record indices, and an agreement not to post the indices 12 on the <u>Internet internet</u>, except as permitted by this subdivision.

(B) The proposed use of the birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage recordindices.

15 (C) The names of all persons within the organization, if applicable, who will have 16 access to the birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage record indices.

(D) A disclaimer crediting analyses, interpretations, or conclusions reached
 regarding the birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage record indices to the author
 and not to the State Department of Public Health.

20 (E) Assurance that technical descriptions of the birth, death, or nonconfidential 21 marriage record indices are consistent with those provided by the State Department 22 of Public Health.

(F) Assurance that the requester shall not sell, assign, or otherwise transfer the
 birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage record indices, except as permitted by this
 subdivision.

(G) Assurance that the requester shall not use the birth, death, or nonconfidential
 marriage record indices for fraudulent purposes.

(8)(A) Birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage record indices, and any portion
 thereof, obtained pursuant to this section, shall not be used for fraudulent purposes
 and shall not be posted on the Internet internet.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), individual information contained in birth,
 death, and nonconfidential marriage record indices may be posted on the Internet
 internet if all of the following requirements are met:

(i) The individual information is posted on an Internet Web site internet website

35 that is protected by a password.

(ii) The individual information is posted on an Internet Web site internet website
 that is available to subscribers only for a fee.

38 (iii) The individual information is not posted for public display.

(iv) The individual information is available to subscribers pursuant to acontractual agreement.

(v) The individual information is posted for purposes of law enforcement orpreventing fraud.

(d) Mail-in requests from nongovernmental agencies for birth, death, and 1 nonconfidential marriage record indices requested pursuant to subdivisions (b) and 2 (c) shall include a notarized statement attesting to the identity of the requester. 3 (e) Noncomprehensive birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage record indices 4 pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (c) shall be updated annually. 5 (f) Birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage record indices provided pursuant to 6 this section shall be made available subject to cost recovery provisions of the 7 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 8 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 9 Government Code). 10 (g) Noncomprehensive birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage record indices 11 created by local registrars or county recorders shall be subject to the conditions for 12 release required by this section. 13 (h) A person or entity that obtains a birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage 14 record index, or any portion thereof, from a requester who has obtained the index in 15 accordance with paragraph (7) of subdivision (c) shall not sell, assign, or otherwise 16 transfer that index, or any portion thereof, to a third party. 17 (i) Paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (a) and subdivisions (b) to (h), inclusive, 18 shall be implemented only to the extent that funds for these purposes are 19 appropriated by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act or other statute. 20 Comment. Section 102230 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 21 22 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 23 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes. 24 § 102231 (amended). Release of birth, death, and marriage data files 25 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 102231 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 26 102231. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, birth data files, birth data files for 27 public release, death data files for public release, death data files for purposes of law 28 enforcement or preventing fraud, and nonconfidential marriage data files prepared 29 and maintained by the State Registrar, local registrars, and county recorders shall 30 only be released as follows: 31 (1) Birth data files containing personal identifiers shall be subject to the same 32 restrictions as the confidential portion of a birth certificate and shall only be released 33 under the terms and conditions specified in Section 102430. 34 (2) Birth data files for public release shall not contain the mothers' maiden name. 35 (3) Death data files for public release shall not contain the mothers' maiden name 36 37 and social security number. (4) Death data files for purposes of law enforcement or preventing fraud shall 38 include the mother's maiden name and social security number. Death data files 39 prepared pursuant to this subdivision may be released to governmental agencies and 40 to those entities described in paragraph (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 102230. 41

(5) Death data files containing personal identifying information may be released

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to persons expressing a valid scientific interest, as determined by the appropriate 2 committee constituted for the protection of human subjects that is approved by the 3 United States Department of Health and Human Services and has a general 4 assurance pursuant to Part 46 (commencing with Section 46.101) of Title 45 of the 5 Code of Federal Regulations. 6 (6) Nonconfidential marriage data files shall include the name of each party to the 7 marriage and the date of the marriage. Nonconfidential marriage data files for public 8 release shall not contain the maiden names of the mothers. 9 (b) Requesters of birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage data files pursuant to 10 this section shall provide proof of identity, complete a form, and sign the form under 11 penalty of perjury. The form shall include all of the following: 12 (1) An agreement not to release the birth, death, or marriage data files and not to 13 post the files on the Internet internet, except as permitted by this subdivision. 14 (2) An agreement not to provide public access to data files obtained pursuant to 15 paragraphs (1) and (4) of subdivision (a). 16 (3) The proposed use of the data file. 17 (4) For data files obtained pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (4) of subdivision (a), 18 the names of all persons within the organization, if applicable, who will have access 19 to the data files. 20 (5) A disclaimer that credits analyses, interpretations, or conclusions reached 21 regarding the birth or death data files to the author and not to the State Department 22 of Public Health. 23 (6) Assurance that technical descriptions of the data files are consistent with those 24 provided by the State Department of Public Health. 25 (7) Assurance that the requester shall not sell, assign, or otherwise transfer the 26 data files, except as permitted by subdivision (e). 27 (8) Assurance that the requester shall not use the data files for fraudulent 28 purposes. 29 (c) Mail-in requests for birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage data files 30 pursuant to this section shall include a notarized statement attesting to the identity 31 of the requester. 32 (d) Birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage data files provided pursuant to this 33 section shall be made available subject to cost recovery provisions of the California 34 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 35 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 36 Code). 37 (e)(1) Birth, death, and nonconfidential marriage data files, and any portion 38 thereof, obtained pursuant to this section, shall not be used for fraudulent purposes 39 and shall not be posted on the Internet internet. 40 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), individual information contained in death data 41 files obtained pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (a) may be posted on the 42

43 Internet internet if all of the following requirements are met:

1 (A) The information is posted on an Internet Web site internet website that is 2 protected by a password.

3 (B) The information is posted on an Internet Web site internet website that is 4 available to subscribers only for a fee.

5 (C) The information is not posted for public display.

6 (D) The information is available to subscribers pursuant to a contractual 7 agreement.

8 (E) The information is posted for purposes of law enforcement or preventing 9 fraud.

10 (f) A person or entity that obtains a birth, death, or nonconfidential marriage data 11 file, or any portion thereof, from a requester who has obtained the data file in 12 accordance with subdivision (b) shall not sell, assign, or otherwise transfer that data

13 file, or any portion thereof, to a third party.

(g) This section shall be implemented only to the extent that funds for these
 purposes are appropriated by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act or other
 statute.

17 **Comment.** Section 102231 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

20 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

### \$ 105459 (amended). Reporting on California Environmental Contaminant Biomonitoring Program

23 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 105459 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

105459. (a) By January 1, 2010, and every two years thereafter, the department, in collaboration with the agency, the office, and DTSC, shall submit a report to the Legislature containing the findings of the program, and shall include in the report additional activities and recommendations for improving the program based upon activities and findings to date. Copies of the report shall be made available via appropriate media to the public within 30 calendar days following its submission to the Legislature.

(b) The department shall provide the public access to information which that they
are required to release pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(c) The department and the office shall disseminate biomonitoring findings to the
 general public via appropriate media, including governmental and other Web sites
 websites in a manner that is understandable to the average person.

(d) Any health and environmental exposure data made available to the general
public shall be provided in a summary format to protect the confidentiality of
program participants. The data shall be made available, after appropriate quality
assurance and quality control, by July 1, 2010, and at least every two years
thereafter.

1 **Comment.** Section 105459 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction and another technical change.

5 § 110845 (amended). Records relating to products sold as organic

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 110845 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

110845. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any producer, handler, 7 processor, or retailer of products sold as organic shall immediately make available 8 for inspection by, and shall upon request, within 72 hours of the request, provide a 9 copy to, the director, the Attorney General, any prosecuting attorney, any 10 governmental agency responsible for enforcing laws related to the production or 11 handling of products sold as organic, or the secretary of any record required to be 12 13 kept under this section for purposes of carrying out this article and Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 46000) of Division 17 of the Food and Agricultural 14 Code. Records acquired pursuant to this subdivision shall not be public records as 15 that term is defined in Section 6252 7920.530 of the Government Code and shall 16 not be subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 17 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 18 19 Code.

(b) Upon written request of any person that establishes cause for the request, the 20 director and the secretary shall obtain and provide to the requesting party within 10 21 working days of the request a copy of any of the following records required to be 22 kept under this article that pertain to a specific product sold or offered for sale, and 23 24 that identify substances applied, administered, or added to that product, except that financial information about an operation or transaction, information regarding the 25 quantity of a substance administered or applied, the date of each administration or 26 application, information regarding the identity of suppliers or customers, and the 27 quantity or price of supplies purchased or products sold shall be removed before 28 disclosure and shall not be released to any person other than persons and agencies 29 authorized to acquire records under subdivision (a): 30

(1) Records of a handler, as described in paragraph (4) of subdivision (a) of
 Section 110840, records of previous handlers, if any, without identifying the
 previous handlers or producers, and, if applicable, records obtained as required in
 subdivision (b).

(2) Records of a retailer, as described in paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of
Section 110840, records of previous handlers, if any, as described in paragraph (4)
of subdivision (a) of, Section 110840, without identifying the previous handlers,
and, if applicable, records obtained as required in subdivision (b).

This subdivision shall be the exclusive means of public access to records required to be kept by handlers and retailers under this article.

41 A person required to provide records pursuant to a request under this subdivision,

- 42 may petition the director or the secretary to deny the request based on a finding that
- the request is of a frivolous or harassing nature. The secretary or director may, upon

1 the issuance of this finding, waive the information production requirements of this

subdivision for the specific request for information that was the subject of thepetition.

4 (c) Information specified in subdivision (b) that is required to be released upon 5 request shall not be considered a "trade secret" under Section 110165, Section 1060

6 of the Evidence Code, or the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (Title 5 (commencing with

7 Section 3426) of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Civil Code).

8 (d) The director or the secretary may charge the person requesting records a 9 reasonable fee to reimburse him or her self the director, the secretary, or the source 10 of the records for the cost of reproducing the records requested.

(e) Any person who first imports into this state, for resale, products sold as organic
 shall obtain and provide to the enforcement authority, upon request, proof that the
 products being sold have been certified by an accredited certifying organization or
 have otherwise been produced in compliance with this article.

(f) The director shall not be required to obtain records not in his or her the director's possession in response to a subpoena. Prior to releasing records required to be kept pursuant to this chapter in response to a subpoena, the director shall delete any information regarding the identity of suppliers or customers and the quantity or price of supplies purchased or products sold.

Comment. Section 110845 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

23 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and correct a typographical error.

## \$ 111792 (amended). Cosmetic that contains chemical causing cancer or reproductive toxicity

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 111792 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

111792. (a) The manufacturer of any cosmetic product subject to regulation by the federal Food and Drug Administration that is sold in this state shall, on a schedule and in electronic or other format, as determined by the division, provide the division with a complete and accurate list of its cosmetic products that, as of the date of submission, are sold in the state and that contain any ingredient that is a chemical identified as causing cancer or reproductive toxicity, including any chemical that meets either of the following conditions:

34 (1) A chemical contained in the product for purposes of fragrance or flavoring.

(2) A chemical identified by the phrase "and other ingredients" and determined to 35 be a trade secret pursuant to the procedure established in Part 20 and Section 720.8 36 of Part 720 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Any ingredient identified 37 pursuant to this paragraph shall be considered to be a trade secret and shall be treated 38 by the division in a manner consistent with the requirements of Part 20 and Part 720 39 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Any ingredients considered to be a 40 trade secret shall not be subject to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 41 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 42

<u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code) for the purposes of this
 section.

3 (b) Any information submitted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall identify each

chemical both by name and Chemical Abstract Service number and shall specify the
product or products in which the chemical is contained.

(c) If an ingredient identified pursuant to this section subsequently is removed 6 from the product in which it was contained, is removed from the list of chemicals 7 known to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity published under Section 25249.8, or 8 is no longer a chemical identified as causing cancer or reproductive toxicity by an 9 authoritative body, the manufacturer of the product containing the ingredient shall 10 submit the new information to the division. Upon receipt of new information, the 11 division, after verifying the accuracy of that information, shall revise the 12 manufacturer's information on record with the division to reflect the new 13 information. The manufacturer shall not be under obligation to submit subsequent 14 information on the presence of the ingredient in the product unless subsequent 15 changes require submittal of the information. 16

(d) This section shall not apply to any manufacturer of cosmetic products with
annual aggregate sales of cosmetic products, both within and outside of California,
of less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000), based on the manufacturer's most
recent tax year filing.

(e) On or before December 31, 2013, the State Department of Public Health shall 21 develop and make operational a consumer-friendly, public Internet Web site internet 22 website that creates a database of the information collected pursuant to this section. 23 The database shall be searchable to accommodate a wide range of users, including 24 users with limited technical and scientific literacy. Data shall be presented in an 25 educational manner with, among other things, hypertext links that explain the 26 meanings of technical terms, including, but not limited to, "carcinogenic" and 27 "reproductive toxicity." The Internet Web site internet website shall be designed to 28 be easily navigable and to enable users to compare and contrast products and 29 reportable ingredients. The Internet Web site internet website shall include 30 hypertext links to other educational and informational Internet Web sites internet 31 websites to enhance consumer understanding. 32

Comment. Section 111792 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

36 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

#### 37 § 115000.1 (amended). Low-level radioactive waste (LLRW)

38 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 115000.1 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

115000.1. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the

40 following meanings:

(1) "Generate" means to produce or cause the production of, or to engage in an

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activity which that otherwise results in the creation or increase in the volume of, 2 low-level radioactive waste. 3 (2)(A) "Generator" means any person who, by his or her the person's own actions, 4 or by the actions of his or her the person's agent, employee, or independent 5 contractor, generates low-level radioactive waste in the state. 6 (B) For purposes of this section, a person who provides for or arranges for the 7 collection, transportation, treatment, storage, or disposal of low-level radioactive 8 waste generated by others is a generator only to the extent that his or her the person's 9 own actions, or the actions of his or her the person's agent, employee, or 10 independent contractor, generate low-level radioactive waste. 11 (3) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity, 12 including any state, interstate, federal, or municipal governmental entity. 13 (4) "Waste" means material that is not in use and is no longer useful. 14 (5) "Generator category" includes, but is not limited to, any of the following: 15 (A) Nuclear powerplants. 16 (B) Reactor vendors or designers. 17 (C) Government. 18 (D) Medicine. 19 (E) Academia. 20 (F) Aerospace. 21 (G) Military. 22 (H) Research. 23 (I) Industrial gauges. 24 (J) Manufacturing. 25 (6) "Low-level radioactive waste" or "LLRW" has the same meaning as defined 26 in Article 2 of the Southwestern Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact, 27 as set forth in Section 115255. 28 (7) "Class" means the class of low-level radioactive waste. "Class A", "class B", 29 and "class C" waste are those classes defined in Section 61.55 of Title 10 of the 30 Code of Federal Regulations. 31 (8) "Licensed LLRW disposal facility" means any of the three disposal facilities 32 located at Barnwell, South Carolina; Clive, Utah; or Richland, Washington, that 33 exist on January 1, 2003. 34 (b) The department shall, for the protection of public health and safety maintain a 35 file of each manifest from each generator of LLRW that is sent to a disposal facility 36 or to a facility subject to the Southwestern Low-level Radioactive Waste Disposal 37 Compact, as set forth in Article 17 (commencing with Section 115250). 38 (c) The department shall, for the protection of public health and safety, maintain 39 a file of all LLRW transferred for disposal to a licensed LLRW disposal facility 40 during the reporting period, either directly or through a broker or agent, that shall 41 meet all of the following conditions: 42

(1) Specify the category of generator, class, quantity by activity, and volume of 1 LLRW, including an estimate of the peak and average quantities in storage, along 2 with the identity of the generator, and the chemical and physical characteristics of 3 that waste, including its half-life, properties, or constituents, and radionuclides 4 present at, or above, the minimum labeling requirements, with their respective 5 concentrations and amounts of radioactivity. 6 (2) Be updated annually, at minimum, to ensure an accurate and timely depiction 7 of radioactive waste in the state. 8 (3) Include all of the following information in the file: 9 (A) The total volume, volume by class, and activity by radionuclide and class. 10 (B) The types and specifications of individual containers used and the number of 11 each type transferred for disposal. 12 (C) The maximum surface radiation exposure level on any single container of 13 LLRW transferred, the number of disposal containers that exceed 200 mR/hour, and 14 the volume, class, and activity by radionuclide. 15 (D) The identification of each licensed LLRW disposal facility to which LLRW 16 was transferred, either directly or through a broker or agent, and the volume and 17 activity by class of LLRW transferred by each broker to each licensed LLRW 18 disposal facility. 19

(E) The identification of all brokers or agents to which LLRW was transferred
and the volume and activity by class of the generator's LLRW transferred by each
broker or agent to each licensed LLRW disposal facility.

(F) The weight of source material by its type. For purposes of this paragraph,
"type" includes, but is not limited to, natural uranium, depleted uranium, or
thorium.

(G) The total number of grams of special nuclear material by radionuclide, and
the maximum number of grams of special nuclear material in any single shipment
by radionuclide.

(H) As complete a description as practicable of the principal chemical and
physical form of the LLRW by volume and radionuclide, including the
identification of any known hazardous properties, other than its radioactive
property.

(I) For solidified or sorbed liquids, the nature of the liquid, the solidifying orsorbing agent used, and the final volume.

(J) For LLRW containing more than 0.1 percent by weight chelating agents, the
 identification of the chelating agent, the volume and weight of the LLRW and the
 weight percentage of chelating agent.

(K) For LLRW that was treated, either by the generator or its agent or independent
 contractor, in preparation for transfer to a licensed LLRW disposal facility described
 in paragraph (8) of subdivision (a) for the purpose of reducing its volume or activity
 by any method including reduction by storage for decay, or for the purpose of
 changing its physical or chemical characteristics in a manner other than by

solidification or sorption of liquids, the file shall include a description of thetreatment process.

(L) The volume, volume by class, and activity by radionuclide and class of that
LLRW, if any, that the generator is holding at the end of the annual reporting period
because the generator knows or has reason to believe that LLRW will not be
accepted for disposal at any of the licensed LLRW disposal facilities. The file shall
include a description of this LLRW.

8 (d) The department shall maintain a file on each generator's LLRW stored, 9 including specific radionuclides, total volume, volume by class, total activity, and 10 activity by radionuclide and class of LLRW stored for decay and stored for later 11 transfer, including the periods of time for both types of storage.

(e)(1) The department shall prepare an annual report, including a set of tables 12 summarizing data collected from the activities and maintenance of files specified in 13 subdivisions (c) and (d) to the department. These annual data tables shall contain 14 information that summarizes and categorizes, by category, and if applicable, 15 subcategory, of generator and location by county and identity of generator, the 16 nature, characteristics and the total volume, volume by class, total activity and 17 activity by radionuclide and class of LLRW generated, disposed of, treated, 18 transferred, stored for later transfer, and stored for decay during each calendar year. 19 (2) The department shall note, in the set of tables prepared pursuant to paragraph 20

21 (1), any generator for which data are lacking.

(f) The department shall make the information described in subdivisions (c) and 22 (d) available to the public in a format that aggregates the information by county. 23 The department shall not make public the identity and location of any site where 24 LLRW is stored or used. The department may combine information from multiple 25 counties if necessary to protect public security. Notwithstanding any other provision 26 of law the department shall not make the report prepared pursuant to subdivision (e) 27 available to the public, and the report is not subject to the California Public Records 28 Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 6 Division 10 29 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 30

(g) The department may make the information described in subdivisions (c) and
(d) available upon request to any Member of the Legislature. No Member of the
Legislature may disclose the identity or location of any site where LLRW is stored
or used to any member of the general public.

(h) To meet the requirements of this section, each generator shall submit to the 35 department the information included in Forms 540, 541, and 542, and any successor 36 forms, of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, for each LLRW shipment. In 37 addition, for purposes of subparagraph (L) of paragraph (4) of subdivision (c) and 38 subdivision (d), each generator shall annually complete and submit to the 39 department the information included on Forms 540, 541, and 542, and any successor 40 forms, of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission that describe the LLRW stored and 41 shipped by the generator. 42

1 **Comment.** Section 115000.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 2 California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L.

3 Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). By updating the reference to the CPRA, the amendment also

4 eliminates an erroneous reference to "Division 6" (as opposed to "Division 7").

- 5 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a grammatical correction.
- 6 § 116787 (amended). Removal of installed residential self-regenerating water softeners
- 7 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 116787 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

8 116787. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision (d) of Section 116786, the Santa Clarita

9 Valley Sanitation District, or any successor district, may, by ordinance adopted
10 subsequent to an ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 116786, require the removal
11 of all installed residential self-regenerating water softeners, if the district makes all
12 of the following findings and includes those findings in the ordinance:

12 of the following findings and includes those findings in the ordinance:

(1) The removal of residential self-regenerating water softeners is a necessary and
 cost-effective means of achieving timely compliance with waste discharge
 requirements, water reclamation requirements, or a Total Maximum Daily Load
 (TMDL) issued by a California regional water quality control board. In determining
 what constitutes a necessary and cost-effective means of achieving compliance, the
 district shall assess all of the following:

19 (A) Alternatives to the ordinance.

20 (B) The cost-effectiveness and timeliness of the alternatives as compared to the 21 adoption of the ordinance.

(C) The reduction in chloride levels to date resulting from the voluntary program
 implemented pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (c).

(D) The potential reduction in chloride levels expected as a result of the programimplemented pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (c).

(2) The district has adopted and is enforcing regulatory requirements that limit the
 volume and concentrations of saline discharges from nonresidential sources to the
 community sewer system, to the extent that is technologically and economically
 feasible.

(3) Based on available information, sufficient wastewater treatment capacity
 exists in Los Angeles County to make portable exchange water softening services
 available to residents affected by this ordinance.

(4) Based on available information, the adoption and implementation of the
ordinance will avoid or significantly reduce the costs associated with advanced
treatment for salt removal and brine disposal that otherwise would be necessary to
meet the Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for chloride, established by the
Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region, for Reaches 5 and 6
of the Santa Clara River, in Los Angeles County that took effect May 4, 2005.

39 (b)(1) An ordinance adopted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall not be effective until

40 it is approved by a majority vote of the qualified votes cast in a regularly scheduled

41 election, following the adoption of the ordinance, held in the district's service area,

42 in a referendum in accordance with applicable provisions of the Elections Code.

(2) Information regarding the projected cost differences between advanced
 treatment for salt removal and brine disposal without the removal of installed
 residential self-regenerating water softeners, alternatives identified in paragraph (1)
 of subdivision (a), and the removal of installed residential self-regenerating water
 softeners shall be included in voter information material.

(c)(1) Prior to the effective date of any ordinance adopted pursuant to subdivision 6 (a), the district shall make available to owners of residential self-regenerating water 7 softeners within its service area a voluntary program to compensate the owner of 8 the appliance for 100 percent of the reasonable value of the removed appliance, and 9 the reasonable cost of the removal and disposal of the appliance, both of which shall 10 be determined by the district, with consideration given to information provided by 11 manufacturers of residential self-regenerating water softeners and providers of 12 water softening or conditioning appliances and services in the district's service area 13 regarding purchase price, useful life, and the cost of installation, removal, and 14 disposal. 15

(2) On and after the effective date of any ordinance adopted pursuant to 16 subdivision (a), the district shall make available to owners of residential self-17 regenerating water softeners within its service area a program to compensate the 18 owner of the appliance for 75 percent of the reasonable value of the removed 19 appliance, and the reasonable cost of the removal and disposal of the appliance, both 20 of which shall be determined by the district, with consideration given to information 21 provided by manufacturers of residential self-regenerating water softeners and 22 providers of water softening or conditioning appliances and services in the district's 23 service area regarding purchase price, useful life, and the cost of installation, 24 removal, and disposal. 25

(3) Compensation pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) shall only be made available
if the owner disposes of the residential self-regenerating water softener and provides
written confirmation of the disposal disposal, which may include, but is not limited
to, verification in writing provided by the franchise refuse hauler that provides the
service of removing the appliance or verification in writing of the appliance's
destruction by the party responsible for its recycling or final disposal.

(4) If the owner of a residential self-regenerating water softener is in the business of renting or leasing residential self-regenerating water softeners, the owner may voluntarily waive compensation pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2), and shall not be required to dispose of the appliance if the owner provides the district with written confirmation that the appliance has been removed from the home within the district's service area for use in a location outside the district's service area.

(5) The terms of compensation included in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall beincluded in an ordinance adopted pursuant to subdivision (a).

(6)(A) Upon the request of the district, the providers of water softening or
 conditioning services and appliances to residents of the district's service area shall
 provide the district, within 60 days, copies of purchase agreements or receipts, or

any other specific records of sales of residential self-generating water softeners in
the district's service area.

- 3 (B) The information in this paragraph shall remain protected and confidential in
- 4 accordance with applicable provisions of the Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
- 5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
- 6 <u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code).

7 (d) Any ordinance adopted pursuant to subdivision (a) and approved in 8 accordance with subdivision (b) shall not take effect until January 1, 2009.

9 (e) For purposes of this section, "residential self-regenerating water softeners" 10 and "appliances" mean residential water softening or conditioning appliances that 11 discharge brine into the community sewer system.

12 **Comment.** Section 116787 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

15 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

#### 16 § 120160 (amended). Reporting on supply of influenza vaccine

17 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 120160 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

18 120160. (a) Any manufacturer or distributor of the influenza vaccine, or nonprofit

health care service plan that exclusively contracts with a single medical group in a specified geographic area to provide, or to arrange for the provision of, medical services to its enrollees, shall report the information described in subdivision (c) relating to the supply of the influenza vaccine to the department upon notice from the department.

(b) Within each county or city health jurisdiction, entities that have possession of,
or have a legal right to obtain possession of, the influenza vaccine, or entities that
are conducting or intend to conduct influenza clinics for the public, their residents,
or their employees, except those entities described in subdivision (a), shall cooperate
with the local health officer in determining local inventories of influenza vaccine,
including providing inventory, orders, and distribution lists in a timely manner,
when necessary.

31 (c) The information reported pursuant to subdivision (a) shall include, but is not 32 limited to, the amount of the influenza vaccine that has been shipped, and the name, 33 address, and, if applicable, the telephone number of the recipient.

(d) Subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) do not apply to a physician and surgeon practice,
 unless the practice is an occupational health provider who conducts influenza
 vaccination campaigns on behalf of a corporation.

(e) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to assist small
physician and surgeon practices, nursing facilities, and other health care providers
that provide care for patients at risk of illness or death from influenza by facilitating
the sharing of vaccine supplies, if necessary, between providers within a local
jurisdiction.

(f) If a business believes that the information required by this section involves the 1 release of a trade secret, the business shall nevertheless disclose the information to 2 the department, and shall notify the department in writing of that belief at the time 3 of disclosure. As used in this section, "trade secret" has the meanings given to it by 4 Section 6254.7 7924.510 of the Government Code and Section 1061 of the Evidence 5 Code. Any information, including identifying information, including, but not 6 limited to, the name of the agent or contact person of an entity that receives the 7 influenza vaccine from a manufacturer or distributor, or nonprofit health care 8 service plan described in subdivision (a), and the receiving entity's address and 9 telephone number, that is reported pursuant to this section shall not be disclosed by 10 the department to anyone, except to an officer or employee of the county, city, city 11 and county, or the state in connection with the official duties of that officer or 12 employee to protect the public health. 13

14 **Comment.** Section 120160 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- 15 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 16 Reports (2019).

### \$ 123853 (amended). Factor replacement therapies under California Children's Services Program

19 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 123853 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

123853. (a) The department may enter into contracts with one or more 20 manufacturers on a negotiated or bid basis as the purchaser, but not the dispenser or 21 distributor, of factor replacement therapies under the California Children's Services 22 Program for the purpose of enabling the department to obtain the full range of 23 available therapies and services required for clients with hematological disorders at 24 the most favorable price and to enable the department, notwithstanding any other 25 provision of state law, to obtain discounts, rebates, or refunds from the 26 manufacturers based upon the large quantities purchased under the program. 27 Nothing in this subdivision shall interfere with the usual and customary distribution 28 practices of factor replacement therapies. In order to achieve maximum cost savings, 29 the Legislature hereby determines that an expedited contract process under this 30 section is necessary. Therefore, a contract under this subdivision may be on a 31 negotiated basis and shall be exempt from Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 32 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code and Chapter 6 33 (commencing with Section 14825) of Part 5.5 of Division 3 of the Government 34 Code. Contracts entered pursuant to this subdivision shall be confidential and shall 35 be exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 36 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 37 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 38

(b)(1) Factor replacement therapy manufacturers shall calculate and pay interest
 on late or unpaid rebates. The interest shall not apply to any prior period adjustments
 of unit rebate amounts or department utilization adjustments. Manufacturers shall

calculate and pay interest on late or unpaid rebates for quarters that begin on or after
the effective date of the act that added this subdivision.

(2) Following the final resolution of any dispute regarding the amount of a rebate,
 any underpayment by a manufacturer shall be paid with interest calculated pursuant

to paragraph (4), and any overpayment, together with interest at the rate calculated
 pursuant to paragraph (4), shall be credited by the department against future rebates

7 due.

8 (3) Interest pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) shall begin accruing 38 calendar 9 days from the date of mailing the invoice, including supporting utilization data sent 10 to the manufacturer. Interest shall continue to accrue until the date of mailing of the 11 manufacturer's payment.

(4) Interest rates and calculations pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be
identical to interest rates and calculations set forth in the federal Centers for
Medicare and Medicaid Services' Medicaid Drug Rebate Program Releases or
regulations.

16 (c) If the department has not received a rebate payment, including interest, within 17 180 days of the date of mailing of the invoice, including supporting utilization data, 18 a factor replacement therapy manufacturer's contract with the department shall be 19 deemed to be in default and the contract may be terminated in accordance with the 20 terms of the contract. This subdivision does not limit the department's right to 21 otherwise terminate a contract in accordance with the terms of that contract.

(d) The department may enter into contracts on a bid or negotiated basis with 22 manufacturers, distributors, dispensers, or suppliers of pharmaceuticals, appliances, 23 durable medical equipment, medical supplies, and other product-type health care 24 services and laboratories for the purpose of obtaining the most favorable prices to 25 the state and to assure adequate access and quality of the product or service. In order 26 to achieve maximum cost savings, the Legislature hereby determines that an 27 expedited contract process under this subdivision is necessary. Therefore, contracts 28 under this subdivision may be on a negotiated basis and shall be exempt from the 29 provisions of Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 30 of the Public Contract Code and Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 14825) of 31 Part 5.5 of Division 3 of the Government Code. 32

(e) The department may contract with one or more manufacturers of each 33 multisource prescribed product or supplier of outpatient clinical laboratory services 34 on a bid or negotiated basis. Contracts for outpatient clinical laboratory services 35 shall require that the contractor be a clinical laboratory licensed or certified by the 36 State of California or certified under Section 263a of Title 42 of the United States 37 Code. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as prohibiting the department 38 from contracting with less than all manufacturers or clinical laboratories, including 39 just one manufacturer or clinical laboratory, on a bid or negotiated basis. 40

41 **Comment.** Section 123853 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

42 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 43 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 125191 (amended). Factor replacement therapies under Genetically Handicapped Persons Program

3 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 125191 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

125191. (a) The department may enter into contracts with one or more 4 manufacturers on a negotiated or bid basis as the purchaser, but not the dispenser or 5 distributor, of factor replacement therapies under the Genetically Handicapped 6 Persons Program for the purpose of enabling the department to obtain the full range 7 of available therapies and services required for clients with hematological disorders 8 at the most favorable price and to enable the department, notwithstanding any other 9 state law, to obtain discounts, rebates, or refunds from the manufacturers based upon 10 the large quantities purchased under the program. This subdivision does not 11 interfere with the usual and customary distribution practices of factor replacement 12 therapies. In order to achieve maximum cost savings, the Legislature hereby 13 determines that an expedited contract process under this section is necessary. 14 Therefore, a contract under this subdivision may be entered into on a negotiated 15 basis and is exempt from Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of 16 Division 2 of the Public Contract Code and Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 17 14825) of Part 5.5 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. Contracts 18 entered pursuant to this subdivision shall be confidential and shall be exempt from 19 disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 20 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 21 Title 1 of the Government Code). 22

(b)(1) Factor replacement therapy manufacturers shall calculate and pay interest
on late or unpaid rebates. The interest does not apply to any prior period adjustments
of unit rebate amounts or department utilization adjustments. Manufacturers shall
calculate and pay interest on late or unpaid rebates for quarters that begin on or after
the effective date of the act that added this subdivision.

(2) Following the final resolution of any dispute regarding the amount of a rebate,
 any underpayment by a manufacturer shall be paid with interest calculated pursuant
 to paragraph (4), and any overpayment, together with interest at the rate calculated
 pursuant to paragraph (4), shall be credited by the department against future rebates
 due.

(3) Interest pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) shall begin accruing 38 calendar
days from the date of mailing the invoice, including supporting utilization data sent
to the manufacturer. Interest shall continue to accrue until the date of mailing of the
manufacturer's payment.

(4) Interest rates and calculations pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be
 identical to interest rates and calculations set forth in the federal Centers for
 Medicare and Medicaid Services' Medicaid Drug Rebate Program Releases or
 regulations.

(c) If the department has not received a rebate payment, including interest, within
180 days of the date of mailing of the invoice, including supporting utilization data,
a factor replacement therapy manufacturer's contract with the department shall be

1 deemed to be in default and the contract may be terminated in accordance with the

terms of the contract. This subdivision does not limit the department's right to
otherwise terminate a contract in accordance with the terms of that contract.

(d) The department may enter into contracts on a bid or negotiated basis with 4 manufacturers, distributors, dispensers, or suppliers of pharmaceuticals, appliances, 5 durable medical equipment, medical supplies, and other product-type health care 6 services and laboratories for the purpose of obtaining the most favorable prices to 7 the state and to assure adequate access and quality of the product or service. In order 8 to achieve maximum cost savings, the Legislature hereby determines that an 9 expedited contract process under this subdivision is necessary. Therefore, contracts 10 under this subdivision may be entered into on a negotiated basis and shall be exempt 11 from Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the 12 Public Contract Code and Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 14825) of Part 5.5 13 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. 14

(e) The department may contract with one or more manufacturers of each 15 multisource prescribed product or supplier of outpatient clinical laboratory services 16 on a bid or negotiated basis. Contracts for outpatient clinical laboratory services 17 shall require that the contractor be a clinical laboratory licensed or certified by the 18 State of California or certified under Section 263a of Title 42 of the United States 19 Code. This subdivision shall not be construed as prohibiting the department from 20 contracting with less than all manufacturers or clinical laboratories, including just 21 one manufacturer or clinical laboratory, on a bid or negotiated basis. 22

Comment. Section 125191 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 26 § 125290.30 (amended). Public and Financial Accountability Standards

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 125290.30 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

28 125290.30. Public and Financial Accountability Standards

29 (a) Annual Public Report

The institute shall issue an annual report to the public which sets forth its 30 activities, grants awarded, grants in progress, research accomplishments, and future 31 program directions. Each annual report shall include, but not be limited to, the 32 following: the number and dollar amounts of research and facilities grants; the 33 grantees for the prior year; the institute's administrative expenses; an assessment of 34 the availability of funding for stem cell research from sources other than the 35 institute; a summary of research findings, including promising new research areas; 36 an assessment of the relationship between the institute's grants and the overall 37 strategy of its research program; and a report of the institute's strategic research and 38 financial plans. 39

40 (b) Independent Financial Audit for Review by Controller

The institute shall annually commission an independent financial audit of its activities from a certified public accounting firm, which shall be provided to the 1 Controller, who shall review the audit and annually issue a public report of that 2 review.

(c) A performance audit shall be commissioned by the institute every three years 3 beginning with the audit for the 2010–11 fiscal year. The performance audit, which 4 may be performed by the Bureau of State Audits, shall examine the functions, 5 operations, management systems, and policies and procedures of the institute to 6 assess whether the institute is achieving economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in 7 the employment of available resources. The performance audit shall be conducted 8 in accordance with government auditing standards, and shall include a review of 9 whether the institute is complying with ICOC policies and procedures. The 10 performance audit shall not be required to include a review of scientific 11 performance. The first performance audit shall include, but not be limited to, all of 12 the following: 13

(1) Policies and procedures for the issuance of contracts and grants and a reviewof a representative sample of contracts, grants, and loans executed by the institute.

16 (2) Policies and procedures relating to the protection or treatment of intellectual 17 property rights associated with research funded or commissioned by the institute.

(d) All administrative costs of the audits required by subdivisions (b) and (c) shall
be paid by the institute.

20 (e) Citizen's Financial Accountability Oversight Committee

There shall be a Citizen's Financial Accountability Oversight Committee chaired 21 by the Controller. This committee shall review the annual financial audit, the 22 Controller's report and evaluation of that audit, and the financial practices of the 23 institute. The Controller, the Treasurer, the President pro Tempore of the Senate, 24 the Speaker of the Assembly, and the Chairperson of the ICOC shall each appoint a 25 public member of the committee. Committee members shall have medical 26 backgrounds and knowledge of relevant financial matters. The committee shall 27 provide recommendations on the institute's financial practices and performance. 28 The Controller shall provide staff support. The committee shall hold a public 29 meeting, with appropriate notice, and with a formal public comment period. The 30 committee shall evaluate public comments and include appropriate summaries in its 31 annual report. The ICOC shall provide funds for all costs associated with the per 32 diem expenses of the committee members and for publication of the annual report. 33 (f) Public Meeting Laws 34

(1) The ICOC shall hold at least two public meetings per year, one of which will
 be designated as the institute's annual meeting. The ICOC may hold additional
 meetings as it determines are necessary or appropriate.

38 (2) The Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, Article 9 (commencing with Section

11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, shall
 apply to all meetings of the ICOC, except as otherwise provided in this section. The

apply to all meetings of the ICOC, except as otherwise provided in this section. The
 ICOC shall award all grants, loans, and contracts in public meetings and shall adopt

41 ICOC shall award all grants, loans, and contracts in public meetings and shall adopt

42 all governance, scientific, medical, and regulatory standards in public meetings.

(3) The ICOC may conduct closed sessions as permitted by the Bagley-Keene 1 Open Meeting Act, under Section 11126 of the Government Code. In addition, the 2 ICOC may conduct closed sessions when it meets to consider or discuss: 3 (A) Matters involving information relating to patients or medical subjects, the 4 disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. 5 (B) Matters involving confidential intellectual property or work product, whether 6 patentable or not, including, but not limited to, any formula, plan, pattern, process, 7 tool, mechanism, compound, procedure, production data, or compilation of 8

information, which is not patented, which is known only to certain individuals who
are using it to fabricate, produce, or compound an article of trade or a service having
commercial value and which gives its user an opportunity to obtain a business
advantage over competitors who do not know it or use it.

13 (C) Matters involving prepublication, confidential scientific research or data.

14 (D) Matters concerning the appointment, employment, performance, 15 compensation, or dismissal of institute officers and employees. Action on 16 compensation of the institute's officers and employees shall only be taken in open 17 session.

(4) The meeting required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section
125290.20 shall be deemed to be a special meeting for the purposes of Section
11125.4 of the Government Code.

21 (g) Public Records

22 (1) The California Public Records Act<del>, Article 1 (commencing with Section 6250)</del>

of Chapter 3.5 of Division 7 (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of
 Title 1 of the Government Code, Code) shall apply to all records of the institute,
 except as otherwise provided in this section.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require disclosure of any records
 that are any of the following:

(A) Personnel, medical, or similar files, the disclosure of which would constitutean unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

30 (B) Records containing or reflecting confidential intellectual property or work 31 product, whether patentable or not, including, but not limited to, any formula, plan, 32 pattern, process, tool, mechanism, compound, procedure, production data, or 33 compilation of information, which is not patented, which is known only to certain 34 individuals who are using it to fabricate, produce, or compound an article of trade 35 or a service having commercial value and which gives its user an opportunity to 36 obtain a business advantage over competitors who do not know it or use it.

37 (C) Prepublication scientific working papers or research data.

(3) The institute shall include, in all meeting minutes, a summary of vote tallies
 and disclosure of each board member's votes and recusals on all action items.

40 (h) Competitive Bidding

41 (1) The institute shall, except as otherwise provided in this section, be governed

42 by the competitive bidding requirements applicable to the University of California,

as set forth in Article 1 (commencing with Section 10500) of Chapter 2.1 of Part 2
of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code.

3 (2) For all institute contracts, the ICOC shall follow the procedures required of

4 the Regents by Article 1 (commencing with Section 10500) of Chapter 2.1 of Part

5 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code with respect to contracts let by the 6 University of California.

7 (3) The requirements of this section shall not be applicable to grants or loans 8 approved by the ICOC.

9 (4) Except as provided in this section, the Public Contract Code shall not apply to 10 contracts let by the institute.

11 (i) Conflicts of Interest

(1) The Political Reform Act, Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000) of the
Government Code, shall apply to the institute and to the ICOC, except as provided
in this section and in subdivision (e) of Section 125290.50.

(A) No member of the ICOC shall make, participate in making, or in any way
attempt to use his or her official position to influence a decision to approve or award
a grant, loan, or contract to his or her employer, but a member may participate in a
decision to approve or award a grant, loan, or contract to a nonprofit entity in the
same field as his or her employer.

20 (B) A member of the ICOC may participate in a decision to approve or award a 21 grant, loan, or contract to an entity for the purpose of research involving a disease 22 from which a member or his or her immediate family suffers or in which the member 23 has an interest as a representative of a disease advocacy organization.

24 (C) The adoption of standards is not a decision subject to this section.

(2) Service as a member of the ICOC by a member of the faculty or administration 25 of any system of the University of California shall not, by itself, be deemed to be 26 inconsistent, incompatible, in conflict with, or inimical to the duties of the ICOC 27 member as a member of the faculty or administration of any system of the University 28 of California and shall not result in the automatic vacation of either such office. 29 Service as a member of the ICOC by a representative or employee of a disease 30 advocacy organization, a nonprofit academic and research institution, or a life 31 science commercial entity shall not be deemed to be inconsistent, incompatible, in 32 conflict with, or inimical to the duties of the ICOC member as a representative or 33 employee of that organization, institution, or entity. 34

(3) Section 1090 of the Government Code shall not apply to any grant, loan, or
contract made by the ICOC except where both of the following conditions are met:
(A) The grant, loan, or contract directly relates to services to be provided by any
member of the ICOC or the entity the member represents or financially benefits the
member or the entity he or she represents.

(B) The member fails to recuse himself or herself from making, participating in
 making, or in any way attempting to use his or her official position to influence a
 decision on the grant loan or contract.

43 (j) Patent Royalties and License Revenues Paid to the State of California

(1) The ICOC shall establish standards that require that all grants and loan awards
 be subject to intellectual property agreements that balance the opportunity of the
 State of California to benefit from the patents, royalties, and licenses that result from
 basic research, therapy development, and clinical trials with the need to ensure that
 essential medical research is not unreasonably hindered by the intellectual property
 agreements. All revenues received through the intellectual property agreements
 established pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited into the General Fund.

8 (2) These standards shall include, at a minimum, a requirement that CIRM 9 grantees, other than loan recipients and facilities grant recipients, share a fraction of 10 the revenue they receive from licensing or self-commercializing an invention or 11 technology that arises from research funded by CIRM, as set forth below. All 12 revenues received pursuant to this paragraph or regulations adopted to implement 13 this paragraph shall be deposited in the General Fund for use consistent with Section 14 202(c)(7) of Title 35 of the United States Code, if applicable.

(A)(i) A grantee that licenses an invention or technology that arises from research 15 funded by CIRM shall pay 25 percent of the revenues it receives in excess of five 16 hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000), in the aggregate, to the General Fund. The 17 threshold amount of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) shall be adjusted 18 annually by a multiple of a fraction, the denominator of which is the Consumer Price 19 Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items (San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose; 1982-20 84=100) as prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States 21 Department of Labor and published for the month of October 2009, and the 22 numerator of which is that index published for the month in which the grantee 23 accepts the grant. 24

(ii) If funding sources other than CIRM directly contributed to the development
of the invention or technology, then the return to the General Fund shall be
calculated as follows: The amount of CIRM funding for the invention or technology
shall be divided by the total of funding provided by all sources, and that fraction
shall be multiplied by 25. That numeral is the percentage due to the General Fund.

(B)(i) A grantee that self-commercializes a product that results from an invention
or technology that arises from research funded by CIRM shall pay an amount to the
General Fund equal to three times the total amount of the CIRM grant or grants
received by the grantee in support of the research that contributed to the creation of
the product. The rate of payback of the royalty shall be at a rate of 3 percent of the
annual net revenue received by the grantee from the product.

(ii) In addition to the payment required by clause (i), the first time that net commercial revenues earned by the grantee from the product exceed two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) in a calendar year, the grantee shall make a onetime payment to the General Fund equal to three times the total amount of the grant or grants awarded by CIRM to the grantee in support of the research that contributed to the creation of the product.

(iii) In addition to the payments required by clauses (i) and (ii), the first time that
 net commercial revenues earned by the grantee from the product exceed five

hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) in a calendar year, the grantee shall make
an additional one-time payment to the General Fund equal to three times the total
amount of the grant or grants awarded by CIRM to the grantee in support of the
research that contributed to the creation of the product.

(iv) In addition to the payments required by clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), the first time 5 that net commercial revenues earned by the grantee from the product equal or 6 exceed five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) in a calendar year, the grantee 7 shall pay the General Fund 1 percent annually of net commercial revenue in excess 8 of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) for the life of any patent covering 9 the invention or technology, if the grantee patented its invention or technology and 10 received a CIRM grant or grants amounting to more than five million dollars 11 (\$5,000,000) in support of the research that contributed to the creation of the 12 product. 13

(3) The ICOC shall have the authority to adopt regulations to implement this 14 subdivision. The ICOC shall also have the authority to modify the formulas 15 specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) through regulations if the 16 ICOC determines pursuant to paragraph (1) that a modification is required either in 17 order to ensure that essential medical research, including, but not limited to, therapy 18 development and the broad delivery of therapies to patients, is not unreasonably 19 hindered, or to ensure that the State of California has an opportunity to benefit from 20 the patents, royalties, and licenses that result from basic research, therapy 21 development, and clinical trials. The ICOC shall notify the appropriate fiscal and 22 policy committees of the Legislature 10 calendar days before exercising its authority 23 to vote on the modification of the formulas specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) 24 of paragraph (2). 25

26 (k) Preference for California Suppliers

The ICOC shall establish standards to ensure that grantees purchase goods and services from California suppliers to the extent reasonably possible, in a good faith effort to achieve a goal of more than 50 percent of such purchases from California suppliers.

31 Comment. Section 125290.30 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 32 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 33 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

Note. Health and Safety Code Section 125290.30 was added to the codes in 2004 by an initiative measure, the California Stem Cell Research and Cures Act (Prop. 71, approved Nov. 2, 2004, § 5.)
The California Constitution limits the Legislature's ability to "amend" such a statute. See Cal. Const. art. II, § 10; see also Prop. 71, approved Nov. 2, 2004, § 8 (specifying special requirements for "amending" Prop. 71).

In this context, the term "amend" does not appear to include a purely technical, nonsubstantive revision like the one proposed above. See, e.g., People v. Kelly, 47 Cal. 4th 1008, 1025, 222 P.3d 186, 103 Cal. Rptr. 3d 733 (2010) (purpose of California's constitutional limitation on legislative power to amend initiative statute is to protect initiative powers of public by precluding Legislature from undoing what public has done, without electorate's consent."); People v. Superior Court (Pearson), 48 Cal. 4th 564, 571, 568, 227 P.3d 858, 107 Cal. Rptr. 3d 265 (2010) (in deciding

whether particular provision amends initiative statute, "we simply need to ask whether it prohibits 1 2 what the initiative authorizes, or authorizes what the initiative prohibits"). The Commission thus believes that its proposed technical revision of Section 125290.30 3 (shown above) would not be subject to any special voting requirements. 4 § 125290.50 (amended). Scientific and medical working groups 5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 125290.50 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 6 125290.50. Scientific and Medical Working Groups-General 7 (a) The institute shall have, and there is hereby established, three separate 8 scientific and medical working groups as follows: 9 (1) Scientific and Medical Research Funding Working Group. 10 (2) Scientific and Medical Accountability Standards Working Group. 11 (3) Scientific and Medical Research Facilities Working Group. 12 (b) Working Group Members 13 Appointments of scientific and medical working group members shall be made 14 by a majority vote of a quorum of the ICOC, within 30 days of the election and 15 appointment of the initial ICOC members. The working group members' terms shall 16 be six years except that, after the first six-year terms, the members' terms will be 17 staggered so that one-third of the members shall be elected for a term that expires 18 two years later, one-third of the members shall be elected for a term that expires 19 four years later, and one-third of the members shall be elected for a term that expires 20 six years later. Subsequent terms are for six years. Working group members may 21 serve a maximum of two consecutive terms. 22

- 23 (c) Working Group Meetings
- Each scientific and medical working group shall hold at least four meetings per year, one of which shall be designated as its annual meeting.
- 26 (d) Working Group Recommendations to the ICOC

Recommendations of each of the working groups may be forwarded to the ICOC 27 only by a vote of a majority of a quorum of the members of each working group. If 28 35 percent of the members of any working group join together in a minority position, 29 a minority report may be submitted to the ICOC. The ICOC shall consider the 30 recommendations of the working groups in making its decisions on applications for 31 research and facility grants and loan awards and in adopting regulatory standards. 32 Each working group shall recommend to ICOC rules, procedures, and practices for 33 that working group. 34

35 (e) Conflict of Interest

(1) The ICOC shall adopt conflict of interest rules, based on standards applicable
 to members of scientific review committees of the National Institutes of Health, to
 govern the participation of non-ICOC working group members.

(2) The ICOC shall appoint an ethics officer from among the staff of the institute.
(3) Because the working groups are purely advisory and have no final
decisionmaking authority, members of the working groups shall not be considered
public officials, employees, or consultants for purposes of the Political Reform Act

1 (Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000) of the Government Code), Sections 1090

and 19990 of the Government Code, and Sections 10516 and 10517 of the Public

- 3 Contract Code.
- 4 (f) Working Group Records

All records of the working groups submitted as part of the working groups' 5 recommendations to the ICOC for approval shall be subject to the Public Records 6 Act. Except as provided in this subdivision, the working groups shall not be subject 7 to the provisions of Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 8 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, or Article 1 (commencing with 9 Section 6250) of Chapter 3.5 of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 10 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. 11 Comment. Section 125290.50 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 12 California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 13

14 Comm'n Reports (2019).

Note. Health and Safety Code Section 125290.50 was added to the codes in 2004 by an initiative measure, the California Stem Cell Research and Cures Act (Prop. 71, approved Nov. 2, 2004, § 5).
The California Constitution limits the Legislature's ability to "amend" such a statute. See Cal. Const. art. II, § 10; see also Prop. 71, approved Nov. 2, 2004, § 8 (specifying special requirements for "amending" Prop. 71).

In this context, the term "amend" does not appear to include a purely technical, nonsubstantive 20 21 revision like the one proposed above. See, e.g., People v. Kelly, 47 Cal. 4th 1008, 1025, 222 P.3d 22 186, 103 Cal. Rptr. 3d 733 (2010) (purpose of California's constitutional limitation on legislative 23 power to amend initiative statute is to protect initiative powers of public by precluding Legislature 24 from undoing what public has done, without electorate's consent."); People v. Superior Court 25 (Pearson), 48 Cal. 4th 564, 571, 568, 227 P.3d 858, 107 Cal. Rptr. 3d 265 (2010) (in deciding whether particular provision amends initiative statute, "we simply need to ask whether it prohibits 26 what the initiative authorizes, or authorizes what the initiative prohibits"). 27

The Commission thus believes that its proposed technical revision of Section 125290.50 (shown above) would not be subject to any special voting requirements.

#### 30 § 125342 (amended). Research program or project that involves oocyte retrieval

31 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 125342 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

125342. (a) A research program or project that involves AOP or any alternative
 method of oocyte retrieval shall ensure that a written record is established and
 maintained to include, but not be limited to, all of the following components:

(1) The demographics of subjects, including, but not limited to, their age, race,
 primary language, ethnicity, income bracket, education level, and the first three
 digits of the ZIP Code of current residence.

(2) Information regarding every oocyte that has been donated or used. This record
 should be sufficient to determine the provenance and disposition of those materials.

40 (3) A record of all adverse health outcomes, including, but not limited to,
41 incidences and degrees of severity, resulting from the AOP or any alternative
42 method of oocyte retrieval.

(b)(1) The information included in the written record pursuant to subdivision (a)
 shall not disclose personally identifiable information about subjects, and shall be
 confidential and is deemed protected by subject privacy provisions of law. This

1 information shall be reported to the State Department of Public Health, which shall

2 aggregate the data and make it publicly available, as set forth in paragraph (2), in a

3 manner that does not reveal personally identifiable information about the subjects.

4 (2) The department shall provide public access to information which that it is 5 required to release pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 6 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 7 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). The department shall 8 disseminate the information to the general public via governmental and other Web 9 sites websites in a manner that is understandable to the average person. The 10 information shall be made available to the public when the biennial review pursuant

11 to Section 125119.5 is provided to the Legislature.

12 **Comment.** Section 125342 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_(2019).

15 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction and another technical change.

### 16 § 127673 (amended). Health Care Cost Transparency Database

17 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 127673 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

18 127673. (a) Subject to appropriation, after the requirements of Section 127672 are 19 fulfilled and a long term non-General Fund financing mechanism has been 20 implemented, the office or its designee shall establish, implement, and administer

the Health Care Cost Transparency Database in accordance with this chapter.

(b) After the requirements of Section 127672 are fulfilled, for the purpose of 22 developing information for inclusion in the database, a health care service plan, 23 including a specialized health care service plan, an insurer licensed to provide health 24 insurance, as defined in Section 106 of the Insurance Code, a self-insured employer 25 subject to Section 1349.2, health entities contracted pursuant to Section 14087.3 of 26 the Welfare and Institutions Code, a supplier, as defined in paragraph (3) of 27 subdivision (b) of Section 1367.50, or a provider, as defined in paragraph (2) of 28 subdivision (b) of Section 1367.50, shall, and a self-insured employer not subject to 29 Section 1349.2 and a multiemployer self-insured plan that is responsible for paying 30 for health care services provided to beneficiaries and the trust administrator for a 31 multiemployer self-insured plan may, provide all of the following to the office: 32

(1) Utilization data from the health care service plans' and insurers' medical
payments or, in the case of entities that do not use payments data, including, but not
limited to, integrated delivery systems, encounter data consistent with the core set
of data elements for data submission proposed by the All-Payer Claims Database
Council, the University of New Hampshire, and the National Association of Health
Data Organizations.

(2) Pricing information for health care items, services, and medical and surgical
episodes of care gathered from payments for covered health care items and services.
(c) The office or its designee shall receive the information, as described in this

42 section, and report that information in a form that allows valid comparisons across

care delivery systems. Policies and procedures shall be developed to outline the
format and type of data to be submitted pursuant to subdivision (b).

(d) In the development of the database, the office or its designee shall consult with
state entities as necessary to implement the Health Care Cost Transparency
Database. State entities shall assist and provide to the office access to such datasets
to effectuate the intent of this chapter.

(e) All policies and procedures developed in the performance of this chapter shall
ensure that the privacy, security, and confidentiality of individually identifiable
health information is protected.

(f) The office shall develop policy regarding data aggregation and the protection 10 of individual confidentiality, privacy, and security. Individual patient-level data 11 shall be exempt from the disclosure requirements of the California Public Records 12 Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 13 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), and shall 14 not be made available except pursuant to this chapter or the Information Practices 15 Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of 16 Division 3 of the Civil Code) until the office has developed a policy regarding the 17 release of that data. 18

(g)(1) Upon operation of the database and receipt of sufficient data, the office or
 its designee shall receive, process, maintain, and analyze information from data
 sources, including, but not limited to, data received pursuant to subdivision (b) and
 payments from private and public payers.

(2) The office or its designee shall include in an analysis performed pursuant to
 paragraph (1), but shall not limit the content of that analysis to, any of the following:

(A) Population and regional level data on prevention, screening, and wellnessutilization.

(B) Population and regional level data on chronic conditions, management, andoutcomes.

(C) Population and regional level data on trends in utilization of procedures for
 treatment of similar conditions to evaluate medical appropriateness.

(D) Regional variation in payment level for the treatment of identified chronicconditions.

33 (E) Data regarding hospital and nonhospital payments, including inpatient, 34 outpatient, and emergency department payments and nonhospital ambulatory 35 service data.

36 **Comment.** Section 127673 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

39 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

### 40 § 128735 (amended). Required reports relating to health facility

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 128735 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1 128735. An organization that operates, conducts, owns, or maintains a health 2 facility, and the officers thereof, shall make and file with the office, at the times as 3 the office shall require, all of the following reports on forms specified by the office 4 that are in accord, if applicable, with the systems of accounting and uniform 5 reporting required by this part, except that the reports required pursuant to 6 subdivision (g) shall be limited to hospitals:

(a) A balance sheet detailing the assets, liabilities, and net worth of the health
 facility at the end of its fiscal year.

9 (b) A statement of income, expenses, and operating surplus or deficit for the 10 annual fiscal period, and a statement of ancillary utilization and patient census.

(c) A statement detailing patient revenue by payer, including, but not limited to,
 Medicare, Medi-Cal, and other payers, and revenue center.

(d) A statement of cashflows, including, but not limited to, ongoing and newcapital expenditures and depreciation.

(e)(1) A statement reporting the information required in subdivisions (a), (b), (c),
 and (d) for each separately licensed health facility operated, conducted, or
 maintained by the reporting organization.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a health facility that receives a preponderance
 of its revenue from associated comprehensive group practice prepayment health
 care service plans and that is operated as a unit of a coordinated group of health
 facilities under common management may report the information required pursuant
 to subdivisions (a) and (d) for the group and not for each separately licensed health

23 facility.

(f) Data reporting requirements established by the office shall be consistent withnational standards, as applicable.

26 (g) A Hospital Discharge Abstract Data Record that includes all of the following:

- 27 (1) Date of birth.
- 28 (2) Sex.
- 29 (3) Race.
- 30 (4) ZIP Code.
- 31 (5) Preferred language spoken.
- 32 (6) Patient social security number, if it is contained in the patient's medical record.
- 33 (7) Prehospital care and resuscitation, if any, including all of the following:
- 34 (A) "Do not resuscitate" (DNR) order on admission.
- 35 (B) "Do not resuscitate" (DNR) order after admission.
- 36 (8) Admission date.
- 37 (9) Source of admission.
- 38 (10) Type of admission.
- 39 (11) Discharge date.
- 40 (12) Principal diagnosis and whether the condition was present on admission.
- 41 (13) Other diagnoses and whether the conditions were present on admission.
- 42 (14) External causes of morbidity and whether present on admission.
- 43 (15) Principal procedure and date.

- 1 (16) Other procedures and dates.
- 2 (17) Total charges.
- 3 (18) Disposition of patient.
- 4 (19) Expected source of payment.
- 5 (20) Elements added pursuant to Section 128738.

6 (h) It is the intent of the Legislature that the patient's rights of confidentiality shall 7 not be violated in any manner. Patient social security numbers and other data 8 elements that the office believes could be used to determine the identity of an

9 individual patient shall be exempt from the disclosure requirements of the California

- 10 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
- 11 <u>Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government 12 Code).
- (i) A person reporting data pursuant to this section shall not be liable for damages
   in an action based on the use or misuse of patient-identifiable data that has been
   mailed or otherwise transmitted to the office pursuant to the requirements of
- 16 subdivision (g).
- (j) A hospital shall use coding from the International Classification of Diseases in
   reporting diagnoses and procedures.
- (k) On or before July 1, 2021, the office shall promulgate regulations as necessary
  to implement subdivision (e). A health facility that receives a preponderance of its
  revenue from associated comprehensive group practice prepayment health care
  service plans and that is operated as a unit of a coordinated group of health facilities
  under common management shall comply with the reporting requirements of
  subdivisions (b), (c), and (e) once the office finalizes related regulations.

Comment. Section 128735 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

28 § 128736 (amended). Emergency Care Data Record

29 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 128736 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

30 128736. (a) Each hospital shall file an Emergency Care Data Record for each

31 patient encounter in a hospital emergency department. The Emergency Care Data

- 32 Record shall include all of the following:
- 33 (1) Date of birth.
- 34 (2) Sex.
- 35 (3) Race.
- 36 (4) Ethnicity.
- 37 (5) Preferred language spoken.
- 38 (6) ZIP Code.
- 39 (7) Patient social security number, if it is contained in the patient's medical record.
- 40 (8) Service date.
- 41 (9) Principal diagnosis.
- 42 (10) Other diagnoses.

- (11) External causes of morbidity. 1
- (12) Principal procedure. 2
- (13) Other procedures. 3
- (14) Disposition of patient. 4
- (15) Expected source of payment. 5
- (16) Elements added pursuant to Section 128738. 6

(b) It is the expressed intent of the Legislature that the patient's rights of 7 confidentiality shall not be violated in any manner. Patient social security numbers 8 and any other data elements that the office believes could be used to determine the 9 identity of an individual patient shall be exempt from the disclosure requirements 10 of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) 11 of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 12 Government Code). 13

- (c) No person reporting data pursuant to this section shall be liable for damages 14 in any action based on the use or misuse of patient-identifiable data that has been 15 mailed or otherwise transmitted to the office pursuant to the requirements of 16 subdivision (a). 17
- (d) Data reporting requirements established by the office shall be consistent with 18 national standards as applicable. 19
- (e) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2004. 20
- Comment. Section 128736 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 21
- 22 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 23 Reports (2019).
- § 128737 (amended). Ambulatory Surgery Data Record 24
- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 128737 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 25
- 128737. (a) Each general acute care hospital and freestanding ambulatory surgery 26 clinic shall file an Ambulatory Surgery Data Record for each patient encounter 27 during which at least one ambulatory surgery procedure is performed. The 28 Ambulatory Surgery Data Record shall include all of the following:
- 29
- (1) Date of birth. 30
- (2) Sex. 31
- (3) Race. 32
- (4) Ethnicity. 33
- (5) Preferred language spoken. 34
- (6) ZIP Code. 35
- (7) Patient social security number, if it is contained in the patient's medical record. 36
- (8) Service date. 37
- (9) Principal diagnosis. 38
- (10) Other diagnoses. 39
- (11) Principal procedure. 40
- (12) Other procedures. 41
- (13) External causes of morbidity. 42

- 1 (14) Disposition of patient.
- 2 (15) Expected source of payment.
- 3 (16) Elements added pursuant to Section 128738.

(b) It is the expressed intent of the Legislature that the patient's rights of 4 confidentiality shall not be violated in any manner. Patient social security numbers 5 and any other data elements that the office believes could be used to determine the 6 identity of an individual patient shall be exempt from the disclosure requirements 7 of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) 8 of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 9 Government Code). 10 (c) No person reporting data pursuant to this section shall be liable for damages 11

- in any action based on the use or misuse of patient-identifiable data that has been
  mailed or otherwise transmitted to the office pursuant to the requirements of
  subdivision (a).
- 15 (d) Data reporting requirements established by the office shall be consistent with 16 national standards as applicable.
- 17 (e) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2004.
- 18 **Comment.** Section 128737 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 19 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 20 Reports (2019).

### 21 § 128745 (amended). Risk-adjusted outcome reports

- 22 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 128745 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 128745. (a) Commencing July 1993, and annually thereafter, the office shall
- 24 publish risk-adjusted outcome reports in accordance with the following schedule:
- 25

		Procedures and
Publication	Period	Conditions
Date	Covered	Covered
July 1993	1988–90	3
July 1994	1989–91	6
July 1995	1990–92	9

26

- Reports for subsequent years shall include conditions and procedures and cover
   periods as appropriate.
- 29 (b) The procedures and conditions required to be reported under this chapter shall
- 30 be divided among medical, surgical, and obstetric conditions or procedures and shall
- 31 be selected by the office. The office shall publish the risk-adjusted outcome reports

for surgical procedures by individual hospital and individual surgeon unless the office in consultation with medical specialists in the relevant area of practice determines that it is not appropriate to report by individual surgeon. The office, in consultation with the clinical panel established by Section 128748 and medical specialists in the relevant area of practice, may decide to report nonsurgical procedures and conditions by individual physician when it is appropriate. The selections shall be in accordance with all of the following criteria:

8 (1) The patient discharge abstract contains sufficient data to undertake a valid risk 9 adjustment. The risk adjustment report shall ensure that public hospitals and other 10 hospitals serving primarily low-income patients are not unfairly discriminated 11 against.

(2) The relative importance of the procedure and condition in terms of the cost of
 cases and the number of cases and the seriousness of the health consequences of the
 procedure or condition.

15 (3) Ability to measure outcome and the likelihood that care influences outcome.

16 (4) Reliability of the diagnostic and procedure data.

(c)(1) In addition to any other established and pending reports, on or before July
1, 2002, the office shall publish a risk-adjusted outcome report for coronary artery
bypass graft surgery by hospital for all hospitals opting to participate in the report.
This report shall be updated on or before July 1, 2003.

(2) In addition to any other established and pending reports, commencing July 1, 21 2004, and every year thereafter, the office shall publish risk-adjusted outcome 22 reports for coronary artery bypass graft surgery for all coronary artery bypass graft 23 surgeries performed in the state. In each year, the reports shall compare risk-24 adjusted outcomes by hospital, and in every other year, by hospital and cardiac 25 surgeon. Upon the recommendation of the clinical panel established by Section 26 128748 based on statistical and technical considerations, information on individual 27 hospitals and surgeons may be excluded from the reports. 28

(3) Unless otherwise recommended by the clinical panel established by Section
128748, the office shall collect the same data used for the most recent risk-adjusted
model developed for the California Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Mortality
Reporting Program. Upon recommendation of the clinical panel, the office may add
any clinical data elements included in the Society of Thoracic Surgeons' database.
Prior to any additions from the Society of Thoracic Surgeons' database, the
following factors shall be considered:

- 36 (A) Utilization of sampling to the maximum extent possible.
- 37 (B) Exchange of data elements as opposed to addition of data elements.

38 (4) Upon recommendation of the clinical panel, the office may add, delete, or

revise clinical data elements, but shall add no more than a net of six elements not included in the Society of Thoracic Surgeons' database, to the data set over any five-

40 Included in the Society of Thoracic Surgeons' database, to the data set over any five-

41 year period. Prior to any additions or deletions, all of the following factors shall be42 considered:

43 (A) Utilization of sampling to the maximum extent possible.

(B) Feasibility of collecting data elements. 1 (C) Costs and benefits of collection and submission of data. 2 (D) Exchange of data elements as opposed to addition of data elements. 3 (5) The office shall collect the minimum data necessary for purposes of testing or 4 validating a risk-adjusted model for the coronary artery bypass graft report. 5 (6) Patient medical record numbers and any other data elements that the office 6 believes could be used to determine the identity of an individual patient shall be 7 exempt from the disclosure requirements of the California Public Records Act 8 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 9 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 10 (d) The annual reports shall compare the risk-adjusted outcomes experienced by 11 all patients treated for the selected conditions and procedures in each California 12 hospital during the period covered by each report, to the outcomes expected. 13 Outcomes shall be reported in the five following groupings for each hospital: 14 (1) "Much higher than average outcomes," for hospitals with risk-adjusted 15 outcomes much higher than the norm. 16 (2) "Higher than average outcomes," for hospitals with risk-adjusted outcomes 17 higher than the norm. 18 (3) "Average outcomes," for hospitals with average risk-adjusted outcomes. 19 (4) "Lower than average outcomes," for hospitals with risk-adjusted outcomes 20 lower than the norm. 21 (5) "Much lower than average outcomes," for hospitals with risk-adjusted 22 outcomes much lower than the norm. 23 (e) For coronary artery bypass graft surgery reports and any other outcome reports 24 for which auditing is appropriate, the office shall conduct periodic auditing of data 25 at hospitals. 26 (f) The office shall publish in the annual reports required under this section the 27 risk-adjusted mortality rate for each hospital and for those reports that include 28 physician reporting, for each physician. 29 (g) The office shall either include in the annual reports required under this section, 30 or make separately available at cost to any person requesting it, risk-adjusted 31 outcomes data assessing the statistical significance of hospital or physician data at 32 each of the following three levels: 99-percent confidence level (0.01 p-value), 95-33 percent confidence level (0.05 p-value), and 90-percent confidence level (0.10 p-34 value). The office shall include any other analysis or comparisons of the data in the 35 annual reports required under this section that the office deems appropriate to 36 further the purposes of this chapter. 37 Comment. Section 128745 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 38 39 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 40 Reports (2019).

#### § 130060 (amended). General acute care hospital building that poses potential risk of 1 collapse or significant loss of life 2

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 130060 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read: 3

130060. (a)(1) After January 1, 2008, a general acute care hospital building that 4 is determined to be a potential risk of collapse or pose significant loss of life shall 5 only be used for nonacute care hospital purposes, unless an extension of this 6 deadline has been granted and either of the following occurs before the end of the 7 extension: 8

(A) A replacement building has been constructed and a certificate of occupancy 9 has been granted by the office for the replacement building. 10

(B) A retrofit has been performed on the building and a construction final has 11 been obtained by the office. 12

(2) An extension of the deadline may be granted by the office upon a 13 demonstration by the owner that compliance will result in a loss of health care 14 capacity that may not be provided by other general acute care hospitals within a 15 reasonable proximity. In its request for an extension of the deadline, a hospital shall 16 state why the hospital is unable to comply with the January 1, 2008, deadline 17 requirement. 18

(3) Prior to granting an extension of the January 1, 2008, deadline pursuant to this 19 section, the office shall do all of the following: 20

(A) Provide public notice of a hospital's request for an extension of the deadline. 21 The notice, at a minimum, shall be posted on the office's Internet Web site internet 22 website, and shall include the facility's name and identification number, the status 23 of the request, and the beginning and ending dates of the comment period, and shall 24 advise the public of the opportunity to submit public comments pursuant to 25 subparagraph (C). The office shall also provide notice of all requests for the deadline 26 extension directly to interested parties upon request of the interested parties. 27

(B) Provide copies of extension requests to interested parties within 10 working 28 days to allow interested parties to review and provide comment within the 45-day 29 comment period. The copies shall include those records that are available to the 30 public pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 31 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 32

of Title 1 of the Government Code). 33

(C) Allow the public to submit written comments on the extension proposal for a 34 period of not less than 45 days from the date of the public notice. 35

(b)(1) It is the intent of the Legislature, in enacting this subdivision, to facilitate 36 the process of having more hospital buildings in substantial compliance with this 37 chapter and to take nonconforming general acute care hospital inpatient buildings 38 out of service more quickly. 39

(2) The functional contiguous grouping of hospital buildings of a general acute 40 care hospital, each of which provides, as the primary source, one or more of the 41 hospital's eight basic services as specified in subdivision (a) of Section 1250, may 42 receive a five-year extension of the January 1, 2008, deadline specified in 43

subdivision (a) of this section pursuant to this subdivision for both structural and
nonstructural requirements. A functional contiguous grouping refers to buildings
containing one or more basic hospital services that are either attached or connected
in a way that is acceptable to the State Department of Health Care Services. These
buildings may be either on the existing site or a new site.
(3) To receive the five-year extension, a single building containing all of the basic

services or at least one building within the contiguous grouping of hospital buildings 7 shall have obtained a building permit prior to 1973 and this building shall be 8 evaluated and classified as a nonconforming, Structural Performance Category-1 9 (SPC-1) building. The classification shall be submitted to and accepted by the Office 10 of Statewide Health Planning and Development. The identified hospital building 11 shall be exempt from the requirement in subdivision (a) until January 1, 2013, if the 12 hospital agrees that the basic service or services that were provided in that building 13 shall be provided, on or before January 1, 2013, as follows: 14

(A) Moved into an existing conforming Structural Performance Category-3 (SPC3), Structural Performance Category-4 (SPC-4), or Structural Performance
Category-5 (SPC-5) and Non-Structural Performance Category-4 (NPC-4) or NonStructural Performance Category-5 (NPC-5) building.

19 (B) Relocated to a newly built compliant SPC-5 and NPC-4 or NPC-5 building.

(C) Continued in the building if the building is retrofitted to an SPC-5 and NPC4 or NPC-5 building.

(4) A five-year extension is also provided to a post-1973 building if the hospital 22 owner informs the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development that the 23 building is classified as SPC-1, SPC-3, or SPC-4 and will be closed to general acute 24 care inpatient service use by January 1, 2013. The basic services in the building 25 shall be relocated into an SPC-5 and NPC-4 or NPC-5 building by January 1, 2013. 26 (5) SPC-1 buildings, other than the building identified in paragraph (3) or (4), in 27 the contiguous grouping of hospital buildings shall also be exempt from the 28 requirement in subdivision (a) until January 1, 2013. However, on or before January 29 1, 2013, at a minimum, each of these buildings shall be retrofitted to an SPC-2 and 30 NPC-3 building, or no longer be used for general acute care hospital inpatient 31 services. 32

(c) On or before March 1, 2001, the office shall establish a schedule of interim
 work progress deadlines that hospitals shall be required to meet to be eligible for
 the extension specified in subdivision (b). To receive this extension, the hospital
 building or buildings shall meet the year 2002 nonstructural requirements.

(d) A hospital building that is eligible for an extension pursuant to this section
shall meet the January 1, 2030, nonstructural and structural deadline requirements
if the building is to be used for general acute care inpatient services after January 1,
2030.

(e) Upon compliance with subdivision (b), the hospital shall be issued a written
 notice of compliance by the office. The office shall send a written notice of violation

to hospital owners that fail to comply with this section. The office shall make copies
of these notices available on its Internet Web site internet website.

3 (f)(1) A hospital that has received an extension of the January 1, 2008, deadline

pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) may request an additional extension of up to two
years for a hospital building that it owns or operates and that meets the criteria
specified in paragraph (2), (3), or (5).

7 (2) The office may grant the additional extension if the hospital building subject
8 to the extension meets all of the following criteria:

9 (A) The hospital building is under construction at the time of the request for 10 extension under this subdivision and the purpose of the construction is to meet the 11 requirements of subdivision (a) to allow the use of the building as a general acute 12 care hospital building after the extension deadline granted by the office pursuant to 13 subdivision (a) or (b).

(B) The hospital building plans were submitted to the office and were deemed
ready for review by the office at least four years prior to the applicable deadline for
the building. The hospital shall indicate, upon submission of its plans, the SPC-1
building or buildings that will be retrofitted or replaced to meet the requirements of
this section as a result of the project.

(C) The hospital received a building permit for the construction described in
subparagraph (A) at least two years prior to the applicable deadline for the building.
(D) The hospital submitted a construction timeline at least two years prior to the
applicable deadline for the building demonstrating the hospital's intent to meet the

applicable deadline for the building demonstrating the hospital's intent to meet theapplicable deadline. The timeline shall include all of the following:

24 (i) The projected construction start date.

25 (ii) The projected construction completion date.

26 (iii) Identification of the contractor.

(E) The hospital is making reasonable progress toward meeting the timeline set forth in subparagraph (D), but factors beyond the hospital's control make it impossible for the hospital to meet the deadline.

(3) The office may grant the additional extension if the hospital building subject
 to the extension meets all of the following criteria:

(A) The hospital building is owned by a health care district that has, as owner, 32 received the extension of the January 1, 2008, deadline, but where the hospital is 33 operated by an unaffiliated third-party lessee pursuant to a facility lease that extends 34 at least through December 31, 2009. The district shall file a declaration with the 35 office with a request for an extension stating that, as of the date of the filing, the 36 district has lacked, and continues to lack, unrestricted access to the subject hospital 37 building for seismic planning purposes during the term of the lease, and that the 38 district is under contract with the county to maintain hospital services when the 39 hospital comes under district control. The office shall not grant the extension if an 40 unaffiliated third-party lessee will operate the hospital beyond December 31, 2010. 41 (B) The hospital building plans were submitted to the office and were deemed 42 ready for review by the office at least four years prior to the applicable deadline for 43

- 1 the building. The hospital shall indicate, upon submission of its plans, the SPC-1
- building or buildings that will be retrofitted or replaced to meet the requirements of
  this section as a result of the project.
- 4 (C) The hospital received a building permit for the construction described in 5 subparagraph (B) by December 31, 2011.
- 6 (D) The hospital submitted, by December 31, 2011, a construction timeline for 7 the building demonstrating the hospital's intent and ability to meet the deadline of 8 December 31, 2014. The timeline shall include all of the following:
- 9 (i) The projected construction start date.
- 10 (ii) The projected construction completion date.
- 11 (iii) Identification of the contractor.

(E) The hospital building is under construction at the time of the request for the extension, the purpose of the construction is to meet the requirements of subdivision (a) to allow the use of the building as a general acute care hospital building after the extension deadline granted by the office pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b), and the hospital is making reasonable progress toward meeting the timeline set forth in subparagraph (D).

- (F) The hospital granted an extension pursuant to this paragraph shall submit an additional status report to the office, equivalent to that required by subdivision (c) of Section 130061, no later than June 30, 2013.
- (4) An extension granted pursuant to paragraph (3) shall be applicable only to the
  health care district applicant and its affiliated hospital while the hospital is operated
  by the district or an entity under the control of the district.
- (5) The office may grant the additional extension if the hospital building subjectto the extension meets all of the following criteria:
- (A) The hospital owner submitted to the office, prior to June 30, 2009, a request
  for review using current computer modeling utilized by the office and based upon
  software developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA),
  referred to as Hazards US, and the building was deemed SPC-1 after that review.

(B) The hospital building plans for the building are submitted to the office and deemed ready for review by the office prior to July 1, 2010. The hospital shall indicate, upon submission of its plans, the SPC-1 building or buildings that shall be retrofitted or replaced to meet the requirements of this section as a result of the project.

- (C) The hospital receives a building permit from the office for the construction
   described in subparagraph (B) prior to January 1, 2012.
- 37 (D) The hospital submits, prior to January 1, 2012, a construction timeline for the 38 building demonstrating the hospital's intent and ability to meet the applicable 39 deadline. The timeline shall include all of the following:
- 40 (i) The projected construction start date.
- 41 (ii) The projected construction completion date.
- 42 (iii) Identification of the contractor.

(E) The hospital building is under construction at the time of the request for the extension, the purpose of the construction is to meet the requirements of subdivision (a) to allow the use of the building as a general acute care hospital building after the extension deadline granted by the office pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b), and the hospital is making reasonable progress toward meeting the timeline set forth in subparagraph (D).

(F) The hospital owner completes construction such so that the hospital meets all
criteria to enable the office to issue a certificate of occupancy by the applicable
deadline for the building.

(6) A hospital located in the County of Sacramento, San Mateo, or Santa Barbara
or the City of San Jose or the City of Willits that has received an additional extension
pursuant to paragraph (2) or (5) may request an additional extension until September
1, 2015, to obtain either a certificate of occupancy from the office for a replacement
building, or a construction final from the office for a building on which a retrofit
has been performed.

16 (7) A hospital denied an extension pursuant to this subdivision may appeal the 17 denial to the Hospital Building Safety Board.

18 (8) The office may revoke an extension granted pursuant to this subdivision for 19 any hospital building where the work of construction is abandoned or suspended for 20 a period of at least one year, unless the hospital demonstrates in a public document 21 that the abandonment or suspension was caused by factors beyond its control.

(g)(1) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (f), and Sections 130061.5
and 130064, a hospital that has received an extension of the January 1, 2008,
deadline pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) also may request an additional extension
of up to seven years for a hospital building that it owns or operates. The office may
grant the extension subject to the hospital meeting the milestones set forth in
paragraph (2).

(2) The hospital building subject to the extension shall meet all of the following
 milestones, unless the hospital building is reclassified as SPC-2 or higher as a result
 of its Hazards US score:

(A) The hospital owner submits to the office, no later than September 30, 2012, a
letter of intent stating whether it intends to rebuild, replace, or retrofit the building,
or remove all general acute care beds and services from the building, and the amount
of time necessary to complete the construction.

(B) The hospital owner submits to the office, no later than September 30, 2012, a
 schedule detailing why the requested extension is necessary, and specifically how
 the hospital intends to meet the requested deadline.

(C) The hospital owner submits to the office, no later than September 30, 2012,
 an application ready for review seeking structural reassessment of each of its SPC buildings using current computer modeling based upon software developed by

41 FEMA, referred to as Hazards US.

1 (D) The hospital owner submits to the office, no later than January 1, 2015, plans 2 ready for review consistent with the letter of intent submitted pursuant to 3 subparagraph (A) and the schedule submitted pursuant to subparagraph (B).

4 (E) The hospital owner submits a financial report to the office at the time the plans 5 are submitted pursuant to subparagraph (D). The report shall demonstrate the 6 hospital owner's financial capacity to implement the construction plans submitted 7 pursuant to subparagraph (D).

8 (F) The hospital owner receives a building permit consistent with the letter of 9 intent submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) and the schedule submitted pursuant 10 to subparagraph (B), no later than July 1, 2018.

(3) To evaluate public safety and determine whether to grant an extension of the 11 deadline, the office shall consider the structural integrity of the hospital's SPC-1 12 buildings based on its Hazards US scores, community access to essential hospital 13 services, and the hospital owner's financial capacity to meet the deadline as 14 determined by either a bond rating of BBB or below or the financial report on the 15 hospital owner's financial capacity submitted pursuant to subparagraph (E) of 16 paragraph (2). The criteria contained in this paragraph shall be considered by the 17 office in its determination of the length of an extension or whether an extension 18 should be granted. 19

(4) The extension or subsequent adjustments granted pursuant to this subdivision
 may not exceed the amount of time that is reasonably necessary to complete the
 construction specified in paragraph (2).

(5) If the circumstances underlying the request for extension submitted to the
office pursuant to paragraph (2) change, the hospital owner shall notify the office as
soon as practicable, but in no event later than six months after the hospital owner
discovered the change of circumstances. The office may adjust the length of the
extension granted pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) as necessary, but in no event
longer than the period specified in paragraph (1).

(6) A hospital denied an extension pursuant to this subdivision may appeal thedenial to the Hospital Building Safety Board.

(7) The office may revoke an extension granted pursuant to this subdivision for any hospital building when it is determined that any information submitted pursuant to this section was falsified, or if the hospital failed to meet a milestone set forth in paragraph (2), or where the work of construction is abandoned or suspended for a period of at least six months, unless the hospital demonstrates in a publicly available document that the abandonment or suspension was caused by factors beyond its control.

(8) Regulatory submissions made by the office to the California Building
 Standards Commission to implement this section shall be deemed to be emergency
 regulations and shall be adopted as emergency regulations.

(9) The hospital owner that applies for an extension pursuant to this subdivision
shall pay the office an additional fee, to be determined by the office, sufficient to
cover the additional reasonable costs incurred by the office for maintaining the

additional reporting requirements established under this section, including, but not

2 limited to, the costs of reviewing and verifying the extension documentation

3 submitted pursuant to this subdivision. This additional fee shall not include any cost

for review of the plans or other duties related to receiving a building or occupancypermit.

6 (10) This subdivision shall become operative on the date that the State 7 Department of Health Care Services receives all necessary federal approvals for a 8 2011–12 fiscal year hospital quality assurance fee program that includes three 9 hundred twenty million dollars (\$320,000,000) in fee revenue to pay for health care 10 coverage for children, which is made available as a result of the legislative 11 enactment of a 2011–12 fiscal year hospital quality assurance fee program.

(h) A critical access hospital located in the City of Tehachapi may submit a seismic safety extension application pursuant to subdivision (g), notwithstanding deadlines in that subdivision that are earlier than the effective date of the act that added this subdivision. The submitted application shall include a timetable as required pursuant to subdivision (g).

(i)(1) A hospital located in the Tarzana neighborhood of the City of Los Angeles
that has received extensions pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (g) may request an
additional extension for a single building until October 1, 2022, in order to obtain a
certificate of occupancy from the office for a replacement building.

(2) The hospital owner seeking the extension shall submit a written request that
 includes a timeline specifying how the hospital intends to meet the new deadline,
 including the construction document submission dates. The following timeline shall
 be met for construction document submissions:

(A) No later than January 1, 2018, the hospital owner shall submit construction
documents, deemed ready for review, related to the first final review of the second
increment with information including the building core and shell of the hospital.
Failure to submit the construction documents by January 1, 2018, shall result in the
assessment of a fine of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per calendar day until the
documents are submitted.

(B) No later than March 1, 2018, the hospital owner shall submit construction documents, deemed ready for review, related to the first final review of the first increment with information including the structural foundation, frame, and underslab utilities of the hospital. Failure to submit the construction documents by March 1, 2018, shall result in the assessment of a fine of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per calendar day until the documents are submitted.

37 (C) No later than September 1, 2018, the hospital owner shall submit construction 38 documents, deemed ready for review, related to the first final review of the third 39 increment with information on the build-out of the hospital. Failure to submit the 40 construction documents by September 1, 2018, shall result in the assessment of a 41 fine of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per calendar day until the documents are 42 submitted. (D) No later than November 1, 2018, the hospital owner shall submit construction
documents, deemed ready for review, related to the first final review of the fourth
increment with information on the seismic support and anchorage of the hospital.
Failure to submit the construction documents by November 1, 2018, shall result in
the assessment of a fine of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per calendar day until the
documents are submitted.
(E) The hospital owner may submit a written request to the office seeking an

extension of the deadlines set forth in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D). The written request shall state with specificity the reason for the request and how the reason preventing compliance with the deadlines was outside of the control of the hospital owner. After review of the request for extension, the office may grant the request for a period of time not to exceed 30 calendar days. If the office grants the request for an extension, no fine shall accrue or be imposed during the extension period.

(3) Notwithstanding any other law, any fines assessed pursuant to paragraph (2)
shall be deposited into the General Fund following a determination on appeal, if
any. A hospital assessed a fine pursuant to this subdivision may appeal the
assessment to the Hospital Building Safety Board, provided the hospital posts the
funds for any fines to be held by the office pending the resolution of the appeal.

(4) The office shall not issue a certificate of occupancy for the single replacement 20 building until such time as all assessed fines accrued pursuant to paragraph (2) have 21 been paid in full, or, if an appeal is pending, have been posted subject to resolution 22 of an appeal. Fines deposited by the hospital pursuant to paragraph (3) shall be 23 considered paid in full for purposes of issuing a certificate of occupancy pursuant 24 to this paragraph. This paragraph is in addition to, and is not intended to supersede, 25 any other requirements that must be met by the hospital for issuance by the office 26 of a certificate of occupancy. 27

Comment. Section 130060 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

31 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

### 32 § 130506 (amended). Drug discount agreements

33 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 130506 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

130506. (a) The department shall negotiate drug discount agreements with manufacturers to provide discounts for single-source and multiple-source prescription drugs through the program. The department shall attempt to negotiate the maximum possible discount for an eligible Californian. The department shall attempt to negotiate, with each manufacturer, discounts to offer single-source prescription drugs under the program at a volume weighted average discount that is equal to or below any one of the following benchmark prices:

(1) Eighty-five percent of the average manufacturer price for a drug, as published
 by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

(2) The lowest price provided to any nonpublic entity in the state by a 1 manufacturer to the extent that the Medicaid best price exists under federal law. 2 (3) The Medicaid best price, to the extent that this price exists under federal law. 3 (b) The department may require the drug manufacturer to provide information that 4 is reasonably necessary for the department to carry out its duties pursuant to this 5 division. 6 (c) The department shall pursue manufacturer discount agreements to ensure that 7 the number and type of drugs available through the program is sufficient to give an 8 eligible Californian a formulary comparable to the Medi-Cal list of contract drugs, 9 or if this information is available to the department, a formulary that is comparable 10 to that provided to CalPERS enrollees. 11 (d) To obtain the most favorable discounts, the department may limit the number 12 of drugs available through the program. 13 (e) The drug discount agreements negotiated pursuant to this section shall be used 14 to reduce the cost of drugs purchased by program participants and to fund program 15 costs pursuant to Section 130542.1. 16 (f) All information reported by a manufacturer to, negotiations with, and 17 agreements executed with, the department or its third-party vendor pursuant to this 18 section, shall be considered confidential and corporate proprietary information. This 19 information shall not be subject to disclosure under the California Public Records 20 Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 21 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). The 22 California State Auditor's Office and the Controller shall have access to pricing 23 information in a manner that is consistent with their access to this information under 24 the Medi-Cal program and under law. The California State Auditor's Office and the 25 Controller may use this information only to investigate or audit the administration 26 of the program. Neither the California State Auditor's Office, the Controller, nor the 27 department may disclose this information in a form that identifies a specific 28 manufacturer or wholesaler or prices charged for drugs of this manufacturer or 29 wholesaler. Information provided to the department pursuant to subdivision (e) of 30 Section 130530 shall not be affected by the confidentiality protections established 31 by this subdivision. 32 (g)(1) Any pharmacy licensed pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 33 4000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code may participate in the 34 program. 35 (2) Any manufacturer may participate in the program. 36 Comment. Section 130506 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 37

<sup>38</sup> Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

39 Reports (2019).

### 40 § 131052 (amended). Jurisdiction of Department of Public Health

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 131052 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

131052. In implementing the transfer of jurisdiction pursuant to this article, the 1 State Department of Public Health succeeds to and is vested with all the statutory 2 duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction of the former State 3 Department of Health Services as they relate to public health as provided for or 4 referred to in all of the following provisions of law: 5 (1) Sections 550, 555, 650, 680, 1241, 1658, 2221.1, 2248.5, 2249, 2259, 2259.5, 6 2541.3, 2585, 2728, 3527, 4017, 4027, 4037, 4191, 19059.5, 19120, 22950, 7 22973.2, and 22974.8 of the Business and Professions Code. 8 (2) Sections 56.17, 1812.508, and 1812.543 of the Civil Code. 9 (3) Sections 8286, 8803, 17613, 32064, 32065, 32066, 32241, 49030, 49405, 10 49414, 49423.5, 49452.6, 49460, 49464, 49565, 49565.8, 49531.1, 56836.165, and 11 76403 of the Education Code. 12 (4) Sections 405, 6021, 6026, 18963, 30852, 41302, and 78486 of the Food and 13 Agricultural Code. 14 (5) Sections 307, 355, 422, 7572, 7574, 8706, 8817, and 8909 of the Family Code. 15 (6) Sections 1786, 4011, 5523, 5671, 5674, 5700, 5701, 5701.5, 7115, and 15700 16 of the Fish and Game Code. 17 (7) Sections 855, 51010, and 551017.1 of the Government Code. For purposes of 18 subdivision (s) of Section 6254 of the Government Code, the term "State 19 Department of Health Services" is hereby deemed to refer to the State Department 20 of Public Health. 21 (8)(A) Sections 475, 1180.6, 1418.1, 1422.1, 1428.2, 1457, 1505, 1507.1, 1507.5, 22 1570.7, 1599.2, 1599.60, 1599.75, 1599.87, 2002, 2804, 11362.7, 11776, 11839.21, 23 11839.23, 11839.24, 11839.25, 11839.26, 11839.27, 11839.28, 11839.29, 24 11839.30, 11839.31, 11839.32, 11839.33, 11839.34, 17920.10, 17961, 18897.2, 25 24185, 24186, 24187, 24275, 26101, 26122, 26134, 26155, 26200, and 26203. 26 (B) Chapters 1, 2, 2.05, 2.3, 2.35, 2.4, 3.3, 3.9, 3.93, 3.95, 4, 4.1, 4.5, 5, 6, 6.5, 8, 27 8.3, 8.5, 8.6, 9, and 11 of Division 2. 28 29 (C) Articles 2 and 4 of Chapter 2, Chapter 3, and Chapter 4 of Part 1, Part 2 and Part 3 of Division 101. 30 (D) Division 102, including Sections 102230 and 102231. 31 (E) Division 103, including Sections 104145, 104181, 104182, 104182.5, 104187, 32 104191, 104192, 104193, 104316, 104317, 104318, 104319, 104320, 104321, 33 104324.2, 104324.25, 104350, 105191, 105251, 105255, 105280, 105340, and 34 105430. 35 (F) Division 104, including Sections 106615, 106675, 106770, 108115, 108855, 36 109282, 109910, 109915, 112155, 112500, 112650, 113355, 114460, 114475, 37 114650, 114710, 114850, 114855, 114985, 115061, 115261, 115340, 115736, 38 115880, 115885, 115915, 116064, 116183, 116270, 116365.5, 116366, 116375, 39 116610, 116751, 116760.20, 116825, 117100, 117924, and 119300. 40 (G) Division 105, including Sections 120262, 120381, 120395, 120440, 120480, 41 120956, 120966, 121155, 121285, 121340, 121349.1, 121480, 122410, and 122420. 42

- (H) Part 1, Part 2 excluding Articles 5, 5.5, 6, and 6.5 of Chapter 3, Part 3 and 1 Part 5 excluding Articles 1 and 2 of Chapter 2, Part 7, and Part 8 of Division 106. 2 (9) Sections 799.03, 10123.35, 10123.5, 10123.55, 10123.10, 10123.184, and 3 11520 of the Insurance Code. 4 (10) Sections 50.8, 142.3, 144.5, 144.7, 147.2, 4600.6, 6307.1, 6359, 6712, 9009, 5 and 9022 of the Labor Code. 6 (11) Sections 4018.1, 5008.1, 7501, 7502, 7510, 7511, 7515, 7518, 7530, 7550, 7 7553, 7575, 7576, 11010, 11174.34, and 13990 of the Penal Code. 8 (12) Section 4806 of the Probate Code. 9 (13) Sections 15027, 25912, 28004, 30950, 41781.1, 42830, 43210, 43308, 10 44103, and 71081 of the Public Resources Code. 11 (14) Section 10405 of the Public Contract Code. 12 (15) Sections 883, 1507, and 7718 of the Public Utilities Code. 13 (16) Sections 18833, 18838, 18845.2, 18846.2, 18847.2, 18863, 30461.6, 14 43010.1, and 43011.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. 15 (17) Section 11020 of the Unemployment Insurance Code. 16 (18) Sections 22511.55, 23158, 27366, and 33000 of the Vehicle Code. 17 (19) Sections 5326.9, 5328, 5328.15, 14132, 16902, and 16909, and Division 24 18 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. Payment for services provided under the 19 Family Planning, Access, Care, and Treatment (Family PACT) Waiver Program 20 pursuant to subdivision (aa) of Section 14132 and Division 24 shall be made through 21 the State Department of Health Care Services. The State Department of Public 22 Health and the State Department of Health Care Services may enter into an 23 interagency agreement for the administration of those payments. This paragraph, to 24 the extent that it applies to the Family PACT Waiver Program, shall become 25 inoperative on June 30, 2012. 26 (20) Sections 13176, 13177.5, 13178, 13193, 13390, 13392, 13392.5, 13393.5, 27 13395.5, 13396.7, 13521, 13522, 13523, 13528, 13529, 13529.2, 13550, 13552.4, 28 13552.8, 13553, 13553.1, 13554, 13554.2, 13816, 13819, 13820, 13823, 13824, 29 13825, 13827, 13830, 13834, 13835, 13836, 13837, 13858, 13861, 13862, 13864, 30 13868, 13868.1, 13868.3, 13868.5, 13882, 13885, 13886, 13887, 13891, 13892, 31 13895.1, 13895.6, 13895.9, 13896, 13896.3, 13896.4, 13896.5, 13897, 13897.4, 32 13897.5, 13897.6, 13898, 14011, 14012, 14015, 14016, 14017, 14019, 14022, 33 14025, 14026, 14027, and 14029 of the Water Code. 34 Comment. Section 131052 is amended to delete obsolete material. See Gov't Code § 7926.000 35 36 & Comment (continuing former Gov't Code § 6254(s), with revisions correcting erroneous reference to State Department of Health Care Services). 37
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### **INSURANCE CODE**

## 39 § 791.13 (amended). Disclosure of personal or privileged information by insurance 40 institution, agent, or insurance-support organization

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 791.13 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

791.13. An insurance institution, agent, or insurance-support organization shall 1 not disclose any personal or privileged information about an individual collected or 2 received in connection with an insurance transaction unless the disclosure is: 3 (a) With the written authorization of the individual, and meets either of the 4 conditions specified in paragraph (1) or (2): 5 (1) If the authorization is submitted by another insurance institution, agent, or 6 insurance-support organization, the authorization meets the requirement of Section 7 791.06. 8 (2) If the authorization is submitted by a person other than an insurance 9 institution, agent, or insurance-support organization, the authorization is: 10 (A) Dated. 11 (B) Signed by the individual. 12 (C) Obtained one year or less prior to the date a disclosure is sought pursuant to 13 this section. 14 (b) To a person other than an insurance institution, agent, or insurance-support 15 organization, provided the disclosure is reasonably necessary: 16 (1) To enable the person to perform a business, professional or insurance function 17 for the disclosing insurance institution, agent, or insurance-support organization or 18 insured and the person agrees not to disclose the information further without the 19 individual's written authorization unless the further disclosure: 20 (A) Would otherwise be permitted by this section if made by an insurance 21 institution, agent, or insurance-support organization; or 22 (B) Is reasonably necessary for such the person to perform its function for the 23 disclosing insurance institution, agent, or insurance-support organization. 24 (2) To enable the person to provide information to the disclosing insurance 25 institution, agent or insurance-support organization for the purpose of: 26 (A) Determining an individual's eligibility for an insurance benefit or payment; 27 or 28 (B) Detecting or preventing criminal activity, fraud, material misrepresentation or 29 material nondisclosure in connection with an insurance transaction. 30 (c) To an insurance institution, agent, insurance-support organization or self-31 insurer, provided the information disclosed is limited to that which is reasonably 32 necessary under either paragraph (1) or (2): 33 (1) To detect or prevent criminal activity, fraud, material misrepresentation or 34 material nondisclosure in connection with insurance transactions; or 35 (2) For either the disclosing or receiving insurance institution, agent or insurance-36 support organization to perform its function in connection with an insurance 37 transaction involving the individual. 38 (d) To a medical-care institution or medical professional for the purpose of any of 39 the following: 40 (1) Verifying insurance coverage or benefits. 41 (2) Informing an individual of a medical problem of which the individual may not 42 be aware. 43

(e) To an insurance regulatory authority; or 3 (f) To a law enforcement or other governmental authority pursuant to law. 4 (g) Otherwise permitted or required by law. 5 (h) In response to a facially valid administrative or judicial order, including a 6 search warrant or subpoena. 7 (i) Made for the purpose of conducting actuarial or research studies, provided: 8 (1) No individual may be identified in any actuarial or research report. 9 (2) Materials allowing the individual to be identified are returned or destroyed as 10 soon as they are no longer needed. 11 (3) The actuarial or research organization agrees not to disclose the information 12 unless the disclosure would otherwise be permitted by this section if made by an 13 insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization. 14 (j) To a party or a representative of a party to a proposed or consummated sale, 15 transfer, merger or consolidation of all or part of the business of the insurance 16 institution, agent or insurance-support organization, provided: 17 (1) Prior to the consummation of the sale, transfer, merger, or consolidation the 18 only such information is disclosed as is reasonably necessary to enable the recipient 19 to make business decisions about the purchase, transfer, merger, or consolidation. 20 (2) The recipient agrees not to disclose the information unless the disclosure 21 would otherwise be permitted by this section if made by an insurance institution, 22 agent or insurance-support organization. 23 (k) To a person whose only use of the information will be in connection with the 24 marketing of a product or service, provided: 25 (1) No medical-record information, privileged information, or personal 26 information relating to an individual's character, personal habits, mode of living, or 27 general reputation is disclosed, and no classification derived from the information 28 is disclosed; or 29 (2) The individual has been given an opportunity to indicate that he or she the 30 individual does not want personal information disclosed for marketing purposes and 31 has given no indication that he or she the individual does not want the information 32 disclosed; and 33 (3) The person receiving such the information agrees not to use it except in 34 connection with the marketing of a product or service. 35 (1) To an affiliate whose only use of the information will be in connection with an 36 audit of the insurance institution or agent or the marketing of an insurance product 37 or service, provided the affiliate agrees not to disclose the information for any other 38 purpose or to unaffiliated persons. 39 (m) By a consumer reporting agency, provided the disclosure is to a person other 40 than an insurance institution or agent. 41 (n) To a group policyholder for the purpose of reporting claims experience or 42

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(3) Conducting operations or services audit, provided the only such information

is disclosed as is reasonably necessary to accomplish the foregoing purposes.

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provided the information disclosed is reasonably necessary for the group 1 policyholder to conduct the review or audit. 2

(o) To a professional peer review organization for the purpose of reviewing the 3 service or conduct of a medical-care institution or medical professional. 4

(p) To a governmental authority for the purpose of determining the individual's 5 eligibility for health benefits for which the governmental authority may be liable. 6

(q) To a certificate holder or policyholder for the purpose of providing 7 information regarding the status of an insurance transaction. 8

(r) To a lienholder, mortgagee, assignee, lessor, or other person shown on the 9 records of an insurance institution or agent as having a legal or beneficial interest in 10 a policy of insurance. The information disclosed shall be limited to that which is 11 reasonably necessary to permit the person to protect his or her that person's interest 12 in the policy and shall be consistent with Article 5.5 (commencing with Section 13 770). 14

(s) To an insured or the insured's lawyer when the information disclosed is from 15 an accident report, supplemental report, investigative report or the actual report from 16 a government agency or is a copy of an accident report or other report which that 17 the insured is entitled to obtain under Section 20012 of the Vehicle Code or 18 subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7923.600) of 19

Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 20

Comment. Section 791.13 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 21 22 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). 23

The section is also amended to make technical changes. 24

§ 922.41 (amended). Credit for reinsurance 25

SEC. . Section 922.41 of the Insurance Code is amended to read: 26

922.41. (a) Credit shall be allowed a domestic insurer when the reinsurance is 27 ceded to an assuming insurer that has been certified by the commissioner as a 28 reinsurer in this state and secures its obligations in accordance with this section. 29 Credit shall be allowed at all times for which statutory financial statement credit for 30 reinsurance is claimed under this section. The credit allowed shall be based upon 31 the security held by or on behalf of the ceding insurer in accordance with a rating 32 assigned to the certified reinsurer by the commissioner. The security shall be in a 33 form consistent with this section, any regulations promulgated by the commissioner, 34 and Section 922.5. 35

- (b) In order to be eligible for certification, the assuming insurer shall meet the 36 37 following requirements:
- (1) The assuming insurer shall be domiciled and licensed to transact insurance or 38 reinsurance in a qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the commissioner pursuant 39 to subdivisions (f) and (g). 40
- (2) The assuming insurer shall maintain minimum capital and surplus, or its 41 equivalent, in an amount to be determined by the commissioner, but no less than 42

two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) calculated in accordance with paragraph (4) of subdivision (f) of this section or Section 922.5. This requirement may also be satisfied by an association including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters having minimum capital and surplus equivalents (net of liabilities) of at least two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) and a central fund containing a balance of at least two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000).

8 (3) The assuming insurer shall maintain financial strength ratings from two or 9 more rating agencies deemed acceptable by the commissioner. These ratings shall 10 be based on interactive communication between the rating agency and the assuming 11 insurer and shall not be based solely on publicly available information. These 12 financial strength ratings will be one factor used by the commissioner in 13 determining the rating that is assigned to the assuming insurer. Acceptable rating 14 agencies include the following:

- 15 (A) Standard & Poor's.
- 16 (B) Moody's Investors Service.
- 17 (C) Fitch Ratings.
- 18 (D) A.M. Best Company.
- 19 (E) Any other nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

(4) The assuming insurer shall agree to submit to the jurisdiction of this state,
 appoint the commissioner or a designated attorney in this state as its agent for
 service of process in this state, and agree to provide security for 100 percent of the
 assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States
 ceding insurers if it resists enforcement of a final United States judgment.

(5) The assuming insurer shall agree to meet applicable information filing
 requirements as determined by the commissioner, both with respect to an initial
 application for certification and on an ongoing basis.

(6) The certified reinsurer shall comply with any other requirements deemedrelevant by the commissioner.

(c)(1) If an applicant for certification has been certified as a reinsurer in a National 30 Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) accredited jurisdiction, the 31 commissioner may defer to that jurisdiction's certification, and has the discretion to 32 defer to the rating assigned by that jurisdiction if the assuming insurer submits a 33 properly executed Form CR-1, as published on the department's internet website, 34 and additional information as the commissioner requires. The commissioner, 35 however, may perform an independent review and determination of an applicant. 36 The assuming insurer shall then be considered to be a certified reinsurer in this state. 37 (2) If the commissioner defers to a certification determination by another state, a 38 change in the certified reinsurer's status or rating in the other jurisdiction shall apply 39 automatically in this state as of the date it takes effect in the other jurisdiction unless 40 the commissioner otherwise determines. The certified reinsurer shall notify the 41 commissioner of a change in its status or rating within 10 days after receiving notice 42 of the change. 43

1 (3) The commissioner may withdraw recognition of the other jurisdiction's rating 2 at any time and assign a new rating in accordance with subdivision (h).

(4) The commissioner may withdraw recognition of the other jurisdiction's certification at any time, with written notice to the certified reinsurer. Unless the commissioner suspends or revokes the certified reinsurer's certification in accordance with this section and Section 922.42, the certified reinsurer's certification shall remain in good standing in this state for a period of three months, which shall be extended if additional time is necessary to consider the assuming insurer's application for certification in this state.

10 (d) An association, including incorporated and individual unincorporated 11 underwriters, may be a certified reinsurer. In order to be eligible for certification, in 12 addition to satisfying requirements of subdivision (b), the reinsurer shall meet all of 13 the following requirements:

(1) The association shall satisfy its minimum capital and surplus requirements through the capital and surplus equivalents (net of liabilities) of the association and its members, which shall include a joint central fund that may be applied to an unsatisfied obligation of the association or any of its members, in an amount determined by the commissioner to provide adequate protection.

(2) The incorporated members of the association shall not be engaged in any
 business other than underwriting as a member of the association and shall be subject
 to the same level of regulation and solvency control by the association's domiciliary
 regulator as are the unincorporated members.

(3) Within 90 days after its financial statements are due to be filed with the
association's domiciliary regulator, the association shall provide to the
commissioner an annual certification by the association's domiciliary regulator of
the solvency of each underwriter member or, if a certification is unavailable,
financial statements, prepared by independent public accountants, of each
underwriter member of the association.

(e)(1) The commissioner shall post notice on the department's internet website
 promptly upon receipt of an application for certification, including instructions on
 how members of the public may respond to the application. The commissioner shall
 not take final action on the application until at least 30 days after posting the notice
 required by this subdivision.

(2) The commissioner shall issue written notice to an assuming insurer that has
 made application and has been approved as a certified reinsurer. Included in that
 notice shall be the rating assigned the certified reinsurer in accordance with
 subdivision (h). The commissioner shall publish a list of all certified reinsurers and
 their ratings.

(f) The certified reinsurer shall agree to meet applicable information filing requirements as determined by the commissioner, both with respect to an initial application for certification and on an ongoing basis. All information submitted by certified reinsurers that is not otherwise public information subject to disclosure shall be exempted from disclosure under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of
 the Government Code, and shall be withheld from public disclosure. The applicable
 information filing requirements are as follows:

(1) Notification within 10 days of a regulatory action taken against the certified
reinsurer, a change in the provisions of its domiciliary license, or a change in rating
by an approved rating agency, including a statement describing those changes and
the reasons for those changes.

8 (2) Annually, Form CR-F or CR-S, as applicable pursuant to the instructions 9 published on the department's internet website.

10 (3) Annually, the report of the independent auditor on the financial statements of 11 the insurance enterprise, on the basis described in paragraph (4).

(4) Annually, audited financial statements, (audited United States Generally 12 Accepted Accounting Principles basis, if available, audited International Financial 13 Reporting Standards basis statements are allowed, but must include an audited 14 footnote reconciling equity and net income to a United States Generally Accepted 15 Accounting Principles basis, or, with the written permission of the commissioner, 16 audited International Financial Reporting Standards statements with reconciliation 17 to United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles certified by an officer 18 of the company), regulatory filings, and actuarial opinion (as filed with the certified 19 reinsurer's supervisor). Upon the initial certification, audited financial statements 20 for the last three years filed with the certified reinsurer's supervisor. 21

(5) At least annually, an updated list of all disputed and overdue reinsurance
claims regarding reinsurance assumed from United States domestic ceding insurers.
(6) A certification from the certified reinsurer's domestic regulator that the
certified reinsurer is in good standing and maintains capital in excess of the
jurisdiction's highest regulatory action level.

27 (7) Any other information that the commissioner may reasonably require.

(g) If the commissioner certifies a non-United States domiciled insurer, the commissioner shall create and publish a list of qualified jurisdictions, under which an assuming insurer licensed and domiciled in that jurisdiction is eligible to be considered for certification by the commissioner as a certified reinsurer.

(1) In order to determine whether the domiciliary jurisdiction of a non-United 32 States assuming insurer is eligible to be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction, the 33 commissioner shall evaluate the appropriateness and effectiveness of the 34 reinsurance supervisory system of the jurisdiction, both initially and on an ongoing 35 basis, and consider the rights, benefits, and the extent of reciprocal recognition 36 afforded by the non-United States jurisdiction to reinsurers licensed and domiciled 37 in the United States. The commissioner shall determine the appropriate process for 38 evaluating the qualifications of those jurisdictions. Before its listing, a qualified 39 jurisdiction shall agree in writing to share information and cooperate with the 40 commissioner with respect to all certified reinsurers domiciled within that 41 jurisdiction. A jurisdiction may not be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction if the 42 commissioner has determined that the jurisdiction does not adequately and promptly 43

1 enforce final United States judgments and arbitration awards. Additional factors

may be considered in the discretion of the commissioner, including, but not limited
to, the following:

4 (A) The framework under which the assuming insurer is regulated.

5 (B) The structure and authority of the domiciliary regulator with regard to 6 solvency regulation requirements and financial surveillance.

7 (C) The substance of financial and operating standards for assuming insurers in 8 the domiciliary jurisdiction.

9 (D) The form and substance of financial reports required to be filed or made 10 publicly available by reinsurers in the domiciliary jurisdiction and the accounting 11 principles used.

12 (E) The domiciliary regulator's willingness to cooperate with United States 13 regulators in general and the commissioner in particular.

14 (F) The history of performance by assuming insurers in the domiciliary 15 jurisdiction.

16 (G) Any documented evidence of substantial problems with the enforcement of 17 final United States judgments in the domiciliary jurisdiction.

18 (H) Any relevant international standards or guidance with respect to mutual 19 recognition of reinsurance supervision adopted by the International Association of 20 Insurance Supervisors or a successor organization.

21 (I) Any other matters deemed relevant by the commissioner.

(2) The commissioner shall consider the list of qualified jurisdictions published
 through the NAIC committee process in determining qualified jurisdictions. The
 commissioner may include on the list published pursuant to this section any
 jurisdiction on the NAIC list of qualified jurisdictions or on any equivalent list of
 the United States Treasury.

(3) If the commissioner approves a jurisdiction as qualified that does not appear
on either the NAIC list of qualified jurisdictions, or the United States Treasury list,
the commissioner shall provide thoroughly documented justification in accordance
with criteria to be developed under this section.

(4) United States jurisdictions that meet the requirements for accreditation under
 the NAIC financial standards and accreditation program shall be recognized as
 qualified jurisdictions.

(5) If a certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction ceases to be a qualified
 jurisdiction, the commissioner has the discretion to suspend the reinsurer's
 certification indefinitely, in lieu of revocation.

(h) The commissioner shall assign a rating to each certified reinsurer, giving due
consideration to the financial strength ratings that have been assigned by rating
agencies deemed acceptable to the commissioner pursuant to this section. The
commissioner shall publish a list of all certified reinsurers and their ratings.

(1) Each certified reinsurer shall be rated on a legal entity basis, with due
 consideration being given to the group rating where appropriate, except that an
 association including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters that

has been approved to do business as a single certified reinsurer may be evaluated on 1 the basis of its group rating. Factors that may be considered as part of the evaluation 2 process include, but are not limited to, the following: 3 (A) The certified reinsurer's financial strength rating from an acceptable rating 4 agency. The maximum rating that a certified reinsurer may be assigned shall 5 correspond to its financial strength rating as set forth in clauses (i) to (vi), inclusive. 6 The commissioner shall use the lowest financial strength rating received from an 7 approved rating agency in establishing the maximum rating of a certified reinsurer. 8 A failure to obtain or maintain at least two financial strength ratings from acceptable 9 rating agencies shall result in loss of eligibility for certification. 10 (i) Ratings category "Secure - 1" corresponds to A.M. Best Company rating A++; 11 Standard & Poor's rating AAA; Moody's Investors Service rating Aaa; and Fitch 12 Ratings rating AAA. 13 (ii) Ratings category "Secure - 2" corresponds to A.M. Best Company rating A+; 14 Standard & Poor's rating AA+, AA, or AA-; Moody's Investors Service rating Aa1, 15 Aa2, or Aa3; and Fitch Ratings rating AA+, AA, or AA-. 16 (iii) Ratings category "Secure - 3" corresponds to A.M. Best Company rating A; 17 Standard & Poor's rating A+ or A; Moody's Investors Service rating A1 or A2; and 18 Fitch Ratings rating A+ or A. 19 (iv) Ratings category "Secure - 4" corresponds to A.M. Best Company rating A-; 20 Standard & Poor's rating A-; Moody's Investors Service rating A3; and Fitch 21 Ratings rating A-. 22 (v) Ratings category "Secure - 5" corresponds to A.M. Best Company rating B++ 23 or B+; Standard & Poor's rating BBB+, BBB, or BBB-; Moody's Investors Service 24 rating Baa1, Baa2, or Baa3; and Fitch Ratings rating BBB+, BBB, or BBB-. 25 (vi) Ratings category "Vulnerable - 6" corresponds to A.M. Best Company rating 26 B, B-, C++, C+, C, C-, D, E, or F; Standard & Poor's rating BB+, BB, BB-, B+, B, 27 B-, CCC, CC, C, D, or R; Moody's Investors Service rating Ba1, Ba2, Ba3, B1, B2, 28 B3, Caa, Ca, or C; and Fitch Ratings rating BB+, BB, BB-, B+, B, B-, CCC+, CC, 29 CCC-, or DD. 30 (B) The business practices of the certified reinsurer in dealing with its ceding 31 insurers, including its record of compliance with reinsurance contractual terms and 32 obligations. 33 (C) For certified reinsurers domiciled in the United States, a review of the most 34 recent applicable NAIC Annual Statement Blank, either Schedule F (for 35 property/casualty reinsurers) or Schedule S (for life and health reinsurers). 36 (D) For certified reinsurers not domiciled in the United States, a review annually 37 of Form CR-F (for property/casualty reinsurers) or Form CR-S (for life and health 38 reinsurers) (as published on the department's internet website). 39 (E) The reputation of the certified reinsurer for prompt payment of claims under 40 reinsurance agreements, based on an analysis of ceding insurers' Schedule F 41 reporting of overdue reinsurance recoverables, including the proportion of 42 obligations that are more than 90 days past due or are in dispute, with specific 43

1 attention given to obligations payable to companies that are in administrative 2 supervision or receivership.

3 (F) Regulatory actions against the certified reinsurer.

4 (G) The report of the independent auditor on the financial statements of the 5 insurance enterprise, on the basis described in subparagraph (H).

(H) For certified reinsurers not domiciled in the United States, audited financial 6 statements, (audited United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles basis, 7 if available, audited International Financial Reporting Standards basis statements 8 are allowed, but must include an audited footnote reconciling equity and net income 9 to a United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles basis, or, with the 10 written permission of the commissioner, audited International Financial Reporting 11 Standards statements with reconciliation to United States Generally Accepted 12 Accounting Principles certified by an officer of the company), regulatory filings, 13 and actuarial opinion (as filed with the non-United States jurisdiction supervisor). 14 Upon the initial application for certification, the commissioner shall consider 15 audited financial statements for the last three years filed with its non-United States 16 jurisdiction supervisor. 17

(I) The liquidation priority of obligations to a ceding insurer in the certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction in the context of an insolvency proceeding.

(J) A certified reinsurer's participation in a solvent scheme of arrangement, or
 similar procedure, that involves United States ceding insurers. The commissioner
 shall receive prior notice from a certified reinsurer that proposes participation by
 the certified reinsurer in a solvent scheme of arrangement.

24 (K) Any other information deemed relevant by the commissioner.

(2) Based on the analysis conducted under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) of a certified reinsurer's reputation for prompt payment of claims, the commissioner may make appropriate adjustments in the security the certified reinsurer is required to post to protect its liabilities to United States ceding insurers, provided that the commissioner shall, at a minimum, increase the security the certified reinsurer is required to post by one rating level under regulations promulgated by the commissioner, if the commissioner finds either of the following:

(A) More than 15 percent of the certified reinsurer's ceding insurance clients have
 overdue reinsurance recoverables on paid losses of 90 days or more that are not in
 dispute and that exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for each ceding
 insurer.

(B) The aggregate amount of reinsurance recoverables on paid losses that are not
 in dispute and that are overdue by 90 days or more exceeds fifty million dollars
 (\$50,000,000).

(3) The assuming insurer shall submit a properly executed Form CR-1, as published on the department's internet website, as evidence of its submission to the jurisdiction of this state, appointment of the commissioner as an agent for service of process in this state, and agreement to provide security for 100 percent of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States ceding insurers if it resists enforcement of a final United States judgment. The

2 commissioner shall not certify an assuming insurer that is domiciled in a jurisdiction

that the commissioner has determined does not adequately and promptly enforce

4 final United States judgments or arbitration awards.

5 (4)(A) In the case of a downgrade by a rating agency or other disqualifying 6 circumstance, the commissioner shall, upon written notice, assign a new rating to 7 the certified reinsurer in accordance with the requirements of this subdivision.

8 (B) The commissioner shall have the authority to suspend, revoke, or otherwise 9 modify a certified reinsurer's certification at any time if the certified reinsurer fails 10 to meet its obligations or security requirements under this section, or if other 11 financial or operating results of the certified reinsurer, or documented significant 12 delays in payment by the certified reinsurer, lead the commissioner to reconsider 13 the certified reinsurer's ability or willingness to meet its contractual obligations.

(C) If the rating of a certified reinsurer is upgraded by the commissioner, the 14 certified reinsurer may meet the security requirements applicable to its new rating 15 on a prospective basis, but the commissioner shall require the certified reinsurer to 16 post security under the previously applicable security requirements as to all 17 contracts in force on or before the effective date of the upgraded rating. If the rating 18 of a certified reinsurer is downgraded by the commissioner, the commissioner shall 19 require the certified reinsurer to meet the security requirements applicable to its new 20 rating for all business it has assumed as a certified reinsurer. 21

(D) Upon revocation of the certification of a certified reinsurer by the 22 commissioner, the assuming insurer shall be required to post security in accordance 23 with Section 922.5 in order for the ceding insurer to continue to take credit for 24 reinsurance ceded to the assuming insurer. If funds continue to be held in trust in 25 accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 922.4, the commissioner may allow 26 additional credit equal to the ceding insurer's pro rata share of those funds, 27 discounted to reflect the risk of uncollectibility and anticipated expenses of trust 28 administration. Notwithstanding the change of a certified reinsurer's rating or 29 revocation of its certification, a domestic insurer that has ceded reinsurance to that 30 certified reinsurer shall not be denied credit for reinsurance for a period of three 31 months for all reinsurance ceded to that certified reinsurer, unless the reinsurance is 32 found by the commissioner to be at high risk of uncollectibility. 33

(i) A certified reinsurer shall secure obligations assumed from United States
 ceding insurers under this subdivision at a level consistent with its rating. The
 amount of security required in order for full credit to be allowed shall correspond
 with the following requirements:

- 38 Ratings security required
- 39 Secure 1: 0 percent
- 40 Secure 2: 10 percent
- 41 Secure 3: 20 percent
- 42 Secure 4: 50 percent
- 43 Secure 5: 75 percent

### 1 Vulnerable - 6: 100 percent

(1) In order for a domestic ceding insurer to qualify for full financial statement 2 credit for reinsurance ceded to a certified reinsurer, the certified reinsurer shall 3 maintain security in a form acceptable to the commissioner and consistent with 4 Section 922.5, or in a multibeneficiary trust in accordance with subdivision (d) of 5 Section 922.4, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision. In order for a 6 domestic insurer to qualify for full financial statement credit, reinsurance contracts 7 entered into or renewed under this section shall include a proper funding clause that 8 requires the certified reinsurer to provide and maintain security in an amount 9 sufficient to avoid the imposition of a financial statement penalty on the ceding 10 insurer under this section for reinsurance ceded to the certified reinsurer. 11

(2) If a certified reinsurer maintains a trust to fully secure its obligations subject 12 to subdivision (d) of Section 922.4, and chooses to secure its obligations incurred 13 as a certified reinsurer in the form of a multibeneficiary trust, the certified reinsurer 14 shall maintain separate trust accounts for its obligations incurred under reinsurance 15 agreements issued or renewed as a certified reinsurer with reduced security as 16 permitted by this subdivision or comparable laws of other United States jurisdictions 17 and for its obligations subject to subdivision (d) of Section 922.4. It shall be a 18 condition to the grant of certification under this section that the certified reinsurer 19 shall have bound itself, by the language of the trust and agreement with the 20 commissioner with principal regulatory oversight of each of those trust accounts, to 21 fund, upon termination of any of those trust accounts, out of the remaining surplus 22 of those trusts any deficiency of any other of those trust accounts. 23

(3) The minimum trusteed surplus requirements provided in subdivision (d) of
Section 922.4 are not applicable with respect to a multibeneficiary trust maintained
by a certified reinsurer for the purpose of securing obligations incurred under this
subdivision, except that the trust shall maintain a minimum trusteed surplus of ten
million dollars (\$10,000,000).

(4) With respect to obligations incurred by a certified reinsurer under this subdivision, if the security is insufficient, the commissioner shall reduce the allowable credit by an amount proportionate to the deficiency, and have the discretion to impose further reductions in allowable credit upon finding that there is a material risk that the certified reinsurer's obligations will not be paid in full when due.

(5) For purposes of this subdivision, a certified reinsurer whose certification has
 been terminated for any reason shall be treated as a certified reinsurer required to
 secure 100 percent of its obligations.

- (A) As used in this subdivision, the term "terminated" means revocation,
   suspension, voluntary surrender, and inactive status.
- (B) If the commissioner continues to assign a higher rating as permitted by other
   provisions of this section, this requirement shall not apply to a certified reinsurer in
- 42 inactive status or to a reinsurer whose certification has been suspended.

1 (6) The commissioner shall require the certified reinsurer to post 100-percent 2 security in accordance with Section 922.5, for the benefit of the ceding insurer or 3 its estate, upon the entry of an order of rehabilitation, liquidation, or conservation 4 against the ceding insurer.

5 (7) Affiliated reinsurance transactions shall receive the same opportunity for 6 reduced security requirements as all other reinsurance transactions.

(8) In order to facilitate the prompt payment of claims, a certified reinsurer shall 7 not be required to post security for catastrophe recoverables for a period of one year 8 from the date of the first instance of a liability reserve entry by the ceding company 9 as a result of a loss from a catastrophic occurrence that is likely to result in 10 significant insured losses, as recognized by the commissioner. The one-year deferral 11 period is contingent upon the certified reinsurer continuing to pay claims in a timely 12 manner, as determined by the commissioner, in writing. Reinsurance recoverables 13 for only the following lines of business as reported on the NAIC annual financial 14 statement related specifically to the catastrophic occurrence shall be included in the 15 deferral: 16

- 17 (A) Line 1: Fire.
- 18 (B) Line 2: Allied lines.
- 19 (C) Line 3: Farmowners' multiple peril.
- 20 (D) Line 4: Homeowners' multiple peril.
- 21 (E) Line 5: Commercial multiple peril.
- 22 (F) Line 9: Inland marine.
- 23 (G) Line 12: Earthquake.
- 24 (H) Line 21: Auto physical damage.

(9) Credit for reinsurance under this section shall apply only to reinsurance 25 contracts entered into or renewed on or after the effective date of the certification of 26 the assuming insurer. A reinsurance contract entered into before the effective date 27 of the certification of the assuming insurer that is subsequently amended by mutual 28 agreement of the parties to the reinsurance contract after the effective date of the 29 certification of the assuming insurer, or a new reinsurance contract, covering a risk 30 for which collateral was provided previously, shall only be subject to this section 31 with respect to losses incurred and reserves reported from and after the effective 32 date of the amendment or new contract. 33

(10) This section shall not be construed to prohibit the parties to a reinsurance
 agreement from agreeing to provisions establishing security requirements that
 exceed the minimum security requirements established for certified reinsurers under
 this section.

(j) A certified reinsurer that ceases to assume new business in this state may
request to maintain its certification in inactive status in order to continue to qualify
for a reduction in security for its in-force business. An inactive certified reinsurer
shall continue to comply with all applicable requirements of this section, and the
commissioner shall assign a rating that takes into account, if relevant, the reasons
why the reinsurer is not assuming new business.

(k) Notwithstanding this section, credit for reinsurance or deduction from liability 1 by a domestic ceding insurer for cessions to a certified reinsurer may be disallowed 2 upon a finding by the commissioner that the application of the literal provisions of 3 this section does not accomplish its intent, or either the financial condition of the 4 reinsurer or the collateral or other security provided by the reinsurer does not, in 5 substance, satisfy the credit for reinsurance requirements in Section 922.4. 6 Comment. Section 922.41 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 7 8 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

9 Reports (2019).

### 10 § 923.6 (amended). Actuarial Opinion and related matters

11 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 923.6 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

923.6. (a) Every admitted property and casualty insurer, unless otherwise
exempted by the domiciliary commissioner, shall annually submit the opinion of an
Appointed Actuary entitled "Statement of Actuarial Opinion." This opinion shall be

15 filed in accordance with the appropriate Property and Casualty Annual Statement

16 Instructions of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC).

(1) For purposes of this section, the term, "property and casualty insurer" means
any admitted insurer writing insurance as described in Section 102, 103, 105, 107,
108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 118, 119, 119.6, 120, 124, or 124.5.

20 (2) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the same meaning as

used in the Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions of the NAIC:

- 22 (A) Actuarial Opinion.
- 23 (B) Actuarial Opinion Summary.
- 24 (C) Actuarial Report.
- 25 (D) Appointed Actuary.
- 26 (E) Statement of Actuarial Opinion.
- 27 (F) Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions.

(3) The commissioner may adopt regulations related to the terms and conditions
 required by the Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions of the NAIC.

30 (b) Every property and casualty insurer domiciled in this state that is required to

31 submit a Statement of Actuarial Opinion shall annually submit an Actuarial Opinion

32 Summary, written by the insurer's Appointed Actuary. This Actuarial Opinion

33 Summary shall be filed in accordance with the appropriate Property and Casualty

Annual Statement Instructions of the NAIC and shall be considered as a document

- 35 supporting the Actuarial Opinion required in subdivision (a).
- 36 (c) An admitted insurer not domiciled in this state shall provide the Actuarial37 Opinion Summary upon request of the commissioner.

(d) An Actuarial Report and underlying workpapers as required by the appropriate
Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions of the NAIC shall be prepared
to support each Actuarial Opinion. If an insurer fails to provide either a supporting
Actuarial Report or workpapers at the request of the commissioner, or if the
commissioner determines that the supporting Actuarial Report or workpapers

provided by the insurer are otherwise unacceptable to the commissioner, the
commissioner may engage a qualified actuary at the expense of the insurer to review
the opinion and the basis for the opinion and prepare the supporting Actuarial Report
or workpapers.
(e) Notwithstanding subdivision (d) of Section 6254 Section 7929.000 of the

Government Code, subdivision (f), or any other provision of law, the Statement of
 Actuarial Opinion required by subdivision (a) shall be a public record and open to
 inspection.

(f)(1) Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control of 9 the commissioner that are considered an Actuarial Report, workpapers, or Actuarial 10 Opinion Summary provided in support of the Statement of Actuarial Opinion, and 11 any other material provided by the insurer to the commissioner in connection with 12 the Actuarial Report, workpapers, or Actuarial Opinion Summary shall be 13 confidential by law and privileged, shall not be made public by the commissioner 14 or any other person and are exempt from the California Public Records Act (Chapter 15 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 16 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), shall not be subject to 17 subpoena, and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any 18 civil action brought by a private party. 19

(2) This subdivision shall not limit the commissioner's authority to release the 20 documents, materials, and other information described in paragraph (1) to the 21 American Academy of Actuaries' Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline 22 (ABCD), or its successor, so long as those documents, materials, and other 23 information are required for the purpose of professional disciplinary proceedings, 24 and the ABCD establishes procedures satisfactory to the commissioner for 25 preserving the confidentiality of the documents, nor shall this subdivision limit the 26 commissioner's authority to use those documents, materials, or other information in 27 furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as part of the commissioner's 28 official duties. 29

(3) The commissioner may also exercise, with respect to the documents,
materials, or other information described in paragraph (1), all the authority specified
in subdivision (b) of Section 735.5, or any successor provision.

Comment. Section 923.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# 36 § 925.3 (amended). Confidentiality of supplemental information provided or made available 37 to commissioner

38 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 925.3 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

925.3. All supplemental information provided or made available to the
 commissioner pursuant to Sections 925 to 925.2, inclusive, including work papers
 and other relevant documents of the independent certified public accountants or,

42 independent actuary or other independent professional financial person and the

insurer relevant to that information, shall be received in confidence within the 1 meaning of subdivision (d) of Section 6254 Section 7929.000 of the Government 2 Code and exempt from the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 3 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 4 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). Additionally, that 5 information shall not be subject to subpoena or subpoena duces tecum. 6 Comment. Section 925.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 7 8 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 9 Reports (2019).

### 10 § 929.1 (amended). Confidentiality of wildfire risk information submitted to commissioner

11 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 929.1 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

12 929.1. Information submitted to the commissioner, as required by Section 929,

13 shall be confidential pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 6254 Section 7929.000

14 of the Government Code and exempt from the California Public Records Act

15 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10

16 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

Additionally, that information shall not be subject to subpoena or subpoena duces tecum. Testimony by the commissioner, the commissioner's staff, an employee of

- the department, or a person to whom the report required by Section 929 was disclosed, regarding the contents of any report submitted pursuant to Section 929,
- shall be inadmissible as evidence in a civil proceeding.
- 22 Comment. Section 929.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 23 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 24 Reports (2019).

### 25 § 935.8 (amended). ORSA-related documents and other information

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 935.8 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

935.8. (a) Documents, materials, or other information, including the ORSA 27 Summary Report, in the possession of or control of the Department of Insurance 28 that are obtained by, created by, or disclosed to the commissioner or any other 29 person under this article, are recognized by this state as being proprietary and 30 contain trade secrets. These documents, materials, or other information shall be 31 confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to disclosure pursuant to the 32 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 33 34 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), and shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery, or admissible 35 in evidence, in any private civil action. However, the commissioner is authorized to 36 use those documents, materials, or other information in the furtherance of any 37 regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the commissioner's official duties. 38 The commissioner shall not otherwise make those documents, materials, or other 39 information public without the prior written consent of the insurer. 40

(b) Neither the commissioner nor any other person who received documents,
 materials, or other ORSA-related information, including the ORSA Summary

1 Report, through examination or otherwise, while acting under the authority of the

2 commissioner, or with whom those documents, materials, or other information are

shared pursuant to this article, shall be permitted or required to testify in any private
 civil action concerning those confidential documents, materials, or information,

4 civil action concerning th5 subject to subdivision (a).

6 (c) In order to assist in the performance of the commissioner's regulatory duties, 7 the commissioner:

(1) May, upon request, share documents, materials, or other ORSA-related 8 information, including the confidential and privileged documents, materials, or 9 information subject to subdivision (a), including proprietary and trade secret 10 documents and materials, with other state, federal, and international financial 11 regulatory agencies, including members of any supervisory college as described in 12 Section 1215.7, with the NAIC, and with any third-party consultants designated by 13 the commissioner, provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the 14 confidentiality and privileged status of the ORSA-related documents, materials, or 15 other information and has verified in writing the legal authority to maintain 16 confidentiality. 17

(2) May receive documents, materials, or other ORSA-related information, 18 including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, or 19 information, including proprietary and trade secret information or documents, from 20 regulatory officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, including members of 21 any supervisory college as described in Section 1215.7, and from the NAIC, and 22 shall maintain as confidential or privileged any documents, materials, or 23 information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or 24 privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, 25 material, or information. 26

(3) Shall enter into a written agreement with the NAIC or a third-party consultant
governing the sharing and the use of information provided pursuant to this article,
consistent with this subdivision that shall do all of the following:

(A) Specify procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality and security 30 of information shared with the NAIC or a third-party consultant pursuant to this 31 article, including procedures and protocols for sharing by the NAIC with other state 32 regulators from states in which the insurance group has domiciled insurers. The 33 agreement shall provide that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the 34 confidentiality and privileged status of the ORSA-related documents, materials, or 35 other information and has verified in writing the legal authority to maintain 36 confidentiality. 37

(B) Specify that ownership of information shared with the NAIC or a third-party
 consultant pursuant to this article remains with the commissioner and that the
 NAIC's or a third-party consultant's use of the information is subject to the direction
 of the commissioner.

1 (C) Prohibit the NAIC or third-party consultant from storing the information 2 shared pursuant to this article in a permanent database after the underlying analysis

shared pursuant to this article in a permanent database after the underlying analysis
is completed.

4 (D) Require prompt notice to be given to an insurer whose confidential 5 information in the possession of the NAIC or a third-party consultant pursuant to 6 this article when that information is subject to a request or subpoena to the NAIC or 7 a third-party consultant for disclosure or production.

8 (E) Require the NAIC or a third-party consultant to consent to intervention by an 9 insurer in any judicial or administrative action in which the NAIC or a third-party 10 consultant may be required to disclose confidential information about the insurer 11 shared with the NAIC or a third-party consultant pursuant to this article.

12 (F) In the case of an agreement involving a third-party consultant, provide for the 13 insurer's written consent.

(d) The sharing of information and documents by the commissioner pursuant to
this article shall not constitute a delegation of regulatory authority or rulemaking,
and the commissioner is solely responsible for the administration, execution, and
enforcement of the provisions of this article.

18 (e) A waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the 19 documents, proprietary and trade secret materials, or other ORSA-related 20 information shall not occur as a result of disclosure of the ORSA-related 21 information or documents to the commissioner under this section or as a result of 22 sharing as authorized in this article.

(f) Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control of the
NAIC or a third-party consultant pursuant to this article shall be confidential by law
and privileged, shall not be subject to disclosure pursuant to the California Public
Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division
10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), and
shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery, or admissible in evidence, in any
private civil action.

Comment. Section 935.8 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

### 33 § 936.6 (amended). Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure and related information

34 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 936.6 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

936.6. (a)(1) Documents, materials, or other information, including the CGAD, in 35 the possession or control of the department that are obtained by, created by, or 36 disclosed to, the commissioner or any other person under this article are recognized 37 by this state as being proprietary and to contain trade secrets. All those documents, 38 materials, or other information shall be confidential by law and privileged, shall not 39 be subject to disclosure by the commissioner pursuant to the California Public 40 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 41 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), shall 42

1 not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to discovery from the

commissioner or admissible in evidence in any private civil action if obtained from
the commissioner in any manner.

4 (2) However, the commissioner is authorized to use the documents, materials, or 5 other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a 6 part of the commissioner's official duties. The commissioner shall not otherwise 7 disclose or make public the documents, materials, or other information without the 8 prior written consent of the insurer.

9 (3) This section shall not be construed to require written consent of the insurer 10 before the commissioner may share or receive confidential documents, materials, or 11 other CGAD-related information pursuant to subdivision (c) to assist in the 12 performance of the commissioner's regulatory duties.

(b) Neither the commissioner nor any person who received documents, materials,
or other CGAD-related information, through examination or otherwise, while acting
under the authority of the commissioner, or with whom those documents, materials,
or other information are shared pursuant to this article shall be permitted or required
to testify in any private civil action concerning any confidential documents,
materials, or information described in subdivision (a).

(c) In order to assist in the performance of the commissioner's regulatory duties,
 the commissioner may do both of the following:

(1) Upon request, share documents, materials, or other CGAD-related 21 information, including the confidential and privileged documents, materials, or 22 information described in subdivision (a), including proprietary and trade secret 23 documents and materials with other state, federal, and international financial 24 regulatory agencies, including members of any supervisory college as defined in 25 Section 1215.7 (Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act), with the 26 NAIC, and with third-party consultants pursuant to Section 936.7, provided that the 27 recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of 28 the CGAD-related documents, materials, or other information and has verified in 29 writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality. 30

(2) Receive documents, materials, or other CGAD-related information, including 31 otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information, 32 including proprietary and trade-secret information or documents, from regulatory 33 officials of other state, federal, and international financial regulatory agencies, 34 including members of any supervisory college as defined in Section 1215.7 35 (Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act), and from the NAIC, and 36 shall maintain as confidential or privileged any documents, materials, or 37 information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or 38 privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the documents, 39 materials, or information. 40

(d) The sharing of information and documents by the commissioner pursuant tothis article shall not constitute a delegation of regulatory authority or rulemaking,

and the commissioner is solely responsible for the administration, execution, and
 enforcement of this article.

3 (e) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the 4 documents, proprietary and trade-secret materials, or other CGAD-related 5 information shall occur as a result of disclosure of that CGAD-related information 6 or those documents to the commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing 7 as authorized in this article.

8 **Comment.** Section 936.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 9 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 10 Reports (2019).

#### 11 § 1215.8 (amended). Confidentiality, disclosure, sharing, and use of information

12 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1215.8 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

1215.8. (a) All information, documents, and copies thereof obtained by or 13 disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination 14 or investigation made pursuant to Section 1215.4, 1215.5, 1215.6, 1215.7, or 15 1215.75, and all information reported or provided pursuant to Section 1215.4, 16 1215.5, 1215.6, 1215.7, or 1215.75 shall be kept confidential, is not subject to 17 disclosure by the commissioner pursuant to the California Public Records Act 18 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 19 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code), is not 20 subject to subpoena, and is not subject to discovery from the commissioner or 21 admissible into evidence in a private civil action if obtained from the commissioner. 22 This information shall not be made public by the commissioner or any other person, 23 except to insurance departments of other states, without the prior written consent of 24 the insurance company to which it pertains, unless the commissioner, after giving 25 the insurer and its affiliates who would be affected thereby notice and opportunity 26 to be heard, determines that the interests of policyholders, shareholders, or the 27 public will be served by the publication of the information, in which event the 28 commissioner may publish all or any part of the information in a manner as the 29 commissioner may deem appropriate. 30

31 (b) In order to assist in the performance of the commissioner's duties, the 32 commissioner:

(1) May, upon request, be required to share documents, materials, or other 33 information, including the confidential and privileged documents, materials, or 34 information subject to subdivision (a), with other state, federal, and international 35 regulatory agencies, with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and with state, 36 federal, and international law enforcement authorities, including members of any 37 supervisory college described in Section 1215.7, provided that the recipient agrees 38 in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, 39 materials, or other information, and has verified in writing the legal authority to 40 maintain confidentiality. 41

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), may only share confidential and privileged
documents, materials, or information reported pursuant to subdivision (m) of
Section 1215.4 with commissioners of states having statutes or regulations
substantially similar to subdivision (a) and who have agreed in writing not to
disclose the information.

6 (3) May receive documents, materials, or information, including otherwise 7 confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information, from the NAIC 8 and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials 9 of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential or 10 privileged any documents, materials, or information received with notice or the 11 understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction 12 that is the source of the documents, materials, or information.

(4) May enter into written agreements with the NAIC governing sharing and use
 of information provided pursuant to this subdivision consistent with this subdivision
 that shall do the following:

16 (A) Specify procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality and security 17 of information shared with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to 18 this subdivision, including procedures and protocols for sharing by the NAIC with 19 other state, federal, or international regulators.

(B) Specify that ownership of information shared with the NAIC and its affiliates
 and subsidiaries pursuant to this subdivision remains with the commissioner and the
 NAIC's use of the information is subject to the direction of the commissioner.

(C) Require prompt notice to be given to an insurer whose confidential
 information in the possession of the NAIC pursuant to this subdivision is subject to
 a request or subpoena to the NAIC for disclosure or production.

(D) Require the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries to consent to intervention by an insurer in any judicial or administrative action in which the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries may be required to disclose confidential information about the insurer shared with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to this subdivision.

(c) The sharing of information by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision (b)
 shall not constitute a delegation of regulatory authority or rulemaking, and the
 commissioner is solely responsible for the administration, execution, and
 enforcement of the provisions of this article.

(d) A waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the
 documents, materials, or information shall not occur as a result of disclosure to the
 commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subdivision
 (b).

(e) Documents, materials, or other information filed in the possession or control
of the NAIC pursuant to this subdivision shall be confidential by law and privileged,
shall not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible

42 in evidence in any private civil action.

1 **Comment.** Section 1215.8 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- 2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 § 1666.5 (amended). Information on licensees and license applicants
- 5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1666.5 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 6 1666.5. (a)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner

7 shall at the time of issuance or renewal of any license under this chapter or Chapter

- 8 6 (commencing with Section 1760), Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 1800), or
- 9 Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 1831) require that any license applicant or
- 10 licensee provide its federal employer identification number if the license applicant
- or licensee is a partnership, or his or her the licensee's social security number for all
   others, except as provided in paragraph (2).
- (2) The commissioner shall require either a social security number or an
   individual taxpayer identification number if the license applicant or licensee is an
   individual applying for or renewing a license under this chapter.
- (b) Any license applicant or licensee failing to provide the federal identification number, social security number, or individual taxpayer identification number shall be reported by the commissioner to the Franchise Tax Board and, if failing to provide after notification pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall be subject to the penalty provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (c)(1) The commissioner shall, upon request of the Franchise Tax Board, furnish
   to the board all of the following information with respect to every license applicant
   or licensee:
- 26 (A) License applicant's or licensee's name.
- 27 (B) Address or addresses of record.
- 28 (C) Federal employer identification number if the entity is a partnership or 29 owner's name and social security number for all others.
- 30 (D) Type of license.
- 31 (E) Effective date of license or renewal.
- 32 (F) Expiration date of license.
- 33 (G) Whether license is active or inactive, if known.
- 34 (H) Whether license is new or a renewal.
- 35 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the commissioner shall, upon request of the 36 Franchise Tax Board, furnish to the board either a social security number or an 37 individual taxpayer identification number for individuals licensed under this
- 38 chapter.
- 39 (d) For the purposes of this section:
- 40 (1) "License" includes a certificate, registration, or any other authorization needed
- 41 to engage in the insurance business regulated by this code.

1 (2) "License applicant" means any individual or entity, other than a corporation, 2 in the process of obtaining a license, certificate, registration, or other means to 3 engage in the insurance business regulated by this code.

4 (3) "Licensee" means any individual or entity, other than a corporation, 5 authorized by a license, certificate, registration, or other means to engage in the 6 insurance business regulated by this code.

(e) The reports required under this section shall be filed on magnetic media or in
other machine-readable form, according to standards furnished by the Franchise Tax
Board.

10 (f) The commissioner shall begin providing to the Franchise Tax Board the 11 information required by this section as soon as economically feasible, but no later 12 than July 1, 1987. The information shall be furnished at a time that the Franchise 13 Tax Board may require.

(g) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
Code, the information furnished pursuant to subdivision (a) and subparagraph (C)
of paragraph (1) of, and paragraph (2) of, subdivision (c) shall not be deemed to be
a public record and shall not be open to the public for inspection.

(h) Any deputy, agent, clerk, officer, or employee of the commissioner, or any
former officer or employee or other individual who in the course of his or her that
<u>person's</u> employment or duty has or has had access to the information required to
be furnished under this section, shall not disclose or make known in any manner
that information, except as provided in this section.

(1) This section shall not prevent an agency from disclosing or making known in
any manner that information when the transfer is necessary for the transferee agency
to perform its constitutional or statutory duties, and the use is compatible with a
purpose for which the information was collected and the use or transfer is accounted
for in accordance with Section 1798.25 of the Civil Code.

(2) With respect to information transferred from a law enforcement or regulatory 29 agency, or information transferred to another law enforcement or regulatory agency, 30 a use is compatible if the use of the information requested is needed in an 31 investigation of unlawful activity under the jurisdiction of the requesting agency or 32 for licensing, certification, or regulatory purposes by that agency and on the 33 condition that the law enforcement or regulatory agency requesting the information 34 needed agrees to keep that information confidential in accordance with Section 35 1798.25 of the Civil Code. 36

(3) A law enforcement or regulatory agency that requests information from the
commissioner shall, upon request, identify for the commissioner the intended use
for the information. The commissioner shall have the discretion to determine
whether to transfer the information to the law enforcement or regulatory agency and
shall not transfer the information if the commissioner determines that the
information will be used for an improper purpose.

(i) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to utilize the social 1 security account number, individual taxpayer identification number, or federal 2 employer identification number for the purpose of establishing the identification of 3 persons affected by state tax laws and, to that end, the information furnished 4 pursuant to this section shall be used exclusively for an agency to perform its 5

- constitutional or statutory duties. 6
- (j) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2018. 7

Comment. Section 1666.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 8 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 9 10 Reports (2019).

The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns. 11

#### § 1861.07 (amended). Public inspection 12

SEC. . Section 1861.07 of the Insurance Code is amended to read: 13

1861.07. All information provided to the commissioner pursuant to this article 14

shall be available for public inspection, and the provisions of Section  $\frac{6254(d)}{d}$ 15

- 7929.000 of the Government Code and Section 1857.9 of the Insurance Code shall 16
- 17 not apply thereto.

18 Comment. Section 1861.07 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- 19 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- Reports (2019). 20

#### § 1871.1 (amended). Access to public records by insurers and their agents while 21

#### investigating suspected fraud claims 22

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1871.1 of the Insurance Code is amended to read: 23

1871.1. Insurers and their agents, while they are investigating suspected fraud 24 claims, shall have access to all relevant public records that are required to be open 25 for inspection under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 26 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 27 Code, and any regulations thereunder. This section restates existing law, and the 28 Legislature does not intend to grant insurers or their agents access to public records 29 other than to those public records available to them under existing law. 30

31 Comment. Section 1871.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 32 33 Reports (2019).

#### 34 § 10112.82 (amended). Rates and reimbursement

SEC. . Section 10112.82 of the Insurance Code is amended to read: 35

10112.82. (a)(1) For services rendered subject to Section 10112.8, effective July 36

1, 2017, unless otherwise agreed to by the noncontracting individual health 37

professional and the insurer, the insurer shall reimburse the greater of the average 38

contracted rate or 125 percent of the amount Medicare reimburses on a fee-for-39 service basis for the same or similar services in the general geographic region in 40

which the services were rendered. For the purposes of this section, "average 41

1 contracted rate" means the average of the contracted commercial rates paid by the

2 health insurer for the same or similar services in the geographic region. This

subdivision does not apply to subdivision (c) of Section 10112.8 or subdivision (b)
of this section.

5 (2)(A) By July 1, 2017, each health insurer shall provide to the commissioner all 6 of the following:

(i) Data listing its average contracted rates for the insurer for services most
frequently subject to Section 10112.8 in each geographic region in which the
services are rendered for the calendar year 2015.

(ii) Its methodology for determining the average contracted rate for the insurer for
 services subject to Section 10112.8. The methodology to determine an average
 contracted rate shall ensure that the insurer includes the highest and lowest
 contracted rates for the calendar year 2015.

(iii) The policies and procedures used to determine the average contracted ratesunder this subdivision.

(B) For each calendar year after the health insurer's initial submission of the average contracted rate as specified in subparagraph (A) and until the standardized methodology under paragraph (3) is specified, a health insurer shall adjust the rate initially established pursuant to this subdivision by the Consumer Price Index for Medical Care Services, as published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics.

(3)(A) By January 1, 2019, the commissioner shall specify a methodology that insurers shall use to determine the average contracted rates for services most frequently subject to Section 10112.8. This methodology shall take into account, at a minimum, information from the independent dispute resolution process, the specialty of the individual health professional, and the geographic region in which the services are rendered. The methodology to determine an average contracted rate shall ensure that the insurer includes the highest and lowest contracted rates.

(B) Insurers shall provide to the commissioner the policies and procedures used
 to determine the average contracted rates in compliance with subparagraph (A).

(C) The average contracted rate data submitted pursuant to this section shall be
 confidential and not subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act
 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(D) In developing the standardized methodology under this subdivision, the commissioner shall consult with interested parties throughout the process of developing the standards, including the Department of Managed Health Care, representatives of health plans, insurers, health care providers, hospitals, consumer advocates, and other stakeholders it deems appropriate. The commissioner shall hold the first stakeholder meeting no later than July 1, 2017.

(4) A health insurer shall include in its reports submitted to the commissioner
 pursuant to Section 10133.5 and regulations adopted pursuant to that section, in a
 manner specified by the department, the number of payments made to
 noncontracting individual health professionals for services at a contracting health

facility and subject to Section 10112.8, as well as other data sufficient to determine the proportion of noncontracting individual health professionals to contracting individual health professionals at contracting health facilities, as defined in subdivision (f) of Section 10112.8. The commissioner shall include a summary of this information in its January 1, 2019, report required pursuant to subdivision (j) of Section 10112.81 and its findings regarding the impact of the act that added this section on health insurer contracting and network adequacy.

(5) A health insurer that provides services subject to Section 10112.8 shall meet 8 the network adequacy requirements set forth in this chapter, including, but not 9 limited to, Section 10133.5 of this code and Sections 2240.1 and 2240.7 of Title 10 10 of the California Code of Regulations, including, but not limited to, inpatient 11 hospital services and specialist physician services, and if necessary, the 12 commissioner may adopt additional regulations related to those services. This 13 section shall not be construed to limit the commissioner's authority under this 14 chapter. 15

(6) For the purposes of this section, for average contracted rates for individual and
small group coverage, geographic region shall be the geographic regions listed in
subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 10753.14. For
purposes of this section for Medicare fee-for-service reimbursement, geographic
regions shall be the geographic regions specified for physician reimbursement for
Medicare fee-for-service by the United States Department of Health and Human
Services.

(7) A health insurer shall authorize and permit assignment of the insured's right,
if any, to any reimbursement for health care services covered under the health
insurance policy to a noncontracting individual health professional who furnishes
the health care services rendered subject to Section 10112.8. Lack of assignment
pursuant to this paragraph shall not be construed to limit the applicability of this
section, Section 10112.8, or Section 10112.81.

(8) A noncontracting individual health professional or health insurer who disputes
the claim reimbursement under this section shall utilize the independent dispute
resolution process described in Section 10112.81.

(b) If nonemergency services are provided by a noncontracting individual health 32 professional consistent with subdivision (c) of Section 10112.8 to an insured who 33 has voluntarily chosen to use his or her the insured's out-of-network benefit for 34 services covered by an insurer that includes coverage for out-of-network benefits, 35 unless otherwise agreed to by the insurer and the noncontracting individual health 36 professional, the amount paid by the insurer shall be the amount set forth in the 37 insured's policy. This payment is not subject to the independent dispute resolution 38 process described in Section 10112.81. 39

(c) If a health insurer delegates the responsibility for payment of claims to a
 contracted entity, including, but not limited to, a medical group or independent
 practice association, then the entity to which that responsibility is delegated shall
 comply with the requirements of this section.

(d)(1) A payment made by the health insurer to the noncontracting health care professional for nonemergency services as required by Section 10112.8 and this section, in addition to the applicable cost sharing owed by the insured, shall constitute payment in full for nonemergency services rendered unless either party uses the dispute resolution process or other lawful means pursuant to Section 10112.81.

(2) Notwithstanding any other law, the amounts paid by an insurer for services
under this section shall not constitute the prevailing or customary charges, the usual
fees to the general public, or other charges for other payers for an individual health
professional.

11 (3) This subdivision shall not preclude the use of the independent dispute 12 resolution process pursuant to Section 10112.81.

(e) This section shall not apply to emergency services and care, as defined inSection 1317.1 of the Health and Safety Code.

(f) The definitions in subdivision (f) of Section 10112.8 shall apply for purposesof this section.

(g) This section shall not be construed to alter a health insurer's obligationspursuant to Section 10123.13.

19 **Comment.** Section 10112.82 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 20 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 21 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

22 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

### 23 § 10113.2 (amended). Entering into, brokering, or soliciting life settlements

24 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10113.2 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

10113.2. (a) This section applies to any person entering into, brokering, or 25 soliciting life settlements pursuant to this section and Sections 10113.1 and 10113.3. 26 (b)(1) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) or (D), a person may not enter into, 27 broker, or solicit life settlements pursuant to Section 10113.1 unless that person has 28 been licensed by the commissioner under this section. The person shall file an 29 application for a license in the form prescribed by the commissioner, and the 30 application shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred seventy-one dollars 31 (\$171). The annual license renewal fee shall be one hundred seventy-one dollars 32 33 (\$171). The applicant shall provide any information the commissioner may require. The commissioner may issue a license, or deny the application if, in his or her the 34 commissioner's discretion, it is determined that it is contrary to the interests of the 35 public to issue a license to the applicant. The reasons for a denial shall be set forth 36 37 in writing.

(A) An individual acting as a broker under this section shall complete at least 15
hours of continuing education related to life settlements and life settlement
transactions, as required and approved by the commissioner, prior to operating as a
broker. This requirement shall not apply to a life insurance producer who qualifies
under subparagraph (D).

(B) A person licensed as an attorney, certified public accountant, or financial planner accredited by a nationally recognized accreditation agency, who is retained to represent the owner, and whose compensation is not paid directly or indirectly by the provider or purchaser, may negotiate a life settlement contract on behalf of the owner without having to obtain a license as a broker.

6 (C) A person licensed to act as a viatical settlement broker or provider as of 7 December 31, 2009, shall be deemed qualified for licensure as a life settlement 8 broker or provider, and shall be subject to all the provisions of this article as if the 9 person were originally licensed as a life settlement broker or provider.

10 (D)(i) A life insurance producer who has been duly licensed as a life agent for at 11 least one year or as a licensed nonresident producer in this state for one year shall 12 be deemed to meet the licensing requirements of this section and shall be permitted 13 to operate as a broker.

(ii) Not later than 10 days from the first day of operating as a broker, the life
 insurance producer shall notify the commissioner that he or she the life insurance
 producer is acting as a broker, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, and shall
 pay a fee of eighty-five dollars (\$85).

(iii) The fee shall be paid by the life insurance producer for each license term the
 producer intends to operate as a broker. The fee shall be calculated pursuant to
 Section 1750. The notification to the commissioner shall include an
 acknowledgment by the life insurance producer that he or she the life insurance
 producer will operate as a broker in accordance with this act.

(iv) The insurer that issued the policy that is the subject of a life settlement
 contract shall not be responsible for any act or omission of a broker or provider
 arising out of, or in connection with, the life settlement transaction, unless the
 insurer receives compensation for the replacement of the life settlement contract for
 the provider or broker.

(E) The commissioner shall review the examination for the licensing of life insurance agents and may recommend any changes to the examination to the department's curriculum committee in order to carry out the purposes of this section and Sections 10113.1 and 10113.3.

(2) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that it is contrary to the interests of 32 the public for a person licensed pursuant to this section to continue to transact life 33 settlements business, he or she the commissioner shall issue a notice to the licensee 34 stating the reasons therefor. If, after a hearing, the commissioner concludes that it is 35 contrary to the interests of the public for the licensee to continue to transact life 36 settlements business, he or she the commissioner may revoke the person's license, 37 or issue an order suspending the license for a period as determined by the 38 commissioner. Any hearing conducted pursuant to this paragraph shall be in 39 accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 40 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, except that the hearing may be conducted by 41 administrative law judges chosen pursuant to Section 11502 or appointed by the 42 commissioner, and the commissioner shall have the powers granted therein. 43

(3) Each licensee shall owe and pay in advance to the commissioner an annual
renewal fee in an amount to be determined by the commissioner pursuant to
paragraph (1) of subdivision (b). This fee shall be for each license year, as defined
by Section 1629.

5 (4) Any licensee that intends to discontinue transacting life settlements in this 6 state shall so notify the commissioner, and shall surrender its license.

(c) A life settlements licensee shall file with the department a copy of all life 7 settlement forms used in this state. A licensee may not use any life settlement form 8 in this state unless it has been provided in advance to the commissioner. The 9 commissioner may disapprove a life settlement form if, in his or her the 10 commissioner's discretion, the form, or provisions contained therein, are contrary 11 to the interests of the public, or otherwise misleading or unfair to the consumer. In 12 the case of disapproval, the licensee may, within 15 days of notice of the 13 disapproval, request a hearing before the commissioner or his or her the 14 commissioner's designee, and the hearing shall be held within 30 days of the 15 request. 16

(d) Life settlements licensees shall be required to provide any applicant for a life
 settlement contract, at the time of application for the life settlement contract, all of
 the following disclosures in writing and signed by the owner, in at least 12-point
 type:

(1) That there are possible alternatives to life settlements, including, but not
 limited to, accelerated benefits options that may be offered by the life insurer.

(2) The fact that some or all of the proceeds of a life settlement may be taxableand that assistance should be sought from a professional tax adviser.

(3) Consequences for interruption of public assistance as provided by information
 provided by the State Department of Health Care Services and the State Department
 of Social Services under Section 11022 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(4) That the proceeds from a life settlement could be subject to the claims ofcreditors.

30 (5) That entering into a life settlement contract may cause other rights or benefits,

including conversion rights and waiver of premium benefits that may exist under the policy or certificate of a group policy to be forfeited by the owner and that assistance should be sought from a professional financial adviser.

(6) That a change in ownership of the settled policy could limit the insured's
ability to purchase insurance in the future on the insured's life because there is a
limit to how much coverage insurers will issue on one life.

(7) That the owner has a right to rescind a life settlement contract within 30 days
of the date it is executed by all parties and the owner has received all required
disclosures, or 15 days from receipt by the owner of the proceeds of the settlement,
whichever is sooner. Rescission, if exercised by the owner, is effective only if both
notice of rescission is given and the owner repays all proceeds and any premiums,
loans, and loan interest paid on account of the provider within the rescission period.
If the insured dies during the rescission period, the contract shall be deemed to have

been rescinded subject to repayment by the owner or the owner's estate of all
proceeds and any premiums, loans, and loan interest to the provider.

(8) That proceeds will be sent to the owner within three business days after the
provider has received the insurer or group administrator's acknowledgment that
ownership of the policy or the interest in the certificate has been transferred and the
beneficiary has been designated in accordance with the terms of the life settlement
contract.

8 (9) The date by which the funds will be available to the owner and the transmitter9 of the funds.

10 (10) The disclosure document shall include the following language:

11

"All medical, financial, or personal information solicited or obtained by a provider 12 or broker about an insured, including the insured's identity or the identity of family 13 members, a spouse, or a significant other may be disclosed as necessary to effect 14 the life settlement contract between the owner and provider. If you are asked to 15 provide this information, you will be asked to consent to the disclosure. The 16 information may be provided to someone who buys the policy or provides funds for 17 the purchase. You may be asked to renew your permission to share information 18 every two years." 19

20

(11) That the insured may be contacted by either the provider or the broker or its
authorized representative for the purpose of determining the insured's health status
or to verify the insured's address. This contact is limited to once every three months
if the insured has a life expectancy of more than one year, and no more than once
per month if the insured has a life expectancy of one year or less.

(12) Any affiliations or contractual relations between the provider and the broker,
and the affiliation, if any, between the provider and the issuer of the policy to be
settled.

(13) That a broker represents exclusively the owner, and not the insurer or the
provider or any other person, and owes a fiduciary duty to the owner, including a
duty to act according to the owner's instructions and in the best interest of the owner.
(14) The name, business address, and telephone number of the broker.

(e) Prior to the execution of the life settlement contract by all parties, the life 33 settlement provider entering into a life settlement contract with the owner shall 34 provide, in a document signed by the owner, the gross purchase price the life 35 settlement provider is paying for the policy, the amount of the purchase price to be 36 paid to the owner, the amount of the purchase price to be paid to the owner's life 37 settlement broker, and the name, business address, and telephone number of the life 38 settlement broker. For purposes of this section, "gross purchase price" means the 39 total amount or value paid by the provider for the purchase of one or more life 40 insurance policies, including commissions and fees. 41

42 (f) The broker shall provide the owner and the insured with at least all of the 43 following disclosures in writing prior to the signing of the life settlement contract by all parties. The disclosures shall be clearly displayed in the life settlementcontract or in a separate document signed by the owner:

3 (1) The name, business address, and telephone number of the broker.

4 (2) A full, complete, and accurate description of all of the offers, counteroffers, 5 acceptances, and rejections relating to the proposed life settlement contract.

6 (3) A disclosure of any affiliations or contractual arrangements between the 7 broker and any person making an offer in connection with the proposed life 8 settlement contract.

9 (4) All estimates of the life expectancy of the insured that are obtained by the 10 licensee in connection with the life settlement, unless that disclosure would violate 11 any California or federal privacy laws.

(5) The commissioner may consider any failure to provide the disclosures or
 rights described in this section as a basis for suspending or revoking a broker's or
 provider's license pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b).

(g) All medical information solicited or obtained by any person soliciting or
entering into a life settlement is subject to Article 6.6 (commencing with Section
791) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1, concerning confidentiality of medical
information.

(h) Except as otherwise allowed or required by law, a provider, broker, insurance
company, insurance producer, information bureau, rating agency, or company, or
any other person with actual knowledge of an insured's identity shall not disclose
the identity of an insured or information that there is a reasonable basis to believe
that could be used to identify the insured or the insured's financial or medical
information to any other person unless the disclosure is one of the following:

(1) It is necessary to effect a life settlement contract between the owner and a
 provider and the owner and insured have provided prior written consent to the
 disclosure.

(2) It is necessary to effectuate the sale of life settlement contracts, or interests
therein, as investments, provided the sale is conducted in accordance with applicable
state and federal securities law and provided further that the owner and the insured
have both provided prior written consent to the disclosure.

(3) It is provided in response to an investigation or examination by the
 commissioner or any other governmental officer or agency or any other provision
 of law.

(4) It is a term or condition to the transfer of a policy by one provider to another
 provider, in which case the receiving provider shall be required to comply with the
 confidentiality requirements of Article 6.6 (commencing with Section 791) of
 Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1.

(5) It is necessary to allow the provider or broker or their authorized representatives to make contacts for the purpose of determining health status. For the purposes of this section, the term "authorized representative" shall not include any person who has or may have any financial interest in the settlement contract other than a provider, licensed broker; further, a provider or broker shall require its authorized representative to agree in writing to adhere to the privacy provisions ofthis act.

3 (6) It is required to purchase stop loss coverage.

(i) In addition to other questions an insurance carrier may lawfully pose to a life 4 insurance applicant, insurance carriers may inquire in the application for insurance 5 whether the proposed owner intends to pay premiums with the assistance of 6 financing from a lender that will use the policy as collateral to support the financing. 7 (1) If the premium finance loan provides funds that can be used for a purpose 8 other than paying for the premiums, costs, and expenses associated with obtaining 9 and maintaining the life insurance policy and loan, the application may be rejected 10 as a prohibited practice under this act. 11

(2) If the financing does not violate paragraph (1), the existence of premium financing may not be the sole criterion employed by an insurer in a decision whether to reject an application for life insurance. The insurance carrier may make disclosures to the applicant, either on the application or an amendment to the application to be completed no later than the delivery of the policy, including, but not limited to, the following:

18

"If you have entered into a loan arrangement where the policy is used as collateral, and the policy changes ownership at some point in the future in satisfaction of the loan, the following may be true:

"(A) A change of ownership could lead to a stranger owning an interest in theinsured's life.

"(B) A change of ownership could in the future limit your ability to purchase
insurance on the insured's life because there is a limit to how much coverage
insurers will issue on a life.

"(C) You should consult a professional adviser since a change in ownership in
satisfaction of the loan may result in tax consequences to the owner, depending on
the structure of the loan."

30

(3) In addition to the disclosures in paragraph (2), the insurance carrier may
 require the following certifications from the applicant or the insured:

33

"(A) I have not entered into any agreement or arrangement under which I haveagreed to make a future sale of this life insurance policy.

36 "(B) My loan arrangement for this policy provides funds sufficient to pay for 37 some or all of the premiums, costs, and expenses associated with obtaining and 38 maintaining my life insurance policy, but I have not entered into any agreement by 39 which I am to receive consideration in exchange for procuring this policy.

40 "(C) The borrower has an insurable interest in the insured."

41

42 (j) Life insurers shall provide individual life insurance policyholders with a 43 statement informing them that if they are considering making changes in the status 1 of their policy, they should consult with a licensed insurance or financial adviser.

2 The statement may accompany or be included in notices or mailings otherwise 3 provided to the policyholders.

(k) The commissioner may, whenever he or she deems it reasonably necessary to 4 protect the interests of the public, examine the business and affairs of any licensee 5 or applicant for a license. The commissioner shall have the authority to order any 6 licensee or applicant to produce any records, books, files, or other information as is 7 reasonably necessary to ascertain whether or not the licensee or applicant is acting 8 or has acted in violation of the law or otherwise contrary to the interests of the 9 public. The expenses incurred in conducting any examination shall be paid by the 10 licensee or applicant. 11

(*l*) The commissioner may investigate the conduct of any licensee, its officers, employees, agents, or any other person involved in the business of the licensee, or any applicant for a license, whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that the licensee or applicant for a license may have acted, or may be acting, in violation of the law, or otherwise contrary to the interests of the public. The commissioner may initiate an investigation on his or her the commissioner's own initiative, or upon a complaint filed by any other person.

(m) The commissioner may issue orders to licensees whenever he or she the 19 commissioner determines that it is reasonably necessary to ensure or obtain 20 compliance with this section, or Section 10113.3. This authority includes, but is not 21 limited to, orders directing a licensee to cease and desist in any practice that is in 22 violation of this section, or Section 10113.3, or otherwise contrary to the interests 23 of the public. Any licensee to which an order pursuant to this subdivision is issued 24 may, within 15 days of receipt of that order, request a hearing at which the licensee 25 may challenge the order. 26

(n) The commissioner may, after notice and a hearing at which it is determined 27 that a licensee has violated this section or Section 10113.3 or any order issued 28 pursuant to this section, order the licensee to pay a monetary penalty of up to ten 29 thousand dollars (\$10,000), which may be recovered in a civil action. Any hearing 30 conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be in accordance with Chapter 5 31 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the 32 Government Code, except that the hearing may be conducted by administrative law 33 judges chosen pursuant to Section 11502 or appointed by the commissioner, and the 34 commissioner shall have the powers granted therein. 35

(o) Each licensed provider shall file with the commissioner on or before March 1 36 of each year an annual statement in the form prescribed by the commissioner. The 37 information that the commissioner may require in the annual statement shall 38 include, but not be limited to, the total number, aggregate face amount, and life 39 settlement proceeds of policies settled during the immediately preceding calendar 40 year, together with a breakdown of the information by policy issue year. The annual 41 statement shall also include the names of the insurance companies whose policies 42 have been settled and the brokers that have settled those policies, and that 43

information shall be received in confidence within the meaning of subdivision (d) 1 of Section 6254 Section 7929.000 of the Government Code and exempt from 2 disclosure pursuant to the Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 3 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 4 Title 1 of the Government Code). The annual statement shall not include individual 5 transaction data regarding the business of life settlements or information that there 6 is a reasonable basis to believe could be used to identify the owner or the insured. 7 (p) A person who is not a resident of California may not receive or maintain a 8 license unless a written designation of an agent for service of process is filed and 9 maintained with the commissioner. The provisions of Article 3 (commencing with 10 Section 1600) of Chapter 4 of Part 2 of Division 1 shall apply to life settlements 11

licensees as if they were foreign insurers, their license a certificate of authority, and
the life settlements a policy, and the commissioner may modify the agreement set
forth in Section 1604 accordingly.

(q) A person licensed pursuant to this section shall not engage in any false or 15 misleading advertising, solicitation, or practice. In no case shall a broker or 16 provider, directly or indirectly, market, advertise, solicit, or otherwise promote the 17 purchase of a new policy for the sole purpose of or with a primary emphasis on 18 settling the policy or use the words "free," "no cost," or words of similar import in 19 the marketing, advertising, soliciting, or otherwise promoting of the purchase of a 20 policy. The provisions of Article 6 (commencing with Section 780) and Article 6.5 21 (commencing with Section 790) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1 shall apply to 22 life settlements licensees as if they were insurers, their license a certificate of 23 authority or producer's license, and the life settlements a policy, and the 24 commissioner shall liberally construe these provisions so as to protect the interests 25 of the public. 26

(r) Any person who enters into a life settlement with a life settlements licensee 27 shall have the absolute right to rescind the settlement within 30 days of the date it is 28 executed by all parties and the owner has received all required disclosures, or 15 29 days from receipt by the owner of the proceeds of the settlement, whichever is 30 sooner, and any waiver or settlement language contrary to this subdivision shall be 31 void. Rescission, if exercised by the owner, is effective only if both notice of 32 rescission is given and the owner repays all proceeds and any premiums, loans, and 33 loan interest paid on account of the provider within the rescission period. If the 34 insured dies during the rescission period, the contract shall be deemed to have been 35 rescinded subject to repayment by the owner or the owner's estate of all proceeds 36 and any premiums, loans, and loan interest to the provider. 37

(s) Records of all consummated transactions and life settlement contracts shall be
 maintained by the provider for three years after the death of the insured and shall be
 available to the commissioner for inspection during reasonable business hours.

41 (t) A violation of this section is a misdemeanor.

1 **Comment.** Section 10113.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

### 5 § 10181.7 (amended). Public disclosure

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10181.7 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

7 10181.7. (a) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

8 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the

9 Government Code, all information submitted under this article shall be made 10 publicly available by the department except as provided in subdivision (b).

(b)(1) The contracted rates between a health insurer and a provider shall be deemed confidential information that shall not be made public by the department and are exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code). The contracted rates between a health insurer and a provider shall not be disclosed by a health insurer to a large group purchaser that receives information pursuant to Section 10181.10.

(2) The contracted rates between a health insurer, including those submitted to the 18 department pursuant to Section 10181.31, and a large group shall be deemed 19 confidential information that shall not be made public by the department and are 20 exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 21 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 22 Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code). Information provided to a 23 24 large group purchaser pursuant to Section 10181.10 shall be deemed confidential information that shall not be made public by the department and shall be exempt 25 from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 26 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 27 of Title 1 of the Government Code). 28

(c) All information submitted to the department under this article shall be
 submitted electronically in order to facilitate review by the department and the
 public.

(d) In addition, the department and the health insurer shall, at a minimum, make 32 the following information readily available to the public on their internet websites 33 in plain language and in a manner and format specified by the department, except 34 35 as provided in subdivision (b). For individual and small group health insurance policies, the information shall be made public for 120 days prior to the 36 implementation of the rate increase. For large group health care insurance policies, 37 the information shall be made public for 60 days prior to the implementation of the 38 rate increase. The information shall include: 39

(1) Justifications for any unreasonable rate increases, including all information
 and supporting documentation as to why the rate increase is justified.

42 (2) An insurer's overall annual medical trend factor assumptions in each rate43 filing for all benefits.

1 (3) An insurer's actual costs, by aggregate benefit category to include, hospital 2 inpatient, hospital outpatient, physician services, prescription drugs and other 3 ancillary services, laboratory, and radiology.

4 (4) The amount of the projected trend attributable to the use of services, price
5 inflation, or fees and risk for annual policy trends by aggregate benefit category,
6 such as hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient, physician services, prescription drugs
7 and other ancillary services, laboratory, and radiology.

8 Comment. Section 10181.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 9 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 10 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 11 § 10489.15 (amended). Actuarial opinions

12 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10489.15 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

13 10489.15. (a) Each of the following shall apply to actuarial opinions submitted
 14 prior to the operative date of the valuation manual:

(1) For an actuarial opinion, every life insurance company doing business in this 15 state shall annually submit the opinion of a qualified actuary as to whether the 16 reserves and related actuarial items held in support of the policies and contracts 17 specified by the commissioner by regulation are computed appropriately, are based 18 on assumptions that satisfy contractual provisions, are consistent with prior reported 19 amounts, and comply with applicable laws of this state. The commissioner shall 20 define by regulation the specifics of this opinion and add any other items deemed to 21 be necessary to its scope. 22

(2)(A) For an actuarial analysis of reserves and assets supporting reserves, every 23 life insurance company, except as exempted by regulation, shall also annually 24 include in the opinion required by paragraph (1), an opinion of the same qualified 25 actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial items held in support of the 26 policies and contracts specified by the commissioner by regulation, when 27 considered in light of the assets held by the company with respect to the reserves 28 and related actuarial items, including, but not limited to, the investment earnings on 29 the assets and the considerations anticipated to be received and retained under the 30 policies and contracts, make adequate provision for the company's obligations 31 under the policies and contracts, including, but not limited to, the benefits under and 32 expenses associated with the policies and contracts. 33

(B) The commissioner may provide by regulation for a transition period for
 establishing any higher reserves that the qualified actuary may deem necessary in
 order to render the opinion required by this section.

(3) An opinion required by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be governed by thefollowing:

(A) A memorandum, in form and substance acceptable to the commissioner as
 specified by regulation, shall be prepared to support each actuarial opinion.

(B) If the insurance company fails to provide a supporting memorandum at the request of the commissioner within a period specified by regulation, or the

commissioner determines that the supporting memorandum provided by the 1 insurance company fails to meet the standards prescribed by the regulations or is 2 otherwise unacceptable to the commissioner, the commissioner may engage a 3 qualified actuary at the expense of the company to review the opinion and the basis 4 for the opinion and prepare the supporting memorandum required by the 5 commissioner. 6 (4) Every opinion required by this subdivision shall be governed by the following 7 provisions: 8 (A) The opinion shall be submitted with the annual statement reflecting the 9 valuation of the reserve liabilities for each year ending on or after December 31, 10

11 1992.

(B) The opinion shall apply to all business in force, including individual and
 group health insurance plans, in form and substance acceptable to the commissioner
 as specified by regulation.

(C) The opinion shall be based on standards adopted from time to time by the
 Actuarial Standards Board and on any additional standards as the commissioner may
 by regulation prescribe.

(D) In the case of an opinion required to be submitted by a foreign or alien company, the commissioner may accept the opinion filed by that company with the insurance supervisory official of another state if the commissioner determines that the opinion reasonably meets the requirements applicable to a company domiciled in this state.

(E) For the purposes of this paragraph, "qualified actuary" means a member in
good standing of the American Academy of Actuaries who meets the requirements
set forth in the regulation.

(F) The qualified actuary shall be liable for his or her the actuary's negligence or
 other tortious conduct.

(G) Disciplinary action by the commissioner against the company or the qualified
 actuary may be defined in regulations by the commissioner.

(H) Except as provided in subparagraphs (L), (M), and (N), documents, materials, 30 or other information in the possession or control of the Department of Insurance that 31 are a memorandum in support of the opinion, and any other material provided by 32 the company to the commissioner in connection with the memorandum, shall be 33 confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to disclosure pursuant to the 34 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 35 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 36 Government Code), and shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery or admissible 37 in evidence in any private civil action. However, the commissioner is authorized to 38 use those documents, materials, or other information in the furtherance of any 39 regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the commissioner's official duties. 40 (I) The commissioner, any person who received documents, materials, or other 41 information while acting under the authority of the commissioner, or any person 42

43 with whom those documents, materials, or other information are shared pursuant to

1 clause (i) of subparagraph (J), shall not be permitted or required to testify in any

private civil action concerning those confidential documents, materials, or
 information subject to subparagraph (H).

4 (J) In order to assist in the performance of the commissioner's duties, the 5 commissioner:

6 (i) May share documents, materials, or other information, including the 7 confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information subject to 8 subparagraph (H), with other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies, 9 with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and with state, federal, and 10 international law enforcement authorities, provided that the recipient agrees to 11 maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material, or other 12 information.

(ii) May receive documents, materials, or information, including otherwise
confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information, from the NAIC
and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and from regulatory and law enforcement officials
of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential or
privileged any document, material, or information received with notice or the
understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction
that is the source of the document, material, or information.

(iii) Enter into agreements governing sharing and use of information consistent
 with subparagraphs (H) to (J), inclusive.

(K) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result of disclosure of the documents, materials, or information to the commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subparagraph (J).

(L) A memorandum in support of the opinion, and any other material provided by the company to the commissioner in connection with the memorandum, may be subject to subpoena for the purpose of defending an action seeking damages from the actuary submitting the memorandum by reason of an action required by this section or by regulations promulgated pursuant to this section.

(M) The memorandum or the other material may otherwise be released by the commissioner with the written consent of the company or to the American Academy of Actuaries upon request stating that the memorandum or other material is required for the purpose of professional disciplinary proceedings and setting forth procedures satisfactory to the commissioner for preserving the confidentiality of the memorandum or the other material.

(N) Once any portion of the confidential memorandum is cited by the company in
its marketing efforts or is cited before a governmental agency other than a state
insurance department or is released by the company to the news media, all portions
of the confidential memorandum shall no longer be confidential.

(b) Each of the following shall apply to actuarial opinions submitted after theoperative date of the valuation manual:

(1) For an actuarial opinion, every company with outstanding life insurance 1 contracts, accident and health insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts in this 2 state and subject to regulation by the commissioner shall annually submit the 3 opinion of the appointed actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial 4 items held in support of the policies and contracts are computed appropriately, are 5 based on assumptions that satisfy contractual provisions, are consistent with prior 6 reported amounts, and comply with applicable laws of this state. The valuation 7 manual shall prescribe the specifics of this opinion, including any items deemed to 8 be necessary to its scope. 9

(2) For an actuarial analysis of reserves and assets supporting reserves, every 10 company with outstanding life insurance contracts, accident and health insurance 11 contracts, or deposit-type contracts in this state and subject to regulation by the 12 commissioner, except as exempted in the valuation manual, shall also annually 13 include in the opinion required by paragraph (1) an opinion of the same appointed 14 actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial items held in support of the 15 policies and contracts specified in the valuation manual, when considered in light 16 of the assets held by the company with respect to the reserves and related actuarial 17 items, including, but not limited to, the investment earnings on the assets and the 18 considerations anticipated to be received and retained under the policies and 19 contracts, adequately provide for the company's obligations under the policies and 20 contracts, including, but not limited to, the benefits under and expenses associated 21 with the policies and contracts. 22

(3) Every opinion required by this subdivision shall be governed by both of thefollowing provisions:

(A) A memorandum, in form and substance as specified in the valuation manual,
 and acceptable to the commissioner, shall be prepared to support each actuarial
 opinion.

(B) If the insurance company fails to provide a supporting memorandum at the 28 request of the commissioner within a period specified in the valuation manual, or 29 the commissioner determines that the supporting memorandum provided by the 30 insurance company fails to meet the standards prescribed by the valuation manual 31 or is otherwise unacceptable to the commissioner, the commissioner may engage a 32 qualified actuary at the expense of the company to review the opinion and the basis 33 for the opinion and prepare the supporting memorandum required by the 34 commissioner. 35

36 (4) Every opinion subject to this subdivision shall be governed by the following37 provisions:

(A) The opinion shall be in form and substance as specified in the valuationmanual and acceptable to the commissioner.

40 (B) The opinion shall be submitted with the annual statement reflecting the 41 valuation of the reserve liabilities for each year ending on or after the operative date

42 of the valuation manual.

(C) The opinion shall apply to all policies and contracts subject to paragraph (2),
 plus other actuarial liabilities as may be specified in the valuation manual.

3 (D) The opinion shall be based on standards adopted from time to time by the 4 Actuarial Standards Board or its successor, and on <del>such</del> additional standards as may

Actuarial Standards Board or its successor, and on such additional standards as in
 be prescribed in the valuation manual.

6 (E) If an opinion is required to be submitted by a foreign or alien company, the 7 commissioner may accept the opinion filed by that company with the insurance 8 supervisory official of another state if the commissioner determines that the opinion 9 reasonably meets the requirements applicable to a company domiciled in this state.

(F) The qualified actuary shall be liable for his or her negligence or other tortiousconduct.

12 (G) Disciplinary action by the commissioner against the company or the 13 appointed actuary may be defined in regulations by the commissioner.

14 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the right of access to, or 15 prohibit the admissibility as evidence in a private civil action of, any information, 16 documents, data, or other materials not held for the purposes of this article by the 17 commissioner or a person acting under the authority of the commissioner, including 18 nondepartment actuaries and other consultants hired to implement this article, or a 19 person with whom the commissioner has shared confidential information pursuant

to clause (i) of subparagraph (J) of paragraph (4) of subdivision (a).

Comment. Section 10489.15 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

24 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

### 25 § 10489.99 (amended). Confidential information of company

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10489.99 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

10489.99. (a) For purposes of this section, "confidential information" means:

28 (1) A memorandum in support of an opinion submitted pursuant to Section

10489.15 and any other documents, materials, and other information, including, but
not limited to, all working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced, or obtained
by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in connection with the

by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in connection w memorandum.

(2) All documents, materials, and other information, including, but not limited to, 33 all working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced, or obtained by or 34 disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination 35 made under subdivision (f) of Section 10489.96. However, if an examination report 36 or other material prepared in connection with an examination made under Article 4 37 (commencing with Section 729) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1 is not held as 38 private and confidential information under that article, an examination report or 39 other material prepared in connection with an examination made under subdivision 40 (f) of Section 10489.96 shall not be "confidential information" to the same extent 41

as if the examination report or other material had been prepared under Article 4
(commencing with Section 729) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1.

(3) Any reports, documents, materials, and other information developed by a 3 company in support of, or in connection with, an annual certification by the 4 company under paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 10489.97 evaluating the 5 effectiveness of the company's internal controls with respect to a principle-based 6 valuation and any other documents, materials, and other information, including, but 7 not limited to, all working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced, or obtained 8 by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in connection with those 9 reports, documents, materials, and other information. 10

(4) Any principle-based valuation report developed under paragraph (3) of
subdivision (b) of Section 10489.97 and any other documents, materials, and other
information, including, but not limited to, all working papers, and copies thereof,
created, produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other
person in connection with the report.

16 (5) All of the following:

(A) Any documents, materials, data, and other information submitted by a
 company pursuant to Section 10489.98, to be known collectively, as "experience
 data."

(B) Experience data plus any other documents, materials, data, and other information, including, but not limited to, all working papers, and copies thereof, created or produced in connection with the experience data, in each case that includes any potentially company-identifying or personally identifiable information, that is provided to or obtained by the commissioner, to be known, collectively, as "experience materials."

(C) Any other documents, materials, data, and other information, including, but
 not limited to, all working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced, or obtained
 by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in connection with the
 experience materials.

(b)(1) Except as provided in this section, a company's confidential information 30 shall be confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to disclosure 31 pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 32 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 33 Title 1 of the Government Code), and shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery 34 or admissible in evidence in any private civil action. However, the commissioner is 35 authorized to use the confidential information in a regulatory or legal action brought 36 against the company as a part of the commissioner's official duties. 37

(2) The commissioner, any person who received confidential information while
acting under the authority of the commissioner, or any person with whom those
documents, materials, or other information are shared pursuant to paragraph (3),
shall not be permitted or required to testify in a private civil action concerning any
confidential information.

(3) In order to assist in the performance of the commissioner's duties, the
 commissioner may share confidential information with the following recipients,
 provided that the recipient agrees, and has the legal authority to agree, to maintain
 the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials, data, and other
 information in the same manner and to the same extent as required for the
 commissioner:

(A) Other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies and with the NAIC
 and its affiliates and subsidiaries.

(B) In the case of confidential information specified in paragraphs (1) and (4) of
subdivision (a) of Section 10489.99 only, with the Actuarial Board for Counseling
and Discipline or its successor upon request stating that the confidential information
is required for the purpose of professional disciplinary proceedings and with state,
federal, and international law enforcement officials.

(4) The commissioner may receive documents, materials, data, and other 14 information, including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, 15 data, or information, from the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, from 16 regulatory or law enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, 17 and from the Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline or its successor and 18 shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material, data, or other 19 information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or 20 privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, 21 material, or other information. 22

(5) The commissioner may enter into agreements governing sharing and use ofinformation consistent with this subdivision.

(6) A waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the
information shall not occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under this
section or as a result of sharing as authorized in paragraph (3).

(7) A privilege established under the law of any state or jurisdiction that is
substantially similar to the privilege established under this subdivision shall be
available and enforced in any proceeding in, and in any court of, this state.

(8) For purposes of this section, "regulatory agency," "law enforcement agency,"
and the "NAIC" include, but are not limited to, their employees, agents, consultants,
and contractors.

(c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), any confidential information specified in
 paragraphs (1) and (4) of subdivision (a):

(1) May be subject to subpoen for the purpose of defending an action seeking
damages from the appointed actuary submitting the related memorandum in support
of an opinion submitted under Section 10489.15 or principle-based valuation report
developed under paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 10489.97 by reason of
an action required by this article or by regulations promulgated pursuant to this
article.

42 (2) May otherwise be released by the commissioner with the written consent of43 the company.

(3) Once any portion of a memorandum in support of an opinion submitted under
Section 10489.15 or a principle-based valuation report developed pursuant to
paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 10489.97 is cited by the company in its
marketing or is publicly volunteered to or before a governmental agency other than
a state insurance department or is released by the company to the news media, all
portions of the memorandum or report shall no longer be confidential.

(d) This section shall not be construed to limit the right of access to, or prohibit
the admissibility as evidence in a private civil action of, any information,
documents, data, or other materials not held for the purposes of this article by the
commissioner or a person acting under the authority of the commissioner, including
nondepartment actuaries and other consultants hired to implement this article, or a
person with whom the commissioner has shared confidential information pursuant
to paragraph (3) of subdivision (b).

14 Comment. Section 10489.99 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

15 California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

16 Comm'n Reports (2019).

## 17 § 11785 (amended). Appointments to positions with State Compensation Insurance Fund

18 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11785 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

11785. (a) The board of directors shall appoint a president, a chief financial 19 officer, a chief operating officer, a chief information technology officer, a chief 20 investment officer, a chief risk officer, a general counsel, a chief medical officer, a 21 chief actuarial officer, a chief claims operations officer, and a chief of internal 22 affairs. The board may appoint a chief underwriting officer, a senior vice president 23 of insurance services, an executive vice president of corporate claims, an executive 24 vice president of strategic planning, and a pricing actuary. The board of directors 25 shall set the salary for each position in amounts that are reasonably necessary to 26 attract and retain individuals of superior qualifications. The board shall submit its 27 salary-setting criteria, including salary surveys, to the Department of Human 28 Resources. These positions shall not be subject to otherwise applicable provisions 29 of the Government Code and the Public Contract Code, and for those purposes the 30 fund shall not be considered a state agency or other public entity. The president shall 31 manage and conduct the business and affairs of the fund under the general direction 32 and subject to the approval of the board of directors, and shall perform other duties 33 as the board of directors prescribes. 34

(b) Section 87406 of the Government Code, the Milton Marks Postgovernment
Employment Restrictions Act of 1990, shall apply to the fund. Members of the
board, a person who held a position designated in subdivision (a), and any other
person designated by the fund shall be deemed to be designated employees for the
purpose of that act.

(c) Both the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with
Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government
Code) and the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with)

Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 1 Title 1 of the Government Code) shall apply to the fund. 2

(d)(1) The board shall, by September 1, 2018, and subsequently on a biennial 3 basis, make a report to the Legislature and to the committees of the Senate and 4 Assembly having jurisdiction over insurance that provides any salary-setting criteria 5 and salary surveys submitted to the Department of Human Resources pursuant to 6 subdivision (a), and the salary and total compensation of each position appointed 7 pursuant to subdivision (a), for the previous two fiscal years. 8

(2) A report submitted pursuant to this subdivision shall be submitted in 9 compliance with Section 9795 of the Government Code. 10

Comment. Section 11785 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 11 12 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). 13

§ 11873 (amended). Laws applicable to State Compensation Insurance Fund 14

SEC. . Section 11873 of the Insurance Code is amended to read: 15

11873. (a) Except as provided by subdivision (b), the fund shall not be subject to 16

the provisions of the Government Code made applicable to state agencies generally 17

or collectively, unless the section specifically names the fund as an agency to which 18 the provision applies. 19

(b) The fund shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 10.3 (commencing with 20

Section 3512) of Division 4 of Title 1 of, Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 21

6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of, 22

Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 8543) of Division 1 of Title 2 of, Article 9 23 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of, 24

the Government Code, and Division 5 (commencing with Section 18000) of Title 2 25 of the Government Code, with the exception of all of the following provisions of 26

that division: 27

(1) Article 1 (commencing with Section 19820) and Article 2 (commencing with 28 Section 19823) of Chapter 2 of Part 2.6 of Division 5. 29

(2) Sections 19849.2, 19849.3, 19849.4, and 19849.5. 30

(3) Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 19993.1) of Part 2.6 of Division 5. 31

(c) Except as provided in subdivisions (d) and (e) for the period from July 1, 2012, 32

to June 30, 2013, inclusive, and notwithstanding any provision of the Government 33

Code or any other provision of law, the positions funded by the State Compensation 34

Insurance Fund are exempt from any hiring freezes and staff cutbacks otherwise 35 required by law. This subdivision is declaratory of existing law. 36

(d) Notwithstanding any other law, employees of the fund shall, without 37 limitation, be subject to any and all reductions in state employee compensation 38 imposed by the Legislature on other state employees for the period from July 1, 39

2012, to June 30, 2013, inclusive, regardless of the means adopted to effect those

40

reductions. 41

(e) With the exception of the reductions authorized in subdivision (d), if any 1 provision of this section, or any practice or procedure adopted pursuant to this 2 section, is in conflict with the provisions of a memorandum of understanding 3 reached pursuant to Section 3517.5 of the Government Code, the memorandum of 4 understanding shall be controlling without further legislative action, except that if 5 the provisions of a memorandum of understanding require the expenditure of funds, 6 the provisions shall not become effective unless approved by the Legislature in the 7 annual Budget Act. 8

Comment. Section 11873 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# \$ 12921.2 (amended). Inspection and copying of public records of department and commissioner

14 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12921.2 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

12921.2. All public records of the department and the commissioner subject to 15 disclosure under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 16 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 17 Code shall be available for inspection and copying pursuant to those provisions at 18 the offices of the department in the City and County of San Francisco, in the City 19 of Los Angeles, and in the City of Sacramento. Adequate copy facilities for this 20 purpose shall be made available. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 21 person requesting copies of these records shall receive the copies from employees 22 of the department and the fee charged for the copies shall not exceed the actual cost 23 of producing the copies. Notwithstanding Section 6256 of the Government Code, 24 any Any public record submitted to the department as computer data on an 25 electronic medium shall, in addition to any other formats, be made available to the 26 public pursuant to this section through an electronic medium. 27

Comment. The first sentence of Section 12921.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive
 recodification of the California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019).

The last sentence of Section 12921.2 is amended to reflect the repeal of Government Code Section 6256. See 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 7. Among other things, former Government Code Section 6256 said: "Computer data shall be provided in a form determined by the agency." The CPRA no longer includes such a requirement. See Gov't Code §§ 7922.570-7922.580 (information in alcotropia format)

35 in electronic format).

### 36 § 12968 (amended). Records of enforcement action against licensee

37 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12968 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

12968. (a) Every pleading issued by the commissioner to initiate a formal enforcement action under this code against a licensee or applicant, and every order issued by the commissioner or a court of competent jurisdiction or other document that resolves a formal enforcement action, shall be displayed on the department's internet website, if the document is a public record that is not exempt from disclosure to the public pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 1 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

2 <u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code).

3 (b) Notwithstanding Section 12969, if an enforcement action against a licensee or

applicant is withdrawn, then each pleading, document, or order against that licensee 4 or applicant shall be removed from the department's internet website within 30 days 5 of the withdrawal of the action. If a pleading, document, or order contains 6 allegations against multiple licensees or applicants, and the department withdraws 7 all allegations against any one or more of the licensees or applicants, then the 8 department shall post, on its internet website, a pleading, document, or order that 9 clarifies that the enforcement action against that specific licensee or applicant has 10 been withdrawn. 11

12 **Comment.** Section 12968 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

15

## LABOR CODE

## 16 § 138.7 (amended). Access to individually identifiable information

17 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 138.7 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

18 138.7. (a) Except as expressly permitted in subdivision (b), a person or public or 19 private entity not a party to a claim for workers' compensation benefits shall not 20 obtain individually identifiable information obtained or maintained by the division 21 regarding that claim. For purposes of this section, "individually identifiable 22 information" means any data concerning an injury or claim that is linked to a 23 uniquely identifiable employee, employer, claims administrator, or any other person 24 or entity.

(b)(1)(A) The administrative director, or a statistical agent designated by the administrative director, may use individually identifiable information for purposes of creating and maintaining the workers' compensation information system as specified in Section 138.6.

(B) The administrative director may publish the identity of claims administrators
in the annual report disclosing the compliance rates of claims administrators
pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 138.6.

32 (C) The administrative director shall use individually identifiable information for 33 purposes of creating provider medical utilization data as specified in Section 138.8.

(2)(A) The State Department of Public Health may use individually identifiable
 information for purposes of establishing and maintaining a program on occupational
 health and occupational disease prevention as specified in Section 105175 of the
 Health and Safety Code.

(B)(i) The State Department of Health Care Services may use individually
 identifiable information for purposes of seeking recovery of Medi-Cal costs
 incurred by the state for treatment provided to injured workers that should have been
 incurred by employers and insurance carriers pursuant to Article 3.5 (commencing

with Section 14124.70) of Chapter 7 of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare andInstitutions Code.

(ii) The Department of Industrial Relations shall furnish individually identifiable 3 information to the State Department of Health Care Services, and the State 4 Department of Health Care Services may furnish the information to its designated 5 agent, provided that the individually identifiable information shall not be disclosed 6 for use other than the purposes described in clause (i). The administrative director 7 may adopt regulations solely for the purpose of governing access by the State 8 Department of Health Care Services or its designated agents to the individually 9 identifiable information as defined in subdivision (a). 10

(3)(A) Individually identifiable information may be used by the Division of Workers' Compensation and the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as necessary to carry out their duties. The administrative director shall adopt regulations governing the access to the information described in this subdivision by these divisions. Any regulations adopted pursuant to this subdivision shall set forth the specific uses for which this information may be obtained.

(B) Individually identifiable information maintained workers' in the 17 compensation information system and the Division of Workers' Compensation may 18 be used by researchers employed by or under contract to the Commission on Health 19 and Safety and Workers' Compensation as necessary to carry out the commission's 20 research. The administrative director shall adopt regulations governing the access 21 to the information described in this subdivision by commission researchers. These 22 regulations shall set forth the specific uses for which this information may be 23 obtained and include provisions guaranteeing the confidentiality of individually 24 identifiable information. Individually identifiable information obtained under this 25 subdivision shall not be disclosed to commission members. Individually identifiable 26 information obtained by researchers under contract to the commission pursuant to 27 this subparagraph may not be disclosed to any other person or entity, public or 28 private, for a use other than that research project for which the information was 29 obtained. Within a reasonable period of time after the research for which the 30 information was obtained has been completed, the data collected shall be modified 31 in a manner so that the subjects cannot be identified, directly or through identifiers 32 linked to the subjects. 33

(C) Individually identifiable information may be used by the Office of Self Insurance Plans of the Department of Industrial Relations as necessary to carry out
 its duties, including evaluating the costs of administration, workers' compensation
 benefit expenditures, and solvency and performance of the public self-insured
 employers' workers' compensation programs.

(4) The administrative director shall adopt regulations allowing reasonable access
to individually identifiable information by other persons or public or private entities
for the purpose of bona fide statistical research. This research shall not divulge
individually identifiable information concerning a particular employee, employer,
claims administrator, or any other person or entity. The regulations adopted pursuant

to this paragraph shall include provisions guaranteeing the confidentiality of individually identifiable information. Within a reasonable period of time after the research for which the information was obtained has been completed, the data collected shall be modified in a manner so that the subjects cannot be identified, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects.

(5)(A) This section shall not operate to does not exempt from disclosure any 6 information that is considered to be a public record pursuant to the California Public 7 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 8 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code) 9 contained in an individual's file once an application for adjudication has been filed 10 pursuant to Section 5501.5. 11 (B) Individually identifiable information shall not be provided to any person or 12 public or private entity who is not a party to the claim unless that person self-13

public or private entity who is not a party to the claim unless that person selfidentifies or that public or private entity identifies itself and states the reason for making the request. The administrative director may require the person or public or private entity making the request to produce information to verify that the name and address of the requester is valid and correct. If the purpose of the request is related to preemployment screening, the administrative director shall notify the person about whom the information is requested that the information was provided and shall include the following in 12-point type:

21

22 "IT MAY BE A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL AND STATE LAW TO
23 DISCRIMINATE AGAINST A JOB APPLICANT BECAUSE THE APPLICANT
24 HAS FILED A CLAIM FOR WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS."

25

(C) Any residence address is confidential and shall not be disclosed to any person
or public or private entity except to a party to the claim, a law enforcement agency,
an office of a district attorney, any person for a journalistic purpose, or other
governmental agency.

(D) This paragraph does not prohibit the use of individually identifiable
 information for purposes of identifying bona fide lien claimants.

(c) Except as provided in subdivision (b), individually identifiable information 32 obtained by the division is privileged and is not subject to subpoena in a civil 33 proceeding unless, after reasonable notice to the division and a hearing, a court 34 determines that the public interest and the intent of this section will not be 35 jeopardized by disclosure of the information. This section shall not operate to does 36 not restrict access to information by any law enforcement agency or district 37 attorney's office or to nor limit admissibility of that information in a criminal 38 proceeding. 39

(d) It is unlawful for any person who has received individually identifiable
information from the division pursuant to this section to provide that information to
any person who is not entitled to it under this section.

1 **Comment.** Section 138.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- 2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 The section is also amended to make stylistic revisions.

Note. Labor Code Section 138.7 was amended by Senate Bill 537 (Hill), 2019 Cal. Stat. ch. 647, §
The newly-amended version was used in preparing the conforming revision proposed above.
Labor Code Section 138.7 was also amended by Assembly Bill 991 (Gallagher), 2019 Cal. Stat.
ch. 497, § 182. That bill included a subordination clause, so the amendment was chaptered out. See
Gov't Code § 9605. However, the revisions made by that bill were purely technical and some of
them were also included in SB 537. The amendment shown above would deal with two stylistic
issues that were addressed in AB 991 but not in SB 537.

#### 12 § 147.2 (amended). Hazard Evaluation System and Information Service (HESIS)

13 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 147.2 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

14 147.2. (a) As used in this section, "Hazard Evaluation System and Information
 15 Service" or "HESIS" means the repository established pursuant to subdivision (b).

(b) In accordance with Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 6350) of Part 1 of
Division 5 of this code and Section 105175 of the Health and Safety Code, the
Department of Industrial Relations, by interagency agreement with the State
Department of Public Health, shall establish a repository of current data on toxic
materials and harmful physical agents in use or potentially in use in places of
employment in the state, known as the Hazard Evaluation System and Information
Service, or HESIS.

23 (c) HESIS shall fulfill all of the following functions:

(1) Provide reliable information of practical use to employers, employees,
 representatives of employees, and other governmental agencies on the possible
 hazards to employees of exposure to toxic materials or harmful physical agents.

(2) Collect and evaluate toxicological and epidemiological data and any other
information that may be pertinent to establishing harmful effects on health of
exposure to toxic materials or harmful physical agents. Nothing in this subdivision
shall be construed as authorizing HESIS to require employers, other than chemical
manufacturers, formulators, suppliers, distributors, importers, and their agents, to
report any information not otherwise required by law.

(3) When there is new scientific or medical information and the Chief of HESIS, 33 34 in consultation with the Director of Industrial Relations and the Chief of the Division of Environmental and Occupational Disease Control in the State 35 Department of Public Health, determines that a substance may be in use in a place 36 of employment, may pose a hazard under a reasonable anticipated condition of use, 37 and potentially poses a serious new or unrecognized health hazard to an employee, 38 including, but not limited to, cancer, reproductive or developmental harm, organ 39 system impairment, or death, chemical manufacturers, formulators, suppliers, 40 distributors, importers, and their agents, as specified in subparagraph (A), shall 41 provide to HESIS the names and addresses of their customers who have purchased 42 certain chemicals, as specified by HESIS, or commercial products containing those 43

chemicals and information related to those shipments, including the quantities and dates of shipments, and the proportion of a specified chemical within a mixture containing the specified chemical, upon written request by HESIS, for every product the final destination of which may be a place of employment in California. This paragraph shall not apply to a retail seller of the substance, whether sold individually or as part of a commercial product to the public. The following shall apply to this paragraph:

8 (A) On or after January 1, 2016, the information requested shall include current 9 and past customers for not more than a one-year period prior to the date the request 10 is issued. The information shall be provided within a reasonable timeframe, not to 11 exceed 30 calendar days from the date the request is issued. The information shall 12 be provided in a format specified by the State Department of Public Health but 13 consistent with the responding entity's current data system.

(B) Unless, pursuant to other law or regulation the following persons, any other 14 person, or any governmental entity is required to publicly disclose the following 15 information, the names and addresses of customers, the quantities and dates of 16 shipments, and the proportion of a specified chemical within a mixture provided by 17 chemical manufacturers, formulators, suppliers, distributors, importers, and their 18 agents pursuant to this paragraph shall be considered confidential and, except as 19 specified in this subparagraph, exempt from public disclosure under the California 20 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 21 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 22 Code). HESIS may disclose that information to officers or employees of the State 23 Department of Public Health, to officers or employees of the state who are 24 responsible for carrying out the purposes of Division 5 (commencing with Section 25 6300), or to the state agencies of the state officers specified in paragraphs (5) and 26 (6). Any officer, employee, or agency to which the information is disclosed shall be 27 subject to this subparagraph. 28

(C) The State Department of Public Health shall be entitled to reimbursement of
 attorney's fees and costs incurred in seeking an injunction to enforce this paragraph.

(4) Recommend to the Chief of the Division of Occupational Safety and Health
 Administration that an occupational safety and health standard be developed
 whenever it has been determined that a substance in use or potentially in use in
 places of employment is potentially toxic at the concentrations or under the
 conditions used.

(5) Notify the Director of Pesticide Regulation of any information developed by
HESIS that is relevant to carrying out his or her the director's responsibilities under
Chapters 2 (commencing with Section 12751) and 3 (commencing with Section
14001) of Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code.

40 (6) Notify the Secretary for Environmental Protection of any information
 41 developed by HESIS that is relevant to carrying out his or her the secretary's
 42 responsibilities.

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(d) The Director of Industrial Relations shall appoint an advisory committee to 1 HESIS. The advisory committee shall consist of four representatives from labor, 2 four representatives from management, four active practitioners in the occupational 3 health field, and three persons knowledgeable in biomedical statistics or information 4 storage and retrieval systems. The advisory committee shall meet on a regular basis 5 at the request of the director. The committee shall be consulted by, and shall advise 6 the director at each phase of the structuring and functioning of the repository and 7 alert system with regard to, the procedures, methodology, validity, and practical 8 utility of collecting, evaluating, and disseminating information concerning 9 hazardous substances, consistent with the primary goals and objectives of the 10 repository. 11

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of the State
 Department of Public Health to propose occupational safety and health standards to
 the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board.

(f) Policies and procedures shall be developed to assure, to the extent possible,
 that HESIS uses and does not duplicate the resources of the federal government and
 other states.

(g) On or before December 31 of each year, the Department of Industrial 18 Relations shall submit a report to the Legislature detailing the implementation and 19 operation of HESIS including, but not limited to, the amount and source of funds 20 allocated and spent on repository activities, the toxic materials and harmful physical 21 agents investigated during the past year and recommendations made concerning 22 them, actions taken to inform interested persons of the possible hazards of exposure 23 to toxic materials and harmful physical agents, and any recommendations for 24 legislative changes relating to the functions of HESIS. 25

Comment. Section 147.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

- 29 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.
- 30 § 432.3 (amended). Salary history information
- 31 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 432.3 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

432.3. (a) An employer shall not rely on the salary history information of an
 applicant for employment as a factor in determining whether to offer employment
 to an applicant or what salary to offer an applicant.

(b) An employer shall not, orally or in writing, personally or through an agent,
 seek salary history information, including compensation and benefits, about an
 applicant for employment.

(c) An employer, upon reasonable request, shall provide the pay scale for a
position to an applicant applying for employment. For purposes of this section, "pay
scale" means a salary or hourly wage range. For purposes of this section "reasonable
request" means a request made after an applicant has completed an initial interview
with the employer.

1 (d) Section 433 does not apply to this section.

2 (e) This section does not apply to salary history information disclosable to the

3 public pursuant to federal or state law, including the California Public Records Act

4 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10

<u>(commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code) or the
 federal Freedom of Information Act (Section 552 of Title 5 of the United States

7 Code).

8 (f) This section applies to all employers, including state and local government 9 employers and the Legislature.

(g) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an applicant from voluntarily and without
 prompting disclosing salary history information to a prospective employer.

(h) If an applicant voluntarily and without prompting discloses salary history
 information to a prospective employer, nothing in this section shall prohibit that
 employer from considering or relying on that voluntarily disclosed salary history
 information in determining the salary for that applicant.

(i) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an employer from asking an applicant
 about his or her the applicant's salary expectation for the position being applied for.

(j) Consistent with Section 1197.5, nothing in this section shall be construed toallow prior salary to justify any disparity in compensation.

(k) For purposes of this section, the term "applicant" or "applicant for
employment" means an individual who is seeking employment with the employer
and is not currently employed with that employer in any capacity or position.

Comment. Section 432.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

25 Reports (2019).

- 26 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.
- 27 § 1776 (amended). Payroll records

28 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1776 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

1776. (a) Each contractor and subcontractor shall keep accurate payroll records, showing the name, address, social security number, work classification, straight time and overtime hours worked each day and week, and the actual per diem wages paid to each journeyman, apprentice, worker, or other employee employed by him or her the contractor or subcontractor in connection with the public work. Each payroll record shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made under penalty of perjury, stating both of the following:

- 36 (1) The information contained in the payroll record is true and correct.
- 37 (2) The employer has complied with the requirements of Sections 1771, 1811, and
- 1815 for any work performed by his or her that person's employees on the public
  works project.

40 (b) The payroll records enumerated under subdivision (a) shall be certified and

shall be available for inspection at all reasonable hours at the principal office of the

42 contractor on the following basis:

(1) A certified copy of an employee's payroll record shall be made available for
 inspection or furnished to the employee or his or her the employee's authorized
 representative on request.

4 (2) A certified copy of all payroll records enumerated in subdivision (a) shall be 5 made available for inspection or furnished upon request to a representative of the 6 body awarding the contract and the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement of the 7 Department of Industrial Relations.

(3) A certified copy of all payroll records enumerated in subdivision (a) shall be 8 made available upon request by the public for inspection or for copies thereof. 9 However, a request by the public shall be made through either the body awarding 10 the contract or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement. If the requested 11 payroll records have not been provided pursuant to paragraph (2), the requesting 12 party shall, prior to being provided the records, reimburse the costs of preparation 13 by the contractor, subcontractors, and the entity through which the request was 14 made. The public may not be given access to the records at the principal office of 15 the contractor. 16

(c) Unless required to be furnished directly to the Labor Commissioner in 17 accordance with paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 1771.4, the certified 18 payroll records shall be on forms provided by the Division of Labor Standards 19 Enforcement or shall contain the same information as the forms provided by the 20 division. The payroll records may consist of printouts of payroll data that are 21 maintained as computer records, if the printouts contain the same information as the 22 forms provided by the division and the printouts are verified in the manner specified 23 in subdivision (a). 24

(d) A contractor or subcontractor shall file a certified copy of the records
 enumerated in subdivision (a) with the entity that requested the records within 10
 days after receipt of a written request.

(e) Except as provided in subdivision (f), any copy of records made available for 28 inspection as copies and furnished upon request to the public or any public agency 29 by the awarding body or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement shall be 30 marked or obliterated to prevent disclosure of an individual's name, address, and 31 social security number. The name and address of the contractor awarded the contract 32 or the subcontractor performing the contract shall not be marked or obliterated. Any 33 copy of records made available for inspection by, or furnished to, a multiemployer 34 Taft-Hartley trust fund (29 U.S.C. Sec. 186(c)(5)) that requests the records for the 35 purposes of allocating contributions to participants shall be marked or obliterated 36 only to prevent disclosure of an individual's full social security number, but shall 37 provide the last four digits of the social security number. Any copy of records made 38 available for inspection by, or furnished to, a joint labor-management committee 39 established pursuant to the federal Labor Management Cooperation Act of 1978 (29 40 U.S.C. Sec. 175a) shall be marked or obliterated only to prevent disclosure of an 41 individual's social security number. 42

(f)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, agencies that are included in 1 the Joint Enforcement Strike Force on the Underground Economy established 2 pursuant to Section 329 of the Unemployment Insurance Code and other law 3 enforcement agencies investigating violations of law shall, upon request, be 4 provided nonredacted copies of certified payroll records. Any copies of records or 5 certified payroll made available for inspection and furnished upon request to the 6 public by an agency included in the Joint Enforcement Strike Force on the 7 Underground Economy or to a law enforcement agency investigating a violation of 8 law shall be marked or redacted to prevent disclosure of an individual's name, 9 address, and social security number. 10

11 (2) An employer shall not be liable for damages in a civil action for any reasonable 12 act or omission taken in good faith in compliance with this subdivision.

(g) The contractor shall inform the body awarding the contract of the location of
 the records enumerated under subdivision (a), including the street address, city, and
 county, and shall, within five working days, provide a notice of a change of location
 and address.

(h) The contractor or subcontractor has 10 days in which to comply subsequent to 17 receipt of a written notice requesting the records enumerated in subdivision (a). In 18 the event that the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply within the 10-day 19 period, he or she the contractor or subcontractor shall, as a penalty to the state or 20 political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded, forfeit one 21 hundred dollars (\$100) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker, 22 until strict compliance is effectuated. Upon the request of the Division of Labor 23 Standards Enforcement, these penalties shall be withheld from progress payments 24 then due. A contractor is not subject to a penalty assessment pursuant to this section 25 due to the failure of a subcontractor to comply with this section. 26

(i) The body awarding the contract shall cause to be inserted in the contractstipulations to effectuate this section.

(j) The director shall adopt rules consistent with the California Public Records Act
(Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) and the
Information Practices Act of 1977 (Title 1.8 (commencing with Section 1798) of
Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code) governing the release of these records,
including the establishment of reasonable fees to be charged for reproducing copies
of records required by this section.

Comment. Section 1776 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

38 Reports (2019).

39 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

## 40 § 2810 (amended). Contract for labor or services with construction, farm labor, garment, 41 janitorial, security guard, or warehouse contractor

42 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2810 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

1 2810. (a) A person or entity shall not enter into a contract or agreement for labor 2 or services with a construction, farm labor, garment, janitorial, security guard, or 3 warehouse contractor, where the person or entity knows or should know that the 4 contract or agreement does not include funds sufficient to allow the contractor to 5 comply with all applicable local, state, and federal laws or regulations governing 6 the labor or services to be provided.

7 (b) There is a rebuttable presumption affecting the burden of proof that there has 8 been no violation of subdivision (a) where the contract or agreement with a 9 construction, farm labor, garment, janitorial, security guard, or warehouse 10 contractor meets all of the requirements in subdivision (d).

11 (c) Subdivision (a) does not apply to a person or entity who executes a collective 12 bargaining agreement covering the workers employed under the contract or 13 agreement, or to a person who enters into a contract or agreement for labor or 14 services to be performed on his or her that person's home residences, provided that 15 a family member resides in the residence or residences for which the labor or 16 services are to be performed for at least a part of the year.

(d) To meet the requirements of subdivision (b), a contract or agreement with a
construction, farm labor, garment, janitorial, security guard, or warehouse
contractor for labor or services shall be in writing, in a single document, and contain
all of the following provisions, in addition to any other provisions that may be
required by regulations adopted by the Labor Commissioner from time to time:

(1) The name, address, and telephone number of the person or entity and the
 construction, farm labor, garment, janitorial, security guard, or warehouse
 contractor through whom the labor or services are to be provided.

(2) A description of the labor or services to be provided and a statement of when
 those services are to be commenced and completed.

(3) The employer identification number for state tax purposes of the construction,
 farm labor, garment, janitorial, security guard, or warehouse contractor.

(4) The workers' compensation insurance policy number and the name, address,
and telephone number of the insurance carrier of the construction, farm labor,
garment, janitorial, security guard, or warehouse contractor.

(5) The vehicle identification number of any vehicle that is owned by the construction, farm labor, garment, janitorial, security guard, or warehouse contractor and used for transportation in connection with any service provided pursuant to the contract or agreement, the number of the vehicle liability insurance policy that covers the vehicle, and the name, address, and telephone number of the insurance carrier.

(6) The address of any real property to be used to house workers in connectionwith the contract or agreement.

40 (7) The total number of workers to be employed under the contract or agreement,

the total amount of all wages to be paid, and the date or dates when those wages areto be paid.

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1 (8) The amount of the commission or other payment made to the construction, 2 farm labor, garment, janitorial, security guard, or warehouse contractor for services 3 under the contract or agreement.

(9) The total number of persons who will be utilized under the contract or
agreement as independent contractors, along with a list of the current local, state,
and federal contractor license identification numbers that the independent
contractors are required to have under local, state, or federal laws or regulations.

8 (10) The signatures of all parties, and the date the contract or agreement was 9 signed.

(e)(1) To qualify for the rebuttable presumption set forth in subdivision (b), a
material change to the terms and conditions of a contract or agreement between a
person or entity and a construction, farm labor, garment, janitorial, security guard,
or warehouse contractor must be in writing, in a single document, and contain all of
the provisions listed in subdivision (d) that are affected by the change.

(2) If a provision required to be contained in a contract or agreement pursuant to 15 paragraph (7) or (9) of subdivision (d) is unknown at the time the contract or 16 agreement is executed, the best estimate available at that time is sufficient to satisfy 17 the requirements of subdivision (d). If an estimate is used in place of actual figures 18 in accordance with this paragraph, the parties to the contract or agreement have a 19 continuing duty to ascertain the information required pursuant to paragraph (7) or 20 (9) of subdivision (d) and to reduce that information to writing in accordance with 21 the requirements of paragraph (1) once that information becomes known. 22

(f) A person or entity who enters into a contract or agreement referred to in 23 subdivisions (d) or (e) shall keep a copy of the written contract or agreement for a 24 period of not less than four years following the termination of the contract or 25 agreement. Upon the request of the Labor Commissioner, any person or entity who 26 enters into the contract or agreement shall provide to the Labor Commissioner a 27 copy of the provisions of the contract or agreement, and any other documentation, 28 related to paragraphs (1) to (10), inclusive, of subdivision (d). Documents obtained 29 pursuant to this section are exempt from disclosure under the California Public 30 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 31 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 32

(g)(1) An employee aggrieved by a violation of subdivision (a) may file an action 33 for damages to recover the greater of all of his or her the employee's actual damages 34 or two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per employee per violation for an initial violation 35 and one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per employee for each subsequent violation, and, 36 upon prevailing in an action brought pursuant to this section, may recover costs and 37 reasonable attorney's fees. An action under this section shall not be maintained 38 unless it is pleaded and proved that an employee was injured as a result of a violation 39 of a labor law or regulation in connection with the performance of the contract or 40 agreement. 41

1 (2) An employee aggrieved by a violation of subdivision (a) may also bring an 2 action for injunctive relief and, upon prevailing, may recover costs and reasonable 3 attorney's fees.

(h) The phrase "construction, farm labor, garment, janitorial, security guard, or
warehouse contractor" includes any person, as defined in this code, whether or not
licensed, who is acting in the capacity of a construction, farm labor, garment,
janitorial, security guard, or warehouse contractor.

8 (i)(1) The term "knows" includes the knowledge, arising from familiarity with the 9 normal facts and circumstances of the business activity engaged in, that the contract 10 or agreement does not include funds sufficient to allow the contractor to comply 11 with applicable laws.

(2) The phrase "should know" includes the knowledge of any additional facts or
information that would make a reasonably prudent person undertake to inquire
whether, taken together, the contract or agreement contains sufficient funds to allow
the contractor to comply with applicable laws.

(3) A failure by a person or entity to request or obtain any information from the
 contractor that is required by any applicable statute or by the contract or agreement
 between them, constitutes knowledge of that information for purposes of this
 section.

(j) For the purposes of this section, "warehouse" means a facility the primary
 operation of which is the storage or distribution of general merchandise, refrigerated
 goods, or other products.

23 **Comment.** Section 2810 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_(2019).

26 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

# 8 4600.5 (amended). Certification as health care organization to provide health care to injured employees

29 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 4600.5 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

4600.5. (a) Any health care service plan licensed pursuant to the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act, a disability insurer licensed by the Department of Insurance, or any entity, including, but not limited to, workers' compensation insurers and third-party administrators authorized by the administrative director under subdivision (e), may make written application to the administrative director to become certified as a health care organization to provide health care to injured employees for injuries and diseases compensable under this article.

(b) Each application for certification shall be accompanied by a reasonable fee
 prescribed by the administrative director, sufficient to cover the actual cost of
 processing the application. A certificate is valid for the period that the director may
 prescribe unless sooner revoked or suspended.

(c) If the health care organization is a health care service plan licensed pursuant
 to the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act, and has provided the Managed

1 Care Unit of the Division of Workers' Compensation with the necessary 2 documentation to comply with this subdivision, that organization shall be deemed 3 to be a health care organization able to provide health care pursuant to Section 4 4600.3, without further application duplicating the documentation already filed with 5 the Department of Managed Health Care. These plans shall be required to remain in 6 good standing with the Department of Managed Health Care, and shall meet the 7 following additional requirements:

8 (1) Proposes to provide all medical and health care services that may be required
9 by this article.

10 (2) Provides a program involving cooperative efforts by the employees, the 11 employer, and the health plan to promote workplace health and safety, consultative 12 and other services, and early return to work for injured employees.

(3) Proposes a timely and accurate method to meet the requirements set forth by the administrative director for all carriers of workers' compensation coverage to report necessary information regarding medical and health care service cost and utilization, rates of return to work, average time in medical treatment, and other measures as determined by the administrative director to enable the director to determine the effectiveness of the plan.

(4) Agrees to provide the administrative director with information, reports, and records prepared and submitted to the Department of Managed Health Care in compliance with the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act, relating to financial solvency, provider accessibility, peer review, utilization review, and quality assurance, upon request, if the administrative director determines the information is necessary to verify that the plan is providing medical treatment to injured employees in compliance with the requirements of this code.

Disclosure of peer review proceedings and records to the administrative director shall not alter the status of the proceedings or records as privileged and confidential communications pursuant to Sections 1370 and 1370.1 of the Health and Safety Code.

30 (5) Demonstrates the capability to provide occupational medicine and related31 disciplines.

(6) Complies with any other requirement the administrative director determines is 32 necessary to provide medical services to injured employees consistent with the 33 intent of this article, including, but not limited to, a written patient grievance policy. 34 (d) If the health care organization is a disability insurer licensed by the 35 Department of Insurance, and is in compliance with subdivision (d) of Sections 36 10133 and 10133.5 of the Insurance Code, the administrative director shall certify 37 the organization to provide health care pursuant to Section 4600.3 if the director 38 finds that the plan is in good standing with the Department of Insurance and meets 39 the following additional requirements: 40

(1) Proposes to provide all medical and health care services that may be requiredby this article.

1 (2) Provides a program involving cooperative efforts by the employees, the 2 employer, and the health plan to promote workplace health and safety, consultative 3 and other services, and early return to work for injured employees.

(3) Proposes a timely and accurate method to meet the requirements set forth by
the administrative director for all carriers of workers' compensation coverage to
report necessary information regarding medical and health care service cost and
utilization, rates of return to work, average time in medical treatment, and other
measures as determined by the administrative director to enable the director to
determine the effectiveness of the plan.

10 (4) Agrees to provide the administrative director with information, reports, and 11 records prepared and submitted to the Department of Insurance in compliance with 12 the Insurance Code relating to financial solvency, provider accessibility, peer 13 review, utilization review, and quality assurance, upon request, if the administrative 14 director determines the information is necessary to verify that the plan is providing 15 medical treatment to injured employees consistent with the intent of this article.

Disclosure of peer review proceedings and records to the administrative director shall not alter the status of the proceedings or records as privileged and confidential communications pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 10133 of the Insurance Code.

(5) Demonstrates the capability to provide occupational medicine and relateddisciplines.

(6) Complies with any other requirement the administrative director determines is 22 necessary to provide medical services to injured employees consistent with the 23 intent of this article, including, but not limited to, a written patient grievance policy. 24 (e) If the health care organization is a workers' compensation insurer, third-party 25 administrator, or any other entity that the administrative director determines meets 26 the requirements of Section 4600.6, the administrative director shall certify the 27 organization to provide health care pursuant to Section 4600.3 if the director finds 28 that it meets the following additional requirements: 29

30 (1) Proposes to provide all medical and health care services that may be required31 by this article.

(2) Provides a program involving cooperative efforts by the employees, the
 employer, and the health plan to promote workplace health and safety, consultative
 and other services, and early return to work for injured employees.

(3) Proposes a timely and accurate method to meet the requirements set forth by the administrative director for all carriers of workers' compensation coverage to report necessary information regarding medical and health care service cost and utilization, rates of return to work, average time in medical treatment, and other measures as determined by the administrative director to enable the director to determine the effectiveness of the plan.

(4) Agrees to provide the administrative director with information, reports, and
 records relating to provider accessibility, peer review, utilization review, quality
 assurance, advertising, disclosure, medical and financial audits, and grievance

1 systems, upon request, if the administrative director determines the information is

necessary to verify that the plan is providing medical treatment to injured employees
consistent with the intent of this article.

4 Disclosure of peer review proceedings and records to the administrative director 5 shall not alter the status of the proceedings or records as privileged and confidential 6 communications pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 10133 of the Insurance 7 Code.

8 (5) Demonstrates the capability to provide occupational medicine and related 9 disciplines.

(6) Complies with any other requirement the administrative director determines is
 necessary to provide medical services to injured employees consistent with the
 intent of this article, including, but not limited to, a written patient grievance policy.
 (7) Complies with the following requirements:

(A) An organization certified by the administrative director under this subdivision
 may not provide or undertake to arrange for the provision of health care to
 employees, or to pay for or to reimburse any part of the cost of that health care in
 return for a prepaid or periodic charge paid by or on behalf of those employees.

(B) Every organization certified under this subdivision shall operate on a fee-forservice basis. As used in this section, fee for service refers to the situation where the amount of reimbursement paid by the employer to the organization or providers of health care is determined by the amount and type of health care rendered by the organization or provider of health care.

(C) An organization certified under this subdivision is prohibited from assuming
 risk.

(f)(1) A workers' compensation health care provider organization authorized by
 the Department of Business Oversight on December 31, 1997, shall be eligible for
 certification as a health care organization under subdivision (e).

(2) An entity that had, on December 31, 1997, submitted an application with the Commissioner of Business Oversight under Part 3.2 (commencing with Section 5150) shall be considered an applicant for certification under subdivision (e) and shall be entitled to priority in consideration of its application. The Commissioner of Business Oversight shall provide complete files for all pending applications to the administrative director on or before January 31, 1998.

(g) The provisions of this section shall not affect the confidentiality or admissionin evidence of a claimant's medical treatment records.

(h) Charges for services arranged for or provided by health care service plans
 certified by this section and that are paid on a per-enrollee-periodic-charge basis
 shall not be subject to the schedules adopted by the administrative director pursuant
 to Section 5307.1.

(i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to expand or constrict any
requirements imposed by law on a health care service plan or insurer when operating
as other than a health care organization pursuant to this section.

(j) In consultation with interested parties, including the Department of Business
 Oversight and the Department of Insurance, the administrative director shall adopt
 rules necessary to carry out this section.

(k) The administrative director shall refuse to certify or may revoke or suspend
the certification of any health care organization under this section if the director
finds that:

7 (1) The plan for providing medical treatment fails to meet the requirements of this8 section.

9 (2) A health care service plan licensed by the Department of Managed Health 10 Care, a workers' compensation health care provider organization authorized by the 11 Department of Business Oversight, or a carrier licensed by the Department of 12 Insurance is not in good standing with its licensing agency.

(3) Services under the plan are not being provided in accordance with the termsof a certified plan.

(l)(1) When an injured employee requests chiropractic treatment for work-related 15 injuries, the health care organization shall provide the injured worker with access to 16 the services of a chiropractor pursuant to guidelines for chiropractic care established 17 by paragraph (2). Within five working days of the employee's request to see a 18 chiropractor, the health care organization and any person or entity who directs the 19 kind or manner of health care services for the plan shall refer an injured employee 20 to an affiliated chiropractor for work-related injuries that are within the guidelines 21 for chiropractic care established by paragraph (2). Chiropractic care rendered in 22 accordance with guidelines for chiropractic care established pursuant to paragraph 23 (2) shall be provided by duly licensed chiropractors affiliated with the plan. 24

(2) The health care organization shall establish guidelines for chiropractic care in 25 consultation with affiliated chiropractors who are participants in the health care 26 organization's utilization review process for chiropractic care, which may include 27 qualified medical evaluators knowledgeable in the treatment of chiropractic 28 conditions. The guidelines for chiropractic care shall, at a minimum, explicitly 29 require the referral of any injured employee who so requests to an affiliated 30 chiropractor for the evaluation or treatment, or both, of neuromusculoskeletal 31 conditions. 32

(3) Whenever a dispute concerning the appropriateness or necessity of
chiropractic care for work-related injuries arises, the dispute shall be resolved by
the health care organization's utilization review process for chiropractic care in
accordance with the health care organization's guidelines for chiropractic care
established by paragraph (2).

Chiropractic utilization review for work-related injuries shall be conducted in accordance with the health care organization's approved quality assurance standards and utilization review process for chiropractic care. Chiropractors affiliated with the plan shall have access to the health care organization's provider appeals process and, in the case of chiropractic care for work-related injuries, the review shall include review by a chiropractor affiliated with the health care organization, asdetermined by the health care organization.

3 (4) The health care organization shall inform employees of the procedures for 4 processing and resolving grievances, including those related to chiropractic care,

5 including the location and telephone number where grievances may be submitted.

6 (5) All guidelines for chiropractic care and utilization review shall be consistent 7 with the standards of this code that require care to cure or relieve the effects of the 8 industrial injury.

9 (m) Individually identifiable medical information on patients submitted to the 10 division shall not be subject to the California Public Records Act (<del>Chapter 3.5</del> 11 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 12 <u>Section 7920.000</u>) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(n)(1) When an injured employee requests acupuncture treatment for work-related 13 injuries, the health care organization shall provide the injured worker with access to 14 the services of an acupuncturist pursuant to guidelines for acupuncture care 15 established by paragraph (2). Within five working days of the employee's request 16 to see an acupuncturist, the health care organization and any person or entity who 17 directs the kind or manner of health care services for the plan shall refer an injured 18 employee to an affiliated acupuncturist for work-related injuries that are within the 19 guidelines for acupuncture care established by paragraph (2). Acupuncture care 20 rendered in accordance with guidelines for acupuncture care established pursuant to 21 paragraph (2) shall be provided by duly licensed acupuncturists affiliated with the 22 plan. 23

(2) The health care organization shall establish guidelines for acupuncture care in consultation with affiliated acupuncturists who are participants in the health care organization's utilization review process for acupuncture care, which may include qualified medical evaluators. The guidelines for acupuncture care shall, at a minimum, explicitly require the referral of any injured employee who so requests to an affiliated acupuncturist for the evaluation or treatment, or both, of neuromusculoskeletal conditions.

(3) Whenever a dispute concerning the appropriateness or necessity of acupuncture care for work-related injuries arises, the dispute shall be resolved by the health care organization's utilization review process for acupuncture care in accordance with the health care organization's guidelines for acupuncture care established by paragraph (2).

Acupuncture utilization review for work-related injuries shall be conducted in accordance with the health care organization's approved quality assurance standards and utilization review process for acupuncture care. Acupuncturists affiliated with the plan shall have access to the health care organization's provider appeals process and, in the case of acupuncture care for work-related injuries, the review shall include review by an acupuncturist affiliated with the health care organization, as determined by the health care organization. 1 (4) The health care organization shall inform employees of the procedures for 2 processing and resolving grievances, including those related to acupuncture care, 3 including the location and telephone number where grievances may be submitted.

4 (5) All guidelines for acupuncture care and utilization review shall be consistent

5 with the standards of this code that require care to cure or relieve the effects of the 6 industrial injury.

Comment. Section 4600.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

9 Reports (2019).

#### 10 § 4610 (amended). Utilization review and medical treatment

11 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 4610 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

4610. (a) For purposes of this section, "utilization review" means utilization review or utilization management functions that prospectively, retrospectively, or concurrently review and approve, modify, or deny, based in whole or in part on medical necessity to cure and relieve, treatment recommendations by physicians, as defined in Section 3209.3, prior to, retrospectively, or concurrent with the provision of medical treatment services pursuant to Section 4600.

(b) For all dates of injury occurring on or after January 1, 2018, emergency 18 treatment services and medical treatment rendered for a body part or condition that 19 is accepted as compensable by the employer and is addressed by the medical 20 treatment utilization schedule adopted pursuant to Section 5307.7, by a member of 21 the medical provider network or health care organization, or by a physician 22 predesignated pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 4600, within the 30 days 23 following the initial date of injury, shall be authorized without prospective 24 utilization review, except as provided in subdivision (c). The services rendered 25 under this subdivision shall be consistent with the medical treatment utilization 26 schedule. In the event that the employee is not subject to treatment with a medical 27 provider network, health care organization, or predesignated physician pursuant to 28 subdivision (d) of Section 4600, the employee shall be eligible for treatment under 29 this section within 30 days following the initial date of injury if the treatment is 30 rendered by a physician or facility selected by the employer. For treatment rendered 31 by a medical provider network physician, health care organization physician, a 32 physician predesignated pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 4600, or an 33 employer-selected physician, the report required under Section 6409 and a complete 34 request for authorization shall be submitted by the physician within five days 35 following the employee's initial visit and evaluation. 36

(c) Unless authorized by the employer or rendered as emergency medical
treatment, the following medical treatment services, as defined in rules adopted by
the administrative director, that are rendered through a member of the medical
provider network or health care organization, a predesignated physician, an
employer-selected physician, or an employer-selected facility, within the 30 days

following the initial date of injury, shall be subject to prospective utilization reviewunder this section:

3 (1) Pharmaceuticals, to the extent they are neither expressly exempted from 4 prospective review nor authorized by the drug formulary adopted pursuant to

5 Section 5307.27.

6 (2) Nonemergency inpatient and outpatient surgery, including all presurgical and
 7 postsurgical services.

8 (3) Psychological treatment services.

9 (4) Home health care services.

10 (5) Imaging and radiology services, excluding X-rays.

11 (6) All durable medical equipment, whose combined total value exceeds two 12 hundred fifty dollars (\$250), as determined by the official medical fee schedule.

(7) Electrodiagnostic medicine, including, but not limited to, electromyographyand nerve conduction studies.

15 (8) Any other service designated and defined through rules adopted by the 16 administrative director.

(d)(1) Except for emergency treatment services, any request for payment for
treatment provided under subdivision (b) shall comply with Section 4603.2 and be
submitted to the employer, or its insurer or claims administrator, within 30 days of
the date the service was provided.

(2)(A) In the case of emergency treatment services, any request for payment for
 treatment provided under subdivision (b) shall comply with Section 4603.2 and be
 submitted to the employer, or its insurer or claims administrator, within 180 days of
 the date the service was provided.

(B) For the purposes of this subdivision, "emergency treatment services" means
treatment for an emergency medical condition defined in subdivision (b) of Section
1317.1 of the Health and Safety Code and provided in a licensed general acute care
hospital, as defined in Section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code.

(e) If a physician fails to submit the report required under Section 6409 and a
 complete request for authorization, as described in subdivision (b), an employer may
 remove the physician's ability under this subdivision to provide further medical
 treatment to the employee that is exempt from prospective utilization review.

(f) An employer may perform retrospective utilization review for any treatment
 provided pursuant to subdivision (b) solely for the purpose of determining if the
 physician is prescribing treatment consistent with the schedule for medical
 treatment utilization, including, but not limited to, the drug formulary adopted
 pursuant to Section 5307.27.

(1) If it is found after retrospective utilization reviews that there is a pattern and practice of the physician or provider failing to render treatment consistent with the schedule for medical treatment utilization, including the drug formulary, the employer may remove the ability of the predesignated physician, employer-selected physician, or the member of the medical provider network or health care organization under this subdivision to provide further medical treatment to any employee that is exempt from prospective utilization review. The employer shall notify the physician or provider of the results of the retrospective utilization review and the requirement for prospective utilization review for all subsequent medical treatment.

5 (2) The results of retrospective utilization review may constitute a showing of 6 good cause for an employer's petition requesting a change of physician or provider 7 pursuant to Section 4603 and may serve as grounds for termination of the physician 8 or provider from the medical provider network or health care organization.

9 (g) Each employer shall establish a utilization review process in compliance with 10 this section, either directly or through its insurer or an entity with which an employer 11 or insurer contracts for these services.

12 (1) Each utilization review process that modifies or denies requests for 13 authorization of medical treatment shall be governed by written policies and 14 procedures. These policies and procedures shall ensure that decisions based on the 15 medical necessity to cure and relieve of proposed medical treatment services are 16 consistent with the schedule for medical treatment utilization, including the drug 17 formulary, adopted pursuant to Section 5307.27.

(2)(A) Unless otherwise indicated in this section, a physician providing treatment 18 under Section 4600 shall send any request for authorization for medical treatment, 19 with supporting documentation, to the claims administrator for the employer, 20 insurer, or other entity according to rules adopted by the administrative director. 21 The employer, insurer, or other entity shall employ or designate a medical director 22 who holds an unrestricted license to practice medicine in this state issued pursuant 23 to Section 2050 or 2450 of the Business and Professions Code. The medical director 24 shall ensure that the process by which the employer or other entity reviews and 25 approves, modifies, or denies requests by physicians prior to, retrospectively, or 26 concurrent with the provision of medical treatment services complies with the 27 requirements of this section. This section does not limit the existing authority of the 28 Medical Board of California. 29

(B) A request for authorization, including its supporting documentation, shall not
 be altered or amended by any entity other than the requesting physician or provider
 prior to the submission of the request to the claims administrator in accordance with
 subparagraph (A). This subparagraph is declaratory of existing law.

(3)(A) A person other than a licensed physician who is competent to evaluate the
specific clinical issues involved in the medical treatment services, if these services
are within the scope of the physician's practice, requested by the physician, shall
not modify or deny requests for authorization of medical treatment for reasons of
medical necessity to cure and relieve or due to incomplete or insufficient
information under subdivisions (i) and (j).

(B)(i) The employer, or any entity conducting utilization review on behalf of the
 employer, shall neither offer nor provide any financial incentive or consideration to
 a physician based on the number of modifications or denials made by the physician
 under this section.

(ii) An insurer or third-party administrator shall not refer utilization review
 services conducted on behalf of an employer under this section to an entity in which
 the insurer or third-party administrator has a financial interest as defined under
 Section 139.32. This prohibition does not apply if the insurer or third-party
 administrator provides the employer and the administrative director with prior
 written disclosure of both of the following:

7 (I) The entity conducting the utilization review services.

8 (II) The insurer or third-party administrator's financial interest in the entity.

(C) The administrative director has authority pursuant to this section to review 9 any compensation agreement, payment schedule, or contract between the employer, 10 or any entity conducting utilization review on behalf of the employer, and the 11 utilization review physician. Any information disclosed to the administrative 12 director pursuant to this paragraph shall be considered confidential information and 13 not subject to disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 14 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 15 Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code). Disclosure of the information 16 to the administrative director pursuant to this subdivision shall not waive the 17 provisions of the Evidence Code relating to privilege. 18

(4) A utilization review process that modifies or denies requests for authorization 19 of medical treatment shall be accredited on or before July 1, 2018, and shall retain 20 active accreditation while providing utilization review services, by an independent, 21 nonprofit organization to certify that the utilization review process meets specified 22 criteria, including, but not limited to, timeliness in issuing a utilization review 23 decision, the scope of medical material used in issuing a utilization review decision, 24 peer-to-peer consultation, internal appeal procedure, and requiring a policy 25 preventing financial incentives to doctors and other providers based on the 26 utilization review decision. The administrative director shall adopt rules to 27 implement the selection of an independent, nonprofit organization for those 28 accreditation purposes. Until those rules are adopted, the administrative director 29 shall designate URAC as the accrediting organization. The administrative director 30 may adopt rules to do any of the following: 31

(A) Require additional specific criteria for measuring the quality of a utilization
 review process for purposes of accreditation.

(B) Exempt nonprofit, public sector internal utilization review programs from the
 accreditation requirement pursuant to this section, if the administrative director has
 adopted minimum standards applicable to nonprofit, public sector internal
 utilization review programs that meet or exceed the accreditation standards
 developed pursuant to this section.

(5) On or before July 1, 2018, each employer, either directly or through its insurer
or an entity with which an employer or insurer contracts for utilization review
services, shall submit a description of the utilization review process that modifies
or denies requests for authorization of medical treatment and the written policies
and procedures to the administrative director for approval. Approved utilization

1 review process descriptions and the accompanying written policies and procedures

2 shall be disclosed by the employer to employees and physicians and made available

to the public by posting on the employer's, claims administrator's, or utilization
review organization's internet website.

(h) The criteria or guidelines used in the utilization review process to determine
whether to approve, modify, or deny medical treatment services shall be all of the
following:

8 (1) Developed with involvement from actively practicing physicians.

9 (2) Consistent with the schedule for medical treatment utilization, including the 10 drug formulary, adopted pursuant to Section 5307.27.

11 (3) Evaluated at least annually, and updated if necessary.

(4) Disclosed to the physician and the employee, if used as the basis of a decisionto modify or deny services in a specified case under review.

(5) Available to the public upon request. An employer shall only be required to disclose the criteria or guidelines for the specific procedures or conditions requested. An employer may charge members of the public reasonable copying and postage expenses related to disclosing criteria or guidelines pursuant to this paragraph. Criteria or guidelines may also be made available through electronic means. A charge shall not be required for an employee whose physician's request for medical treatment services is under review.

(i) In determining whether to approve, modify, or deny requests by physicians
 prior to, retrospectively, or concurrent with the provisions of medical treatment
 services to employees, all of the following requirements shall be met:

(1) Except for treatment requests made pursuant to the formulary, prospective or 24 concurrent decisions shall be made in a timely fashion that is appropriate for the 25 nature of the employee's condition, not to exceed five normal business days from 26 the receipt of a request for authorization for medical treatment and supporting 27 information reasonably necessary to make the determination, but in no event more 28 than 14 days from the date of the medical treatment recommendation by the 29 physician. Prospective decisions regarding requests for treatment covered by the 30 formulary shall be made no more than five normal business days from the date of 31 receipt of the medical treatment request. The request for authorization and 32 supporting documentation may be submitted electronically under rules adopted by 33 the administrative director. 34

(2) In cases where the review is retrospective, a decision resulting in denial of all or part of the medical treatment service shall be communicated to the individual who received services, or to the individual's designee, within 30 days of the receipt of the information that is reasonably necessary to make this determination. If payment for a medical treatment service is made within the time prescribed by Section 4603.2, a retrospective decision to approve the service need not otherwise be communicated.

42 (3) If the employee's condition is one in which the employee faces an imminent43 and serious threat to the employee's health, including, but not limited to, the

1 potential loss of life, limb, or other major bodily function, or the normal timeframe

2 for the decisionmaking process, as described in paragraph (1), would be detrimental

3 to the employee's life or health or could jeopardize the employee's ability to regain

maximum function, decisions to approve, modify, or deny requests by physicians
prior to, or concurrent with, the provision of medical treatment services to
employees shall be made in a timely fashion that is appropriate for the nature of the
employee's condition, but not to exceed 72 hours after the receipt of the information

8 reasonably necessary to make the determination.

9 (4)(A) Final decisions to approve, modify, or deny requests by physicians for 10 authorization prior to, or concurrent with, the provision of medical treatment 11 services to employees shall be communicated to the requesting physician within 24 12 hours of the decision by telephone, facsimile, or, if agreed to by the parties, secure 13 email.

(B) Decisions resulting in modification or denial of all or part of the requested health care service shall be communicated in writing to the employee, and to the physician if the initial communication under subparagraph (A) was by telephone, within 24 hours for concurrent review, or within two normal business days of the decision for prospective review, as prescribed by the administrative director. If the request is modified or denied, disputes shall be resolved in accordance with Section 4610.5, if applicable, or otherwise in accordance with Section 4062.

(C) In the case of concurrent review, medical care shall not be discontinued until 21 the employee's physician has been notified of the decision and a care plan has been 22 agreed upon by the physician that is appropriate for the medical needs of the 23 employee. Medical care provided during a concurrent review shall be care that is 24 medically necessary to cure and relieve, and an insurer or self-insured employer 25 shall only be liable for those services determined medically necessary to cure and 26 relieve. If the insurer or self-insured employer disputes whether or not one or more 27 services offered concurrently with a utilization review were medically necessary to 28 cure and relieve, the dispute shall be resolved pursuant to Section 4610.5, if 29 applicable, or otherwise pursuant to Section 4062. A compromise between the 30 parties that an insurer or self-insured employer believes may result in payment for 31 services that were not medically necessary to cure and relieve shall be reported by 32 the insurer or the self-insured employer to the licensing board of the provider or 33 providers who received the payments, in a manner set forth by the respective board 34 and in a way that minimizes reporting costs both to the board and to the insurer or 35 self-insured employer, for evaluation as to possible violations of the statutes 36 governing appropriate professional practices. Fees shall not be levied upon insurers 37 or self-insured employers making reports required by this section. 38

(5) Communications regarding decisions to approve requests by physicians shall specify the specific medical treatment service approved. Responses regarding decisions to modify or deny medical treatment services requested by physicians shall include a clear and concise explanation of the reasons for the employer's decision, a description of the criteria or guidelines used, and the clinical reasons for

- 1 the decisions regarding medical necessity. If a utilization review decision to deny a
- 2 medical service is due to incomplete or insufficient information, the decision shall
- 3 specify all of the following:
- 4 (A) The reason for the decision.
- 5 (B) A specific description of the information that is needed.
- 6 (C) The date and time of attempts made to contact the physician to obtain the 7 necessary information.
- 8 (D) A description of the manner in which the request was communicated.
- (j)(1) Unless otherwise indicated in this section, a physician providing treatment 9 under Section 4600 shall send any request for authorization for medical treatment, 10 with supporting documentation, to the claims administrator for the employer, 11 insurer, or other entity according to rules adopted by the administrative director. If 12 an employer, insurer, or other entity subject to this section requests medical 13 information from a physician in order to determine whether to approve, modify, or 14 deny requests for authorization, that employer, insurer, or other entity shall request 15 only the information reasonably necessary to make the determination. 16
- (2) If the employer, insurer, or other entity cannot make a decision within the 17 timeframes specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subdivision (i) because the 18 employer or other entity is not in receipt of, or in possession of, all of the information 19 reasonably necessary to make a determination, the employer shall immediately 20 notify the physician and the employee, in writing, that the employer cannot make a 21 decision within the required timeframe, and specify the information that must be 22 provided by the physician for a determination to be made. Upon receipt of all 23 information reasonably necessary and requested by the employer, the employer shall 24 approve, modify, or deny the request for authorization within the timeframes 25 specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subdivision (i). 26
- (k) A utilization review decision to modify or deny a treatment recommendation shall remain effective for 12 months from the date of the decision without further action by the employer with regard to a further recommendation by the same physician, or another physician within the requesting physician's practice group, for the same treatment unless the further recommendation is supported by a documented change in the facts material to the basis of the utilization review decision.
- (*l*) Utilization review of a treatment recommendation shall not be required while
   the employer is disputing liability for injury or treatment of the condition for which
   treatment is recommended pursuant to Section 4062.
- (m) If utilization review is deferred pursuant to subdivision (l), and it is finally 36 determined that the employer is liable for treatment of the condition for which 37 treatment is recommended, the time for the employer to conduct retrospective 38 utilization review in accordance with paragraph (2) of subdivision (i) shall begin on 39 the date the determination of the employer's liability becomes final, and the time 40 for the employer to conduct prospective utilization review shall commence from the 41 date of the employer's receipt of a treatment recommendation after the 42 determination of the employer's liability. 43

(n) Each employer, insurer, or other entity subject to this section shall maintain
telephone access during California business hours for physicians to request
authorization for health care services and to conduct peer-to-peer discussions
regarding issues, including the appropriateness of a requested treatment,
modification of a treatment request, or obtaining additional information needed to
make a medical necessity decision.

(o) The administrative director shall develop a system for the mandatory 7 electronic reporting of documents related to every utilization review performed by 8 each employer, which shall be administered by the Division of Workers' 9 Compensation. The administrative director shall adopt regulations specifying the 10 documents to be submitted by the employer and the authorized transmission format 11 and timeframe for their submission. For purposes of this subdivision, "employer" 12 means the employer, the insurer of an insured employer, a claims administrator, or 13 a utilization review organization, or other entity acting on behalf of any of them. 14

(p) If the administrative director determines that the employer, insurer, or other 15 entity subject to this section has failed to meet any of the timeframes in this section, 16 or has failed to meet any other requirement of this section, the administrative 17 director may assess, by order, administrative penalties for each failure. A 18 proceeding for the issuance of an order assessing administrative penalties shall be 19 subject to appropriate notice to, and an opportunity for a hearing with regard to, the 20 person affected. The administrative penalties shall not be deemed to be an exclusive 21 remedy for the administrative director. These penalties shall be deposited in the 22 Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund. 23

(q) The administrative director shall contract with an outside, independent
research organization on or after March 1, 2019, to evaluate the impact of the
provision of medical treatment within the first 30 days after a claim is filed, for a
claim filed on or after January 1, 2017, and before January 1, 2019. The report shall
be provided to the administrative director, the Senate Committee on Labor and
Industrial Relations, and the Assembly Committee on Insurance before January 1,
2020.

Comment. Section 4610 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

33 Reports (2019).

#### 34 § 6322 (amended). Trade secrets and other confidential information

35 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6322 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

6322. All information reported to or otherwise obtained by the chief or his representatives <u>of the chief</u> in connection with any inspection or proceeding of the

division which that contains or which that might reveal a trade secret referred to in

39 Section 1905 of Title 18 of the United States Code, or other information that is

40 confidential pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division

40 Confidential pursuant to Chapter 5.5 (confidencing with Section 6250) of Division 41 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government

41 7 <u>Division to (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of the 1 of the Government 42 Code, shall be considered confidential, except that such this information may be 1 disclosed to other officers or employees of the division concerned with carrying out

2 the purposes of the division or when relevant in any proceeding of the division. The

3 appeals board, standards board, the courts, or the director shall in <del>any such</del> <u>that type</u>

4 <u>of</u> proceeding issue <del>such</del> orders as may be appropriate to protect the confidentiality

5 of trade secrets. Violation of this section is a misdemeanor.

6 **Comment.** Section 6322 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

9

The section is also amended to make it gender neutral and make other technical changes.

### 10 § 6396 (amended). Trade secrets obtained by Director of Industrial Relations

11 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6396 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

6396. (a) The Director of Industrial Relations shall protect from disclosure any
and all trade secrets coming into his or her the director's possession, as defined in
subdivision (d) of Section 6254.7 subdivision (f) of Section 7924.510 of the
Government Code, when requested in writing or by appropriate stamping or
marking of documents by the manufacturer or producer of a mixture.

(b) Any information reported to or otherwise obtained by the Director of 17 Industrial Relations, or any of his or her the director's representatives or employees, 18 which is exempt from disclosure under subdivision (a), shall not be disclosed to 19 anyone except an officer or employee of the state or of the United States of America, 20 in connection with the official duties of that officer or employee under any law for 21 the protection of health, or to contractors with the state and their employees if in the 22 opinion of the director the disclosure is necessary and required for the satisfactory 23 performance of a contract for performance of work in connection with this act. 24

(c) Any officer or employee of the state, or former officer or employee, who by 25 virtue of that employment or official position has obtained possession of or has 26 access to material the disclosure of which is prohibited by this section, and who, 27 knowing that disclosure of the material is prohibited, knowingly and willfully 28 discloses the material in any manner to any person not entitled to receive it, is guilty 29 of a misdemeanor. Any contractor with the state and any employee of that 30 contractor, who has been furnished information as authorized by this section, shall 31 be considered to be an employee of the state for purposes of this section. 32

(d) Information certified to by appropriate officials of the United States, as
 necessarily kept secret for national defense purposes, shall be accorded the full
 protections against disclosure as specified by that official or in accordance with the
 laws of the United States.

(e)(1) The director, upon his or her the director's own initiative, or upon receipt
of a request pursuant to the California Public Records Act, (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Act (Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) Code), for the release of data
submitted and designated as a trade secret by an employer, manufacturer, or

producer of a mixture, shall determine whether any or all of the data so submitted
are a properly designated trade secret.

3 (2) If the director determines that the data is not a trade secret, the director shall
4 notify the employer, manufacturer, or producer of a mixture by certified mail.

5 (3) The employer, manufacturer, or producer of a mixture shall have 15 days after 6 receipt of notification to provide the director with a complete justification and 7 statement of the grounds on which the trade secret privilege is claimed. This 8 justification and statement shall be submitted by certified mail.

(4) The director shall determine whether the data are protected as a trade secret 9 within 15 days after receipt of the justification and statement, or if no justification 10 and statement is filed, within 30 days of the original notice, and shall notify the 11 employer or manufacturer and any party who has requested the data pursuant to the 12 California Public Records Act of that determination by certified mail. If the director 13 determines that the data are not protected as a trade secret, the final notice shall also 14 specify a date, not sooner than 15 days after the date of mailing of the final notice, 15 when the data shall be available to the public. 16

17 (5) Prior to the date specified in the final notice, an employer, manufacturer, or 18 producer of a mixture may institute an action in an appropriate superior court for a 19 declaratory judgment as to whether the data are subjected to protection under 20 subdivision (a).

21 (f) This section does not authorize a manufacturer to refuse to disclose 22 information required pursuant to this chapter to the director.

Comment. Section 6396 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

25 Reports (2019).

26 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and correct a punctuation error.

#### 27 § 7873 (amended). Information identified as trade secret by petroleum refinery employer

28 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7873 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

7873. (a) As used in this section, "trade secret" means a trade secret as defined in 29 subdivision (d) of Section 6254.7 subdivision (f) of Section 7924.510 of the 30 Government Code or Section 1061 of the Evidence Code, and shall include the 31 schedule submitted to the division pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 7872 of 32 this code, and the scheduling, duration, layout, configuration, and type of work to 33 be performed during a turnaround. Upon completion of a turnaround, the scheduling 34 and duration of that turnaround shall no longer be considered a trade secret. The 35 wages, hours, benefits, job classifications, and training standards for employees 36 performing work for petroleum refinery employers is not a trade secret. 37

(b)(1) If a petroleum refinery employer believes that information submitted to the division pursuant to Section 7872 may involve the release of a trade secret, the petroleum refinery employer shall nevertheless provide this information to the division. The petroleum refinery employer may, at the time of submission, identify all or a portion of the information submitted to the division as trade secret and, to the extent feasible, segregate records designated as trade secret from the otherrecords.

3 (2) Subject to subdivisions (c), (d), and (g), the division shall not release to the 4 public any information designated as a trade secret by the petroleum refinery 5 employer pursuant to paragraph (1).

6 (c)(1) Upon the receipt of a request for the release of information to the public 7 that includes information that the petroleum refinery employer has notified the 8 division is a trade secret pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), the division 9 shall notify the petroleum refinery employer in writing of the request by certified 10 mail, return receipt requested.

11 (2) The division shall release the requested information to the public, unless both 12 of the following occur:

(A) Within 30 days of receipt of the notice of the request for information, the
 petroleum refinery employer files an action in an appropriate court for a declaratory
 judgment that the information is subject to protection as a trade secret, as defined in
 subdivision (a), and promptly notifies the division of that action.

(B) Within 120 days of receipt of the notice of the request for information, the
 petroleum refinery employer obtains an order prohibiting disclosure of the
 information to the public and promptly notifies the division of that action.

(3) This subdivision shall not be construed to allow a petroleum refinery employer
 to refuse to disclose the information required pursuant to this section to the division.

(d) Except as provided in subdivision (c), any information that has been
designated as a trade secret by a petroleum refinery employer shall not be released
to any member of the public, except that such the information may be disclosed to
other officers or employees of the division when relevant in any proceeding of the
division.

(e)(1) The petroleum refinery employer filing an action pursuant to paragraph (2) 27 of subdivision (c) shall provide notice of the action to the person requesting the 28 release of the information at the same time that the defendant in the action is served. 29 (2) A person who has requested the release of information that includes 30 information that the petroleum refinery employer has notified the division is a trade 31 secret pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) may intervene in an action by the 32 petroleum refinery employer filed pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (c). The 33 court shall permit that person to intervene. 34

(f) The public agency shall not bear the court costs for any party named inlitigation filed pursuant to this section.

(g) This section shall not be construed to prohibit the exchange of trade secrets
between local, state, or federal public agencies or state officials when those trade
secrets are relevant and reasonably necessary to the exercise of their authority.

(h) If the person requesting the release of information identified by a petroleum
refinery employer as a trade secret files an action against the division to order
disclosure of that information, the division shall promptly notify the petroleum
refinery employer in writing of the action by certified mail, return receipt requested.

1 The petroleum refinery employer may intervene in an action filed by the person

2 requesting the release of trade secrets identified by the petroleum refinery employer.

3 The court shall permit the petroleum refinery employer to intervene.

4 (i) An officer or employee of the division who, by virtue of that employment or

5 official position, has possession of, or has access to, trade secret information, and

6 who, knowing that disclosure of the information to the general public is prohibited

7 by this section, knowingly and willfully discloses the information in any manner to

a person he or she that the officer or employee knows is not entitled to receive it, is
guilty of a misdemeanor. A contractor with the division and an employee of the

9 guilty of a misdemeanor. A contractor with the division and an employee of the 10 contractor, who has been furnished information as authorized by this section, shall

11 be considered an employee of the division for purposes of this section.

12 **Comment.** Section 7873 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

15 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

#### 16

### MILITARY AND VETERANS CODE

### 17 § 55 (amended). Inspector general

18 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 55 of the Military and Veterans Code is amended to read:

19 55. (a) A person serving in the position of inspector general shall satisfy all of the 20 following requirements:

(1) Be appointed by the Governor, with consideration of the recommendation of
 the Adjutant General and notification to the Senate Committee on Rules, and shall
 serve a four-year term from the effective date of appointment. The inspector general
 may not be removed from office during that term, except for good cause. An
 inspector general may not serve more than two consecutive terms.

(2) Meet the same qualifications established in this code for the Assistant Adjutant
 General.

(3) Be an advisor to the Governor and responsive to the Adjutant General and
 serve on state active duty at the grade of O-6 or higher.

30 (b)(1) The inspector general may not serve as the Adjutant General or the 31 Assistant Adjutant General for four years from the date of leaving the position of 32 inspector general.

(2) A commissioned officer on state active duty appointed to the position of
 inspector general who, immediately prior to that duty, held a permanent state active
 duty position shall remain on state active duty upon vacating the inspector general
 position.

37 (3) The inspector general, as soon as able after their appointment, shall attend the
 38 Department of Defense Inspector General School.

39 (c) The department shall, from the amount annually appropriated to it for purposes

40 of this office, continue to fund the position of inspector general.

1 (d) The inspector general shall have access to all employees and documents of the 2 department.

3 (e) The inspector general may receive communications from any person,
4 including, but not limited to, any member of the department.

(f) The inspector general shall, at a minimum, continue to perform the functions
of inspections, assistance, investigations, and teaching and training. The functions
of the inspector general shall be performed in accordance with applicable service
laws, rules, and regulations governing federal inspectors general.

9 (g) The inspector general shall continue to maintain a toll-free public telephone 10 number and an internet website to receive complaints and allegations, including, but 11 not limited to, those described in subdivision (h) or the California Military 12 Whistleblower Protection Act. The inspector general shall continue to post the 13 telephone number and internet website in clear view at every California National 14 Guard armory, flight facility, airfield, or installation.

(h)(1) At the discretion of the inspector general or the Adjutant General, or upon
a written request by the Governor, a Member of the Legislature, any member of the
department, or any member of the public, the inspector general shall, in compliance
with Army Regulation 20-1 or any subsequent regulation governing activities and
procedures of the inspector general, expeditiously investigate any complaint or
allegation regarding the following:

(A) A violation of law, including, but not limited to, regulations, the Uniform
 Code of Military Justice, and any law prohibiting sexual harassment or unlawful
 discrimination.

(B) Gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, or a
 substantial and specified danger to the public health or safety.

(2)(A) For all written requests submitted by a Member of the Legislature, the inspector general shall respond in writing with the inspector general's findings. The response shall contain only that information that may be lawfully disclosed, and, if a complaint or allegation is at issue, the response shall contain, at a minimum, information regarding whether the complaint or allegation was unfounded or sustained.

32 (B) If the inspector general conducts an investigation at the request of a Member 33 of the Legislature, the inspector general shall submit to that member a report of the 34 inspector general's findings of that investigation. The report shall contain only 35 information that may be lawfully disclosed, and shall contain, at a minimum, 36 information regarding whether the complaint or allegations were unfounded or 37 sustained.

(3) The inspector general shall notify a person who submitted a request for
investigation pursuant to paragraph (1) of the results of the investigation, with
respect to those issues and allegations directly pertaining to, or made by, the person.
(4)(A) A request described in paragraph (1) is not a public record and is not
subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act set forth in Chapter

3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
 Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

(B) The inspector general shall not disclose to any person or entity the identity of a person making a written request or an allegation or complaint described in paragraph (1), unless the person making the request, allegation, or complaint has consented to the disclosure in writing.

(5)(A) When deemed appropriate by the inspector general, the inspector general
may refer to the Chief of the National Guard Bureau any complaints or allegations
described in paragraph (1), any violations of the Uniform Code of Military Justice,
or any violations of any other state or federal law.

(B) When deemed appropriate by the inspector general, the inspector general may
 refer to the State Auditor any complaints or allegations described in subparagraph
 (B) of paragraph (1) or any violation of state or federal law.

(i) If the inspector general receives, or becomes aware of, an allegation, 14 complaint, or misconduct regarding the Adjutant General or the Assistant Adjutant 15 General, the inspector general shall immediately refer the matter to the Chief of the 16 National Guard Bureau and the Governor for review. The inspector general, by 17 order of the Governor, shall conduct an investigation regarding the allegations 18 concerning the Adjutant General or the Assistant Adjutant General concurrently 19 with any federal investigation where appropriate. The inspector general shall report 20 the findings to the Governor under this subdivision. 21

(j) If the inspector general receives, or becomes aware of, an allegation,
 complaint, or instance of misconduct regarding an inspector general, the inspector
 general shall immediately refer the allegation, by rapid and confidential means, to
 the Governor and the next higher echelon inspector general for appropriate action
 within 10 working days after receipt.

(k) Any allegation presented to the inspector general against a person recognized 27 by the federal government as grade E-8 or E-9, or against any officer recognized by 28 the federal government as a rank of major through colonel, that resulted in the 29 initiation of an inspector general investigation or investigative inquiry or a 30 command-directed action, such as an investigation pursuant to Army Regulation 15-31 6, commander's inquiry, or referral to the United States Army Criminal 32 Investigation Command, shall be reported to the inspector general of the 33 Department of the Army or the inspector general of the Department of the Air Force, 34 as appropriate, and the Adjutant General within 10 working days after receipt. 35

(1) Any allegation presented to the inspector general against a person not 36 recognized by the federal government as grade E-8, E-9, or against any officer not 37 recognized by the federal government as a rank of major through colonel, that 38 resulted in the initiation of an inspector general investigation or investigative inquiry 39 or a command-directed action, such as an investigation pursuant to Army 40 Regulation 15-6, commander's inquiry, or referral to the United States Army 41 Criminal Investigation Command, shall be reported to the Governor and the 42 Adjutant General within 10 working days after receipt. 43

1 (m) Any allegation presented to the inspector general against general officers or

2 brigadier general selectees shall be reported, by rapid and confidential means, to the

3 Governor and the Adjutant General within 10 working days after receipt.

(n)(1)(A) The inspector general shall, on or before July 1, 2013, and on or before 4 July 1 each year thereafter, submit a report to the Governor, the Legislature, the 5 Senate Committee on Veterans Affairs, and the Assembly Committee on Veterans 6 Affairs. The report shall include, but not be limited to, a description of significant 7 problems discovered by the office and a summary of investigations conducted by 8 the office during the previous year. Upon submitting the report to the Governor, the 9 Legislature, the Senate Committee on Veterans Affairs, and the Assembly 10 Committee on Veterans Affairs the report shall be made available to the public and 11 posted on the office's internet website. 12

(B) A report to be submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be submitted in
 compliance with Section 9795 of the Government Code.

(2) Upon the completion of an investigation conducted by the inspector general 15 pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (h) or Section 56, the inspector general 16 shall also prepare and issue on a quarterly basis a public report that includes all 17 investigations completed in the previous quarter. The inspector general shall submit 18 a copy of the quarterly report to the Legislature, the Senate Committee on Veterans 19 Affairs, and the Assembly Committee on Veterans Affairs. The inspector general 20 shall have the discretion to redact or otherwise protect the names of individuals, 21 specific locations, or other facts that, if not redacted, might hinder prosecution under 22 state or federal law or the Uniform Code of Military Justice related to the 23 investigation, or where disclosure of the information is otherwise prohibited by law, 24 and to decline to produce any of the underlying materials. In a case where 25 allegations were deemed to be unfounded, all applicable identifying information 26 shall be redacted. Each quarterly report shall be made available to the public and 27 posted on the office's internet website. 28

29 (*o*) For purposes of this section, all of the following shall apply:

30 (1) "Department" means the Military Department.

31 (2) "Inspector general" means the California Military Department Inspector32 General.

(3) "Member of the department" means the Adjutant General, any person under
the command of the Adjutant General, any person employed by the department,
including, but not limited to, any service member or employee of the office of the
Adjutant General, the California National Guard, the State Military Reserve, the
California Cadet Corps, or the Naval Militia, any person on state active duty, any
person with a state commission, or any civil service or part-time employee of the

40 (4) "Office" means the Office of the California Military Department Inspector41 General.

Comment. Section 55 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 1

- 2 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 3

Reports (2019). § 56 (amended). California Military Whistleblower Protection Act 4 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 56 of the Military and Veterans Code is amended to read: 5 56. (a) This section shall be known, and may be cited, as the "California Military 6 Whistleblower Protection Act." 7 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, a person shall not do any of the following: 8 (1)(A) Restrict a member of the department from communicating with a Member 9 of Congress, the Governor, a Member of the Legislature, or any state or federal 10 11 inspector general. (B) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to a communication that is unlawful. 12 (2) Take, or threaten to take, an unfavorable personnel action, or withhold, or 13 threaten to withhold, a favorable personnel action, as a reprisal against a member of 14 the department for making a communication to any person, including, but not 15 limited to, any of the following: 16 (A) A Member of Congress. 17 (B) The Governor. 18 (C) A Member of the Legislature. 19 (D) The inspector general. 20 (E) The State Auditor. 21 (F) A federal inspector general or any other inspector general appointed under the 22 Inspector General Act of 1978. 23 (G) Any member of a Department of Defense audit, inspection, investigation, or 24 law enforcement organization. 25 (H) Any local, state, or federal law enforcement agency. 26 (I) Any person or organization in the chain of command of the department. 27 (J) Any other person or organization designated pursuant to regulation or any 28 other established administrative procedures for such communications of this type. 29 (c) Notwithstanding any other law, if a member of the department submits to an 30 inspector general an allegation that a personnel action prohibited by paragraph (2) 31 of subdivision (b) has been taken or has been threatened to be taken against the 32 member of the department, the inspector general shall take action as provided by 33 subdivision (d). 34 35 (d) An inspector general receiving an allegation pursuant to subdivision (c) shall do all of the following: 36 (1) Expeditiously determine whether there is sufficient evidence, in accordance 37 with federal regulations governing federal inspectors general, to warrant an 38 investigation of the allegation. 39 (2) Conduct a separate investigation of the information that the member making 40 the allegation believes constitutes evidence of wrongdoing under both of the 41 following circumstances: 42 -488 -

1 (A) There has not been a previous investigation.

(B) There has been a previous investigation but the inspector general determines
that the previous investigation was biased or otherwise inadequate.

4 (3) Upon determining that an investigation of an allegation is warranted, 5 expeditiously investigate the allegation.

(e) The inspector general shall refer all allegations regarding personnel actions
prohibited by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) to the Chief of the National Guard
Bureau and the Governor.

9 (f)(1) After completion of an investigation the inspector general shall submit a 10 report on the results of the investigation to the Adjutant General and a copy of the 11 report on the results of the investigation to the member of the department who made 12 the allegation. The report shall be transmitted to the Adjutant General, and the copy 13 of the report shall be transmitted to the member, not later than 30 days after the 14 completion of the investigation.

15 (2) The report on the results of the investigation transmitted to the Adjutant 16 General shall contain a thorough review of the facts and circumstances relevant to 17 the allegation and the complaint or disclosure and shall include documents acquired 18 during the course of the investigation, including summaries of interviews 19 conducted. The report may include a recommendation as to the disposition of the 20 complaint.

(3) Except for that information that is not required to be disclosed under the 21 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 22 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the 23 Government Code), in the copy of the report transmitted to the member of the 24 department the inspector general shall ensure the maximum disclosure of 25 information that may be lawfully disclosed. The copy of the report need not, 26 however, include summaries of interviews conducted, or any document acquired, 27 during the course of the investigation. These items shall be transmitted to the 28 member of the department, if the member requests the items, with the copy of the 29 report or after the transmittal to the member of the copy of the report, regardless of 30 whether the request for those items is made before or after the copy of the report is 31 transmitted to the member. 32

(4) The inspector general shall provide an interim response to allegations when
 the final response will be significantly delayed due to operational demands,
 complexity of the case, or the receipt of additional information. The inspector
 general shall provide interim responses every 60 days until the matter is resolved
 and the case closed.

(5) If, in the course of an investigation of an allegation under this section, the
inspector general determines that it is not possible to submit the report required by
this subdivision within 60 days after the date of receipt of the allegation being
investigated, the inspector general shall provide to the Adjutant General and to the
member making the allegation a notice of all of the following:

43 (A) The reasons why the report may not be submitted within that time.

- 1 (B) When the report will be submitted.
- 2 (g) Nothing in this article is intended to supersede the rights, benefits, processes,
- 3 and procedures already afforded to members of the department under existing law.
- 4 (h) For purposes of this section, all of the following shall apply:
- 5 (1) A "communication" means any communication or report in which a member 6 of the department complains of, or discloses information that the member of the
- 7 department reasonably believes constitutes evidence of, any of the following:
- (A) A violation of law, including, but not limited to, regulations, the Uniform
  Code of Military Justice, and any law prohibiting sexual harassment or unlawful
  discrimination.
- (B) Gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, or a
   substantial and specified danger to the public health or safety.
- 13 (2) "Department" means the Military Department.
- (3) "Inspector general" means the California Military Department InspectorGeneral.
- 16 (4) "Member of the department" has the same meaning as defined in Section 55.
- (5) "Office" means the Office of the California Military Department InspectorGeneral.
- Comment. Section 56 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 22 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

23

PENAL CODE

# \$ 146e (amended). Disclosure of residence address or telephone number of peace officer or other specified person

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 146e of the Penal Code is amended to read:

146e. (a) Every person who maliciously, and with the intent to obstruct justice or 27 the due administration of the laws, or with the intent or threat to inflict imminent 28 physical harm in retaliation for the due administration of the laws, publishes, 29 disseminates, or otherwise discloses the residence address or telephone number of 30 any peace officer, nonsworn police dispatcher, employee of a city police department 31 or county sheriff's office, or public safety official, or that of the spouse or children 32 of these persons who reside with them, while designating the peace officer, 33 nonsworn police dispatcher, employee of a city police department or county 34 sheriff's office, or public safety official, or relative of these persons as such, without 35 the authorization of the employing agency, is guilty of a misdemeanor. 36

(b) A violation of subdivision (a) with regard to any peace officer, employee of a
city police department or county sheriff's office, or public safety official, or the
spouse or children of these persons, that results in bodily injury to the peace officer,
employee of the city police department or county sheriff's office, or public safety

official, or the spouse or children of these persons, is a felony punishable by
imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170.

3 (c) For purposes of this section, "public safety official" is defined in
4 Section 6254.24 7930.535 of the Government Code.

5 **Comment.** Section 146e is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

8 § 186.34 (amended). Gang databases

9 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 186.34 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

10 186.34. (a) For purposes of this section and Sections 186.35 and 186.36, the 11 following definitions apply:

(1) "Criminal street gang" means an ongoing organization, association, or group 12 of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary 13 activities the commission of crimes enumerated in paragraphs (1) to (25), inclusive, 14 and paragraphs (31) to (33), inclusive, of subdivision (e) of Section 186.22 who 15 have a common identifying sign, symbol, or name, and whose members individually 16 or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of definable criminal activity. 17 (2) "Gang database" means any database accessed by a law enforcement agency 18 that designates a person as a gang member or associate, or includes or points to 19 information, including, but not limited to, fact-based or uncorroborated information, 20 that reflects a designation of that person as a gang member or associate. 21

(3) "Law enforcement agency" means a governmental agency or a subunit of a
governmental agency, and its authorized support staff and contractors, whose
primary function is detection, investigation, or apprehension of criminal offenders,
or whose primary duties include detention, pretrial release, posttrial release,
correctional supervision, or the collection, storage, or dissemination of criminal
history record information.

(4) "Shared gang database" means a gang database that is accessed by an agency
or person outside of the agency that created the records that populate the database.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the following are not subject to this section,
or Sections 186.35 and 186.36:

(1) Databases that designate persons as gang members or associates using only
 criminal offender record information, as defined in Section 13102, or information
 collected pursuant to Section 186.30.

(2) Databases accessed solely by jail or custodial facility staff for classification or
 operational decisions in the administration of the facility.

(c)(1) To the extent a local law enforcement agency elects to utilize a shared gang database prior to a local law enforcement agency designating a person as a suspected gang member, associate, or affiliate in a shared gang database, or submitting a document to the Attorney General's office for the purpose of designating a person in a shared gang database, or otherwise identifying the person in a shared gang database, the local law enforcement agency shall provide written notice to the 1 person, and shall, if the person is under 18 years of age, provide written notice to

2 the person and his or her the person's parent or guardian, of the designation and the

basis for the designation, unless providing that notification would compromise an

4 active criminal investigation or compromise the health or safety of the minor.

(2) The notice described in paragraph (1) shall describe the process for the person,
or, if the person is under 18 years of age, for his or her the person's parent or
guardian, or an attorney working on behalf of the person, to contest the designation
of the person in the database. The notice shall also inform the person of the reason
for his or her the person's designation in the database.

(d)(1)(A) A person, or, if the person is under 18 years of age, his or her the
person's parent or guardian, or an attorney working on behalf of the person, may
request information of any law enforcement agency as to whether the person is
designated as a suspected gang member, associate, or affiliate in a shared gang
database accessible by that law enforcement agency and the name of the law
enforcement agency that made the designation. A request pursuant to this paragraph
shall be in writing.

(B) If a person about whom information is requested pursuant to subparagraph (A) is designated as a suspected gang member, associate, or affiliate in a shared gang database by that law enforcement agency, the person making the request may also request information as to the basis for the designation for the purpose of contesting the designation as described in subdivision (e).

(2) The law enforcement agency shall provide information requested under
 paragraph (1), unless doing so would compromise an active criminal investigation
 or compromise the health or safety of the person if the person is under 18 years of
 age.

(3) The law enforcement agency shall respond to a valid request pursuant to
 paragraph (1) in writing to the person making the request within 30 calendar days
 of receipt of the request.

(e) Subsequent to the notice described in subdivision (c) or the law enforcement 29 agency's response to an information request described in subdivision (d), the person 30 designated or to be designated as a suspected gang member, associate, or affiliate, 31 or his or her the person's parent or guardian if the person is under 18 years of age, 32 may submit written documentation to the local law enforcement agency contesting 33 the designation. The local law enforcement agency shall review the documentation, 34 and if the agency determines that the person is not a suspected gang member, 35 associate, or affiliate, the agency shall remove the person from the shared gang 36 database. The local law enforcement agency shall provide the person and, if the 37 person is under 18 years of age, his or her the person's parent or guardian, with 38 written verification of the agency's decision within 30 days of submission of the 39 written documentation contesting the designation. If the law enforcement agency 40 denies the request for removal, the notice of its determination shall state the reason 41 for the denial. If the law enforcement agency does not provide a verification of the 42 agency's decision within the required 30-day period, the request to remove the 43

person from the gang database shall be deemed denied. The person or, if the person 1 is under 18 years of age, his or her the person's parent or guardian may petition the 2 court to review the law enforcement agency's denial of the request for removal and 3 order the law enforcement agency to remove the person from the shared gang 4 database pursuant to Section 186.35. 5 (f) Nothing in this section shall require a local law enforcement agency to disclose 6 any information protected under Section 1040 or 1041 of the Evidence Code or 7 Section 6254 any provision listed in Section 7920.505 of the Government Code. 8 Comment. Section 186.34 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 9 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 10 Reports (2019). 11 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns. 12 § 290.07 (amended). Access of SARATSO personnel to records relating to registered sex 13 offender 14 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 290.07 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 15 290.07. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person authorized by 16 statute to administer the State Authorized Risk Assessment Tool for Sex Offenders 17 (SARATSO) and trained pursuant to Section 290.06 or 290.09, and a person acting 18 under authority from the SARATSO Review Committee as an expert to train, 19 monitor, or review scoring by persons who administer the SARATSO pursuant to 20 Section 290.05 or 1203 of this code or Section 706 of the Welfare and Institutions 21 Code, shall be granted access to all relevant records pertaining to a registered sex 22 offender, including, but not limited to, criminal histories, sex offender registration 23 records, police reports, probation and presentencing reports, judicial records and 24 case files, juvenile records, psychological evaluations and psychiatric hospital 25 reports, sexually violent predator treatment program reports, and records that have 26 been sealed by the courts or the Department of Justice. Records and information 27 obtained under this section shall not be subject to the California Public Records Act, 28 Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 29 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. 30 Comment. Section 290.07 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 31 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

32 Public Records Act. See33 Reports (2019).

# § 290.46 (as amended by 2018 Cal. Stat. ch. 423, § 57) (operative until Jan. 1, 2022) (amended). Internet website to be maintained by Department of Justice

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 290.46 of the Penal Code, as amended by Section 57 of Chapter
 423 of the Statutes of 2018, is amended to read:

290.46. (a)(1) On or before the dates specified in this section, the Department of
 Justice shall make available information concerning persons who are required to
 register pursuant to Section 290 to the public via an Internet Web site internet
 website as specified in this section. The department shall update the Internet Web
 site internet website on an ongoing basis. All information identifying the victim by

name, birth date, address, or relationship to the registrant shall be excluded from the 1 Internet Web site internet website. The name or address of the person's employer 2 and the listed person's criminal history other than the specific crimes for which the 3 person is required to register shall not be included on the Internet Web site internet 4 website. The Internet Web site internet website shall be translated into languages 5 other than English as determined by the department. 6 (2)(A) On or before July 1, 2010, the Department of Justice shall make available 7 to the public, via an Internet Web site internet website as specified in this section, 8 as to any person described in subdivision (b), (c), or (d), the following information: 9 (i) The year of conviction of his or her the person's most recent offense requiring 10 registration pursuant to Section 290. 11 (ii) The year he or she the person was released from incarceration for that offense. 12 (iii) Whether he or she the person was subsequently incarcerated for any other 13 felony, if that fact is reported to the department. If the department has no information 14 about a subsequent incarceration for any felony, that fact shall be noted on the 15 Internet Web site internet website. 16 However, no year of conviction shall be made available to the public unless the 17 department also is able to make available the corresponding year of release of 18 incarceration for that offense, and the required notation regarding any subsequent 19

20 felony.

(B)(i) Any state facility that releases from incarceration a person who was incarcerated because of a crime for which he or she the person is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 shall, within 30 days of release, provide the year of release for his or her the person's most recent offense requiring registration to the Department of Justice in a manner and format approved by the department.

(ii) Any state facility that releases a person who is required to register pursuant to
Section 290 from incarceration whose incarceration was for a felony committed
subsequently to the offense for which he or she the person is required to register
shall, within 30 days of release, advise the Department of Justice of that fact.

(iii) Any state facility that, prior to January 1, 2007, released from incarceration a
person who was incarcerated because of a crime for which he or she the person is
required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 shall provide the year
of release for his or her the person's most recent offense requiring registration to the
Department of Justice in a manner and format approved by the department. The
information provided by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall be
limited to information that is currently maintained in an electronic format.

(iv) Any state facility that, prior to January 1, 2007, released a person who is
 required to register pursuant to Section 290 from incarceration whose incarceration
 was for a felony committed subsequently to the offense for which he or she the
 <u>person</u> is required to register shall advise the Department of Justice of that fact in a
 manner and format approved by the department. The information provided by the

Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall be limited to information that is
 currently maintained in an electronic format.

(3) The State Department of State Hospitals shall provide to the Department of 3 Justice the names of all persons committed to its custody pursuant to Article 4 4 (commencing with Section 6600) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 6 of the Welfare 5 and Institutions Code, within 30 days of commitment, and shall provide the names 6 of all of those persons released from its custody within five working days of release. 7 (b)(1) On or before July 1, 2005, with respect to a person who has been convicted 8 of the commission or the attempted commission of any of the offenses listed in, or 9 who is described in, paragraph (2), the Department of Justice shall make available 10 to the public via the Internet Web site his or her internet website the person's name 11 and known aliases, a photograph, a physical description, including gender and race, 12 date of birth, criminal history, prior adjudication as a sexually violent predator, the 13 address at which the person resides, and any other information that the Department 14 of Justice deems relevant, but not the information excluded pursuant to subdivision 15 (a). On or before January 1, 2013, the department shall make available to the public 16 via the Internet Web site his or her internet website the person's static SARATSO 17 score and information on an elevated risk level based on the SARATSO future 18 violence tool. 19 (2) This subdivision shall apply to the following offenses and offenders: 20 (A) Section 187 committed in the perpetration, or an attempt to perpetrate, rape 21 or any act punishable under Section 286, 287, 288, or 289, or former Section 288a. 22 (B) Section 207 committed with intent to violate Section 261, 286, 287, 288, or 23 289, or former Section 288a. 24 (C) Section 209 committed with intent to violate Section 261, 286, 287, 288, or 25 289, or former Section 288a. 26 (D) Paragraph (2) or (6) of subdivision (a) of Section 261. 27

- 28 (E) Section 264.1.
- 29 (F) Section 269.
- 30 (G) Subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 286.
- 31 (H) Subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 288, provided that the offense is a 32 felony.
- 33 (I) Subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 287 or of former Section 288a.
- 34 (J) Section 288.3, provided that the offense is a felony.
- 35 (K) Section 288.4, provided that the offense is a felony.
- 36 (L) Section 288.5.
- 37 (M) Subdivision (a) or (j) of Section 289.
- 38 (N) Section 288.7.
- 39 (O) Any person who has ever been adjudicated a sexually violent predator, as
- 40 defined in Section 6600 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- 41 (P) A felony violation of Section 311.1.
- 42 (Q) A felony violation of subdivision (b), (c), or (d) of Section 311.2.
- 43 (R) A felony violation of Section 311.3.

1 (S) A felony violation of subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 311.4.

- 2 (T) Section 311.10.
- 3 (U) A felony violation of Section 311.11.

(c)(1) On or before July 1, 2005, with respect to a person who has been convicted 4 of the commission or the attempted commission of any of the offenses listed in 5 paragraph (2), the Department of Justice shall make available to the public via the 6 Internet Web site his or her internet website the person's name and known aliases, 7 a photograph, a physical description, including gender and race, date of birth, 8 criminal history, the community of residence and ZIP Code in which the person 9 resides or the county in which the person is registered as a transient, and any other 10 information that the Department of Justice deems relevant, but not the information 11 excluded pursuant to subdivision (a). On or before July 1, 2006, the Department of 12 Justice shall determine whether any person convicted of an offense listed in 13 paragraph (2) also has one or more prior or subsequent convictions of an offense 14 listed in subdivision (c) of Section 290, and, for those persons, the Department of 15 Justice shall make available to the public via the Internet Web site internet website 16 the address at which the person resides. However, the address at which the person 17 resides shall not be disclosed until a determination is made that the person is, by 18 virtue of his or her the person's additional prior or subsequent conviction of an 19 offense listed in subdivision (c) of Section 290, subject to this subdivision. 20 (2) This subdivision shall apply to the following offenses: 21 (A) Section 220, except assault to commit mayhem. 22 (B) Paragraph (1), (3), or (4) of subdivision (a) of Section 261. 23 (C) Paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), or subdivision (f), (g), or (i), of Section 286. 24

- (D) Paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), or subdivision (f), (g), or (i), of Section 287
   or of former Section 288a.
- 27 (E) Subdivision (b), (d), (e), or (i) of Section 289.
- (d)(1) On or before July 1, 2005, with respect to a person who has been convicted 28 of the commission or the attempted commission of any of the offenses listed in, or 29 who is described in, this subdivision, the Department of Justice shall make available 30 to the public via the Internet Web site his or her internet website the person's name 31 and known aliases, a photograph, a physical description, including gender and race, 32 date of birth, criminal history, the community of residence and ZIP Code in which 33 the person resides or the county in which the person is registered as a transient, and 34 any other information that the Department of Justice deems relevant, but not the 35 information excluded pursuant to subdivision (a) or the address at which the person 36 resides. 37 (2) This subdivision shall apply to the following offenses and offenders: 38 (A) Subdivision (a) of Section 243.4, provided that the offense is a felony. 39
- 40 (B) Section 266, provided that the offense is a felony.
- 40 (D) Section 266, provided that the offense is a felony. 41 (C) Section 266c, provided that the offense is a felony.
- 42 (D) Section 266j.
- 43 (E) Section 267.

1 (F) Subdivision (c) of Section 288, provided that the offense is a misdemeanor.

2 (G) Section 288.3, provided that the offense is a misdemeanor.

- 3 (H) Section 288.4, provided that the offense is a misdemeanor.
- 4 (I) Section 626.81.
- 5 (J) Section 647.6.
- 6 (K) Section 653c.

(L) Any person required to register pursuant to Section 290 based upon an out-ofstate conviction, unless that person is excluded from the Internet Web site internet
website pursuant to subdivision (e). However, if the Department of Justice has
determined that the out-of-state crime, if committed or attempted in this state, would
have been punishable in this state as a crime described in subdivision (c) of Section
290, the person shall be placed on the Internet Web site internet website as provided
in subdivision (b) or (c), as applicable to the crime.

(e)(1) If a person has been convicted of the commission or the attempted 14 commission of any of the offenses listed in this subdivision, and he or she the person 15 has been convicted of no other offense listed in subdivision (b), (c), or (d) other than 16 those listed in this subdivision, that person may file an application with the 17 Department of Justice, on a form approved by the department, for exclusion from 18 the Internet Web site internet website. If the department determines that the person 19 meets the requirements of this subdivision, the department shall grant the exclusion 20 and no information concerning the person shall be made available via the Internet 21 Web site internet website described in this section. He or she The person bears the 22 burden of proving the facts that make him or her the person eligible for exclusion 23 from the Internet Web site internet website. However, a person who has filed for or 24 been granted an exclusion from the Internet Web site internet website is not relieved 25 of his or her the person's duty to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 26 nor from any otherwise applicable provision of law. 27

- 28 (2) This subdivision shall apply to the following offenses:
- 29 (A) A felony violation of subdivision (a) of Section 243.4.
- 30 (B) Section 647.6, if the offense is a misdemeanor.

(C) A felony violation of Section 311.1, subdivision (b), (c), or (d) of Section 311.2, or Section 311.3, 311.4, 311.10, or 311.11 if the person submits to the 33 department a certified copy of a probation report filed in court that clearly states that 34 all victims involved in the commission of the offense were at least 16 years of age 35 or older at the time of the commission of the offense.

36 (D)(i) An offense for which the offender successfully completed probation, 37 provided that the offender submits to the department a certified copy of a probation 38 report, presentencing report, report prepared pursuant to Section 288.1, or other 39 official court document that clearly demonstrates that the offender was the victim's 40 parent, stepparent, sibling, or grandparent and that the crime did not involve either 41 oral copulation or penetration of the vagina or rectum of either the victim or the 42 offender by the penis of the other or by any foreign object.

(ii) An offense for which the offender is on probation at the time of his or her the 1 offender's application, provided that the offender submits to the department a 2 certified copy of a probation report, presentencing report, report prepared pursuant 3 to Section 288.1, or other official court document that clearly demonstrates that the 4 offender was the victim's parent, stepparent, sibling, or grandparent and that the 5 crime did not involve either oral copulation or penetration of the vagina or rectum 6 of either the victim or the offender by the penis of the other or by any foreign object. 7 (iii) If, subsequent to his or her the offender's application, the offender commits 8 a violation of probation resulting in his or her the offender's incarceration in county 9 jail or state prison, his or her the offender's exclusion, or application for exclusion, 10 from the Internet Web site internet website shall be terminated. 11

(iv) For the purposes of this subparagraph, "successfully completed probation"
means that during the period of probation the offender neither received additional
county jail or state prison time for a violation of probation nor was convicted of
another offense resulting in a sentence to county jail or state prison.

16 (3) If the department determines that a person who was granted an exclusion under 17 a former version of this subdivision would not qualify for an exclusion under the 18 current version of this subdivision, the department shall rescind the exclusion, make 19 a reasonable effort to provide notification to the person that the exclusion has been 10 rescinded, and, no sooner than 30 days after notification is attempted, make 11 information about the offender available to the public on the Internet Web site 12 internet website as provided in this section.

(4) Effective January 1, 2012, no person shall be excluded pursuant to this
subdivision unless the offender has submitted to the department documentation
sufficient for the department to determine that he or she the person has a SARATSO
risk level of low or moderate-low.

(f) The Department of Justice shall make a reasonable effort to provide 27 notification to persons who have been convicted of the commission or attempted 28 commission of an offense specified in subdivision (b), (c), or (d), that on or before 29 July 1, 2005, the department is required to make information about specified sex 30 offenders available to the public via an Internet Web site internet website as 31 specified in this section. The Department of Justice shall also make a reasonable 32 effort to provide notice that some offenders are eligible to apply for exclusion from 33 the Internet Web site internet website. 34

(g)(1) A designated law enforcement entity, as defined in subdivision (f) of
 Section 290.45, may make available information concerning persons who are
 required to register pursuant to Section 290 to the public via an Internet Web site
 internet website as specified in paragraph (2).

(2) The law enforcement entity may make available by way of an Internet Web
site internet website the information described in subdivision (c) if it determines that
the public disclosure of the information about a specific offender by way of the
entity's Internet Web site internet website is necessary to ensure the public safety
based upon information available to the entity concerning that specific offender.

(3) The information that may be provided pursuant to this subdivision may 1 include the information specified in subdivision (b) of Section 290.45. However, 2 that offender's address may not be disclosed unless he or she the offender is a person 3 whose address is on the Department of Justice's Internet Web site internet website 4 pursuant to subdivision (b) or (c). 5 (h) For purposes of this section, "offense" includes the statutory predecessors of 6 that offense, or any offense committed in another jurisdiction that, if committed or 7 attempted to be committed in this state, would have been punishable in this state as 8 an offense listed in subdivision (c) of Section 290. 9 (i) Notwithstanding Section 6254.5 7921.505 of the Government Code, disclosure 10 of information pursuant to this section is not a waiver of exemptions under Chapter 11 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Title 1 of Division 7 Division 10 12 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of the Government Code and does not affect 13

other statutory restrictions on disclosure in other situations.

(j)(1) Any person who uses information disclosed pursuant to this section to commit a misdemeanor shall be subject to, in addition to any other penalty or fine imposed, a fine of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and not more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).

(2) Any person who uses information disclosed pursuant to this section to commit
 a felony shall be punished, in addition and consecutive to any other punishment, by
 a five-year term of imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170.

(k) Any person who is required to register pursuant to Section 290 who enters an
 Internet Web site internet website established pursuant to this section shall be
 punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), imprisonment in a
 county jail for a period not to exceed six months, or by both that fine and
 imprisonment.

(l)(1) A person is authorized to use information disclosed pursuant to this section only to protect a person at risk.

(2) Except as authorized under paragraph (1) or any other provision of law, use of
 any information that is disclosed pursuant to this section for purposes relating to any
 of the following is prohibited:

- 32 (A) Health insurance.
- 33 (B) Insurance.
- 34 (C) Loans.
- 35 (D) Credit.
- 36 (E) Employment.
- 37 (F) Education, scholarships, or fellowships.
- 38 (G) Housing or accommodations.
- 39 (H) Benefits, privileges, or services provided by any business establishment.

40 (3) This section shall not affect authorized access to, or use of, information

41 pursuant to, among other provisions, Sections 11105 and 11105.3, Section 8808 of

42 the Family Code, Sections 777.5 and 14409.2 of the Financial Code, Sections

1522.01 and 1596.871 of the Health and Safety Code, and Section 432.7 of the
 Labor Code.

(4)(A) Any use of information disclosed pursuant to this section for purposes
other than those provided by paragraph (1) or in violation of paragraph (2) shall
make the user liable for the actual damages, and any amount that may be determined
by a jury or a court sitting without a jury, not exceeding three times the amount of
actual damage, and not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), and attorney's
fees, exemplary damages, or a civil penalty not exceeding twenty-five thousand
dollars (\$25,000).

(B) Whenever there is reasonable cause to believe that any person or group of 10 persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of misuse of the information available 11 via an Internet Web site internet website established pursuant to this section in 12 violation of paragraph (2), the Attorney General, any district attorney, or city 13 attorney, or any person aggrieved by the misuse is authorized to bring a civil action 14 in the appropriate court requesting preventive relief, including an application for a 15 permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or other order against the 16 person or group of persons responsible for the pattern or practice of misuse. The 17 foregoing remedies shall be independent of any other remedies or procedures that 18 may be available to an aggrieved party under other provisions of law, including Part 19 2 (commencing with Section 43) of Division 1 of the Civil Code. 20

(m) The public notification provisions of this section are applicable to every person described in this section, without regard to when his or her the person's crimes were committed or his or her the person's duty to register pursuant to Section 24 290 arose, and to every offense described in this section, regardless of when it was committed.

(n) A designated law enforcement entity and its employees shall be immune from
 liability for good faith conduct under this section.

(*o*) The Attorney General, in collaboration with local law enforcement and others 28 knowledgeable about sex offenders, shall develop strategies to assist members of 29 the public in understanding and using publicly available information about 30 registered sex offenders to further public safety. These strategies may include, but 31 are not limited to, a hotline for community inquiries, neighborhood and business 32 guidelines for how to respond to information posted on this Internet Web site 33 internet website, and any other resource that promotes public education about these 34 offenders. 35

(p) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2022, and as of that
 date is repealed.

- **Comment.** Section 290.46 (as amended by 2018 Cal. Stat. ch. 423, § 57) is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records*
- 40 Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 41 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes.

1 § 290.46 (as amended by 2018 Cal. Stat. ch. 423, § 58) (operative Jan. 1, 2022) (amended).

2 Internet website to be maintained by Department of Justice

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 290.46 of the Penal Code, as amended by Section 58 of Chapter
423 of the Statutes of 2018, is amended to read:

290.46.(a)(1) On or before the dates specified in this section, the Department of 5 Justice shall make available information concerning persons who are required to 6 register pursuant to Section 290 to the public via an Internet Web site internet 7 website as specified in this section. The department shall update the Internet Web 8 site internet website on an ongoing basis. All information identifying the victim by 9 name, birth date, address, or relationship to the registrant shall be excluded from the 10 Internet Web site internet website. The name or address of the person's employer 11 and the listed person's criminal history other than the specific crimes for which the 12 person is required to register shall not be included on the Internet Web site internet 13 website. The Internet Web site internet website shall be translated into languages 14 other than English as determined by the department. 15

(2)(A) On or before July 1, 2010, the Department of Justice shall make available
to the public, via an Internet Web site internet website as specified in this section,
as to any person described in subdivision (b), the following information:

(i) The year of conviction of his or her the person's most recent offense requiring
 registration pursuant to Section 290.

(ii) The year he or she the person was released from incarceration for that offense.
However, no year of conviction shall be made available to the public unless the
department also is able to make available the corresponding year of release of
incarceration for that offense, and the required notation regarding any subsequent
felony.

(B)(i) Any state facility that releases from incarceration a person who was incarcerated because of a crime for which he or she the person is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 shall, within 30 days of release, provide the year of release for his or her the person's most recent offense requiring registration to the Department of Justice in a manner and format approved by the department.

(ii) Any state facility that releases a person who is required to register pursuant to
 Section 290 from incarceration whose incarceration was for a felony committed
 subsequently to the offense for which he or she the person is required to register
 shall, within 30 days of release, advise the Department of Justice of that fact.

(iii) Any state facility that, prior to January 1, 2007, released from incarceration a
person who was incarcerated because of a crime for which he or she the person is
required to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290 shall provide the year
of release for his or her the person's most recent offense requiring registration to the
Department of Justice in a manner and format approved by the department. The
information provided by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall be
limited to information that is currently maintained in an electronic format.

(iv) Any state facility that, prior to January 1, 2007, released a person who is
 required to register pursuant to Section 290 from incarceration whose incarceration
 was for a felony committed subsequently to the offense for which he or she the
 person is required to register shall advise the Department of Justice of that fact in a
 manner and format approved by the department. The information provided by the
 Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall be limited to information that is
 currently maintained in an electronic format.

(3) The State Department of State Hospitals shall provide to the Department of 8 Justice the names of all persons committed to its custody pursuant to Article 4 9 (commencing with Section 6600) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 6 of the Welfare 10 and Institutions Code, within 30 days of commitment, and shall provide the names 11 of all of those persons released from its custody within five working days of release. 12 (b)(1) With respect to a person who has been convicted of the commission or the 13 attempted commission of any of the offenses listed in, or who is otherwise described 14 in, paragraph (2), or who is a tier three offender as described in paragraph (3) of 15 subdivision (d) of Section 290, the Department of Justice shall make available to 16 the public via the Internet Web site his or her internet website the person's name 17 and known aliases, a photograph, a physical description, including gender and race, 18 date of birth, criminal history, prior adjudication as a sexually violent predator, the 19 address at which the person resides, and any other information that the Department 20 of Justice deems relevant, but not the information excluded pursuant to subdivision 21 (a), except that information about persons required to register as a result of an 22 adjudication as a ward of the juvenile court pursuant to Section 290.008 shall not be 23 made available on the Internet Web site internet website. The department shall also 24 make available to the public via the Internet Web site his or her internet website the 25 person's static SARATSO risk level, if any, and information on an elevated risk 26 level based on the SARATSO future violence tool. Any registrant whose 27 information is listed on the public Internet Web site internet website on January 1, 28 2022, by the Department of Justice pursuant to this subdivision, may continue to be 29 included on the public Internet Web site internet website while the registrant is 30 placed in the tier-to-be-determined category described in paragraph (5) of 31 subdivision (d) of Section 290. 32

- 33 (2) This subdivision shall apply to the following offenses and offenders:
- (A) Section 187 committed in the perpetration, or an attempt to perpetrate, rape
   or any act punishable under Section 286, 287, 288, or 289, or former Section 288a.
- (B) Section 207 committed with intent to violate Section 261, 286, 287, 288, or
  289, or former Section 288a.
- 38 (C) Section 209 committed with intent to violate Section 261, 286, 287, 288, or
  39 289, or former Section 288a.
- 40 (D) Paragraph (2) or (6) of subdivision (a) of Section 261.
- 41 (E) Section 264.1.
- 42 (F) Section 269.
- 43 (G) Subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 286.

- 1 (H) Subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 288, provided that the offense is a
- 2 felony.
- 3 (I) Subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 287 or of former Section 288a.
- 4 (J) Section 288.3, provided that the offense is a felony.
- 5 (K) Section 288.4, provided that the offense is a felony.
- 6 (L) Section 288.5.
- 7 (M) Subdivision (a) or (j) of Section 289.
- 8 (N) Section 288.7.
- 9 (O) Any person who has ever been adjudicated a sexually violent predator, as 10 defined in Section 6600 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- 11 (P) A felony violation of Section 311.1.
- 12 (Q) A felony violation of subdivision (b), (c), or (d) of Section 311.2.
- 13 (R) A felony violation of Section 311.3.
- 14 (S) A felony violation of subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 311.4.
- 15 (T) Section 311.10.
- 16 (U) A felony violation of Section 311.11.

(V) A tier three offender, as described in paragraph (3) of subdivision (d) ofSection 290.

(c)(1) With respect to a person who has been convicted of the commission or the 19 attempted commission of any of the offenses listed in, or who is otherwise described 20 in, paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 290 and who is a tier two offender, 21 and with respect to a person who has been convicted of the commission or the 22 attempted commission of Section 647.6, the Department of Justice shall make 23 available to the public via the Internet Web site his or her internet website the 24 person's name and known aliases, a photograph, a physical description, including 25 gender and race, date of birth, criminal history, the community of residence and ZIP 26 Code in which the person resides or the county in which the person is registered as 27 a transient, and any other information that the Department of Justice deems relevant, 28 but not the information excluded pursuant to subdivision (a) or the address at which 29 the person resides, except that information about persons required to register as a 30 result of an adjudication as a ward of the juvenile court pursuant to Section 290.008 31 shall not be made available on the Internet Web site internet website. Any registrant 32 whose information is listed on the public Internet Web site internet website on 33 January 1, 2022, by the Department of Justice pursuant to this subdivision may 34 continue to be included on the public Internet Web site internet website while the 35 registrant is placed in the tier-to-be-determined category described in paragraph (5) 36 of subdivision (d) of Section 290. 37

(2) Any registrant whose information was not included on the public Internet Web
site internet website on January 1, 2022, and who is placed in the tier-to-bedetermined category described in paragraph (5) of subdivision (d) of Section 290
may have the information described in this subdivision made available to the public
via the public Internet Web site internet website.

(d)(1)(A) An offender who is required to register pursuant to the Sex Offender
 Registration Act may apply for exclusion from the Internet Web site Internet Web
 site internet website if he or she the offender demonstrates that the person's only
 registerable offense is either of the following:

(i) An offense for which the offender successfully completed probation, provided
that the offender submits to the department a certified copy of a probation report,
presentencing report, report prepared pursuant to Section 288.1, or other official
court document that clearly demonstrates that the offender was the victim's parent,
stepparent, sibling, or grandparent and that the crime did not involve either oral
copulation or penetration of the vagina or rectum of either the victim or the offender
by the penis of the other or by any foreign object.

(ii) An offense for which the offender is on probation at the time of his or her the 12 offender's application, provided that the offender submits to the department a 13 certified copy of a probation report, presentencing report, report prepared pursuant 14 to Section 288.1, or other official court document that clearly demonstrates that the 15 offender was the victim's parent, stepparent, sibling, or grandparent and that the 16 crime did not involve either oral copulation or penetration of the vagina or rectum 17 of either the victim or the offender by the penis of the other or by any foreign object. 18 (B) If, subsequent to his or her the offender's application, the offender commits a 19 violation of probation resulting in his or her the offender's incarceration in county 20 jail or state prison, his or her the offender's exclusion, or application for exclusion, 21 from the Internet Web site internet website shall be terminated. 22

(C) For the purposes of this paragraph, "successfully completed probation" means
that during the period of probation the offender neither received additional county
jail or state prison time for a violation of probation nor was convicted of another
offense resulting in a sentence to county jail or state prison.

(2) If the department determines that a person who was granted an exclusion under
a former version of this subdivision would not qualify for an exclusion under the
current version of this subdivision, the department shall rescind the exclusion, make
a reasonable effort to provide notification to the person that the exclusion has been
rescinded, and, no sooner than 30 days after notification is attempted, make
information about the offender available to the public on the Internet Web site
internet website as provided in this section.

(3) Effective January 1, 2012, no person shall be excluded pursuant to this
subdivision unless the offender has submitted to the department documentation
sufficient for the department to determine that he or she the person has a SARATSO
risk level of average, below average, or very low as determined by the Coding Rules
for the SARATSO static risk assessment instrument.

(e)(1) A designated law enforcement entity, as defined in subdivision (f) of
 Section 290.45, may make available information concerning persons who are
 required to register pursuant to Section 290 to the public via an Internet Web site
 internet website as specified in paragraph (2), provided that the information about

that person is also displayed on the Department of Justice's Megan's Law Internet
 Web site internet website.

(2) The law enforcement entity may make available by way of an Internet Web 3 site internet website the information described in subdivision (c) if it determines that 4 the public disclosure of the information about a specific offender by way of the 5 entity's Internet Web site internet website is necessary to ensure the public safety 6 based upon information available to the entity concerning the current risk posed by 7 a specific offender, including his or her the offender's risk of sexual or violent 8 reoffense, as indicated by the person's SARATSO static, dynamic, and violence risk 9 levels, as described in Section 290.04, if available. 10

(3) The information that may be provided pursuant to this subdivision may
include the information specified in subdivision (b) of Section 290.45. However,
that offender's address may not be disclosed unless he or she the offender is a person
whose address is on the Department of Justice's Internet Web site internet website
pursuant to subdivision (b).

(f) For purposes of this section, "offense" includes the statutory predecessors of
that offense, or any offense committed in another jurisdiction that, if committed or
attempted to be committed in this state, would have been punishable in this state as
an offense listed in subdivision (c) of Section 290.

(g) Notwithstanding Section 6254.5 7921.505 of the Government Code,
 disclosure of information pursuant to this section is not a waiver of exemptions
 under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Title 1 of Division 7 Division
 <u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1</u> of the Government Code and
 does not affect other statutory restrictions on disclosure in other situations.

(h)(1) Any person who uses information disclosed pursuant to this section to commit a misdemeanor shall be subject to, in addition to any other penalty or fine imposed, a fine of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and not more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).

29 (2) Any person who uses information disclosed pursuant to this section to commit 30 a felony shall be punished, in addition and consecutive to any other punishment, by 21 a five user term of imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1170

a five-year term of imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170.

(i) Any person who is required to register pursuant to Section 290 who enters an
 Internet Web site internet website established pursuant to this section shall be
 punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), imprisonment in a
 county jail for a period not to exceed six months, or by both that fine and
 imprisonment.

(j)(1) A person is authorized to use information disclosed pursuant to this section only to protect a person at risk.

(2) Except as authorized under paragraph (1) or any other provision of law, use of
 any information that is disclosed pursuant to this section for purposes relating to any
 of the following is prohibited:

42 (A) Health insurance.

43 (B) Insurance.

- 1 (C) Loans.
- 2 (D) Credit.
- 3 (E) Employment.
- 4 (F) Education, scholarships, or fellowships.
- 5 (G) Housing or accommodations.
- 6 (H) Benefits, privileges, or services provided by any business establishment.

(3) This section shall not affect authorized access to, or use of, information
pursuant to, among other provisions, Sections 11105 and 11105.3 of this code,
Section 8808 of the Family Code, Sections 777.5 and 14409.2 of the Financial Code,
Sections 1522.01 and 1596.871 of the Health and Safety Code, and Section 432.7
of the Labor Code.

(4)(A) Any use of information disclosed pursuant to this section for purposes
other than those provided by paragraph (1) or in violation of paragraph (2) shall
make the user liable for the actual damages, and any amount that may be determined
by a jury or a court sitting without a jury, not exceeding three times the amount of
actual damage, and not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), and attorney's
fees, exemplary damages, or a civil penalty not exceeding twenty-five thousand
dollars (\$25,000).

(B) Whenever there is reasonable cause to believe that any person or group of 19 persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of misuse of the information available 20 via an Internet Web site internet website established pursuant to this section in 21 violation of paragraph (2), the Attorney General, any district attorney, or city 22 attorney, or any person aggrieved by the misuse is authorized to bring a civil action 23 in the appropriate court requesting preventive relief, including an application for a 24 permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or other order against the 25 person or group of persons responsible for the pattern or practice of misuse. The 26 foregoing remedies shall be independent of any other remedies or procedures that 27 may be available to an aggrieved party under other provisions of law, including Part 28 2 (commencing with Section 43) of Division 1 of the Civil Code. 29

(k) The public notification provisions of this section are applicable to every
person described in this section, without regard to when his or her the person's
crimes were committed or his or her the person's duty to register pursuant to Section
290 arose, and to every offense described in this section, regardless of when it was
committed.

(*l*) A designated law enforcement entity and its employees shall be immune from
 liability for good faith conduct under this section.

(m) The Attorney General, in collaboration with local law enforcement and others
knowledgeable about sex offenders, shall develop strategies to assist members of
the public in understanding and using publicly available information about
registered sex offenders to further public safety. These strategies may include, but
are not limited to, a hotline for community inquiries, neighborhood and business
guidelines for how to respond to information posted on this Internet Web site

<u>internet website</u>, and any other resource that promotes public education about these
 offenders.

3 (n) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2022.

4 **Comment.** Section 290.46 (as amended by 2018 Cal. Stat. ch. 423, § 58) is amended to reflect 5 nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records* 

6 Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

7 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes.

#### 8 § 293 (amended). Confidential information

9 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 293 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

10 293. (a) An employee of a law enforcement agency who personally receives a 11 report from a person, alleging that the person making the report has been the victim 12 of a sex offense, shall inform that person that his or her the person's name will 13 become a matter of public record unless he or she the person requests that it not 14 become a matter of public record, pursuant to Section 6254 7923.615 of the 15 Government Code.

(b) A written report of an alleged sex offense shall indicate that the alleged victim
 has been properly informed pursuant to subdivision (a) and shall memorialize his or
 her the victim's response.

(c) A law enforcement agency shall not disclose to a person, except the
prosecutor, parole officers of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation,
hearing officers of the parole authority, probation officers of county probation
departments, or other persons or public agencies where authorized or required by
law, the address of a person who alleges to be the victim of a sex offense.

(d) A law enforcement agency shall not disclose to a person, except the
prosecutor, parole officers of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation,
hearing officers of the parole authority, probation officers of county probation
departments, or other persons or public agencies where authorized or required by
law, the name of a person who alleges to be the victim of a sex offense if that person
has elected to exercise his or her the person's right pursuant to this section and
Section 6254 7923.615 of the Government Code.

(e) A law enforcement agency shall not disclose to a person, except the 31 prosecutor, parole officers of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, 32 hearing officers of the parole authority, probation officers of county probation 33 departments, or other persons or public agencies if authorized or required by law, 34 names, addresses, or images of a person who alleges to be the victim of human 35 trafficking, as defined in Section 236.1, or of that alleged victim's immediate 36 family, other than a family member who is charged with a criminal offense arising 37 from the same incident, and that information and those images shall be withheld and 38 remain confidential. The law enforcement agency shall orally inform the person 39 who alleges to be the victim of human trafficking of his or her that person's right to 40 have his or her the person's name, addresses, and images, and the names, addresses, 41 and images of his or her the person's immediate family members withheld and kept 42

1 confidential pursuant to this section and Section 6254 7923.615 of the Government

2 Code. For purposes of this subdivision, "immediate family" shall have the same

meaning as that provided in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 422.4 of the
Penal Code.

(f) For purposes of this section, sex offense means any crime listed in
 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) of Section 6254 subdivision
 (b) of Section 7923.615 of the Government Code.

(g) Parole officers of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, hearing 8 officers of the parole authority, and probation officers of county probation 9 departments shall be entitled to receive information pursuant to subdivisions (c), 10 (d), and (e) only if the person to whom the information pertains alleges that he or 11 she the person is the victim of a sex offense or is the victim of human trafficking, as 12 defined in Section 236.1, the alleged perpetrator of which is a parolee who is alleged 13 to have committed the offense while on parole, or in the case of a county probation 14 officer, the person who is alleged to have committed the offense is a probationer or 15 is under investigation by a county probation department. 16

Comment. Section 293 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

20 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 21 § 293.5 (amended). References to alleged victim in court records and proceedings

22 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 293.5 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

293.5. (a) Except as provided in Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 1054) of 23 Part 2 of Title 7, or for cases in which the alleged victim of a sex offense, as specified 24 in subdivision (f) of Section 293, has not elected to exercise his or her the alleged 25 victim's right pursuant to Section 6254 7923.615 of the Government Code, the 26 court, at the request of the alleged victim, may order the identity of the alleged 27 victim in all records and during all proceedings to be either Jane Doe or John Doe, 28 if the court finds that such an type of order is reasonably necessary to protect the 29 privacy of the person and will not unduly prejudice the prosecution or the defense. 30

(b) If the court orders the alleged victim to be identified as Jane Doe or John Doe
pursuant to subdivision (a) and if there is a jury trial, the court shall instruct the jury,
at the beginning and at the end of the trial, that the alleged victim is being so
identified only for the purpose of protecting his or her the alleged victim's privacy

35 pursuant to this section.

Comment. Section 293.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

38 Reports (2019).

39 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make another technical change.

#### 40 § 637.5 (amended). Privacy of subscriber to satellite or cable television system

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 637.5 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

1 637.5. (a) No person who owns, controls, operates, or manages a satellite or cable 2 television corporation, or who leases channels on a satellite or cable system shall:

(1) Use any electronic device to record, transmit, or observe any events or listen
to, record, or monitor any conversations that take place inside a subscriber's
residence, workplace, or place of business, without obtaining the express written
consent of the subscriber. A satellite or cable television corporation may conduct
electronic sweeps of subscriber households to monitor for signal quality.

8 (2) Provide any person with any individually identifiable information regarding 9 any of its subscribers, including, but not limited to, the subscriber's television 10 viewing habits, shopping choices, interests, opinions, energy uses, medical 11 information, banking data or information, or any other personal or private 12 information, without the subscriber's express written consent.

(b) Individual subscriber viewing responses or other individually identifiable 13 information derived from subscribers may be retained and used by a satellite or 14 cable television corporation only to the extent reasonably necessary for billing 15 purposes and internal business practices, and to monitor for unauthorized reception 16 of services. A satellite or cable television corporation may compile, maintain, and 17 distribute a list containing the names and addresses of its subscribers if the list 18 contains no other individually identifiable information and if subscribers are 19 afforded the right to elect not to be included on the list. However, a satellite or cable 20 television corporation shall maintain adequate safeguards to ensure the physical 21 security and confidentiality of the subscriber information. 22

(c)(1) A satellite or cable television corporation shall not make individual subscriber information available to government agencies in the absence of legal compulsion, including, but not limited to, a court order or subpoena. If requests for information are made, a satellite or cable television corporation shall promptly notify the subscriber of the nature of the request and what government agency has requested the information prior to responding unless otherwise prohibited from doing so by law.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent local franchising 30 authorities from obtaining information necessary to monitor franchise compliance 31 pursuant to franchise or license agreements. This information shall be provided so 32 as to omit individually identifiable subscriber information whenever possible. 33 Information obtained by local franchising authorities shall be used solely for 34 monitoring franchise compliance and shall not be subject to the California Public 35 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 36 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 37

(d) Any individually identifiable subscriber information gathered by a satellite or
cable television corporation shall be made available for subscriber examination
within 30 days of receiving a request by a subscriber to examine the information on
the premises of the corporation. Upon a reasonable showing by the subscriber that
the information is inaccurate, a satellite or cable television corporation shall correct
the information.

(e) Upon a subscriber's application for satellite or cable television service,
 including, but not limited to, interactive service, a satellite or cable television
 corporation shall provide the applicant with a separate notice in an appropriate form
 explaining the subscriber's right to privacy protection afforded by this section.

5 (f) As used in this section:

6 (1) "Cable television corporation" shall have the same meaning as that term is 7 given by Section 216.4 of the Public Utilities Code.

8 (2) "Individually identifiable information" means any information identifying an 9 individual or his or her the individual's use of any service provided by a satellite or 10 cable system other than the mere fact that the individual is a satellite or cable 11 television subscriber. "Individually identifiable information" shall not include 12 anonymous, aggregate, or any other information that does not identify an individual 13 subscriber of a video provider service.

(3) "Person" includes an individual, business association, partnership,
corporation, limited liability company, or other legal entity, and an individual acting
or purporting to act for or on behalf of any government, or subdivision thereof,
whether federal, state, or local.

(4) "Interactive service" means any service offered by a satellite or cable
television corporation involving the collection, reception, aggregation, storage, or
use of electronic information transmitted from a subscriber to any other receiving
point under the control of the satellite or cable television corporation, or vice versa.
(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of a satellite or

cable television corporation to market satellite or cable television or ancillary
 services to its subscribers.

(h) Any person receiving subscriber information from a satellite or cable
 television corporation shall be subject to the provisions of this section.

(i) Any aggrieved person may commence a civil action for damages for invasion
of privacy against any satellite or cable television corporation, service provider, or
person that leases a channel or channels on a satellite or cable television system that
violates the provisions of this section.

(j) Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a
misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding three thousand dollars (\$3,000),
or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or by both that fine
and imprisonment.

(k) The penalties and remedies provided by subdivisions (i) and (j) are cumulative, and shall not be construed as restricting any penalty or remedy, provisional or otherwise, provided by law for the benefit of any person, and no judgment under this section shall preclude any person from obtaining additional relief based upon the same facts.

40 (l) The provisions of this section are intended to set forth minimum state standards

41 for protecting the privacy of subscribers to cable television services and are not

42 intended to preempt more restrictive local standards.

1 **Comment.** Section 637.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 5 § 679.03 (amended). Notification process

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 679.03 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

679.03. (a) With respect to the conviction of a defendant involving a violent 7 offense, as defined in Section 29905, the county district attorney, probation 8 department, and victim-witness coordinator shall confer and establish an annual 9 policy within existing resources to decide which one of their agencies shall inform 10 each witness involved in the conviction who was threatened by the defendant 11 following the defendant's arrest and each victim or next of kin of the victim of that 12 13 offense of the right to request and receive a notice pursuant to Section 3058.8 or 3605. If no agreement is reached, the presiding judge shall designate the appropriate 14 county agency or department to provide this notification. 15

(b) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall supply a form to the 16 agency designated pursuant to subdivision (a) in order to enable persons specified 17 in subdivision (a) to request and receive notification from the department of the 18 release, escape, scheduled execution, or death of the violent offender. That agency 19 shall give the form to the victim, witness, or next of kin of the victim for completion, 20 explain to that person or persons the right to be so notified, and forward the 21 completed form to the department. The department or the Board of Parole Hearings 22 is responsible for notifying all victims, witnesses, or next of kin of victims who 23 24 request to be notified of a violent offender's release or scheduled execution, as provided by Sections 3058.8 and 3605. 25

26 (c) All information relating to any person receiving notice pursuant to subdivision

(b) shall remain confidential and is not subject to disclosure pursuant to the
California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of
Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the

30 Government Code).

(d) Nothing in this section precludes a victim, witness, or next of kin of the victim
 from requesting notification using an automated electronic notification process, if
 available.

Comment. Section 679.03 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# § 832.5 (amended). Complaint by member of public against peace officer or custodial officer SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 832.5 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

832.5. (a)(1) Each department or agency in this state that employs peace officers shall establish a procedure to investigate complaints by members of the public against the personnel of these departments or agencies, and shall make a written description of the procedure available to the public. (2) Each department or agency that employs custodial officers, as defined in
Section 831.5, may establish a procedure to investigate complaints by members of
the public against those custodial officers employed by these departments or
agencies, provided however, that any procedure so established shall comply with
the provisions of this section and with the provisions of Section 832.7.

(b) Complaints and any reports or findings relating to these complaints shall be 6 retained for a period of at least five years. All complaints retained pursuant to this 7 subdivision may be maintained either in the peace or custodial officer's general 8 personnel file or in a separate file designated by the department or agency as 9 provided by department or agency policy, in accordance with all applicable 10 requirements of law. However, prior to any official determination regarding 11 promotion, transfer, or disciplinary action by an officer's employing department or 12 agency, the complaints described by subdivision (c) shall be removed from the 13 officer's general personnel file and placed in separate file designated by the 14 department or agency, in accordance with all applicable requirements of law. 15

(c) Complaints by members of the public that are determined by the peace or 16 custodial officer's employing agency to be frivolous, as defined in Section 128.5 of 17 the Code of Civil Procedure, or unfounded or exonerated, or any portion of a 18 complaint that is determined to be frivolous, unfounded, or exonerated, shall not be 19 maintained in that officer's general personnel file. However, these complaints shall 20 be retained in other, separate files that shall be deemed personnel records for 21 purposes of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 22 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 23 Title 1 of the Government Code) and Section 1043 of the Evidence Code. 24

(1) Management of the peace or custodial officer's employing agency shall have
 access to the files described in this subdivision.

(2) Management of the peace or custodial officer's employing agency shall not
 use the complaints contained in these separate files for punitive or promotional
 purposes except as permitted by subdivision (f) of Section 3304 of the Government
 Code.

(3) Management of the peace or custodial officer's employing agency may
 identify any officer who is subject to the complaints maintained in these files which
 that require counseling or additional training. However, if a complaint is removed
 from the officer's personnel file, any reference in the personnel file to the complaint
 or to a separate file shall be deleted.

36 (d) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:

(1) "General personnel file" means the file maintained by the agency containing
the primary records specific to each peace or custodial officer's employment,
including evaluations, assignments, status changes, and imposed discipline.

40 (2) "Unfounded" means that the investigation clearly established that the 41 allegation is not true. 1 (3) "Exonerated" means that the investigation clearly established that the actions

of the peace or custodial officer that formed the basis for the complaint are not
violations of law or department policy.

4 **Comment.** Section 832.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

7 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.  $\overline{}$ 

### 8 **§ 832.7 (amended). Peace officer personnel records**

9 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 832.7 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

832.7. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), the personnel records of peace 10 officers and custodial officers and records maintained by any state or local agency 11 pursuant to Section 832.5, or information obtained from these records, are 12 confidential and shall not be disclosed in any criminal or civil proceeding except by 13 discovery pursuant to Sections 1043 and 1046 of the Evidence Code. This section 14 shall not apply to investigations or proceedings concerning the conduct of peace 15 officers or custodial officers, or an agency or department that employs those 16 officers, conducted by a grand jury, a district attorney's office, or the Attorney 17 General's office. 18

(b)(1) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), subdivision (f) of Section 6254 <u>Article 1</u>
 (commencing with Section 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title

- $\underline{1}$  of the Government Code, or any other law, the following peace officer or custodial
- 22 officer personnel records and records maintained by any state or local agency shall
- not be confidential and shall be made available for public inspection pursuant to the

24 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

25 <u>Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1 of the 26 Government Code):

(A) A record relating to the report, investigation, or findings of any of thefollowing:

(i) An incident involving the discharge of a firearm at a person by a peace officeror custodial officer.

(ii) An incident in which the use of force by a peace officer or custodial officer
 against a person resulted in death, or in great bodily injury.

(B)(i) Any record relating to an incident in which a sustained finding was made
 by any law enforcement agency or oversight agency that a peace officer or custodial
 officer engaged in sexual assault involving a member of the public.

- (ii) As used in this subparagraph, "sexual assault" means the commission or
  attempted initiation of a sexual act with a member of the public by means of force,
  threat, coercion, extortion, offer of leniency or other official favor, or under the color
  of authority. For purposes of this definition, the propositioning for or commission
- 40 of any sexual act while on duty is considered a sexual assault.

(iii) As used in this subparagraph, "member of the public" means any person not 1 employed by the officer's employing agency and includes any participant in a cadet, 2

explorer, or other youth program affiliated with the agency. 3

(C) Any record relating to an incident in which a sustained finding was made by 4 any law enforcement agency or oversight agency of dishonesty by a peace officer 5 or custodial officer directly relating to the reporting, investigation, or prosecution 6 of a crime, or directly relating to the reporting of, or investigation of misconduct by, 7 another peace officer or custodial officer, including, but not limited to, any sustained 8 finding of perjury, false statements, filing false reports, destruction, falsifying, or 9 concealing of evidence. 10

(2) Records that shall be released pursuant to this subdivision include all 11 investigative reports; photographic, audio, and video evidence; transcripts or 12 recordings of interviews; autopsy reports; all materials compiled and presented for 13 review to the district attorney or to any person or body charged with determining 14 whether to file criminal charges against an officer in connection with an incident, or 15 whether the officer's action was consistent with law and agency policy for purposes 16 of discipline or administrative action, or what discipline to impose or corrective 17 action to take; documents setting forth findings or recommended findings; and 18 copies of disciplinary records relating to the incident, including any letters of intent 19 to impose discipline, any documents reflecting modifications of discipline due to 20 the Skelly or grievance process, and letters indicating final imposition of discipline 21 or other documentation reflecting implementation of corrective action. 22

(3) A record from a separate and prior investigation or assessment of a separate 23 incident shall not be released unless it is independently subject to disclosure 24 pursuant to this subdivision. 25

(4) If an investigation or incident involves multiple officers, information about 26 allegations of misconduct by, or the analysis or disposition of an investigation of, 27 an officer shall not be released pursuant to subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph 28 (1), unless it relates to a sustained finding against that officer. However, factual 29 information about that action of an officer during an incident, or the statements of 30 an officer about an incident, shall be released if they are relevant to a sustained 31 finding against another officer that is subject to release pursuant to subparagraph 32 (B) or (C) of paragraph (1). 33

34

(5) An agency shall redact a record disclosed pursuant to this section only for any of the following purposes: 35

(A) To remove personal data or information, such as a home address, telephone 36 number, or identities of family members, other than the names and work-related 37 information of peace and custodial officers. 38

(B) To preserve the anonymity of complainants and witnesses. 39

(C) To protect confidential medical, financial, or other information of which 40 disclosure is specifically prohibited by federal law or would cause an unwarranted 41 invasion of personal privacy that clearly outweighs the strong public interest in 42

records about misconduct and serious use of force by peace officers and custodialofficers.

3 (D) Where there is a specific, articulable, and particularized reason to believe that 4 disclosure of the record would pose a significant danger to the physical safety of the

5 peace officer, custodial officer, or another person.

6 (6) Notwithstanding paragraph (5), an agency may redact a record disclosed 7 pursuant to this section, including personal identifying information, where, on the 8 facts of the particular case, the public interest served by not disclosing the 9 information clearly outweighs the public interest served by disclosure of the 10 information.

(7) An agency may withhold a record of an incident described in subparagraph
 (A) of paragraph (1) that is the subject of an active criminal or administrative
 investigation, in accordance with any of the following:

(A)(i) During an active criminal investigation, disclosure may be delayed for up 14 to 60 days from the date the use of force occurred or until the district attorney 15 determines whether to file criminal charges related to the use of force, whichever 16 occurs sooner. If an agency delays disclosure pursuant to this clause, the agency 17 shall provide, in writing, the specific basis for the agency's determination that the 18 interest in delaying disclosure clearly outweighs the public interest in disclosure. 19 This writing shall include the estimated date for disclosure of the withheld 20 information. 21

(ii) After 60 days from the use of force, the agency may continue to delay the 22 disclosure of records or information if the disclosure could reasonably be expected 23 to interfere with a criminal enforcement proceeding against an officer who used the 24 force. If an agency delays disclosure pursuant to this clause, the agency shall, at 25 180-day intervals as necessary, provide, in writing, the specific basis for the 26 agency's determination that disclosure could reasonably be expected to interfere 27 with a criminal enforcement proceeding. The writing shall include the estimated 28 date for the disclosure of the withheld information. Information withheld by the 29 agency shall be disclosed when the specific basis for withholding is resolved, when 30 the investigation or proceeding is no longer active, or by no later than 18 months 31 after the date of the incident, whichever occurs sooner. 32

(iii) After 60 days from the use of force, the agency may continue to delay the 33 disclosure of records or information if the disclosure could reasonably be expected 34 to interfere with a criminal enforcement proceeding against someone other than the 35 officer who used the force. If an agency delays disclosure under this clause, the 36 agency shall, at 180-day intervals, provide, in writing, the specific basis why 37 disclosure could reasonably be expected to interfere with a criminal enforcement 38 proceeding, and shall provide an estimated date for the disclosure of the withheld 39 information. Information withheld by the agency shall be disclosed when the 40 specific basis for withholding is resolved, when the investigation or proceeding is 41 no longer active, or by no later than 18 months after the date of the incident, 42 whichever occurs sooner, unless extraordinary circumstances warrant continued 43

delay due to the ongoing criminal investigation or proceeding. In that case, the agency must show by clear and convincing evidence that the interest in preventing prejudice to the active and ongoing criminal investigation or proceeding outweighs the public interest in prompt disclosure of records about use of serious force by peace officers and custodial officers. The agency shall release all information subject to disclosure that does not cause substantial prejudice, including any documents that have otherwise become available.

(iv) In an action to compel disclosure brought pursuant to Section 6258 Sections 8 7923.000 and 7923.005 of the Government Code, an agency may justify delay by 9 filing an application to seal the basis for withholding, in accordance with Rule 2.550 10 of the California Rules of Court, or any successor rule thereto, if disclosure of the 11 written basis itself would impact a privilege or compromise a pending investigation. 12 (B) If criminal charges are filed related to the incident in which force was used, 13 the agency may delay the disclosure of records or information until a verdict on 14 those charges is returned at trial or, if a plea of guilty or no contest is entered, the 15 time to withdraw the plea pursuant to Section 1018. 16

(C) During an administrative investigation into an incident described in 17 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), the agency may delay the disclosure of records 18 or information until the investigating agency determines whether the use of force 19 violated a law or agency policy, but no longer than 180 days after the date of the 20 employing agency's discovery of the use of force, or allegation of use of force, by 21 a person authorized to initiate an investigation, or 30 days after the close of any 22 criminal investigation related to the peace officer or custodial officer's use of force, 23 whichever is later. 24

(8) A record of a civilian complaint, or the investigations, findings, or dispositions
of that complaint, shall not be released pursuant to this section if the complaint is
frivolous, as defined in Section 128.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure, or if the
complaint is unfounded.

(c) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b), a department or agency shall release
to the complaining party a copy of his or her the party's own statements at the time
the complaint is filed.

32 (d) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b), a department or agency that 33 employs peace or custodial officers may disseminate data regarding the number, 34 type, or disposition of complaints (sustained, not sustained, exonerated, or 35 unfounded) made against its officers if that information is in a form which that does 36 not identify the individuals involved.

(e) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b), a department or agency that employs
peace or custodial officers may release factual information concerning a disciplinary
investigation if the officer who is the subject of the disciplinary investigation, or the
officer's agent or representative, publicly makes a statement he or she the officer,
agent, or representative knows to be false concerning the investigation or the
imposition of disciplinary action. Information may not be disclosed by the peace or
custodial officer's employer unless the false statement was published by an

established medium of communication, such as television, radio, or a newspaper. Disclosure of factual information by the employing agency pursuant to this subdivision is limited to facts contained in the officer's personnel file concerning the disciplinary investigation or imposition of disciplinary action that specifically refute the false statements made public by the peace or custodial officer or his or her the officer's agent or representative.

7 (f)(1) The department or agency shall provide written notification to the 8 complaining party of the disposition of the complaint within 30 days of the 9 disposition.

(2) The notification described in this subdivision shall not be conclusive or
 binding or admissible as evidence in any separate or subsequent action or
 proceeding brought before an arbitrator, court, or judge of this state or the United
 States.

(g) This section does not affect the discovery or disclosure of information
 contained in a peace or custodial officer's personnel file pursuant to Section 1043
 of the Evidence Code.

(h) This section does not supersede or affect the criminal discovery process
outlined in Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 1054) of Title 6 of Part 2, or the
admissibility of personnel records pursuant to subdivision (a), which codifies the
court decision in Pitchess v. Superior Court (1974) 11 Cal.3d 531.

(i) Nothing in this chapter is intended to limit the public's right of access as
provided for in Long Beach Police Officers Association v. City of Long Beach
(2014) 59 Cal.4th 59.

Comment. Section 832.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

26 Reports (2019).

27 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a grammatical correction.

### 28 **§ 832.18 (amended). Policies and procedures relating to body-worn cameras**

29 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 832.18 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

30 832.18. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish policies and procedures

to address issues related to the downloading and storage data recorded by a bodyworn camera worn by a peace officer. These policies and procedures shall be based
on best practices.

(b) When establishing policies and procedures for the implementation and
 operation of a body-worn camera system, law enforcement agencies, departments,

or entities shall consider the following best practices regarding the downloading and storage of body-worn camera data:

(1) Designate the person responsible for downloading the recorded data from the
 body-worn camera. If the storage system does not have automatic downloading
 capability, the officer's supervisor should take immediate physical custody of the
 camera and should be responsible for downloading the data in the case of an incident

involving the use of force by an officer, an officer-involved shooting, or other 1 serious incident. 2 (2) Establish when data should be downloaded to ensure the data is entered into 3 the system in a timely manner, the cameras are properly maintained and ready for 4 the next use, and for purposes of tagging and categorizing the data. 5 (3) Establish specific measures to prevent data tampering, deleting, and copying, 6 including prohibiting the unauthorized use, duplication, or distribution of body-7 worn camera data. 8 (4) Categorize and tag body-worn camera video at the time the data is downloaded 9 and classified according to the type of event or incident captured in the data. 10 (5) Specifically state the length of time that recorded data is to be stored. 11 (A) Unless subparagraph (B) or (C) applies, nonevidentiary data including video 12 and audio recorded by a body-worn camera should be retained for a minimum of 60 13 days, after which it may be erased, destroyed, or recycled. An agency may keep data 14 for more than 60 days to have it available in case of a civilian complaint and to 15 preserve transparency. 16 (B) Evidentiary data including video and audio recorded by a body-worn camera 17 under this section should be retained for a minimum of two years under any of the 18 following circumstances: 19 (i) The recording is of an incident involving the use of force by a peace officer or 20 an officer-involved shooting. 21 (ii) The recording is of an incident that leads to the detention or arrest of an 22 individual. 23 (iii) The recording is relevant to a formal or informal complaint against a law 24 enforcement officer or a law enforcement agency. 25 (C) If evidence that may be relevant to a criminal prosecution is obtained from a 26 recording made by a body-worn camera under this section, the law enforcement 27 agency should retain the recording for any time in addition to that specified in 28 subparagraphs (A) and (B), and in the same manner as is required by law for other 29 evidence that may be relevant to a criminal prosecution. 30 (D) In determining a retention schedule, the agency should work with its legal 31 counsel to determine a retention schedule to ensure that storage policies and 32 practices are in compliance with all relevant laws and adequately preserve 33 evidentiary chains of custody. 34 (E) Records or logs of access and deletion of data from body-worn cameras should 35 be retained permanently. 36 (6) State where the body-worn camera data will be stored, including, for example, 37 an in-house server which that is managed internally, or an online cloud database 38 which that is managed by a third-party vendor. 39 (7) If using a third-party vendor to manage the data storage system, the following 40 factors should be considered to protect the security and integrity of the data: 41 (A) Using an experienced and reputable third-party vendor. 42

1 (B) Entering into contracts that govern the vendor relationship and protect the 2 agency's data.

3 (C) Using a system that has a built-in audit trail to prevent data tampering and 4 unauthorized access.

5 (D) Using a system that has a reliable method for automatically backing up data 6 for storage.

(E) Consulting with internal legal counsel to ensure the method of data storage
 meets legal requirements for chain-of-custody concerns.

9 (F) Using a system that includes technical assistance capabilities.

10 (8) Require that all recorded data from body-worn cameras are property of their 11 respective law enforcement agency and shall not be accessed or released for any 12 unauthorized purpose, explicitly prohibit agency personnel from accessing recorded 13 data for personal use and from uploading recorded data onto public and social media 14 Internet Web sites internet websites, and include sanctions for violations of this 15 prohibition.

(c)(1) For purposes of this section, "evidentiary data" refers to data of an incident
 or encounter that could prove useful for investigative purposes, including, but not
 limited to, a crime, an arrest or citation, a search, a use of force incident, or a
 confrontational encounter with a member of the public. The retention period for
 evidentiary data are subject to state evidentiary laws.

(2) For purposes of this section, "nonevidentiary data" refers to data that does not
necessarily have value to aid in an investigation or prosecution, such as data of an
incident or encounter that does not lead to an arrest or citation, or data of general
activities the officer might perform while on duty.

(d) This section shall not be interpreted to limit the public's right to access
recorded data under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)
of Title 1 of the Government Code).

Comment. Section 832.18 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

31 Reports (2019).

32 The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections and another technical change.

### 33 § 936.7 (amended). Special counsel to grand jury

34 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 936.7 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

936.7. (a) In a county of the eighth class, as defined by Sections 28020 and 28029 35 of the Government Code, upon a request by the grand jury, the presiding judge of 36 the superior court may retain, in the name of the county, a special counsel to the 37 grand jury. The request shall be presented to the presiding judge in camera, by an 38 affidavit, executed by the foreperson of the grand jury, which specifies the reason 39 for the request and the nature of the services sought, and which certifies that the 40 appointment of the special counsel is reasonably necessary to aid the work of the 41 grand jury. The affidavit shall be confidential and its contents may not be made 42

1 public except by order of the presiding judge upon a showing of good cause. The

2 special counsel shall be selected by the presiding judge following submission of the

3 name of the nominee to the board of supervisors for comment.

4 The special counsel shall be retained under a contract executed by the presiding 5 judge in the name of the county. The contract shall contain the following terms:

6 (1) The types of legal services to be rendered to the grand jury; provided, (i) that 7 the special counsel's duties shall not include any legal advisory, investigative, or 8 prosecutorial service which that by statute is vested within the powers of the district 9 attorney, and (ii) that the special counsel may not perform any investigative or 10 prosecutorial service whatsoever except upon advance written approval by the 11 presiding judge, which specifies the number of hours of these services, the hourly 12 rate therefor, and the subject matter of the inquiry.

(2) The hourly rate of compensation of the special counsel for legal advisory
 services delivered, together with a maximum contract amount payable for all
 services rendered under the contract during the term thereof, and all service
 authorizations issued pursuant thereto.

(3) That the contract may be canceled in advance of the expiration of its term by
the presiding judge pursuant to service upon the special counsel of 10 days' advance
written notice.

(b) The maximum contract amount shall be determined by the board of supervisors and included in the grand jury's annual operational budget. The maximum amount shall be subject to increase by the presiding judge through contract amendment during the term thereof, subject to and in compliance with the procedure prescribed by Section 914.5.

(c) The contract shall constitute a public record and shall be subject to public
inspection and copying pursuant to the provisions of the California Public Records
Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).
However, at the sole discretion of the board of supervisors, any or all of the
following steps may be taken:

(1) The nomination by the presiding judge, and any or all actions by the board of
 supervisors in commenting upon the nominee and the comments, may be made
 confidential.

(2) The deliberations and actions may be undertaken in meetings from which the 34 public is excluded, and the communication containing comments may constitute a 35 confidential record which that is not subject to public inspection or copying except 36 at the sole discretion of the board of supervisors. Moreover, any written 37 authorization by the presiding judge pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) 38 shall constitute a confidential record which that is not subject to public inspection 39 or copying except in connection with a dispute concerning compensation for 40 services rendered. 41

Comment. Section 936.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 1

Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 2

- Reports \_\_ (2019). 3
- The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections. 4
- 5 § 1524.4 (amended). Law enforcement contact process
- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1524.4 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 6

1524.4. (a) This section applies to a service provider that is subject to the 7 Electronic Communications Privacy Act (Chapter 3.6 (commencing with Section 8 1546)) and that operates in California. This section does not apply to a service 9

- provider that does not offer services to the general public. 10
- (b)(1) Every service provider described in subdivision (a) shall maintain a law 11 enforcement contact process that meets the criteria set forth in paragraph (2). 12
- (2) Every service provider described in subdivision (a) shall ensure, at a 13 minimum, that its law enforcement contact process meets all of the following 14 criteria: 15

(A) Provides a specific contact mechanism for law enforcement personnel. 16

(B) Provides continual availability of the law enforcement contact process. 17

(C) Provides a method to provide status updates to a requesting law enforcement 18 19 agency on a request for assistance.

(3) Every service provider described in subdivision (a) shall, by July 1, 2017, file 20 a statement with the Attorney General describing the law enforcement contact 21 process maintained pursuant to paragraph (1). If a service provider makes a material 22 change to its law enforcement contact process, the service provider shall, as soon as 23 practicable, file a statement with the Attorney General describing its new law 24 enforcement contact process. 25

(c) The Attorney General shall consolidate the statements received pursuant to 26 this section into one discrete record and regularly make that record available to local 27 law enforcement agencies. 28

(d) The exclusive remedy for a violation of this section shall be an action brought 29 by the Attorney General for injunctive relief. Nothing in this section shall limit 30 remedies available for a violation of any other state or federal law. 31

(e) A statement filed or distributed pursuant to this section is confidential and shall 32 not be disclosed pursuant to any state law, including, but not limited to, the 33 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 34 35 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 36 37

- Comment. Section 1524.4 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 38 39 Reports (2019).

#### § 5058 (amended). Rules and regulations for administration of prisons and parole 40

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5058 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 41

5058. (a)(1) The director may prescribe and amend rules and regulations for the 1 administration of the prisons and for the administration of the parole of persons 2 sentenced under Section 1170 except those persons who meet the criteria set forth 3 in Section 2962. The rules and regulations shall be promulgated and filed pursuant 4 to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 5 of the Government Code, except as otherwise provided in this section and Sections 6 5058.1 to 5058.3, inclusive. All rules and regulations shall, to the extent practical, 7 be stated in language that is easily understood by the general public. 8 (2) For any rule or regulation filed as regular rulemaking as defined in paragraph 9 (5) of subdivision (a) of Section 1 of Title 1 of the California Code of Regulations, 10 copies of the rule or regulation shall be posted in conspicuous places throughout 11 each institution and shall be mailed to all persons or organizations who request them 12 no less than 20 days prior to its effective date. 13 (b) The director shall maintain, publish and make available to the general public, 14 a compendium of the rules and regulations promulgated by the director pursuant to 15 this section and Sections 5058.1 to 5058.3, inclusive. 16 (c) The following are deemed not to be "regulations" as defined in Section 17 11342.600 of the Government Code: 18 (1) Rules issued by the director applying solely to a particular prison or other 19 correctional facility, provided that the following conditions are met: 20 (A) All rules that apply to prisons or other correctional facilities throughout the 21 state are adopted by the director pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 22 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. 23 (B) All rules except those that are excluded from disclosure to the public pursuant 24 to subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7923.600) 25 of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code are made 26 available to all inmates confined in the particular prison or other correctional facility 27 to which the rules apply and to all members of the general public. 28 (2) Short-term criteria for the placement of inmates in a new prison or other 29 correctional facility, or subunit thereof, during its first six months of operation, or 30 in a prison or other correctional facility, or subunit thereof, planned for closing 31 during its last six months of operation, provided that the criteria are made available 32 to the public and that an estimate of fiscal impact is completed pursuant to Sections 33 6650 to 6670, inclusive, of the State Administrative Manual. 34 (3) Rules issued by the director that are excluded from disclosure to the public 35 pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 36 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 37 Comment. Section 5058 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 38 39 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 40 Reports (2019).
- 41 The section is also amended to insert paragraph labels.

#### 1 § 6126.3 (amended). Records of Office of Inspector General

2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6126.3 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

6126.3. (a) The Inspector General shall not destroy any papers or memoranda
used to support a completed review within three years after a report is released.

(b) Except as provided in subdivision (c), all books, papers, records, and
correspondence of the office pertaining to its work are public records subject to
Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code and shall
be filed at any of the regularly maintained offices of the Inspector General.

(c) The following books, papers, records, and correspondence of the Office of the
Inspector General pertaining to its work are not public records subject to Chapter
3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Chapter 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code, nor shall they be subject to
discovery pursuant to any provision of Title 3 (commencing with Section 1985) of
Part 4 of the Code of Civil Procedure or Chapter 7 (commencing with Section
19570) of Part 2 of Division 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code in any manner:

(1) All reports, papers, correspondence, memoranda, electronic communications, 17 or other documents that are otherwise exempt from disclosure pursuant to the 18 provisions of subdivision (d) of Section 6126.5, Section 6126.6, subdivision (c) of 19 Section 6128, subdivision (c) of Section 6126, or all other applicable laws regarding 20 confidentiality, including, but not limited to, the California Public Records Act, the 21 Public Safety Officers' Procedural Bill of Rights, the Information Practices Act of 22 1977, the Confidentiality of Medical Information Act of 1977, and the provisions of 23 Section 832.7, relating to the disposition notification for complaints against peace 24 officers. 25

26 (2) Any papers, correspondence, memoranda, electronic communications, or 27 other documents pertaining to any audit or review that has not been completed.

(3) Any papers, correspondence, memoranda, electronic communications, or
 other documents pertaining to internal discussions between the Inspector General
 and the Inspector General's staff, or between staff members of the Inspector
 General, or any personal notes of the Inspector General or the Inspector General's
 staff.

(4) All identifying information, and any personal papers or correspondence from
 any person requesting assistance from the Inspector General, except in those cases
 where the Inspector General determines that disclosure of the information is
 necessary in the interests of justice.

(5) Any papers, correspondence, memoranda, electronic communications, or
other documents pertaining to contemporaneous public oversight pursuant to
Section 6133 or subdivision (i) or (j) of Section 6126.

40 **Comment.** Section 6126.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# § 7443 (amended). Confidentiality and protection of privacy of survey participants and their children

3 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7443 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

7443. The California Research Bureau shall follow appropriate procedures to 4 ensure confidentiality of the records and to protect the privacy of the survey 5 participants and their children, and participating agencies. Data compiled from case 6 files shall be coded under an assigned number and not identified by name. Survey 7 questionnaires and coding forms shall be exempt from the public disclosure 8 requirements prescribed by Chapter 3.4 (commencing with Section 6250) of 9 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 10 Government Code. 11

12 **Comment.** Section 7443 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 13 Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 14 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). By updating the reference to the CPRA, the amendment also

eliminates an erroneous reference to "Chapter 3.4" (as opposed to "Chapter 3.5").

#### 16 § 11167.5 (amended). Reports of child abuse or neglect

17 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11167.5 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

18 11167.5. (a) The reports required by Sections 11166 and 11166.2, or authorized

19 by Section 11166.05, and child abuse or neglect investigative reports that result in

20 a summary report being filed with the Department of Justice pursuant to subdivision

(a) of Section 11169 shall be confidential and may be disclosed only as provided in

subdivision (b). Any violation of the confidentiality provided by this article is a

misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not to exceed six months,

by a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500), or by both that imprisonment and fine.

- (b) Reports of suspected child abuse or neglect and information contained thereinmay be disclosed only to the following:
- (1) Persons or agencies to whom disclosure of the identity of the reporting partyis permitted under Section 11167.
- (2) Persons or agencies to whom disclosure of information is permitted under
   subdivision (b) of Section 11170 or subdivision (a) of Section 11170.5.
- (3) Persons or agencies with whom investigations of child abuse or neglect are
   coordinated under the regulations promulgated under Section 11174.

(4) Multidisciplinary personnel teams as defined in subdivision (d) of Section
 18951 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(5) Persons or agencies responsible for the licensing of facilities which that care
 for children, as specified in Section 11165.7.

(6) The State Department of Social Services or any county, as specified in paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 11170, when an individual has applied for a license to operate a community care facility or child day care facility, or for a certificate of approval to operate a certified family home or resource family home, or for employment or presence in a licensed facility, certified family home, or resource family home, or when a complaint alleges child abuse or neglect by a licensee or employee of, or individual approved to be present in, a licensed facility,
 certified family home, or resource family home.

(7) Hospital scan teams. As used in this paragraph, "hospital scan team" means a team of three or more persons established by a hospital, or two or more hospitals in the same county, consisting of health care professionals and representatives of law enforcement and child protective services, the members of which are engaged in the identification of child abuse or neglect. The disclosure authorized by this section ncludes disclosure among all hospital scan teams.

9 (8) Coroners and medical examiners when conducting a post mortem examination10 of a child.

(9) The Board of Parole Hearings, which may subpoen an employee of a county
welfare department who can provide relevant evidence and reports that both (A) are
not unfounded, pursuant to Section 11165.12, and (B) concern only the current
incidents upon which parole revocation proceedings are pending against a parolee
charged with child abuse or neglect. The reports and information shall be
confidential pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 11167.

(10) Personnel from an agency responsible for making a placement of a child
pursuant to Section 361.3 of, and Article 7 (commencing with Section 305) of
Chapter 2 of Part 1 of Division 2 of, the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(11) Persons who have been identified by the Department of Justice as listed in 20 the Child Abuse Central Index pursuant to paragraph (7) of subdivision (b) of 21 Section 11170 or subdivision (c) of Section 11170, or persons who have verified 22 with the Department of Justice that they are listed in the Child Abuse Central Index 23 as provided in subdivision (f) of Section 11170. Disclosure under this paragraph is 24 required notwithstanding the California Public Records Act, Chapter 3.5 25 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 26 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. Nothing in this paragraph 27 shall preclude a submitting agency prior to disclosure from redacting any 28 information necessary to maintain confidentiality as required by law. 29

(12) Out-of-state law enforcement agencies conducting an investigation of child 30 abuse or neglect only when an agency makes the request for reports of suspected 31 child abuse or neglect in writing and on official letterhead, or as designated by the 32 Department of Justice, identifying the suspected abuser or victim by name and date 33 of birth or approximate age. The request shall be signed by the department 34 supervisor of the requesting law enforcement agency. The written request shall cite 35 the out-of-state statute or interstate compact provision that requires that the 36 information contained within these reports is to be disclosed only to law 37 enforcement, prosecutorial entities, or multidisciplinary investigative teams, and 38 shall cite the safeguards in place to prevent unlawful disclosure provided by the 39 requesting state or the applicable interstate compact provision. 40

(13) Out-of-state agencies responsible for approving prospective foster or
 adoptive parents for placement of a child only when the agency makes the request
 in compliance with the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006

(Public Law 109-248). The request shall also cite the safeguards in place to prevent 1 unlawful disclosure provided by the requesting state or the applicable interstate 2 compact provision and indicate that the requesting state shall maintain continual 3 compliance with the requirement in paragraph (20) of subdivision (a) of Section 671 4 of Title 42 of the United States Code that requires the state have in place safeguards 5 to prevent the unauthorized disclosure of information in any child abuse and neglect 6 registry maintained by the state and prevent the information from being used for a 7 purpose other than the conducting of background checks in foster or adoptive 8 placement cases. 9

10 (14) Each chairperson of a county child death review team, or his or her the 11 chairperson's designee, to whom disclosure of information is permitted under this 12 article, relating to the death of one or more children and any prior child abuse or 13 neglect investigation reports maintained involving the same victim, siblings, or 14 suspects. Local child death review teams may share any relevant information 15 regarding case reviews involving child death with other child death review teams.

(c) Authorized persons within county health departments shall be permitted to receive copies of any reports made by health practitioners, as defined in paragraphs (21) to (28), inclusive, of subdivision (a) of Section 11165.7, and pursuant to Section 11165.13, and copies of assessments completed pursuant to Sections 123600 and 123605 of the Health and Safety Code, to the extent permitted by federal law. Any information received pursuant to this subdivision is protected by subdivision (e).

22 (d) Nothing in this section requires the Department of Justice to disclose 23 information contained in records maintained under Section 11170 or under the 24 regulations promulgated pursuant to Section 11174, except as otherwise provided 25 in this article.

(e) This section shall not be interpreted to allow disclosure of any reports or records relevant to the reports of child abuse or neglect if the disclosure would be prohibited by any other provisions of state or federal law applicable to the reports or records relevant to the reports of child abuse or neglect.

Comment. Section 11167.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

33 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make a grammatical correction.

#### 34 § 13300 (amended). Local summary criminal history information

35 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 13300 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

36 13300. (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Local summary criminal history information" means the master record of
 information compiled by any local criminal justice agency pursuant to Chapter 2

39 (commencing with Section 13100) of Title 3 of Part 4 pertaining to the identification

40 and criminal history of any person, such as name, date of birth, physical description,

41 dates of arrests, arresting agencies and booking numbers, charges, dispositions, and

42 similar data about the person.

1 (2) "Local summary criminal history information" does not refer to records and 2 data compiled by criminal justice agencies other than that local agency, nor does it 3 refer to records of complaints to or investigations conducted by, or records of 4 intelligence information or security procedures of, the local agency.

5 (3) "Local agency" means a local criminal justice agency.

6 (b) A local agency shall furnish local summary criminal history information to 7 any of the following, when needed in the course of their duties, provided that when 8 information is furnished to assist an agency, officer, or official of state or local 9 government, a public utility, or any entity, in fulfilling employment, certification, 10 or licensing duties, Chapter 1321 of the Statutes of 1974 and Section 432.7 of the 11 Labor Code shall apply:

12 (1) The courts of the state.

13 (2) Peace officers of the state, as defined in Section 830.1, subdivisions (a) and

14 (d) of Section 830.2, subdivisions (a), (b), and (j) of Section 830.3, and subdivisions

- 15 (a), (b), and (c) of Section 830.5.
- 16 (3) District attorneys of the state.

17 (4) Prosecuting city attorneys of any city within the state.

(5) City attorneys pursuing civil gang injunctions pursuant to Section 186.22a, or
 drug abatement actions pursuant to Section 3479 or 3480 of the Civil Code, or
 Section 11571 of the Health and Safety Code.

21 (6) Probation officers of the state.

22 (7) Parole officers of the state.

(8) A public defender or attorney of record when representing a person in
 proceedings upon a petition for a certificate of rehabilitation and pardon pursuant to
 Section 4852.08.

(9) A public defender or attorney of record when representing a person in a
 criminal case, or a parole, mandatory supervision, or postrelease community
 supervision revocation or revocation extension hearing, and when authorized access
 by statutory or decisional law.

(10) Any agency, officer, or official of the state when the local summary criminal
 history information is required to implement a statute, regulation, or ordinance that
 expressly refers to specific criminal conduct applicable to the subject person of the
 local summary criminal history information, and contains requirements or
 exclusions, or both, expressly based upon the specified criminal conduct.

(11) Any city, county, city and county, or district, or any officer or official thereof, 35 when access is needed in order to assist the agency, officer, or official in fulfilling 36 employment, certification, or licensing duties, and when the access is specifically 37 authorized by the city council, board of supervisors, or governing board of the city, 38 county, or district when the local summary criminal history information is required 39 to implement a statute, regulation, or ordinance that expressly refers to specific 40 criminal conduct applicable to the subject person of the local summary criminal 41 history information, and contains requirements or exclusions, or both, expressly 42 based upon the specified criminal conduct. 43

(12) The subject of the local summary criminal history information. 1

(13) Any person or entity when access is expressly authorized by statute when the 2 local summary criminal history information is required to implement a statute, 3 regulation, or ordinance that expressly refers to specific criminal conduct applicable 4 to the subject person of the local summary criminal history information, and 5 contains requirements or exclusions, or both, expressly based upon the specified 6 criminal conduct. 7

(14) Any managing or supervising correctional officer of a county jail or other 8 county correctional facility. 9

(15) Local child support agencies established by Section 17304 of the Family 10 Code. When a local child support agency closes a support enforcement case 11 containing summary criminal history information, the agency shall delete or purge 12 from the file and destroy any documents or information concerning or arising from 13 offenses for or of which the parent has been arrested, charged, or convicted, other 14 than for offenses related to the parents having failed to provide support for the minor 15 children, consistent with Section 17531 of the Family Code. 16

(16) County child welfare agency personnel who have been delegated the 17 authority of county probation officers to access state summary criminal information 18 pursuant to Section 272 of the Welfare and Institutions Code for the purposes 19 specified in Section 16504.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. 20

(17) A humane officer appointed pursuant to Section 14502 of the Corporations 21 Code, for the purposes of performing his or her the officer's duties. A local agency 22 may charge a reasonable fee sufficient to cover the costs of providing information 23 pursuant to this paragraph. 24

(c) The local agency may furnish local summary criminal history information, 25 upon a showing of a compelling need, to any of the following, provided that when 26 information is furnished to assist an agency, officer, or official of state or local 27 government, a public utility, or any entity, in fulfilling employment, certification, 28 or licensing duties, Chapter 1321 of the Statutes of 1974 and Section 432.7 of the 29 Labor Code shall apply: 30

(1) Any public utility, as defined in Section 216 of the Public Utilities Code, 31 which that operates a nuclear energy facility when access is needed to assist in 32 employing persons to work at the facility, provided that, if the local agency supplies 33 the information, it shall furnish a copy of this information to the person to whom 34 the information relates. 35

36

(2) To a peace officer of the state other than those included in subdivision (b).

(3) An animal control officer, authorized to exercise powers specified in Section 37 830.9, for the purposes of performing his or her the officer's official duties. A local 38 agency may charge a reasonable fee sufficient to cover the costs of providing 39 information pursuant to this paragraph. 40

(4) To a peace officer of another country. 41

(5) To public officers, other than peace officers, of the United States, other states, 42

or possessions or territories of the United States, provided that access to records 43

similar to local summary criminal history information is expressly authorized by a 1 statute of the United States, other states, or possessions or territories of the United 2 States when this information is needed for the performance of their official duties. 3 (6) To any person when disclosure is requested by a probation, parole, or peace 4 officer with the consent of the subject of the local summary criminal history 5 information and for purposes of furthering the rehabilitation of the subject. 6 (7) The courts of the United States, other states, or territories or possessions of the 7 United States. 8 (8) Peace officers of the United States, other states, or territories or possessions 9 of the United States. 10 (9) To any individual who is the subject of the record requested when needed in 11 conjunction with an application to enter the United States or any foreign nation. 12 (10) Any public utility, as defined in Section 216 of the Public Utilities Code, 13 when access is needed to assist in employing persons who will be seeking entrance 14 to private residences in the course of their employment. The information provided 15 shall be limited to the record of convictions and any arrest for which the person is 16 released on bail or on his or her the person's own recognizance pending trial. 17 If the local agency supplies the information pursuant to this paragraph, it shall 18 furnish a copy of the information to the person to whom the information relates. 19 Any information obtained from the local summary criminal history is confidential 20 and the receiving public utility shall not disclose its contents, other than for the 21 purpose for which it was acquired. The local summary criminal history information 22 in the possession of the public utility and all copies made from it shall be destroyed 23 30 days after employment is denied or granted, including any appeal periods, except 24 for those cases where an employee or applicant is out on bail or on his or her the 25 person's own recognizance pending trial, in which case the state summary criminal 26 history information and all copies shall be destroyed 30 days after the case is 27 resolved, including any appeal periods. 28 A violation of any of the provisions of this paragraph is a misdemeanor, and shall 29 give the employee or applicant who is injured by the violation a cause of action 30 against the public utility to recover damages proximately caused by the violation. 31 Nothing in this section shall be construed as imposing any duty upon public 32 utilities to request local summary criminal history information on any current or 33 prospective employee. 34

Seeking entrance to private residences in the course of employment shall be deemed a "compelling need" as required to be shown in this subdivision.

(11) Any city, county, city and county, or district, or any officer or official thereof,
if a written request is made to a local law enforcement agency and the information
is needed to assist in the screening of a prospective concessionaire, and any affiliate
or associate thereof, as these terms are defined in subdivision (k) of Section 432.7
of the Labor Code, for the purposes of consenting to, or approving of, the
prospective concessionaire's application for, or acquisition of, any beneficial
interest in a concession, lease, or other property interest.

Any local government's request for local summary criminal history information for purposes of screening a prospective concessionaire and their affiliates or associates before approving or denying an application for, or acquisition of, any beneficial interest in a concession, lease, or other property interest is deemed a "compelling need" as required by this subdivision. However, only local summary criminal history information pertaining to criminal convictions may be obtained pursuant to this paragraph.

Any information obtained from the local summary criminal history is confidential 8 and the receiving local government shall not disclose its contents, other than for the 9 purpose for which it was acquired. The local summary criminal history information 10 in the possession of the local government and all copies made from it shall be 11 destroyed not more than 30 days after the local government's final decision to grant 12 or deny consent to, or approval of, the prospective concessionaire's application for, 13 or acquisition of, a beneficial interest in a concession, lease, or other property 14 interest. Nothing in this section shall be construed as imposing any duty upon a local 15 government, or any officer or official thereof, to request local summary criminal 16 history information on any current or prospective concessionaire or their affiliates 17 or associates. 18

(12) A public agency described in subdivision (b) of Section 15975 of the
 Government Code, for the purpose of oversight and enforcement policies with
 respect to its contracted providers.

(d) Whenever an authorized request for local summary criminal history information pertains to a person whose fingerprints are on file with the local agency and the local agency has no criminal history of that person, and the information is to be used for employment, licensing, or certification purposes, the fingerprint card accompanying the request for information, if any, may be stamped "no criminal record" and returned to the person or entity making the request.

(e) A local agency taking fingerprints of a person who is an applicant for
 licensing, employment, or certification may charge a fee to cover the cost of taking
 the fingerprints and processing the required documents.

(f) Whenever local summary criminal history information furnished pursuant to 31 this section is to be used for employment, licensing, or certification purposes, the 32 local agency shall charge the person or entity making the request a fee which that it 33 determines to be sufficient to reimburse the local agency for the cost of furnishing 34 the information, provided that no fee shall be charged to any public law enforcement 35 agency for local summary criminal history information furnished to assist it in 36 employing, licensing, or certifying a person who is applying for employment with 37 the agency as a peace officer or criminal investigator. Any state agency required to 38 pay a fee to the local agency for information received under this section may charge 39 the applicant a fee sufficient to reimburse the agency for the expense. 40

(g) Whenever there is a conflict, the processing of criminal fingerprints shall take
 priority over the processing of applicant fingerprints.

1 (h) It is not a violation of this article to disseminate statistical or research 2 information obtained from a record, provided that the identity of the subject of the 3 record is not disclosed.

4 (i) It is not a violation of this article to include information obtained from a record
5 in (1) a transcript or record of a judicial or administrative proceeding or (2) any
6 other public record when the inclusion of the information in the public record is
7 authorized by a court, statute, or decisional law.

(j) Notwithstanding any other law, a public prosecutor may, in response to a 8 written request made pursuant to Section 6253 Article 1 (commencing with Section 9 7922.500) and Article 2 (commencing with Section 7922.525) of Chapter 1 of Part 10 <u>3 of Division 10 of Title 1</u> of the Government Code, provide information from a 11 local summary criminal history, if release of the information would enhance public 12 safety, the interest of justice, or the public's understanding of the justice system and 13 the person making the request declares that the request is made for a scholarly or 14 journalistic purpose. If a person in a declaration required by this subdivision 15 willfully states as true any material fact that he or she person knows to be false, he 16 or she the person shall be subject to a civil penalty not exceeding ten thousand 17 dollars (\$10,000). The requestor shall be informed in writing of this penalty. An 18 action to impose a civil penalty under this subdivision may be brought by any public 19 prosecutor and shall be enforced as a civil judgment. 20

(k) Notwithstanding any other law, the Department of Justice or any state or local
 law enforcement agency may require the submission of fingerprints for the purpose
 of conducting summary criminal history information record checks which that are
 authorized by law.

(*l*) Any local criminal justice agency may release, within five years of the arrest,
information concerning an arrest or detention of a peace officer or applicant for a
position as a peace officer, as defined in Section 830, which that did not result in
conviction, and for which the person did not complete a postarrest diversion
program or a deferred entry of judgment program, to a government agency employer
of that peace officer or applicant.

(m) Any local criminal justice agency may release information concerning an arrest of a peace officer or applicant for a position as a peace officer, as defined in Section 830, which that did not result in conviction but for which the person completed a postarrest diversion program or a deferred entry of judgment program, or information concerning a referral to and participation in any postarrest diversion program or a deferred entry of judgment program to a government agency employer of that peace officer or applicant.

(n) Notwithstanding subdivision (*l*) or (m), a local criminal justice agency shall
 not release information under the following circumstances:

(1) Information concerning an arrest for which diversion or a deferred entry of
 judgment program has been ordered without attempting to determine whether
 diversion or a deferred entry of judgment program has been successfully completed.

(2) Information concerning an arrest or detention followed by a dismissal or 1 release without attempting to determine whether the individual was exonerated. 2

- (3) Information concerning an arrest without a disposition without attempting to 3
- determine whether diversion has been successfully completed or the individual was 4 exonerated. 5
- **Comment.** Section 13300 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 6 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 7 8 Reports (2019).
- 9
- The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make grammatical corrections.

#### § 13302 (amended). Knowingly furnishing record or information from record to person not 10 authorized to receive it 11

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 13302 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 12
- 13302. An employee of the local criminal justice agency who knowingly furnishes 13
- a record or information obtained from a record to a person who is not authorized by 14 law to receive the record or information is guilty of a misdemeanor. Nothing in this 15
- section shall prohibit a public prosecutor from accessing and obtaining information
- 16 from the public prosecutor's case management database to respond to a request for 17
- publicly disclosable information pursuant to the California Public Records Act 18
- (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 19
- (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 20
- 21 Comment. Section 13302 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 22 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 23 Reports (2019).

#### § 13519.4 (amended). Guidelines and training on racial and cultural differences among state 24 25 residents

SEC. . Section 13519.4 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 26

13519.4. (a) The commission shall develop and disseminate guidelines and 27 training for all peace officers in California as described in subdivision (a) of Section 28 13510 and who adhere to the standards approved by the commission, on the racial 29 and cultural differences among the residents of this state. The course or courses of 30 instruction and the guidelines shall stress understanding and respect for racial, 31 identity, and cultural differences, and development of effective, noncombative 32 methods of carrying out law enforcement duties in a diverse racial, identity, and 33 cultural environment. 34

- (b) The course of basic training for peace officers shall include adequate 35 instruction on racial, identity, and cultural diversity in order to foster mutual respect 36 and cooperation between law enforcement and members of all racial, identity, and 37 cultural groups. In developing the training, the commission shall consult with 38 appropriate groups and individuals having an interest and expertise in the field of 39 racial, identity, and cultural awareness and diversity. 40
- (c) For the purposes of this section the following shall apply: 41

(1) "Disability," "gender," "nationality," "religion," and "sexual orientation"
have the same meaning as in Section 422.55.

3 (2) "Culturally diverse" and "cultural diversity" include, but are not limited to,
4 disability, gender, nationality, religion, and sexual orientation issues.

5 (3) "Racial" has the same meaning as "race or ethnicity" in Section 422.55.

6 (4) "Stop" has the same meaning as in paragraph (2) of subdivision (g) of Section
7 12525.5 of the Government Code.

(d) The Legislature finds and declares as follows:

8

9 (1) The working men and women in California law enforcement risk their lives 10 every day. The people of California greatly appreciate the hard work and dedication 11 of peace officers in protecting public safety. The good name of these officers should 12 not be tarnished by the actions of those few who commit discriminatory practices.

(2) Racial or identity profiling is a practice that presents a great danger to the
 fundamental principles of our Constitution and a democratic society. It is abhorrent
 and cannot be tolerated.

(3) Racial or identity profiling alienates people from law enforcement, hinders
 community policing efforts, and causes law enforcement to lose credibility and trust
 among the people whom law enforcement is sworn to protect and serve.

(4) Pedestrians, users of public transportation, and vehicular occupants who have
been stopped, searched, interrogated, and subjected to a property seizure by a peace
officer for no reason other than the color of their skin, national origin, religion,
gender identity or expression, housing status, sexual orientation, or mental or
physical disability are the victims of discriminatory practices.

(5) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the changes to this section made by the act that added this paragraph that additional training is required to address the pernicious practice of racial or identity profiling and that enactment of this section is in no way dispositive of the issue of how the state should deal with racial or identity profiling.

(e) "Racial or identity profiling," for purposes of this section, is the consideration 29 of, or reliance on, to any degree, actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity, national 30 origin, age, religion, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, or mental or 31 physical disability in deciding which persons to subject to a stop or in deciding upon 32 the scope or substance of law enforcement activities following a stop, except that 33 an officer may consider or rely on characteristics listed in a specific suspect 34 description. The activities include, but are not limited to, traffic or pedestrian stops, 35 or actions during a stop, such as asking questions, frisks, consensual and 36 nonconsensual searches of a person or any property, seizing any property, removing 37 vehicle occupants during a traffic stop, issuing a citation, and making an arrest. 38

39 (f) A peace officer shall not engage in racial or identity profiling.

(g) Every peace officer in this state shall participate in expanded training as
 prescribed and certified by the Commission on Peace Officers Standards and
 Training.

(h) The curriculum shall be evidence-based and shall include and examine 1 evidence-based patterns, practices, and protocols that make up racial or identity 2 profiling, including implicit bias. This training shall prescribe evidence-based 3 patterns, practices, and protocols that prevent racial or identity profiling. In 4 developing the training, the commission shall consult with the Racial and Identity 5 Profiling Advisory Board established pursuant to subdivision (j). The course of 6 instruction shall include, but not be limited to, significant consideration of each of 7 the following subjects: 8

9 (1) Identification of key indices and perspectives that make up racial, identity, and 10 cultural differences among residents in a local community.

11 (2) Negative impact of intentional and implicit biases, prejudices, and 12 stereotyping on effective law enforcement, including examination of how historical 13 perceptions of discriminatory enforcement practices have harmed police-14 community relations and contributed to injury, death, disparities in arrest detention 15 and incarceration rights, and wrongful convictions.

(3) The history and role of the civil and human rights movement and struggles andtheir impact on law enforcement.

(4) Specific obligations of peace officers in preventing, reporting, and responding
 to discriminatory or biased practices by fellow peace officers.

(5) Perspectives of diverse, local constituency groups and experts on particular
 racial, identity, and cultural and police-community relations issues in a local area.

22 (6) The prohibition against racial or identity profiling in subdivision (f).

(i) Once the initial basic training is completed, each peace officer in California as
described in subdivision (a) of Section 13510 who adheres to the standards approved
by the commission shall be required to complete a refresher course every five years
thereafter, or on a more frequent basis if deemed necessary, in order to keep current
with changing racial, identity, and cultural trends.

(j)(1) Beginning July 1, 2016, the Attorney General shall establish the Racial and
 Identity Profiling Advisory Board (RIPA) for the purpose of eliminating racial and
 identity profiling, and improving diversity and racial and identity sensitivity in law
 enforcement.

32 (2) RIPA shall include the following members:

33 (A) The Attorney General, or his or her designee.

(B) The President of the California Public Defenders Association, or his or her
 designee.

36 (C) The President of the California Police Chiefs Association, or his or her
 37 designee.

(D) The President of the California State Sheriffs' Association, or his or her
 designee.

40 (E) The President of the Peace Officers Research Association of California, or his
 41 or her designee.

42 (F) The Commissioner of the California Highway Patrol, or his or her designee.

1 (G) A university professor who specializes in policing, and racial and identity 2 equity.

3 (H) Two representatives of human or civil rights tax-exempt organizations who 4 specialize in civil or human rights.

5 (I) Two representatives of community organizations who specialize in civil or 6 human rights and criminal justice, and work with victims of racial and identity 7 profiling. At least one representative shall be between 16 and 24 years of age.

8 (J) Two religious clergy members who specialize in addressing and reducing 9 racial and identity bias toward individuals and groups.

10 (K) Up to two other members that the Governor may prescribe.

(L) Up to two other members that the President pro Tempore of the Senate mayprescribe.

13 (M) Up to two other members that the Speaker of the Assembly may prescribe.

14 (3) Each year, on an annual basis, RIPA shall do the following:

(A) Analyze the data reported pursuant to Section 12525.5 of the Government
 Code and Section 13012 of this code.

17 (B) Analyze law enforcement training under this section.

18 (C) Work in partnership with state and local law enforcement agencies to review 19 and analyze racial and identity profiling policies and practices across geographic 20 areas in California.

(D) Conduct, and consult available, evidence-based research on intentional and
 implicit biases, and law enforcement stop, search, and seizure tactics.

(E) Issue a report that provides RIPA's analysis under subparagraphs (A) to (D), 23 inclusive, and detailed findings on the past and current status of racial and identity 24 profiling, and makes policy recommendations for eliminating racial and identity 25 profiling. RIPA shall post the report on its Internet Web site internet website. Each 26 report shall include disaggregated statistical data for each reporting law enforcement 27 agency. The report shall include, at minimum, each reporting law enforcement 28 agency's total results for each data collection criterion under subdivision (b) of 29 Section 12525.5 of the Government Code for each calendar year. The reports shall 30 be retained and made available to the public by posting those reports on the 31 Department of Justice's OpenJustice Web portal web portal. The first annual report 32 shall be issued no later than January 1, 2018. The reports are public records within 33 the meaning of subdivision (d) of Section 6252 Section 7920.530 of the Government 34 Code and are open to public inspection pursuant to Sections 6253, 6256, 6257, and 35 6258 7922.500 to 7922.545, inclusive, 7923.000, and 7923.005 of the Government 36 Code. 37

(F) Hold at least three public meetings annually to discuss racial and identity
profiling, and potential reforms to prevent racial and identity profiling. Each year,
one meeting shall be held in northern California, one in central California, and one
in southern California. RIPA shall provide the public with notice of at least 60 days

42 before each meeting.

- 1 (4) Pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 12525.5 of the Government Code, RIPA
- 2 shall advise the Attorney General in developing regulations for the collection and
- reporting of stop data, and ensuring uniform reporting practices across all reporting
  agencies.
- 5 (5) Members of RIPA shall not receive compensation, nor per diem expenses, for 6 their services as members of RIPA.
- 7 (6) No action of RIPA shall be valid unless agreed to by a majority of its members.
- 8 (7) The initial terms of RIPA members shall be four years.
- 9 (8) Each year, RIPA shall elect two of its members as cochairpersons.

10 **Comment.** Section 13519.4 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 11 Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 12 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). By updating the references to the CPRA, the amendment also corrects 13 an erroneous reference to "public records within the meaning of subdivision (d) of Section 6252 of 14 the Government Code" (as opposed to "*subdivision (e)* of Section 6252 of the Government Code," 15 which defined "public records").

The amendment also corrects cross-references to former Government Code Sections 6256 and 6257. Those sections were repealed in 1998 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, §§ 7, 10). Most of their substance was continued in newly added Government Code Section 6253, which also continued the pertinent part of the previous version of Government Code Section 6253. See 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 5; Gov. Reorg. Plan No. 1 of 1991, § 7. Pursuant to the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020, Government Code Section 6253 has in turn been repealed and recodified in Government

- 22 Code Sections 7922.500-7922.545.
- 23 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes.

## \$ 13650 (amended). Posting of current standards, policies, practices, operating procedures, and education and training materials

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 13650 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

13650. Commencing January 1, 2020, the Commission on Peace Officer 27 Standards and Training and each local law enforcement agency shall conspicuously 28 post on their Internet Web sites internet websites all current standards, policies, 29 practices, operating procedures, and education and training materials that would 30 otherwise be available to the public if a request was made pursuant to the California 31 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 32 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 33 Code). 34

- Comment. Section 13650 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 38 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

## 39 § 14029 (amended). Confidentiality of witness information

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14029 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

41 14029. All information relating to any witness participating in the program

- 42 established pursuant to this title shall remain confidential and is not subject to
- 43 disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
- 44 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)

1 of Title 1 of the Government Code) and, if a change of name has been approved by

the program, the order to show cause is not subject to the publication requirement
of Section 1277 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

4 **Comment.** Section 14029 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

5 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 6 Reports (2019).

7 § 14167 (amended). Confidentiality of report, record, information, analysis, or request

8 SEC. <u>Section 14167 of the Penal Code is amended to read:</u>

9 14167. Any report, record, information, analysis, or request obtained by the
department or any agency pursuant to this title is not a public record as defined in
Section 6252 7920.530 of the Government Code and is not subject to disclosure
under Section 6253 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7922.500) and Article 2
(commencing with Section 7922.525) of Chapter 1 of Part 3 of Division 10 of Title
14 of the Government Code.

15 **Comment.** Section 14167 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

18

### PUBLIC CONTRACT CODE

### 19 § 2602 (amended). Commitment to use skilled and trained workforce

20 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2602 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

21 2602. (a) When a contractor, bidder, or other entity is required to provide an 22 enforceable commitment that a skilled and trained workforce will be used to 23 complete a contract or project, the commitment shall be made in an enforceable 24 agreement with the public entity or other awarding body that provides both of the 25 following:

(1) The contractor, bidder, or other entity, and its contractors and subcontractorsat every tier, will comply with this chapter.

(2) The contractor, bidder, or other entity will provide to the public entity or other
 awarding body, on a monthly basis while the project or contract is being performed,
 a report demonstrating compliance with this chapter.

(b) If the contractor, bidder, or other entity fails to provide the monthly report 31 required by this section, or provides a report that is incomplete, the public agency 32 33 or other awarding body shall withhold further payments until a complete report is provided. If a monthly report is incomplete due to the failure of a subcontractor to 34 timely submit the required information to the contractor, bidder, or other entity, the 35 public agency or awarding body shall only withhold an amount equal to 150 percent 36 of the value of the monthly billing for the relevant subcontractor. If a public agency 37 or other awarding body withholds amounts pursuant to this subdivision, the 38 contractor, bidder, or other entity shall be entitled to withhold the same amount from 39 the subcontractor until the subcontractor provides the contractor, bidder, or other 40 entity a complete report, and the public agency or awarding body subsequently pays 41

the contractor, bidder, or other entity the withheld payments. If the contractor, 1 bidder, or other entity substitutes a subcontractor pursuant to Chapter 4 2 (commencing with Section 4100) for failure to provide a complete report, and the 3 contractor, bidder, or other entity replaces the subcontractor with one that provides 4 an enforceable commitment that a skilled and trained workforce will be used to 5 complete the contract or project, the public agency or awarding body shall 6 immediately resume making payments to the contractor, bidder, or other entity, 7 including all previously withheld payments. 8

9 (c) If a monthly report does not demonstrate compliance with this chapter, the 10 public agency or other awarding body shall do all of the following:

(1) Withhold further payments until the contractor, bidder, or other entity provides
a plan to achieve substantial compliance with this chapter, with respect to the
relevant apprenticeable occupation, prior to completion of the contract or project.
All of the following shall apply to the withholding of payments under this
paragraph:

(A) The public agency or awarding body shall withhold an amount equal to 150 percent of the value of the monthly billing for the entity that failed to comply with this chapter, or 150 percent of the value of the monthly billing for the subcontractor that failed to comply with this chapter. If a public agency or other awarding body withholds amounts pursuant to this paragraph, the contractor, bidder, or other entity shall be entitled to withhold the same amount from the subcontractor that did not demonstrate compliance with this chapter.

(B) If the contractor, bidder, or other entity substitutes a subcontractor pursuant
to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 4100) for failure to demonstrate
compliance, and the contractor, bidder, or other entity replaces the subcontractor
with one that provides an enforceable commitment that a skilled and trained
workforce will be used to complete the contract or project, the public agency or
awarding body shall immediately resume making payments to the contractor,
bidder, or other entity, including all previously withheld payments.

30 (C) If a contractor, bidder, or other entity submits to the public agency or awarding 31 body a plan to achieve substantial compliance with this chapter, the public agency 32 or awarding body shall immediately resume making payments to the contractor, 33 bidder, or other entity, including all previously withheld payments unless, within a 34 reasonable time, the public agency or awarding body rejects the plan as insufficient 35 and explains the reasons for the rejection.

(2) Forward a copy of the monthly report to the Labor Commissioner for issuance
 of a civil wage and penalty assessment in accordance with Section 2603.

(3) Forward to the Labor Commissioner a copy of the plan, if any, submitted by
the contractor, bidder, or other entity to achieve substantial compliance with this
chapter and the response to that plan, if any, by the public agency or awarding body.
(d) A monthly report provided to the public agency or other awarding body shall
be a public record under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

<u>Section 7920.000</u>) of Title 1 of the Government Code) and shall be open to public
 inspection.

3 **Comment.** Section 2602 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

4 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

5 Reports (2019).

6 § 6703 (amended). Procedure for Construction Manager/General Contractor method
 7 project

8 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6703 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

6703. Construction Manager/General Contractor method projects shall progress
 as follows:

(a)(1) The department shall establish a procedure for the evaluation and selection
 of a construction manager through a request for qualifications (RFQ). The RFQ shall
 include, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) If the entity is a partnership, limited partnership, or other association, a list of
all of the partners, general partners, or association members known at the time of
the bid submission who will participate in the Construction Manager/General
Contractor method contract, including, but not limited to, subcontractors.

(B) Evidence that the members of the entity have completed, or demonstrated the experience, competency, capability, and capacity to complete projects of similar size, scope, or complexity, and that proposed key personnel have sufficient experience and training to competently manage and complete the construction of the project, as well as a financial statement that assures the department that the entity has the capacity to complete the project, construction expertise, and an acceptable safety record.

(C) The licenses, registration, and credentials required to construct the project,
 including information on the revocation or suspension of any license, registration,
 or credential.

(D) Evidence that establishes that the entity has the capacity to obtain all required
 payment and performance bonding, liability insurance, and errors and omissions
 insurance.

(E) Any prior serious or willful violation of the California Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973, contained in Part 1 (commencing with Section 6300) of Division 5 of the Labor Code, or the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-596), settled against any member of the entity, and information concerning workers' compensation experience history and worker safety program.

(F) Information concerning any debarment, disqualification, or removal from a
federal, state, or local government public works project. Any instance in which an
entity, its owners, officers, or managing employees submitted a bid on a public
works project and were found to be nonresponsive, or were found by an awarding
body not to be a responsible bidder.

1 (G) Any instance in which the entity, or its owners, officers, or managing 2 employees, defaulted on a construction contract.

(H) Any violations of the Contractors' State License Law (Chapter 9
(commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions
Code), excluding alleged violations of federal or state law including the payment of
wages, benefits, apprenticeship requirements, or personal income tax withholding,
or of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (26 U.S.C. Sec. 3101, et seq.)
withholding requirements settled against any member of the entity.

9 (I) Information concerning the bankruptcy or receivership of any member of the 10 entity, including information concerning any work completed by a surety.

(J) Information concerning all settled adverse claims, disputes, or lawsuits between the owner of a public works project and any member of the entity during the five years preceding submission of a bid pursuant to this section, in which the claim, settlement, or judgment exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). Information shall also be provided concerning any work completed by a surety during this period.

(K) In the case of a partnership or other association that is not a legal entity, a
 copy of the agreement creating the partnership or association and specifying that all
 partners or association members agree to be fully liable for the performance under
 the contract.

(L) For the purposes of this paragraph, a construction manager's safety record shall be deemed acceptable if his or her the manager's experience modification rate for the most recent three-year period is an average of 1.00 or less, and his or her the manager's average total recordable injury/illness rate and average lost work rate for the most recent three-year period does not exceed the applicable statistical standards for its business category or if he or she the manager is a party to an alternative dispute resolution system as provided for in Section 3201.5 of the Labor Code.

(2) The information required pursuant to this subdivision shall be verified under
 oath by the entity and its members in the manner in which civil pleadings in civil
 actions are verified. Information that is not a public record pursuant to the California
 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
 Code) shall not be open to public inspection.

(b) For each RFQ, the department shall generate a final list of qualified persons
 or firms that participated in the RFQ prior to entering into negotiations on the
 contract or contracts to which the RFQ applies.

(c)(1) For each contract included in the RFQ, the department shall enter into separate negotiations for the contract with the highest qualified person or firm on the final list for that contract. However, if the RFQ is for multiple contracts and specifies that all of the multiple contracts will be awarded to a single construction manager, there may be a single negotiation for all of the multiple contracts. The negotiations shall include consideration of compensation and other contract terms that the department determines to be fair and reasonable to the department. In 1 making this decision, the department shall take into account the estimated value, the

scope, the complexity, and the nature of the professional services or construction 2 services to be rendered. If the department is not able to negotiate a satisfactory 3 contract with the highest qualified person or firm on the final list, regarding 4 compensation and on other contract terms the department determines to be fair and 5 reasonable, the department shall formally terminate negotiations with that person or 6 firm. The department may undertake negotiations with the next most qualified 7 person or firm on the final list in sequence until an agreement is reached or a 8 determination is made to reject all persons or firms on the final list. 9

(2) If a contract for construction services is entered into pursuant to this chapter 10 and includes preconstruction services by the construction manager, the department 11 shall enter into a written contract with the construction manager for preconstruction 12 services under which contract the department shall pay the construction manager a 13 fee for preconstruction services in an amount agreed upon by the department and 14 the construction manager. The preconstruction services contract may include fees 15 for services to be performed during the contract period provided, however, the 16 department shall not request or obtain a fixed price or a guaranteed maximum price 17 for the construction contract from the construction manager or enter into a 18 construction contract with the construction manager until after the department has 19 entered into a services contract. A preconstruction services contract shall provide 20 for the subsequent negotiation for construction of all or any discreet phase or phases 21 of the project. 22

(3) A contract for construction services shall be awarded after the plans have been
sufficiently developed and either a fixed price or a guaranteed maximum price has
been successfully negotiated. In the event that a fixed price or a guaranteed
maximum price is not negotiated, the department shall not award the contract for
construction services.

28 (4) The department is not required to award the construction services contract.

(5) Construction shall not commence on any phase, package, or element until the 29 department and construction manager agree in writing on either a fixed price that 30 the department will pay for the construction to be commenced or a guaranteed 31 maximum price for the construction to be commenced and construction schedule 32 for the project. The construction manager shall perform not less than 30 percent of 33 the work covered by the fixed price or guaranteed maximum price agreement 34 reached. Work that is not performed directly by the construction manager shall be 35 bid to subcontractors pursuant to Section 6705. 36

37 Comment. Section 6703 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 38 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 39 Reports (2019).

40 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### 41 § 6824 (amended). Procurement process for design-build project for transportation entity

42 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6824 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

1 6824. The procurement process for the design-build project shall progress as 2 follows:

(a) A transportation entity shall prepare a set of documents setting forth the scope 3 and estimated price of a project. The documents may include, but need not be limited 4 to, the size, type, and desired design character of the project, performance 5 specifications covering the quality of materials, equipment, workmanship, 6 preliminary plans, and any other information deemed necessary to describe 7 adequately the transportation entity's needs. The performance specifications and 8 any plans shall be prepared by a design professional who is duly licensed and 9 registered in California. 10

(b) Based on the documents prepared as described in subdivision (a), the transportation entity shall prepare a request for proposals that invites interested parties to submit competitive sealed proposals in the manner prescribed by the transportation entity. The request for proposals shall include, but need not be limited to, the following elements:

16 (1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the 17 estimated cost of the project, the methodology that will be used by the transportation 18 entity to evaluate proposals, whether the contract will be awarded on the basis of 19 the lowest responsible bid or on best value, and any other information deemed 20 necessary by the transportation entity to inform interested parties of the contracting 21 opportunity.

(2) Significant factors that the transportation entity reasonably expects to consider
 in evaluating proposals, including, but not limited to, cost or price and all nonprice related factors.

(3) The relative importance or the weight assigned to each of the factors identifiedin the request for proposals.

(4) For transportation entities authorized to utilize best value as a selection method, the transportation entity reserves the right to request proposal revisions and hold discussions and negotiations with responsive bidders and shall so specify in the request for proposals and shall publish separately or incorporate into the request for proposals applicable rules and procedures to be observed by the transportation entity to ensure that any discussions or negotiations are conducted in good faith.

(c) Based on the documents prepared under subdivision (a), the transportation
 entity shall prepare and issue a request for qualifications in order to prequalify or
 short-list the design-build entities whose proposals shall be evaluated for final
 selection. The request for qualifications shall include, but need not be limited to, the
 following elements:

(1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the
expected cost range, the methodology that will be used by the transportation entity
to evaluate proposals, the procedure for final selection of the design-build entity,
and any other information deemed necessary by the transportation entity to inform
interested parties of the contracting opportunity.

1 (2)(A) Significant factors that the transportation entity reasonably expects to 2 consider in evaluating qualifications, including technical design and construction 3 expertise, skilled labor force availability, and all other nonprice-related factors.

(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), skilled labor force availability shall be 4 determined by the existence of an agreement with a registered apprenticeship 5 program, approved by the California Apprenticeship Council, that has graduated at 6 least one apprentice in each of the preceding five years. This graduation requirement 7 shall not apply to programs providing apprenticeship training for any craft that was 8 first deemed by the Department of Labor and the Department of Industrial Relations 9 to be an apprenticeable craft within the five years prior to the effective date of this 10 article. 11

(3) A standard form request for statements of qualifications prepared by the
transportation entity. In preparing the standard form, the transportation entity may
consult with the construction industry, the building trades and surety industry, and
other public agencies interested in using the authorization provided by this chapter.
The standard form shall require information including, but not limited to, all of the
following:

(A) If the design-build entity is a partnership, limited partnership, joint venture,
 or other association, a listing of all of the partners, general partners, or association
 members known at the time of statement of qualification submission who will
 participate in the design-build contract.

(B) Evidence that the members of the design-build entity have completed, or demonstrated the experience, competency, capability, and capacity to complete projects of similar size, scope, or complexity, and that proposed key personnel have sufficient experience and training to competently manage and complete the design and construction of the project, and a financial statement that assures the transportation entity that the design-build entity has the capacity to complete the project.

(C) The licenses, registration, and credentials required to design and construct the
 project, including, but not limited to, information on the revocation or suspension
 of any license, credential, or registration.

(D) Evidence that establishes that the design-build entity has the capacity to
 obtain all required payment and performance bonding, liability insurance, and errors
 and omissions insurance.

35 (E) Information concerning workers' compensation experience history and a 36 worker safety program.

37 (F) A full disclosure regarding all of the following that are applicable:

(i) Any serious or willful violation of Part 1 (commencing with Section 6300) of

39 Division 5 of the Labor Code or the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of

40 1970 (Public Law 91-596), settled against any member of the design-build entity.

(ii) Any debarment, disqualification, or removal from a federal, state, or localgovernment public works project.

(iii) Any instance where the design-build entity, or its owners, officers, or
managing employees submitted a bid on a public works project and were found to
be nonresponsive or were found by an awarding body not to be a responsible bidder.
(iv) Any instance where the design-build entity, or its owners, officers, or
managing employees defaulted on a construction contract.

(v) Any violations of the Contractors' State License Law, as described in Chapter
9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions
Code, including alleged violations of federal or state law regarding the payment of
wages, benefits, apprenticeship requirements, or personal income tax withholding,
or Federal Insurance Contribution Act (FICA) withholding requirements settled
against any member of the design-build entity.

(vi) Any bankruptcy or receivership of any member of the design-build entity,
 including, but not limited to, information concerning any work completed by a
 surety.

(vii) Any settled adverse claims, disputes, or lawsuits between the owner of a
public works project and any member of the design-build entity during the five years
preceding submission of a bid under this article, in which the claim, settlement, or
judgment exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). Information shall also be
provided concerning any work completed by a surety during this five-year period.

(G) If the proposed design-build entity is a partnership, limited partnership, joint venture, or other association, a copy of the organizational documents or agreement
 committing to form the organization, and a statement that all general partners, joint
 venture members, or other association members agree to be fully liable for the
 performance under the design-build contract.

(H) An acceptable safety record. A bidder's safety record shall be deemed acceptable if its experience modification rate for the most recent three-year period is an average of 1.00 or less, and its average total recordable injury/illness rate and average lost work rate for the most recent three-year period does not exceed the applicable statistical standards for its business category or if the bidder is a party to an alternative dispute resolution system as provided for in Section 3201.5 of the Labor Code.

(4) The information required under this subdivision shall be verified under oath
by the design-build entity and its members in the manner in which civil pleadings
in civil actions are verified. Information required under this subdivision that is not
a public record under the California Public Records Act, as described in Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, shall not be open to public
inspection.

(d) For those projects utilizing low bid as the final selection method, the
competitive bidding process shall result in lump-sum bids by the prequalified or
short-listed design-build entities. Awards shall be made to the lowest responsible
bidder.

(e) For those projects utilizing best value as a selection method, the design-buildcompetition shall progress as follows:

(1) Competitive proposals shall be evaluated by using only the criteria and
selection procedures specifically identified in the request for proposals. However,
the following minimum factors shall be weighted as deemed appropriate by the

6 contracting transportation entity:

7 (A) Price.

8 (B) Technical design and construction expertise.

9 (C) Life-cycle costs over 15 years or more.

10 (2) Pursuant to subdivision (b), the transportation entity may hold discussions or 11 negotiations with responsive bidders using the process articulated in the 12 transportation entity's request for proposals.

(3) When the evaluation is complete, the top three responsive bidders shall beranked sequentially based on a determination of value provided.

(4) The award of the contract shall be made to the responsible bidder whose
 proposal is determined by the transportation entity to have offered the best value to
 the public.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, upon issuance of a contract award, the transportation entity shall publicly announce its award, identifying the contractor to whom the award is made, along with a written decision supporting its contract award and stating the basis of the award. The notice of award shall also include the transportation entity's second- and third-ranked design-build entities.

(6) The written decision supporting the transportation entity's contract award,
described in paragraph (5), and the contract file shall provide sufficient information
to satisfy an external audit.

Comment. Section 6824 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# 29 § 10191 (amended). Procurement process for design-build projects

30 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10191 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

10191. The procurement process for the design-build projects shall progress asfollows:

(a)(1) The director shall prepare a set of documents setting forth the scope and 33 estimated price of the project. The documents may include, but need not be limited 34 to, the size, type, and desired design character of the project, performance 35 specifications covering the quality of materials, equipment, workmanship, 36 preliminary plans or building layouts, or any other information deemed necessary 37 to describe adequately the department's needs. The performance specifications and 38 any plans shall be prepared by a design professional who is duly licensed and 39 registered in California. 40

1 (2) The documents shall not include a design-build-operate contract for any 2 project. The documents, however, may include operations during a training or 3 transition period but shall not include long-term operations for any project.

4 (b) The director shall prepare and issue a request for qualifications in order to 5 prequalify or short-list the design-build entities whose proposals shall be evaluated 6 for final selection. The request for qualifications shall include, but need not be 7 limited to, the following elements:

8 (1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the 9 expected cost range, the methodology that will be used by the department to 10 evaluate proposals, the procedure for final selection of the design-build entity, and 11 any other information deemed necessary by the director to inform interested parties 12 of the contracting opportunity.

(2) Significant factors that the department reasonably expects to consider in
 evaluating qualifications, including technical design and construction expertise, and
 all other nonprice-related factors.

(3) A standard template request for statements of qualifications prepared by the department. In preparing the standard template, the department may consult with the construction industry, the building trades and surety industry, and other agencies interested in using the authorization provided by this article. The template shall require the following information:

(A) If the design-build entity is a privately held corporation, limited liability
company, partnership, or joint venture, a listing of all of the shareholders, partners,
or members known at the time of statement of qualification submission who will
perform work on the project.

(B) Evidence that the members of the design-build team have completed, or demonstrated the experience, competency, capability, and capacity to complete projects of similar size, scope, or complexity, and that proposed key personnel have sufficient experience and training to competently manage and complete the design and construction of the project, and a financial statement that ensures that the design-build entity has the capacity to complete the project.

(C) The licenses, registration, and credentials required to design and construct the
 project, including, but not limited to, information on the revocation or suspension
 of any license, credential, or registration.

(D) Evidence that establishes that the design-build entity has the capacity to
 obtain all required payment and performance bonding, liability insurance, and errors
 and omissions insurance.

(E) Information concerning workers' compensation experience history and aworker safety program.

(F) If the proposed design-build entity is a corporation, limited liability company,
 partnership, joint venture, or other legal entity, a copy of the organizational
 documents or agreement committing to form the organization.

42 (G) An acceptable safety record. A proposer's safety record shall be deemed 43 acceptable if its experience modification rate for the most recent three-year period

is an average of 1.00 or less, and its average total recordable injury or illness rate 1 and average lost work rate for the most recent three-year period does not exceed the 2 applicable statistical standards for its business category or if the proposer is a party 3 to an alternative dispute resolution system as provided for in Section 3201.5 of the 4 Labor Code. 5 (4)(A) The information required under this subdivision shall be certified under 6 penalty of perjury by the design-build entity and its general partners or joint venture 7 members. 8 (B) Information required under this subdivision that is not otherwise a public 9 record under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 10 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 11 Title 1 of the Government Code) shall not be open to public inspection. 12 (c)(1) A design-build entity shall not be prequalified or shortlisted unless the 13 entity provides an enforceable commitment to the director that the entity and its 14 subcontractors at every tier will use a skilled and trained workforce to perform all 15 work on the project or contract that falls within an apprenticeable occupation in the 16 building and construction trades, in accordance with Chapter 2.9 (commencing with 17 Section 2600) of Part 1. 18 (2) This subdivision shall not apply if any of the following requirements are met: 19 (A) The department has entered into a project labor agreement that will bind all 20 contractors and subcontractors performing work on the project or contract to use a 21 skilled and trained workforce, and the entity agrees to be bound by that project labor 22 agreement. 23 (B) The project or contract is being performed under the extension or renewal of 24 a project labor agreement that was entered into by the department prior to January 25 1,2017. 26 (C) The entity has entered into a project labor agreement that will bind the entity 27 and all its subcontractors at every tier performing the project or contract to use a 28 skilled and trained workforce. 29 (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "project labor agreement" has the same 30 meaning as in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 2500. 31 (d) Based on the documents prepared as described in subdivision (a), the director 32 shall prepare a request for proposals that invites prequalified or short-listed entities 33 to submit competitive sealed proposals in the manner prescribed by the department. 34 The request for proposals shall include, but need not be limited to, the following 35 elements: 36 (1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the 37 estimated cost of the project, the methodology that will be used by the department 38 to evaluate proposals, whether the contract will be awarded on the basis of low bid 39 or best value, and any other information deemed necessary by the department to 40 inform interested parties of the contracting opportunity. 41

1 (2) Significant factors that the department reasonably expects to consider in 2 evaluating proposals, including, but not limited to, cost or price and all nonprice-

3 related factors.

4 (3) The relative importance or the weight assigned to each of the factors identified 5 in the request for proposals.

6 (4) Where a best value selection method is used, the department may reserve the 7 right to request proposal revisions and hold discussions and negotiations with 8 responsive proposers, in which case the department shall so specify in the request 9 for proposals and shall publish separately or incorporate into the request for 10 proposals applicable procedures to be observed by the department to ensure that any 11 discussions or negotiations are conducted in good faith.

12 (e) For those projects utilizing low bid as the final selection method, the 13 competitive bidding process shall result in lump-sum bids by the prequalified or 14 short-listed design-build entities, and awards shall be made to the design-build 15 entity that is the lowest responsible bidder.

(f) For those projects utilizing best value as a selection method, the design-build
 competition shall progress as follows:

18 (1) Competitive proposals shall be evaluated by using only the criteria and 19 selection procedures specifically identified in the request for proposals. The 20 following minimum factors, however, shall be weighted as deemed appropriate by 21 the department:

22 (A) Price, unless a stipulated sum is specified.

23 (B) Technical design and construction expertise.

24 (C) Life-cycle costs over 15 or more years.

25 (2) Pursuant to subdivision (d), the department may hold discussions or 26 negotiations with responsive proposers using the process articulated in the 27 department's request for proposals.

(3) When the evaluation is complete, the responsive proposers shall be ranked
 based on a determination of value provided, provided that no more than three
 proposers are required to be ranked.

(4) The award of the contract shall be made to the responsible design-build entity
 whose proposal is determined by the director to have offered the best value to the
 public.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, upon issuance of a contract award, the director shall publicly announce its award, identifying the design-build entity to which the award is made, along with a statement regarding the basis of the

award.

(6) The statement regarding the director's contract award, described in paragraph
 (5), and the contract file shall provide sufficient information to satisfy an external
 audit.

41 **Comment.** Section 10191 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

42 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

43 Reports (2019).

#### 1 § 10335 (amended). Approval of contracts

2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10335 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

10335. (a) This article shall apply to all contracts, including amendments, entered 3 into by any state agency for services to be rendered to the state, whether or not the 4 services involve the furnishing or use of equipment, materials, or supplies or are 5 performed by an independent contractor. Except as provided in Sections 10295.6 6 and 10351, and paragraphs (8) and (9) of subdivision (b) of Section 10340, all 7 contracts subject to this article are of no effect unless and until approved by the 8 department. Each contract shall be transmitted with all papers, estimates, and 9 recommendations concerning it to the department and, if approved by the 10 department, shall be effective from the date of approval. This article shall apply to 11 any state agency that by general or specific statute is expressly or impliedly 12 authorized to enter into the transactions referred to in this section. This article shall 13 not apply to contracts for the construction, alteration, improvement, repair, or 14 maintenance of real or personal property, contracts for services subject to Chapter 15 10 (commencing with Section 4525) of Division 5 of Title 1 of the Government 16 Code, to contracts that are listed as exceptions in Section 10295, contracts of less 17 than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in amount, contracts of less than five thousand 18 dollars (\$5,000) where only per diem or travel expenses, or a combination thereof, 19 are to be paid, contracts between state agencies, or contracts between a state agency 20 and local agency or federal agency. 21

(b) In exercising its authority under this article with respect to contracts for the 22 services of legal counsel, other than the Attorney General, entered into by any state 23 agency that is subject to Section 11042 or Section 11043 of the Government Code, 24 the department, as a condition of approval of the contract, shall require the state 25 agency to demonstrate that the consent of the Attorney General to the employment 26 of the other counsel has been granted pursuant to Section 11040 of the Government 27 Code. This consent shall not be construed in a manner that would authorize the 28 Attorney General to establish a separate program for reviewing and approving 29 contracts in the place of, or in addition to, the program administered by the 30 department pursuant to this article. 31

(c) Until January 1, 2001, the department shall maintain a list of contracts 32 approved pursuant to subdivision (b). This list shall be filed quarterly with the 33 Senate Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review and the Assembly Committee on 34 Budget. The list shall be limited to contracts with a consideration in excess of twenty 35 thousand dollars (\$20,000) during the life of the contract and shall include sufficient 36 information to identify the provider of legal services, the length of each contract, 37 applicable hourly rates, and the need for the services. The department shall add a 38 contract that meets these conditions to the list within 10 days after approval. A copy 39 of the list shall be made available to any requester. The department may charge a 40 fee to cover the cost of supplying the list as provided in Section 6253 7922.530 of 41 the Government Code. 42

1 (d) Contracts subject to the approval of the department shall also have the 2 department's approval for a modification or amendment thereto, with the following 3 exceptions:

(1) An amendment to a contract that only extends the original time for completion
of performance for a period of one year or less is exempt. If the original contract
was subject to approval by the department, one fully executed copy including
transmittal document, explaining the reason for the extension, shall be sent to the
legal office of the department. A contract may only be amended once under this
exemption.

10 (2) Contracts let or awarded on the basis of a law requiring competitive bidding 11 may be modified or amended only if the contract so provides or if authorized by the 12 law requiring competitive bidding.

13 (3) If an amendment to a contract has the effect of giving the contract as amended

14 an increase in monetary amount, or an agreement by the state to indemnify or save

15 harmless any person, the amendment shall be approved by the department.

16 **Comment.** Section 10335 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

17 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

18 Reports (2019).

### 19 § 10506.6 (amended). Procedure for university to use in awarding best value contracts

20 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10506.6 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

10506.6. The university shall proceed in accordance with the following when
 awarding best value contracts under this article.

(a) The university shall prepare a solicitation for bids and give notice pursuant toSection 10502.

(b) The university shall establish a procedure to prequalify bidders. The 25 information required pursuant to this section shall be verified under oath by the 26 bidder in the manner in which civil pleadings in civil actions are verified. 27 Information submitted by the bidder as part of the evaluation process shall not be 28 open to public inspection to the extent that information is exempt from disclosure 29 under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 30 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of 31 the Government Code). 32

(c)(1) A best value contractor shall not be prequalified or shortlisted unless the
entity provides an enforceable commitment to the Regents of the University of
California that the best value contractor and its subcontractors at every tier will use
a skilled and trained workforce to perform all work on the project or contract that
falls within an apprenticeable occupation in the building and construction trades, in
accordance with Sections 10506.8 and 10506.9.

(2) This subdivision shall not apply if any of the following requirements are met:
(A) The Regents of the University of California have entered into a project labor

41 agreement that will bind all contractors and subcontractors performing work on the

project or contract to use a skilled and trained workforce, and the entity agrees to be 1 bound by that project labor agreement. 2 (B) The project or contract is being performed under the extension or renewal of 3 a project labor agreement that was entered into by the Regents of the University of 4 California prior to January 1, 2018. 5 (C) The best value contractor has entered into a project labor agreement that will 6 bind the entity and all its subcontractors at every tier performing the project or 7 contract to use a skilled and trained workforce. 8 (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "project labor agreement" has the same 9 meaning as in subdivision (g) of Section 10506.5. 10 (d) Each solicitation for bids shall do all of the following: 11 (1) Invite prequalified bidders to submit sealed bids in the manner prescribed by 12 this article. 13 (2) Include a section identifying and describing the following: 14 (A) Criteria that the university will consider in evaluating the qualifications of the 15 bidders. 16 (B) The methodology and rating or weighting system that will be used by the 17 university in evaluating bids. 18 (C) The relative importance or weight assigned to the criteria for evaluating the 19 qualifications of bidders identified in the request for bids. 20 (e) Final evaluation of the best value contractor shall be done in a manner that 21 prevents cost or price information from being revealed to the committee evaluating 22 the qualifications of the bidders prior to completion and announcement of that 23 committee's decision. 24 Comment. Section 10506.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 25 26 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 27 Reports (2019). § 10506.9 (amended). Records relating to requirement that skilled and trained workforce 28 will be used for contract or project 29 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10506.9 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read: 30 10506.9. (a) If a contractor, bidder, or other entity is required to provide an 31 enforceable commitment that a skilled and trained workforce will be used to 32 complete a contract or project, the commitment shall be made in an enforceable 33 agreement with the university that provides both of the following: 34 (1) The contractor, bidder, or other entity, and its contractors and subcontractors 35 at every tier, will comply with this article. 36 (2) The contractor, bidder, or other entity shall provide to the university, on a 37 monthly basis while the project contract is being performed, a report demonstrating 38 compliance with this article. 39 (b) If the contractor, bidder, or other entity fails to provide the monthly report 40 required by this section, or provides a report that is incomplete, the university shall 41 withhold further payments until a complete record is provided. 42

1 (c) If a monthly report does not demonstrate compliance with this article, the 2 university shall withhold further payments until the contractor, bidder, or other 3 entity provides a plan to achieve substantial compliance with this article, with 4 respect to the relevant apprenticeable occupation, prior to completion of the contract 5 or project.

(d) A monthly report provided to the university shall be a public record under the
California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of
Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the
Government Code) and shall be open to public inspection.

10 **Comment.** Section 10506.9 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

11 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

12 Reports (2019).

#### 13 § 20101 (amended). Assessment of qualifications of prospective bidder

14 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 20101 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

20101. (a) Except as provided in Section 20111.5, a public entity subject to this 15 part may require that each prospective bidder for a contract complete and submit to 16 the entity a standardized questionnaire and financial statement in a form specified 17 by the entity, including a complete statement of the prospective bidder's experience 18 in performing public works. The standardized questionnaire may not require 19 prospective bidders to disclose any violations of Chapter 1 (commencing with 20 Section 1720) of Part 7 of Division 2 of the Labor Code committed prior to January 21 1, 1998, if a violation was based on a subcontractor's failure to comply with these 22 provisions and the bidder had no knowledge of the subcontractor's violations. The 23 Department of Industrial Relations, in collaboration with affected agencies and 24 interested parties, shall develop model guidelines for rating bidders, and draft the 25 standardized questionnaire, that may be used by public entities for the purposes of 26 this part. The Department of Industrial Relations, in developing the standardized 27 questionnaire, shall consult with affected public agencies, cities and counties, the 28 construction industry, the surety industry, and other interested parties. The 29 questionnaire and financial statement shall be verified under oath by the bidder in 30 the manner in which civil pleadings in civil actions are verified. The questionnaires 31 and financial statements shall not be public records and shall not be open to public 32 inspection; however, records of the names of contractors applying for 33 prequalification status shall be public records subject to disclosure under Chapter 34 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 35 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. 36

(b) Any public entity requiring prospective bidders to complete and submit questionnaires and financial statements, as described in subdivision (a), shall adopt and apply a uniform system of rating bidders on the basis of the completed questionnaires and financial statements, in order to determine both the minimum requirements permitted for qualification to bid, and the type and size of the contracts upon which each bidder shall be deemed qualified to bid. The uniform system ofrating prospective bidders shall be based on objective criteria.

3 (c) A public entity may establish a process for prequalifying prospective bidders 4 pursuant to this section on a quarterly basis and a prequalification pursuant to this 5 process shall be valid for one calendar year following the date of initial 6 prequalification.

(d) Any public entity requiring prospective bidders on a public works project to
prequalify pursuant to this section shall establish a process that will allow
prospective bidders to dispute their proposed prequalification rating prior to the
closing time for receipt of bids. The appeal process shall include the following:

(1) Upon request of the prospective bidder, the public entity shall provide
notification to the prospective bidder in writing of the basis for the prospective
bidder's disqualification and any supporting evidence that has been received from
others or adduced as a result of an investigation by the public entity.

15 (2) The prospective bidder shall be given the opportunity to rebut any evidence 16 used as a basis for disqualification and to present evidence to the public entity as to 17 why the prospective bidder should be found qualified.

(3) If the prospective bidder chooses not to avail itself of this process, theproposed prequalification rating may be adopted without further proceedings.

(e) For the purposes of subdivision (a), a financial statement shall not be required
from a contractor who has qualified as a Small Business Administration entity
pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 14837 of the Government
Code, when the bid is no more than 25 percent of the qualifying amount provided
in paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 14837 of the Government Code.

(f) Nothing in this section shall preclude an awarding agency from prequalifying
 or disqualifying a subcontractor. The disqualification of a subcontractor by an
 awarding agency does not disqualify an otherwise prequalified contractor.

Comment. Section 20101 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# 31 § 20119.3 (amended). Procedure for school board to use in awarding best value contracts

32 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 20119.3 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

<sup>33</sup> 20119.3. The governing board of the school district shall proceed in accordance

34 with the following when awarding best value contracts under this article:

(a) The school district shall prepare a solicitation for bids and give notice pursuant
 to Section 20112.

(b)(1) The school district shall establish a procedure to prequalify bidders as
required by this code. Information submitted by the bidder as part of the evaluation
process shall not be open to public inspection to the extent that information is
exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(2) A best value entity shall not be prequalified or shortlisted unless the entity 1 provides an enforceable commitment to the governing board that the entity and its 2 subcontractors at every tier will use a skilled and trained workforce to perform all 3 work on the project or contract that falls within an apprenticeable occupation in the 4 building and construction trades, in accordance with Chapter 2.9 (commencing with 5 Section 2600) of Part 1. 6 (3) Paragraph (2) shall not apply if any of the following requirements are met: 7 (A) The school district has entered into a project labor agreement that will bind 8 all contractors and subcontractors performing work on the project or contract to use 9 a skilled and trained workforce, and the entity agrees to be bound by that project 10 labor agreement. 11 (B) The project or contract is being performed under the extension or renewal of 12 a project labor agreement that was entered into by the school district prior to January 13 1,2017. 14 (C) The entity has entered into a project labor agreement that will bind the entity 15 and all its subcontractors at every tier performing the project or contract to use a 16 skilled and trained workforce. 17 (4) For purposes of this subdivision, "project labor agreement" has the same 18 meaning as in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 2500. 19 (c) Each solicitation for bids shall do all of the following: 20 (1) Invite prequalified bidders to submit sealed bids in the manner prescribed by 21 22 this article. (2) Include a section identifying and describing the following: 23 (A) Criteria that the school district will consider in evaluating the qualifications 24 of the bidders. 25 (B) The methodology and rating or weighting system that will be used by the 26 school district in evaluating bids. 27 (C) The relative importance or weight assigned to the criteria for evaluating the 28 qualifications of bidders identified in the request for bids. 29 (d) Final evaluation of the bidders shall be done in a manner that prevents the 30 identity of the bidders and the cost or price information from being revealed in 31 evaluating the qualifications of the bidders prior to completion of qualification 32 scoring. 33 Comment. Section 20119.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 34 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 35 Reports (2019). 36 § 20155.3 (amended). Procedure for county to use in awarding best value contracts 37 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 20155.3 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read: 38 20155.3. A county shall proceed in accordance with the following when awarding 39 best value contracts under this article: 40 (a) The county shall not select a bidder on the basis of the best value to a county 41 unless, after evaluating at a public meeting the alternative of awarding the contract 42

1 on the basis of the lowest bid price, the county makes a written finding that awarding

2 the contract on the basis of best value, for the specific project under consideration,

3 will accomplish one or more of the following objectives: reducing project costs,

4 expediting the completion of the project, or providing features not achievable5 through awarding the contract on the basis of the lowest bid price.

6 (b) The county shall prepare a solicitation for bids and give notice pursuant to 7 Section 20125. A county may identify specific types of subcontractors that are 8 required to be included in the bids. A county shall comply with Chapter 4 9 (commencing with Section 4100) of Part 1 with regard to construction 10 subcontractors identified in the bid.

(c) The county shall establish a procedure to prequalify bidders pursuant to 11 Section 20101. The information required pursuant to this section shall be verified 12 under oath by the bidder in the manner in which civil pleadings in civil actions are 13 verified. Information submitted by the bidder as part of the evaluation process shall 14 not be open to public inspection to the extent that information is exempt from 15 disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 16 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 17 Title 1 of the Government Code). 18

19 (d) Each solicitation for bids shall do all of the following:

(1) Invite prequalified bidders to submit sealed bids in the manner prescribed bythis article.

22 (2) Include a section identifying and describing the following:

23 (A) Criteria that the county will consider in evaluating bids.

(B) The methodology and rating or weighting system that will be used by the county in evaluating bids.

26 (C) The relative importance or weight assigned to the criteria identified in the 27 request for bids.

(e) Final evaluation of the best value contractor shall be done in a manner that prevents cost or price information from being revealed to the committee evaluating the qualifications of the bidders prior to completion and announcement of that committee's decision.

32 **Comment.** Section 20155.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# 35 § 20665.24 (amended). Bidding for job order contract with community college district

36 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 20665.24 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

<sup>37</sup> 20665.24. Bidding for job order contracts shall progress as follows:

38 (a)(1) A community college district shall prepare a set of documents for job order

39 contracts. The documents shall include a unit price catalog and preestablished unit

40 prices, job order contract technical specifications, and any other information

41 deemed necessary to describe adequately the community college district's needs.

(2) Any architect, engineer, consultant, or contractor retained by the community
 college district to assist in the development of the job order contract documents shall
 not be eligible to bid or to participate in the preparation of a bid with any job order
 contractor.

5 (b) Based on the documents prepared under subdivision (a), a community college 6 district shall prepare a request for bid that invites prequalified job order contractors 7 to submit competitive sealed bids in the manner prescribed by the community 8 college district.

9 (1)(A) The prequalified job order contractors, as determined by a community 10 college district, shall bid one or more adjustment factors to the unit prices listed in 11 the unit price catalog based on the job order contract technical specifications. 12 Awards shall be made to the prequalified bidders that the community college district 13 determines to be the most qualified based upon preestablished criteria made by a 14 community college district. The prequalified bidders shall be in compliance with a 15 community college district's project labor agreement.

(B) Compliance shall constitute no more than three major violations on any
community college district projects within the last three years. If a contractor has
more than three violations within a three-year period of time, the community college
district shall seek administrative review of the violations. Violations will include,
but are not limited to, the following:

21 (i) Failure to register core workers with the appropriate building trade union.

(ii) Failure to assign apprentices in accordance with Section 1777.5 of the LaborCode.

24 (iii) Failure to comply with subdivision (c) of Section 20665.25.

(iv) Incorrect assignment of work in accordance with the community collegedistrict's project labor agreement.

(2) The community college district may award multiple job order contracts
through a request for bid. Job order contracts shall be awarded to the most qualified
prequalified bidders described in this subdivision.

30 (3) The request for bids may encourage the participation of local construction
 31 firms and the use of local subcontractors.

(c)(1) A community college district shall establish a procedure to prequalify job
 order contractors using a standard questionnaire that includes, at a minimum, the
 issues covered by the standardized questionnaire and model guidelines for rating
 bidders developed by the Department of Industrial Relations pursuant to subdivision
 (a) of Section 20101. This questionnaire shall require information including, but not
 limited to, all of the following:

(A) If the job order contractor is a partnership, limited partnership, or other
 association, a listing of all of the partners or association members known at the time
 of bid submission who will participate in the job order contract.

(B) Evidence that the members of the job order contractor have the capacity to
 complete projects of similar size, scope, or complexity, and that proposed key
 personnel have sufficient experience and training to competently manage the

1 construction of the project, as well as a financial statement that assures the

community college district that the job order contractor has the capacity to completethe project.

4 (C) The licenses, registration, and credentials required to perform construction,

5 including, but not limited to, information on the revocation or suspension of any 6 license, credential, or registration.

7 (D) Evidence that establishes that the job order contractor has the capacity to 8 obtain all required payment and performance bonding and liability insurance.

9 (E) Information concerning workers' compensation experience history, worker 10 safety programs, and apprenticeship programs.

11 (F) A full disclosure regarding all of the following that are applicable:

12 (i) Any serious or willful violation of Part 1 (commencing with Section 6300) of

Division 5 of the Labor Code or the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of
 1970 (Public Law 91-596), settled against any member of the job order contractor.

14 1970 (Public Law 91-596), settled against any member of the job order contractor.
(ii) Any debarment, disqualification, or removal from a federal, state, or local
government public works project.

(iii) Any instance where the job order contractor, or its owners, officers, or
managing employees submitted a bid on a public works project and were found to
be nonresponsive, or were found by an awarding body not to be a responsible bidder.

20 (iv) Any instance where the job order contractor, or its owners, officers, or 21 managing employees defaulted on a construction contract.

(v) Any violations of the Contractors' State License Law (Chapter 9 (commencing
with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code), excluding
alleged violations of federal or state law regarding the payment of wages, benefits,
apprenticeship requirements, or personal income tax withholding, or of Federal
Insurance Contribution Act (FICA) withholding requirements settled against any
member of the job order contractor.

(vi) Any bankruptcy or receivership of any member of the job order contractor,
 including, but not limited to, information concerning any work completed by a
 surety.

(vii) Any settled adverse claims, disputes, or lawsuits between the owner of a
public works project and any member of the job order contractor during the five
years preceding submission of a bid under this article, in which the claim,
settlement, or judgment exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). Information shall
also be provided concerning any work completed by a surety during this period.

(G) In the case of a partnership or any association that is not a legal entity, a copy
 of the agreement creating the partnership or association and specifying that all
 partners or association members agree to be fully liable for the performance under
 the job order contract.

(2) The information required under this subdivision shall be verified under oath
by the entity and its members in the manner in which civil pleadings in civil actions
are verified. Information that is not a public record under the California Public
Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division

<u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code) shall
 not be open to public inspection.

3 **Comment.** Section 20665.24 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

4 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

5 Comm'n Reports (2019).

# 6 § 20919.24 (amended). Bidding for job order contract with school district

7 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 20919.24 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

8 20919.24. Bidding for job order contracts shall progress as follows:

9 (a)(1) The school district shall prepare a set of documents for job order contracts.

The documents shall include a unit price catalog and preestablished unit prices, job order contract technical specifications, and any other information deemed necessary to describe adequately the school district's needs.

13 (2) Any architect, engineer, consultant, or contractor retained by the school 14 district to assist in the development of the job order contract documents shall not be 15 eligible to bid or to participate in the preparation of a bid with any job order 16 contractor.

(b) Based on the documents prepared under subdivision (a), the school district
shall prepare a request for bid that invites prequalified job order contractors to
submit competitive sealed bids in the manner prescribed by the school district.

- (1)(A) The prequalified job order contractors, as determined by the school district, shall bid one or more adjustment factors to the unit prices listed in the unit price catalog based on the job order contract technical specifications. Awards shall be made to the prequalified bidders that the school district determines to be the most qualified based upon preestablished criteria made by the school district. The prequalified bidders shall be in compliance with the school district's project labor agreement.
- (B) Compliance shall constitute no more than three major violations on any school
  district projects within the last three years. If a contractor has more than three
  violations within a three-year period of time, the school district shall seek
  administrative review of the violations. Violations will include, but are not limited
  to, the following:

32 (i) Failure to register core workers with the appropriate building trade union.

(ii) Failure to assign apprentices in accordance with Section 1777.5 of the LaborCode.

35 (iii) Failure to comply with subdivision (c) of Section 20919.25.

(iv) Incorrect assignment of work in accordance with the school district's projectlabor agreement.

(2) The school district may award multiple job order contracts through a request
 for bid. Job order contracts shall be awarded to the most qualified prequalified
 bidders described in this subdivision.

(3) The request for bids may encourage the participation of local constructionfirms and the use of local subcontractors.

(c)(1) The school district shall establish a procedure to prequalify job order contractors using a standard questionnaire that includes, at a minimum, the issues covered by the standardized questionnaire and model guidelines for rating bidders developed by the Department of Industrial Relations pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 20101. This questionnaire shall require information including, but not limited to, all of the following:

(A) If the job order contractor is a partnership, limited partnership, or other
association, a listing of all of the partners or association members known at the time
of bid submission who will participate in the job order contract.

(B) Evidence that the members of the job order contractor have the capacity to complete projects of similar size, scope, or complexity, and that proposed key personnel have sufficient experience and training to competently manage the construction of the project, as well as a financial statement that assures the school district that the job order contractor has the capacity to complete the project.

15 (C) The licenses, registration, and credentials required to perform construction, 16 including, but not limited to, information on the revocation or suspension of any 17 license, credential, or registration.

18 (D) Evidence that establishes that the job order contractor has the capacity to 19 obtain all required payment and performance bonding and liability insurance.

20 (E) Information concerning workers' compensation experience history, worker 21 safety programs, and apprenticeship programs.

22 (F) A full disclosure regarding all of the following that are applicable:

(i) Any serious or willful violation of Part 1 (commencing with Section 6300) of
 Division 5 of the Labor Code or the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of

1970 (Public Law 91-596), settled against any member of the job order contractor.
(ii) Any debarment, disqualification, or removal from a federal, state, or local

27 government public works project.

(iii) Any instance where the job order contractor, or its owners, officers, or
managing employees submitted a bid on a public works project and were found to
be nonresponsive, or were found by an awarding body not to be a responsible bidder.
(iv) Any instance where the job order contractor, or its owners, officers, or

32 managing employees defaulted on a construction contract.

(v) Any violations of the Contractors' State License Law (Chapter 9 (commencing
with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code), excluding
alleged violations of federal or state law regarding the payment of wages, benefits,
apprenticeship requirements, or personal income tax withholding, or of Federal
Insurance Contribution Act (FICA) withholding requirements settled against any
member of the job order contractor.

(vi) Any bankruptcy or receivership of any member of the job order contractor,
 including, but not limited to, information concerning any work completed by a
 surety.

(vii) Any settled adverse claims, disputes, or lawsuits between the owner of a
public works project and any member of the job order contractor during the five

1 years preceding submission of a bid under this article, in which the claim, 2 settlement, or judgment exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). Information shall

also be provided concerning any work completed by a surety during this period.

4 (G) In the case of a partnership or any association that is not a legal entity, a copy

- of the agreement creating the partnership or association and specifying that all partners or association members agree to be fully liable for the performance under the job order contract.
- (2) The information required under this subdivision shall be verified under oath
  by the entity and its members in the manner in which civil pleadings in civil actions
  are verified. Information that is not a public record under the California Public
  Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division

12 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) shall

13 not be open to public inspection.

14 **Comment.** Section 20919.24 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

15 California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

16 Comm'n Reports (2019).

### 17 § 20928.2 (amended). Procurement process for surface storage project

18 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 20928.2 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

19 20928.2. The procurement process for the project shall progress as follows:

(a) The local agency shall prepare a set of documents setting forth the scope and 20 estimated price of the project. The documents may include, but need not be limited 21 to, the size, type, and desired design character of the project, performance 22 specifications covering the quality of materials, equipment, workmanship, 23 preliminary plans or building layouts, or any other information deemed necessary 24 to describe adequately the local agency's needs. The performance specifications and 25 any plans shall be prepared by a design professional who is duly licensed and 26 registered in California. 27

(b) The local agency shall prepare and issue a request for qualifications in order
to prequalify or short-list the entities, including subcontractors and suppliers, whose
bids shall be evaluated for final selection. The request for qualifications shall
include, but need not be limited to, the following elements:

(1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the expected cost range, the methodology that will be used by the local agency to evaluate bids, the procedure for final selection of the bidder, and any other information deemed necessary by the local agency to inform interested parties of the contracting opportunity.

(2) Significant factors that the local agency reasonably expects to consider in
 evaluating qualifications, including technical design-related expertise, construction
 expertise, acceptable safety records, and all other non-price-related factors.

(3) A standard template request for statements of qualifications prepared by the
 local agency. In preparing the standard template, the local agency may consult with
 the construction industry, the building trades and surety industry, and other local

agencies interested in using the authorization provided by this article. The templateshall require all of the following information:

3 (A) If the bidder is a privately held corporation, limited liability company, 4 partnership, or joint venture, comprised of privately held entities, a listing of all of 5 the shareholders, partners, or members known at the time of statement of 6 qualification submission who will perform work on the project.

(B) Evidence that the members of the contracting team have completed, or
demonstrated the experience, competency, capability, and capacity to complete,
projects of similar size, scope, or complexity and that proposed key personnel have
sufficient experience and training to competently manage and complete the project,
and a financial statement that ensures that the bidder has the capacity to complete
the project.

13 (C) The licenses, registration, and credentials required for the project, including,

but not limited to, information on the revocation or suspension of any license,credential, or registration.

(D) Evidence that establishes that the bidder has the capacity to obtain all required
 payment and performance bonding, liability insurance, and errors and omissions
 insurance.

(E) Information concerning workers' compensation experience history and aworker safety program.

(F) An acceptable safety record. "Safety record" means the prior history concerning the safe performance of construction contracts. The criteria used to evaluate a bidder's safety record shall include, at a minimum, its experience modification rate for the most recent three-year period, and its average total recordable injury or illness rate and average lost work rate for the most recent threeyear period.

(4) The information required under this subdivision shall be certified underpenalty of perjury by the bidder and its general partners or joint venture members.

(c) A contracting entity shall not be prequalified or short-listed unless the entity
 provides an enforceable commitment to the local agency that the entity and its
 subcontractors will use a skilled and trained workforce to perform all work on the
 project or contract that falls within an apprenticeable occupation in the building and
 construction trades.

34 (1) For purposes of this subdivision:

(A) "Apprenticeable occupation" means an occupation for which the chief had
 approved an apprenticeship program pursuant to Section 3075 of the Labor Code
 prior to January 1, 2014.

(B) "Skilled and trained workforce" means a workforce that meets all of thefollowing conditions:

(i) All the workers are either skilled journeypersons or apprentices registered in
 an apprenticeship program approved by the Chief of the Division of Apprenticeship

42 Standards.

(ii)(I) For work performed on or after January 1, 2017, at least 30 percent of the 1 skilled journeypersons employed to perform work on the contract or project by the 2 bidder and each of its subcontractors at every tier are graduates of an apprenticeship 3 program for the applicable occupation that was either approved by the Chief of the 4 Division of Apprenticeship Standards pursuant to Section 3075 of the Labor Code 5 or located outside California and approved for federal purposes pursuant to the 6 apprenticeship regulations adopted by the federal Secretary of Labor. 7 (II) For work performed on or after January 1, 2018, at least 40 percent of the 8

(II) For work performed on or after January 1, 2018, at least 40 percent of the
skilled journeypersons employed to perform work on the contract or project by the
bidder and each of its subcontractors at every tier are graduates of an apprenticeship
program for the applicable occupation that was either approved by the Chief of the
Division of Apprenticeship Standards pursuant to Section 3075 of the Labor Code
or located outside California and approved for federal purposes pursuant to the
apprenticeship regulations adopted by the federal Secretary of Labor.

(III) For work performed on or after January 1, 2019, at least 50 percent of the skilled journeypersons employed to perform work on the contract or project by the bidder and each of its subcontractors at every tier are graduates of an apprenticeship program for the applicable occupation that was either approved by the Chief of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards pursuant to Section 3075 of the Labor Code or located outside California and approved for federal purposes pursuant to the apprenticeship regulations adopted by the federal Secretary of Labor.

(IV) For work performed on or after January 1, 2020, at least 60 percent of the skilled journeypersons employed to perform work on the contract or project by the bidder and each of its subcontractors at every tier are graduates of an apprenticeship program for the applicable occupation that was either approved by the Chief of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards pursuant to Section 3075 of the Labor Code or located outside California and approved for federal purposes pursuant to the apprenticeship regulations adopted by the federal Secretary of Labor.

(iii) For an apprenticeable occupation in which no apprenticeship program had
been approved by the chief prior to January 1, 1995, up to one-half of the graduation
percentage requirements of clause (ii) may be satisfied by skilled journeypersons
who commenced working in the apprenticeable occupation prior to the chief's
approval of an apprenticeship program for that occupation in the county in which
the project is located.

35 (C) "Skilled journeyperson" means a worker who either:

(i) Graduated from an apprenticeship program for the applicable occupation that
 was approved by the chief or located outside California and approved for federal
 purposes pursuant to the apprenticeship regulations adopted by the federal Secretary
 of Labor.

(ii) Has at least as many hours of on-the-job experience in the applicable
 occupation as would be required to graduate from an apprenticeship program for the
 applicable occupation that is approved by the chief.

1 (2) The apprenticeship graduation percentage requirements of subparagraph (B) 2 of paragraph (1) are satisfied if, in a particular calendar month, either of the 3 following is true:

4 (A) The required percentage of the skilled journeypersons employed by the 5 contractor or subcontractor to perform work on the contract or project meet the 6 graduation percentage requirement.

(B) For the hours of work performed by skilled journeypersons employed by the
contractor or subcontractor on the contract or project, the percentage of hours
performed by skilled journeypersons who met the graduation requirement meets or
exceeds the required graduation percentage.

(3) A contractor or subcontractor need not meet the apprenticeship graduation
 requirements of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) if, during the calendar month,
 the contractor or subcontractor employs skilled journeypersons to perform fewer
 than 10 hours of work on the contract or project.

(4) A subcontractor need not meet the apprenticeship graduation requirements of
 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) if both of the following requirements are met:

(A) The subcontractor was not a listed subcontractor under Section 4104 or asubstitute for a listed subcontractor.

(B) The subcontract does not exceed one-half of 1 percent of the price of the primecontract.

(5)(A) A contractor, bidder, or other entity's commitment that a skilled and 21 trained workforce will be used to perform the project or contract shall be established 22 by the contractor, bidder, or other entity's agreement with the local agency that the 23 contractor, bidder, or other entity and its subcontractors at every tier will comply 24 with this subdivision and that the contractor, bidder, or other entity will provide the 25 local agency with a report on a monthly basis while the project or contract is being 26 performed, as to whether the contractor, bidder, or other entity and its subcontractors 27 are complying with the requirements of this subdivision. 28

(B) If the contractor, bidder, or other entity fails to provide the monthly report
required by this section, or provides a report that is incomplete, the local agency
shall withhold further payments until a complete report is provided.

32 (C) If a monthly report does not demonstrate compliance with this chapter, the 33 local agency shall withhold further payments until the contractor, bidder, or other 34 entity provides a plan to achieve substantial compliance with this article, with 35 respect to the relevant apprenticeable occupation, prior to completion of the contract 36 or project.

(D) A monthly report provided to the public agency or other awarding body shall
be a public record under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) and shall be open to public
inspection.

42 (6) This subdivision shall not apply if the contractor, bidder, or other entity has
43 entered into a project labor agreement that will bind itself and all its subcontractors

who perform construction work on the project, and the contractor, bidder, or other
entity agrees to be bound by the project agreement.

3 (d) The local agency shall make the list of prequalified entities available to the 4 public.

6 (e) Based on the documents prepared as described in subdivision (a), the local agency shall prepare a request for bids that invites prequalified or short-listed rentities to submit competitive sealed bids in the manner prescribed by the local agency. The request for bids shall include, but need not be limited to, all of the following elements:

(1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the estimated cost to perform the work being requested, the methodology that will be used by the local agency to evaluate bids, whether the contract will be awarded on the basis of best value or to the lowest responsible bidder, and any other information deemed necessary by the local agency to inform interested parties of the contracting opportunity.

16 (2) Significant factors that the local agency reasonably expects to consider in 17 evaluating bids, including, but not limited to, cost or price and all non-price-related 18 factors.

(3) The relative importance or the weight assigned to each of the factors identifiedin the request for bids.

(4) If a best value selection method is used, the local agency may reserve the right to request bid revisions and hold discussions and negotiations with responsive bidders, in which case the local agency shall so specify in the request for bids and shall publish separately or incorporate into the request for bids applicable procedures to be observed by the local agency to ensure that any discussions or negotiations are conducted in good faith.

(f) For those projects utilizing low bid as the final selection method, the
competitive bidding process shall, if appropriate for the delivery method, result in
lump-sum bids by the prequalified or short-listed entities, and awards shall be made
to the bidder that is the lowest responsible bidder.

(g) For those projects utilizing best value as a selection method, the competitionshall progress as follows:

(1) Competitive bids shall be evaluated by using only the criteria and selection
 procedures specifically identified in the request for bids. The following minimum
 factors, however, shall be included, if applicable to the delivery method and
 weighted as deemed appropriate by the local agency:

(A) Price, unless a stipulated sum is specified and including financial and bonding
 capacity requirements.

39 (B) Technical design, procurement, and construction expertise.

40 (C) Proposed construction approach, sequencing, and methods.

41 (D) Compliance with the requirements of the owner-provided performance 42 specification. 1 (E) Ability to meet the milestone schedule dates and, if applicable, any liquidated 2 damages.

3 (F) Ability to meet the quality requirements.

4 (G) Proposed risk allocation and sharing.

- 5 (H) Safety record.
- 6 (I) Warranty.
- 7 (J) Life-cycle costs over 15 or more years as specified by the local agency.
- 8 (2) Pursuant to subdivision (e), the local agency may hold discussions or 9 negotiations with responsive bidders using the process articulated in the local 10 agency's request for bids.

(3) When the evaluation is complete, the responsive bidders shall be ranked based
on a determination of value provided by the local agency if no more than three
bidders are required to be ranked.

(4) The award of the contract shall be made to the responsible bidder whose bidis determined by the local agency to have offered the best value to the public.

(5) Notwithstanding any provision of the Water Code, upon issuance of a contract
 award the local agency shall publicly announce its award, identifying the bidder to
 which the award is made, along with a statement regarding the basis of the award.

19 (6) The statement regarding the local agency's contract award, described in 20 paragraph (5), and the contract file shall provide sufficient information to satisfy an 21 external audit.

- Comment. Section 20928.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 24 Reports (2019).

# 25 § 22164 (amended). Procurement process for design-build project for local agency

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 22164 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

27 22164. The procurement process for the design-build projects shall progress as28 follows:

(a)(1) The local agency shall prepare a set of documents setting forth the scope 29 and estimated price of the project. The documents may include, but need not be 30 limited to, the size, type, and desired design character of the project, performance 31 specifications covering the quality of materials, equipment, workmanship, 32 preliminary plans or building layouts, or any other information deemed necessary 33 to describe adequately the local agency's needs. The performance specifications and 34 any plans shall be prepared by a design professional who is duly licensed and 35 registered in California. 36

(2) The documents shall not include a design-build-operate contract for any
 project. The documents, however, may include operations during a training or
 transition period but shall not include long-term operations for any project.

(b) The local agency shall prepare and issue a request for qualifications in order
 to prequalify or short-list the design-build entities whose proposals shall be

evaluated for final selection. The request for qualifications shall include, but neednot be limited to, the following elements:

(1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the
expected cost range, the methodology that will be used by the local agency to
evaluate proposals, the procedure for final selection of the design-build entity, and
any other information deemed necessary by the local agency to inform interested
parties of the contracting opportunity.

8 (2) Significant factors that the local agency reasonably expects to consider in 9 evaluating qualifications, including technical design and construction expertise, 10 acceptable safety record, and all other nonprice-related factors.

(3) A standard template request for statements of qualifications prepared by the local agency. In preparing the standard template, the local agency may consult with the construction industry, the building trades and surety industry, and other local agencies interested in using the authorization provided by this article. The template shall require the following information:

(A) If the design-build entity is a privately held corporation, limited liability
 company, partnership, or joint venture, a listing of all of the shareholders, partners,
 or members known at the time of statement of qualification submission who will
 perform work on the project.

(B) Evidence that the members of the design-build team have completed, or demonstrated the experience, competency, capability, and capacity to complete projects of similar size, scope, or complexity, and that proposed key personnel have sufficient experience and training to competently manage and complete the design and construction of the project, and a financial statement that ensures that the design-build entity has the capacity to complete the project.

(C) The licenses, registration, and credentials required to design and construct the
 project, including, but not limited to, information on the revocation or suspension
 of any license, credential, or registration.

(D) Evidence that establishes that the design-build entity has the capacity to
 obtain all required payment and performance bonding, liability insurance, and errors
 and omissions insurance.

32 (E) Information concerning workers' compensation experience history and a 33 worker safety program.

(F) If the proposed design-build entity is a corporation, limited liability company,
 partnership, joint venture, or other legal entity, a copy of the organizational
 documents or agreement committing to form the organization.

(G) An acceptable safety record. A proposer's safety record shall be deemed acceptable if its experience modification rate for the most recent three-year period is an average of 1.00 or less, and its average total recordable injury or illness rate and average lost work rate for the most recent three-year period does not exceed the applicable statistical standards for its business category or if the proposer is a party to an alternative dispute resolution system as provided for in Section 3201.5 of the Labor Code. (4)(A) The information required under this subdivision shall be certified under
penalty of perjury by the design-build entity and its general partners or joint venture
members.
(B) Information required under this subdivision that is not otherwise a public

record under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of

7 Title 1 of the Government Code) shall not be open to public inspection.

8 (c)(1) A design-build entity shall not be prequalified or shortlisted unless the 9 entity provides an enforceable commitment to the local agency that the entity and 10 its subcontractors at every tier will use a skilled and trained workforce to perform 11 all work on the project or contract that falls within an apprenticeable occupation in 12 the building and construction trades, in accordance with Chapter 2.9 (commencing 13 with Section 2600) of Part 1.

(2) This subdivision shall not apply if any of the following requirements are met:
 (A) The local agency has entered into a project labor agreement that will bind all
 contractors and subcontractors performing work on the project or contract to use a
 skilled and trained workforce, and the entity agrees to be bound by that project labor
 agreement.

(B) The project or contract is being performed under the extension or renewal of
 a project labor agreement that was entered into by the local agency prior to January
 1, 2017.

(C) The entity has entered into a project labor agreement that will bind the entity
 and all its subcontractors at every tier performing the project or contract to use a
 skilled and trained workforce.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, "project labor agreement" has the same
 meaning as in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 2500.

(d) Based on the documents prepared as described in subdivision (a), the local
agency shall prepare a request for proposals that invites prequalified or short-listed
entities to submit competitive sealed proposals in the manner prescribed by the local
agency. The request for proposals shall include, but need not be limited to, the
following elements:

(1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the
estimated cost of the project, the methodology that will be used by the local agency
to evaluate proposals, whether the contract will be awarded on the basis of low bid
or best value, and any other information deemed necessary by the local agency to
inform interested parties of the contracting opportunity.

(2) Significant factors that the local agency reasonably expects to consider in
 evaluating proposals, including, but not limited to, cost or price and all nonprice related factors.

40 (3) The relative importance or the weight assigned to each of the factors identified41 in the request for proposals.

42 (4) Where a best value selection method is used, the local agency may reserve the43 right to request proposal revisions and hold discussions and negotiations with

1 responsive proposers, in which case the local agency shall so specify in the request

2 for proposals and shall publish separately or incorporate into the request for

proposals applicable procedures to be observed by the local agency to ensure that
 any discussions or negotiations are conducted in good faith.

5 (e) For those projects utilizing low bid as the final selection method, the 6 competitive bidding process shall result in lump-sum bids by the prequalified or 7 short-listed design-build entities, and awards shall be made to the design-build 8 entity that is the lowest responsible bidder.

9 (f) For those projects utilizing best value as a selection method, the design-build 10 competition shall progress as follows:

(1) Competitive proposals shall be evaluated by using only the criteria and
 selection procedures specifically identified in the request for proposals. The
 following minimum factors, however, shall be weighted as deemed appropriate by
 the local agency:

15 (A) Price, unless a stipulated sum is specified.

16 (B) Technical design and construction expertise.

17 (C) Life-cycle costs over 15 or more years.

18 (2) Pursuant to subdivision (d), the local agency may hold discussions or 19 negotiations with responsive proposers using the process articulated in the local 20 agency's request for proposals.

(3) When the evaluation is complete, the responsive proposers shall be ranked
 based on a determination of value provided, provided that no more than three
 proposers are required to be ranked.

(4) The award of the contract shall be made to the responsible design-build entity
whose proposal is determined by the local agency to have offered the best value to
the public.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, upon issuance of a contract
award, the local agency shall publicly announce its award, identifying the designbuild entity to which the award is made, along with a statement regarding the basis
of the award.

(6) The statement regarding the local agency's contract award, described in
 paragraph (5), and the contract file shall provide sufficient information to satisfy an
 external audit.

Comment. Section 22164 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

36 Reports (2019).

37

# PUBLIC RESOURCES CODE

38 § 2207 (amended). Annual report to be submitted by owner or operator of mining operation

39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2207 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

40 2207. (a) The owner or the operator of a mining operation within the state shall

41 forward to the supervisor annually, not later than a date established by the

supervisor, upon forms approved by the board from time to time, a report that 1 identifies all of the following: 2 (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the person, company, or other 3 owner of the mining operation. 4 (2) The name, address, and telephone number of a designated agent who resides 5 in this state, and who will receive and accept service of all orders, notices, and 6 processes of the lead agency, board, supervisor, or court. 7 (3) The location of the mining operation, its name, its mine number as issued by 8 the Division of Mine Reclamation, its section, township, range, latitude, longitude, 9 and approximate boundaries of the mining operation marked on a United States 10 Geological Survey  $7^{1/2}$ -minute or 15-minute quadrangle map. 11 (4) The lead agency. 12 (5) The approval date of the mining operation's reclamation plan. 13 (6) The mining operation's status as active, idle, reclaimed, or in the process of 14 being reclaimed. 15 (7) The commodities produced by the mine and the type of mining operation. 16 (8) A copy of the previously completed annual inspection form and a requested 17 date, within 12 months of the prior inspection date, for the next annual inspection 18 by the lead agency. 19 (9) Proof of financial assurances. 20 (10) Ownership of the property, including government agencies, if applicable, by 21 the assessor's parcel number, and total assessed value of the mining operation. 22 (11) The approximate permitted size of the mining operation subject to Chapter 9 23 (commencing with Section 2710), in acres. 24 (12) The approximate total acreage of land newly disturbed by the mining 25 operation during the previous calendar year. 26 (13) The approximate total of disturbed acreage reclaimed during the previous 27 calendar year. 28 (14) The approximate total unreclaimed disturbed acreage remaining as of the end 29 of the calendar year. 30 (15) The total production for each mineral commodity produced during the 31 previous year. 32 (16) A copy of any approved reclamation plan and any amendments or conditions 33 of approval to any existing reclamation plan approved by the lead agency. 34 (b)(1) Every year, not later than the date established by the supervisor, the person 35 submitting the report pursuant to subdivision (a) shall forward to the lead agency, 36 upon forms furnished by the board, a report that provides all of the information 37 specified in subdivision (a). 38 (2) The owner or operator of a mining operation shall allow access to the property 39 to any governmental agency or the agent of any company providing financial 40 assurance mechanisms in connection with the reclamation plan in order that the 41 reclamation can be carried out by the entity or company, in accordance with the 42 provisions of the reclamation plan. 43

(c) Subsequent reports shall include only changes in the information submitted 1 for the items described in subdivision (a), except that, instead of the approved 2 reclamation plan, the reports shall include any reclamation plan amendments 3 approved during the previous year. The reports shall state whether review of a 4 reclamation plan, financial assurances, or an interim management plan is pending 5 under subdivision (h) of Section 2770, or whether an appeal before the board or lead 6 agency governing body is pending under subdivision (e) or (h) of Section 2770. The 7 supervisor shall notify the person submitting the report and the owner's designated 8 agent in writing that the report and the fee required pursuant to subdivision (d) have 9 been received, specify the mining operation's mine number if one has not been 10 issued by the Division of Mine Reclamation, and notify the person and agent of any 11 deficiencies in the report within 90 days of receipt. That person or agent shall have 12 30 days from receipt of the notification to correct the noted deficiencies and forward 13 the revised report to the supervisor and the lead agency. A person who fails to 14 comply with this section, or knowingly provides incorrect or false information in 15 reports required by this section, may be subject to an administrative penalty as 16 provided in subdivision (c) of Section 2774.1. 17

(d)(1) The board shall impose, by regulation, pursuant to paragraph (2), an annual 18 reporting fee on, and method for collecting annual fees from, each active or idle 19 mining operation. The maximum fee for any single mining operation may not 20 exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) annually and may not be less than one 21 hundred dollars (\$100) annually, as adjusted for the cost of living as measured by 22 the California Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, calendar year 23 averages, using the percentage change in the previous year, except that the 24 maximum fee for any single mining operation shall not exceed six thousand dollars 25 (\$6,000) in the 2017–18 fiscal year and eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) in the 2018– 26 19 fiscal year. 27

(2)(A) The board shall adopt, by regulation, a schedule of fees authorized under 28 paragraph (1) to cover the department's cost in carrying out this section and Chapter 29 9 (commencing with Section 2710), as reflected in the Governor's proposed Budget, 30 and may adopt those regulations as emergency regulations. In establishing the 31 schedule of fees to be paid by each active and idle mining operation, the fees shall 32 be calculated on an equitable basis reflecting the size and type of operation. The 33 board shall also consider the total assessed value of the mining operation, the 34 acreage disturbed by mining activities, and the acreage subject to the reclamation 35 plan. 36

(B) Regulations adopted pursuant to this subdivision shall be adopted by the board
in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code). The
adoption of any emergency regulations pursuant to this subdivision shall be
considered necessary to address an emergency and shall be considered by the Office
of Administrative Law to be necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
peace, health, safety, and general welfare.

(3) The total revenue generated by the reporting fees may not exceed, and may be 1 less than, the amount of eight million dollars (\$8,000,000), as adjusted for the cost 2 of living as measured by the California Consumer Price Index for all urban 3 consumers, calendar year averages, using the percentage change in the previous 4 year, beginning with the 2017–18 fiscal year and annually thereafter. If the director 5 determines that the revenue collected during the preceding fiscal year was greater 6 or less than the cost to operate the program, the board shall adjust the fees to 7 compensate for the overcollection or undercollection of revenues. 8

(4)(A) The reporting fees established pursuant to this subdivision shall be 9 deposited in the Mine Reclamation Account, which is hereby created. Any fees, 10 penalties, interest, fines, or charges collected by the supervisor or board pursuant to 11 this chapter or Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 2710) shall be deposited in the 12 Mine Reclamation Account. The money in the account shall be available to the 13 department and board, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purpose of 14 carrying out this section and complying with Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 15 2710), which includes, but is not limited to, the classification and designation of 16 areas with mineral resources of statewide or regional significance, reclamation plan 17 and financial assurance review, mine inspection, and enforcement. 18

(B)(i) In addition to reporting fees, the board shall collect five dollars (\$5) per
ounce of gold and ten cents (\$0.10) per ounce of silver mined within the state and
shall deposit the fees collected in the Abandoned Mine Reclamation and Minerals
Fund Subaccount, which is hereby created in the Mine Reclamation Account. The
department may expend the moneys in the subaccount, upon appropriation by the
Legislature, for only the purposes of Section 2796.5 and as authorized herein for the
remediation of abandoned mines.

(ii) Notwithstanding subdivision (j) of Section 2796.5, fees collected pursuant to
clause (i) may also be used to remediate features of historic abandoned mines and
lands that they impact. For the purposes of this section, historic abandoned mines
are mines for which operations have been conducted before January 1, 1976, and
include, but are not limited to, historic gold and silver mines.

(5) In case of late payment of the reporting fee, a penalty of not less than one 31 hundred dollars (\$100) or 10 percent of the amount due, whichever is greater, plus 32 interest at the rate of  $1^{1/2}$  percent per month, computed from the delinquent date of 33 the assessment until and including the date of payment, shall be assessed. New 34 mining operations that have not submitted a report shall submit a report prior to 35 commencement of operations. The new operation shall submit its fee according to 36 the reasonable fee schedule adopted by the board, and the month that the report is 37 received shall become that operation's anniversary month. 38

(e) The lead agency, or the board when acting as the lead agency, may impose a
fee upon each mining operation to cover the reasonable costs incurred in
implementing this chapter and Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 2710).

42 (f) For purposes of this section, "mining operation" means a mining operation of 43 any kind or character whatever in this state, including, but not limited to, a mining operation that is classified as a "surface mining operation" as defined in Section
2735, unless excepted by Section 2714. For the purposes of fee collections only,
"mining operation" may include one or more mines operated by a single operator or
mining company on one or more sites, if the total annual combined mineral
production for all sites is less than 100 troy ounces for precious metals, if precious
metals are the primary mineral commodity produced, or less than 100,000 short tons
if the primary mineral commodity produced is not precious metals.

(g) Any information in reports submitted pursuant to subdivision (a) that includes 8 or otherwise indicates the total mineral production, reserves, or rate of depletion of 9 any mining operation may not be disclosed to any member of the public, as defined 10 in subdivision (b) of Section 6252 Section 7920.515 of the Government Code. Other 11 portions of the reports are public records unless excepted by statute. Statistical 12 bulletins based on these reports and published under Section 2205 shall be compiled 13 to show, for the state as a whole and separately for each lead agency, the total of 14 each mineral produced therein. In order not to disclose the production, reserves, or 15 rate of depletion from any identifiable mining operation, no production figure shall 16 be published or otherwise disclosed unless that figure is the aggregated production 17 of not less than three mining operations. If the production figure for any lead agency 18 would disclose the production, reserves, or rate of depletion of less than three 19 mining operations or otherwise permit the reasonable inference of the production, 20 reserves, or rate of depletion of any identifiable mining operation, that figure shall 21 be combined with the same figure of not less than two other lead agencies without 22 regard to the location of the lead agencies. The bulletin shall be published annually 23 by June 30 or as soon thereafter as practicable. 24

(h) The approval of a form by the board pursuant to this section is not the adoption
of a regulation for purposes of the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the
Government Code) and is not subject to that act.

Comment. Section 2207 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 32 § 3160 (amended). Well stimulation treatments

33 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3160 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

34 3160. (a) On or before January 1, 2015, the Secretary of the Natural Resources

35 Agency shall cause to be conducted, and completed, an independent scientific study

- 36 on well stimulation treatments, including, but not limited to, hydraulic fracturing
- and acid well stimulation treatments. The scientific study shall evaluate the hazards
- and risks and potential hazards and risks that well stimulation treatments pose to

39 natural resources and public, occupational, and environmental health and safety.

40 The scientific study shall do all of the following:

1 (1) Follow the well-established standard protocols of the scientific profession, 2 including, but not limited to, the use of recognized experts, peer review, and 3 publication.

4 (2) Identify areas with existing and potential conventional and unconventional oil 5 and gas reserves where well stimulation treatments are likely to spur or enable oil 6 and gas exploration and production.

(3)(A) Evaluate all aspects and effects of well stimulation treatments, including, 7 but not limited to, the well stimulation treatment, additive and water transportation 8 to and from the well site, mixing and handling of the well stimulation treatment 9 fluids and additives onsite, the use and potential for use of nontoxic additives and 10 the use or reuse of treated or produced water in well stimulation treatment fluids, 11 and flowback fluids and the handling, treatment, and disposal of flowback fluids 12 and other materials, if any, generated by the treatment. Specifically, the potential 13 for the use of recycled water in well stimulation treatments, including appropriate 14 water quality requirements and available treatment technologies, shall be evaluated. 15 Well stimulation treatments include, but are not limited to, hydraulic fracturing and 16 acid well stimulation treatments. 17

(B) Review and evaluate acid matrix stimulation treatments, including the range
 of acid volumes applied per treated foot and total acid volumes used in treatments,
 types of acids, acid concentration, and other chemicals used in the treatments.

(4) Consider, at a minimum, atmospheric emissions, including potential 21 greenhouse gas emissions, the potential degradation of air quality, potential impacts 22 on wildlife, native plants, and habitat, including habitat fragmentation, potential 23 water and surface contamination, potential noise pollution, induced seismicity, and 24 the ultimate disposition, transport, transformation, and toxicology of well 25 stimulation treatments, including acid well stimulation fluids, hydraulic fracturing 26 fluids, and waste hydraulic fracturing fluids and acid well stimulation in the 27 environment. 28

(5) Identify and evaluate the geologic features present in the vicinity of a well,
 including the wellbore, that should be taken into consideration in the design of a
 proposed well stimulation treatment.

(6) Include a hazard assessment and risk analysis addressing occupational and
 environmental exposures to well stimulation treatments, including hydraulic
 fracturing treatments, hydraulic fracturing treatment-related processes, acid well
 stimulation treatments, acid well stimulation treatment-related processes, and the
 corresponding impacts on public health and safety with the participation of the
 Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment.

(7) Clearly identify where additional information is necessary to inform andimprove the analyses.

(b)(1)(A) On or before January 1, 2015, the division, in consultation with the
Department of Toxic Substances Control, the State Air Resources Board, the State
Water Resources Control Board, the Department of Resources Recycling and
Recovery, and any local air districts and regional water quality control boards in

areas where well stimulation treatments, including acid well stimulation treatments and hydraulic fracturing treatments, may occur, shall adopt rules and regulations

specific to well stimulation treatments, may occur, shall adopt fulles and regulations specific to well stimulation treatments. The rules and regulations shall include, but are not limited to, revisions, as needed, to the rules and regulations governing construction of wells and well casings to ensure integrity of wells, well casings, and the geologic and hydrologic isolation of the oil and gas formation during and following well stimulation treatments, and full disclosure of the composition and disposition of well stimulation fluids, including, but not limited to, hydraulic fracturing fluids, acid well stimulation fluids, and flowback fluids.

(B) The rules and regulations shall additionally include provisions for an 10 independent entity or person to perform the notification requirements pursuant to 11 paragraph (6) of subdivision (d), for the operator to provide for baseline and 12 followup water testing upon request as specified in paragraph (7) of subdivision (d). 13 (C)(i) In order to identify the acid matrix stimulation treatments that are subject 14 to this section, the rules and regulations shall establish threshold values for acid 15 volume applied per treated foot of any individual stage of the well or for total acid 16 volume of the treatment, or both, based upon a quantitative assessment of the risks 17 posed by acid matrix stimulation treatments that exceed the specified threshold 18 value or values in order to prevent, as far as possible, damage to life, health, 19 property, and natural resources pursuant to Section 3106. 20

(ii) On or before January 1, 2020, the division shall review and evaluate the
threshold values for acid volume applied per treated foot and total acid volume of
the treatment, based upon data collected in the state, for acid matrix stimulation
treatments. The division shall revise the values through the regulatory process, if
necessary, based upon the best available scientific information, including the results
of the independent scientific study pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) of
subdivision (a).

(2) Full disclosure of the composition and disposition of well stimulation fluids,
 including, but not limited to, hydraulic fracturing fluids and acid stimulation
 treatment fluids, shall, at a minimum, include:

31 (A) The date of the well stimulation treatment.

(B) A complete list of the names, Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) numbers, and
 maximum concentration, in percent by mass, of each and every chemical constituent
 of the well stimulation treatment fluids used. If a CAS number does not exist for a
 chemical constituent, the well owner or operator may provide another unique
 identifier, if available.

(C) The trade name, the supplier, concentration, and a brief description of the
intended purpose of each additive contained in the well stimulation treatment fluid.
(D) The total volume of base fluid used during the well stimulation treatment, and
the identification of whether the base fluid is water suitable for irrigation or
domestic purposes, water not suitable for irrigation or domestic purposes, or a fluid
other than water.

(E) The source, volume, and specific composition and disposition of all water, including, but not limited to, all water used as base fluid during the well stimulation treatment and recovered from the well following the well stimulation treatment that is not otherwise reported as produced water pursuant to Section 3227. Any repeated reuse of treated or untreated water for well stimulation treatments and well stimulation treatment-related activities shall be identified.

(F) The specific composition and disposition of all well stimulation treatment
 fluids, including waste fluids, other than water.

9 (G) Any radiological components or tracers injected into the well as part of, or in 10 order to evaluate, the well stimulation treatment, a description of the recovery 11 method, if any, for those components or tracers, the recovery rate, and specific 12 disposal information for recovered components or tracers.

13 (H) The radioactivity of the recovered well stimulation fluids.

(I) The location of the portion of the well subject to the well stimulation treatment
 and the extent of the fracturing or other modification, if any, surrounding the well
 induced by the treatment.

(c)(1) Through the consultation process described in paragraph (1) of subdivision 17 (b), the division shall collaboratively identify and delineate the existing statutory 18 authority and regulatory responsibility relating to well stimulation treatments and 19 well stimulation treatment-related activities of the Department of Toxic Substances 20 Control, the State Air Resources Board, any local air districts, the State Water 21 Resources Control Board, the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, 22 any regional water quality control board, and other public entities, as applicable. 23 This shall specify how the respective authority, responsibility, and notification and 24 reporting requirements associated with well stimulation treatments and well 25 stimulation treatment-related activities are divided among each public entity. 26

(2) On or before January 1, 2015, the division shall enter into formal agreements 27 with the Department of Toxic Substances Control, the State Air Resources Board, 28 any local air districts where well stimulation treatments may occur, the State Water 29 Resources Control Board, the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, 30 and any regional water quality control board where well stimulation treatments may 31 occur, clearly delineating respective authority, responsibility, and notification and 32 reporting requirements associated with well stimulation treatments and well 33 stimulation treatment-related activities, including air and water quality monitoring, 34 in order to promote regulatory transparency and accountability. 35

(3) The agreements under paragraph (2) shall specify the appropriate public entity
 responsible for air and water quality monitoring and the safe and lawful disposal of
 materials in landfills, include trade secret handling protocols, if necessary, and
 provide for ready public access to information related to well stimulation treatments
 and related activities.

41 (4) Regulations, if necessary, shall be revised appropriately to incorporate the 42 agreements under paragraph (2).

(d)(1) Notwithstanding any other law or regulation, before performing a well 1 stimulation treatment on a well, the operator shall apply for a permit to perform a 2 well stimulation treatment with the supervisor or district deputy. The well 3 stimulation treatment permit application shall contain the pertinent data the 4 supervisor requires on printed forms supplied by the division or on other forms 5 acceptable to the supervisor. The information provided in the well stimulation 6 treatment permit application shall include, but is not limited to, the following: 7 (A) The well identification number and location. 8 (B) The time period during which the well stimulation treatment is planned to 9 occur. 10 (C) A water management plan that shall include all of the following: 11 (i) An estimate of the amount of water to be used in the treatment. Estimates of 12 water to be recycled following the well stimulation treatment may be included. 13 (ii) The anticipated source of the water to be used in the treatment. 14 (iii) The disposal method identified for the recovered water in the flowback fluid 15 from the treatment that is not produced water included in the statement pursuant to 16 Section 3227. 17 (D) A complete list of the names, Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) numbers, and 18 estimated concentrations, in percent by mass, of each and every chemical 19 constituent of the well stimulation fluids anticipated to be used in the treatment. If 20 a CAS number does not exist for a chemical constituent, the well owner or operator 21 may provide another unique identifier, if available. 22 (E) The planned location of the well stimulation treatment on the wellbore, the 23 estimated length, height, and direction of the induced fractures or other planned 24 modification, if any, and the location of existing wells, including plugged and 25 abandoned wells, that may be impacted by these fractures and modifications. 26 (F) A groundwater monitoring plan. Required groundwater monitoring in the 27 vicinity of the well subject to the well stimulation treatment shall be satisfied by one 28 of the following: 29 (i) The well is located within the boundaries of an existing oil or gas field-specific 30 or regional monitoring program developed pursuant to Section 10783 of the Water 31 Code. 32 (ii) The well is located within the boundaries of an existing oil or gas field-specific 33 or regional monitoring program developed and implemented by the well owner or 34 operator meeting the model criteria established pursuant to Section 10783 of the 35 Water Code. 36 (iii) Through a well-specific monitoring plan implemented by the owner or

(iii) Through a well-specific monitoring plan implemented by the owner or
 operator meeting the model criteria established pursuant to Section 10783 of the
 Water Code, and submitted to the appropriate regional water board for review.

40 (G) The estimated amount of treatment-generated waste materials that are not 41 reported in subparagraph (C) and an identified disposal method for the waste 42 materials. (2)(A) At the supervisor's discretion, and if applied for concurrently, the well stimulation treatment permit described in this section may be combined with the well drilling and related operation notice of intent required pursuant to Section 3203 into a single combined authorization. The portion of the combined authorization applicable to well stimulation shall meet all of the requirements of a well stimulation treatment permit pursuant to this section.

(B) The time period available for approval of the combined authorization
applicable to well stimulation is subject to the terms of this section, and not Section
3203.

10 (3)(A) The supervisor or district deputy shall review the well stimulation 11 treatment permit application and may approve the permit if the application is 12 complete. An incomplete application shall not be approved.

(B) A well stimulation treatment or repeat well stimulation treatment shall not be
 performed on any well without a valid permit that the supervisor or district deputy
 has approved.

16 (C) In considering the permit application, the supervisor shall evaluate the 17 quantifiable risk of the well stimulation treatment.

(D) In the absence of state implementation of a regional groundwater monitoring 18 program pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (h) of Section 10783 of the Water 19 Code, the supervisor or district deputy may approve a permit application for well 20 stimulation treatment pursuant to subparagraph (A) before the approval by the State 21 Water Resources Control Board or a regional water quality control board of an area-22 specific groundwater monitoring program developed by an owner or operator 23 pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) of Section 10783 of the Water Code, 24 but the well stimulation treatment shall not commence until the state board or the 25 regional water board approves the area-specific groundwater monitoring program. 26

(4) The well stimulation treatment permit shall expire one year from the date thatthe permit is issued.

(5) Within five business days of issuing a permit to perform a well stimulation
treatment, the division shall provide a copy of the permit to the appropriate regional
water quality control board or boards and to the local planning entity where the well,
including its subsurface portion, is located. The division shall also post the permit
on the publicly accessible portion of its internet website within five business days
of issuing a permit.

(6)(A) It is the policy of the state that a copy of the approved well stimulation
 treatment permit and information on the available water sampling and testing be
 provided to every tenant of the surface property and every surface property owner
 or authorized agent of that owner whose property line location is one of the
 following:

40 (i) Within a 1,500 foot radius of the wellhead.

(ii) Within 500 feet from the horizontal projection of all subsurface portions ofthe designated well to the surface.

1 (B)(i) The well owner or operator shall identify the area requiring notification and 2 shall contract with an independent entity or person who is responsible for, and shall

3 perform, the notification required pursuant to subparagraph (A).

4 (ii) The independent entity or person shall identify the individuals notified, the 5 method of notification, the date of the notification, a list of those notified, and shall 6 provide a list of this information to the division.

7 (iii) The performance of the independent entity or persons shall be subject to 8 review and audit by the division.

9 (C) A well stimulation treatment shall not commence before 30 calendar days 10 after the permit copies pursuant to subparagraph (A) are provided.

(7)(A) A property owner notified pursuant to paragraph (6) may request water
 quality sampling and testing from a designated qualified contractor on any water
 well suitable for drinking or irrigation purposes and on any surface water suitable
 for drinking or irrigation purposes as follows:

(i) Baseline measurements before the commencement of the well stimulationtreatment.

(ii) Followup measurements after the well stimulation treatment on the sameschedule as the pressure testing of the well casing of the treated well.

(B) The State Water Resources Control Board shall designate one or more qualified independent third-party contractor or contractors that adhere to boardspecified standards and protocols to perform the water sampling and testing. The well owner or operator shall pay for the sampling and testing. The sampling and testing performed shall be subject to audit and review by the State Water Resources Control Board or applicable regional water quality control board, as appropriate.

(C) The results of the water testing shall be provided to the division, appropriate regional water board, and the property owner or authorized agent. A tenant notified pursuant to paragraph (6) shall receive information on the results of the water testing to the extent authorized by the tenant's lease and, where the tenant has lawful use of the ground or surface water identified in subparagraph (A), the tenant may independently contract for similar groundwater or surface water testing.

(8) The division shall retain a list of the entities and property owners notified
 pursuant to paragraphs (5) and (6).

(9) The operator shall provide notice to the division at least 72 hours before the
 actual start of the well stimulation treatment in order for the division to witness the
 treatment.

(e) The Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency shall notify the Joint 36 Legislative Budget Committee and the Chairs of the Assembly Natural Resources, 37 Senate Environmental Quality, and Senate Natural Resources and Water 38 Committees on the progress of the independent scientific study on well stimulation 39 and related activities. The first progress report shall be provided to the committees 40 on or before April 1, 2014, and progress reports shall continue every four months 41 thereafter until the independent study is completed, including a peer review of the 42 study by independent scientific experts. 43

(f) If a well stimulation treatment is performed on a well, a supplier that performs any part of the stimulation or provides additives directly to the operator for a well stimulation treatment shall furnish the operator with information suitable for public disclosure needed for the operator to comply with subdivision (g). This information shall be provided as soon as possible but no later than 30 days following the conclusion of the well stimulation treatment.

(g) Within 60 days following cessation of a well stimulation treatment on a well, the operator shall post or cause to have posted to an internet website designated or maintained by the division and accessible to the public all of the well stimulation fluid composition and disposition information required to be collected pursuant to rules and regulations adopted under subdivision (b), including well identification number and location. This shall include the collected water quality data, which the operator shall report electronically to the State Water Resources Control Board.

14 (h) The operator is responsible for compliance with this section.

(i)(1) All geologic features within a distance reflecting an appropriate safety
factor of the fracture zone for well stimulation treatments that fracture the formation
and that have the potential to either limit or facilitate the migration of fluids outside
of the fracture zone shall be identified and added to the well history. Geologic
features include seismic faults identified by the California Geologic Survey.

20 (2) For purposes of this section, the "fracture zone" is defined as the volume 21 surrounding the wellbore where fractures were created or enhanced by the well 22 stimulation treatment. The safety factor shall be at least five and may vary 23 depending upon geologic knowledge.

(3) The division shall review the geologic features important to assessing well
stimulation treatments identified in the independent study pursuant to paragraph (5)
of subdivision (a). Upon completion of the review, the division shall revise the
regulations governing the reporting of geologic features pursuant to this subdivision
accordingly.

(j)(1) Public disclosure of well stimulation treatment fluid information claimed to
contain trade secrets is governed by Section 1060 of the Evidence Code, or the
Uniform Trade Secrets Act (Title 5 (commencing with Section 3426) of Part 1 of
Division 4 of the Civil Code), and the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(2) Notwithstanding any other law or regulation, none of the followinginformation shall be protected as a trade secret:

(A) The identities of the chemical constituents of additives, including CAS
 identification numbers.

39 (B) The concentrations of the additives in the well stimulation treatment fluids.

- 40 (C) Any air or other pollution monitoring data.
- 41 (D) Health and safety data associated with well stimulation treatment fluids.
- 42 (E) The chemical composition of the flowback fluid.

(3) If a trade secret claim is invalid or invalidated, the division shall release the
information to the public by revising the information released pursuant to
subdivision (g). The supplier shall notify the division of any change in status within
30 days.

(4)(A) If a supplier believes that information regarding a chemical constituent of
a well stimulation fluid is a trade secret, the supplier shall nevertheless disclose the
information to the division in conjunction with a well stimulation treatment permit
application, if not previously disclosed, within 30 days following cessation of a well
stimulation on a well, and shall notify the division in writing of that belief.

10 (B) A trade secret claim shall not be made after initial disclosure of the 11 information to the division.

12 (C) To comply with the public disclosure requirements of this section, the supplier 13 shall indicate where trade secret information has been withheld and provide 14 substitute information for public disclosure. The substitute information shall be a 15 list, in any order, of the chemical constituents of the additive, including CAS 16 identification numbers. The division shall review and approve the supplied 17 substitute information.

18 (D) This subdivision does not permit a supplier to refuse to disclose the 19 information required pursuant to this section to the division.

20 (5) In order to substantiate the trade secret claim, the supplier shall provide 21 information to the division that shows all of the following:

(A) The extent to which the trade secret information is known by the supplier's
 employees and others involved in the supplier's business and outside the supplier's
 business.

(B) The measures taken by the supplier to guard the secrecy of the trade secretinformation.

27 (C) The value of the trade secret information to the supplier and its competitors.

(D) The amount of effort or money the supplier expended developing the trade secret information and the ease or difficulty with which the trade secret information could be acquired or duplicated by others.

(6) If the division determines that the information provided in support of a request
for trade secret protection pursuant to paragraph (5) is incomplete, the division shall
notify the supplier and the supplier shall have 30 days to complete the submission.
An incomplete submission does not meet the substantive criteria for trade secret
designation.

(7) If the division determines that the information provided in support of a request for trade secret protection does not meet the substantive criteria for trade secret designation, the department shall notify the supplier by certified mail of its determination. The division shall release the information to the public, but not earlier than 60 days after the date of mailing the determination, unless, before the expiration of the 60-day period, the supplier obtains an action in an appropriate court for a declaratory judgment that the information is subject to protection or for a preliminary injunction prohibiting disclosure of the information to the public and
 provides notice to the division of the court order.

3 (8) The supplier is not required to disclose trade secret information to the operator.

4 (9) Upon receipt of a request for the release of trade secret information to the 5 public, the following procedure applies:

6 (A) The division shall notify the supplier of the request in writing by certified 7 mail, return receipt requested.

8 (B) The division shall release the information to the public, but not earlier than 60 9 days after the date of mailing the notice of the request for information, unless, before 10 the expiration of the 60-day period, the supplier obtains an action in an appropriate 11 court for a declaratory judgment that the information is subject to protection or for 12 a preliminary injunction prohibiting disclosure of the information to the public and 13 provides notice to the division of that action.

14 (10) The division shall develop a timely procedure to provide trade secret 15 information in the following circumstances:

(A) To an officer or employee of the division, the state, local governments, including, but not limited to, local air districts, or the United States, in connection with the official duties of that officer or employee, to a health professional under any law for the protection of health, or to contractors with the division or other government entities and their employees if, in the opinion of the division, disclosure is necessary and required for the satisfactory performance of a contract, for performance of work, or to protect health and safety.

(B) To a health professional in the event of an emergency or to diagnose or treata patient.

(C) In order to protect public health, to any health professional, toxicologist, or
 epidemiologist who is employed in the field of public health and who provides a
 written statement of need. The written statement of need shall include the public
 health purposes of the disclosure and shall explain the reason the disclosure of the
 specific chemical and its concentration is required.

30 (D) A health professional may share trade secret information with other persons 31 as may be professionally necessary, in order to diagnose or treat a patient, including, 32 but not limited to, the patient and other health professionals, subject to state and 33 federal laws restricting disclosure of medical records including, but not limited to, 34 Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 56.10) of Part 2.6 of Division 1 of the Civil 35 Code.

(E) For purposes of this paragraph, "health professional" means any person
licensed or certified pursuant to Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of the
Business and Professions Code, the Osteopathic Initiative Act, the Chiropractic
Initiative Act, or the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital
Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act (Division 2.5 (commencing with Section
1797) of the Health and Safety Code).

42 (F) A person in possession of, or having access to, confidential trade secret 43 information pursuant to this subdivision may disclose this information to any person 1 who is authorized to receive it. A written confidentiality agreement shall not be 2 required.

3 (k) A well granted confidential status pursuant to Section 3234 shall not be 4 required to disclose well stimulation treatment fluid information pursuant to 5 subdivision (g) until the confidential status of the well ceases. Notwithstanding the 6 confidential status of a well, it is public information that a well will be or has been 7 subject to a well stimulation treatment.

8 (*l*) The division shall perform random periodic spot check inspections to ensure 9 that the information provided on well stimulation treatments is accurately reported, 10 including that the estimates provided before the commencement of the well 11 stimulation treatment are reasonably consistent with the well history.

(m) Where the division shares jurisdiction over a well or the well stimulation
treatment on a well with a federal entity, the division's rules and regulations shall
apply in addition to all applicable federal laws and regulations.

(n) This article does not relieve the division or any other agency from complying
 with any other provision of existing laws, regulations, and orders.

17 **Comment.** Section 3160 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

18 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

19 Reports (2019).

#### 20 § 3234 (amended). Well records

21 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3234 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

3234. (a)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all the well records,
including production reports, of any owner or operator which that are filed pursuant
to this chapter are public records for purposes of the California Public Records Act
(Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(2) Those records are public records when filed with the division unless the owner 27 or operator requests, in writing, that the division maintain the well records of 28 onshore exploratory wells or offshore exploratory wells as confidential information. 29 The records of other wells may be maintained as confidential information if, based 30 upon information in a written request of the owner or operator, the supervisor 31 determines there are extenuating circumstances. For onshore wells, the confidential 32 period shall not exceed two years from the cessation of drilling operations as defined 33 in subdivision (e). For offshore wells, the confidential period shall not exceed five 34 years from the cessation of drilling operations as specified in subdivision (e). 35

(3) Well records maintained as confidential information by the division shall be
open to inspection by those persons who are authorized by the owner or operator in
writing. Confidential status shall not apply to state officers charged with regulating
well operations, the director, or as provided in subdivision (c).

(4) On receipt by the supervisor of a written request documenting extenuating
 circumstances relating to a particular well, including a well on an expired or
 terminated lease, the supervisor may extend the period of confidentiality for six

1 months. For onshore wells, the total period of confidentiality, including all 2 extensions, shall not exceed four years from the cessation of drilling operations as 3 specified in subdivision (e), and for offshore wells the total period of confidentiality, 4 including all extensions, shall not exceed seven years from the cessation of drilling 5 operations as specified in subdivision (e), unless the director approves a longer 6 period after a 30-day public notice and comment period. The director shall initiate 7 and conduct a public hearing on receipt of a written complaint.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (a) regarding the period of
confidentiality, the well records for onshore and offshore wells shall become public

10 records when the supervisor is notified that the lease has expired or terminated.

(c) Production reports filed pursuant to Section 3227 shall be open to inspection by the State Board of Equalization or its duly appointed representatives when making a survey pursuant to Section 1815 of the Revenue and Taxation Code or when valuing state-assessed property pursuant to Section 755 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and by the assessor of the county in which a well referred to in Section 3227 is located.

(d) For the purposes of this section, "well records" does not include either
experimental logs and tests or interpretive data not generally available to all
operators, as defined by the supervisor by regulation.

(e) The cessation of drilling operations occurs on the date of removal of drilling
 machinery from the well site.

22 **Comment.** Section 3234 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_(2019).

25 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

#### 26 § 3752 (amended). Well records

27 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3752 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

3752. (a)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all the well records,
including production records, of an owner or operator that are filed pursuant to this
chapter are public records for purposes of the California Public Records Act
(Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
(commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(2) Those records are public records when filed with the division, unless the
 owner or operator requests, in writing, that the division maintain the well records as
 confidential information. The confidential period shall not exceed five years from
 the cessation of drilling operations as specified in subdivision (e).

(3) Well records that are maintained as confidential information by the division
shall be open to inspection by those persons whom the owner or operator authorizes
in writing. Confidential status shall not apply to state officers charged with
regulating well operations, the director, or as provided in subdivision (c).

41 (4) On receipt by the supervisor of a written request documenting extenuating 42 circumstances relating to a particular well, including a well on an expired or terminated lease, the supervisor may extend the period of confidentiality for six months. The total period of confidentiality, including all extensions, shall not exceed seven years from the cessation of drilling operations as specified in subdivision (e), unless the director approves a longer period after a 30-day public notice and comment period. The director shall initiate and conduct a public hearing on receipt of a written complaint.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the well records shall become public records
when the supervisor is notified that the lease has expired or terminated.

9 (c) Production reports filed pursuant to Section 3745 shall be open to inspection 10 by the State Board of Equalization or its duly appointed representative when making 11 a survey pursuant to Section 1815 of the Revenue and Taxation Code or when 12 valuing state-assessed property pursuant to Section 755 of the Revenue and 13 Taxation Code, and by the assessor of the county in which a well referred to in 14 Section 3745 is located.

(d) For the purposes of this section, "well records" does not include either
experimental logs and tests or interpretive data not generally available to all
operators, as defined by the supervisor by regulation.

(e) For purposes of this section, the cessation of drilling operations occurs on the
 date of removal of drilling machinery from the well site.

Comment. Section 3752 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

23 § 4604 (amended). Inspections relating to timber operations

24 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 4604 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

4604. (a) The department shall provide an initial inspection of the area in which 25 timber operations are to be conducted within 10 days from the date of filing of the 26 timber harvesting plan or nonindustrial timber management plan, or a longer period 27 as may be mutually agreed upon by the department and the person submitting the 28 plan, except that the inspection need not be made pursuant to the filing of a timber 29 harvesting plan if the department determines that the inspection would not add 30 substantive information that is necessary to enforce this chapter. The department 31 shall provide for inspections, as needed, as follows: 32

(1) During the period of commencement of timber operations.

34 (2) When timber operations are well under way.

35 (3) Following completion of timber operations.

36 (4) At any other times as determined to be necessary to enforce this chapter.

37 (b)(1) The Department of Fish and Game, the California regional water quality

control boards, or the State Water Resources Control Board, if accompanied by

39 Department of Forestry and Fire Protection personnel and after 24-hour advance

40 notification is given to the landowner, may enter and inspect land during normal

41 business hours at any time after commencement of timber harvest plan activities on

42 the land and before the director issues a report of satisfactory completion of stocking

pursuant to Section 4588 or at any time before the end of the first winter period 1 following the filing of a work completion report pursuant to Section 4585, 2 whichever is later. Any member of the inspection party may utilize whatever 3 measurement and evaluation devices, including, but not limited to, photographic 4 equipment and temperature measurement devices, that are determined to be 5 necessary, when participating in an inspection of an area pursuant to subdivision (a) 6 or after commencement of timber harvesting plan activities pursuant to this 7 subdivision. 8

9 (2) Photographs taken during inspections shall be clearly labeled as to time, date,
and location and shall be the property of the department and part of the inspection
record. The inspection record shall be subject to all provisions of the California
Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
Code).

(3) This subdivision is not a limitation upon the authority of any agency to inspectpursuant to any other provision of law.

(c) This section shall become operative on January 1, 1991, or on the effective
 date of the rules and regulations adopted by the State Board of Forestry and Fire

19 Protection pursuant to Senate Bill 1566, whichever date occurs first.

Comment. Section 4604 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

\$ 5080.24 (amended). Interim agreement with Pacific Grove-Asilomar Operating
 Corporation

25 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5080.24 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

5080.24. (a) The department may enter into an interim agreement with the Pacific Grove-Asilomar Operating Corporation on the same basis as the cancelled contract, except that it shall be modified as specified by subdivisions (b) to (e), inclusive, until the department awards a contract pursuant to Section 5080.25.

30 (b) Any interim agreement pursuant to subdivision (a) shall provide that the 31 amount of compensation received by the general manager of the Pacific Grove-32 Asilomar Operating Corporation shall be subject to determination by the Legislature

in the annual Budget Act.

(c) Any interim agreement pursuant to subdivision (a) shall require the Pacific 34 Grove-Asilomar Operating Corporation to continue to set rates and to take 35 reservations for dates beyond the date for which the interim agreement is operative. 36 (d) Any interim agreement pursuant to subdivision (a) shall provide that the 37 meetings of the board of directors of the Pacific Grove-Asilomar Operating 38 Corporation shall be conducted in accordance with the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting 39 Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 40 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) and the board of directors shall be considered 41 a state body under subdivision (b) of Section 11121 of the Government Code. 42

(e) Any interim agreement pursuant to subdivision (a) shall provide that all 1 business and financial records of the Pacific Grove-Asilomar Operating 2 Corporation, including existing records, but not including records that would be 3 personal information under Section 1798.3 of the Civil Code if maintained by an 4 agency, shall be treated as public records subject to disclosure under the California 5 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 6 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 7 Code). The term "employment contract" as used in Section 6254.8 7928.400 of the 8 Government Code shall be deemed to mean an employment contract between the 9 Pacific Grove-Asilomar Operating Corporation and its employee. 10 Comment. Section 5080.24 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 11 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 12

13 Reports (2019).

### \$ 5080.25 (amended). Contract for construction, maintenance, and operation of concessions at Asilomar Conference Grounds

16 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5080.25 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

5080.25. (a) The department shall enter into a contract for the construction,
maintenance, and operation of concessions at the Asilomar Conference Grounds.
The contract shall be awarded pursuant to this article, except this section shall

20 prevail in case of conflict between this section and this article.

(b) The contract shall not be advertised for bid, negotiated, renegotiated, or
 amended in any material respect unless it has been submitted to the Legislature for
 review.

- (c) The contract shall require the concessionaire to pay for administrative costs,
   capital expenditures, and department staff necessary for the operation of, and
   improvements to, the Asilomar State Beach and Conference Center, including
   restoration projects.
- (d) The contract shall require all capital improvements to the Asilomar StateBeach and Conference Center to be solely the property of the state.

30 (e) The contract shall require the concessionaire to honor all rates and reservations

made by the Pacific Grove-Asilomar Operating Corporation under the interim
 agreement described in Section 5080.24.

(f) The contract shall require the concessionaire to give preference to the
 employees of the Pacific Grove-Asilomar Operating Corporation when staffing the
 operation of the concessionaire.

- 36 (g) The contract shall emphasize the importance of protecting the natural and37 cultural values of the Asilomar State Beach and Conference Center.
- (h) In awarding the contract, the department shall consider bids or proposals fromboth nonprofit and for-profit entities.
- 40 (i) If the contract is awarded to a concessionaire governed by a board of directors,
- 41 the contract shall require the department to be present at meetings of the board of
- 42 directors relating to the construction, maintenance, finances, or operation of

concessions at the Asilomar Conference Grounds, and shall require those meetings 1 to be conducted in accordance with the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 2 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of 3 the Government Code). If the contract is awarded to a concessionaire that is not 4 governed by a board of directors, the contract shall require the concessionaire to 5 hold quarterly meetings at the Asilomar Conference Grounds, relating to the 6 construction, maintenance, finances, or operation of concessions at the Asilomar 7 Conference Grounds, at which the department shall be present, that shall be 8 conducted in accordance with the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of 10 the Government Code). 11

(j) The contract shall provide that all business and financial records of the 12 concessionaire relating to the construction, maintenance, or operation of 13 concessions at the Asilomar Conference Grounds, including existing records, but 14 not including records that would be personal information under Section 1798.3 of 15 the Civil Code if maintained by an agency, shall be treated as public records subject 16 to disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 17 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 18 of Title 1 of the Government Code). The term "employment contract" as used in 19 Section 6254.8 7928.400 of the Government Code shall be deemed to mean an 20 employment contract between the concessionaire and its employee. 21

(k) In awarding the contract, the department shall consider without prejudice any
 bid or proposal submitted by the Pacific Grove-Asilomar Operating Corporation.

(1) The department shall, for the purpose of ensuring that all bidders are afforded 24 an equal opportunity to compete for the contract, consider the estimated amount of 25 fees or taxes that might be paid to the state or to a local government by a bidder as 26 a result of the contract among those factors to be used to evaluate the bidder's bid 27 or proposal for the contract. The department shall consult with the Department of 28 Finance and the Board of Equalization to obtain information necessary to estimate 29 the amount of fees or taxes that might be paid by a bidder as a result of the contract. 30 (m) Any revenues received by the department pursuant to the contract that are 31 identified by the department as funds in excess of the approved operating budget 32 and the approved capital improvement budget for the Asilomar Conference Grounds 33 shall be deposited in the State Parks and Recreation Fund. 34

(n) On or before January 1, 1995, the department shall submit a request for
proposal for the contract to the Assembly Water, Parks, and Wildlife Committee,
the Senate Natural Resources Committee, the Assembly Ways and Means
Committee, and the Senate Budget and Fiscal Review Committee for review.

39 **Comment.** Section 5080.25 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

40 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 41 Reports \_\_ (2019).

§ 5096.512 (amended). Review of appraisal for major acquisition of land 1 SEC. . Section 5096.512 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read: 2 5096.512. (a) In addition to the review by the Department of General Services 3 pursuant to Section 1348.2 of the Fish and Game Code, the appraisal prepared for a 4 major acquisition of land shall be reviewed by a qualified independent appraiser 5 retained by the acquisition agency for this purpose, and who meets the following 6 conditions: 7 (1) The review appraiser did not conduct the appraisal pursuant to Section 8 5096.510 and has no financial interest in the major acquisition. 9 (2) The review appraiser is licensed pursuant to Part 3 (commencing with Section 10 11300) of Division 4 of the Business and Professions Code. 11 (b) The review appraiser shall review the appraisal and prepare an appraisal 12 review report, in a narrative format, that does all of the following: 13 (1) Summarizes the appraisal. 14 (2) States the basis on which the value of the land was established. 15 (3) Describes the standards used to prepare the appraisal. 16 (4) Determines whether or not the appraisal meets the standards established under 17 the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice. 18 (c) The appraisal review report need not include any proprietary information 19 provided by or on behalf of the seller or that is otherwise exempt from public 20 disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 21 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 22 of Title 1 of the Government Code). 23 (d)(1) If a major acquisition of conservation lands will be approved by more than 24 one acquisition agency and each acquisition agency complies with paragraph (2), 25 not more than one independent appraisal is required pursuant to Section 5096.510, 26 and not more than one appraisal review report is required pursuant to this section. 27 (2) Paragraph (1) is applicable if each acquisition agency does all of the following: 28 (A) Utilizes the independent appraisal and appraisal review report, as required by 29 this chapter. 30 (B) Makes an independent determination of whether to approve the major 31 acquisition of conservation lands. 32 (C) Complies with all of the public disclosure and independent review 33 requirements of this chapter. 34 (e) An acquisition agency shall not utilize property acreage as a categorical 35 threshold to impose an independent review of an appraisal pursuant to this section. 36 However, this prohibition does not prohibit an agency from otherwise considering 37 possible impacts from the acquisition of a large acreage property. 38 Comment. Section 5096.512 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 39 40 California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). 41

§ 5096.513 (amended). Disclosure of information by acquisition agency before public 1 hearing on authorizing major acquisition of conservation lands 2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5096.513 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read: 3 5096.513. Not less than 30 calendar days prior to holding a public hearing for the 4 purpose of authorizing a major acquisition of conservation lands, an acquisition 5 agency shall make available for public review information, except information that 6 is exempt from being disclosed pursuant to the California Public Records Act 7 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 8 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) all of, 9 that includes, but is not limited to, all of the following: 10 (a) A copy of the independent appraisal review prepared pursuant to Section 11 5096.512. 12 (b) A summary of the basis for the recommendation of approval for the major 13 acquisition of the land made by the acquisition agency. 14 (c) Any relevant environmental studies, documents, or other information. 15 16 Comment. Section 5096.513 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 17 Comm'n Reports (2019). The section is also amended to correct a grammatical mistake. 18 19 § 14551.4 (amended). Data on volumes of materials collected from certified recycling 20 centers SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14551.4 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read: 21 14551.4. The department shall make available the information collected pursuant 22 to subdivision (a) of Section 14551, concerning the volumes of materials collected 23 from certified recycling centers, only to a governmental agency which that requests 24 the information, including a city or county, or an entity specifically designated by 25 the city or county to receive the information if the entity requests the information, 26 if all of the following conditions are met: 27 (a) The request is made in writing. 28 (b) All information provided by the department is provided using the aggregate 29 amounts collected in the city or county unless the city or county, or an entity 30 specifically designated by the city or county to receive the information, requests the 31 information provided by each individual certified recycling center. 32 (c) All information provided to the governmental agency, including a city or 33 county, or an entity specifically designated by the city or county to receive the 34 information, is considered proprietary and confidential in nature and protected in 35 accordance with the requirements of subdivision (b) of Section 14551 of the Public 36 Resources Code, Section 14554 of the Public Resources Code, and subdivision (e) 37 of Section 6254.5 paragraph (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 7921.505 of the 38 Government Code. 39 40 Comment. Section 14551.4 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 41 42

Reports (2019).

The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction. 43

## \$ 14554 (amended). Protection of privileged, confidential, commercial, or financial information

3 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14554 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

14554. The department shall establish procedures to protect any privileged,
confidential, commercial, or financial information obtained while collecting
information for carrying out the requirements of this division. Any privileged,
confidential, commercial, or financial information obtained in confidence by the
department is not a public record for purposes of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of
Title 1 of the Government Code.

11 **Comment.** Section 14554 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

14 § 21082.3 (amended). Impact on tribal cultural resources

15 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 21082.3 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

16 21082.3. (a) Any mitigation measures agreed upon in the consultation conducted 17 pursuant to Section 21080.3.2 shall be recommended for inclusion in the 18 environmental document and in an adopted mitigation monitoring and reporting 19 program, if determined to avoid or lessen the impact pursuant to paragraph (2) of 20 subdivision (b), and shall be fully enforceable.

(b) If a project may have a significant impact on a tribal cultural resource, the lead
 agency's environmental document shall discuss both of the following:

(1) Whether the proposed project has a significant impact on an identified tribalcultural resource.

(2) Whether feasible alternatives or mitigation measures, including those
 measures that may be agreed to pursuant to subdivision (a), avoid or substantially
 lessen the impact on the identified tribal cultural resource.

(c)(1) Any information, including, but not limited to, the location, description, and 28 use of the tribal cultural resources, that is submitted by a California Native 29 American tribe during the environmental review process shall not be included in the 30 environmental document or otherwise disclosed by the lead agency or any other 31 public agency to the public, consistent with subdivision (r) of Section 6254 of, and 32 Section 6254.10 of, Sections 7927.000 and 7927.005 of the Government Code, and 33 subdivision (d) of Section 15120 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, 34 without the prior consent of the tribe that provided the information. If the lead 35 agency publishes any information submitted by a California Native American tribe 36 during the consultation or environmental review process, that information shall be 37 published in a confidential appendix to the environmental document unless the tribe 38 that provided the information consents, in writing, to the disclosure of some or all 39 of the information to the public. This subdivision does not prohibit the confidential 40 exchange of the submitted information between public agencies that have lawful 41 jurisdiction over the preparation of the environmental document. 42

(2)(A) This subdivision does not prohibit the confidential exchange of 1 information regarding tribal cultural resources submitted by a California Native 2 American tribe during the consultation or environmental review process among the 3 lead agency, the California Native American tribe, the project applicant, or the 4 project applicant's agent. Except as provided in subparagraph (B) or unless the 5 California Native American tribe providing the information consents, in writing, to 6 public disclosure, the project applicant or the project applicant's legal advisers, 7 using a reasonable degree of care, shall maintain the confidentiality of the 8 information exchanged for the purposes of preventing looting, vandalism, or 9 damage to tribal cultural resources and shall not disclose to a third party confidential 10 information regarding tribal cultural resources. 11

(B) This paragraph does not apply to data or information that are or become publicly available, are already in the lawful possession of the project applicant before the provision of the information by the California Native American tribe, are independently developed by the project applicant or the project applicant's agents, or are lawfully obtained by the project applicant from a third party that is not the lead agency, a California Native American tribe, or another public agency.

(3) This subdivision does not affect or alter the application of subdivision (r) of
 Section 6254 of the Government Code, Section 6254.10 Section 7927.000 or
 <u>7927.005</u> of the Government Code, or subdivision (d) of Section 15120 of Title 14
 of the California Code of Regulations.

(4) This subdivision does not prevent a lead agency or other public agency from
describing the information in general terms in the environmental document so as to
inform the public of the basis of the lead agency's or other public agency's decision
without breaching the confidentiality required by this subdivision.

(d) In addition to other provisions of this division, the lead agency may certify an
environmental impact report or adopt a mitigated negative declaration for a project
with a significant impact on an identified tribal cultural resource only if one of the
following occurs:

(1) The consultation process between the California Native American tribe and
 the lead agency has occurred as provided in Sections 21080.3.1 and 21080.3.2 and
 concluded pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 21080.3.2.

(2) The California Native American tribe has requested consultation pursuant to
 Section 21080.3.1 and has failed to provide comments to the lead agency, or
 otherwise failed to engage, in the consultation process.

(3) The lead agency has complied with subdivision (d) of Section 21080.3.1 and
 the California Native American tribe has failed to request consultation within 30 days.

(e) If the mitigation measures recommended by the staff of the lead agency as a
result of the consultation process are not included in the environmental document
or if there are no agreed upon mitigation measures at the conclusion of the
consultation or if consultation does not occur, and if substantial evidence
demonstrates that a project will cause a significant effect to a tribal cultural resource,

the lead agency shall consider feasible mitigation pursuant to subdivision (b) of
Section 21084.3.

(f) Consistent with subdivision (c), the lead agency shall publish confidential
information obtained from a California Native American tribe during the
consultation process in a confidential appendix to the environmental document and
shall include a general description of the information, as provided in paragraph (4)
of subdivision (c) in the environmental document for public review during the
public comment period provided pursuant to this division.
(a) This section is not intended, and may not be construed, to limit consultation

9 (g) This section is not intended, and may not be construed, to limit consultation 10 between the state and tribal governments, existing confidentiality provisions, or the 11 protection of religious exercise to the fullest extent permitted under state and federal 12 law.

13 **Comment.** Section 21082.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 16 § 21089 (amended). Fees

17 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 21089 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

18 21089. (a) A lead agency may charge and collect a reasonable fee from a person 19 proposing a project subject to this division in order to recover the estimated costs 20 incurred by the lead agency in preparing a negative declaration or an environmental 21 impact report for the project and for procedures necessary to comply with this 22 division on the project. Litigation expenses, costs, and fees incurred in actions 23 alleging noncompliance with this division under Section 21167 are not recoverable 24 under this section.

(b) The Department of Fish and Game may charge and collect filing fees, as provided in Section 711.4 of the Fish and Game Code. Notwithstanding Section 21080.1, a finding required under Section 21081, or a project approved under a certified regulatory program authorized pursuant to Section 21080.5 is not operative, vested, or final until the filing fees required pursuant to Section 711.4 of the Fish and Game Code are paid.

(c)(1) A public agency may charge and collect a reasonable fee from members of 31 the public for a copy of an environmental document not to exceed the cost of 32 reproducing the environmental document. A public agency may provide the 33 environmental document in an electronic format as provided pursuant to 34 Section 6253.9 Sections 7922.570 to 7922.580, inclusive, of the Government Code. 35 (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "environmental document" means an initial 36 study, negative declaration, mitigated negative declaration, draft and final 37 environmental impact report, a document prepared as a substitute for an 38 environmental impact report, negative declaration, or mitigated negative declaration 39 under a program certified pursuant to Section 21080.5, and a document prepared 40 under the federal National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 4321 41

et seq.) and used by a state or local agency in the place of the initial study, negative
declaration, mitigated negative declaration, or an environmental impact report.

3 **Comment.** Section 21089 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

4 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

5 Reports (2019).

8

# § 21160 (amended). Submission of data and information on environmental effect of proposed project

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 21160 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

9 21160. (a) Whenever any person applies to any public agency for a lease, permit,

license, certificate, or other entitlement for use, the public agency may require that person to submit data and information which that may be necessary to enable the public agency to determine whether the proposed project may have a significant effect on the environment or to prepare an environmental impact report.

(b) If any or all of the information so submitted is a "trade secret" as defined in Section 6254.7 7924.510 of the Government Code by those submitting that information, it shall not be included in the impact report or otherwise disclosed by any public agency. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the exchange of properly designated trade secrets between public agencies who have lawful jurisdiction over the preparation of the impact report.

Comment. Section 21160 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

23 The section is also amended to insert subdivision labels and make a grammatical correction.

### 24 § 21167.6.2 (amended). Certified record of proceedings

25 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 21167.6.2 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

26 21167.6.2. (a)(1) Notwithstanding Section 21167.6, upon the written request of a 27 project applicant received no later than 30 days after the date that the lead agency 28 makes a determination pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 21080.1, Section 29 21094.5, or Chapter 4.2 (commencing with Section 21155) and with the consent of 30 the lead agency as provided in subdivision (e), the lead agency shall prepare and 31 certify the record of proceedings in the following manner:

(A) The lead agency for the project shall prepare the record of proceedings
 pursuant to this division concurrently with the administrative process.

(B) All documents and other materials placed in the record of proceedings shall be posted on, and be downloadable from, an Internet Web site internet website maintained by the lead agency commencing with the date of the release of the draft environmental document for the project. If the lead agency cannot maintain an Internet Web site internet website with the information required pursuant to this section, the lead agency shall provide a link on the agency's Internet Web site internet website to that information.

41 (C) The lead agency shall make available to the public in a readily accessible 42 electronic format the draft environmental document for the project, and all other documents submitted to, cited by, or relied on by the lead agency, in the preparation
of the draft environmental document for the project.

3 (D) A document prepared by the lead agency or submitted by the applicant after 4 the date of the release of the draft environmental document for the project that is a 5 part of the record of the proceedings shall be made available to the public in a readily 6 accessible electronic format within 5 business days after the document is released 7 or received by the lead agency.

8 (E) The lead agency shall encourage written comments on the project to be 9 submitted in a readily accessible electronic format, and shall make any comment 10 available to the public in a readily accessible electronic format within 5 business 11 days of its receipt.

(F) Within 7 business days after the receipt of any comment that is not in an electronic format, the lead agency shall convert that comment into a readily accessible electronic format and make it available to the public in that format.

(G) The lead agency shall certify the record of proceedings within 30 days after
 the filing of the notice required pursuant to Section 21108 or 21152.

(2) This subdivision does not require the disclosure or posting of any trade secret
as defined in Section 6254.7 7924.510 of the Government Code, information about
the location of archaeological sites or sacred lands, or any other information that is
subject to the disclosure restrictions of Section 6254 any provision listed in Section
7920.505 of the Government Code.

(b) Any dispute regarding the record of proceedings prepared pursuant to this
section shall be resolved by the court in an action or proceeding brought pursuant
to subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 21167.

(c) The content of the record of proceedings shall be as specified in subdivision(e) of Section 21167.6.

(d) The negative declaration, mitigated negative declaration, draft and final
environmental impact report, or other environmental document shall include a
notice in no less than 12-point type stating the following:

30

"THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO SECTION 21167.6.2 OF THE PUBLIC 31 RESOURCES CODE, WHICH REQUIRES THE RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS 32 FOR THIS PROJECT TO BE PREPARED CONCURRENTLY WITH THE 33 ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESS; DOCUMENTS PREPARED BY. OR 34 SUBMITTED TO, THE LEAD AGENCY TO BE POSTED ON THE LEAD 35 AGENCY'S INTERNET WEB SITE WEBSITE; AND THE LEAD AGENCY TO 36 ENCOURAGE WRITTEN COMMENTS ON THE PROJECT TO BE 37 SUBMITTED TO THE LEAD AGENCY IN A READILY ACCESSIBLE 38 ELECTRONIC FORMAT." 39

40

(e)(1) The lead agency shall respond to a request by the project applicant within
10 business days from the date that the request pursuant to subdivision (a) is
received by the lead agency.

(2) A project applicant and the lead agency may mutually agree, in writing, to
extend the time period for the lead agency to respond pursuant to paragraph (1), but
they shall not extend that period beyond the commencement of the public review
period for the proposed negative declaration, mitigated negative declaration, draft
environmental impact report, or other environmental document.

6 (3) The request to prepare a record of proceedings pursuant to this section shall 7 be deemed denied if the lead agency fails to respond within 10 business days of 8 receiving the request or within the time period agreed upon pursuant to paragraph 9 (2), whichever ends later.

10 (f) The written request of the applicant submitted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall 11 include an agreement to pay all of the lead agency's costs of preparing and certifying 12 the record of proceedings pursuant to this section and complying with the 13 requirements of this section, in a manner specified by the lead agency.

(g) The costs of preparing the record of proceedings pursuant to this section and
 complying with the requirements of this section are not recoverable costs pursuant
 to Section 1032 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(h) Pursuant to subdivision (f) and Section 21089, the lead agency may charge
and collect a reasonable fee from the person making the request pursuant to
subdivision (a) to recover the costs incurred by the lead agency in preparing the
record of proceedings pursuant to this section.

Comment. Section 21167.6.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

24 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

#### 25 § 25223 (amended). Public access to information filed or submitted

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25223 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

25223. The commission shall make available any information filed or submitted
 pursuant to this division under the provisions of the California Public Records Act,
 Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7, Division 10

30 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code; provided,

however, that the commission shall keep confidential any information submitted to

the Division of Oil and Gas of the Department of Conservation that the division

determines, pursuant to Section 3752, to be proprietary.

Comment. Section 25223 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

36 Reports (2019).

#### 37 § 25322 (amended). Confidentiality requirements for data collection system

38 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25322 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

39 25322. (a) The data collection system managed pursuant to Section 25320 shall

40 include the following requirements regarding the confidentiality of the information

41 collected by the commission:

(1) Any person required to present information to the commission pursuant to this 1 section may request that specific information be held in confidence. The 2 commission shall grant the request in any of the following circumstances: 3 (A) The information is exempt from disclosure under the California Public 4 Records Act, Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 5 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. 6 (B) The information satisfies the confidentiality requirements of Article 2 7 (commencing with Section 2501) of Chapter 7 of Division 2 of Title 20 of the 8 California Code of Regulations, as those regulations existed on January 1, 2002. 9 (C) On the facts of the particular case, the public interest served by not disclosing 10 the information clearly outweighs the public interest served by disclosure of the 11 information. 12 (2) The commission may, by regulation, designate certain categories of 13 information as confidential, which removes the obligation to request confidentiality 14 for that information. 15 (3) Any confidential information pertinent to the responsibilities of the 16 commission specified in this chapter that is obtained by another state agency, or the 17 California Independent System Operator or its successor, shall be available to the 18 commission and shall be treated in a confidential manner. 19 (4) Information presented to or developed by the commission and deemed 20 confidential pursuant to this section shall be held in confidence by the commission. 21 Confidential information shall be aggregated or masked to the extent necessary to 22 assure confidentiality if public disclosure of the specific information would result 23 in an unfair competitive disadvantage to the person supplying the information. 24 (b) Requests for records of information shall be handled as follows: 25 (1) If the commission receives a written request to publicly disclose information 26 that is being held in confidence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a), 27 the commission shall provide the person making the request with written 28 justification for the confidential designation and a description of the process to seek 29 disclosure. 30 (2) If the commission receives a written request to publicly disclose a 31 disaggregated or unmasked record of information designated as confidential under 32 paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a), notice of the request shall be provided to the 33 person that submitted the record. Upon receipt of the notice, the person that 34 submitted the record may, within five working days of receipt of the notice, provide 35 a written justification of the claim of confidentiality. 36 (3) The commission or its designee shall rule on a request made pursuant to 37 paragraph (2) on or before 20 working days after its receipt. The commission shall 38 deny the request if the disclosure will result in an unfair competitive disadvantage 39

40 to the person that submitted the information.

(4) If the commission grants the request pursuant to paragraph (3), it shall
withhold disclosure for a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 14 working days,
to allow the submitter of the information to seek judicial review.

1 (c) No information submitted to the commission pursuant to this section is 2 confidential if the person submitting the information has made it public.

3 (d) The commission shall establish, maintain, and use appropriate security 4 practices and procedures to ensure that the information it has designated as 5 confidential, or received with a confidential designation from another government 6 agency, is protected against disclosure other than that authorized using the 7 procedures in subdivision (b). The commission shall incorporate the following 8 elements into its security practices and procedures:

9 (1) Commission employees shall sign a confidential data disclosure agreement 10 providing for various remedies, including, but not limited to, fines and termination 11 for wrongful disclosure of confidential information.

(2) Commission employees, or contract employees of the commission, shall only
 have access to confidential information when it is appropriate to their job
 assignments and if they have signed a nondisclosure agreement.

(3) Computer data systems that hold confidential information shall include
 sufficient security measures to protect the data from inadvertent or wrongful access
 by unauthorized commission employees and the public.

(e) Data collected by the commission on petroleum fuels in Section 25320 shall
 be subject to the confidentiality provisions of Sections 25364 to 25366, inclusive.

Comment. Section 25322 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

- 23 § 25402.10 (amended). Utility records of energy usage data
- 24 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 25402.10 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

25 25402.10. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the 26 following meanings:

(1) To "benchmark," in reference to energy use, means to obtain information on
the energy use in an entire building for a specific period to enable that usage to be
tracked or compared against other buildings.

30 (2) "Covered building" means either or both of the following:

31 (A) Any building with no residential utility accounts.

32 (B) Any building with five or more active utility accounts, residential or 33 nonresidential.

(3) "Energy" means electricity, natural gas, steam, or fuel oil sold by a utility to a
 customer for end uses addressed by the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager system.

(4) "ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager" means the tool developed and
 maintained by the United States Environmental Protection Agency to track and
 assess the energy performance of buildings.

(b) On and after January 1, 2016, each utility shall maintain records of the energy
 usage data of all buildings to which they provide service for at least the most recent

41 12 complete calendar months.

(c)(1) Subject to the requirements of paragraph (2), beginning no later than 1 January 1, 2017, each utility shall, upon the request and written authorization or 2 secure electronic authorization of the owner, owner's agent, or operator of a covered 3 building, deliver or otherwise provide aggregated energy usage data for a covered 4 building to the owner, owner's agent, building operator, or to the owner's account 5 in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager. The commission may specify additional 6 information to be delivered by utilities to enable building owners to complete 7 benchmarking of the energy use in their buildings and in other systems or formats 8 for information delivery and automation. 9

(2) The delivery of information by utilities pursuant to this section shall be subject
 to the following requirements:

(A) For covered buildings with three or more active utility accounts, each utility 12 shall deliver information showing the aggregated energy usage data of all utility 13 customers in the same building for each of the 12 prior months. Notwithstanding 14 any other law, energy usage data aggregated in this manner shall not be deemed 15 customer utility usage information or confidential information by the utility for 16 purposes of delivery to the owner, owner's agent, or operator of a building. The 17 building owner and utility shall not have any liability for any use or disclosure of 18 aggregated energy usage data delivered as required by this section. 19

(B) For covered buildings not subject to subparagraph (A), each utility shall deliver the information showing the aggregated energy usage data of all utility customers in each covered building for each of the prior 12 months if the accountholder provides written or electronic consent for the delivery of the accountholder's energy usage data to the owner, owner's agent, operator, or utility. (C) Each utility shall deliver, upload, or otherwise provide aggregated energy

usage data within four weeks of receiving a request from an owner, owner's agent,
or operator of a covered building.

(D) Each utility shall make available the covered building energy usage data
 aggregated at a monthly level unless otherwise specified by the commission.

30 (E) The building owner and utility shall not have any liability for any use or 31 disclosure by others of usage information delivered as required by this section.

(d) The commission shall adopt regulations providing for the delivery to the
 commission and public disclosure of benchmarking of energy use for covered
 buildings, as follows:

(1) This subdivision does not require the owner of a building with 16 or fewer
 residential utility accounts to collect or deliver energy usage information to the
 commission.

(2) The commission may do, but is not limited to doing, all of the following inregulations adopted pursuant to this subdivision:

40 (A) Identify and provide for the collection of the energy usage data for 41 calculations for purpose of benchmarking of energy use. 1 (B) Identify and provide for the collection of the covered building characteristic

2 information deemed necessary by the commission for the calculations for the3 purposes of the benchmarking of energy use.

4 (C) Specify the manner in which certain benchmarking of energy use shall be 5 publicly disclosed.

6 (D) Determine which covered buildings, in addition to those described in 7 paragraph (1), are not subject to the public disclosure requirement.

8 (E) Set a schedule to implement the requirements for public disclosure adopted 9 by the commission.

10 (F) Determine if compliance with a local or county benchmarking program fulfills 11 the commission's requirements adopted pursuant to this subdivision.

(G) Identify categories of information it receives pursuant to this section that are
protected from release under either the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000 of Title 1 of the Government Code) or the Information Practices
Act of 1977 (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of
Division 3 of the Civil Code).

(3) The commission shall determine who will deliver the energy usage data andrelated information for any covered building to the commission.

(e) The commission may ensure timely and accurate compliance with the data
submission requirements of this section by using the enforcement measures
identified in Section 25321. An owner of a covered building, or its agents or
operators, shall not be liable for any noncompliance due to the failure of a utility to
provide the information required for compliance.

(f) For buildings that are not covered buildings, and for customer information that 25 is not aggregated pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (c), 26 the commission may adopt regulations prescribing how utilities shall either obtain 27 the customer's permission or determine that a building owner has obtained the 28 customer's permission, for the owner to receive aggregated energy usage data or, 29 where applicable, individual customer usage information, including by use of 30 electronic authorization and in a lease agreement between the owner and the 31 32 customer.

(g) The reasonable costs of an electrical or gas corporation in delivering electrical
 or gas usage data pursuant to this section or other information as required under
 state or federal law or by an order of the commission shall be recoverable in rates
 evaluated and approved by the Public Utilities Commission.

(h) The reasonable costs of local publicly owned electric utilities in disclosing
electrical usage data pursuant to this section may be considered "cost-effective
demand-side management services to promote energy efficiency and energy
conservation" and thereby reimbursable by their general fund.

(i)(1) For purposes of adopting or revising regulations pursuant to subdivision (d),
 the commission may include two or more buildings located on a single parcel or
 adjacent parcels with the same owner of record and with five or more active utility

accounts, in aggregate, residential or nonresidential, as a single covered building, as
defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a).

(2) An electrical or gas utility shall provide to the owner, owner's agent, or
operator of a property containing two or more buildings on a single parcel or
adjacent parcels with five or more active utility accounts, in aggregate, residential
or nonresidential, upon request of the owner, agent, or operator, aggregate energy
usage data on all such of the buildings in a manner provided pursuant to subdivision
(c) as if those buildings are a single covered building as defined in subparagraph (B)
of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a).

(j) This section does not prevent a city or county from establishing its own
 benchmarking program requiring collection, delivery, and disclosure of building
 information.

13 **Comment.** Section 25402.10 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

- California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
   Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 16 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

#### 17 § 26213 (amended). Board procedures

18 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 26213 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

26213. (a) The board shall meet at least four times per year or as often as the chair
 or the board deems necessary to conduct its business.

- (b) The chair shall, with the assistance of staff, prepare the agenda for each board
   meeting. Meeting agendas shall be prepared in advance of each meeting based on
- 23 input from board members, staff, and the public.

(c) The board and any committees established by the board shall comply with, and
be subject to, the requirements of the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9
(commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of
the Covernment Code)

the Government Code).

(d) The board shall comply with, and be subject to, the requirements of the
 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

- 30 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the
- 31 Government Code).
- 32 **Comment.** Section 26213 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 33 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 34 Reports (2019).

### 35 § 29754 (amended). Office and records of Delta Protection Commission

36 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 29754 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

<sup>37</sup> 29754. The commission shall establish and maintain an office within the Delta or

the City of Rio Vista, and for this purpose the commission may rent or own property

39 and equipment. Any rule, regulation, procedure, plan, or other record of the

40 commission which is of such a nature as to constitute that constitutes a public record

- 41 under state law shall be available for inspection and copying pursuant to the
- 42 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of

1 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the

2 Government Code).

3 **Comment.** Section 29754 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
Reports \_\_ (2019).

6 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

7 § 40062 (amended). Trade secret

8 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 40062 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

40062. (a) Upon the request of any person furnishing any report, notice, 9 application, plan, or other document required by this division, including any 10 research or survey information requested by the board for the purpose of 11 implementing its programs, neither the board nor an enforcement agency, in 12 accordance with subdivisions (c) and (d), shall make available for inspection by the 13 public any portion of the report, notice, application, plan, or other document that 14 contains a trade secret, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3426.1 of the Civil 15 Code, that has been identified pursuant to subdivision (b). 16

(b) Any person furnishing information, as described in subdivision (a), to the
board or an enforcement agency pursuant to this division shall, at the time of
submission, identify all information which that the person believes is a trade secret.
Any information not identified by the person as a trade secret shall be made
available to the public, unless exempted from disclosure by another provision of
law.

(c)(1) With regard to information that has been identified as a trade secret 23 pursuant to subdivision (b), the board, upon its own initiative, or upon receipt of a 24 request for public information pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 25 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of 26 the Government Code, shall determine whether any or all of the information has 27 been properly identified as a trade secret. If the board determines that the 28 information is not a trade secret, the board shall notify the person who furnished the 29 information by certified mail. 30

(2) The person who furnished the information shall have 30 days from the date of
 receipt of the notice required by paragraph (1) to provide the board with a complete
 justification and statement of the grounds on which the trade secret privilege is
 claimed. The justification and statement shall be submitted to the board by certified
 mail.

(3) The board shall determine whether the information is protected as a trade
secret within 15 days from the date of receipt of the justification and statement or,
if no justification and statement is filed, within 45 days from the date of the notice
required by paragraph (1). The board shall notify the person who furnished the
information and any party who has requested the information pursuant to Chapter
3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code of that determination by

certified mail. If the board has determined that the information is not protected as a 1 trade secret, this final notice shall also specify a date, not sooner than 15 days from 2 the date of the date of mailing of the final notice, when the information shall be 3 available to the public. 4 (d) Except as provided in subdivision (c), the board or an enforcement agency 5 may release information submitted and designated as a trade secret only to the 6 following public agencies under the following conditions: 7 (1) To other public agencies in connection with the responsibilities of the board 8 or an enforcement agency under this division or for use in making reports. 9 (2) To the state or any state agency in judicial review for enforcement proceedings 10 involving the person furnishing the information. 11 (e) For the purpose of implementing this section, the disclosure of information 12 shall be consistent with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 13 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 14 Code. 15 **Comment.** Section 40062 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 16 17 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 18 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction. 19 20 § 41821.5 (amended). Information on handling, processing, and disposal of solid wastes and recyclable materials 21 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 41821.5 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read: 22 41821.5. (a) Disposal facility operators shall submit information on the disposal 23

tonnages by jurisdiction or region of origin that are disposed of at each disposal facility to the department, and to counties that request the information, in a form prescribed by the department. To enable disposal facility operators to provide that information, solid waste handlers and transfer station operators shall provide information to disposal facility operators on the origin of the solid waste that they deliver to the disposal facility.

(b)(1) Recycling and composting operations and facilities shall submit periodic
 information to the department on the types and quantities of materials that are
 disposed of, sold, or transferred to other recycling or composting facilities, end users
 inside of the state or outside of the state, or exporters, brokers, or transporters for
 sale inside of the state or outside of the state.

(2) Exporters, brokers, self-haulers, and transporters of recyclables or compost shall submit periodic information to the department on the types, quantities, and destinations of materials that are disposed of, sold, or transferred. The department shall develop regulations implementing this section that define "self-hauler" to include, at a minimum, a person or entity that generates and transports, utilizing its own employees and equipment, more than one cubic yard per week of its own food waste to a location or facility that is not owned and operated by that person or entity.

(3) The information in the reports submitted pursuant to this subdivision may be 1 provided to the department on an aggregated facility-wide basis and may exclude 2 financial data, such as contract terms and conditions (including information on 3 pricing, credit terms, volume discounts and other proprietary business terms), the 4 jurisdiction of the origin of the materials, or information on the entities from which 5 the materials are received. The department may provide this information to 6 jurisdictions, aggregated by company, upon request. The aggregated information, 7 other than that aggregated by company, is public information. 8

(c) The department shall adopt regulations pursuant to this section requiring 9 practices and procedures that are reasonable and necessary to implement this 10 section, and that provide a representative accounting of solid wastes and recyclable 11 materials that are handled, processed, or disposed. Those regulations approved by 12 the department shall not impose an unreasonable burden on waste and recycling 13 handling, processing, or disposal operations or otherwise interfere with the safe 14 handling, processing, and disposal of solid waste and recyclables. The department 15 shall include in those regulations both of the following: 16

(1) Procedures to ensure that an opportunity to comply is provided prior toinitiation of enforcement authorized by Section 41821.7.

(2) Factors to be considered in determining penalty amounts that are similar tothose provided in Section 45016.

(d) Any person who refuses or fails to submit information required by regulations
adopted pursuant to this section is liable for a civil penalty of not less than five
hundred dollars (\$500) and not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each
violation of a separate provision or, for continuing violations, for each day that the
violation continues.

(e) Any person who knowingly or willfully files a false report, or any person who 26 refuses to permit the department or any of its representatives to make inspection or 27 examination of records, or who fails to keep any records for the inspection of the 28 department, or who alters, cancels, or obliterates entries in the records for the 29 purpose of falsifying the records as required by regulations adopted pursuant to this 30 section, is liable for a civil penalty of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) and 31 not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation of a separate 32 provision or, for continuing violations, for each day that the violation continues. 33

(f) Liability under this section may be imposed in a civil action, or liability maybe imposed administratively pursuant to this article.

(g)(1) Notwithstanding Title 5 (commencing with Section 3426) of Part 1 of 36 Division 4 of the Civil Code and Article 11 (commencing with Section 1060) of 37 Chapter 4 of Division 8 of the Evidence Code, all records that the facility or operator 38 is reasonably required to keep to allow the department to verify information in, or 39 verification of, the reports required pursuant to subdivisions (a) and (b) and 40 implementing regulations shall be subject to inspection and copying by the 41 department, but shall be confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure under the 42 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 43

1 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 2 Government Code).

2 (2) Notwithstanding Title 5 (commencing with Section 3426) of Part 1 of Division 3 4 of the Civil Code and Article 11 (commencing with Section 1060) of Chapter 4 of 4 Division 8 of the Evidence Code, an employee of a government entity may, at the 5 disposal facility, inspect and copy records related to tonnage received at the facility 6 on or after July 1, 2015, and originating within the government entity's geographic 7 jurisdiction. Those records shall be limited to weight tags that identify the hauler, 8 vehicle, quantity, date, type, and origin of waste received at a disposal facility. 9 Those records shall be available to those government entities for the purposes of 10 subdivision (a) and as necessary to enforce the collection of local fees, but those 11 records shall be confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure under the 12 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 13 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 14 Government Code). Names of haulers using specific landfills shall not be disclosed 15 by a government entity unless necessary as part of an administrative or judicial 16 enforcement proceeding to fund local programs or enforce local franchises. 17

(3) A government entity may petition the superior court for injunctive or declaratory relief to enforce its authority under paragraph (2). The times for responsive pleadings and hearings in these proceedings shall be set by the judge of the court with the object of securing a decision as to these matters at the earliest possible time.

(4) For purposes of this section, a government entity is an entity identified in
Section 40145 or an entity formed pursuant to Section 40976.

(5) For purposes of this subdivision, "disposal" and "disposal facility" have the
 same meanings as prescribed by Sections 40120.1 and 40121, respectively.

(6) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit or expand the authority
of a government entity that may have been provided by this section and
implementing regulations as they read on December 31, 2015.

(7) The records subject to inspection and copying by the department pursuant to paragraph (1) or by an employee of a government entity pursuant to paragraph (2) may be redacted by the operator before inspection to exclude confidential pricing information contained in the records, such as contract terms and conditions (including information on pricing, credit terms, volume discounts, and other proprietary business terms), if the redacted information is not information that is otherwise required to be reported to the department.

(h) Notwithstanding the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (Title 2.5
(commencing with Section 1633.1) of Part 2 of Division 3 of the Civil Code),
reports required by this section shall be submitted electronically, using an electronic
reporting format system established by the department.

(i) All records provided in accordance with this section shall be subject to Section42 40062.

1 **Comment.** Section 41821.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

3 Reports (2019).

# 4 § 41821.6 (amended). Audit, site inspection, observation of facility operations, or other 5 investigation of recordkeeping and reporting

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 41821.6 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

41821.6. In order to ensure that records required pursuant to this article are 7 properly maintained, in addition to inspecting all relevant records, the department 8 may conduct audits, perform site inspections, observe facility operations, and 9 otherwise investigate the recordkeeping and reporting of persons subject to the 10 requirements of this article. Any records, reports, notes, studies, drawings, 11 schematics, photographs, or trade secrets, as defined in Section 3426.1 of the Civil 12 Code, obtained, produced, or created by the department in connection with or arising 13 from such those audits, inspections, or observations are confidential and shall not 14 be subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 15 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 16 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 17

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- Comment. Section 41821.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 20 Reports (2019).

21 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

### 22 § 42036.4 (amended). Confidentiality of proprietary information submitted

23 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 42036.4 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

42036.4. Proprietary information submitted to the department under this chapter 24 25 shall be protected by all parties as confidential and shall be exempt from public disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 26 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 27 Title 1 of the Government Code). The department and other parties may only 28 disclose proprietary information in an aggregated form that does not directly or 29 indirectly identify financial, production, or sales data of an individual covered entity 30 or stewardship organization. Proprietary information may be disclosed to the party 31 that submitted the proprietary information. 32

- Comment. Section 42036.4 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Peports (2010)
- 35 Reports (2019).

### 36 § 42987.3 (amended). Review of mattress recycling plan

37 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 42987.3 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

42987.3. (a) The department shall review the plan for compliance with this

39 chapter and shall approve, disapprove, or conditionally approve the plan within 90

40 days of receipt of the plan. If the department fails to act within 90 days of the receipt

41 of the plan, the plan shall be deemed approved.

(b) If the department disapproves the plan pursuant to subdivision (a), the department shall explain, in writing, how the plan does not comply with this chapter, and the mattress recycling organization shall resubmit a plan to the department. If the department finds that the plan resubmitted by the organization does not comply with the requirements of this chapter, the mattress recycling organization shall not be deemed in compliance with this chapter until the organization submits a plan that the department finds complies with the requirements of this chapter.

(c) The approved plan shall be a public record, except that financial, production, 8 or sales data reported to the department by the mattress recycling organization is not 9 public record for purposes of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 10 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 11 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) and shall not be open to 12 public inspection. The department may release financial, production, or sales data 13 in summary form only so the information cannot be attributable to a specific 14 manufacturer or retailer or to any other entity. 15

Comment. Section 42987.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

## \$ 48704 (amended). Approval, implementation, and enforcement of plan for paint stewardship program

21 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 48704 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

48704. (a) The department shall review the plan within 90 days of receipt, and make a determination whether or not to approve the plan. The department shall approve the plan if it provides for the establishment of a paint stewardship program that meets the requirements of Section 48703.

(b)(1) The approved plan shall be a public record, except that financial,
production, or sales data reported to the department by a manufacturer or the
stewardship organization is not a public record under the California Public Records
Act, as described in Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
Code and shall not be open to public inspection.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the department may release a summary form
 of financial, production, or sales data if it does not disclose financial, production, or
 sales data of a manufacturer or stewardship organization.

(c) On or before July 1, 2012, or three months after a plan is approved pursuant
 to subdivision (a), whichever date is later, the manufacturer or stewardship
 organization shall implement the architectural paint stewardship program described
 in the approved plan.

39 (d) The department shall enforce this chapter.

40 (e)(1) The stewardship organization shall pay the department a quarterly
 41 administrative fee pursuant to paragraph (2).

(2) The department shall impose fees in an amount that is sufficient to cover the full administrative and enforcement costs of the requirements of this chapter, including any program development costs or regulatory costs incurred by the department prior to the submittal of the stewardship plans. The stewardship organization shall pay the fee on or before the last day of the month following the end of each quarter. Fee revenues collected under this section shall only be used to administer and enforce this chapter.

(f)(1) A civil penalty may be administratively imposed by the department on any
person who violates this chapter in an amount of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
per violation per day.

11 (2) A person who intentionally, knowingly, or negligently violates this chapter 12 may be assessed a civil penalty by the department of up to ten thousand dollars 13 (\$10,000) per violation per day.

14 **Comment.** Section 48704 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

17

#### PUBLIC UTILITIES CODE

#### 18 § 345.5 (amended). Independent System Operator

19 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 345.5 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

345.5. (a) The Independent System Operator, as a nonprofit, public benefit
 corporation, shall conduct its operations consistent with applicable state and federal
 laws and consistent with the interests of the people of the state.

(b) To ensure the reliability of electric service and the health and safety of the
public, the Independent System Operator shall manage the transmission grid and
related energy markets in a manner that is consistent with all of the following:

(1) Making the most efficient use of available energy resources. For purposes of
this section, "available energy resources" include energy, capacity, ancillary
services, and demand bid into markets administered by the Independent System
Operator. "Available energy resources" do not include a schedule submitted to the
Independent System Operator by an electrical corporation or a local publicly owned
electric utility to meet its own customer load.

32 (2) Reducing, to the extent possible, overall economic cost to the state's 33 consumers.

34 (3) Applicable state law intended to protect the public's health and the 35 environment.

(4) Maximizing availability of existing electric generation resources necessary to
 meet the needs of the state's electricity consumers.

(5) Conducting internal operations in a manner that minimizes cost impact on
 ratepayers to the extent practicable and consistent with the provisions of this
 chapter.

(6) Communicating with all balancing area authorities in California in a mannerthat supports electrical reliability.

3 (c) The Independent System Operator shall do all of the following:

4 (1) Consult and coordinate with appropriate state and local agencies to ensure that 5 the Independent System Operator operates in furtherance of state law regarding 6 consumer and environmental protection.

7 (2) Ensure that the purposes and functions of the Independent System Operator 8 are consistent with the purposes and functions of nonprofit, public benefit 9 corporations in the state, including duties of care and conflict-of-interest standards 10 for officers and directors of a corporation.

(3) Maintain open meeting standards and meeting notice requirements consistent 11 with the general policies of the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 12 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of 13 the Government Code) and affording the public the greatest possible access, 14 consistent with other duties of the corporation. The Independent System Operator's 15 Open Meeting Policy, as adopted on April 23, 1998, and in effect as of May 1, 2002, 16 meets the requirements of this paragraph. The Independent System Operator shall 17 maintain a policy that is no less consistent with the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting 18 Act than its policy in effect as of May 1, 2002. 19

(4) Provide public access to corporate records consistent with the general policies 20 of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) 21 of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 22 Government Code) and affording the public the greatest possible access, consistent 23 with the other duties of the corporation. The Independent System Operator's 24 Information Availability Policy, as adopted on October 22, 1998, and in effect as of 25 May 1, 2002, meets the requirements of this paragraph. The Independent System 26 Operator shall maintain a policy that is no less consistent with the California Public 27 Records Act than its policy in effect as of May 1, 2002. 28

Comment. Section 345.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

# 32 § 349.5 (amended). Independent System Operator to provide notice regarding interruptible 33 service contract or similar arrangement

34 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 349.5 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

35 349.5. (a) Beginning January 15, 2002, and at least once monthly thereafter, the 36 Independent System Operator shall notify each air pollution control district and air 37 quality management district of the name and address of each entity within the 38 district's boundaries within the Independent System Operator's control area with 39 whom the Independent System Operator enters into an interruptible service contract 40 or similar arrangement.

41 (b) For the purposes of this section, "interruptible service contract or similar 42 arrangement" means any arrangement in which a nonresidential entity agrees to 1 reduce or consider reducing its electrical consumption during periods of peak

2 demand or at the request of the Independent System Operator in exchange for

compensation, or for assurances not to be blacked out or other similar nonmonetary
 assurances.

(c) The local air pollution control district or air quality management district shall
maintain in a confidential manner the information received pursuant to this section.
However, nothing in this subdivision shall affect the applicability of Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, or of any other similar open
records statute or ordinance, to information provided pursuant to this section.

11 **Comment.** Section 349.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 12 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

12 Public Records Re13 Reports (2019).

#### 14 § 399.25 (amended). Duties of Energy Commission

15 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 399.25 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

16 399.25. The Energy Commission shall do all of the following:

(a) Certify eligible renewable energy resources that it determines meet the criteria
 described in subdivision (e) of Section 399.12.

(b) Design and implement an accounting system to verify compliance with the 19 renewables portfolio standard by retail sellers and local publicly owned electric 20 utilities, to ensure that electricity generated by an eligible renewable energy 21 resource is counted only once for the purpose of meeting the renewables portfolio 22 standard of this state or any other state, to certify renewable energy credits produced 23 by eligible renewable energy resources, and to verify retail product claims in this 24 state or any other state. In establishing the guidelines governing this accounting 25 system, the Energy Commission shall collect data from electricity market 26 participants that it deems necessary to verify compliance of retail sellers and local 27 publicly owned electric utilities, in accordance with the requirements of this article 28 and the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 29 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of 30 the Government Code). In seeking data from electrical corporations, the Energy 31 Commission shall request data from the commission. The commission shall collect 32 data from electrical corporations and remit the data to the Energy Commission 33 within 90 days of the request. 34

(c) Establish a system for tracking and verifying renewable energy credits that,
through the use of independently audited data, verifies the generation of electricity
associated with each renewable energy credit and protects against multiple counting
of the same renewable energy credit. The Energy Commission shall consult with
other western states and with the WECC in the development of this system.

(d) Certify, for purposes of compliance with the renewables portfolio standard
 requirements by a retail seller, the eligibility of renewable energy credits associated
 with eligible renewable energy resources procured by a local publicly owned

electric utility, if the Energy Commission determines that all of the conditions of
 Section 399.31 have been met.

3 **Comment.** Section 399.25 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

4 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

5 Reports (2019).

## § 743.3 (amended). Electrical corporation to provide notice regarding interruptible service contract or similar arrangement

8 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 743.3 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

9 743.3. (a) Beginning January 15, 2002, and at least once monthly thereafter, an 10 electrical corporation shall notify each air pollution control district and air quality 11 management district of the name and address of each entity within the district's 12 boundaries within the electrical corporation's control or service area with whom the 13 electrical corporation enters into an interruptible service contract or similar 14 arrangement.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "interruptible service contract or similar arrangement" means any arrangement in which a nonresidential electrical customer agrees to reduce or consider reducing its electrical consumption during periods of peak demand or at the request of the Independent System Operator in exchange for compensation, or for assurances not to be blacked out or other similar nonmonetary assurances.

(c) The local air pollution control district or air quality management district shall
 maintain in a confidential manner the information received pursuant to this section.
 However, nothing in this subdivision shall affect the applicability of Chapter 3.5
 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, or of any other similar open
 records statute or ordinance, to information provided pursuant to this section.

Comment. Section 743.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

29 Reports (2019).

## 30 § 3328 (amended). Application of CPRA to Consumer Power and Conservation Financing 31 Authority

32 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3328 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

33 3328. The California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with

34 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of

- 35 Title 1 of the Government Code) applies to all records of the authority.
- 36 **Comment.** Section 3328 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 37 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 38 Reports (2019).

### 39 § 6354 (amended). Surcharges and related matters

40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6354 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

6354. (a) Surcharges calculated pursuant to Section 6353 shall be recovered from 1 the transportation customer through the energy transporter's normal billing process. 2 (b) Surcharges collected from the transportation customer shall be remitted to the 3 municipality granting a franchise pursuant to this division in the manner and at the 4 time prescribed for payment of franchise fees in the energy transporter's franchise 5 agreement. In recognition of costs to be incurred by energy transporters in 6 administering the surcharge established by this chapter, the energy transporter may 7 retain interest earned on cash balances resulting from the timing difference between 8 the monthly collection of the surcharge and the remittance thereof, as required by 9 individual franchise agreements. 10

11 (c) In the event that payment on a transportation customer closed account 12 becomes more than 90 days delinquent, or a transportation customer notifies the 13 utility that they refuse to pay the surcharge, the energy transporter shall, within 30 14 days, notify the municipality of the delinquency and provide information on the 15 name and address of the delinquent transportation customer and the surcharge 16 amount owed. The energy transporter shall not be liable for these delinquent 17 surcharges.

(d) The municipality, including its authorized officials, employees and agents 18 shall use the delinquent transportation customer information only for the purpose of 19 enforcing the surcharge and shall not disclose the information to any officials, 20 employees, agents, or any third parties who are not responsible for and involved in 21 the enforcement of the municipality's franchise agreements. Nothing herein 22 precludes the municipality, through appropriate officials, employees or agents, from 23 contacting the transportation customers in order to collect any surcharges due from 24 the transportation customer. 25

(e) By March 31 of each year, every person, firm, or corporation that transports 26 gas or electricity to any other person, firm, or corporation within a municipality, 27 upon request of the municipality, shall provide the names and addresses of each of 28 its transportation customers and such other information for the preceding calendar 29 year as may be necessary for the municipality to enforce its taxes and fees. The 30 municipality, including its authorized employees and agents, shall use the 31 transportation customer information and any other customer specific information 32 only for the purpose of enforcing its taxes and fees and shall not disclose the 33 information to any officials, employees, agents, or any third parties not responsible 34 for, and involved in, the enforcement of the taxes and fees. Nothing in this 35 subdivision shall prohibit the municipality, through appropriate officials, 36 employees, or agents, from contacting the customers in order to collect any taxes 37 and fees due from the customer. 38

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any transportation customer
information provided by an energy transporter to a municipality pursuant to this
chapter or pursuant to a utility user tax ordinance is not a public record within the
definitions contained in the <u>California</u> Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5)

1 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with

2 <u>Section 7920.000</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(g) In acknowledgment of the potential for systems startup costs to be incurred by 3 the energy transporters in implementing this chapter, authorization is hereby granted 4 for each energy transporter to retain 10 percent of the added fees collected pursuant 5 to this chapter on transported gas or electricity for systems startup costs not to 6 exceed seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000), provided that the portion 7 of collections withheld by the energy transporter shall be apportioned to all 8 municipalities based upon each municipality's share of total franchise fees allocated 9 by the transporter in the prior calendar year. 10

(h) Surcharges collected pursuant to this chapter shall be separately identified on 11 the transportation customer's normal bill. At the request of the energy transporter, 12 the municipality shall publish notice in a newspaper of general circulation 13 announcing the change in method of collecting franchise fees brought about by 14 deregulation. Energy transporters may send out notice to transportation customers 15 announcing the change in method of collecting franchise fees through the surcharge. 16 The mailing costs incurred by the energy transporter shall be considered to be part 17 of the implementation costs referenced in subdivision (g). 18

(i) In the case of partial payment by a transportation customer, the transportation
 customer payment shall first be applied to the energy transporter charges. Only after
 all energy transporter charges have been satisfied, shall remaining payment amounts
 be used to satisfy the municipality's surcharge requirement.

(i) Energy transporter collection of the surcharge shall begin on or before April 1, 23 1994. During the interim period between expiration of the targeted sales program 24 and implementation of the energy transporters surcharge collection program, upon 25 request of the municipality, the energy transporter shall provide the municipality 26 with a monthly list of the names and addresses of the transportation customers 27 within the municipality's jurisdiction, the volume of transported gas in therms, the 28 applicable tariffed core subscription weighted average cost of gas (WACOG) 29 exclusive of any California sourced franchise factor, and the franchise fee factor 30 authorized by the commission to enable the municipality to collect the surcharge 31 directly from the transportation customers. Notwithstanding any other provision of 32 law, except as provided in Section 6352, a municipality is hereby authorized to 33 collect an interim surcharge computed in accordance with Section 6353 until the 34 energy transporter commences billing of the surcharge pursuant to this chapter. 35

Comment. Section 6354 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

39 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

### 40 § 7665.4 (amended). Rail infrastructure protection program

41 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7665.4 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

1 7665.4. (a) By January 1, 2008, every rail operator shall develop and implement 2 an infrastructure protection program to protect rail infrastructure in the state from 3 acts of sabotage, terrorism, or other crimes.

4 (b)(1) The infrastructure protection program shall address the security of all 5 critical infrastructure.

6 (2) The infrastructure protection program shall provide training to all employees 7 of the rail operator performing work at a rail facility on how to recognize, prevent, 8 and respond to acts of sabotage, terrorism, or other crimes.

9 (c)(1) All employees of a contractor or subcontractor of a rail operator, and any 10 other person performing work at a rail facility that is not the employee of the rail 11 operator, shall receive training equivalent to that received by employees of the rail 12 operator pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), within a reasonable period of 13 time. The commission, in consultation with the director, may adopt reasonable rules 14 or orders to implement this requirement.

15 (2) All employees of a contractor or subcontractor of a rail operator, and any other 16 person performing work at a rail facility that is not the employee of the rail operator, 17 shall undergo an equivalent evaluation of their background, skills, and fitness as the 18 rail operator implements for its employees pursuant to its infrastructure protection 19 plan. The commission, in consultation with the director, may adopt reasonable rules 20 or orders to implement this requirement.

(d) Each rail operator in the state shall provide to the commission and the director
 a copy of its infrastructure protection program. Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5
 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, the commission and the
 director shall keep this information confidential.

(e) The infrastructure protection program shall be updated by the rail operator at
 least once every year, and the updated plan shall be submitted to the commission
 and the director.

(f) The commission, in consultation with the office, shall review the infrastructure
protection program submitted by a rail operator, may conduct inspections to
facilitate the review, and may order a rail operator to improve, modify, or change
its program to comply with the requirements of this article.

(g) The commission may fine a rail operator for failure to comply with therequirements of this section or an order of the commission pursuant to this section.

Comment. Section 7665.4 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

36 Public Records Ac37 Reports (2019).

### 38 § 9614 (amended). Local publicly owned electric utility to provide notice regarding 39 interruptible service contract or similar arrangement

- 40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 9614 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:
- 41 9614. (a) Beginning January 15, 2002, and at least once monthly thereafter, a local
- 42 publicly owned electric utility shall notify each air pollution control district and air

quality management district of the name and address of each entity within the district's boundaries within the local publicly owned electric utility's control or service area with whom the utility enters into an interruptible service contract or similar arrangement.

5 (b) For the purposes of this section, "interruptible service contract or similar 6 arrangement" means any arrangement in which a nonresidential electrical customer 7 agrees to reduce or consider reducing its electrical consumption during periods of 8 peak demand or at the request of the local publicly owned electric utility in exchange 9 for compensation, or for assurances not to be blacked out or other similar 10 nonmonetary assurances.

(c) The local air pollution control district or air quality management district shall
 maintain in a confidential manner the information received pursuant to this section.
 However, nothing in this subdivision shall affect the applicability of Chapter 3.5
 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, or of any other similar open
 records statute or ordinance, to information provided pursuant to this section.

Comment. Section 9614 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

19 Reports (2019).

### 8 9618 (amended). Electrical grid data relevant in addressing well failure at Aliso Canyon natural gas storage facility

22 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 9618 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

9618. (a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a local publicly owned electric 23 utility that provides electric service to 250,000 or more customers within the Los 24 Angeles Basin shall make publicly available, upon request of any person, electrical 25 grid data necessary or useful to enable distributed energy resource providers to 26 target solutions that support reliability in the area where electrical reliability has 27 been impacted as a result of reductions in gas storage capacity and gas deliverability 28 resulting from the well failure at the Aliso Canyon natural gas storage facility first 29 reported to the commission in October 2015. 30

(2) A local publicly owned electric utility shall not make data available pursuant
 to paragraph (1) that is prohibited from being disclosed pursuant to state or federal
 law.

(3) The data made available pursuant to this subdivision shall be available
pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of
Title 1 of the Government Code), commencing within 60 days of the effective date

- of this section.
  (b) For purposes of this section "Los Angel
- 39 (b) For purposes of this section, "Los Angeles Basin" means the area identified as
- 40 the "Aliso Canyon Delivery Area" on page 11 of the Aliso Canyon Risk Assessment
- 41 Technical Report, dated April 5, 2016.

Comment. Section 9618 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 1

- 2 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). 3

#### § 28844 (amended). Public access to investigatory file compiled by BART Inspector General 4

- SEC. . Section 28844 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read: 5
- 28844. Any investigatory file compiled by the BART Inspector General is an 6 investigatory file compiled by a local law enforcement agency subject to disclosure 7 pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 8 7923.600) of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 9

Comment. Section 28844 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 10

- Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 11
- 12 Reports (2019).

#### § 99246 (amended). Audit of transportation planning agency, transit development board, or 13 county transportation commission 14

SEC. . Section 99246 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read: 15

99246. (a)(1) The transportation planning agency shall designate entities other 16 than itself, a county transportation commission, a transit development board, or an 17 operator to make a performance audit of its activities and the activities of each 18 operator to whom it allocates funds. The transportation planning agency shall 19 consult with the entity to be audited prior to designating the entity to make the 20 performance audit. 21

(2) Where a transit development board created pursuant to Division 11 22 (commencing with Section 120000) or a county transportation commission exists, 23 the board or commission, as the case may be, shall designate entities other than 24 itself, a transportation planning agency, or an operator to make a performance audit 25 of its activities and those of operators located in the area under its jurisdiction to 26 whom it directs the allocation of funds. The board or commission shall consult with 27 the entity to be audited prior to designating the entity to make the performance audit. 28 (b) The performance audit shall evaluate the efficiency, effectiveness, and 29 economy of the operation of the entity being audited and shall be conducted in 30 accordance with the efficiency, economy, and program results portions of the 31 Comptroller General's "Standards for Audit of Governmental Organizations, 32 Programs, Activities, and Functions." Performance audits shall be conducted 33 triennially pursuant to a schedule established by the transportation planning agency, 34 transit development board, or county transportation commission having jurisdiction 35 over the operator. 36

(c) The performance audit of the transportation planning agency, county 37 transportation commission, or transit development board shall be submitted to the 38 director. The transportation planning agency, county transportation commission, or 39 transit development board, as the case may be, shall certify in writing to the director 40 that the performance audit of operators located in the area under its jurisdiction has 41 been completed. 42

(d)(1) With respect to an operator providing public transportation services, the 1 performance audit shall include, but not be limited to, a verification of the operator's 2 operating cost per passenger, operating cost per vehicle service hour, passengers per 3 vehicle service hour, passengers per vehicle service mile, and vehicle service hours 4 per employee, as defined in Section 99247. The performance audit shall include, but 5 not be limited to, consideration of the needs and types of the passengers being served 6 and the employment of part-time drivers and the contracting with common carriers 7 of persons operating under a franchise or license to provide services during peak 8 hours, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 99260.2. 9 (2) The performance audit may include performance evaluations both for the 10 entire system and for the system excluding special, new, or expanded services 11 instituted to test public transportation service growth potential. 12 (e) The performance audit prepared pursuant to this section shall be made 13 available to the public pursuant to the provisions of the California Public Records 14 Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 15 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 16 Comment. Section 99246 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 17 18 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 19 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to insert paragraph labels. 20 § 130051.28 (amended). Inspector general for Los Angeles County Metropolitan 21 **Transportation Authority** 22 SEC. . Section 130051.28 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read: 23 130051.28. (a) The Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority 24 shall appoint an inspector general to a term of office of four years. The inspector 25 general shall be removed from office only if either or both of the following occur: 26 (1) A two-thirds majority of the members of the authority votes for removal. 27 (2) The inspector general violates a federal or state law or regulation, a local 28 ordinance, or a policy or practice of the authority, relative to ethical practices, 29 including, but not limited to, the acceptance of gifts or contributions. 30 (b) The inspector general shall, at a noticed public hearing of the authority, report 31 quarterly on the expenditures of the authority for travel, meals and refreshments, 32 private club dues, membership fees and other charges, and any other expenditures 33 which that are specified by the authority. 34 (c) Any investigatory file compiled by the inspector general is an investigatory 35 file compiled by a local law enforcement agency subject to disclosure pursuant to 36 subdivision (f) of Section 6254 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7923.600) of 37 Chapter 1 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 38 Comment. Section 130051.28 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 39

- 40 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
- 41 Comm'n Reports (2019).
- 42 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

1 § 132354.1 (amended). Audit of financial transactions and records of consolidated agency

2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 132354.1 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

132354.1. (a) The board shall arrange for a post audit of the financial transactions
and records of the consolidated agency to be made at least annually by a certified
public accountant.

(b)(1) The audit committee shall appoint an independent performance auditor,
subject to approval by the board, who may only be removed for cause by a vote of
at least two-thirds of the audit committee and the board.

(2) The independent performance auditor shall have authority to conduct or to 9 cause to be conducted performance audits of all departments, offices, boards, 10 activities, agencies, and programs of the consolidated agency. The auditor shall 11 prepare annually an audit plan and conduct audits in accordance therewith and 12 perform those other duties as may be required by ordinance or as provided by the 13 California Constitution and general laws of the state. The auditor shall follow 14 government auditing standards. All officers and employees of the consolidated 15 agency shall furnish to the auditor unrestricted access to employees, information, 16 and records, including electronic data, within their custody regarding powers, 17 duties, activities, organization, property, financial transactions, contracts, and 18 methods of business required to conduct an audit or otherwise perform audit duties. 19 It is also the duty of any consolidated agency officer, employee, or agent to fully 20 cooperate with the auditor, and to make full disclosure of all pertinent information. 21 (3) The auditor shall have the power to appoint, employ, and remove assistants, 22 employees, and personnel as deemed necessary for the efficient and effective 23 administration of the affairs of the office and to prescribe their duties, scope of 24 authority, and qualifications. 25

(4) The auditor may investigate any material claim of financial fraud, waste, or 26 impropriety within the consolidated agency and for that purpose may summon any 27 officer, agent, or employee of the consolidated agency, any claimant, or other 28 person, and examine him or her the person upon oath or affirmation relative thereto. 29 All consolidated agency contracts with consultants, vendors, or agencies will be 30 prepared with an adequate audit provision to allow the auditor access to the entity's 31 records needed to verify compliance with the terms specified in the contract. Results 32 of all audits and reports shall be made available to the public in accordance with the 33 requirements of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 34 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 35 Title 1 of the Government Code). 36

(c) The board shall develop and adopt internal control guidelines to prevent and
detect financial errors and fraud based on the internal control guidelines developed
by the Controller pursuant to Section 12422.5 of the Government Code and the
standards adopted by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

(d) The board shall develop and adopt an administration policy that includes a
 process to conduct staff performance evaluations on a regular basis to determine if

the knowledge, skills, and abilities of staff members are sufficient to perform their respective functions, and shall monitor the evaluation process on a regular basis

2 respective functions, and shall monitor the evaluation process on a regular basis.

3 (e) The board members shall make an annual report to their member agencies at

a public meeting pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1

5 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code, that includes a summary of 6 activities by the consolidated agency including, but not limited to, program

developments, project updates, changes to voter-approved expenditure plans, and

8 potential ballot measures.

9 **Comment.** Section 132354.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 10 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

California Public Records A
 Comm'n Reports (2019).

#### 12 § 132360.5 (amended). Compliance with CPRA

13 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 132360.5 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

14 132360.5. All documents created in compliance with this article shall be made

15 available and ready for public review in compliance with the California Public

16 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division

17 <u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code).

18 **Comment.** Section 132360.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_(2019).

### \$ 132660 (amended). Transparency requirements applicable to Tri-Valley-San Joaquin Valley Regional Rail Authority

- 23 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 132660 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:
- 132660. The authority and any entity contracted with to serve as the operator of any transit connectivity developed and delivered pursuant to this chapter shall be subject to all of the following:
- (a) The Meyers-Milias-Brown Act (Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 3500)
  of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(b) The California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of

31 Title 1 of the Government Code).

- 32 (c) The Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of
- <sup>33</sup> Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).

34 **Comment.** Section 132660 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

- 37 REVENUE AND TAXATION CODE
- 38 § 408.2 (amended). Public access to assessor's records and information
- 39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 408.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

408.2. (a) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 63.1, 69.5, 451, and 481 of 1 this code and in Section 6254 the provisions listed in Section 7920.505 of the 2 Government Code, any information and records in the assessor's office which that 3 are required by law to be kept or prepared by the assessor, other than homeowners' 4 exemption claims, are public records and shall be open to public inspection. 5 Property receiving the homeowners' exemption shall be clearly identified on the 6 assessment roll. The assessor shall maintain records which that shall be open to 7 public inspection to identify those claimants who have been granted the 8 homeowners' exemption. 9

(b) The assessor may provide any appraisal data in his or her the assessor's 10 possession to the assessor of any county and shall provide any market data in his or 11 her the assessor's possession to an assessee of property or his or her an assessee's 12 designated representative upon request. The assessor shall permit an assessee of 13 property or his or her an assessee's designated representative to inspect at the 14 assessor's office any information and records, whether or not required to be kept or 15 prepared by the assessor, relating to the appraisal and the assessment of his or her 16 the assessee's property. Except as provided in Section 408.1, an assessee or his or 17 her an assessee's designated representative, however, shall not be provided or 18 permitted to inspect information and records, other than market data, which also 19 relate to the property or business affairs of another person, unless that disclosure is 20 ordered by a competent court in a proceeding initiated by a taxpayer seeking to 21 challenge the legality of his or her the taxpayer's assessment. 22

(c) The assessor shall disclose information, furnish abstracts, or permit access to 23 all records in his or her the assessor's office to law enforcement agencies, the county 24 grand jury, the board of supervisors or their duly authorized agents, employees or 25 representatives when conducting an investigation of the assessor's office pursuant 26 to Section 25303 of the Government Code, the Controller, probate referees, 27 employees of the Franchise Tax Board for tax administration purposes only, the 28 State Board of Equalization, and other duly authorized legislative or administrative 29 bodies of the state pursuant to their authorization to examine the records. 30

(d) For purposes of this section, "market data" means any information in the 31 assessor's possession, whether or not required to be prepared or kept by him or her 32 the assessor, relating to the sale of any property comparable to the property of the 33 assessee, if the assessor bases his or her the assessment of the assessee's property, 34 in whole or in part, on that comparable sale or sales. The assessor shall provide the 35 names of the seller and buyer of each property on which the comparison is based, 36 the location of that property, the date of the sale, and the consideration paid for the 37 property, whether paid in money or otherwise, but for purposes of providing market 38 data, the assessor shall not display any document relating to the business affairs or 39 property of another. 40

41 (e) This section applies only to a county with a population that exceeds 4,000,000.

1 **Comment.** Section 408.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

3 Reports (2019).

4 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make grammatical corrections.

5 § 408.3 (amended). Property characteristics information maintained by assessor

6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 408.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

7 408.3. (a) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 451 and 481 and in Section

6254 the provisions listed in Section 7920.505 of the Government Code, property
 characteristics information maintained by the assessor is a public record and shall
 be open to public inspection.

(b) For purposes of this section, "property characteristics," includes, but is not limited to, the year of construction of improvements to the property, their square footage, the number of bedrooms and bathrooms of all dwellings, the property's acreage, and other attributes of or amenities to the property, such as swimming pools, views, zoning classifications or restrictions, use code designations, and the number of dwelling units of multiple family properties.

17 (c)(1) Notwithstanding Section 6257 subdivision (a) of Section 7922.530 of the 18 Government Code or any other provision of law, if the assessor provides property 19 characteristics information at the request of any party, the assessor may require that 20 a fee reasonably related to the actual cost of developing and providing the 21 information be paid by the party receiving the information.

(2) The actual cost of providing the information is not limited to duplication or
 production costs, but may include recovery of developmental and indirect costs, as
 overhead, personnel, supply, material, office, storage, and computer costs. All
 revenue collected by the assessor for providing information under this section shall
 be used solely to support, maintain, improve, and provide for the creation, retention,
 automation, and retrieval of assessor information.

(d) The Legislature finds and declares that information concerning property 28 29 characteristics is maintained solely for assessment purposes and is not continuously updated by the assessor. Therefore, neither the county nor the assessor shall incur 30 31 any liability for errors, omissions, or approximations with respect to property characteristics information provided by the assessor to any party pursuant to this 32 section. Further, this subdivision shall not be construed to imply liability on the part 33 of the county or the assessor for errors, omissions, or other defects in any other 34 35 information or records provided by the assessor pursuant to the provisions of this part. 36

37 Comment. Section 408.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 38 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 39 Reports \_\_ (2019).

The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to "Section 6257 of the Government Code." That cross-reference became obsolete when former Government Code Section 6257 (1981 Cal. Stat. ch.

41 cross-reference became obsolete when former Government Code Section 0257 (1981 Car. Stat. ch. 42 968, § 3.5) was repealed by 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 10. At that time, the substance of former

42 908, § 5.5) was repeated by 1998 Car. Stat. ch. 620, § 10. At that time, the substance of former 43 Government Code Section 6257 was relocated to newly-added Government Code Section 6253

44 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 5). Pursuant to the CPRA Recodification Act of 2020, Government

Code Section 6253 has in turn been repealed and recodified; the fee-related material from former 1

2 Government Code Section 6257 is now located in Government Code Section 7922.530(a).

The section is also amended to insert paragraph labels. 3

#### § 409 (amended). Assessor's fee 4

5 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 409 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read: 409. (a)(1) Notwithstanding Section 6257 subdivision (a) of Section 7922.530 of 6 the Government Code or any other statutory provision, if the assessor, pursuant to 7 the request of any party, provides information or records that the assessor is not 8 required by law to prepare or keep, the county may require that a fee reasonably 9 related to the actual cost of developing and providing that information be paid by 10 11 the party receiving the information. (2) The actual cost of providing the information is not limited to duplication or 12

reproduction costs, but may include recovery of developmental and indirect costs, 13 such as overhead, personnel, supply, material, office, storage, and computer costs. 14

(3) It is the intent of this section that the county may impose this fee for 15 information and records maintained for county use, as well as for information and 16 records not maintained for county use. 17

(4) Nothing herein shall be construed to require an assessor to provide information 18 to any party beyond that which he or she the assessor is otherwise statutorily 19 required to provide. 20

(b) For purposes of this section, "market data," as defined in Section 408.1, shall 21 be deemed to be information the assessor is required by law to prepare or keep when 22 requested by the assessee or a designated representative of the assessee. 23

(c) This section shall not apply to requests of the State Board of Equalization for 24 information. 25

Comment. Section 409 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 26 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 27 28 Reports (2019).

The amendment also corrects a cross-reference to "Section 6257 of the Government Code." That 29 30 cross-reference became obsolete when former Government Code Section 6257 (1981 Cal. Stat. ch. 968, § 3.5, derived from 1976 Cal. Stat. ch. 822, § 1) was repealed by 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 10. 31 At that time, the substance of former Government Code Section 6257 was relocated to newly-added 32 Government Code Section 6253 (see 1998 Cal. Stat. ch. 620, § 5). Pursuant to the CPRA 33 Recodification Act of 2020, Government Code Section 6253 has in turn been repealed and 34 recodified: the fee-related material from former Government Code Section 6257 is now located in 35 36 Government Code Section 7922.530(a).

The section is also amended to insert paragraph labels and eliminate gendered pronouns. 37

#### § 7284.6 (amended). Utility user's tax return and records of payment of utility user's tax 38

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7284.6 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

39

7284.6. (a) It is unlawful for any local jurisdiction, including any employee, 40

officer, authorized agent, or contractor of the local jurisdiction, to permit any utility 41

user's tax return or copy thereof, or any records of any payment of utility user's tax, 42

to be seen or examined by, or disclosed to, any person who is not one of the 43

following: 44

(1) An employee, officer, authorized agent, or contractor of the local jurisdiction
 with administrative or compliance responsibilities relating to the utility user's tax
 ordinance.

4 (2) An employee of the utility or other company that is required to report or pay 5 a utility user's tax to the local jurisdiction, and that furnished the records or 6 information.

7 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), this section does not prohibit a local 8 jurisdiction from doing any of the following:

9 (1) Disclosing to a taxpayer information derived from the records of a utility or 10 other utility service provider, if the information is used to calculate the utility user's 11 tax of that taxpayer; or, disclosing that information in a tax collection action, 12 provided that that information is subject to a protective order issued by a court.

(2) Disclosing to a tax officer of the state or federal government, pursuant to a
 written reciprocal agreement, information derived from the records of a utility or
 other utility service provider, if the information is used to calculate the local utility
 user's tax.

(3) Disclosing the gross utility user's tax revenues collected from the customers
 of a utility that is owned or operated by the local jurisdiction that imposes the utility
 user's tax.

20 (c) For purposes of this section:

(1) "Local jurisdiction" means any city, county, city and county, including any
 chartered city or city and county, district, or public or municipal corporation.

(2) "District" means any agency of the state, formed pursuant to general law or a
 special act, for the local performance of governmental or proprietary functions
 within limited boundaries.

(d) Any violation of this section is a misdemeanor and is punishable by a fine not
exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), by imprisonment in a county jail not
exceeding one year, or by both, in the discretion of the court.

(e) This section shall not be construed to prohibit the divulging of information to
the State Board of Equalization for the purposes of its administration of the Energy
Resources Surcharge Law (Part 19 (commencing with Section 40001) of Division
2).

(f) Any information subject to subdivision (a) shall be exempt from disclosure
under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section
6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of
the Government Code), except that nothing in this section shall be construed to
prohibit the disclosure of records pursuant to Section 6254.16 7927.410 of the
Government Code.

39 Comment. Section 7284.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 40 Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 41 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). By updating the reference to the CPRA, the amendment also remedies 42 an omission in that cross-reference (before recodification, the cross-reference should have been to

43 "Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code").

## § 7284.7 (amended). Prohibited disclosure of information in utility user tax records of local jurisdiction

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7284.7 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read: 3 7284.7. (a) It is unlawful for any employee, officer, authorized agent or contractor 4 of a local jurisdiction levying a utility user's tax, that obtains access to information 5 contained in utility user tax records of a local jurisdiction, to disclose any 6 information obtained from the records of a utility or other company required to 7 report or pay a utility user's tax to the local jurisdiction as a result of an audit, or 8 any other information obtained in the course of an on-site audit, to any person who 9 is not an employee, officer, authorized agent, or contractor of the local jurisdiction 10 with administrative or compliance responsibilities relating to the utility user's tax 11 ordinance. 12

(b) Any violation of this section is a misdemeanor and is punishable by a fine not
exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), by imprisonment in a county jail not
exceeding one year, or by both, in the discretion of the court.

(c) This section shall not be construed to prohibit the divulging of information to
 the State Board of Equalization for the purposes of its administration of the Energy
 Resources Surcharge Law (Part 19 (commencing with Section 40001) of Division
 2).

(d) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b), this section shall not be construed
to prohibit an employee, officer, authorized agent, or contractor of a local
jurisdiction levying a utility user's tax from doing any of the following:

(1) Disclosing to a taxpayer information derived from the records of a utility or
other utility service provider, if the information is used to calculate the utility user's
tax of that taxpayer; or, disclosing that information in a tax collection action,
provided that the information is subject to a protective order issued by a court.

(2) Disclosing to a tax officer of the state or federal government, pursuant to a
written reciprocal agreement, information obtained from the records of a utility or
other utility service provider, if the information is used to calculate the local utility
user's tax.

(3) Disclosing the gross utility user's tax revenues collected from the customers
 of a utility that is owned or operated by the local jurisdiction that imposes the utility
 user's tax.

34 (e) For purposes of this section:

(1) "Local jurisdiction" means any city, county, city and county, including any
 chartered city or city and county, district, or public or municipal corporation.

(2) "District" means any agency of the state, formed pursuant to general law or a
 special act, for the local performance of governmental or proprietary functions
 within limited boundaries.

(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to create an exemption from
 disclosure under subdivision (k) of Section 6254 Section 7927.705 of the
 Government Code, or to prohibit the disclosure of records pursuant to Section

6254.16 of the Government Code or subdivision (i) of Section 6254 <u>7925.000 or</u>
 <u>7927.410</u> of the Government Code.

3 **Comment.** Section 7284.7 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

4 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

5 Reports (2019).

6 § 7284.10 (as added by 2018 Cal. Stat. ch. 61, § 1) (amended). Definitions

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7284.10 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, as added by
Section 1 of Chapter 61 of the Statutes of 2018, is amended to read:

9 7284.10. For the purposes of this chapter, all of the following definitions shall 10 apply:

(a) "Alcoholic beverages" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section
23004 of the Business and Professions Code.

(b) "Cannabis products" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section
11018.1 of the Health and Safety Code.

15 (c) "Cigarettes" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 30121.

(d) "Electronic cigarettes" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section30121.

(e)(1) "Groceries" means any raw or processed food or beverage including its packaging, wrapper or container, or any ingredient thereof, intended for human consumption, including, but is not limited to, meat, poultry, fish, fruits, vegetables, grains, bread, milk, cheese and other dairy products, carbonated and noncarbonated nonalcoholic beverages, kombucha with less than 0.5 percent alcohol by volume, condiments, spices, cereals, seasonings, leavening agents, eggs, cocoa, teas, and coffees whether raw or processed, including its packaging, wrapper, or container.

(2) "Groceries" does not include alcoholic beverages, cannabis products,
 cigarettes, tobacco products, and electronic cigarettes.

(f) "Local agency" has the same meaning as provided in Section 6252 7920.510
of the Government Code, and includes the electorate of a local agency in exercising
the initiative power.

(g) "Tax, fee, or other assessment on groceries" includes, but is not limited to, a
sales tax, gross receipts tax, business and occupation tax, business license tax, excise
tax, privilege tax, surcharge, or any other similar levy, charge, or exaction of any
kind on groceries or the manufacture, supply, distribution, sale, acquisition,
possession, ownership, transfer, transportation, delivery, use, or consumption
thereof.

(h) "Tobacco products" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section37 30121.

Comment. Section 7284.10 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

41 **Note.** Two similar, but not identical, versions of Revenue and Taxation Code Section 7284.10 were

42 added to the codes in 2018: (1) 2018 Cal. Stat. ch. 61, § 1 (shown directly above) and (2) 2018 Cal.

Stat. ch. 88, § 1 (shown directly below). Both versions include the same definition of "local 1 agency," which cross-refers to Government Code Section 6252. 2 The Commission proposes to update that cross-reference in both versions of Section 7284.10, 3 4 to conform to the Commission's proposed recodification of the California Public Records Act. If someone introduces a bill to resolve the conflict between the two versions, the Commission will 5 coordinate its proposed legislation with that bill as needed. 6 § 7284.10 (as added by 2018 Cal. Stat. ch. 88, § 1) (amended). Definitions 7 SEC. . Section 7284.10 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, as added by 8 Section 1 of Chapter 88 of the Statutes of 2018, is amended to read: 9 10 7284.10. For the purposes of this chapter, all of the following definitions shall apply: 11 (a) "Alcoholic beverages" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 12 23004 of the Business and Professions Code. 13 14 (b) "Cannabis" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 26001 of the Business and Professions Code. 15 (c) "Cannabis products" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 16 26001 of the Business and Professions Code. 17 (d) "Cigarettes" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 30121. 18 (e) "Electronic cigarettes" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 19 30121. 20 (f)(1) "Groceries" means any raw or processed food or beverage including its 21 packaging, wrapper, or container, or any ingredient thereof, intended for human 22 consumption, including, but is not limited to, meat, poultry, fish, fruits, vegetables, 23 grains, bread, milk, cheese and other dairy products, carbonated and noncarbonated 24 nonalcoholic beverages, kombucha with less than 0.5 percent alcohol by volume, 25 condiments, spices, cereals, seasonings, leavening agents, eggs, cocoa, teas, and 26 coffees whether raw or processed, including its packaging, wrapper, or container. 27 (2) "Groceries" does not include alcoholic beverages, cannabis, cannabis 28 products, cigarettes, tobacco products, and electronic cigarettes. 29 (g) "Local agency" has the same meaning as provided in Section 6252 7920.510 30 of the Government Code, and includes the electorate of a local agency in exercising 31 32 the initiative power. (h) "Tax, fee, or other assessment on groceries" includes, but is not limited to, 33 sales and use taxes, a gross receipts tax, business and occupation tax, business 34 license tax, excise tax, privilege tax, surcharge, or any other similar levy, charge, or 35 exaction of any kind on groceries or the manufacture, supply, distribution, sale, 36 acquisition, possession, ownership, transfer, transportation, delivery, use, or 37 consumption thereof. 38 (i) "Tobacco products" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 39 30121. 40 Comment. Section 7284.10 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 41

42 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

43 Reports (2019).

Note. Two similar, but not identical, versions of Revenue and Taxation Code Section 7284.10 were
added to the codes in 2018: (1) 2018 Cal. Stat. ch. 88, § 1 (shown directly above) and (2) 2018 Cal.
Stat. ch. 61, § 1 (shown immediately preceding the above amendment). Both versions include the
same definition of "local agency," which cross-refers to Government Code Section 6252.
The Commission proposes to update that cross-reference in both versions of Section 7284.10,
to conform to the Commission's proposed recodification of the California Public Records Act. If
someone introduces a bill to resolve the conflict between the two versions, the Commission will

someone introduces a bill to resolve the conflict between the two verses
coordinate its proposed legislation with that bill as needed.

#### 9 § 18410.2 (amended). California Competes Tax Credit Committee

SEC. Section 18410.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read: 18410.2. (a) The California Competes Tax Credit Committee is hereby established. The committee shall consist of the Treasurer, the Director of Finance, and the Director of the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development, who shall serve as chair of the committee, or their designated representatives, and one appointee each by the Speaker of the Assembly and the Senate Committee on Rules. A Member of the Legislature shall not be appointed.

(b) For purposes of Sections 17059.2 and 23689, the California Competes TaxCredit Committee shall do all of the following:

(1) Approve or reject any written agreement for a tax credit allocation by
resolution at a duly noticed public meeting held in accordance with the BagleyKeene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter
of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), but only after receipt
of the fully executed written agreement between the taxpayer and the Governor's
Office of Business and Economic Development.

(2) Approve or reject any recommendation to recapture, in whole or in part, a tax
credit allocation by resolution at a duly noticed public meeting held in accordance
with the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section
11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), but
only after receipt of the recommendation from the Governor's Office of Business
and Economic Development pursuant to the terms of the fully executed written
agreement.

(c) For purposes of Sections 17059.2 and 23689, the Governor's Office of 32 Business and Economic Development shall provide a member of the committee, or 33 their designated representatives, listed in subdivision (a), upon request of that 34 member, with any information necessary to fulfill their duties or otherwise comply 35 with the requirements of this section. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed 36 to require the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development to provide 37 information to the member or their designated representative that the applicant 38 considers to be a trade secret, confidential, privileged, or otherwise exempt from 39 disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 40 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 41

42 Title 1 of the Government Code).

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 19195 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

1 **Comment.** Section 18410.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

2 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

3 Reports (2019).

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4 § 19195 (amended). Largest tax delinquencies in excess of \$100,000

any other provision of law, (a) Notwithstanding including 19195. 6 Section 6254.21 Section 7920.500 and Article 3 (commencing with Section 7 7928.200) of Chapter 14 of Part 5 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code, 8 the Franchise Tax Board shall make available as a matter of public record at least 9 twice each calendar year a list of the 500 largest tax delinquencies in excess of one 10 hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) under Part 10 and Part 11 of this division. For 11 purposes of compiling the list, a tax delinquency means the total amount owed by a 12 taxpayer to the State of California for which a notice of state tax lien has been 13 recorded in any county recorder's office in this state, pursuant to Chapter 14 14 (commencing with Section 7150) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code. 15 (b) For purposes of the list, a tax delinquency does not include any of the 16 following and may not be included on the list: 17 (1) A delinquency for which payment arrangements have been agreed to by both 18 the taxpayer and the Franchise Tax Board and the taxpayer is in compliance with 19 the arrangement. 20 (2) A delinquency for which the taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection 21 pursuant to Title 11 of the United States Code. 22 (3) A delinquency for which the person or persons liable for the tax have contacted 23 the Franchise Tax Board and for which resolution of the tax delinquency has been 24 accepted by the Franchise Tax Board. 25 (c) Each list shall, with respect to each delinquency, include all the following: 26 (1) The name of the person or persons liable for payment of the tax and that 27 person's or persons' address. 28 (2) The amount of tax delinquency as shown on the notice or notices of state tax 29 lien and any applicable interest or penalties, less any amounts paid. 30 (3) The earliest date that a notice of state tax lien was filed. 31 (4) The type of tax that is delinquent. 32 (5) The type, status, and license number of any occupational or professional 33 license held by the person or persons liable for payment of the tax. 34 (6) The names and titles of the principal officers of the person liable for payment 35 of the tax if that person is a limited liability company or corporation. The Franchise 36 Tax Board shall refer to the limited liability company's or the corporation's 37 Statement of Information filed with the Secretary of State or to the limited liability 38 company's or the corporation's tax return filed pursuant to this part to determine the 39 principal officers of the limited liability company or corporation. Principal officers 40 appearing on a list solely pursuant to this paragraph shall not be subject to Section 41

494.5 of the Business and Professions Code, or Section 10295.4 of the Public
 Contract Code.

(d) Prior to making a tax delinquency a matter of public record as required by this
section, the Franchise Tax Board shall provide a preliminary written notice to the
person or persons liable for the tax by certified mail, return receipt requested. If
within 30 days after issuance of the notice, the person or persons do not remit the
amount due or make arrangements with the Franchise Tax Board for payment of the
amount due, the tax delinquency shall be included on the list.

9 (e) The list described in subdivision (a) shall include the following:

10 (1) The telephone number and address of the Franchise Tax Board office to 11 contact if a person believes placement of his or her the person's name on the list is 12 in error.

(2) The aggregate number of persons that have appeared on the list who have
 satisfied their delinquencies in their entirety and the dollar amounts, in the
 aggregate, that have been paid attributable to those delinquencies.

16 (f) As promptly as feasible, but no later than five business days from the 17 occurrence of any of the following, the Franchise Tax Board shall remove that 18 taxpayer's name from the list of tax delinquencies:

(1) Tax delinquencies for which the person liable for the tax has contacted theFranchise Tax Board and resolution of the delinquency has been arranged.

(2) Tax delinquencies for which the Franchise Tax Board has verified that an
 active bankruptcy proceeding has been initiated.

(3) Tax delinquencies for which the Franchise Tax Board has verified that a
bankruptcy proceeding has been completed and there are no assets available with
which to pay the delinquent amount or amounts.

26 (4) Tax delinquencies that the Franchise Tax Board has determined to be27 uncollectible.

(g) A person whose delinquency appears on the list, and who satisfies that
delinquency in whole or in part, may request the Franchise Tax Board to include in
its list any payments that person made to satisfy the delinquency. Upon receipt of
that request, the Franchise Tax Board shall include those payments on the list as
promptly as feasible.

(h) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a person whose delinquency appeared on the
 list and whose name has been removed pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (f)

shall comply with the terms of the arranged resolution. If the person fails to do so,

the Franchise Tax Board may add that person's name to the list of delinquencies

37 without providing the prior written notice otherwise required by subdivision (d).

- 38 **Comment.** Section 19195 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- 39 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

40 Reports (2019).

41 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

- 1 § 19528 (amended). Licensee information
- 2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 19528. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the Franchise Tax Board may require
- 4 any board, as defined in Section 22 of the Business and Professions Code, and the
- 5 State Bar, the Bureau of Real Estate, and the Insurance Commissioner (hereinafter
- 6 referred to as licensing board) to provide to the Franchise Tax Board the following
- 7 information with respect to every licensee:
- 8 (1) Name.
- 9 (2) Address or addresses of record.
- (3) Federal employer identification number, if the licensee is a partnership, or the
   licensee's individual taxpayer identification number or social security number of all
   other licensees.
- 13 (4) Type of license.
- 14 (5) Effective date of license or renewal.
- 15 (6) Expiration date of license.
- 16 (7) Whether license is active or inactive, if known.
- 17 (8) Whether license is new or renewal.
- 18 (b) The Franchise Tax Board may do the following:
- (1) Send a notice to any licensee failing to provide the federal employer identification number, individual taxpayer identification number, or social security number as required by subdivision (a) of Section 30 of the Business and Professions Code and subdivision (a) of Section 1666.5 of the Insurance Code, describing the information that was missing, the penalty associated with not providing it, and that failure to provide the information within 30 days will result in the assessment of the penalty.
- (2) After 30 days following the issuance of the notice described in paragraph (1),
  assess a one-hundred-dollar (\$100) penalty, due and payable upon notice and
  demand, for any licensee failing to provide either its federal employer identification
  number (if the licensee is a partnership) or his or her the licensee's individual
  taxpayer identification number or social security number (for all others) as required
  in Section 30 of the Business and Professions Code and Section 1666.5 of the
  Insurance Code.
- (c) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
   Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
- Code, the information furnished to the Franchise Tax Board pursuant to Section 30
- of the Business and Professions Code or Section 1666.5 of the Insurance Code shall not be deemed to be a public record and shall not be open to the public for
- 38 inspection.
- 39 **Comment.** Section 19528 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_(2019).
- 42 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

#### STREETS AND HIGHWAYS CODE

#### 2 § 36612 (amended). "Owners' association"

SEC. . Section 36612 of the Streets and Highways Code is amended to read: 3 36612. "Owners' association" means a private nonprofit entity that is under 4 contract with a city to administer or implement improvements, maintenance, and 5 activities specified in the management district plan. An owners' association may be 6 an existing nonprofit entity or a newly formed nonprofit entity. An owners' 7 association is a private entity and may not be considered a public entity for any 8 purpose, nor may its board members or staff be considered to be public officials for 9 any purpose. Notwithstanding this section, an owners' association shall comply with 10 the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of 11 Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code), at all times when matters within the 12 subject matter of the district are heard, discussed, or deliberated, and with the 13 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 14 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 15 Government Code), for all records relating to activities of the district. 16 Comment. Section 36612 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 17 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 18

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### 8 36740 (amended). Compliance of owners' association with Ralph M. Brown Act and CPRA

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 36740 of the Streets and Highways Code is amended to read: 22 36740. Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, an owners' association 23 shall comply with the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 24 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code), at all times when 25 matters within the subject matter of the district are heard, discussed, or deliberated, 26 and with the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 27 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 28 Title 1 of the Government Code), for all documents relating to activities of the 29 30 district. 31

Comment. Section 36740 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

33 Reports (2019).

### 34 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE CODE

#### 35 § 10205 (amended). Duties of Employment Training Panel

- 36 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10205 of the Unemployment Insurance Code is amended to 37 read:
- <sup>38</sup> 10205. The panel shall do all of the following:

<sup>19</sup> Reports (2019).

(a) Establish a three-year plan that shall be updated annually, based on the demand 1 of employers for trained workers, changes in the state's economy and labor markets, 2 and continuous reviews of the effectiveness of panel training contracts. The updated 3 plan shall be submitted to the Governor and the Legislature not later than January 1 4 of each year. In carrying out this section, the panel shall review information in the 5 following areas: 6 (1) Labor market information, including the state-local labor market information 7 program in the Employment Development Department and other relevant regional 8 or statewide initiatives and collaboratives. 9 (2) Evaluations of the effectiveness of training as measured by increased security 10 of employment for workers and benefits to the California economy. 11 (3) The demand for training by industry, type of training, and size of employer. 12 (4) Changes in skills necessary to perform jobs, including changes in basic 13 literacy skills. 14 (5) Changes in the demographics of the labor force and the population entering 15 the labor market. 16 (6) Proposed expenditures by other agencies of federal Workforce Investment Act 17 funds and other state and federal training and vocational education funds on eligible 18 participants. 19 (b) Maintain a system to continuously monitor economic and other data required 20 under this plan. If this data changes significantly during the life of the plan, the plan 21 shall be amended by the panel. Each plan shall include all of the following: 22 (1) The panel's objectives with respect to the criteria and priorities specified in 23 Section 10200 and the distribution of funds between new-hire training and 24 retraining. 25 (2) The identification of specific industries, production and quality control 26 techniques, and regions of the state where employment training funds would most 27 benefit the state's economy and plans to encourage training in these areas, including 28 specific standards and a system for expedited review of proposals that meet the 29 standards. 30 (3) A system for expedited review of proposals that are substantially similar with 31 respect to employer needs, training curriculum, duration of training, and costs of 32 training, in order to encourage the development of proposals that meet the needs 33 identified in paragraph (2). 34 (4) The panel's goals, operational objectives, and strategies to meet the needs of 35 small businesses, including, but not limited to, those small businesses with 100 or 36 fewer employees. These strategies proposed by the panel may include, but not be 37 limited to, pilot demonstration projects designed to identify potential barriers that 38 small businesses may experience in accessing panel programs and workforce 39 training resources, including barriers that may exist within small businesses. 40 (5) The research objectives of the panel that contribute to the effectiveness of this 41 chapter in benefiting the economy of the state as a whole. 42

1 (6) A priority list of skills or occupations that are in such short supply that 2 employers are choosing to not locate or expand their businesses in the state or are 3 importing labor in response to these skills shortages.

4 (7) A review of the panel's efforts to coordinate with the California Workforce
5 Investment Board and local boards to achieve an effective and coordinated approach
6 in the delivery of the state's workforce resources.

(A) The panel will consider specific strategies to achieve this goal that include the
development of initiatives to engage local workforce investment boards in
enhancing the utilization of panel training resources by companies in priority
sectors, special populations, and in geographically underserved areas of the state.

(B) Various approaches to foster greater program integration between workforce
 investment boards and the panel will also be considered, which may include
 marketing agreements, expanded technical assistance, modification of program
 regulations and policy, and expanded use of multiple employer contracts.

(c) Solicit proposals and write contracts on the basis of proposals made directly
 to it. Contracts for the purpose of providing employment training may be written
 with any of the following:

18 (1) An employer or group of employers.

19 (2) A training agency.

(3) A local workforce investment board with the approval of the appropriate local
 elected officials in the local workforce investment area.

(4) A grant recipient or administrative entity selected pursuant to the federal
 Workforce Investment Act of 1998, with the approval of the local workforce
 investment board and the appropriate local elected officials.

These contracts shall be in the form of fixed-fee performance contracts. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, contracts entered into pursuant to this chapter shall not be subject to competitive bidding procedures. Contracts for training may be written for a period not to exceed 24 months for the purpose of administration by the panel and the contracting employer or any group of employers acting jointly or any training agency for the purpose of providing employment training.

(d) Fund training projects that best meet the priorities identified annually. In doing
 so, the panel shall seek to facilitate the employment of the maximum number of
 eligible participants.

(e) Establish minimum standards for the consideration of proposals, which shall
include, but not be limited to, evidence of labor market demand, the number of jobs
available, the skill requirements for the identified jobs, the projected cost per person
trained, hired, and retained in employment, the wages paid successful trainees upon
placement, and the curriculum for the training. No proposal shall be considered or
approved that proposes training for employment covered by a collective bargaining
agreement unless the signatory labor organization agrees in writing.

(f) Ensure the provision of adequate fiscal and accounting controls for, monitoring 1 and auditing of, and other appropriate technical and administrative assistance to, 2 projects funded by this chapter. 3 (g) Provide for evaluation of projects funded by this chapter. The evaluations shall 4 assess the effectiveness of training previously funded by the panel to improve job 5 security and stability for workers, and benefit participating employers and the state's 6 economy, and shall compare the wages of trainees in the 12-month period prior to 7 training as well as the 12-month period subsequent to completion of training, as 8 reflected in the department's unemployment insurance tax records. Individual 9 project evaluations shall contain a summary description of the project, the number 10 of persons entering training, the number of persons completing training, the number 11 of persons employed at the end of the project, the number of persons still employed 12 three months after the end of the project, the wages paid, the total costs of the 13 project, and the total reimbursement received from the Employment Training Fund. 14 (h) Report annually to the Legislature, by November 30, on projects operating 15 during the previous state fiscal year. These annual reports shall provide separate 16 summaries of all of the following: 17 (1) Projects completed during the year, including their individual and aggregate 18 performance and cost. 19 (2) Projects not completed during the year, briefly describing each project and 20 identifying approved contract amounts by contract and for this category as a whole, 21 and identifying any projects in which funds are expected to be disencumbered. 22 (3) Projects terminated prior to completion and the reasons for the termination. 23 (4) A description of the amount, type, and effectiveness of literacy training funded 24 by the panel. 25 (5) Results of complete project evaluations. 26 (6) A description of pilot projects, and the strategies that were identified through 27 these projects, to increase access by small businesses to panel training contracts. 28 (7) A listing of training projects that were funded in high unemployment areas 29 and a detailed description of the policies and procedures that were used to designate 30 geographic regions and municipalities as high unemployment areas. 31 In addition, based upon its experience in administering job training projects, the 32 panel shall include in these reports policy recommendations concerning the impact 33 of job training and the panel's program on economic development, labor-34 management relations, employment security, and other related issues. 35 (i) Conduct ongoing reviews of panel policies with the goal of developing an 36 improved process for developing, funding, and implementing panel contracts as 37 described in this chapter. 38 (j) Expedite the processing of contracts for firms considering locating or 39 expanding businesses in the state, in accordance with the priorities for employment 40 training programs set forth in subdivision (b) of Section 10200. 41

(k) Coordinate and consult regularly with business groups and labor
 organizations, the California Workforce Investment Board, the State Department of

Education, the office of the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, and the Employment Development Department.

(*l*) Adopt by regulation procedures for the conduct of panel business, including the scheduling and conduct of meetings, the review of proposals, the disclosure of contacts between panel members and parties at interest concerning particular proposals, contracts or cases before the panel or its staff, the awarding of contracts, the administration of contracts, and the payment of amounts due to contractors. All decisions by the panel shall be made by resolution of the panel and any adverse decision shall include a statement of the reason for the decision.

(m) Adopt regulations and procedures providing reasonable confidentiality for the 10 proprietary information of employers seeking training funds from the panel if the 11 public disclosure of that information would result in an unfair competitive 12 disadvantage to the employer supplying the information. The panel may not 13 withhold information from the public regarding its operations, procedures, and 14 decisions that would otherwise be subject to disclosure under the California Public 15 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 16 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 17

(n) Review and comment on the budget and performance of any program, project,
 or activity funded by the panel utilizing funds collected pursuant to Section 976.6.

20 **Comment.** Section 10205 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

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#### VEHICLE CODE

### \$ 12801.9 (amended). Driver's license for person unable to prove authorized presence in United States

26 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12801.9 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:

12801.9. (a) Notwithstanding Section 12801.5, the department shall issue an 27 original driver's license to a person who is unable to submit satisfactory proof that 28 29 the applicant's presence in the United States is authorized under federal law if he or she the person meets all other qualifications for licensure and provides satisfactory 30 proof to the department of his or her the person's identity and California residency. 31 (b) The department shall adopt emergency regulations to carry out the purposes 32 of this section, including, but not limited to, procedures for (1) identifying 33 documents acceptable for the purposes of proving identity and California residency, 34 (2) procedures for verifying the authenticity of the documents, (3) issuance of a 35 temporary license pending verification of any document's authenticity, and (4) 36 hearings to appeal a denial of a license or temporary license. 37

(c) Emergency regulations adopted for purposes of establishing the documents
 acceptable to prove identity and residency pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be
 promulgated by the department in consultation with appropriate interested parties,
 in accordance with the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act

(Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of 1 the Government Code), including law enforcement representatives, immigrant 2 rights representatives, labor representatives, and other stakeholders, which may 3 include, but are not limited to, the Department of the California Highway Patrol, the 4 California State Sheriffs' Association, and the California Police Chiefs Association. 5 The department shall accept various types of documentation for this purpose, 6 including, but not limited to, the following documents: 7 (1) A valid, unexpired consular identification document issued by a consulate 8 from the applicant's country of citizenship, or a valid, unexpired passport from the 9 applicant's country of citizenship. 10 (2) An original birth certificate, or other proof of age, as designated by the 11 department. 12 (3) A home utility bill, lease or rental agreement, or other proof of California 13 residence, as designated by the department. 14 (4) The following documents, which, if in a language other than English, shall be 15 accompanied by a certified translation or an affidavit of translation into English: 16 (A) A marriage license or divorce certificate. 17 (B) A foreign federal electoral photo card issued on or after January 1, 1991. 18 (C) A foreign driver's license. 19 (5) A United States Department of Homeland Security Form I-589, Application 20 for Asylum and for Withholding of Removal. 21 (6) An official school or college transcript that includes the applicant's date of 22 birth or a foreign school record that is sealed and includes a photograph of the 23 applicant at the age the record was issued. 24 (7) A United States Department of Homeland Security Form I-20 or Form DS-25 2019. 26 (8) A deed or title to real property. 27 (9) A property tax bill or statement issued within the previous 12 months. 28 (10) An income tax return. 29 (d)(1) A license issued pursuant to this section, including a temporary license 30 issued pursuant to Section 12506, shall include a recognizable feature on the front 31 of the card, such as the letters "DP" instead of, and in the same font size as, the 32 letters "DL," with no other distinguishable feature. 33 (2) The license shall bear the following notice: "This card is not acceptable for 34 official federal purposes. This license is issued only as a license to drive a motor 35 vehicle. It does not establish eligibility for employment, voter registration, or public 36 benefits." 37 (3) The notice described in paragraph (2) shall be in lieu of the notice provided in 38 Section 12800.5. 39 (e) If the United States Department of Homeland Security determines a license 40 issued pursuant to this section does not satisfy the requirements of Section 37.71 of 41 Title 6 of the Code of Federal Regulations, adopted pursuant to paragraph (11) of 42 subdivision (d) of Section 202 of the Real ID Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-13), the 43

department shall modify the license only to the extent necessary to satisfy the
 requirements of that section.

3 (f) Notwithstanding Section 40300 or any other law, a peace officer shall not 4 detain or arrest a person solely on the belief that the person is an unlicensed driver,

unless the officer has reasonable cause to believe the person driving is under 16
years of age.

(g) The inability to obtain a driver's license pursuant to this section does not
abrogate or diminish in any respect the legal requirement of every driver in this state
to obey the motor vehicle laws of this state, including laws with respect to licensing,
motor vehicle registration, and financial responsibility.

(h) It is a violation of law to discriminate against a person because he or she the
 person holds or presents a license issued under this section, including, but not
 limited to, the following:

(1) It is a violation of the Unruh Civil Rights Act (Section 51 of the Civil Code),
 for a business establishment to discriminate against a person because he or she the
 person holds or presents a license issued under this section.

(2)(A) It is a violation of the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (Part 17 2.8 (commencing with Section 12900) of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government 18 Code) for an employer or other covered person or entity, pursuant to Section 12940 19 of the Government Code and subdivision (v) of Section 12926 of the Government 20 Code, to discriminate against a person because the person holds or presents a 21 driver's license issued pursuant to this section, or for an employer or other covered 22 entity to require a person to present a driver's license, unless possessing a driver's 23 license is required by law or is required by the employer and the employer's 24 requirement is otherwise permitted by law. This section shall not be construed to 25 limit or expand an employer's authority to require a person to possess a driver's 26 license. 27

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), this section shall not be construed to alter an employer's rights or obligations under Section 1324a of Title 8 of the United States Code regarding obtaining documentation evidencing identity and authorization for employment. An action taken by an employer that is required by the federal Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. Sec. 1324a) is not a violation of law.

(3) It is a violation of Section 11135 of the Government Code for a state or local 34 governmental authority, agent, or person acting on behalf of a state or local 35 governmental authority, or a program or activity that is funded directly or receives 36 financial assistance from the state, to discriminate against an individual because he 37 or she the individual holds or presents a license issued pursuant to this section, 38 including by notifying a law enforcement agency of the individual's identity or that 39 the individual carries a license issued under this section if a notification is not 40 required by law or would not have been provided if the individual held a license 41 issued pursuant to Section 12801. 42

(i) Driver's license information obtained by an employer shall be treated as 1 private and confidential, is exempt from disclosure under the California Public 2 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 3 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), and 4 shall not be disclosed to any unauthorized person or used for any purpose other than 5 to establish identity and authorization to drive. 6 (j) Information collected pursuant to this section is not a public record and shall 7 not be disclosed by the department, except as required by law. 8

9 (k) Documents provided by applicants to prove identity or residency pursuant to 10 this section shall not be disclosed except in response to a subpoena for individual 11 records in a criminal proceeding or a court order, or in response to a law enforcement 12 request to address an urgent health or safety need if the law enforcement agency 13 certifies in writing the specific circumstances that do not permit authorities time to 14 obtain a court order.

(*l*) A license issued pursuant to this section shall not be used as evidence of an
 individual's citizenship or immigration status for any purpose.

(m) On or before January 1, 2018, the California Research Bureau shall compile
and submit to the Legislature and the Governor a report of any violations of
subdivisions (h) and (k). Information pertaining to any specific individual shall not
be provided in the report.

(n) In addition to the fees required by Section 14900, a person applying for an
original license pursuant to this section may be required to pay an additional fee
determined by the department that is sufficient to offset the reasonable
administrative costs of implementing the provisions of the act that added this
section. If this additional fee is assessed, it shall only apply until June 30, 2017.

(*o*) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2015, or on the date that the
 director executes a declaration pursuant to Section 12801.11, whichever is sooner.

(p) This section shall become inoperative on the effective date of a final judicial
determination made by any court of appellate jurisdiction that any provision of the
act that added this section, or its application, either in whole or in part, is enjoined,
found unconstitutional, or held invalid for any reason. The department shall post

32 this information on its Internet Web site internet website.

Comment. Section 12801.9 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make another technical change.

### 37 § 21362.5 (amended). Automated rail crossing enforcement system

38 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 21362.5 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:

39 21362.5. (a)(1) Railroad and rail transit grade crossings may be equipped with an

40 automated rail crossing enforcement system if the system is identified by signs

41 clearly indicating the system's presence and visible to traffic approaching from each

42 direction.

(2) Only a governmental agency, in cooperation with a law enforcement agency,
may operate an automated rail crossing enforcement system.
(b) Notwithstanding Section 6253 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7922.500)
and Article 2 (commencing with Section 7922.525) of Chapter 1 of Part 3 of
Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code, or any other provision of law,
photographic records made by an automated rail crossing enforcement system shall
be confidential, and shall be made available only to governmental agencies and law

8 enforcement agencies for the purposes of this section.

Comment. Section 21362.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 11 Reports (2019).
- 12 The section is also amended to insert paragraph labels.

#### 13 § 21455.5 (amended). Automated traffic enforcement system

14 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 21455.5 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:

15 21455.5. (a) The limit line, the intersection, or a place designated in Section 16 21455, where a driver is required to stop, may be equipped with an automated traffic 17 enforcement system if the governmental agency utilizing the system meets all of the 18 following requirements:

- (1) Identifies the system by signs posted within 200 feet of an intersection where 19 a system is operating that clearly indicate the system's presence and are visible to 20 traffic approaching from all directions in which the automated traffic enforcement 21 system is being utilized to issue citations. A governmental agency utilizing such a 22 this type of system does not need to post signs visible to traffic approaching the 23 intersection from directions not subject to the automated traffic enforcement system. 24 Automated traffic enforcement systems installed as of January 1, 2013, shall be 25 identified no later than January 1, 2014. 26
- (2) Locates the system at an intersection and ensures that the system meets thecriteria specified in Section 21455.7.

(b) Prior to issuing citations under this section, a local jurisdiction utilizing an automated traffic enforcement system shall commence a program to issue only warning notices for 30 days. The local jurisdiction shall also make a public announcement of the automated traffic enforcement system at least 30 days prior to the commencement of the enforcement program.

(c) Only a governmental agency, in cooperation with a law enforcement agency,
 may operate an automated traffic enforcement system. A governmental agency that
 operates an automated traffic enforcement system shall do all of the following:

(1) Develop uniform guidelines for screening and issuing violations and for the
processing and storage of confidential information, and establish procedures to
ensure compliance with those guidelines. For systems installed as of January 1,
2013, a governmental agency that operates an automated traffic enforcement system
shall establish those guidelines by January 1, 2014.

(2) Perform administrative functions and day-to-day functions, including, but not
 limited to, all of the following:

3 (A) Establishing guidelines for the selection of a location. Prior to installing an 4 automated traffic enforcement system after January 1, 2013, the governmental 5 agency shall make and adopt a finding of fact establishing that the system is needed 6 at a specific location for reasons related to safety.

7 (B) Ensuring that the equipment is regularly inspected.

8 (C) Certifying that the equipment is properly installed and calibrated, and is 9 operating properly.

10 (D) Regularly inspecting and maintaining warning signs placed under paragraph 11 (1) of subdivision (a).

12 (E) Overseeing the establishment or change of signal phases and the timing 13 thereof.

14 (F) Maintaining controls necessary to ensure that only those citations that have 15 been reviewed and approved by law enforcement are delivered to violators.

(d) The activities listed in subdivision (c) that relate to the operation of the system
may be contracted out by the governmental agency, if it maintains overall control
and supervision of the system. However, the activities listed in paragraph (1) of, and
subparagraphs (A), (D), (E), and (F) of paragraph (2) of, subdivision (c) shall not
be contracted out to the manufacturer or supplier of the automated traffic
enforcement system.

(e) The printed representation of computer-generated information, video, or
 photographic images stored by an automated traffic enforcement system does not
 constitute an out-of-court hearsay statement by a declarant under Division 10
 (commencing with Section 1200) of the Evidence Code.

(f)(1) Notwithstanding Section 6253 Article 1 (commencing with Section
 7922.500) and Article 2 (commencing with Section 7922.525) of Chapter 1 of Part
 3 of Division 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code, or any other law, photographic
 records made by an automated traffic enforcement system shall be confidential, and
 shall be made available only to governmental agencies and law enforcement
 agencies and only for the purposes of this article.

(2) Confidential information obtained from the Department of Motor Vehicles for
 the administration or enforcement of this article shall be held confidential, and shall
 not be used for any other purpose.

(3) Except for court records described in Section 68152 of the Government Code,
the confidential records and information described in paragraphs (1) and (2) may be
retained for up to six months from the date the information was first obtained, or
until final disposition of the citation, whichever date is later, after which time the
information shall be destroyed in a manner that will preserve the confidentiality of
any person included in the record or information.

(g) Notwithstanding subdivision (f), the registered owner or any individual
 identified by the registered owner as the driver of the vehicle at the time of the

alleged violation shall be permitted to review the photographic evidence of thealleged violation.

(h)(1) A contract between a governmental agency and a manufacturer or supplier of automated traffic enforcement equipment shall not include provision for the payment or compensation to the manufacturer or supplier based on the number of citations generated, or as a percentage of the revenue generated, as a result of the use of the equipment authorized under this section.

8 (2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to a contract that was entered into by a 9 governmental agency and a manufacturer or supplier of automated traffic 10 enforcement equipment before January 1, 2004, unless that contract is renewed, 11 extended, or amended on or after January 1, 2004.

(3) A governmental agency that proposes to install or operate an automated traffic
 enforcement system shall not consider revenue generation, beyond recovering its
 actual costs of operating the system, as a factor when considering whether or not to
 install or operate a system within its local jurisdiction.

(i) A manufacturer or supplier that operates an automated traffic enforcement
system pursuant to this section shall, in cooperation with the governmental agency,
submit an annual report to the Judicial Council that includes, but is not limited to,
all of the following information if this information is in the possession of, or readily
available to, the manufacturer or supplier:

21 (1) The number of alleged violations captured by the systems they operate.

(2) The number of citations issued by a law enforcement agency based oninformation collected from the automated traffic enforcement system.

(3) For citations identified in paragraph (2), the number of violations that involved
 traveling straight through the intersection, turning right, and turning left.

26 (4) The number and percentage of citations that are dismissed by the court.

(5) The number of traffic collisions at each intersection that occurred prior to, andafter the installation of, the automated traffic enforcement system.

(j) If a governmental agency utilizing an automated traffic enforcement system
has posted signs on or before January 1, 2013, that met the requirements of
paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of this section, as it read on January 1, 2012, the
governmental agency shall not remove those signs until signs are posted that meet
the requirements specified in this section, as it reads on January 1, 2013.

Comment. Section 21455.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

37 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

### 38 § 40240 (amended). Automated forward facing parking control devices

39 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 40240 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:

40 40240. (a) Subject to subdivision (g), the City and County of San Francisco and

- 41 the Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District may install automated forward facing
- 42 parking control devices on city-owned or district-owned public transit vehicles, as

defined by Section 99211 of the Public Utilities Code, for the purpose of video imaging of parking violations occurring in transit-only traffic lanes. Citations shall be issued only for violations captured during the posted hours of operation for a transit-only traffic lane. The devices shall be angled and focused so as to capture video images of parking violations and not unnecessarily capture identifying images of other drivers, vehicles, and pedestrians. The devices shall record the date and time of the violation at the same time as the video images are captured.

(b) Prior to issuing notices of parking violations pursuant to subdivision (a) of
Section 40241, the City and County of San Francisco and the Alameda-Contra Costa
Transit District shall commence a program to issue only warning notices for 30
days. The City and County of San Francisco and the Alameda-Contra Costa Transit
District shall also make a public announcement of the program at least 30 days prior
to commencement of issuing notices of parking violations.

(c) A designated employee of the City and County of San Francisco, or a 14 contracted law enforcement agency for the Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District, 15 who is qualified by the city and county or the district to issue parking citations, shall 16 review video image recordings for the purpose of determining whether a parking 17 violation occurred in a transit-only traffic lane. A violation of a statute, regulation, 18 or ordinance governing vehicle parking under this code, under a federal or state 19 statute or regulation, or under an ordinance enacted by the City and County of San 20 Francisco or the Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District occurring in a transit-only 21 traffic lane observed by the designated employee in the recordings is subject to a 22 civil penalty. 23

(d) The registered owner shall be permitted to review the video image evidenceof the alleged violation during normal business hours at no cost.

(e)(1) Except as it may be included in court records described in Section 68152 of
the Government Code, or as provided in paragraph (2), the video image evidence
may be retained for up to six months from the date the information was first
obtained, or 60 days after final disposition of the citation, whichever date is later,
after which time the information shall be destroyed.

(2) Notwithstanding Section 26202.6 of the Government Code, video image
 evidence from forward facing automated enforcement devices that does not contain
 evidence of a parking violation occurring in a transit-only traffic lane shall be
 destroyed within 15 days after the information was first obtained.

35 (f) Notwithstanding Section 6253 Article 1 (commencing with Section 7922.500)

- 36 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 7922.525) of Chapter 1 of Part 3 of
- <u>Division 10 of Title 1</u> of the Government Code, or any other law, the video image records are confidential. Public agencies shall use and allow access to these records
- 39 only for the purposes authorized by this article.
- 40 (g) The authority for the Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District to implement an 41 automated enforcement system to enforce parking violations occurring in transit-
- 42 only traffic lanes exists only until January 1, 2022.
- 43 (h) The following definitions shall apply for purposes of this article:

(1) "Local agency" means the City and County of San Francisco and the Alameda Contra Costa Transit District.

3 (2) "Transit-only traffic lane" means any designated transit-only lane on which

# use is restricted to mass transit vehicles, or other designated vehicles including taxis and vanpools, during posted times.

6 **Comment.** Section 40240 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

7 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

- 8 Reports (2019).
- 9

#### WATER CODE

#### 10 § 5206 (amended). Personal information in report of groundwater extraction

11 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5206 of the Water Code is amended to read:

12 5206. Personal information included in a report of groundwater extraction shall

have the same protection from disclosure as is provided for information concerning utility customers of local agencies pursuant to Section  $\frac{6254.16}{7927.410}$  of the

15 Government Code.

Comment. Section 5206 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 19 § 6102.5 (amended). Inspections of dams, reservoirs, and appurtenant structures

20 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 6102.5 of the Water Code is amended to read:

6102.5. (a) The department shall inspect dams, reservoirs, and appurtenant structures to verify their safety in accordance with the following schedule:

(1) A facility that has been determined by the department, pursuant to Section
 6160, to have a hazard classification of significant, high, or extremely high, shall be

25 inspected at least once per fiscal year.

(2) A facility that has been determined by the department, pursuant to Section
 6160, to have a hazard classification of low shall be inspected at least once every
 two fiscal years.

(b) The department shall require owners to perform, at the owner's expense, such 29 work as necessary to disclose information sufficient to enable the department to 30 determine conditions of dams, reservoirs, and critical appurtenant structures 31 regarding their safety and to perform, at the owner's expense, other work necessary 32 33 to secure maintenance and operation that will safeguard life and property. An inspection pursuant to subdivision (a) shall include, but is not limited to, visual 34 inspection of major features of the dam, including its groins, abutments, and toe 35 areas, the dam's spillway, and the dam's outlet works. The inspection shall also 36 evaluate seepage and instrumentation, and include a review of available geological 37 data and existing geological conditions. 38

(c) An owner of a dam shall operate critical outlet and spillway control features
 on an annual basis and shall demonstrate their full operability in the presence of the
 department every three years or as directed by the department.

(d)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), dam inspection reports conducted by 1 the Division of Safety of Dams shall be public records subject to the California 2 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 3 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government 4 Code). 5 (2)(A) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the department, in accordance with 6 applicable law and in consultation with the dam owner and relevant local, state, or 7 federal public safety entities, may withhold from public release sensitive data, 8 images, or other information that discloses a dam's vulnerability or poses a security 9 threat. 10 (B) If the department withholds information pursuant to subparagraph (A), the 11 department shall include in the public release a statement of findings that the 12 withheld information would disclose a dam's vulnerability or pose a security threat, 13 as described in subparagraph (A). 14 Comment. Section 6102.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 15 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 16 Reports (2019). 17 The section is also amended to make a technical change. 18 § 6161 (amended). Inundation map for state jurisdictional dam 19 SEC. . Section 6161 of the Water Code is amended to read: 20 6161. (a)(1) An owner of a state jurisdictional dam, except an owner of a dam 21 classified by the department pursuant to Section 6160 as a low hazard dam, shall 22 submit electronically to the department an inundation map that shows the area that 23 would be subject to flooding under various failure scenarios unique to the dam and 24 the critical appurtenant structures of the dam. 25 (2) Before approval of an inundation map, the department shall review the map 26 and may require the owner to make changes that the department deems necessary. 27 (3) Upon approval of the inundation map or maps by the department, the owner 28 of the dam shall develop and submit electronically to the department and the Office 29 of Emergency Services an emergency action plan that is based upon the approved 30 inundation map or maps. 31 (4) If an owner of a dam has an existing emergency action plan as of March 1, 32 2017, the department shall review any inundation map or maps contained in the 33 plan. If the department determines the inundation map or maps are sufficient, as 34 described in subparagraphs (A) or (B), the owner of the dam shall submit the 35 emergency action plan associated with the inundation map or maps to the Office of 36 Emergency Services to review the emergency action plan as follows: 37 (A) If an emergency action plan existing as of March 1, 2017, contains an 38 inundation map for the dam and all critical appurtenant structures, if critical 39 appurtenant structures exist, and the department determines that the inundation map 40 or maps for the dam and all existing critical appurtenant structures are sufficient, 41

42 the owner of the dam shall submit the complete emergency action plan reflecting all

critical appurtenant structures to the Office of Emergency Services for review within
 30 days of department approval.

2 (B)(i) If an emergency action plan existing as of March 1, 2017, contains an 3 inundation map for the dam but not for all critical appurtenant structures, if critical 4 appurtenant structures exist, the department shall review a map included in the 5 existing emergency action plan for sufficiency. If the department approves the map, 6 the owner of the dam shall submit the existing emergency action plan associated 7 with the approved map to the Office of Emergency Services. The owner of the dam 8 shall continue to prepare inundation maps with due diligence for any remaining 9 critical appurtenant structures and submit the map or maps to the department for 10 review and approval. The Office of Emergency Services may defer review and 11 approval of the new or updated emergency action plan until the Office of Emergency 12 Services has received inundation maps approved by the department for the dam and 13 all critical appurtenant structures. If the Office of Emergency Services approves an 14 emergency action plan when the owner of the dam is continuing to prepare 15 inundation maps with due diligence pursuant to this subparagraph, an owner of a 16 dam may use that emergency action plan that existed as of March 1, 2017, on an 17 interim basis, pending approval of a new or updated emergency action plan that 18 includes maps for the dam and all critical appurtenant structures. 19

(ii) For the purposes of this subparagraph, "due diligence" means that the owner 20 of a dam is progressing toward completion of the inundation map or maps for all 21 critical appurtenant structures according to a reasonable schedule proposed by the 22 owner of the dam and approved by the department. When evaluating the time 23 schedule proposed by the owner of the dam, the department may consider, among 24 other relevant factors, the hazard classification of the dam, the number of critical 25 appurtenant structure inundation maps that are outstanding, and the complexity of 26 the failure scenarios. The owner of a dam shall submit a proposed time schedule to 27 the department no later than 60 days after the effective date of the act that added this 28 subparagraph. Failure to submit a proposed time schedule to the department or to 29 comply with a time schedule approved by the department may result in the 30 imposition of penalties, restrictions, or liens pursuant to Chapter 8 (commencing 31 with Section 6425). After the department approves maps for the critical appurtenant 32 structures, the dam owner shall submit a new or updated emergency action plan 33 including the approved maps to the Office of Emergency Services within 60 days. 34

(b)(1) The Office of Emergency Services shall review and approve an emergency action plan no later than 60 days after receipt of the plan from the dam owner pursuant to Section 8589.5 of the Government Code. To the extent possible, the Office of Emergency Services shall give priority to a dam with the highest hazard classification as determined by the department pursuant to Section 6160.

(2) If the Office of Emergency Services determines a proposed emergency action
plan does not meet the requirements of Section 8589.5 of the Government Code, the
Office of Emergency Services shall inform the owner of the dam and require the
owner of the dam to amend and resubmit the emergency action plan for approval.

1 The Office of Emergency Services shall review and, if the emergency action plan

- 2 meets the requirements of Section 8589.5 of the Government Code, approve a 3 resubmitted emergency action plan within 30 days of receipt from the owner of the
- 4 dam.

(3) Upon approval by the Office of Emergency Services of an emergency action
plan, the Office of Emergency Services shall notify the department and the owner
of the dam of the approval. The owner of the dam shall ensure that the approved
emergency action plan is disseminated to appropriate public safety and emergency
management agencies in potentially affected jurisdictions, to the extent these
agencies want to receive approved emergency action plans.

(c)(1) The department shall make available to the public an approved inundation
 map and any schedule submitted pursuant to clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of
 paragraph (4) of subdivision (a).

(2) Nothing in Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7
 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government
 Code shall be construed to require disclosure of an emergency action plan.

- (d)(1) Pursuant to the classification by the department under Section 6160, an
   owner of a dam shall complete and submit an emergency action plan as follows:
- (A) On or before January 1, 2018, if the hazard classification of the dam isextremely high.
- (B) On or before January 1, 2019, if the hazard classification of the dam is high.
- 22 (C) On or before January 1, 2021, if the hazard classification of the dam is 23 significant.
- (2) An owner of a dam who has an existing emergency action plan as of March 1,
  2017, that the department determines has a sufficient inundation map and that the
  Office of Emergency Services determines has a sufficient emergency action plan
  pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (a) is not subject to the timelines set forth
  in paragraph (1).
- (e) An owner of a dam shall update an emergency action plan, including an
   inundation map, no less frequently than every 10 years, and sooner under conditions
   that include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) A significant modification to the dam or a critical appurtenant structure, as
   determined by the department.
- 34 (2) A significant change to downstream development that involves people and35 property.
- 36 **Comment.** Section 6161 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports (2019).
- 39 § 10730.8 (amended). Effect of chapter
- 40 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 10730.8 of the Water Code is amended to read:

10730.8. (a) Nothing in this chapter shall affect or interfere with the authority of
 a groundwater sustainability agency to levy and collect taxes, assessments, charges,
 and tolls as otherwise provided by law.

(b) Personal information included in a report or record pursuant to this chapter
has the same protection from disclosure as is provided for information concerning
utility customers of local agencies pursuant to Section 6254.16 7927.410 of the
Government Code.

8 Comment. Section 10730.8 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
9 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
10 Reports \_\_ (2019).

## \$ 81671 (amended). Public records requested by San Francisco Bay Area Regional Water System Authority

13 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 81671 of the Water Code is amended to read:

14 81671. San Francisco shall provide the authority with prompt access to any public 15 records requested by the authority unless those records are exempt from disclosure 16 pursuant to Section 6254 a provision listed in Section 7920.505 of the Government 17 Code. San Francisco may not withhold public records from the authority pursuant 18 to a balancing of the public interest in accordance with Section 6255 7922.000 of 19 the Government Code

- 19 the Government Code.
- Comment. Section 81671 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 22 Reports (2019).

23

### WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE

#### 24 § 827.9 (amended). Juvenile police records

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 827.9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read: 25 827.9. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to reaffirm its belief that records or 26 information gathered by law enforcement agencies relating to the taking of a minor 27 into custody, temporary custody, or detention (juvenile police records) should be 28 confidential. Confidentiality is necessary to protect those persons from being denied 29 various opportunities, to further the rehabilitative efforts of the juvenile justice 30 system, and to prevent the lifelong stigma that results from having a juvenile police 31 record. Although these records generally should remain confidential, the Legislature 32 recognizes that certain circumstances require the release of juvenile police records 33 to specified persons and entities. The purpose of this section is to clarify the persons 34 and entities entitled to receive a complete copy of a juvenile police record, to specify 35 the persons or entities entitled to receive copies of juvenile police records with 36 certain identifying information about other minors removed from the record, and to 37 provide procedures for others to request a copy of a juvenile police record. This 38 section does not govern the release of police records involving a minor who is the 39 witness to or victim of a crime who is protected by other laws including, but not 40

limited to, Section 841.5 of the Penal Code, Section 11167 et seq. of the Penal Code, 1 and Section 6254 the provisions listed in Section 7920.505 of the Government Code. 2 (b) Except as provided in Sections 389, 781, and 786 of this code or Section 3 1203.45 of the Penal Code, a law enforcement agency shall release, upon request, a 4 complete copy of a juvenile police record, as defined in subdivision (m), without 5 notice or consent from the person who is the subject of the juvenile police record to 6 the following persons or entities: 7 (1) Other law enforcement agencies including the office of the Attorney General 8 of California, any district attorney, the Department of Corrections and 9 Rehabilitation, including the Division of Juvenile Justice, and any peace officer as 10 specified in subdivision (a) of Section 830.1 of the Penal Code. 11 (2) School district police. 12 (3) Child protective agencies as defined in Section 11165.9 of the Penal Code. 13 (4) The attorney representing the juvenile who is the subject of the juvenile police 14 record in a criminal or juvenile proceeding. 15 (5) The Department of Motor Vehicles. 16 (c) Except as provided in Sections 389, 781, and 786 of this code or Section 17 1203.45 of the Penal Code, law enforcement agencies shall release, upon request, a 18 copy of a juvenile police record to the following persons and entities only if 19 identifying information pertaining to any other juvenile, within the meaning of 20 subdivision (n), has been removed from the record: 21 (1) The person who is the subject of the juvenile police record. 22 (2) The parents or guardian of a minor who is the subject of the juvenile police 23 record. 24 (3) An attorney for a parent or guardian of a minor who is the subject of the 25 juvenile police record. 26 (d)(1)(A) If a person or entity listed in subdivision (c) seeks to obtain a complete 27 copy of a juvenile police record that contains identifying information concerning 28 the taking into custody or detention of any other juvenile, within the meaning of 29 subdivision (n), who is not a dependent child or a ward of the juvenile court, that 30 person or entity shall submit a completed Petition to Obtain Report of Law 31 Enforcement Agency, as developed pursuant to subdivision (i), to the appropriate 32 law enforcement agency. The law enforcement agency shall send a notice to the 33 following persons that a Petition to Obtain Report of Law Enforcement Agency has 34 been submitted to the agency: 35 (i) The juvenile about whom information is sought. 36 (ii) The parents or guardian of any minor described in clause (i). The law 37 enforcement agency shall make reasonable efforts to obtain the address of the 38

39 parents or guardian.

(B) For purposes of responding to a request submitted pursuant to this
subdivision, a law enforcement agency may check the Juvenile Automated Index or
may contact the juvenile court to determine whether a person is a dependent child

1 or a ward of the juvenile court and whether parental rights have been terminated or 2 the juvenile has been emancipated.

3 (C) The notice sent pursuant to this subdivision shall include the following 4 information:

5 (i) The identity of the person or entity requesting a copy of the juvenile police 6 record.

7 (ii) A copy of the completed Petition to Obtain Report of Law Enforcement8 Agency.

- 9 (iii) The time period for submitting an objection to the law enforcement agency, 10 which shall be 20 days if notice is provided by mail or confirmed fax, or 15 days if 11 notice is provided by personal service.
- 12 (iv) The means to submit an objection.

A law enforcement agency shall issue notice pursuant to this section within 20 days of the request. If no objections are filed, the law enforcement agency shall release the juvenile police record within 15 days of the expiration of the objection period.

(D) If any objections to the disclosure of the other juvenile's information are 17 submitted to the law enforcement agency, the law enforcement agency shall send 18 the completed Petition to Obtain Report of Law Enforcement Agency, the 19 objections, and a copy of the requested juvenile police record to the presiding judge 20 of the juvenile court or, in counties with no presiding judge of the juvenile court, 21 the judge of the juvenile court or his or her the judge's designee, to obtain 22 authorization from the court to release a complete copy of the juvenile police record. 23 (2) If a person or entity listed in subdivision (c) seeks to obtain a complete copy 24 of a juvenile police record that contains identifying information concerning the 25 taking into custody or detention of any other juvenile, within the meaning of 26 subdivision (n), who is a dependent child or a ward of the juvenile court, that person 27 or entity shall submit a Petition to Obtain Report of Law Enforcement Agency, as 28 developed pursuant to subdivision (i), to the appropriate law enforcement agency. 29 The law enforcement agency shall send that Petition to Obtain Report of Law 30 Enforcement Agency and a completed petition for authorization to release the 31 information to that person or entity along with a complete copy of the requested 32 juvenile police record to the presiding judge of the juvenile court, or, in counties 33 with no presiding judge of the juvenile court, the judge of the juvenile court or his 34 or her the judge's designees. The juvenile court shall provide notice of the petition 35 for authorization to the following persons: 36

- (A) If the person who would be identified if the information is released is a minor
  who is a dependent child of the juvenile court, notice of the petition shall be
  provided to the following persons:
- 40 (i) The minor.
- 41 (ii) The attorney of record for the minor.

42 (iii) The parents or guardian of the minor, unless parental rights have been 43 terminated.

- 1 (iv) The child protective agency responsible for the minor.
- 2 (v) The attorney representing the child protective agency responsible for the 3 minor.
- 4 (B) If the person who would be identified if the information is released is a ward
- 5 of the juvenile court, notice of the petition shall be provided to the following:
- 6 (i) The ward.
- 7 (ii) The attorney of record for the ward.
- 8 (iii) The parents or guardian of the ward if the ward is under 18 years of age, 9 unless parental rights have been terminated.
- 10 (iv) The district attorney.
- 11 (v) The probation department.

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this section or in Sections 389, 781, and 786 12 of this code or Section 1203.45 of the Penal Code, law enforcement agencies shall 13 release copies of juvenile police records to any other person designated by court 14 order upon the filing of a Petition to Obtain Report of Law Enforcement Agency 15 with the juvenile court. The petition shall be filed with the presiding judge of the 16 juvenile court, or, in counties with no presiding judge of the juvenile court, the judge 17 of the juvenile court or his or her the judge's designee, in the county where the 18 juvenile police record is maintained. 19

(f)(1) After considering the petition and any objections submitted to the juvenile
court pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (d), the court shall determine
whether the law enforcement agency may release a complete copy of the juvenile
police record to the person or entity that submitted the request.

(2) In determining whether to authorize the release of a juvenile police record, the court shall balance the interests of the juvenile who is the subject of the record, the petitioner, and the public. The juvenile court may issue orders prohibiting or limiting the release of information contained in the juvenile police record. The court may also deny the existence of a juvenile police record where the record is properly sealed or the juvenile who is the subject of the record has properly denied its existence.

(3) Prior to authorizing the release of any juvenile police record, the juvenile court 31 shall ensure that notice and an opportunity to file an objection to the release of the 32 record has been provided to the juvenile who is the subject of the record or who 33 would be identified if the information is released, that person's parents or guardian 34 if he or she the person is under 18 years of age, and any additional person or entity 35 described in subdivision (d), as applicable. The period for filing an objection shall 36 be 20 days from the date notice is given if notice is provided by mail or confirmed 37 fax and 15 days from the date notice is given if notice is provided by personal 38 service. If review of the petition is urgent, the petitioner may file a motion with the 39 presiding judge of the juvenile court showing good cause why the objection period 40 should be shortened. The court shall issue a ruling on the completed petition within 41 15 days of the expiration of the objection period. 42

(g) Any out-of-state entity comparable to the California entities listed in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, of subdivision (b) shall file a petition with the presiding judge of the juvenile court in the county where the juvenile police record is maintained in order to receive a copy of a juvenile police record. A petition from that entity may be granted on an ex parte basis.

(h) Nothing in this section shall require the release of confidential victim or
witness information protected by other laws including, but not limited to, Section
841.5 of the Penal Code, Section 11167 et seq. of the Penal Code, and Section 6254
the provisions listed in Section 7920.505 of the Government Code.

(i) The Judicial Council, in consultation with the California Law Enforcement 10 Association of Record Supervisors (CLEARS), shall develop forms for distribution 11 by law enforcement agencies to the public to implement this section. Those forms 12 shall include, but are not limited to, the Petition to Obtain Report of Law 13 Enforcement Agency. The material for the public shall include information about 14 the persons who are entitled to a copy of the juvenile police record and the specific 15 procedures for requesting a copy of the record if a petition is necessary. The Judicial 16 Council shall provide law enforcement agencies with suggested forms for 17 compliance with the notice provisions set forth in subdivision (d). 18

(j) Any information received pursuant to subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive, and (g)
of this section shall be received in confidence for the limited purpose for which it
was provided and shall not be further disseminated. An intentional violation of the
confidentiality provisions of this section is a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not
to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).

(k) A court shall consider any information relating to the taking of a minor into
custody, if the information is not contained in a record that has been sealed, for
purposes of determining whether an adjudication of the commission of a crime as a
minor warrants a finding that there are circumstances in aggravation pursuant to
Section 1170 of the Penal Code or to deny probation.

(*l*) When a law enforcement agency has been notified pursuant to Section 1155 that a minor has escaped from a secure detention facility, the law enforcement agency shall release the name of, and any descriptive information about, the minor to a person who specifically requests this information. The law enforcement agency may release the information on the minor without a request to do so if it finds that release of the information would be necessary to assist in recapturing the minor or that it would be necessary to protect the public from substantial physical harm.

(m) For purposes of this section, a "juvenile police record" refers to records or
 information relating to the taking of a minor into custody, temporary custody, or
 detention.

(n) For purposes of this section, with respect to a juvenile police record, "any
other juvenile" refers to additional minors who were taken into custody or
temporary custody, or detained and who also could be considered a subject of the
juvenile police record.

(*o*) An evaluation of the efficacy of the procedures for the release of police records 1 containing information about minors as described in this section shall be conducted 2 by the juvenile court and law enforcement in Los Angeles County and the results of 3 that evaluation shall be reported to the Legislature on or before December 31, 2006. 4 (p) This section shall only apply to Los Angeles County. 5 Comment. Section 827.9 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 6 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 7 8 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns. 9 § 1764 (amended). Information in possession of Youth Authority 10 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 1764 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read: 11 1764. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any of the following 12 information in the possession of the Youth Authority regarding persons 16 years of 13 age or older who were committed to the Youth Authority by a court of criminal 14 jurisdiction, or who were committed to the Department of Corrections and were 15 subsequently transferred to the Youth Authority, shall be disclosed to any member 16 of the public, upon request, by the director or his or her the director's designee: 17 (a) (1) The name and age of the person. 18 (b) (2) The court of commitment and the offense that was the basis of 19 commitment. 20 21 (e) (3) The date of commitment. (d) (4) Any institution where the person is or was confined. 22 (e) (5) The actions taken by any paroling authority regarding the person, which 23 relate to parole dates. 24 (f) (6) The date the person is scheduled to be released to the community, including 25 release to a reentry work furlough program. 26  $\frac{(g)}{(7)}$  The date the person was placed on parole. 27 (h) (8) The date the person was discharged from the jurisdiction of the Youth 28 Authority and the basis for the discharge. 29 (i) (9) In any case where the person has escaped from any institution under the 30 jurisdiction of the Youth Authority, a physical description of the person and the 31 circumstances of the escape. 32 (b) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to authorize the release 33 of any information which that could place any individual in personal peril; which 34 that could threaten Youth Authority security; or which that is exempt from 35 disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 36 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 37 of Title 1 of the Government Code). 38

- Comment. Section 1764 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
   Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
- 41 Reports (2019).
- 42 The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections, eliminate gendered pronouns, and 43 use conventional subdivision and paragraph labels.

#### 1 § 4712.5 (amended). Written decision of hearing officer

2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 4712.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 3 read:

4712.5. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (c), within 10 working days of the 4 concluding day of the state hearing, but not later than 80 days following the date the 5 hearing request form was received, the hearing officer shall render a written decision 6 and shall transmit the decision to each party and to the director of the responsible 7 state agency, along with notification that this is the final administrative decision, 8 that each party shall be bound thereby, and that either party may appeal the decision 9 to a court of competent jurisdiction within 90 days of the receiving notice of the 10 final decision. 11

(b) The hearing officer's decision shall be in ordinary and concise language and shall contain a summary of the facts, a statement of the evidence from the proceedings that was relied upon, a decision on each of the issues presented, and an identification of the statutes, regulations, and policies supporting the decision.

(c) Where the decision involves an issue arising from the federal home- and 16 community-based service waiver program, the hearing officer's decision shall be a 17 proposed decision submitted to the Director of Health Services as the single state 18 agency for the medicaid program. Within 90 days following the date the hearing 19 request form is postmarked or received, whichever is earlier, the director may adopt 20 the decision as written or decide the matter on the record. If the Director of Health 21 Services does not act on the proposed decision within 90 days, the decision shall be 22 deemed to be adopted by the Director of Health Services. The final decision shall 23 be immediately transmitted to each party, along with the notice described in 24 subdivision (a). If the decision of the Director of Health Services differs from the 25 proposed decision of the hearing officer, a copy of that proposed decision shall also 26 be served upon each party. 27

(d) The department shall collect and maintain, or cause to be collected and 28 maintained, redacted copies of all administrative hearing decisions issued under this 29 division. Hearing decisions shall be categorized by the type of service or support 30 that was the subject of the hearing and by the year of issuance. The department shall 31 make copies of the decisions available to the public upon request at a cost per page 32 not greater than that which it charges for document requests submitted pursuant to 33 Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 34 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. The 35 department shall use this information in partial fulfillment of its obligation to 36 monitor regional centers and in its evaluation of the contract for the provision of 37 independent hearing officers. 38

39 **Comment.** Section 4712.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

40 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 41 Reports \_\_ (2019).

1 § 11478.1 (amended). Confidentiality of support enforcement and child abduction records

2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 11478.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 3 read:

4 11478.1. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to protect individual rights of 5 privacy, and to facilitate and enhance the effectiveness of the child and spousal 6 support enforcement program, by ensuring the confidentiality of support 7 enforcement and child abduction records, and to thereby encourage the full and 8 frank disclosure of information relevant to all of the following:

9 (1) The establishment or maintenance of parent and child relationships and 10 support obligations.

11 (2) The enforcement of the child support liability of absent parents.

(3) The enforcement of spousal support liability of the spouse or former spouse to
the extent required by the state plan under Section 11475.2 of this code and Part 6
(commencing with Section 5700.101) of Division 9 of the Family Code.

15 (4) The location of absent parents.

16 (5) The location of parents and children abducted, concealed, or detained by them.

(b)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (c), all files, applications, papers, 17 documents, and records established or maintained by any public entity pursuant to 18 the administration and implementation of the child and spousal support enforcement 19 program established pursuant to Part D (commencing with Section 651) of 20 Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code and this article, 21 shall be confidential, and shall not be open to examination or released for disclosure 22 for any purpose not directly connected with the administration of the child and 23 spousal support enforcement program. No public entity shall disclose any file, 24 application, paper, document, or record, or the information contained therein, except 25 as expressly authorized by this section. 26

(2) In no case shall information be released or the whereabouts of one party or the
child disclosed to another party, or to the attorney of any other party, if a protective
order has been issued by a court or administrative agency with respect to the former
party, a good cause claim under Section 11477.04 has been approved or is pending,
or the public agency responsible for establishing paternity or enforcing support has
reason to believe that the release of the information may result in physical or
emotional harm to the former party or the child.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a proof of service filed by the 34 district attorney shall not disclose the address where service of process was 35 accomplished. Instead, the district attorney shall keep the address in his or her the 36 district attorney's own records. The proof of service shall specify that the address is 37 on record at the district attorney's office and that the address may be released only 38 upon an order from the court pursuant to paragraph (6) of subdivision (c). The 39 district attorney shall, upon request by a party served, release to that person the 40 address where service was effected. 41

42 (c) Disclosure of the information described in subdivision (b) is authorized as43 follows:

(1) All files, applications, papers, documents, and records as described in 1 subdivision (b) shall be available and may be used by a public entity for all 2 administrative, civil, or criminal investigations, actions, proceedings, or 3 prosecutions conducted in connection with the administration of the child and 4 spousal support enforcement program approved under Part D (commencing with 5 Section 651) of Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code, 6 and any other plan or program described in Section 303.21 of Title 45 of the Code 7 of Federal Regulations and to the county welfare department responsible for 8 administering a program operated under a state plan pursuant to Subpart 1 or 2 of 9 Part B or Part E of Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code. 10 (2) A document requested by a person who wrote, prepared, or furnished the 11 document may be examined by or disclosed to that person or his or her the person's 12 designee. 13

(3) The payment history of an obligor pursuant to a support order may be
 examined by or released to the court, the obligor, or the person on whose behalf
 enforcement actions are being taken or that person's designee.

(4) Income and expense information of either parent may be released to the otherparent for the purpose of establishing or modifying a support order.

(5) Public records subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act
 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) may be
 released.

(6) After a noticed motion and a finding by the court, in a case in which 23 establishment or enforcement actions are being taken, that release or disclosure to 24 the obligor or obligee is required by due process of law, the court may order a public 25 entity that possesses an application, paper, document, or record as described in 26 subdivision (b) to make that item available to the obligor or obligee for examination 27 or copying, or to disclose to the obligor or obligee the contents of that item. Article 28 9 (commencing with Section 1040) of Chapter 4 of Division 8 of the Evidence Code 29 shall not be applicable to proceedings under this part. At any hearing of a motion 30 filed pursuant to this section, the court shall inquire of the district attorney and the 31 parties appearing at the hearing if there is reason to believe that release of the 32 requested information may result in physical or emotional harm to a party. If the 33 court determines that harm may occur, the court shall issue any protective orders or 34 injunctive orders restricting the use and disclosure of the information as are 35 necessary to protect the individuals. 36

(7) To the extent not prohibited by federal law or regulation, information indicating the existence or imminent threat of a crime against a child; location of a concealed, detained, or abducted child; or the location of the concealing, detaining, or abducting person, may be disclosed to any district attorney, any appropriate law enforcement agency, or to any state or county child protective agency, or may be used in any judicial proceedings to prosecute that crime or to protect the child. (8)(A) The social security number, most recent address, and the place of employment of the absent parent may be released to an authorized person as defined in Section 653(c) of Title 42 of the United States Code, only if the authorized person has filed a request for the information, and only if the information has been provided to the California Parent Locator Service by the federal Parent Locator Service pursuant to Section 653 of Title 42 of the United States Code.

(B) The information described in subparagraph (A) may be disclosed to the 7 county child welfare agency and the county probation department responsible for 8 administering a program operated under a state plan pursuant to Subpart 1 9 (commencing with Section 621) or 2 (commencing with Section 629) of Part B of, 10 or pursuant to Part E (commencing with Section 670) of, Subchapter IV of Chapter 11 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code. Information exchanged between the 12 California Parent Locator Service or the California Child Support Automation 13 System, or its replacement, and the county welfare agency shall be through 14 automated processes to the maximum extent feasible. 15

16 (C) On or before July 1, 2013, the State Department of Social Services and the 17 Department of Child Support Services shall issue an all-county letter or similar 18 instruction explaining that county child welfare and probation agencies are entitled 19 to the information described in paragraph (9) of subdivision (c) of Section 17212 20 and subdivision (c) of Section 17506 of the Family Code.

(d)(1) "Administration and implementation of the child and spousal support
enforcement program," as used in this section, means the carrying out of the state
and local plans for establishing, modifying, and enforcing child support obligations,
enforcing spousal support orders, and determining paternity pursuant to Part D
(commencing with Section 651) of Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the
United States Code and this article.

(2) For purposes of this section, "obligor" means any person owing a duty ofsupport.

(3) As used in this chapter, "putative parent" shall refer to any person reasonably
believed to be the parent of a child for whom the local child support agency is
attempting to establish paternity or establish, modify, or enforce support pursuant
to Section 17400 of the Family Code.

(e) Any person who willfully, knowingly, and intentionally violates this sectionis guilty of a misdemeanor.

(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to compel the disclosure of information relating to a deserting parent who is a recipient of aid under a public assistance program for which federal aid is paid to this state, if that information is required to be kept confidential by the federal law or regulations relating to the program.

40 **Comment.** Section 11478.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

43 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

- § 13302 (amended). Applicable law 1 SEC. . Section 13302 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read: 2 13302. Notwithstanding any other law: 3 (a) Contracts or grants awarded pursuant to this chapter shall be exempt from the 4 personal services contracting requirements of Article 4 (commencing with Section 5 19130) of Chapter 5 of Part 2 of Division 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code. 6 (b) Contracts or grants awarded pursuant to this chapter shall be exempt from the 7 Public Contract Code and the State Contracting Manual, and shall not be subject to 8 the approval of the Department of General Services. 9 (c) The client information and records of legal services provided pursuant to this 10 chapter shall be subject to the requirements of Section 10850 and shall be exempt 11 from inspection under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 12 with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Part 1 Division 10 (commencing with Section 13 <u>7920.000) of Title 1</u> of the Government Code). 14 (d) The state shall be immune from any liability resulting from the 15 implementation of this chapter. 16 (e) Notwithstanding the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure 17 Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 18 2 of the Government Code), the department may implement, interpret, or make 19 specific this chapter without taking any regulatory action. 20 Comment. Section 13302 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 21 22 Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). By updating the reference to the CPRA, the amendment also 23 eliminates an erroneous reference to "Part 1" (as opposed to "Title 1"). 24 § 14005.27 (amended). Transition from Healthy Families Program to Medi-Cal 25 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14005.27 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 26 27 read: 14005.27. (a) Individuals enrolled in the Healthy Families Program pursuant to 28 Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code on 29 June 27, 2012, and who are determined eligible to receive benefits pursuant to 30 subdivision (a) of Section 14005.26, or, effective January 1, 2014, subdivision (b) 31 of Section 14005.26, shall be transitioned into Medi-Cal, pursuant to this section. 32
- 33 (b) To the extent necessary and for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this section, in performing initial eligibility determinations for children enrolled in 34 the Healthy Families Program pursuant to Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 35 12693) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, the department shall adopt the option 36 pursuant to Section 1902(e)(13) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 37 1396a(e)(13)) to allow the department or county human services departments to rely 38 upon findings made by the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board (MRMIB) 39 regarding one or more components of eligibility. The department shall seek federal 40
- 41 approval of a state plan amendment to implement this subdivision.

(c) To the extent necessary, the department shall seek federal approval of a state 1 plan amendment or a waiver to provide presumptive eligibility for the optional 2 targeted low-income category of eligibility pursuant to Section 14005.26 for 3 individuals presumptively eligible for or enrolled in the Healthy Families Program 4 pursuant to Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of Division 2 of the 5 Insurance Code. The presumptive eligibility shall be based upon the most recent 6 information contained in the individual's Healthy Families Program file. The 7 timeframe for the presumptive eligibility shall begin no sooner than January 1, 2013, 8 and shall continue until a determination of Medi-Cal eligibility is made, which 9 determination shall be performed within one year of the individual's Healthy 10 Families Program annual review date. 11

(d)(1) The California Health and Human Services Agency, in consultation with
the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board, the State Department of Health Care
Services, the Department of Managed Health Care, and diverse stakeholders groups,
shall provide the fiscal and policy committees of the Legislature with a strategic
plan for the transition of the Healthy Families Program pursuant to this section by
no later than October 1, 2012. This strategic plan shall, at a minimum, address all
of the following:

(A) State, county, and local administrative components which that facilitate a
 successful subscriber transition such as communication and outreach to subscribers
 and applicants, eligibility processing, enrollment, communication, and linkage with
 health plan providers, payments of applicable premiums, and overall systems
 operation functions.

(B) Methods and processes for diverse stakeholder engagement throughout theentire transition, including all phases of the transition.

(C) State monitoring of managed care health plans' performance and
 accountability for provision of services, and initial quality indicators for children
 and adolescents transitioning to Medi-Cal.

(D) Health care and dental delivery system components such as standards for
 informing and enrollment materials, network adequacy, performance measures and
 metrics, fiscal solvency, and related factors that ensure timely access to quality
 health and dental care for children and adolescents transitioning to Medi-Cal.

33 (E) Inclusion of applicable operational steps, timelines, and key milestones.

(F) A time certain for the transfer of the Healthy Families Advisory Board, as
 described in Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of Division 2 of the
 Insurance Code, to the State Department of Health Care Services.

(2) The intent of this strategic plan is to serve as an overall guide for the
development of each plan for each phase of this transition, pursuant to paragraphs
(1) to (8), inclusive, of subdivision (e), to ensure clarity and consistency in approach
and subscriber continuity of care. This strategic plan may also be updated by the
California Health and Human Services Agency as applicable and provided to the
Legislature upon completion.

(e)(1) The department shall transition individuals from the Healthy Families
 Program to the Medi-Cal program in four phases, as follows:

(A) Phase 1. Individuals enrolled in a Healthy Families Program health plan that
is a Medi-Cal managed care health plan shall be enrolled in the same plan no earlier
than January 1, 2013, pursuant to the requirements of this section and Section
14011.6, and to the extent the individual is otherwise eligible under this chapter and
Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200).

(B) Phase 2. Individuals enrolled in a Healthy Families Program managed care 8 health plan that is a subcontractor of a Medi-Cal managed health care plan, to the 9 extent possible, shall be enrolled into a Medi-Cal managed health care plan that 10 includes the individuals' current plan pursuant to the requirements of this section 11 and Section 14011.6, and to the extent the individuals are otherwise eligible under 12 this chapter and Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200). The transition of 13 individuals described in this subparagraph shall begin no earlier than April 1, 2013. 14 (C) Phase 3. Individuals enrolled in a Healthy Families Program plan that is not a 15 Medi-Cal managed care plan and does not contract or subcontract with a Medi-Cal 16 managed care plan shall be enrolled in a Medi-Cal managed care plan in that county. 17 Enrollment shall include consideration of the individuals' primary care providers 18 pursuant to the requirements of this section and Section 14011.6, and to the extent 19 the individuals are otherwise eligible under this chapter and Chapter 8 (commencing 20 with Section 14200). The transition of individuals described in this subparagraph 21 shall begin no earlier than August 1, 2013. 22

23 (D) Phase 4.

(i) Individuals residing in a county that is not a Medi-Cal managed care county
shall be provided services under the Medi-Cal fee-for-service delivery system,
subject to clause (ii). The transition of individuals described in this subparagraph
shall begin no earlier than September 1, 2013.

(ii) In the event the department creates a managed health care system in the
counties described in clause (i), individuals residing in those counties shall be
enrolled in managed health care plans pursuant to this chapter and Chapter 8
(commencing with Section 14200).

(2) For the transition of individuals pursuant to subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and 32 (D) of paragraph (1), implementation plans shall be developed to ensure state and 33 county systems readiness, health plan network adequacy, and continuity of care with 34 the goal of ensuring there is no disruption of service and there is continued access 35 to coverage for all transitioning individuals. If an individual is not retained with his 36 or her the individual's current primary care provider, the implementation plan shall 37 require the managed care plan to report to the department as to how continuity of 38 care is being provided. Transition of individuals described in subparagraphs (A), 39 (B), (C), and (D) of paragraph (1) shall not occur until 90 days after the department 40 has submitted an implementation plan to the fiscal and policy committees of the 41 Legislature. The implementation plans shall include, but not be limited to, 42 information on health and dental plan network adequacy, continuity of care, 43

eligibility and enrollment requirements, consumer protections, and family
 notifications.

3 (3) The following requirements shall be in place prior to implementation of Phase

4 1, and shall be required for all phases of the transition:

(A) Managed care plan performance measures shall be integrated and coordinated 5 with the Healthy Families Program performance standards including, but not limited 6 to, child-only Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) 7 measures, and measures indicative of performance in serving children and 8 adolescents. These performance measures shall also be in compliance with all 9 performance requirements under the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 10 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and 11 Safety Code) and existing Medi-Cal managed care performance measurements and 12 standards as set forth in this chapter and Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 13 14200) of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, and all-plan letters, 14 including, but not limited to, network adequacy and linguistic services, and shall be 15 met prior to the transition of individuals pursuant to Phase 1. 16

(B) Medi-Cal managed care health plans shall allow enrollees to remain with their
 current primary care provider. If an individual does not remain with the current
 primary care provider, the plan shall report to the department as to how continuity
 of care is being provided.

(4)(A) As individuals are transitioned pursuant to subparagraphs (A), (B), (C),
and (D) of paragraph (1), for individuals residing in all counties except the Counties
of Sacramento and Los Angeles, their dental coverage shall transition to fee-forservice dental coverage and may be provided by their current provider if the
provider is a Medi-Cal fee-for-service dental provider.

(B) For individuals residing in the County of Sacramento, their dental coverage 26 shall continue to be provided by their current dental managed care plan if their plan 27 is a Medi-Cal dental managed care plan. If their plan is not a Medi-Cal dental 28 managed care plan, they shall select a Medi-Cal dental managed care plan. If they 29 do not choose a Medi-Cal dental managed care plan, they shall be assigned to a plan 30 with preference to a plan with which their current provider is a contracted provider. 31 Any children in the Healthy Families Program transitioned into Medi-Cal dental 32 managed care plans shall also have access to the beneficiary dental exception 33 process, pursuant to Section 14089.09. Further, the Sacramento advisory committee, 34 established pursuant to Section 14089.08, shall be consulted regarding the transition 35 of children in the Healthy Families Program into Medi-Cal dental managed care 36 plans. 37

(C)(i) For individuals residing in the County of Los Angeles, for purposes of
continuity of care, their dental coverage shall continue to be provided by their
current dental managed care plan if that plan is a Medi-Cal dental managed care
plan. If their plan is not a Medi-Cal dental managed care plan, they may select a
Medi-Cal dental managed care plan or choose to move into Medi-Cal fee-for-service
dental coverage.

(ii) It is the intent of the Legislature that children transitioning to Medi-Cal under
this section have a choice in dental coverage, as provided under existing law.

3 (5) Dental health plan performance measures and benchmarks shall be in
4 accordance with Section 14459.6.

5 (6) Medi-Cal managed care health and dental plans shall report to the department, 6 as frequently as specified by the department, specified information pertaining to 7 transition implementation, enrollees, and providers, including, but not limited to, 8 grievances related to access to care, continuity of care requests and outcomes, and 9 changes to provider networks, including provider enrollment and disenrollment 10 changes. The plans shall report this information by county, and in the format 11 requested by the department.

(7) The department may develop supplemental implementation plans to
separately account for the transition of individuals from the Healthy Families
Program to specific Medi-Cal delivery systems.

(8) The department shall consult with the Legislature and stakeholders, including,
but not limited to, consumers, families, consumer advocates, counties, providers,
and health and dental plans, in the development of implementation plans described
in paragraph (3) for individuals who are transitioned to Medi-Cal in Phase 2, Phase
3, and Phase 4, as described in subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) of paragraph (1).

(9)(A) The department shall consult and collaborate with the Department of
Managed Health Care in assessing Medi-Cal managed care health plan network
adequacy in accordance with the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975
(Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and
Safety Code) for purposes of the developed transition plans pursuant to paragraph
(2) for each of the phases.

(B) For purposes of individuals transitioning in Phase 1, as described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), network adequacy shall be assessed as described in this paragraph and findings from this assessment shall be provided to the fiscal and appropriate policy committees of the Legislature 60 days prior to the effective date of implementing this transition.

(10) The department shall provide monthly status reports to the fiscal and policy 31 committees of the Legislature on the transition commencing no later than February 32 15, 2013. This monthly status transition report shall include, but not be limited to, 33 information on health plan grievances related to access to care, continuity of care 34 requests and outcomes, changes to provider networks, including provider 35 enrollment and disenrollment changes, and eligibility performance standards 36 pursuant to subdivision (n). A final comprehensive report shall be provided within 37 90 days after completion of the last phase of transition. 38

(f)(1) The department and MRMIB shall work collaboratively in the development
 of notices for individuals transitioned pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (e).

(2) The state shall provide written notice to individuals enrolled in the Healthy
Families Program of their transition to the Medi-Cal program at least 60 days prior
to the transition of individuals in Phase 1, as described in subparagraph (A) of

1 paragraph (1) of subdivision (e), and at least 90 days prior to transition of individuals

2 in Phases 2, 3, and 4, as described in subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) of paragraph

3 (1) of subdivision (e).

(3) Notices developed pursuant to this subdivision shall ensure individuals are 4 informed regarding the transition, including, but not limited to, how individuals' 5 systems of care may change, when the changes will occur, and whom they can 6 contact for assistance when choosing a Medi-Cal managed care plan, if applicable, 7 including a toll-free telephone number, and with problems they may encounter. The 8 department shall consult with stakeholders regarding notices developed pursuant to 9 this subdivision. These notices shall be developed using plain language, and written 10 translation of the notices shall be available for those who are limited English 11 proficient or non-English speaking in all Medi-Cal threshold languages. 12

(4) The department shall designate department liaisons responsible for the
 coordination of the Healthy Families Program and may establish a children's focused section for this purpose and to facilitate the provision of health care services
 for children enrolled in Medi-Cal.

(5) The department shall provide a process for ongoing stakeholder consultation
and make information publicly available, including the achievement of benchmarks,
enrollment data, utilization data, and quality measures.

(g)(1) In order to aid the transition of Healthy Families Program enrollees, 20 MRMIB, on the effective date of the act that added this section and continuing 21 through the completion of the transition of Healthy Families Program enrollees to 22 the Medi-Cal program, shall begin requesting and collecting from health plans 23 contracting with MRMIB pursuant to Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of 24 Division 2 of the Insurance Code, information about each health plan's provider 25 network, including, but not limited to, the primary care and all specialty care 26 providers assigned to individuals enrolled in the health plan. MRMIB shall obtain 27 this information in a manner that coincides with the transition activities described 28 in subdivision (d), and shall provide all of the collected information to the 29 department within 60 days of the department's request for this information to ensure 30 timely transitions of Healthy Families Program enrollees. 31

(2) The department shall analyze the existing Healthy Families Program delivery 32 system network and the Medi-Cal fee-for-service provider networks, including, but 33 not limited to, Medi-Cal dental providers, to determine overlaps of the provider 34 networks in each county for which there are no Medi-Cal managed care plans or 35 dental managed care plans. To the extent there is a lack of existing Medi-Cal fee-36 for-service providers available to serve the Healthy Families Program enrollees, the 37 department shall work with the Healthy Families Program provider community to 38 encourage participation of those providers in the Medi-Cal program, and develop a 39 streamlined process to enroll them as Medi-Cal providers. 40

(3)(A) MRMIB, within 60 days of a request by the department, shall provide the
 department any data, information, or record concerning the Healthy Families

Program as is necessary to implement the transition of enrollment required pursuant
 to this section.

3 (B) Notwithstanding any other law, all of the following shall apply:

4 (i) The term "data, information, or record" shall include, but is not limited to, 5 personal information as defined in Section 1798.3 of the Civil Code.

(ii) Any data, information, or record shall be exempt from disclosure under the 6 California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of 7 Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 8 Government Code) and any other law, to the same extent that it was exempt from 9 disclosure or privileged prior to the provision of the data, information, or record to 10 the department. 11 (iii) The provision of any such this data, information, or record to the department 12 shall not constitute a waiver of any evidentiary privilege or exemption from 13 disclosure. 14 (iv) The department shall keep all data, information, or records provided by 15 MRMIB confidential to the full extent permitted by law, including, but not limited 16 to, the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) 17 of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 18 Government Code), and consistent with MRMIB's contractual obligations to keep 19 the data, information, or records confidential. 20 (h) This section shall be implemented only to the extent that all necessary federal 21 approvals and waivers have been obtained and the enhanced rate of federal financial 22 participation under Title XXI of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 23 1397aa et seq.) is available for targeted low-income children pursuant to that act. 24 (i)(1)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the department shall exercise 25 the option pursuant to Section 1916A of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 26 Sec. 13960-1) to impose premiums for individuals described in subdivision (a) of 27 Section 14005.26 whose family income has been determined to be above 150 28 percent and up to and including 200 percent of the federal poverty level, after 29 application of the income disregard pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of 30 Section 14005.26. The department shall not impose premiums under this 31 subdivision for individuals described in subdivision (a) of Section 14005.26 whose 32 family income has been determined to be at or below 150 percent of the federal 33 poverty level, after application of the income disregard pursuant to paragraph (2) of 34 subdivision (a) of Section 14005.26. The department shall obtain federal approval 35 for the implementation of this subdivision. 36 (B) Effective January 1, 2014, the family income range for the imposition of 37

(B) Effective January 1, 2014, the family income range for the imposition of
premiums pursuant to subparagraph (A) for individuals described in subdivision (a)
or (b) of Section 14005.26 shall be above 160 percent and shall go up to and include
261 percent of the federal poverty level as determined, counted, and valued in
accordance with the requirements of Section 14005.64. The department shall not
impose premiums for eligible individuals whose family income has been determined
to be at or below 160 percent of the federal poverty level.

(2) All premiums imposed under this section shall equal the family contributions
described in paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 12693.43 of the Insurance
Code and shall be reduced in conformity with subdivisions (e) and (f) of Section
12693.43 of the Insurance Code.

5 (j) The department shall not enroll targeted low-income children described in this 6 section in the Medi-Cal program until all necessary federal approvals and waivers 7 have been obtained, or no sooner than January 1, 2013.

(k)(1)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), to the extent the new budget 8 methodology pursuant to paragraph (6) of subdivision (a) of Section 14154 is not 9 fully operational, for the purposes of implementing this section, for individuals 10 described in subdivision (a) whose family income has been determined to be at or 11 below 150 percent of the federal poverty level, after application of the disregard 12 pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 14005.26, the department 13 shall utilize the budgeting methodology for this population as contained in the 14 November 2011 Medi-Cal Local Assistance Estimate for Medi-Cal county 15 administration costs for eligibility operations. 16

(B) Effective January 1, 2014, the federal poverty level percentage used under
subparagraph (A) for individuals described in subdivision (a) shall equal 160
percent of the federal poverty level as determined, counted, and valued in
accordance with the requirements of Section 14005.64.

(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), for purposes of implementing this 21 section, the department shall include in the Medi-Cal Local Assistance Estimate an 22 amount for Medi-Cal eligibility operations associated with the transfer of Healthy 23 Families Program enrollees eligible pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 14005.26 24 and whose family income is determined to be above 150 percent and up to and 25 including 200 percent of the federal poverty level, after application of the income 26 disregard pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 14005.26. In 27 developing an estimate for this activity, the department shall consider the projected 28 number of final eligibility determinations each county will process and projected 29 county costs. Within 60 days of the passage of the annual Budget Act, the 30 department shall notify each county of their allocation for this activity based upon 31 the amount allotted in the annual Budget Act for this purpose. 32

(B) Effective January 1, 2014, for purposes of implementing this section, the
department shall include in the Medi-Cal Local Assistance Estimate an amount for
Medi-Cal eligibility operations associated with the transfer of Healthy Families
Program enrollees eligible pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 14005.26
and whose family income is determined to be above 160 percent and up to and
including 261 percent of the federal poverty level.

(*l*) When the new budget methodology pursuant to paragraph (6) of subdivision
(a) of Section 14154 is fully operational, the new budget methodology shall be
utilized to reimburse counties for eligibility determinations made for individuals
pursuant to this section.

1 (m) Except as provided in subdivision (b), eligibility determinations and annual 2 redeterminations made pursuant to this section shall be performed by county 3 eligibility workers.

(n) In conducting the eligibility determinations for individuals pursuant to this
section and Section 14005.26, the following reporting and performance standards
shall apply to all counties:

(1) Counties shall report to the department, in a manner and for a time period 7 determined by the department, in consultation with the County Welfare Directors 8 Association, the number of applications processed on a monthly basis, a breakout 9 of the applications based on income using the federal percentage of poverty levels, 10 the final disposition of each application, including information on the approved 11 Medi-Cal program, if applicable, and the average number of days it took to make 12 the final eligibility determination for applications submitted directly to the county 13 and from the single point of entry (SPE). 14

(2) Notwithstanding any other law, the following performance standards shall be
 applied to counties for eligibility determinations for individuals eligible pursuant to
 this section:

(A) For children whose applications are received by the county human servicesdepartment from the SPE, the following standards shall apply:

(i) Applications for children who are granted accelerated enrollment by the SPE
 shall be processed according to the timeframes specified in subdivision (d) of
 Section 14154.

(ii) Applications for children who are not granted accelerated enrollment by the
 SPE due to the existence of an already active Medi-Cal case shall be processed
 according to the timeframes specified in subdivision (d) of Section 14154.

(iii) For applications for children who are not described in clause (i) or (ii), 90
 percent shall be processed within 10 working days of being received, complete and
 without client errors.

(iv) If an application described in this section also contains adults, and the adult
 applicants are required to submit additional information beyond the information
 provided for the children, the county shall process the eligibility for the child or
 children without delay, consistent with this section while gathering the necessary
 information to process eligibility for the adults.

(B) The department, in consultation with the County Welfare Directors
Association, shall develop reporting requirements for the counties to provide regular
data to the state regarding the timeliness and outcomes of applications processed by
the counties that are received from the SPE.

(C) Performance thresholds and corrective action standards as set forth in Section
 14154 shall apply.

40 (D) For applications received directly by the county, these applications shall be 41 processed by the counties in accordance with the performance standards established 42 under subdivision (d) of Section 14154.

43 (3) This subdivision shall be implemented no sooner than January 1, 2013.

(4) Twelve months after implementation of this section pursuant to subdivision
(e), the department shall provide enrollment information regarding individuals
determined eligible pursuant to subdivision (a) to the fiscal and appropriate policy
committees of the Legislature.

(o)(1) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 5 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, for purposes of this transition, the 6 department, without taking any further regulatory action, shall implement, interpret, 7 or make specific this section by means of all-county letters, plan letters, plan or 8 provider bulletins, or similar instructions until the time regulations are adopted. It is 9 the intent of the Legislature that the department be allowed temporary authority as 10 necessary to implement program changes until completion of the regulatory process. 11 (2) To the extent otherwise required by Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 12 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, the department 13 shall adopt emergency regulations implementing this section no later than July 1, 14 2014. The department may thereafter readopt the emergency regulations pursuant 15 to that chapter. The adoption and readoption, by the department, of regulations 16 implementing this section shall be deemed to be an emergency and necessary to 17 avoid serious harm to the public peace, health, safety, or general welfare for 18 purposes of Sections 11346.1 and 11349.6 of the Government Code, and the 19 department is hereby exempted from the requirement that it describe facts showing 20 the need for immediate action and from review by the Office of Administrative Law. 21 (p) To implement this section, the department may enter into and continue 22 contracts with the Healthy Families Program administrative vendor, for the purposes 23 of implementing and maintaining the necessary systems and activities for providing 24 health care coverage to optional targeted low-income children in the Medi-Cal 25 program for purposes of accelerated enrollment application processing by single 26 point of entry, noneligibility-related case maintenance and premium collection, 27 maintenance of the Health-E-App Web portal web portal, call center staffing and 28 operations, certified application assistant services, and reporting capabilities. To 29 further implement this section, the department may also enter into a contract with 30 the Health Care Options Broker of the department for purposes of managed care 31 enrollment activities. The contracts entered into or amended under this section may 32 initially be completed on a noncompetitive bid basis and are exempt from the Public 33 Contract Code. Contracts thereafter shall be entered into or amended on a 34 competitive bid basis and shall be subject to the Public Contract Code. 35

(q)(1) If at any time the director determines that this section or any part of this 36 section may jeopardize the state's ability to receive federal financial participation 37 under the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), 38 or any amendment or extension of that act, or any additional federal funds that the 39 director, in consultation with the Department of Finance, determines would be 40 advantageous to the state, the director shall give notice to the fiscal and policy 41 committees of the Legislature and to the Department of Finance. After giving notice, 42 this section or any part of this section shall become inoperative on the date that the 43

director executes a declaration stating that the department has determined, in 1 consultation with the Department of Finance, that it is necessary to cease to 2 implement this section or a part or parts thereof in order to receive federal financial 3 participation, any increase in the federal medical assistance percentage available on 4 or after October 1, 2008, or any additional federal funds that the director, in 5 consultation with the Department of Finance, has determined would be 6 advantageous to the state. 7 (2) The director shall retain the declaration described in paragraph (1), shall 8 provide a copy of the declaration to the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the 9 Senate, the Chief Clerk of the Assembly, and the Legislative Counsel, and shall post 10 the declaration on the department's Internet Web site internet website. 11 (3) In the event that the director makes a determination under paragraph (1) and 12 this section ceases to be implemented, the children shall be enrolled back into the 13 Healthy Families Program. 14 Comment. Section 14005.27 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 15 16 California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). 17 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes. 18 § 14087.5 (amended). Contract negotiations, regulations, federal waivers, and disclosure 19 20 requirements SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14087.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 21 read: 22 14087.5. (a) The California Medical Assistance Commission may negotiate 23 exclusive contracts with any county which that seeks to provide, or arrange for the 24 provision of of, the health care services provided under this chapter. The California 25 Medical Assistance Commission shall establish regulations concerning the time for 26 submittal of proposed plans for a contract by a county, and for the time by which 27 the California Medical Assistance Commission shall decide whether or not to accept 28 the county's proposal. 29 (b) The department shall seek all federal waivers necessary to allow for federal 30 financial participation in expenditures under this article. This article shall not be 31 implemented until all necessary waivers have been approved by the federal 32 government. 33 (c)(1) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) or any other provision of law, on and after 34

the effective date of the act adding this subdivision (a) or any other provision of law, on and after exclusive authority to negotiate the rates, terms, and conditions of county organized health systems contracts and contract amendments under this article or under Article (commencing with Section 14490) of Chapter 8. As of that date, all references in this article to the negotiator or the California Medical Assistance Commission shall mean the department.

(2) For contracts executed pursuant to this article, the department shall disclose,
 upon request, each negotiated contract or contract amendment executed by both

parties after July 1, 2007, which shall be considered public records for the purposes 1 of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) 2 of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 3 Government Code), including contracts that reveal the department's rates of 4 payment for health care services, the rates themselves, and rate manuals. 5 Comment. Section 14087.5 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California 6 Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n 7 8 Reports (2019). The section is also amended to make grammatical corrections. 9 § 14087.36 (amended). Health authority in City and County of San Francisco 10 11 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14087.36 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 12 read: 14087.36. (a) The following definitions shall apply for purposes of this section: 13 (1) "County" means the City and County of San Francisco. 14 (2) "Board" means the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San 15 Francisco. 16 (3) "Department" means the State Department of Health Care Services. 17 (4) "Governing body" means the governing body of the health authority. 18 (5) "Health authority" means the separate public agency established by the board 19 of supervisors to operate a health care system in the county and to engage in the 20 other activities authorized by this section. 21 (b) The Legislature finds and declares that it is necessary that a health authority 22 be established in the county to arrange for the provision of health care services in 23 order to meet the problems of the delivery of publicly assisted medical care in the 24 county, to enter into a contract with the department under Article 2.97 (commencing 25 with Section 14093), or to contract with a health care service plan on terms and 26 conditions acceptable to the department, and to demonstrate ways of promoting 27 quality care and cost efficiency. 28 (c) The county may, by resolution or ordinance, establish a health authority to act 29 as and be the local initiative component of the Medi-Cal state plan pursuant to 30 regulations adopted by the department. If the board elects to establish a health 31 authority, all rights, powers, duties, privileges, and immunities vested in a county 32 under Article 2.8 (commencing with Section 14087.5) and Article 2.97 33 (commencing with Section 14093) shall be vested in the health authority. The health 34 authority shall have all power necessary and appropriate to operate programs 35 involving health care services, including, but not limited to, the power to acquire, 36 possess, and dispose of real or personal property, to employ personnel and contract 37 for services required to meet its obligations, to sue or be sued, to take all actions and 38 engage in all public and private business activities, subject to any applicable 39 licensure, as permitted a health care service plan pursuant to Chapter 2.2 40 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, and 41

to enter into agreements under Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 6500) of

2 Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

3 (d)(1)(A) The health authority shall be considered a public entity for purposes of  $A = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{$ 

Division 3.6 (commencing with Section 810) of Title 1 of the Government Code, 4 separate and distinct from the county, and shall file the statement required by 5 Section 53051 of the Government Code. The health authority shall have primary 6 responsibility to provide the defense and indemnification required under Division 7 3.6 (commencing with Section 810) of Title 1 of the Government Code for 8 employees of the health authority who are employees of the county. The health 9 authority shall provide insurance under terms and conditions required by the county 10 in order to satisfy its obligations under this section. 11

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, "employee" shall have the same meaning as
 set forth in Section 810.2 of the Government Code.

(2) The health authority shall not be considered to be an agency, division,
 department, or instrumentality of the county and shall not be subject to the
 personnel, procurement, or other operational rules of the county.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any obligations of the health
authority, statutory, contractual, or otherwise, shall be the obligations solely of the
health authority and shall not be the obligations of the county, unless expressly
provided for in a contract between the authority and the county, nor of the state.

(4) Except as agreed to by contract with the county, no liability of the health
 authority shall become an obligation of the county upon either termination of the
 health authority or the liquidation or disposition of the health authority's remaining
 assets.

(e)(1) To the full extent permitted by federal law, the department and the health 25 authority may enter into contracts to provide or arrange for health care services for 26 any or all persons who are eligible to receive benefits under the Medi-Cal program. 27 The contracts may be on an exclusive or nonexclusive basis, and shall include 28 payment provisions on any basis negotiated between the department and the health 29 authority. The health authority may also enter into contracts for the provision of 30 health care services to individuals including, but not limited to, those covered under 31 Subchapter XVIII (commencing with Section 1395) of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the 32 United States Code, individuals employed by public agencies and private 33 businesses, and uninsured or indigent individuals. 34

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), or subdivision (f), the health authority may 35 not operate health plans or programs for individuals covered under Subchapter 36 XVIII (commencing with Section 1395) of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States 37 Code, or for private businesses, until the health authority is in full compliance with 38 all of the requirements of the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 39 under Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and 40 Safety Code, including tangible net equity requirements applicable to a licensed 41 health care service plan. This limitation shall not preclude the health authority from 42

enrolling persons pursuant to the county's obligations under Section 17000, or from
 enrolling county employees.

(f) The board of supervisors may transfer responsibility for administration of 3 county-provided health care services to the health authority for the purpose of 4 service of populations including uninsured and indigent persons, subject to the 5 provisions of any ordinances or resolutions passed by the county board of 6 supervisors. The transfer of administrative responsibility for those health care 7 services shall not relieve the county of its responsibility for indigent care pursuant 8 to Section 17000. The health authority may also enter into contracts for the 9 provision of health care services to individuals including, but not limited to, those 10 covered under Subchapter XVIII (commencing with Section 1395) of Chapter 7 of 11 Title 42 of the United States Code, and individuals employed by public agencies 12 and private businesses. 13

(g) Upon creation, the health authority may borrow from the county and the county may lend the authority funds, or issue revenue anticipation notes to obtain those funds necessary to commence operations or perform the activities of the health authority. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, both the county and the health authority shall be eligible to receive funding under subdivision (p) of Section 14163.

(h) The county may terminate the health authority, but only by an ordinanceapproved by a two-thirds affirmative vote of the full board.

(i) Prior to the termination of the health authority, the county shall notify the 22 department of its intent to terminate the health authority. The department shall 23 conduct an audit of the health authority's records within 30 days of notification to 24 determine the liabilities and assets of the health authority. The department shall 25 report its findings to the county and to the Department of Managed Health Care 26 within 10 days of completion of the audit. The county shall prepare a plan to 27 liquidate or otherwise dispose of the assets of the health authority and to pay the 28 liabilities of the health authority to the extent of the health authority's assets, and 29 present the plan to the department and the Department of Managed Health Care 30 within 30 days upon receipt of these findings. 31

(j) Any assets of the health authority derived from the contract entered into
between the state and the authority pursuant to Article 2.97 (commencing with
Section 14093), after payment of the liabilities of the health authority, shall be
disposed of pursuant to the contract.

(k)(1) The governing body shall consist of 18 voting members, 14 of whom shall
 be appointed by resolution or ordinance of the board as follows:

(A) One member shall be a member of the board or any other person designatedby the board.

40 (B) One member shall be a person who is employed in the senior management of 41 a hospital not operated by the county or the University of California and who is

42 nominated by the San Francisco Section of the West Bay Hospital Conference or

any successor organization, or if there is no successor organization, a person who shall be nominated by the Hospital Council of Northern and Central California.

(C) Two members, one of whom shall be a person employed in the senior 3 management of San Francisco General Hospital and one of whom shall be a person 4 employed in the senior management of St. Luke's Hospital (San Francisco). If San 5 Francisco General Hospital or St. Luke's Hospital, at the end of the term of the 6 person appointed from its senior management, is not designated as a 7 disproportionate share hospital, and if the governing body, after providing an 8 opportunity for comment by the West Bay Hospital Conference, or any successor 9 organization, determines that the hospital no longer serves an equivalent patient 10 population, the governing body may, by a two-thirds vote of the full governing 11 body, select an alternative hospital to nominate a person employed in its senior 12 management to serve on the governing body. Alternatively, the governing body may 13 approve a reduction in the number of positions on the governing body as set forth 14 in subdivision (p). 15

(D) Two members shall be employees in the senior management of either private
 nonprofit community clinics or a community clinic consortium, nominated by the
 San Francisco Community Clinic Consortium, or any successor organization.

(E) Two members shall be physicians, nominated by the San Francisco MedicalSociety, or any successor organization.

(F) One member shall be nominated by the San Francisco Labor Council, or any
 successor organization.

(G) Two members shall be persons nominated by the member advisory committee
of the health authority. Nominees of the member advisory committee shall be
enrolled in any of the health insurance or health care coverage programs operated
by the health authority or be the parent or legal guardian of an enrollee in any of the
health insurance or health care coverage programs operated by the health authority.

(H) Two members shall be persons knowledgeable in matters relating to either
 traditional safety net providers, health care organizations, the Medi-Cal program, or
 the activities of the health authority, nominated by the program committee of the
 health authority.

(I) One member shall be a person nominated by the San Francisco PharmacyLeadership Group, or any successor organization.

(2) One member, selected to fulfill the appointments specified in subparagraph
(A), (G), or (H) shall, in addition to representing his or her the member's specified
organization or employer, represent the discipline of nursing, and shall possess or
be qualified to possess a registered nursing license.

(3) The initial members appointed by the board under the subdivision shall be, to
the extent those individuals meet the qualifications set forth in this subdivision and
are willing to serve, those persons who are members of the steering committee
created by the county to develop the local initiative component of the Medi-Cal state
plan in San Francisco. Following the initial staggering of terms, each of those
members shall be appointed to a term of three years, except the member appointed

pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), who shall serve at the pleasure of the board. At the first meeting of the governing body, the members appointed pursuant to this subdivision shall draw lots to determine seven members whose initial terms shall be for two years. Each member shall remain in office at the conclusion of that member's term until a successor member has been nominated and appointed.

(1) In addition to the requirements of subdivision (k), one member of the 7 governing body shall be appointed by the Mayor of the City of San Francisco to 8 serve at the pleasure of the mayor, one member shall be the county's director of 9 public health or designee, who shall serve at the pleasure of that director, one 10 member shall be the Chancellor of the University of California at San Francisco or 11 his or her the chancellor's designee, who shall serve at the pleasure of the chancellor, 12 and one member shall be the county director of mental health or his or her the 13 director's designee, who shall serve at the pleasure of that director. 14

15 (m) There shall be one nonvoting member of the governing body who shall be 16 appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of, the health commission of the county.

(n) Each person appointed to the governing body shall, throughout the member's
term, either be a resident of the county or be employed within the geographic
boundaries of the county.

(o)(1) The composition of the governing body and nomination process for appointment of its members shall be subject to alteration upon a two-thirds vote of the full membership of the governing body. This action shall be concurred in by a resolution or ordinance of the county.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), no alteration described in that paragraph shall
 cause the removal of a member prior to the expiration of that member's term.

(p) A majority of the members of the governing body shall constitute a quorum 26 for the transaction of business, and all official acts of the governing body shall 27 require the affirmative vote of a majority of the members present and voting. 28 However, no official shall be approved with less than the affirmative vote of six 29 members of the governing body, unless the number of members prohibited from 30 voting because of conflicts of interest precludes adequate participation in the vote. 31 The governing body may, by a two-thirds vote adopt, amend, or repeal rules and 32 procedures for the governing body. Those rules and procedures may require that 33 certain decisions be made by a vote that is greater than a majority vote. 34

(q) For purposes of Section 87103 of the Government Code, members appointed 35 pursuant to subparagraphs (B) to (E), inclusive, of paragraph (1) of subdivision (k) 36 represent, and are appointed to represent, respectively, the hospitals, private 37 nonprofit community clinics, and physicians that contract with the health authority, 38 or the health care service plan with which the health authority contracts, to provide 39 health care services to the enrollees of the health authority or the health care service 40 plan. Members appointed pursuant to subparagraphs (F) and (G) of paragraph (1) of 41 subdivision (k) represent, and are appointed to represent, respectively, the health 42 care workers and enrollees served by the health authority or its contracted health 43

care service plan, and traditional safety net and ancillary providers and other
organizations concerned with the activities of the health authority.
(r) A member of the governing body may be removed from office by the board by

resolution or ordinance, only upon the recommendation of the health authority, and
for any of the following reasons:

6 (1) Failure to retain the qualifications for appointment specified in subdivisions 7 (k) and (n).

8 (2) Death or a disability that substantially interferes with the member's ability to 9 carry out the duties of office.

10 (3) Conviction of any felony or a crime involving corruption.

(4) Failure of the member to discharge legal obligations as a member of a publicagency.

(5) Substantial failure to perform the duties of office, including, but not limited
 to, unreasonable absence from meetings. The failure to attend three meetings in a
 row of the governing body, or a majority of the meetings in the most recent calendar
 year, may be deemed to be unreasonable absence.

(s) Any vacancy on the governing body, however created, shall be filled for the
unexpired term by the board by resolution or ordinance. Each vacancy shall be filled
by an individual having the qualifications of his or her the individual's predecessor,
nominated as set forth in subdivision (k).

(t) The chair of the authority shall be selected by, and serve at the pleasure of, the
 governing body.

23 (u) The health authority shall establish all of the following:

(1) A member advisory committee to advise the health authority on issues ofconcern to the recipients of services.

(2) A program committee to advise the health authority on matters relating to
 traditional safety net providers, ancillary providers, and other organizations
 concerned with the activities of the health authority.

29 (3) Any other committees determined to be advisable by the health authority.

(v)(1) Notwithstanding any provision of state or local law, including, but not
limited to, the county charter, a member of the health authority shall not be deemed
to be interested in a contract entered into by the authority within the meaning of
Article 4 (commencing with Section 1090) of Chapter 1 of Division 4 of Title 1 of
the Government Code, or within the meaning of conflict-of-interest restrictions in
the county charter, if all of the following apply:

(A) The member does not influence or attempt to influence the health authority or
 another member of the health authority to enter into the contract in which the
 member is interested.

(B) The member discloses the interest to the health authority and abstains fromvoting on the contract.

41 (C) The health authority notes the member's disclosure and abstention in its 42 official records and authorizes the contract in good faith by a vote of its membership 43 sufficient for the purpose without counting the vote of the interested member. 1 (D) The member has an interest in or was appointed to represent the interests of 2 physicians, health care practitioners, hospitals, pharmacies, or other health care

3 organizations.

4 (E) The contract authorizes the member or the organization the member has an 5 interest in or represents to provide services to beneficiaries under the authority's 6 program or administrative services to the authority.

(2) In addition, no person serving as a member of the governing body shall, by
virtue of that membership, be deemed to be engaged in activities that are
inconsistent, incompatible, or in conflict with their duties as an officer or employee
of the county or the University of California, or as an officer or an employee of any
private hospital, clinic, or other health care organization. The membership shall not
be deemed to be in violation of Section 1126 of the Government Code.

(w) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, those records of the health 13 authority and of the county that reveal the authority's rates of payment for health 14 care services or the health authority's deliberative processes, discussions, 15 communications, or any other portion of the negotiations with providers of health 16 care services for rates of payment, or the health authority's peer review proceedings 17 shall not be required to be disclosed pursuant to the California Public Records Act 18 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 19 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), or any 20 similar local law requiring the disclosure of public records. However, three years 21 after a contract or amendment to a contract is fully executed, the portion of the 22 contract or amendment containing the rates of payment shall be open to inspection. 23 (x) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the health authority may meet in 24 closed session to consider and take action on peer review proceedings and on 25 matters pertaining to contracts and contract negotiations by the health authority's 26 staff with providers of health care services concerning all matters relating to rates 27 of payment. However, a decision as to whether to enter into, amend the services 28 provisions of, or terminate, other than for reasons based upon peer review, a contract 29 with a provider of health care services, shall be made in open session. 30

(y)(1)(A) Notwithstanding the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing 31 with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code), the 32 governing board of the health authority may meet in closed session for the purpose 33 of discussion of, or taking action on matters involving, health authority trade secrets. 34 (B) The requirement that the authority make a public report of actions taken in 35 closed session and the vote or abstention of every member present may be limited 36 to a brief general description of the action taken and the vote so as to prevent the 37 disclosure of a trade secret. 38

(C) For purposes of this subdivision, "health authority trade secret" means a trade
secret, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3426.1 of the Civil Code, that also
meets both of the following criteria:

(i) The secrecy of the information is necessary for the health authority to initiate
 a new service, program, marketing strategy, business plan, or technology, or to add
 a benefit or product.

(ii) Premature disclosure of the trade secret would create a substantial probability
 of depriving the health authority of a substantial economic benefit or opportunity.

(2) Those records of the health authority that reveal the health authority's trade 6 secrets are exempt from disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act 7 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 8 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), or any 9 similar local law requiring the disclosure of public records. This exemption shall 10 apply for a period of two years after the service, program, marketing strategy, 11 business plan, technology, benefit, or product that is the subject of the trade secret 12 is formally adopted by the governing body of the health authority, provided that the 13 service, program, marketing strategy, business plan, technology, benefit, or product 14 continues to be a trade secret. The governing board may delete the portion or 15 portions containing trade secrets from any documents that were finally approved in 16 the closed session held pursuant to this subdivision that are provided to persons who 17 have made the timely or standing request. 18

(z) The health authority shall be deemed to be a public agency for purposes of allgrant programs and other funding and loan guarantee programs.

(aa) Contracts under this article between the State Department of Health Services
and the health authority shall be on a nonbid basis and shall be exempt from Chapter
2 (commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract
Code.

(ab)(1) The county controller or his or her the controller's designee, at intervals
the county controller deems appropriate, shall conduct a review of the fiscal
condition of the health authority, shall report the findings to the health authority and
the board, and shall provide a copy of the findings to any public agency upon
request.

(2) Upon the written request of the county controller, the health authority shall
provide full access to the county controller all health authority records and
documents as necessary to allow the county controller or his or her the controller's
designee to perform the activities authorized by this subdivision.

(ac) A Medi-Cal recipient receiving services through the health authority shall be
 deemed to be a subscriber or enrollee for purposes of Section 1379 of the Health
 and Safety Code.

**Comment.** Section 14087.36 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision

39 Comm'n Reports \_ (2019).

40 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

### 1 § 14087.58 (amended). Records of special commission

2 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14087.58 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 3 read:

14087.58. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, those records of a 4 special commission formed pursuant to this article that reveal the commission's 5 rates of payment for health care services or the commission's deliberative processes, 6 discussions, communications, or any other portion of the negotiations with 7 providers of health care services for rates of payment, shall not be required to be 8 disclosed pursuant to the California Public Records Act, Chapter 5 (commencing 9 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 10 of Title 1 of the Government Code, or any similar local law requiring the disclosure 11 of public records. However, three years after a contract or contract amendment has 12 been executed, the portion of the contract or contract amendment relating to the 13 rates of payment shall be open to inspection under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 14 Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title I Division 10 (commencing with Section 15 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code. 16 (b) Notwithstanding the California Public Records Act, or Article 9 (commencing

17 with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of, and Chapter 18 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of, the 19 Government Code, or any other provision of state or local law requiring disclosure 20 of public records, those health care peer review and quality assessment records of a 21 special commission authorized by this article, or a committee thereof, shall not be 22 subject to disclosure. These records and proceedings of any such the commission or 23 committee and individual members of the commission or committee thereof shall 24 be afforded all immunities, privileges, and protections available to "peer review 25 bodies" as defined under Section 805 of the Business and Professions Code, 26 including the protections of Section 1157 of the Evidence Code. 27

Comment. Section 14087.58 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). By updating the references to the CPRA, the amendment also eliminates an erroneous reference to "Chapter 5" (as opposed to "Chapter 3.5") and an erroneous reference to "Title I" (as opposed to "Title 1").

33 The section is also amended to make a technical change.

# \$ 14087.98 (amended). Comprehensive program of managed health care plan services for Medi-Cal recipients in specified counties

36 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14087.98 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 37 read:

14087.98. (a) The purpose of this article is to provide a comprehensive program
of managed health care plan services to Medi-Cal recipients residing in the
following counties that currently receive Medi-Cal services on a fee-for-service
basis: Alpine, Amador, Butte, Calaveras, Colusa, Del Norte, El Dorado, Glenn,
Humboldt, Imperial, Inyo, Lake, Lassen, Mariposa, Modoc, Nevada, Mono, Placer,

Plumas, San Benito, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Tuolumne, 1 and Yuba. 2 (b) The director may enter into exclusive or nonexclusive contracts on a bid or 3 negotiated basis with one or more managed health care plans to provide a 4 comprehensive program of managed health care plan services to Medi-Cal 5 recipients residing in the counties described in subdivision (a). The director shall 6 give special consideration to managed health care plans that meet all of the 7 following: 8 (1) Have demonstrated experience in effectively serving Medi-Cal beneficiaries, 9 including diverse populations. 10 (2) Have demonstrated experience in effectively partnering with public and 11 traditional safety net health care providers. 12 (3) Have demonstrated experience in working with local stakeholders, including 13 consumers, providers, advocates, and county officials, in plan oversight and in 14 delivery of care. 15 (4) Have the lowest administrative costs. 16 (5) Show support from local county officials as demonstrated by an action of the 17 county board of supervisors. 18 (6) Show recent successful experience with expansion of managed care to a rural 19 area. 20 (7) Offer a quality improvement program for primary care providers. 21 (c) Contracts entered into or amended pursuant to this section shall be exempt 22 from the provisions of Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of 23 Division 2 of the Public Contract Code and Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 24 14825) of Part 5.5 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. 25 (d) The managed health care plans that the department contracts with under this 26 article shall comply with the requirements of Section 14087.48 and meet all of the 27 following: 28 (1) Have Medi-Cal managed health care plan contract experience, or evidence of 29 the ability to meet these contracting requirements. 30 (2) Be in good financial standing and meet licensure requirements under the 31 Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with 32 Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code), if applicable. 33 (3) Meet quality measures, which may include Medi-Cal and Medicare Healthcare 34 Effectiveness Data and Information Set measures and other quality measures 35 determined or developed by the department and the federal Centers for Medicare 36 and Medicaid Services. 37 (e) The managed health care plans that the department contracts with under this 38 article shall provide Medi-Cal beneficiaries with information about enrollment 39 rights and options, plan benefits and rules, and care plan elements so that 40 beneficiaries have the ability to make informed choices. This information shall be 41 delivered in a format and language accessible to beneficiaries. The managed health 42 care plans shall provide access to providers in compliance with applicable state and 43

federal laws, including, but not limited to, physical accessibility and the provisionof health plan information in alternative formats.

3 (f) The department shall conduct a stakeholder process including relevant 4 stakeholders to ensure that beneficiaries, health care providers, and managed health 5 care plans have an opportunity to provide input into the delivery model for these 6 counties and to help ensure smooth care transitions for beneficiaries.

(g) Enrollment in a Medi-Cal managed health care plan or plans under this article
shall be mandatory in order to receive services under Medi-Cal, except as otherwise
provided by law.

(h) Each beneficiary or eligible applicant shall be informed that he or she the beneficiary or applicant may choose to continue an established patient-provider relationship if his or her the person's treating provider is a primary care provider or clinic contracting with the managed health care plan, has the available capacity, and agrees to continue to treat that beneficiary or eligible applicant. The managed health care plans shall comply with continuity of care requirements in Section 1373.96 of the Health and Safety Code.

(i)(1) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 17 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, the department may implement, 18 interpret, or make specific this section and amend regulations and orders adopted 19 by the department by means of plan letters, plan or provider bulletins, or similar 20 instructions, without taking regulatory action, until the time regulations are adopted. 21 It is the intent of the Legislature that the department have temporary authority as 22 necessary to implement program changes until completion of the regulatory process. 23 (2) The department shall adopt emergency regulations no later than July 1, 2014. 24 The department may readopt any emergency regulation authorized by this section 25 that is the same as or substantially equivalent to an emergency regulation previously 26 adopted pursuant to this section. The initial adoption of emergency regulations 27 implementing this section shall be deemed an emergency and necessary for the 28 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or general welfare. Initial 29

emergency regulations and the one readoption of emergency regulations authorized
by this section shall be exempt from review by the Office of Administrative Law.

(3) The initial emergency regulations and the one readoption of emergency
 regulations authorized by this section shall be submitted to the Office of
 Administrative Law for filing with the Secretary of State and each shall remain in
 effect for no more than 180 days, by which time final regulations may be adopted.

(j) The cost of any program established under this section shall not exceed the
 total amount that the department estimates it would pay for all services and
 requirements within the same geographic area under the fee-for-service Medi-Cal
 program.

(k) The department shall have exclusive authority to set the rates, terms, and
 conditions of managed health care plan contracts and contract amendments under
 this article. The director may include in the contract a provision for quality

assurance withholding from the plan payment, to be paid only if quality measures 1 identified in the plan contract are met. 2 (1) The department shall provide the fiscal and appropriate policy committees of 3 the Legislature with quarterly updates, commencing January 1, 2014, and ending 4 January 1, 2016, regarding the expansion of Medi-Cal managed care into the new 5 counties authorized pursuant to this section. These updates shall include, but not be 6 limited to, continuity of care requests, grievance and appeal rates, and utilization 7 reports for the new counties. 8 (m) The department shall seek all necessary federal approvals to allow for federal 9 financial participation in expenditures under this article. This article shall not be 10 implemented until all necessary federal approvals have been obtained. 11 (n) This section shall be implemented only to the extent federal financial 12 participation or funding is available. 13 (o) Notwithstanding subdivision (q) of Section 6254 Section 7926.220 of the 14 Government Code, a contract or contract amendments executed by both parties after 15 the effective date of the act adding this subdivision shall be considered a public 16 record for purposes of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 17 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 18 of Title 1 of the Government Code) and shall be disclosed upon request. This 19 subdivision applies to contracts that reveal the department's rates of payment for 20 health care services, the rates themselves, and rate manuals. 21 (p) To implement this section, the department may contract with public or private 22 entities. Contracts or amendments entered into under this section may be on an 23 exclusive or nonexclusive basis and a noncompetitive bid basis and shall be exempt 24 from the following: 25 (1) Part 2 (commencing with Section 10100) of Division 2 of the Public Contract 26 Code and any policies, procedures, or regulations authorized by that part. 27 (2) Article 4 (commencing with Section 19130) of Chapter 5 of Part 2 of Division 28 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code. 29 (3) Review or approval of contracts by the Department of General Services. 30 Comment. Section 14087.98 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 31 32 California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports (2019). 33 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns. 34 § 14089 (amended). Comprehensive program of managed health care plan services for 35 Medi-Cal recipients in defined geographic areas 36 SEC. . Section 14089 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read: 37 14089. (a) The purpose of this article is to provide a comprehensive program of 38 managed health care plan services to Medi-Cal recipients residing in clearly defined 39 geographical areas. It is, further, the purpose of this article to create maximum 40 accessibility to health care services by permitting Medi-Cal recipients the option of 41 choosing from among two or more managed health care plans or fee-for-service 42

managed case arrangements, including, but not limited to, health maintenance organizations, prepaid health plans, and primary care case management plans. Independent practice associations, health insurance carriers, private foundations, and university medical centers systems, not-for-profit clinics, and other primary care providers, may be offered as choices to Medi-Cal recipients under this article if they are organized and operated as managed care plans, for the provision of preventive managed health care plan services.

(b) The department may seek proposals and then shall enter into contracts based on relative costs, extent of coverage offered, quality of health services to be provided, financial stability of the health care plan or carrier, recipient access to services, cost-containment strategies, peer and community participation in quality control, emphasis on preventive and managed health care services and the ability of the health plan to meet all requirements for both of the following:

(1) Certification, where legally required, by the Director of the Department ofManaged Health Care and the Insurance Commissioner.

16 (2) Compliance with all of the following:

(A) The health plan shall satisfy all applicable state and federal legal requirements
 for participation as a Medi-Cal managed care contractor.

(B) The health plan shall meet any standards established by the department for theimplementation of this article.

21 (C) The health plan receives the approval of the department to participate in the 22 pilot project under this article.

(c)(1)(A) The proposals shall be for the provision of preventive and managed
 health care services to specified eligible populations on a capitated, prepaid, or
 postpayment basis.

(B) Enrollment in a Medi-Cal managed health care plan under this article shall be
voluntary for beneficiaries eligible for the federal Supplemental Security Income
for the Aged, Blind, and Disabled Program (Subchapter 16 (commencing with
Section 1381) of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code).

(2) The cost of each program established under this section shall not exceed the
 total amount that the department estimates it would pay for all services and
 requirements within the same geographic area under the fee-for-service Medi-Cal
 program.

(d)(1) An eligible beneficiary shall be entitled to enroll in any health care plan 34 contracted for pursuant to this article that is in effect for the geographic area in 35 which he or she the beneficiary resides. The department shall make available to 36 recipients information summarizing the benefits and limitations of each health care 37 plan available pursuant to this section in the geographic area in which the recipient 38 resides. A Medi-Cal or CalWORKs applicant or beneficiary shall be informed of 39 the health care options available regarding methods of receiving Medi-Cal benefits. 40 The county shall ensure that each beneficiary is informed of these options and 41

42 informed that a health care options presentation is available.

(2) No later than 30 days following the date a Medi-Cal or CalWORKs recipient 1 is informed of the health care options described in paragraph (1), the recipient shall 2 indicate his or her the recipient's choice, in writing, of one of the available health 3 care plans and his or her the recipient's choice of primary care provider or clinic 4 contracting with the selected health care plan. Notwithstanding the 30-day deadline 5 set forth in this paragraph, if a beneficiary requests a directory for the entire service 6 area within 30 days of the date of receiving an enrollment form, the deadline for 7 choosing a plan shall be extended an additional 30 days from the date of that request. 8 (3) The health care options information described in this subdivision shall include 9 the following elements: 10

(A) Each beneficiary or eligible applicant shall be provided, at a minimum, with 11 the name, address, telephone number, and specialty, if any, of each primary care 12 provider, by specialty or clinic participating in each managed health care plan option 13 through a personalized provider directory for that beneficiary or applicant. This 14 information shall be presented under the geographic area designations by the name 15 of the primary care provider and clinic, and shall be updated based on information 16 electronically provided monthly by the health care plans to the department, setting 17 forth changes in the health care plan provider network. The geographic areas shall 18 be based on the applicant's residence address, the minor applicant's school address, 19 the applicant's work address, or any other factor deemed appropriate by the 20 department, in consultation with health plan representatives, legislative staff, and 21 consumer stakeholders. In addition, directories of the entire service area, including, 22 but not limited to, the name, address, and telephone number of each primary care 23 provider and hospital, of all Geographic Managed Care health plan provider 24 networks shall be made available to beneficiaries or applicants who request them 25 from the health care options contractor. Each personalized provider directory shall 26 include information regarding the availability of a directory of the entire service 27 area, provide telephone numbers for the beneficiary to request a directory of the 28 entire service area, and include a postage-paid mail card to send for a directory of 29 the entire service area. The personalized provider directory shall be implemented as 30 a pilot project in Sacramento County pursuant to this article, and in Los Angeles 31 County (Two-Plan Model) pursuant to Article 2.7 (commencing with Section 32 14087.305). The content, form, and geographic areas used shall be determined by 33 the department in consultation with a workgroup to include health plan 34 representatives, legislative staff, and consumer stakeholders, with an emphasis on 35 the inclusion of stakeholders from Los Angeles and Sacramento Counties. The 36 personalized provider directories may include a section for each health plan. Prior 37 to implementation of the pilot project, the department, in consultation with 38 consumer stakeholders, legislative staff, and health plans, shall determine the 39 parameters, methodology, and evaluation process of the pilot project. The pilot 40 project shall thereafter be in effect for a minimum of two years. Following two years 41 of operation as a pilot project in two counties, the department, in consultation with 42 consumer stakeholders, legislative staff, and health plans, shall determine whether 43

1 to implement personalized provider directories as a permanent program statewide.

2 If necessary, the pilot project shall continue beyond the initial two-year period until

this determination is made. This pilot project shall only be implemented to the extent
that it is budget neutral to the department.

6 (B) Each beneficiary or eligible applicant shall be informed that he or she the 6 <u>beneficiary or applicant</u> may choose to continue an established patient-provider 7 relationship in a managed care option, if his or her the treating provider is a primary 8 care provider or clinic contracting with any of the health plans available and has the 9 available capacity and agrees to continue to treat that beneficiary or eligible 10 applicant.

11 (C) Each beneficiary or eligible applicant shall be informed that if he or she the 12 <u>beneficiary or applicant</u> fails to make a choice, he or she the beneficiary or applicant 13 shall be assigned to, and enrolled in, a health care plan.

(4) At the time the beneficiary or eligible applicant selects a health care plan, the
department shall, when applicable, encourage the beneficiary or eligible applicant
to also indicate, in writing, his or her that person's choice of primary care provider
or clinic contracting with the selected health care plan.

18 (5) Commencing with the implementation of a geographic managed care project 19 in a designated county, a Medi-Cal or CalWORKs beneficiary who does not make 20 a choice of health care plans in accordance with paragraph (2), shall be assigned to 21 and enrolled in an appropriate health care plan providing service within the area in 22 which the beneficiary resides.

(6) If a beneficiary or eligible applicant does not choose a primary care provider
or clinic, or does not select a primary care provider who is available, the health care
plan selected by or assigned to the beneficiary shall ensure that the beneficiary
selects a primary care provider or clinic within 30 days after enrollment or is
assigned to a primary care provider within 40 days after enrollment.

(7) A Medi-Cal or CalWORKs beneficiary dissatisfied with the primary care
provider or health care plan shall be allowed to select or be assigned to another
primary care provider within the same health care plan. In addition, the beneficiary
shall be allowed to select or be assigned to another health care plan contracted for
pursuant to this article that is in effect for the geographic area in which he or she the
beneficiary resides in accordance with Section 1903(m)(2)(F)(ii) of the Social
Security Act.

(8) The department or its contractor shall notify a health care plan when it has
been selected by or assigned to a beneficiary. The health care plan that has been
selected or assigned by a beneficiary shall notify the primary care provider that has
been selected or assigned. The health care plan shall also notify the beneficiary of
the health care plan and primary care provider selected or assigned.

(9) This section shall be implemented in a manner consistent with any federal
 waiver that is required to be obtained by the department to implement this section.

42 (e) A participating county may include within the plan or plans providing43 coverage pursuant to this section, employees of county government, and others who

reside in the geographic area and who depend upon county funds for all or part of
their health care costs.

3 (f) Funds may be provided to prospective contractors to assist in the design, 4 development, and installation of appropriate programs. The award of these funds

5 shall be based on criteria established by the department.

(g) In implementing this article, the department may enter into contracts for the
provision of essential administrative and other services. Contracts entered into under
this subdivision may be on a noncompetitive bid basis and shall be exempt from
Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public
Contract Code.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on and after the effective date of
the act adding this subdivision, the department shall have exclusive authority to set
the rates, terms, and conditions of geographic managed care contracts and contract
amendments under this article. As of that date, all references to this article to the
negotiator or to the California Medical Assistance Commission shall be deemed to
mean the department.

(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (q) of Section 6254 Section 7926.220 of the 17 Government Code, a contract or contract amendments executed by both parties after 18 the effective date of the act adding this subdivision shall be considered a public 19 record for purposes of the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 20 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 21 of Title 1 of the Government Code) and shall be disclosed upon request. This 22 subdivision includes contracts that reveal the department's rates of payment for 23 health care services, the rates themselves, and rate manuals. 24

Comment. Section 14089 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n

27 Reports (2019).

28 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns.

29 § 14089.07 (amended). Stakeholder advisory committee

30 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14089.07 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 31 read:

14089.07. (a) The Sacramento County Department of Health and Human Services 32 may establish a stakeholder advisory committee to provide input on the delivery of 33 health care services provided in the county pursuant to this article, Section 14182, 34 and Part 3.6 (commencing with Section 15909). The advisory committee shall 35 include, but not be limited to, Medi-Cal beneficiaries, patient representatives, health 36 care providers, and representatives of Medi-Cal managed care health plans. 37 (b) The advisory committee may submit written input to the State Department of 38 Health Care Services regarding policies that improve coordination with traditional 39

and safety net providers, enhance the capacity of the county's health care delivery

41 system, and improve health care services and health outcomes.

(c) The advisory committee may request, in writing, and receive final reports 1 submitted to the department by any managed care health plan operating in 2 Sacramento County as long as the report is not exempt from disclosure pursuant to 3 Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 4 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code, or any 5 other contractual, statutory, or legal exemption, or privilege. The advisory 6 committee may review and provide written comments to the department on these 7 reports, that may include issues such as evaluation of access, quality, and consumer 8 protections. 9

(d) No state General Fund moneys shall be used to fund advisory committee costs,
 nor to fund any related administrative costs incurred by the county.

12 **Comment.** Section 14089.07 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the

California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports (2019).

#### 15 § 14105.8 (amended). Contracts for enteral nutrition products

16 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14105.8 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 17 read:

18 14105.8. (a) The department may enter into contracts with manufacturers of 19 enteral nutrition products that can be used as a therapeutic regimen to prevent 20 serious disability or death in patients with medically diagnosed conditions that 21 preclude the full use of regular food, on a bid or nonbid basis. The department shall 22 maintain a list of those products for which contracts have been executed. For those 23 contracts that generate rebates, those rebates shall be managed through the 24 department's drug rebate accounting system.

(b)(1) To ensure that the health needs of Medi-Cal beneficiaries are met, the department shall, when evaluating a decision to execute a contract, and when evaluating enteral nutrition products for retention on, addition to, or deletion from,

the list of enteral nutrition products, consider all of the following criteria:

- 29 (A) The safety of the product.
- 30 (B) The effectiveness of the product.
- 31 (C) The essential need for the product.
- 32 (D) The potential for misuse of the product.
- 33 (E) The immediate or long-term cost effectiveness of the product.

(2) The deficiency of a product when measured by one of the criteria specified in paragraph (1) may be sufficient to support a decision that the product should be deleted from, should not be added to, or should not be retained on, the list of medical supplies. However, the superiority of a product under one criterion may be sufficient to warrant the addition or retention of the product, notwithstanding a deficiency in another criterion.

(c) In order that Medi-Cal beneficiaries may have access to a comprehensive
 range of enteral nutrition products pursuant to subdivision (a), the department shall
 ensure that there is representation on the list of both general use and specialized use

1 enteral nutrition products. The department deems all products designed to meet the

2 normal needs of infants, and all products that are an incomplete source of nutrition,

3 including modular products, and all products intended for use in weight loss, are not

4 benefits of the Medi-Cal program. The department may deem an incomplete product
5 a benefit for patients with diagnoses, including, but not limited to, malabsorption

and inborn errors of metabolism, when the product either appropriately lacks only
an offending nutrient, or has been shown to not be investigational nor experimental
when used as part of a therapeutic regimen to prevent serious disability or death, or

9 when both conditions apply.

(d) In order to achieve maximum cost savings, the Legislature declares that an
 expedited process for contracts under this section is necessary. Therefore, contracts
 entered into on a nonbid basis shall be exempt from Chapter 2 (commencing with
 Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code.

(e) Deletions made to the list of enteral nutrition products shall become effectiveno sooner than 30 days after publication of the changes in provider bulletins.

(f) Changes made to the list of enteral nutrition products under this or any other section are exempt from the requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340), Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 11370), and Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), and shall not be subject to the review and approval of the Office of Administrative Law.

(g) The department may provide beneficiaries continuing care for products 22 deleted from the list of enteral nutrition products. The department shall assess the 23 need for continuing care based on the criteria in subdivision (b) and the potential 24 impact on beneficiary access to appropriate therapy. To be eligible for continuing 25 care status under this subdivision, a beneficiary must be taking the enteral nutrition 26 product when the product is deleted. Additionally, the department shall have 27 received a claim for the enteral nutrition product with a date of service that is within 28 100 days prior to the date the product was deleted. A beneficiary shall remain 29 eligible for continuing care status provided that a claim is submitted for the enteral 30 nutrition product in question at least every 100 days and the date of service of the 31 claim is within 100 days of the date of service of the last claim submitted for the 32 same enteral nutrition product. 33

(h) The department shall provide individual notice to Medi-Cal beneficiaries at
least 60 calendar days prior to the effective date of the deletion of any enteral
nutrition product from the list of enteral nutrition products. The notice shall include
a description of the beneficiary's right to a fair hearing and shall encourage the
beneficiary to consult a physician to determine if an appropriate substitute enteral
nutrition product is available from Medi-Cal.

(i) Enteral nutrition products authorized pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be
 available only through prior authorization. The department may designate those
 enteral nutrition products that are without a contract as not being a benefit of the

Medi-Cal program, except in the case of continuing care as described in subdivision
 (h) of this section.

3 (j) Contracts executed pursuant to this section shall be confidential and shall be

4 exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5

5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7020,000) of Title 1 of the Covernment Code)

- 6 <u>Section 7920.000</u>) of Title 1 of the Government Code).
- 7 (k)(1) Manufacturers shall calculate and pay interest on late or unpaid rebates.

8 (2) Interest pursuant to paragraph (1) shall begin accruing 38 calendar days from

9 the date of mailing of the quarterly invoice, including supporting utilization data 10 sent to the manufacturer. Interest shall continue to accrue until the date of mailing

- 11 of the manufacturer's payment.
- 12 (3) Interest rates and calculations pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be identical and
- shall be equal to the drug rebate interest rates as determined by the federal Centers
  for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Medicaid Drug Rebate Program Releases or
- 15 regulations.

16 (4) If the date of mailing of a state rebate payment is 69 days of <u>or</u> more from the 17 date of mailing of the invoice, including supporting utilization data sent to the 18 manufacturer, the interest rate shall be as specified in paragraph (3), however the 19 interest rate shall be increased by 10 percentage points.

- (*l*) The department may adopt emergency regulations to implement this section in
  accordance with the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act
  (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of
- 23 the Government Code).

24 **Comment.** Section 14105.8 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

27 The section is also amended to correct a typographical error.

# 28 § 14105.22 (amended). Reimbursement for clinical laboratory or laboratory services

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14105.22 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to
 read:

14105.22. (a)(1) Reimbursement for clinical laboratory or laboratory services, as
 defined in Section 51137.2 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, shall
 not exceed 80 percent of the lowest maximum allowance established by the federal

- 34 Medicare Program for the same or similar services.
- (2) This subdivision shall be implemented only until the new rate methodology
   under subdivision (b) is approved by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
   Services (CMS).
- (b)(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department develop reimbursement
   rates for clinical laboratory or laboratory services that are comparable to the
   payment amounts received from other payers for clinical laboratory or laboratory
   services. Development of these rates will enable the department to reimburse

clinical laboratory or laboratory service providers in compliance with state and
 federal law.

3 (2)(A) The provisions of Section 51501(a) of Title 22 of the California Code of

4 Regulations shall not apply to laboratory providers reimbursed under the new rate

5 methodology developed for clinical laboratories or laboratory services pursuant to 6 this subdivision.

(B) In addition to subparagraph (A), laboratory providers reimbursed under any
payment reductions implemented pursuant to this section shall not be subject to the
provisions of Section 51501(a) of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations
until July 1, 2015.

(3) Reimbursement to providers for clinical laboratory or laboratory services shall
 not exceed the lowest of the following:

13 (A) The amount billed.

14 (B) The charge to the general public.

(C) Eighty percent of the lowest maximum allowance established by the federalMedicare Program for the same or similar services.

(D) A reimbursement rate based on an average of the lowest amount that other
 payers and other state Medicaid programs are paying for similar clinical laboratory
 or laboratory services.

(4)(A) In addition to the payment reductions implemented pursuant to Section
14105.192, payments shall be reduced by up to 10 percent for clinical laboratory or
laboratory services, as defined in Section 51137.2 of Title 22 of the California Code
of Regulations, for dates of service on and after July 1, 2012. The payment
reductions pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until the new rate methodology
under this subdivision has been approved by CMS.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), the Family Planning, Access, Care, and
Treatment (Family PACT) Program pursuant to subdivision (aa) of Section 14132
shall be exempt from the payment reduction specified in this section.

(5)(A) For purposes of establishing reimbursement rates for clinical laboratory or
 laboratory services pursuant to subparagraph (D) of paragraph (3), laboratory
 service providers shall submit data reports according to the following schedule:

(i) The data initially provided shall be for the 2018 calendar year. For each
 subsequent reporting year the data shall be based on the previous calendar year.

(ii) For purposes of clause (i), "reporting year" means 2019 and every third yearthereafter.

36 (B) A data report submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall specify the 37 provider's lowest amounts other payers are paying, including other state Medicaid 38 programs and private insurance, minus discounts and rebates. The specific data 39 required for submission under this subparagraph and the format for the data 40 submission shall be determined and specified by the department after receiving 41 stakeholder input pursuant to paragraph (7).

42 (C) The data submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) may be used to determine 43 reimbursement rates by procedure code based on an average of the lowest amount other payers are paying providers for similar clinical laboratory or laboratory services, excluding significant deviations of cost or volume factors and with consideration to geographical areas. The department shall have the discretion to determine the specific methodology and factors used in the development of the lowest average amount under this subparagraph to ensure compliance with federal Medicaid law and regulations as specified in paragraph (10).

(D) For purposes of subparagraph (C), the department may contract with a vendor
for the purposes of collecting payment data reports from clinical laboratories,
analyzing payment information, and calculating a proposed rate.

10 (E) The proposed rates calculated by the vendor described in subparagraph (D) 11 may be used in determining the lowest reimbursement rate for clinical laboratories 12 or laboratory services in accordance with paragraph (3).

(F) Data reports submitted to the department shall be certified by the provider's
 certified financial officer or an authorized individual.

15 (G) Clinical laboratory providers that fail to submit data reports within 30 16 working days from the time requested by the department shall be subject to the 17 suspension provisions of subdivisions (a) and (c) of Section 14123.

(6) Data reports provided to the department pursuant to this section shall be
 confidential and shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public
 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division
 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

22 (7) The department shall seek stakeholder input on the ratesetting methodology.

(8)(A) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1
of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, the department shall, without
taking any further regulatory action, implement, interpret, or make specific this
section by means of provider bulletins or similar instructions until regulations are
adopted. It is the intent of the Legislature that the department have temporary
authority as necessary to implement program changes until completion of the
regulatory process.

(B) The department shall adopt emergency regulations no later than June 30, 30 2016. The department may readopt any emergency regulation authorized by this 31 section that is the same as or substantially equivalent to an emergency regulation 32 previously adopted pursuant to this section. The initial adoption of emergency 33 regulations implementing the amendments to this section and the one readoption of 34 emergency regulations authorized by this section shall be deemed an emergency and 35 necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or 36 general welfare. Initial emergency regulations and the one readoption of emergency 37 regulations authorized by this section shall be exempt from review by the Office of 38 Administrative Law. 39

(C) The initial emergency regulations and the one readoption of emergency
 regulations authorized by this section shall be submitted to the Office of
 Administrative Law for filing with the Secretary of State and each shall remain in
 effect for no more than 180 days, by which time final regulations may be adopted.

(9) To the extent that the director determines that the new methodology or
payment reductions are not consistent with the requirements of Section
1396a(a)(30)(A) of Title 42 of the United States Code, the department may revert
to the methodology under subdivision (a) to ensure access to care is not
compromised.

(10)(A) The department shall implement this section in a manner that is consistent
with federal Medicaid law and regulations. The director shall seek any necessary
federal approvals for the implementation of this section. This section shall be
implemented only to the extent that federal approval is obtained.

(B) In determining whether federal financial participation is available, the director
 shall determine whether the rates and payments comply with applicable federal
 Medicaid requirements, including those set forth in Section 1396a(a)(30)(A) of Title
 42 of the United States Code.

(C) To the extent that the director determines that the rates and payments do not comply with applicable federal Medicaid requirements or that federal financial participation is not available with respect to any reimbursement rate, the director retains the discretion not to implement that rate or payment and may revise the rate or payment as necessary to comply with federal Medicaid requirements. The department shall notify the Joint Legislative Budget Committee 10 days prior to revising the rate or payment to comply with federal Medicaid requirements.

(c) Reimbursement rates developed pursuant to subparagraph (D) of paragraph
(3) of subdivision (b) and the changes made by the act that added this subdivision
shall be effective beginning on July 1, 2020, and on July 1 of every third year
thereafter.

Comment. Section 14105.22 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 28 § 14105.33 (amended). Drug contracts with manufacturers

29 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14105.33 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 30 read:

14105.33. (a) The department may enter into contracts with manufacturers of
 single-source and multiple-source drugs, on a bid or nonbid basis, for drugs from
 each major therapeutic category, and shall maintain a list of those drugs for which
 contracts have been executed.

(b)(1) Contracts executed pursuant to this section shall be for the manufacturer's 35 best price, as defined in Section 14105.31, which shall be specified in the contract, 36 and subject to agreed-upon price escalators, as defined in that section. The contracts 37 shall provide for a state rebate, as defined in Section 14105.31, to be remitted to the 38 department quarterly. The department shall submit an invoice to each manufacturer 39 for the state rebate, including supporting utilization data from the department's 40 prescription drug paid claims tapes within 30 days of receipt of the federal Centers 41 for Medicare and Medicaid Services' file of manufacturer rebate information. In 42

1 lieu of paying the entire invoiced amount, a manufacturer may contest the invoiced

2 amount pursuant to procedures established by the federal Centers for Medicare and

3 Medicaid Services' Medicaid Drug Rebate Program Releases or regulations by

mailing a notice, that shall set forth its grounds for contesting the invoiced amount,
to the department within 38 days of the department's mailing of the state invoice

and supporting utilization data. For purposes of state accounting practices only, the
contested balance shall not be considered an accounts receivable amount until final
resolution of the dispute pursuant to procedures established by the federal Centers
for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Medicaid Drug Rebate Program Releases or
regulations that results in a finding of an underpayment by the manufacturer.
Manufacturers may request, and the department shall timely provide, at cost, Medi-

12 Cal provider level drug utilization data, and other Medi-Cal utilization data 13 necessary to resolve a contested department-invoiced rebate amount.

14 (2) The department shall provide for an annual audit of utilization data used to 15 calculate the state rebate to verify the accuracy of that data. The findings of the audit 16 shall be documented in a written audit report to be made available to manufacturers 17 within 90 days of receipt of the report from the auditor. Any manufacturer may 18 receive a copy of the audit report upon written request. Contracts between the 19 department and manufacturers shall provide for any equalization payment 20 adjustments determined necessary pursuant to an audit.

(3)(A) Utilization data used to determine the state rebate shall exclude data from
 both of the following:

(i) Health maintenance organizations, as defined in Section 300e(a) of Title 42 of
the United States Code, including those organizations that contract under Section
1396b(m) of Title 42 of the United States Code.

(ii) Capitated plans that include a prescription drug benefit in the capitated rate,
 and that have negotiated contracts for rebates or discounts with manufacturers.

(B) This paragraph shall become inoperative on July 1, 2014.

(4) Commencing July 1, 2014, utilization data used to determine the state rebate 29 shall include data from all programs, including, but not limited to, fee-for-service 30 Medi-Cal, and utilization data, as limited in paragraph (5), from health plans 31 contracting with the department to provide services to beneficiaries pursuant to this 32 chapter, Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200), or Chapter 8.75 33 (commencing with Section 14591), that qualify for federal drug rebates pursuant to 34 Section 1927 of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396r-8) or that 35 otherwise qualify for federal funds under Title XIX of the federal Social Security 36 Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396 et seq.) pursuant to the Medicaid state plan or waivers. 37

(5) Health plan utilization data shall be limited to those drugs for which a health
 plan is authorizing a prescription drug described in subparagraph (A), and pursuant
 to the coverage policies established in subparagraph (B):

(A) A prescription drug for which the department reimburses the health plan
 through a separate capitated payment or other supplemental payment. Payment shall

not be withheld for decisions determined pursuant to Section 1374.34 of the Health
 and Safety Code.

(B) The department shall develop coverage policies, consistent with the criteria 3 set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 14105.39 and in consultation 4 with clinical experts, Medi-Cal managed care plans, and other stakeholders, for 5 prescription drugs described in subparagraph (A). These coverage policies shall 6 apply to the entire Medi-Cal program, including fee-for-service and Medi-Cal 7 managed care, through the Medi-Cal List of Contract Drugs or through provider 8 bulletins, all plan letters, or similar instructions. Coverage policies developed 9 pursuant to this section shall be revised on a semiannual basis or upon approval by 10 the Food and Drug Administration of a new drug subject to subparagraph (A). For 11 the purposes of this section, "coverage policies" include, but are not limited to, 12 clinical guidelines and treatment and utilization policies. 13

(6) For prescription drugs not subject to the requirements of paragraph (5),
utilization data used to determine the state rebate shall include all data from health
plans, except for health maintenance organizations, as defined in Section 300e(a) of
Title 42 of the United States Code, including those organizations that contract
pursuant to Section 1396b(m) of Title 42 of the United States Code.

(7) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of 19 Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, the department, without taking any 20 further regulatory action, shall implement, interpret, or make specific paragraph (5) 21 by means of all-county letters, plan letters, plan or provider bulletins, or similar 22 instructions, until the time regulations are adopted. The department shall adopt 23 regulations by October 1, 2017, in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 3.5 24 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the 25 Government Code. Notwithstanding Section 10231.5 of the Government Code, 26 beginning six months after the effective date of this section, the department shall 27 provide a status report to the Legislature on a semiannual basis, in compliance with 28 Section 9795 of the Government Code, until regulations have been adopted. 29

(c) In order that Medi-Cal beneficiaries may have access to a comprehensive
range of therapeutic agents, the department shall ensure that there is representation
on the list of contract drugs in all major therapeutic categories. Except as provided
in subdivision (a) of Section 14105.35, the department shall not be required to
contract with all manufacturers who negotiate for a contract in a particular category.
The department shall ensure that there is sufficient representation of single-source
and multiple-source drugs, as appropriate, in each major therapeutic category.

(d) The department shall select the therapeutic categories to be included on the
list of contract drugs, and the order in which it seeks contracts for those categories.
The department may establish different contracting schedules for single-source and
multiple-source drugs within a given therapeutic category.

(e)(1) In order to fully implement subdivision (d), the department shall, to the
 extent necessary, negotiate or renegotiate contracts to ensure there are as many
 single-source drugs within each therapeutic category or subcategory as the

department determines necessary to meet the health needs of the Medi-Cal 1 population. The department may determine in selected therapeutic categories or 2 subcategories that no single-source drugs are necessary because there are currently 3 sufficient multiple-source drugs in the therapeutic category or subcategory on the 4 list of contract drugs to meet the health needs of the Medi-Cal population. However, 5 in no event shall a beneficiary be denied continued use of a drug which that is part 6 of a prescribed therapy in effect as of September 2, 1992, until the prescribed 7 therapy is no longer prescribed. 8

(2) In the development of decisions by the department on the required number of 9 single-source drugs in a therapeutic category or subcategory, and the relative 10 therapeutic merits of each drug in a therapeutic category or subcategory, the 11 department shall consult with the Medi-Cal Contract Drug Advisory Committee. 12 The committee members shall communicate their comments and recommendations 13 to the department within 30 business days of a request for consultation, and shall 14 disclose any associations with pharmaceutical manufacturers or any remuneration 15 from pharmaceutical manufacturers. 16

(f) In order to achieve maximum cost savings, the Legislature declares that an
expedited process for contracts under this section is necessary. Therefore, contracts
entered into on a nonbid basis shall be exempt from Chapter 2 (commencing with
Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code.

(g) In no event shall a beneficiary be denied continued use of a drug that is part
 of a prescribed therapy in effect as of September 2, 1992, until the prescribed
 therapy is no longer prescribed.

(h) Contracts executed pursuant to this section shall be confidential and shall be
exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with
Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(i) The department shall provide individual notice to Medi-Cal beneficiaries at
least 60 calendar days prior to the effective date of the deletion or suspension of any
drug from the list of contract drugs. The notice shall include a description of the
beneficiary's right to a fair hearing and shall encourage the beneficiary to consult a
physician to determine if an appropriate substitute medication is available from
Medi-Cal.

(j) In carrying out the provisions of this section, the department may contract
 either directly, or through the fiscal intermediary, for pharmacy consultant staff
 necessary to initially accomplish the treatment authorization request reviews.

(k)(1) Manufacturers shall calculate and pay interest on late or unpaid rebates.
 The interest shall not apply to any prior period adjustments of unit rebate amounts
 or department utilization adjustments.

40 (2) For state rebate payments, manufacturers shall calculate and pay interest on 41 late or unpaid rebates for quarters that begin on or after the effective date of the act

42 that added this subdivision.

(3) Following final resolution of any dispute pursuant to procedures established
by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Medicaid Drug Rebate
Program Releases or regulations regarding the amount of a rebate, any
underpayment by a manufacturer shall be paid with interest calculated pursuant to
subdivisions (m) and (n), and any overpayment, together with interest at the rate
calculated pursuant to subdivisions (m) and (n), shall be credited by the department
against future rebates due.

8 (*l*) Interest pursuant to subdivision (k) shall begin accruing 38 calendar days from 9 the date of mailing of the invoice, including supporting utilization data sent to the 10 manufacturer. Interest shall continue to accrue until the date of mailing of the 11 manufacturer's payment.

(m) Except as specified in subdivision (n), interest rates and calculations pursuant
 to subdivision (k) for Medicaid rebates and state rebates shall be identical and shall
 be determined by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Medicaid
 Drug Rebate Program Releases or regulations.

(n) If the date of mailing of a state rebate payment is 69 days or more from the date of mailing of the invoice, including supporting utilization data sent to the manufacturer, the interest rate and calculations pursuant to subdivision (k) shall be as specified in subdivision (m), however the interest rate shall be increased by 10 percentage points. This subdivision shall apply to payments for amounts invoiced for any quarters that begin on or after the effective date of the act that added this subdivision.

(o) If the rebate payment is not received, the department shall send overdue 23 notices to the manufacturer at 38, 68, and 98 days after the date of mailing of the 24 invoice, and supporting utilization data. If the department has not received a rebate 25 payment, including interest, within 180 days of the date of mailing of the invoice, 26 including supporting utilization data, the manufacturer's contract with the 27 department shall be deemed to be in default and the contract may be terminated in 28 accordance with the terms of the contract. For all other manufacturers, if the 29 department has not received a rebate payment, including interest, within 180 days 30 of the date of mailing of the invoice, including supporting utilization data, all of the 31 drug products of those manufacturers shall be made available only through prior 32 authorization effective 270 days after the date of mailing of the invoice, including 33 utilization data sent to manufacturers. 34

(p) If the manufacturer provides payment or evidence of payment to the department at least 40 days prior to the proposed date the drug is to be made available only through prior authorization pursuant to subdivision (*o*), the department shall terminate its actions to place the manufacturers' drug products on prior authorization.

(q) The department shall direct the state's fiscal intermediary to remove prior
authorization requirements imposed pursuant to subdivision (*o*) and notify providers
within 60 days after payment by the manufacturer of the rebate, including interest.
If a contract was in place at the time the manufacturers' drugs were placed on prior

authorization, removal of prior authorization requirements shall be contingent upon 1 good faith negotiations and a signed contract with the department. 2

(r) A beneficiary may obtain drugs placed on prior authorization pursuant to 3 subdivision (*o*) if the beneficiary qualifies for continuing care status. To be eligible 4 for continuing care status, a beneficiary must be taking the drug when its 5 manufacturer is placed on prior authorization status. Additionally, the department 6 shall have received a claim for the drug with a date of service that is within 100 days 7 prior to the date the manufacturer was placed on prior authorization. 8

(s) A beneficiary may remain eligible for continuing care status, provided that a 9 claim is submitted for the drug in question at least every 100 days and the date of 10 service of the claim is within 100 days of the date of service of the last claim 11 submitted for the same drug. 12

(t) Drugs covered pursuant to Sections 14105.43 and 14133.2 shall not be subject 13 to prior authorization pursuant to subdivision (o), and any other drug may be 14 exempted from prior authorization by the department if the director determines that 15 an essential need exists for that drug, and there are no other drugs currently available 16 without prior authorization that meet that need. 17

(u) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting subdivisions (k) to (t), inclusive, 18 that the department and manufacturers shall cooperate and make every effort to 19 resolve rebate payment disputes within 90 days of notification by the manufacturer 20 to the department of a dispute in the calculation of rebate payments.

- 21
- Comment. Section 14105.33 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 22 California Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, Cal. L. Revision 23
- 24 Comm'n Reports (2019).
- The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction. 25

#### § 14105.45 (amended). Fees, costs, prices, rates, reimbursement, and related matters 26

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14105.45 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 27 read: 28

14105.45. (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply: 29

(1) "Actual acquisition cost" has the same meaning as that term is defined in 30 Section 447.502 of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations. The actual 31 acquisition cost shall not be considered confidential and shall be subject to 32 disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 33 with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) 34 of Title 1 of the Government Code). 35

- (2) "Average manufacturers price" means the price reported to the department by 36 the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services pursuant to Section 1927 37 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396r-8). 38
- (3) "Average wholesale price" means the price for a drug product listed as the 39 average wholesale price in the department's primary price reference source. 40
- (4) "Blood factors" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 41 14105.86. 42

1 (5) "Federal upper limit" means the maximum per unit reimbursement when 2 established by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

(6) "Generically equivalent drugs" means drug products with the same active
chemical ingredients of the same strength and dosage form, and of the same generic
drug name, as determined by the United States Adopted Names (USAN) Council
and accepted by the federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA), as those drug
products having the same chemical ingredients.

(7) "Legend drug" means any drug whose labeling states "Caution: Federal law
prohibits dispensing without prescription," "Rx only," or words of similar import.

10 (8) "Maximum allowable ingredient cost" (MAIC) means the maximum amount 11 the department will reimburse Medi-Cal pharmacy providers for generically 12 equivalent drugs.

(9) "Innovator multiple source drug," "noninnovator multiple source drug," and
"single source drug" have the same meaning as those terms are defined in Section
1396r-8(k)(7) of Title 42 of the United States Code.

16 (10) "Nonlegend drug" means any drug whose labeling does not contain the 17 statement referenced in paragraph (7).

18 (11) "Pharmacy warehouse" means a physical location licensed as a wholesaler 19 for prescription drugs that acts as a central warehouse and performs intracompany 20 sales or transfers of those drugs to a group of pharmacies under common ownership 21 and control.

(12) "Professional dispensing fee" has the same meaning as that term is defined
 in Section 447.502 of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(13) "Specialty drugs" means drugs determined by the department pursuant to
subdivision (f) of Section 14105.3 to generally require special handling, complex
dosing regimens, specialized self-administration at home by a beneficiary or
caregiver, or specialized nursing facility services, or may include extended patient
education, counseling, monitoring, or clinical support.

(14) "Volume weighted average" means the aggregated average volume for a
group of legend or nonlegend drugs, weighted by each drug's percentage of the
group's total volume in the Medi-Cal fee-for-service program during the previous
six months. For purposes of this paragraph, volume is based on the standard billing
unit used for the legend or nonlegend drugs.

(15) "Wholesaler" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 4043
of the Business and Professions Code.

- (16) "Wholesaler acquisition cost" means the price for a drug product listed as the
   wholesaler acquisition cost in the department's primary price reference source.
- (b)(1) Reimbursement to Medi-Cal pharmacy providers for legend and nonlegend
   drugs shall not exceed the lowest of either of the following:
- 40 (A) The drug ingredient cost plus a professional dispensing fee.
- (B) The pharmacy's usual and customary charge as defined in Section 14105.455.
- 42 (2)(A) Effective for dates of service on or before March 31, 2017, the professional
- 43 dispensing fee shall be seven dollars and twenty-five cents (\$7.25) per dispensed

prescription, and the professional dispensing fee for legend drugs dispensed to a
beneficiary residing in a skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility shall be

3 eight dollars (\$8) per dispensed prescription. For purposes of this paragraph,

4 "skilled nursing facility" and "intermediate care facility" have the same meaning as

those terms are defined in Division 5 (commencing with Section 70001) of Title 22
of the California Code of Regulations.

(B) Effective for dates of service on or after April 1, 2017, the professional
dispensing fee shall be based upon a pharmacy's total, both Medicaid and nonMedicaid, annual claim volume of the previous year as follows:

10 (i) Less than 90,000 claims per year, the professional dispensing fee shall be 11 thirteen dollars and twenty cents (\$13.20).

(ii) Ninety thousand or more claims per year, the professional dispensing fee shall
be ten dollars and five cents (\$10.05).

14 (C) If the department determines that a change in the amount of the professional 15 dispensing fee is necessary pursuant to this section in order to meet federal Medicaid 16 requirements, the department shall establish a new professional dispensing fee 17 through the state budget process.

(i) When establishing the new professional dispensing fee or fees, the department
 shall establish the professional dispensing fee or fees consistent with Section
 447.518(d) of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(ii) The department shall consult with interested parties and appropriatestakeholders in implementing this subparagraph.

(3) The department shall establish the drug ingredient cost of legend andnonlegend drugs as follows:

(A) Effective for dates of service on or before March 31, 2017, the drug ingredient
 cost shall be equal to the lowest of the average wholesale price minus 17 percent,
 the actual acquisition cost, the federal upper limit, or the MAIC.

(B) Effective for dates of service on or after April 1, 2017, the drug ingredient
 cost shall be equal to the lowest of the actual acquisition cost, the federal upper
 limit, or the MAIC.

31 (C) For blood factors, the drug ingredient cost shall be established pursuant to 32 Section 14105.86.

(D) Average wholesale price shall not be used to establish the drug ingredient cost
 once the department has determined that the actual acquisition cost methodology
 has been fully implemented.

(4) For purposes of paragraph (3), the department may establish a list of MAICs
for generically equivalent drugs. If the department establishes a list of MAICs for
generically equivalent drugs, the department shall update the list of MAICs and
establish additional MAICs in accordance with all of the following:

40 (A) The department shall establish a MAIC only when three or more generically

41 equivalent drugs are available for purchase and dispensing by retail pharmacies in

42 California.

(B) The department shall base the MAIC on the mean of the average
manufacturer's price of drugs generically equivalent to the particular innovator drug
plus a percent markup determined by the department to be necessary for the MAIC
to represent the average purchase price paid by retail pharmacies in California.

5 (C) If average manufacturer prices are unavailable, the department shall establish 6 the MAIC in one of the following ways:

(i) Based on the volume weighted average of wholesaler acquisition costs of drugs
generically equivalent to the particular innovator drug plus a percent markup
determined by the department to be necessary for the MAIC to represent the average
purchase price paid by retail pharmacies in California.

(ii) Pursuant to a contract with a vendor for the purpose of surveying drug priceinformation, collecting data, and calculating a proposed MAIC.

(iii) Based on the volume weighted actual acquisition cost of drugs generically
 equivalent to the particular innovator drug adjusted by the department to represent
 the average purchase price paid by Medi-Cal pharmacy providers.

(D) The department shall publish the list of MAICs in pharmacy provider
 bulletins and manuals, update the MAICs at least annually, and notify Medi-Cal
 providers at least 30 days prior to the effective date of a MAIC.

(E) The department shall establish a process for providers to seek a change to a
specific MAIC when the providers believe the MAIC does not reflect current
available market prices. If the department determines a MAIC change is warranted,
the department may update a specific MAIC prior to notifying providers.

(F) In determining the average purchase price, the department shall consider the
 provider-related costs of the products that include, but are not limited to, shipping,
 handling, and storage. Costs of the provider that are included in the costs of the
 dispensing shall not be used to determine the average purchase price.

(5)(A) The department may establish the actual acquisition cost in one of thefollowing ways:

(i) Based on the volume weighted actual acquisition cost adjusted by the
 department to verify that the actual acquisition cost represents the average purchase
 price paid by retail pharmacies in California.

(ii) Based on the proposed actual acquisition cost as calculated by the vendorpursuant to subparagraph (B).

(iii) Based on a national pricing benchmark obtained from the federal Centers for
Medicare and Medicaid Services or on a similar benchmark listed in the
department's primary price reference source adjusted by the department to verify
that the actual acquisition cost represents the average purchase price paid by retail
pharmacies in California.
(B) For the purposes of paragraph (3), the department may contract with a vendor

(B) For the purposes of paragraph (3), the department may contract with a vendor
 for the purposes of surveying drug price information, collecting data from providers,

41 wholesalers, or drug manufacturers, and calculating a proposed actual acquisition

42 cost.

(C)(i) Medi-Cal pharmacy providers shall submit drug price information to the 1 department or a vendor designated by the department for the purposes of 2 establishing the actual acquisition cost. The information submitted by pharmacy 3 providers shall include, but not be limited to, invoice prices and all discounts, 4 rebates, and refunds known to the provider that would apply to the acquisition cost 5 of the drug products purchased during the calendar quarter. Pharmacy warehouses 6 shall be exempt from the survey process, but shall provide drug cost information 7 upon audit by the department for the purposes of validating individual pharmacy 8 provider acquisition costs. 9

(ii) Pharmacy providers that fail to submit drug price information to the
department or the vendor as required by this subparagraph shall receive notice that
if they do not provide the required information within five working days, they shall
be subject to suspension under subdivisions (a) and (c) of Section 14123.

(D)(i) For new drugs or new formulations of existing drugs, if drug price 14 information is unavailable pursuant to clause (i) of subparagraph (C), drug 15 manufacturers and wholesalers shall submit drug price information to the 16 department or a vendor designated by the department for the purposes of 17 establishing the actual acquisition cost. Drug price information shall include, but 18 not be limited to, net unit sales of a drug product sold to retail pharmacies in 19 California divided by the total number of units of the drug sold by the manufacturer 20 or wholesaler in a specified period of time determined by the department. 21

(ii) Drug products from manufacturers and wholesalers that fail to submit drug
 price information to the department or the vendor as required by this subparagraph
 shall not be a reimbursable benefit of the Medi-Cal program for those manufacturers
 and wholesalers until the department has established the actual acquisition cost for
 those drug products.

(E) Drug pricing information provided to the department or a vendor designated by the department for the purposes of establishing the actual acquisition cost pursuant to this section shall be confidential and shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(F) Prior to the implementation of an actual acquisition cost methodology, the
 department shall collect data through a survey of pharmacy providers for purposes
 of establishing a professional dispensing fee or fees in compliance with federal
 Medicaid requirements.

(i) The department shall seek stakeholder input on the retail pharmacy factors and
 elements used for the pharmacy survey relative to both actual acquisition costs and
 professional dispensing costs.

(ii) For drug products provided by pharmacy providers pursuant to subdivision (f)
 of Section 14105.3, a differential professional fee or payment for services to provide
 specialized care may be considered as part of the contracts established pursuant to
 that section.

(G) When the department implements the actual acquisition cost methodology,
the department shall update the Medi-Cal claims processing system to reflect the
actual acquisition cost of drugs not later than 30 days after the department has
established actual acquisition cost pursuant to subparagraph (A).

(H) Notwithstanding any other law, if the department implements actual acquisition cost pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (A), the department shall update actual acquisition costs at least every three months and notify Medi-Cal providers at least 30 days prior to the effective date of any change in an actual acquisition cost.

(I) The department shall make available a process for providers to seek a change
 to a specific actual acquisition cost when the providers believe the actual acquisition
 cost does not reflect current available market prices. If the department determines
 an actual acquisition cost change is warranted, the department may update a specific
 actual acquisition cost prior to notifying providers.

(c) The director shall implement this section in a manner that is consistent with
 federal Medicaid law and regulations. The director shall seek any necessary federal
 approvals for the implementation of this section. This section shall be implemented
 only to the extent that federal approval is obtained.

(d) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of
Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, the department may implement,
interpret, or make specific this section by means of a provider bulletin or notice,
policy letter, or other similar instructions, without taking regulatory action.

(e) The department may enter into contracts with a vendor for the purposes of
implementing this section on a bid or nonbid basis. In order to achieve maximum
cost savings, the Legislature declares that an expedited process for contracts under
this section is necessary. Therefore, contracts entered into to implement this section,
and all contract amendments and change orders, shall be exempt from Chapter 2
(commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract
Code.

(f)(1) The rates provided for in this section shall be implemented only if the
 director determines that the rates will comply with applicable federal Medicaid
 requirements and that federal financial participation will be available.

(2) In determining whether federal financial participation is available, the director
 shall determine whether the rates comply with applicable federal Medicaid
 requirements, including those set forth in Section 1396a(a)(30)(A) of Title 42 of the
 United States Code.

(3) To the extent that the director determines that the rates do not comply with
applicable federal Medicaid requirements or that federal financial participation is
not available with respect to any rate of reimbursement described in this section, the
director retains the discretion not to implement that rate and may revise the rate as
necessary to comply with federal Medicaid requirements.

42 (g) The director shall seek any necessary federal approvals for the implementation43 of this section.

1 (h) This section shall not be construed to require the department to collect cost

data, to conduct cost studies, or to set or adjust a rate of reimbursement based oncost data that has been collected.

4 (i) Effective for dates of service on or after April 1, 2017, adjustments to 5 pharmacy drug product payments pursuant to Section 14105.192 shall no longer 6 apply.

7 (j) Prior to implementation of this section, the department shall provide the 8 appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the Legislature with information on the 9 department's plan for implementation of the actual acquisition cost methodology 10 pursuant to this section.

11 **Comment.** Section 14105.45 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the 12 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision 13 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

### 14 § 14107.11 (amended). Credible allegation of fraud against provider

15 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14107.11 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 16 read:

17 14107.11. (a) Upon receipt of a credible allegation of fraud as defined in 18 subdivision (d) and for which an investigation is pending under the Medi-Cal 19 program against a provider as defined in Section 14043.1, or the commencement of 20 a suspension under Section 14123, the provider shall be temporarily placed under 21 payment suspension, unless it is determined there is a good cause exception, as 22 defined in subdivision (g), not to suspend the payments or to suspend them only in 23 part, and the department may do any of the following:

(1) Collect any Medi-Cal program overpayment identified through an audit or 24 examination, or any portion thereof from any provider. Notwithstanding Section 25 100171 of the Health and Safety Code, a provider may appeal the collection of 26 overpayments under this section pursuant to procedures established in Article 5.3 27 (commencing with Section 14170). Overpayments collected under this section shall 28 not be returned to the provider during the pendency of any appeal and may be offset 29 to satisfy audit or appeal findings if the findings are against the provider. 30 Overpayments will be returned to a provider with interest if findings are in favor of 31 the provider. 32

33 (2) Give notification of the payment suspension for any goods, services, supplies, 34 or merchandise, or any portion thereof. The department shall notify the provider 35 within five days of any payment suspension under this section. The department may 36 delay notification to the provider by 30 days if it is requested to do so in writing by 37 any law enforcement agency, which may be renewed in writing up to two times and 38 in no event may exceed 90 days. The notice to the provider shall do all of the 39 following:

(A) State that the payment suspension is being imposed in accordance with this
 subdivision and that the payment suspension is for a temporary period and will not

continue if it is determined that no credible allegation of fraud remains against the
 provider or when legal proceedings relating to the allegation are complete.

3 (B) Cite the circumstances under which the payment suspension will be 4 terminated.

5 (C) Specify, when appropriate, the type or types of claims for which payment is 6 being suspended.

7 (D) Inform the provider of the right to submit written evidence that would be 8 admissible under the administrative adjudication provisions of Chapter 5 9 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the 10 Government Code, for consideration by the department.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 100171 of the Health and Safety Code, a provider
 may appeal a payment suspension pursuant to Section 14043.65. Payments
 suspended under this section shall not be returned to the provider during the
 pendency of any appeal and may be offset to satisfy audit or appeal findings.

(c) A payment suspension may be lifted when a resolution of an investigation for
 fraud or abuse occurs as defined in subdivision (p) of Section 14043.1.

(d) An allegation of fraud shall be considered credible if it exhibits indicia of
reliability as recognized by state or federal courts or by other law sufficient to meet
the constitutional prerequisite to a law enforcement search or seizure of comparable
business assets. The department shall carefully consider the allegations, facts, data,
and evidence with the same thoroughness as a state or federal court would use in
approving a warrant for a search or seizure.

(e)(1) On a quarterly basis, the Department of Justice, and any other law 23 enforcement agency that has accepted referrals for investigation from the 24 department, shall submit a report to the department listing each referral and stating 25 whether the referral continues to be under investigation and whether it involves a 26 credible allegation of fraud. If the Department of Justice or a law enforcement 27 agency fails to submit a report under this subdivision, the department may request 28 the report from the Department of Justice or the law enforcement agency on no more 29 than a quarterly basis. The Department of Justice or the law enforcement agency, as 30 applicable, shall provide the report within 30 days of the request. 31

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), no quarterly report shall be required from a
 law enforcement agency, unless that law enforcement agency has either received a
 referral from the department or reported an open case to the department and has not
 yet reported rejection or closure of that referral or open case.

(f) A report, request, or notification submitted under this section shall be exempt
from the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section
6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of
the Government Code). These records may be disclosed to law enforcement
agencies or other government entities that execute an agreement conforming to
subdivision (c) of Section 6254.5 paragraph (5) of subdivision (c) of Section
7921.505 of the Government Code.

43 (g) For purposes of this section, all of the following apply:

(1) "Provider" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 14043.1. 1 (2) "Good cause exception" means a reason determined by the department that 2 falls under Section 455.23(e) or (f) of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations. 3 (3) "Law enforcement agency" includes any agency employing peace officers, as 4 defined in Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 830) of Title 3 of Part 2 of the 5 Penal Code. 6 (h) The director may, in consultation with interested parties, adopt regulations to 7 implement this section as necessary. These regulations may be adopted as 8 emergency regulations in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act 9 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of 10 the Government Code) and the adoption of the regulations shall be deemed to be an 11 emergency and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health 12 and safety, or general welfare. The director shall transmit these emergency 13

regulations directly to the Secretary of State for filing and the regulations shall become effective immediately upon filing. Upon completion of the formal regulation adoption process and prior to the expiration of the 120-day duration period of emergency regulations, the director shall transmit directly to the Secretary of State the adopted regulations, the rulemaking file, and the certification of compliance as required by subdivision (e) of Section 11346.1 of the Government Code.

Comment. Section 14107.11 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

## 24 § 14124.24 (amended). Drug Medi-Cal reimbursable services

25 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14124.24 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 26 read:

14124.24. (a) For purposes of this section, "Drug Medi-Cal reimbursable
services" means the substance use disorder services described in the California
Medicaid State Plan and includes, but is not limited to, all of the following services,
administered by the department, and to the extent consistent with state and federal
law:

- 32 (1) Narcotic treatment program services, as set forth in Section 14021.51.
- 33 (2) Day care rehabilitative services.
- 34 (3) Perinatal residential services for pregnant women and women in the35 postpartum period.
- 36 (4) Naltrexone services.
- 37 (5) Outpatient drug-free services.

(6) Other services upon approval of a federal Medicaid state plan amendment orwaiver authorizing federal financial participation.

40 (b)(1) While seeking federal approval for any federal Medicaid state plan 41 amendment or waiver associated with Drug Medi-Cal services, the department shall consult with the counties and stakeholders in the development of the state plan
 amendment or waiver.

3 (2) Upon federal approval of a federal Medicaid state plan amendment authorizing

federal financial participation in the following services, and subject to appropriation
of funds, "Drug Medi-Cal reimbursable services" shall also include the following
services, administered by the department, and to the extent consistent with state and
federal law:

8 (A) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of Section 14132.90, day care habilitative 9 services, which, for purposes of this paragraph, are outpatient counseling and 10 rehabilitation services provided to persons with substance use disorder diagnoses.

(B) Case management services, including supportive services to assist persons
 with substance use disorder diagnoses in gaining access to medical, social,
 educational, and other needed services.

14 (C) Aftercare services.

(c)(1) The nonfederal share for Drug Medi-Cal services shall be funded through 15 a county's Behavioral Health Subaccount of the Support Services Account of the 16 Local Revenue Fund 2011, and any other available county funds eligible under 17 federal law for federal Medicaid reimbursement. The funds contained in each 18 county's Behavioral Health Subaccount of the Support Services Account of the 19 Local Revenue Fund 2011 shall be considered state funds distributed by the 20 principal state agency for the purposes of receipt of the federal block grant funds for 21 prevention and treatment of substance abuse found at Subchapter XVII of Chapter 22 6A of Title 42 of the United States Code. Pursuant to applicable federal Medicaid 23 law and regulations including Section 433.51 of Title 42 of the Code of Federal 24 Regulations, counties may claim allowable Medicaid federal financial participation 25 for Drug Medi-Cal services based on the counties certifying their actual total funds 26 expenditures for eligible Drug Medi-Cal services to the department. 27

(2)(A) If the director determines that a county's provision of Drug Medi-Cal
treatment services are disallowed by the federal government or by state or federal
audit or review, the impacted county shall be responsible for repayment of all
disallowed federal funds. In addition to any other recovery methods available,
including, but not limited to, offset of Medicaid federal financial participation funds
owed to the impacted county, the director may offset these amounts in accordance
with Section 12419.5 of the Government Code.

(B) A county subject to an action by the director pursuant to subparagraph (A) 35 may challenge that action by requesting a hearing in writing no later than 30 days 36 from receipt of notice of the department's action. The proceeding shall be conducted 37 in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of 38 Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, and the director has all the powers 39 granted therein. Upon a county's timely request for hearing, the county's obligation 40 to make payment as determined by the director shall be stayed pending the county's 41 exhaustion of administrative remedies provided herein but no longer than will 42

ensure the department's compliance with Section 1903(d)(2)(C) of the federal
Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396b).

3 (d) Drug Medi-Cal services are only reimbursable to Drug Medi-Cal providers
4 with an approved Drug Medi-Cal contract.

(e) Counties shall negotiate contracts only with providers certified to provideDrug Medi-Cal services.

7 (f) The department shall develop methods to ensure timely payment of Drug8 Medi-Cal claims.

9 (g)(1) A county or a contracted provider, except for a provider to whom 10 subdivision (h) applies, shall submit accurate and complete cost reports for the 11 previous fiscal year by November 1, following the end of the fiscal year. The 12 department may settle Drug Medi-Cal reimbursable services, based on the cost 13 report as the final amendment to the approved county Drug Medi-Cal contract.

14 (2) Amounts paid for services provided to Drug Medi-Cal beneficiaries shall be 15 audited by the department in the manner and form described in Section 14170.

(3) Administrative appeals to review grievances or complaints arising from the
 findings of an audit or examination made pursuant to this section shall be subject to
 Section 14171.

(h) Certified narcotic treatment program providers that are exclusively billing the 19 state or the county for services rendered to persons subject to Section 1210.1 or 20 3063.1 of the Penal Code or Section 14021.52 of this code shall submit accurate and 21 complete performance reports for the previous state fiscal year by November 1 22 following the end of that fiscal year. A provider to which this subdivision applies 23 shall estimate its budgets using the uniform state daily reimbursement rate. The 24 format and content of the performance reports shall be mutually agreed to by the 25 department, the County Behavioral Health Directors Association of California, and 26 representatives of the treatment providers. 27

(i) Contracts entered into pursuant to this section shall be exempt from the
requirements of Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 10100) and Chapter 2
(commencing with Section 10290) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract
Code.

(i) Annually, the department shall publish procedures for contracting for Drug 32 Medi-Cal services with certified providers and for claiming payments, including 33 procedures and specifications for electronic data submission for services rendered. 34 (k) If the department commences a preliminary criminal investigation of a 35 certified provider, the department shall promptly notify each county that currently 36 contracts with the provider for Drug Medi-Cal services that a preliminary criminal 37 investigation has commenced. If the department concludes a preliminary criminal 38 investigation of a certified provider, the department shall promptly notify each 39 county that currently contracts with the provider for Drug Medi-Cal services that a 40 preliminary criminal investigation has concluded. 41

(1) Notice of the commencement and conclusion of a preliminary criminal
 investigation pursuant to this section shall be made to the county behavioral health
 director or his or her the director's equivalent.

(2) Communication between the department and a county specific to the 4 commencement or conclusion of a preliminary criminal investigation pursuant to 5 this section shall be deemed confidential and shall not be subject to any disclosure 6 request, including, but not limited to, the Information Practices Act of 1977 (Chapter 7 1 (commencing with Section 1798) of Title 1.8 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil 8 Code), the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 9 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of 10 the Government Code), requests pursuant to a subpoena, or for any other public 11 purpose, including, but not limited to, court testimony. 12 (3) Information shared by the department with a county regarding a preliminary 13 criminal investigation shall be maintained in a manner to ensure protection of the 14

15 confidentiality of the criminal investigation.

(4) The information provided to a county pursuant to this section shall only
 include the provider name, national provider identifier (NPI) number, address, and
 the notice that an investigation has commenced or concluded.

(5) A county shall not take any adverse action against a provider based solely
 upon the preliminary criminal investigation information disclosed to the county
 pursuant to this section.

(6) In the event of a preliminary criminal investigation of a county owned or
 operated program, the department has the option to, but is not required to, notify the
 county pursuant to this section when the department commences or concludes a
 preliminary criminal investigation.

(7) This section shall not limit the voluntary or otherwise legally mandated or
 contractually mandated sharing of information between the department and a county
 of information regarding audits and investigations of Drug Medi-Cal providers.

(8) "Commenced" means the time at which a complaint or allegation is assignedto an investigator for a field investigation.

(9) "Preliminary criminal investigation" means an investigation to gather
 information to determine if criminal law or statutes have been violated.

Comment. Section 14124.24 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

36 § 14129.2 (amended). Quality assurance fee for emergency medical transport

37 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14129.2 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 38 read:

<sup>39</sup> 14129.2. (a)(1) Commencing with the state fiscal quarter beginning on July 1,

40 2018, and continuing each state fiscal quarter thereafter for which this article is

implemented, there shall be imposed a quality assurance fee for each emergency

1 medical transport provided by each emergency medical transport provider subject

2 to the fee in accordance with this section.

3 (2) The director shall ensure that the quality assurance fee per emergency medical
 4 transport imposed pursuant to this article is collected.

(b)(1) On or before June 15, 2018, and continuing each June 15 thereafter for 5 which this article is implemented, the director shall calculate the annual quality 6 assurance fee rate applicable to the following state fiscal year based on the most 7 recently collected data from emergency medical transport providers pursuant to 8 Section 14129.1. The director may correct any identified material or significant 9 errors in the data collected from emergency medical transport providers pursuant to 10 Section 14129.1 for the purposes of calculating the annual quality assurance fee rate. 11 The director's determination whether to exercise his or her the director's discretion 12 to correct any data pursuant to this paragraph shall not be subject to judicial review, 13 except that an emergency medical transport provider may bring a writ of mandate 14 under Section 1085 of the Code of Civil Procedure to rectify an abuse of discretion 15 by the director in correcting that emergency medical transport provider's data when 16 that correction results in a greater fee amount for that provider pursuant to this 17 section. 18

(A) For the state fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2018, the annual quality
assurance fee rate shall be calculated by multiplying the projected total annual gross
receipts for all emergency medical transport providers subject to the fee by 5.1
percent, which resulting product shall be divided by the projected total annual
emergency medical transports by all emergency medical transport providers subject
to the fee for the state fiscal year.

(B) For state fiscal years beginning July 1, 2019, and continuing each state fiscal 25 year thereafter, the annual quality assurance fee rate shall be calculated by a ratio, 26 the numerator of which shall be the sum of: (i) the product of the projected aggregate 27 fee schedule amount and the effective state medical assistance percentage and (ii) 28 the amount described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) for the 29 state fiscal year, and the denominator of which shall be 90 percent of the projected 30 total annual emergency medical transports by all emergency medical transport 31 providers subject to the fee for the state fiscal year. 32

(2) On or before June 15, 2018, and continuing each June 15 thereafter for which
 this article is implemented, the director shall publish the annual quality assurance
 fee rate on its Internet Web site internet website.

(3) In no case shall the fees calculated pursuant to this subdivision and collected pursuant to this article exceed the amounts allowable under federal law. If, on or before June 15 of each year, the director makes a determination that the fees collected pursuant to this subdivision exceed the amounts allowable under federal law, the director may reduce the add-on increase to the fee-for-service payment schedule described in Section 14129.3 only to the extent necessary to reflect the amount of fees allowable under federal law in an applicable state fiscal year.

(4) If, during a state fiscal year for which this article is operative, the actual or 1 projected available fee amount exceeds or is less than the actual or projected 2 aggregate fee schedule amount by more than 1 percent, the director shall adjust the 3 annual quality assurance fee rate so that the available fee amount for the state fiscal 4 year will approximately equal the aggregate fee schedule amount for the state fiscal 5 year. The available fee amount for a state fiscal year shall be considered to equal 6 the aggregate fee schedule amount for the state fiscal year if the difference between 7 the available fee amount for the state fiscal year and the aggregate fee schedule 8 amount for the state fiscal year constitutes less than 1 percent of the aggregate fee 9 schedule amount for the state fiscal year. 10

(c)(1) Each emergency medical transport provider subject to the fee shall remit to 11 the department an amount equal to the annual quality assurance fee rate for the 12 2018–19 state fiscal year multiplied by the number of transports reported or that 13 should have been reported by the emergency medical transport provider pursuant to 14 subdivision (b) of Section 14129.1 in the quarter beginning on April 1, 2018, based 15 on a schedule established by the director. The schedule established by the director 16 for the fee payment described in this paragraph shall require remittance of the fee 17 payment according to the following guidelines: 18

(A) The director shall require an emergency medical transport provider that
rendered 35,000 or more Medi-Cal fee-for-service emergency medical transports
during the 2016–17 state fiscal year to remit the fee payment described in this
paragraph on or after July 1, 2018.

(B) The director shall require an emergency medical transport provider that
 rendered fewer than 35,000 Medi-Cal fee-for-service emergency medical transports
 during the 2016–17 state fiscal year to remit 50 percent or less of the fee payment
 described in this paragraph on or after August 1, 2018.

(C) The director shall require an emergency medical transport provider that
rendered fewer than 35,000 Medi-Cal fee-for-service emergency medical transports
during the 2016–17 state fiscal year to remit any remaining fee payment amount
described in this paragraph on or after August 15, 2018.

(2) Commencing with the state fiscal quarter beginning on October 1, 2018, and 31 continuing each state fiscal quarter thereafter, on or before the first day of each state 32 fiscal quarter, each emergency medical transport provider subject to the fee shall 33 remit to the department an amount equal to the annual quality assurance fee rate for 34 the applicable state fiscal year multiplied by the number of transports reported or 35 that should have been reported by the emergency medical transport provider 36 pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 14129.1 in the immediately preceding quarter. 37 (d)(1) Interest shall be assessed on quality assurance fees not paid on the date due 38 at the greater of 10 percent per annum or the rate at which the department assesses 39 interest on Medi-Cal program overpayments pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 40 14171. Interest shall begin to accrue the day after the date the payment was due and 41

shall be deposited in the Medi-Cal Emergency Medical Transport Fund establishedin subdivision (f).

(2) In the event that any fee payment is more than 60 days overdue, the department 1 may deduct the unpaid fee and interest owed from any Medi-Cal reimbursement 2 payments owed to the emergency medical transport provider until the full amount 3 of the fee, interest, and any penalties assessed under this article are recovered. Any 4 deduction made pursuant to this subdivision shall be made only after the department 5 gives the emergency medical transport provider written notification. Any deduction 6 made pursuant to this subdivision may be deducted over a period of time that takes 7 into account the financial condition of the emergency medical transport provider. 8

9 (3) In the event that any fee payment is more than 60 days overdue, a penalty 10 equal to the interest charge described in paragraph (1) shall be assessed and due for 11 each month for which the payment is not received after 60 days. Any funds resulting 12 from a penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited into the Medi-13 Cal Emergency Medical Transport Fund created pursuant to subdivision (f).

(4) The director may waive a portion or all of either the interest or penalties, or 14 both, assessed under this article in the event the director determines, in his or her 15 the director's sole discretion, that the emergency medical transport provider has 16 demonstrated that imposition of the full amount of the quality assurance fee 17 pursuant to the timelines applicable under this article has a high likelihood of 18 creating an undue financial hardship for the provider. Waiver of some or all of the 19 interest or penalties pursuant to this paragraph shall be conditioned on the 20 emergency medical transport provider's agreement to make fee payments on an 21 alternative schedule developed by the department. 22

(e) The department shall accept an emergency medical transport provider's
 payment even if the payment is submitted in a rate year subsequent to the rate year
 in which the fee was assessed.

(f)(1) The director shall deposit the quality assurance fees collected pursuant to
this section in the Medi-Cal Emergency Medical Transport Fund, which is hereby
created in the State Treasury and, notwithstanding Section 13340 of the Government
Code, is continuously appropriated without regard to fiscal years to the department
for the purposes specified in this article. Notwithstanding Section 16305.7 of the
Government Code, the fund shall also include interest and dividends earned on
moneys in the fund.

(2) The moneys in the Medi-Cal Emergency Medical Transport Fund, including
any interest and dividends earned on money in the fund, shall be available
exclusively to enhance federal financial participation for ambulance services under
the Medi-Cal program and to provide additional reimbursement to, and to support
quality improvement efforts of, emergency medical transport providers, and to pay
for the state's administrative costs and to provide funding for health care coverage
for Californians, in the following order of priority:

40 (A) To pay for the department's staffing and administrative costs directly 41 attributable to implementing this article, not to exceed the following amounts:

42 (i) For the 2018–19 state fiscal year, one million three thousand dollars
43 (\$1,003,000), exclusive of any federal matching funds.

(ii) For the 2019–20 state fiscal year and each state fiscal year thereafter, three
hundred seventy-four thousand dollars (\$374,000), exclusive of any federal
matching funds.

4 (B) To pay for the health care coverage in each applicable state fiscal year in the 5 amount of 10 percent of the annual quality assurance fee collection amount, 6 exclusive of any federal matching funds.

7 (C) To make increased payments to emergency medical transport providers 8 pursuant to this article.

(g) In the event of a merger, acquisition, or similar transaction involving an 9 emergency medical transport provider that has outstanding quality assurance fee 10 payment obligations pursuant to this article, including any interest and penalty 11 amounts owed, the resultant or successor emergency medical transport provider 12 shall be responsible for paying to the department the full amount of outstanding 13 quality assurance fee payments, including any applicable interest and penalties, 14 attributable to the emergency medical transport provider for which it was assessed, 15 upon the effective date of such the transaction. An entity considering a merger, 16 acquisition, or similar transaction involving an emergency medical transport 17 provider may submit a request pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 18 6250) Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the 19 Government Code to ascertain the outstanding quality assurance fee payment 20 obligations of the emergency medical transport provider pursuant to this article as 21 of the date of the department's response to that request. 22

Comment. Section 14129.2 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). By updating the cross-reference to the CPRA, the amendment also remedies an omission in that cross-reference (before recodification, the cross-reference should have been to "Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code").

29 The section is also amended to eliminate gendered pronouns and make other technical changes.

30 § 14167.37 (amended). Public documentation used to administer and audit program

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14167.37 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

14167.37. (a)(1) The department shall make available all public documentation it
 uses to administer and audit the program authorized under Article 5.230
 (commencing with Section 14169.50) pursuant to the California Public Records Act
 (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10
 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).

38 (2) In addition, upon request from a hospital, the department shall require Medi-

39 Cal managed care plans to furnish hospitals with the amounts the plan intends to

40 pay to the hospital pursuant to Article 5.230 (commencing with Section 14169.50).

41 Nothing in this paragraph shall require the department to reconcile payments made

42 to individual hospitals from Medi-Cal managed care plans.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the department shall post all of the following
on the department's Internet Web site internet website:

(1) Within 10 business days after receipt of approval of the hospital quality
assurance fee program under Article 5.230 (commencing with Section 14169.50)
from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), the hospital
quality assurance fee final model and upper payment limit calculations.

7 (2) Quarterly updates on payments, fee schedules, and model updates when 8 applicable.

9 (3) Within 10 business days after receipt, information on managed care rate 10 approvals.

11 (c) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Fee schedules" mean the dates on which the hospital quality assurance fee
will be due from the hospitals and the dates on which the department will submit
fee-for-service payments to the hospitals. "Fee schedules" also include the dates on
which the department is expected to submit payments to managed care plans.

16 (2) "Hospital quality assurance fee final model" means the spreadsheet 17 calculating the supplemental amounts based on the upper payment limit calculation 18 from claims and hospital data sources of days and hospital services once CMS 19 approves the program under Article 5.230 (commencing with Section 14169.50).

(3) "Upper payment limit calculation" means the determination of the federal
upper payment limit on the amount of the Medicaid payment for which federal
financial participation is available for a class of service and a class of health care
providers, as specified in Part 447 of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations,
and that has been approved by CMS.

Comment. Section 14167.37 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the
 California Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision
 Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019).

#### 28 § 14301.1 (amended). Capitation rates

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14301.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

14301.1. (a) For rates established on or after August 1, 2007, the department shall 31 pay capitation rates to health plans participating in the Medi-Cal managed care 32 program using actuarial methods and may establish health-plan- and county-specific 33 rates. Notwithstanding any other law, this section shall apply to any managed care 34 organization, licensed under the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 35 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and 36 Safety Code), that has contracted with the department as a primary care case 37 management plan pursuant to Article 2.9 (commencing with Section 14088) of 38 Chapter 7 to provide services to beneficiaries who are HIV positive or who have 39 been diagnosed with AIDS for rates established on or after July 1, 2012. The 40 department shall utilize a county- and model-specific rate methodology to develop 41 Medi-Cal managed care capitation rates for contracts entered into between the 42

department and any entity pursuant to Article 2.7 (commencing with Section 14087.3), Article 2.8 (commencing with Section 14087.5), and Article 2.91
(commencing with Section 14089) of Chapter 7 that includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
(1) Health-plan-specific encounter and claims data.

6 (2) Supplemental utilization and cost data submitted by the health plans.

7 (3) Fee-for-service data for the underlying county of operation or other 8 appropriate counties as deemed necessary by the department.

9 (4) Department of Managed Health Care financial statement data specific to 10 Medi-Cal operations.

(5) Other demographic factors, such as age, gender, or diagnostic-based risk
 adjustments, as the department deems appropriate.

(b) To the extent that the department is unable to obtain sufficient actual plan data,
 it may substitute plan model, similar plan, or county-specific fee-for-service data.

(c) The department shall develop rates that include administrative costs, and may

apply different administrative costs with respect to separate aid code groups.

(d) The department shall develop rates that shall include, but are not limited to,
assumptions for underwriting, return on investment, risk, contingencies, changes in
policy, and a detailed review of health plan financial statements to validate and
reconcile costs for use in developing rates.

(e) The department may develop rates that pay plans based on performance
 incentives, including quality indicators, access to care, and data submission.

(f) The department may develop and adopt condition-specific payment rates for
 health conditions, including, but not limited to, childbirth delivery.

(g)(1) Prior to finalizing Medi-Cal managed care capitation rates, the department
 shall provide health plans with information on how the rates were developed,
 including rate sheets for that specific health plan, and provide the plans with the
 opportunity to provide additional supplemental information.

(2) For contracts entered into between the department and any entity pursuant to
Article 2.8 (commencing with Section 14087.5) of Chapter 7, the department, by
June 30 of each year, or, if the budget has not passed by that date, no later than five
working days after the budget is signed, shall provide preliminary rates for the
upcoming fiscal year.

(h) For the purposes of developing capitation rates through implementation of this 34 ratesetting methodology, Medi-Cal managed care health plans shall provide the 35 department with financial and utilization data in a form and substance as deemed 36 necessary by the department to establish rates. This data shall be considered 37 proprietary and shall be exempt from disclosure as official information pursuant to 38 subdivision (k) of Section 6254 Section 7927.705 of the Government Code as 39 contained in the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 40 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000 of 41 Title 1 of the Government Code). 42

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(i) Notwithstanding any other law, on and after the effective date of the act adding
this subdivision, the department may apply this section to the capitation rates it pays
under any managed care health plan contract.

(j) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of
Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, the department may set and
implement managed care capitation rates, and interpret or make specific this section
and any applicable federal waivers and state plan amendments by means of plan
letters, plan or provider bulletins, or similar instructions, without taking regulatory
action.

(k) The department shall report, upon request, to the fiscal and policy committees
of the respective houses of the Legislature regarding implementation of this section.
(*l*) Prior to October 1, 2011, the risk-adjusted countywide capitation rate shall

comprise no more than 20 percent of the total capitation rate paid to each Medi-Cal
managed care plan.

(m)(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to preserve the policy goal to support and
 strengthen traditional safety net providers who treat high volumes of uninsured and
 Medi-Cal patients when Medi-Cal enrollees are defaulted into Medi-Cal managed
 care plans.

19 (2) As the department adds additional factors, such as managed care plan costs, to 20 the Medi-Cal managed care plan default assignment algorithm, it shall consult with 21 the Auto Assignment Performance Incentive Program stakeholder workgroup to 22 develop cost factor disregards related to intergovernmental transfers and required 23 wraparound payments that support safety net providers.

(n)(1) The department shall develop and pay capitation rates to entities contracted
 pursuant to Chapter 8.75 (commencing with Section 14591), using actuarial
 methods and in a manner consistent with this section, except as provided in this
 subdivision.

(2)(A) The department may develop capitation rates using a standardized rate
 methodology across managed care plan models for comparable populations. The
 specific rate methodology applied to PACE organizations shall address features of
 PACE that distinguishes it from other managed care plan models.

(B) The rate methodology shall be consistent with actuarial rate development
 principles and shall provide for all reasonable, appropriate, and attainable costs for
 each PACE organization within a region.

(3) The department may develop statewide rates and apply geographic
 adjustments, using available data sources deemed appropriate by the department.
 Consistent with actuarial methods, the primary source of data used to develop rates

for each PACE organization shall be its Medi-Cal cost and utilization data or other

39 data sources as deemed necessary by the department.

40 (4) Rates developed pursuant to this subdivision shall reflect the level of care
 41 associated with the specific populations served under the contract.

42 (5) The rate methodology developed pursuant to this subdivision shall contain a
43 mechanism to account for the costs of high-cost drugs and treatments.

(6) Rates developed pursuant to this subdivision shall be actuarially certified prior
 to implementation.

3 (7) The department shall consult with those entities contracted pursuant to
4 Chapter 8.75 (commencing with Section 14591) in developing a rate methodology
5 according to this subdivision.

(8) Consistent with the requirements of federal law, the department shall calculate
an upper payment limit for payments to PACE organizations. In calculating the
upper payment limit, the department shall correct the applicable data as necessary
and shall consider the risk of nursing home placement for the comparable population
when estimating the level of care and risk of PACE participants.

11 (9) The department shall pay the entity at a rate within the certified actuarially 12 sound rate range developed with respect to that entity, to the extent consistent with 13 federal requirements and subject to paragraph (11), as necessary to mitigate the 14 impact to the entity of the methodology developed pursuant to this subdivision.

(10) During the first two years in which a new PACE organization or existing PACE organization enters a previously unserved area, the department shall pay at a rate within the certified actuarially sound rate range developed with respect to that entity, to the extent consistent with federal requirements and subject to paragraph (11), to reflect the lower enrollment and higher operating costs associated with a new PACE organization relative to a PACE organization with higher enrollment

and more experience providing managed care interventions to its beneficiaries.

(11) This subdivision shall be implemented only to the extent that any necessary
 federal approvals are obtained and federal financial participation is available.

(12) This subdivision shall apply for rates implemented no earlier than January 1,2017.

Comment. Section 14301.1 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports \_\_ (2019).

29 § 14456.3 (amended). Sharing of information with Department of Managed Health Care

30 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14456.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 31 read:

14456.3. (a) The department shall share with the Department of Managed Health
Care its findings from medical audits and monthly provider files of a Medi-Cal
managed care plan that provides services to Medi-Cal beneficiaries pursuant to
Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) or this chapter and is subject to
Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety
Code.

38 (b) To the extent that the department communicates its preliminary investigative

audit findings to the Department of Managed Health Care under subdivision (a),

40 those communications shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public

41 Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division

42 <u>10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)</u> of Title 1 of the Government Code).

1 **Comment.** Section 14456.3 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California

- Public Records Act. See California Public Records Act Clean-Up, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Paperts (2010)
- 3 Reports (2019).
- 4 § 14499.6 (amended). Agreements between Santa Barbara Regional Health Authority and
   5 out-of-county Selective Provider Contracting Program hospitals
- 6 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 14499.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 7 read:
- 14499.6. (a) The Santa Barbara Regional Health Authority may arrange with out-8 of-county Selective Provider Contracting Program hospitals that have negotiated 9 hospital contracts and per diem rates under Article 5.1 (commencing with Section 10 14165) of Chapter 7, to provide medically justified emergency services or to provide 11 specialized hospital services not available within Santa Barbara County to Medi-12 Cal beneficiaries who reside in Santa Barbara County. The authority may arrange 13 medically justified inpatient hospital services with out-of-county program hospitals 14 for those beneficiaries whose county of residence for purposes of eligibility 15 determination is Santa Barbara, but who for medical or legal reasons physically 16 reside in a county other than Santa Barbara. 17
- (b) The out-of-county program hospitals shall not charge the authority more than
   their program negotiated rates when providing hospital services to authority patients
   under this section, except as provided in subdivision (c).
- (c) In cases where an out-of-county program hospital can demonstrate that the cost of the services it is rendering to authority patients was not contemplated in the case mix and acuity assumptions on which the program rates are based, the program hospital and the authority shall negotiate in good faith equitable rates for payment for the provision of hospital services to authority patients. The established program rate shall serve as the base for those negotiations.
- (d)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any records maintained by the
  authority which that would enable a determination to be made regarding rates
  negotiated pursuant to Article 5.1 (commencing with Section 14165) of Chapter 7,
  shall be exempt from the <u>California</u> Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
  with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)
  of Title 1 of the Government Code).
- (2) The authority shall establish guidelines to ensure that these rates are
   maintained as confidential records and that access to these records is restricted.
- 35 (3) The authority shall submit the established guidelines to the department for 36 approval.
- 37 **Comment.** Section 14499.6 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
- Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
   Reports \_\_ (2019).
- 40 The section is also amended to make a grammatical correction.

# \$ 15805 (amended). Transitional matters relating to books, documents, files, property, data, information, and records

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 15805 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read: 15805. (a)(1) The Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board shall provide the State Department of Health Care Services any data, information, or record concerning the Healthy Families Program or the Access for Infants and Mothers Program as are necessary to implement this part and clause (ii) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (6) of subdivision (a) of Section 12693.70 of the Insurance Code.

9 (2) All books, documents, files, property, data, information, or record in 10 possession of the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board, except for personnel 11 records related to staff transferred to the California Health Benefits Exchange 12 pursuant to Section 12739.61 or 12739.78 of the Insurance Code, shall be 13 transferred to the State Department of Health Care Services on July 1, 2014.

(3) Until the transition of duties from the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board 14 to the State Department of Health Care Services required under subdivision (a) of 15 Section 15800 is complete, any book, document, file, property, data, information, 16 or record in the possession of the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board pertaining 17 to functions, programs, and subscribers to be transferred to the State Department of 18 Health Care Services pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 15800 shall immediately 19 be made available to the State Department of Health Care Services upon request for 20 review, inspection, and copying, including electronic transmittal, including records 21 otherwise not subject to disclosure under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with 22 Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of 23 Title 1 of the Government Code. 24

25 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, all of the following shall apply:

(1) The term "book, document, file, property, data, information, or record" shall
include, but is not limited to, personal information as defined in Section 1798.3 of
the Civil Code.

(2) Any book, document, file, property, data, information, or record shall be 29 exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 30 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with 31 Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code) and any other law, to the 32 same extent that it was exempt from disclosure or privileged prior to the provision 33 of the book, document, file, property, data, information, or record to the department. 34 (3) The provision of any book, document, file, property, data, information, or 35 record to the department shall not constitute a waiver of any evidentiary privilege 36 or exemption from disclosure. 37

(4) The department shall keep all books, documents, files, property, data,
information, or records provided by the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board
confidential to the full extent permitted by law, including, but not limited to, the
California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of
Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the
Government Code), and consistent with the Managed Risk Medical Insurance

Board's contractual obligations to keep books, documents, files, property, data,
 information, or records confidential.

**Comment.** Section 15805 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_\_ (2019). By updating the references to the CPRA in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(4), the amendment also remedies an omission in those cross-references (before recodification, the cross-references should have been to "Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division

8 7 *of Title 1* of the Government Code").

#### 9 § 16809.4 (amended). County Medical Services Program Governing Board

10 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 16809.4 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to 11 read:

12 16809.4. (a) Counties voluntarily participating in the County Medical Services

13 Program pursuant to Section 16809 may establish the County Medical Services

Program Governing Board pursuant to procedures contained in this section. The governing board shall govern the County Medical Services Program.

16 (b) The membership of the governing board shall be comprised of all of the 17 following:

18 (1) Three members who shall each be a member of a county board of supervisors.

19 (2) Three members who shall be county administrative officers.

- 20 (3) Two members who shall be county welfare directors.
- 21 (4) Two members who shall be county health officials.
- (5) One member who shall be the Secretary of the Health and Welfare Agency, or
   his or her the secretary's designee, and who shall serve as an ex officio, nonvoting
   member.

25 (c) The governing board may establish its own bylaws and operating procedures.

- 26 (d) The voting membership of the governing board shall meet all of the following27 requirements:
- (1) All of the members shall hold office or employment in counties that participate
   in the County Medical Services Program.
- 30 (A) The three county supervisor members shall be elected by the boards of 31 supervisors of the CMSP counties, with each county having one vote and convened 32 at the call of the chair of the governing board.

(B) The three county administrative officers shall be elected by the administrative
 officers of the CMSP counties convened at the call of the chair of the governing
 board.

- (C) The two county health officials shall be selected by the health officials of the
   CMSP counties convened at the call of the chair of the governing board.
- 38 (D) The two county welfare directors shall be elected by the welfare directors of 39 the CMSP counties convened at the call of the chair of the governing board.
- 40 (2) Governing board members shall serve three-year terms.

(3) No two persons from the same county may serve as members of the governingboard at the same time.

43 (4) The governing board may elect a permanent chair.

(e)(1) The governing board is hereby established with the following powers: 1 (A) Determine program eligibility and benefit levels. 2 (B) Establish reserves and participation fees. 3 (C) Establish procedures for the entry into, and disenrollment of counties from the 4 County Medical Services Program. Disenrollment procedures shall be fair and 5 equitable. 6 (D) Establish cost containment and case management procedures, including, but 7 not limited to, alternative methods for delivery of care and alternative methods and 8 rates from those used by the department. 9 (E) Sue and be sued in the name of the governing board. 10 (F) Apportion jurisdictional risk to each county. 11 (G) Utilize procurement policies and procedures of any of the participating 12 counties as selected by the governing board. 13 (H) Make rules and regulations. 14 (I) Make and enter into contracts or stipulations of any nature with a public agency 15 or person for the purposes of governing or administering the County Medical 16 Services Program. 17 (J) Purchase supplies, equipment, materials, property, or services. 18 (K) Appoint and employ staff to assist the governing board. 19 (L) Establish rules for its proceedings. 20 (M) Accept gifts, contributions, grants, or loans from any public agency or person 21 for the purposes of this program. 22 (N) Negotiate and set rates, charges, or fees with service providers, including 23 alternative methods of payment to those used by the department. 24 (O) Establish methods of payment that are compatible with the administrative 25 requirements of the department's fiscal intermediary during the term of any contract 26 with the department for the administration of the County Medical Services Program. 27 (P) Use generally accepted accounting procedures. 28 (Q) Develop and implement procedures and processes to monitor and enforce the 29 appropriate billing and payment of rates, charges, and fees. 30 (R) Investigate and pursue repayment of fees billed and paid through improper 31 means, including, but not limited to, fraudulent billing and collection practices by 32 providers. 33 (S) Pursue third-party recoveries and estate recoveries for services provided under 34 the County Medical Services Program, including the filing and perfecting of liens 35 to secure reimbursement for the reasonable value of benefits provided. 36 (T) Establish and maintain pilot projects to identify or test alternative approaches 37 for determining eligibility or for providing or paying for services. 38 (U) Establish provisions for payment to participating counties for making 39 eligibility determinations, as determined by the governing board. 40 (V) Develop and implement alternative products with varying levels of eligibility 41 criteria and benefits outside of the County Medical Services Program for counties 42 contracting with the governing board for those products, provided that any such 43

<u>alternative</u> products shall be funded separately from the County Medical Services
 Program and shall not impair the financial stability of that program.

(2) The Legislature finds and declares that the amendment of subparagraph (N) of
paragraph (1) in 1995, and the addition of subparagraphs (Q), (R), (S), (T), and (U)
in 2006, are declaratory of existing law.

(f)(1) The governing board shall be considered a "public entity" for purposes of 6 Division 3.6 (commencing with Section 810) of Title 1 of the Government Code, 7 and a "local public entity" for purposes of Part 3 (commencing with Section 900) of 8 Division 3.6 of Title 1 of the Government Code, but shall not be considered a "state 9 agency" for purposes of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of 10 Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code and shall be exempt from that chapter. 11 No participating county shall have any liability for civil judgments awarded against 12 the County Medical Services Program or the governing board. Nothing in this 13 paragraph shall be construed to expand the liability of the state with respect to the 14 County Medical Services Program beyond that set forth in Section 16809. Nothing 15 in this paragraph shall be construed to relieve any county of the obligation to provide 16 health care to indigent persons pursuant to Section 17000, or the obligation of any 17 county to pay its participation fees and share of apportioned and allocated risk. 18

(2) Before initiating any proceeding to challenge rates of payment, charges, or 19 fees set by the governing board, to seek reimbursement or release of any funds from 20 the County Medical Services Program, or to challenge any other action by the 21 governing board, any prospective claimant shall first notify the governing board, in 22 writing, of the nature and basis of the challenge and the amount claimed. The 23 governing board shall consider the matter within 60 days after receiving the notice 24 and shall promptly thereafter provide written notice of the governing board's 25 decision. If the governing board contracts with the department for administration of 26 the program in accordance with Section 16809, this paragraph shall have no 27 application to provider audit appeals conducted pursuant to Article 1.5 28 (commencing with Section 51016) of Chapter 3 of Division 3 of Title 22 of the 29 California Code of Regulations and shall apply to all claims not reviewed pursuant 30 to Section 51003 or 51015 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations. 31

(3) All regulations adopted by the governing board shall clearly specify by
 reference the statute, court decision, or other provision of law that the governing
 board is seeking to implement, interpret, or make specific by adopting, amending,
 or repealing the regulation.

(4) No regulation adopted by the governing board is valid and effective unless the
 regulation meets the standards of necessity, authority, clarity, consistency, and
 nonduplication, as defined in paragraph (5).

39 (5) The following definitions govern the interpretation of this subdivision:

40 (A) "Necessity" means the record of the regulatory proceeding that demonstrates

41 by substantial evidence the need for the regulation. For purposes of this standard,

42 evidence includes, but is not limited to, facts, studies, and expert opinion.

(B) "Authority" means the provision of law that permits or obligates the CMSP
 Governing Board to adopt, amend, or repeal a regulation.

3 (C) "Clarity" means that the regulation is written or displayed so that the meaning 4 of the regulation can be easily understood by those persons directly affected by it.

5 (D) "Consistency" means being in harmony with, and not in conflict with, or 6 contradictory to, existing statutes, court decisions, or other provisions of law.

(E) "Nonduplication" means that a regulation does not serve the same purpose as 7 a state or federal statute or another regulation. This standard requires that the 8 governing board identify any state or federal statute or regulation that is overlapped 9 or duplicated by the proposed regulation and justify any overlap or duplication. This 10 standard is not intended to prohibit the governing board from printing relevant 11 portions of enabling legislation in regulations when the duplication is necessary to 12 satisfy the clarity standard in subparagraph (C). This standard is intended to prevent 13 the indiscriminate incorporation of statutory language in a regulation. 14

15 (g) The requirements of the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with 16 Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code) shall 17 apply to the meetings of the governing board, including meetings held pursuant to 18 subdivision (i), except the board may meet in closed session to consider and take 19 action on matters pertaining to contracts and contract negotiations with providers of 20 health care services.

(h)(1) The governing board shall comply with the following procedures for public
 meetings held to eliminate or reduce the level of services, restrict eligibility for
 services, or adopt regulations:

24 (A) Provide prior public notice of those meetings.

25 (B) Provide that notice not less than 30 days prior to those meetings.

(C) Publish that notice in a newspaper of general circulation in each participating
 CMSP county.

(D) Include in the notice, at a minimum, the amount and type of each proposed change, the expected savings, and the number of persons affected.

(E) Either hold those meetings in the county seats of at least four regionally
 distributed CMSP participating counties, or, alternatively, hold two meetings in
 Sacramento County.

(2) For meetings held outside Sacramento County, the requirements for public 33 meetings pursuant to this subdivision to eliminate or reduce the level of services, or 34 to restrict the eligibility for services or hear testimony regarding regulations to 35 implement any of these service charges, are satisfied if at least three voting members 36 of the governing board hold the meetings as required and report the testimony from 37 those meetings to the full governing board at its next regular meeting. No action 38 shall be taken at any meeting held outside Sacramento County pursuant to this 39 paragraph. 40

(i) Records of the County Medical Services Program and of the governing board
 that relate to rates of payment or to the board's negotiations with providers of health
 care services or to the governing board's deliberative processes regarding either

shall not be subject to disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act 1 (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 2 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code). 3 (j) The following definitions shall govern the construction of this part, unless the 4 context requires otherwise: 5 (1) "CMSP" or "program" means the County Medical Services Program, which 6 is the program by which health care services are provided to eligible persons in those 7 counties electing to participate in the CMSP pursuant to Section 16809. 8 (2) "CMSP county" means a county that has elected to participate pursuant to 9 Section 16809 in the CMSP. 10 (3) "Governing Board" means the County Medical Services Program Governing 11 Board established pursuant to this section. 12

Comment. Section 16809.4 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California Public Records Act ("CPRA"). See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports \_\_ (2019). By updating the reference to the CPRA, the amendment also eliminates an erroneous reference to "Chapter 5" (as opposed to "Chapter 3.5").

17 The section is also amended to make technical changes.

#### 18 § 17852 (amended). Collection and disclosure of information

19 SEC. . Section 17852 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read: 17852. (a) The state, a city, county, city and county, or hospital district may 20 collect information for the purposes of this part only as required to assess eligibility 21 for, or to administer, public services or programs. This shall include coordinating 22 services or programs across state and local agencies, ensuring that public services 23 or programs adequately service individuals and diverse communities, enforcing 24 civil rights protections, and providing access to services, programs, or benefits for 25 which an individual may be eligible or that address needs for health, social, or other 26 services. This section shall include third parties under contract with a public officer 27 28 or agency.

(b) All types of information, whether written or oral, concerning a person made 29 or kept by any public officer or agency for the purpose of assessing eligibility for, 30 or administering the services authorized by, this part are exempt from disclosure 31 under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 32 6250) of Division 7 Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of 33 the Government Code), are confidential, and shall not be disclosed except as 34 required to administer the services or as required by law, as required by a federal or 35 state court order, or to the state or local public health officer to carry out the duties 36 of investigation, control, surveillance of disease, as determined by the state or local 37 public health agency. 38

(c) This section shall not prohibit the sharing of data as long as it is disclosed in a
 manner that could not be used to determine the identities of the persons to whom
 the data pertains, alone, or in combination with other data.

1 (d) This section shall not prohibit the sharing of personal information when the

subject of that information has provided signed, written consent allowing the
 information to be provided to the person requesting the information.

Comment. Section 17852 is amended to reflect nonsubstantive recodification of the California
 Public Records Act. See *California Public Records Act Clean-Up*, \_\_ Cal. L. Revision Comm'n
 Reports (2019).

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# UNCODIFIED

#### 9 **Contingent operation**

10 SEC. \_\_\_\_. This act shall only become operative if [the CPRA recodification bill] 11 is enacted and becomes operative on January 1, 2022, and that bill would reorganize 12 and make other nonsubstantive changes to the California Public Records Act, in 13 which case this act shall also become operative on January 1, 2022.

14 Subordination clause

SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. Any section of any act enacted by the Legislature during the 2020 calendar year, other than a section of the annual maintenance of the codes bill or another bill with a subordination clause, that takes effect on or before January 1, 2022, and that amends, amends and renumbers, amends and repeals, adds, repeals and adds, or repeals a section that is amended, amended and renumbered, amended and repealed, added, repealed and added, or repealed by this act, shall prevail over this act, whether that act is chaptered before or after this act.