MINUTES OF MEETING

CALIFORNIA LAW REVISION COMMISSION

APRIL 14, 2011

SACRAMENTO

A meeting of the California Law Revision Commission was held in Sacramento on April 14, 2011.

Commission:

Present: Justice John Zebrowski (ret.), Chairperson

Stephen Murphy, Vice-Chairperson Roger Dickinson, Assembly Member Diane Boyer-Vine, Legislative Counsel

Sidney Greathouse Pamela L. Hemminger Susan Duncan Lee

Absent: Tom Harman, Senate Member

Damian D. Capozzola

Mark Dundee

Staff: Brian Hebert, Executive Director

Barbara Gaal, Chief Deputy Counsel

Steve Cohen, Staff Counsel

Errol Dauis, Extern (U.C. Davis School of Law)

Vishtasp Soroushian, Extern (U.C. Davis School of Law)

Consultants: None

Other Persons:

Lindsey Scott-Florez, Senate Office of Research Greg Moser, California Charter Schools Association

Daniel Pone, Judicial Council

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MINUTES OF FEBRUARY 10, 2011, COMMISSION MEETING

- The Commission approved the Minutes of the February 10, 2011, Commission
- 2 meeting as submitted by the staff.

ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

Report of Executive Secretary

- The Executive Secretary reported on the following matters:
- 5 (1) Assembly Member Roger Dickinson has been appointed to serve as the Commission's Assembly member.
 - (2) The Commission has started employing law student fellows, utilizing funds donated by former Executive Director Nathaniel Sterling, in cooperation with the UC Davis School of Law. The Commission will send letters of appreciation to Mr. Sterling and the UC Davis School of Law.
 - (3) In a change from prior practice, the staff will be retaining digital meeting recordings for longer than 30 days. The Commission approved this change in practice.

15 **Open Government Laws**

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- The Commission considered Memorandum 2011-11 and its First Supplement, summarizing "open government" statutes applicable to the Commission. No
- 18 Commission decisions were required or made in connection with that matter.

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

The Commission considered Memorandum 2011-12 reporting generally on the Commission's 2011 legislative program. No Commission decisions were required or made in connection with that matter.

STUDY G-200 — CHARTER SCHOOLS AND THE GOVERNMENT CLAIMS ACT

The Commission considered Memorandum 2011-17 and its First and Second Supplements, discussing the legal and policy implications of treating charter schools as public entities for the purposes of the Government Claims Act.

The Commission directed the staff to prepare a draft tentative recommendation on the topic for consideration at a future meeting, with the following content:

- (1) The tentative recommendation will set out a range of options, rather than a single recommended option. The policy advantages and disadvantages of each option will be discussed.
- (2) The range of options will include those set out in the memorandum. In addition, the tentative recommendation will include the option of treating a charter school as a public entity for the purposes of the Government Claims Act for a specific type of claim one that is grounded in a constitutional or statutory cause of action.
- (3) The tentative recommendation will specifically solicit comments on the merits of drawing a distinction between an "independent" charter school (i.e., one that is formed as a legal entity separate from its chartering entity) and a "dependent" charter school (i.e., one that is not legally separate from its chartering entity), with the latter treated as a public entity for the purposes of the Government Claims Act. The tentative recommendation will also invite comment on how best to express such a distinction, so as to avoid any ambiguity or gaps in the law.

STUDY J-1450 — APPELLATE JURISDICTION OF BAIL FORFEITURE

The Commission considered Memorandum 2011-16, discussing comments on the tentative recommendation on *Trial Court Restructuring: Appellate Jurisdiction of Bail Forfeiture* (Oct. 2010). Subject to the technical revisions noted in the bulletpoints on pages 3-4 of the memorandum, the Commission approved the proposal as a final recommendation, for printing and submission to the Legislature.

STUDY J-1452 — WRIT JURISDICTION IN A SMALL CLAIMS CASE

The Commission considered Memorandum 2011-10 and its First Supplement, discussing comments on the tentative recommendation on *Trial Court Restructuring: Writ Jurisdiction in a Small Claims Case* (Oct. 2010). The Commission directed the staff to prepare a draft of a final recommendation, which should be similar to the tentative recommendation, except in the following respects:

- (1) The jurisdictional rules relating to small claims writs should be stated in a new code section in the Small Claims Act.
- (2) The new section should make clear that there is no appeal from a judgment granting or denying a writ petition relating to an initial hearing in the small claims division. The staff should incorporate language along the lines suggested at page 7 of the memorandum.
- (3) The proposal should rely on the general provisions governing judicial disqualification, instead of expressly requiring that "[t]he judge did not make any ruling that is challenged by the writ petition."
- (4) The proposal should rely on case law establishing that the Supreme Court, and, in some instances, also a court of appeal, may deny a writ petition on the ground that it was not first presented to a lower tribunal. This principle does not have to be expressly stated in the proposed new code section.
- (5) The Comment to the new section should make clear that the section neither expands nor contracts the circumstances under which a small claims litigant may seek writ relief. To achieve this, the language in the tentative recommendation should be revised along the lines shown on page 5 of the memorandum. Similar adjustments should be made in the preliminary part (narrative discussion) of the proposal.
- (6) The preliminary part should be revised to make clear that although writ relief is sometimes appropriate in a small claims case, that situation is not common. This concept needs to be expressed carefully, so as not to discourage legitimate writ petitions. It may be enough to point out that the proposed legislation would not change existing law on when a small claims litigant may seek writ relief (see #5 above), and, under existing law, courts grant writ relief only on rare occasions.

STUDY L-750 — UNIFORM ADULT GUARDIANSHIP AND PROTECTIVE PROCEEDINGS JURISDICTION ACT

The Commission considered Memorandum 2011-18, discussing the impact of the Full Faith and Credit Clause in the context of the Uniform Adult Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Jurisdiction Act ("UAGPPJA"). No Commission action was required or taken.

The Chief Deputy Counsel disclosed that she is serving as attorney-in-fact for a relative in Illinois, who recently had some medical problems. There have been no related court proceedings and there does not appear to be any conflict of interest, but the Chief Deputy Counsel wanted the Commission to be aware of this situation.

STUDY M-301 — DEADLY WEAPONS: MINOR CLEAN-UP ISSUES

The Commission considered four memoranda relating to the list of "Minor Clean-Up Issues for Possible Future Legislative Attention" in Appendix B to the Commission's report on *Nonsubstantive Reorganization of Deadly Weapon Statutes*, 38 Cal. L. Revision Comm'n Reports 217 (2009). The Commission made the following decisions:

- (1) Memorandum 2011-13, relating to the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms. The staff should alert the Office of Legislative Counsel to the information in the two bulletpoints on page 2 of this memorandum.
- (2) Memorandum 2011-14, relating to the definition of "application to purchase." The definition of "application to purchase" should be generalized to apply to all of new Part 6 of the Penal Code. This proposed revision should be held for eventual incorporation into a tentative recommendation addressing issues of this type.
- (3) Memorandum 2011-15, relating to the definition of "licensed premises." The definition of "licensed premises" could be expanded to apply to the material currently located in Penal Code Sections 12035(h), 12036(i), and 12072(f)(2)(D)(ii)(IV), which will be recodified as Penal Code Sections 25130, 25225, and 27560(e)(4), respectively. This proposed revision should be held for possible incorporation into a tentative recommendation addressing issues of this type.

1	(4) Memorandum 2011-19, relating to the definition of "capacity to			
2		accept more than 10 rounds." The d	efinition of "capacity to accept	
3		more than 10 rounds" should be ger	neralized to apply to all of new	
4		Part 6 of the Penal Code. The		
5		magazine" should be revised to de		
6		magazine that "has been permane		
7		accommodate more than 10 rour	ds." That language will be	
8		unnecessary if the definition of "ca	pacity to accept more than 10	
9		rounds" is revised as proposed. The	ese proposed revisions should	
10		be held for eventual incorp	poration into a tentative	
11	recommendation addressing issues of this type.			
	☐ AP	PROVED AS SUBMITTED	Date	
		PPROVED AS CORRECTED rections, see Minutes of next meeting)	Chairperson	
			Executive Secretary	